PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$3 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 62. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE 30TH N.J.RE-UNION

THE FEW SURVIVORS MEET IN PLAINFIELD TO-DAY.

They Come from all Over the State and Assemble at Reform Hall, Where they Have a Good Time.—Officers Elected.

VERY year the surviving comrades of the war try to hold re-unions.

To-day it is the 30th Regiment of New Jersey, which has chosen Plainfield as the place for this—its second annual re-union.

The survivors were met at the depot by Major Anderson Post, No. 109, G. A. R., and a band and escorted through several streets, (bunting being liberally displayed on the buildings) to Reform Hall, where on the high stoop in front they were photographed by Thorne, and then entered the hall to take part in the exercises.

At the business meeting the reports of the secretary and treasurer were read and approved, and a committee appointed to draw up a history of the regiments, members being selected from each company to furnish data.

Captain Carman, Co. K., reported on *the subject of badges for the regiment.*

The vice president, secretary and treasurer of each company were re-elected, except where death had caused vacancies.

Col. S. Ten Eyck of Somerville was re-elected president, and J. Bowman of South Branch, secretary and treasurer.

The deaths since the last reunion of Captain Bloom, Co. I, Captain Kibby, Co. F, and Lieutenant Conkling, Co. I, were announced by the president and a committee appointed to draft resolutions of condolence.

The meeting adjourned for dinner at 1.30 to meet again at three o'clock to hear an address by the Rev. Mr. Trumbower of Somerville.

The members of the regiment unanimously were pleased and thankful to the ladies for the excellent dinner they served, and to which they did justice in true soldierly fashion.

There were about one hundred and fifty members of the regiment present.

The next annual re-union will be held in Flemington, the date to be decided by the Executive Committee.

The officers of the 30th Regiment, N. J. vols. appointed at the business meeting of the re-union are:

CO. A.

Vice Pres.—John S. TenEyck, North Branch.

Sec. and Treas.—J. V. D. TenEyck, North Branch.

CO. B.

Vice Pres.—J. D. Vanderveer, North Branch.

Sec. and Treas.—W. B. Darie, Rahway.

CO. C.

Vice Pres.—A. J. Gabriel, Rahway.

Sec. and Treas.—Geo. Schantz, Rahway.

CO. D.

Vice Pres.—Wm. Scott, Quakertown.

Sec. and Treas.—J. Opdyke, Flemington.

CO. E.

Vice Pres.—Jas. B. Brown, Somerville.

Sec. and Treas.—Geo. H. Miller, Somerville.

Co. F.

Vice Pres.—Capt. Lanning, Trenton.

Sec. and Treas.—E. H. Stout, Stoutsburg.

Co. G.

Vice Pres.—Capt. Day, Camden.

Sec. and Treas.—Lieut. Hunt, Lambertville.

Co. H.

Vice Pres.—Capt. J. Frank Hubbard, Plainfield.

Sec. and Treas.—N. V. Compton, Rahway.

Co. I.

Vice Pres.—Lieut. Adams, Morristown.

Sec. and Treas.—E. C. Blasier, Mendham.

Co. K.

Vice Pres.—Capt. B. F. Totten, Middlebush.

Sec. and Treas.—Capt. Ira G. Carman, New Brunswick.

The regiment had nearly five hundred members.

BREVITIES.

—There will be no service next Sunday morning in the First Baptist church.

—Westfield has become famous for its *three Rs—Reese, Ripley Hill* and the Railroad station.

—Mrs. Lizzie Melvin was this morning sent to the county jail for sixty days for being drunk and disorderly.

—The Boys' Club will be opened this evening, when all boys will be registered and membership cards given out.

—While the tournament is in progress on Saturday, an afternoon tea will be held on the grounds of the Hillside Tennis Club.

—A one-legged tramp named William Smith was arrested last night for being drunk and disorderly and was this morning sentenced by Judge Codington to jail for thirty days.

—The Labor Day Excursion to Mauch Chunk via the Central Railroad of New Jersey will afford many a rare opportunity to visit American's greatest scenic attraction and enable excursionists to take a trip over the world-famed Switch Back railroad. For additional information see advertisement in this paper.

—Five years ago a new iron bridge was built across the brook on Somerset street to replace the old one washed out by the freshet. The new bridge was built several feet higher than the roadbed and the Plainfield side has not since been properly graded. After every rain storm the spot becomes quite a mud-pocket.

THE C.R.R. NOW CONTROL

THE FORMER OFFICERS RE-ENTER INTO POSSESSION OF THE ROAD.

Chancellor McGill's Injunction Restraining the Port Reading R. R. Observed as Far as the Forms of Law are Concerned.—No Difference in Rates.

The following circular was issued last night from the office of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, No. 143 Liberty street:

NEW YORK, Aug. 31, 1892.

An injunction of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey having been issued and served this day enjoining and restraining the Port Reading Railroad Company from using or operating the railroads and other property of this company, and commanding and directing this company to resume control of all its property and franchises and the performance of all its corporate duties—

Notice is hereby given that this company has this day pursuant to the commands and directions of said injunction, re-entered into the possession of all its railroads and other property heretofore leased to the said the Port Reading Railroad Company, and that from this date it will run and operate all its railroads and all their appurtenances.

J. R. MAXWELL, President.

Similar notice to employes was sent out by S. M. Williams, second vice president of the company.

This action was hastily taken when it was announced that Governor Abbett would call an extra session of the Legislature.

The regular officers of the Jersey Central will reassume their duties as the receivership ceased before the meeting *was held, but a prominent director said last night* that it would make no difference in coal or freight rates. The Jersey Central, as a separate and independent corporation, will "act in harmony with" interests controlled by the Reading Company. That's all."

In pursuance of the above order the Central Railroad Company's officers this morning quickly assumed control.

The following are the executive officers under the new arrangement: President, J. R. Maxwell; 1st Vice-President, George F. Baker; 2d Vice President and Comptroller, S. M. Williams; Treasurer, T. P. Watson; Secretary, Samuel Knox.

The operating, traffic, accounting and finance departments are now under the same management as they were before the Port Reading Company took control.

PERSONAL.

Mr. P. P. Dumont of Crescent avenue has returned from Warwick, Orange county, N. Y.

Miss Katherine Riker of Brooklyn is visiting her uncle, Mr. Ira Riker of Mountain avenue.

Rev. F. C. Fernald of this city will preach Sunday morning at 10.30 in the Third street mission.

Mrs. A. C. Vail of Eighth street is now at Maplewood Hotel, Bethlehem, N. H. She has been staying at North Edgecomb, Maine.

Mrs. Truell of Central avenue returned Thursday from Old Orchard Beach, Me., and Walech Hill, where she has been summering.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter A. Emmons of Jackson avenue returned last evening from Asbury Park where they have been sojourning for the past five weeks.

Dr. T. S. Davis and Mr. Mulford Estil of this city arrived from Liverpool yesterday on the steamship Teutonic. They were delayed several hours at Quarantine.

James A. Bailey, Ph. G., formerly a member of the City Pharmacy staff, is visiting friends in this city. He has been spending the Summer with his parents at Sag Harbor, and will soon start for Middletown, Conn., where he has accepted a permanent position.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Bach of New York were tendered a party last evening at the residence of Mr. Philip Bach on Somerset street. Piano, violin and banjo music was a feature of the evening's entertainment, followed by duets and solos by Messrs. Wm. W. Chamberlain, Fred Bach and A. Koechli. Refreshments were served late in the evening.

Mr. Charles F. Powitson, secretary of one of the Philadelphia branches of the Y. M. C. A., there being seven of the institutions in that city, arrived in Plainfield last Saturday to spend a week with his parents on Grandview avenue. He was accidently called to Springfield, Mass., to do some association work in that city and returned home to-day to finish his visit. He will return to Philadelphia next Monday.

Hon. Chauncey B. Ripley writes us that our article last week about his being a candidate for the Governorship was the "biggest thing out," and wants all that literature he can get. The Westfield *Leader* asks us to help the good cause along, *even though we champion the* cause of the other fellow. Well, before your friend Chauncey gets up on his high legs and shouts for the Governorship seriously he had better think of what a Kean bid he must walk over at Elizabeth, for John is after it sharp, and there is likely to be some cutting.

Next Tuesday when school begins the scholars will meet Prof. E. M. Maxson, a pleasant-faced young-looking man, who is the new superintendent of the Plainfield public schools. Mr. Maxson was born in Connecticut, and is about forty years of age. His father's home is at Westerly, R. I., and he is a nephew of that most worthy citizen, Mr. Charles Potter, the founder of the famous Potter Press Co. Mr. Maxson is a graduate of Amherst College, '77, one of the first choice O. B. K. He has had fifteen years experience in school work, seven years being as superintendent. In 1890 he was invited to serve as superintendent of schools at Paterson, N. J., a city of 30,000 inhabitants and had under his direction more than 100 teachers and 4,000 pupils. He believes in the new education idea, which is that education is not a matter of mere lessons, but ought to also include training the eye, the hand and the heart—the eye to do accurately, and the hand to do readily what the mind conceives. He adopts new methods, however, with exceeding care. He looked the work in Plainfield over carefully with Miss Bulkley before her departure and found the same idea work, and here, so that there will be no marked changes in this respect. Altogether Prof. Maxson is a valuable acquisition.

THE CHOLERA OF 1832.

THOSE IN PLAINFIELD WHOM IT EFFEUTED.

There Were Five Known Fatal Cases Here Within Forty-Eight Hours—No Cases Known of the Cholera of 1848.

THE CHOLERA is now getting dangerously near, and anything on the subject at this time cannot fail to be of interest, if it leads people to be on their guard, before it is too late, for never was there a case in which it can be more truly said that "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

Mr. P. P. Dumont of Crescent avenue resided in this vicinity during the cholera epidemics of 1832 and 1848.

That of 1832, he says, was the worst.

The first case in Plainfield was that of a hired man employed by Jacob Vermeule, who lived opposite the Evous depot on Front street.

Mr. Vermeule was a farmer of about fifty years of age and had three grown sons.

His hired man had been away a little while, probably at Bound Brook, and when he returned complained of feeling sick.

Mr. Vermeule's sons attended him, supposing he had cholera morbus. He had been sick but a few hours when he died, and the sons, still unsuspecting that the disease was cholera, buried him.

They were taken ill immediately afterward, as was also Mr. Vermeule himself and his wife. Two of the sons and both parents died, the five deaths occurring within forty-eight hours.

The colored woman servant who attended them was also attacked with the disease, and was supposed to have died in her room, but recovered, as did also the remaining son.

Mr. Dumont thinks there was another man named Wells who died here of the disease.

These were all the deaths, so far as recalled, which occurred in this neighborhood.

The people were terribly frightened. Everybody imagined he was sick, and wore bandages on the stomach containing, it is supposed, copperas, as a preventive.

Mr. Dumont thinks the disease was brought here from Bound Brook, from among the laborers employed in digging the Raritan Canal.

The cholera of 1848 did not effect any one in this locality so far as he can recollect.

Mr. Dumont thinks that if people are careful what they eat and drink, boiling everything, even the water, of taking them as hot as possible, and avoiding any unnecessary excitement, especially not to get scared, that there will be very little danger of the disease ever gaining a foothold if it should get into the port of New York.

Death from the disease is greatly accelerated by fear, but no precautions should be neglected.

Latest from the Front.

The man in Camden whose wife presented him with four babies at a birth a few days as reported in THE NEWS, is doing well, as may be seen by the following from our special artist taken on the spot. We don't know exactly the spot however.

Republican Primaries.

A meeting of the Union County Republican Executive Committee was held in the new headquarters of the Republican forces of Elizabeth on Broad street yesterday afternoon at four o'clock, and Friday evening, September 9, was selected for the township primaries.

As this date will not be satisfactory to residents of Plainfield, many of whom are Seventh Day Baptists, another calling a local meeting to select a date for Plainfield primaries will be sent out.

Beginning next Wednesday the Union County Republican Executive Committee will hold regular meetings every Wednesday, at 4.30 p. m.

—The popular Irish comedian, John T. Kelly, will appear at Music Hall to-morrow evening in a new comedy written by Chas. T. Vincent and himself. It is entitled "McFee of Dublin." Mr. Kelly, who is well known here, it is said by those interested to be a clever comedian, and to have fully established his claim to rank as a first-class attraction, his past two seasons having both been big money makers and artistic successes. The new play is said to be the best thing Mr. Kelly has ever appeared in. Handsome new costumes and special scenery have been prepared for this their first production this season.

CORRESPONDENCE OF TWO LOVELY GIRLS.

A SOUTHERN GIRL'S VIEWS

Of the People of the North and the Force Bill.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—You have asked me to give a Southern girl's impressions of her first trip North, and I take pleasure in doing so.

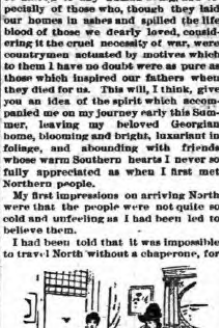
I started North to study art, of which I am very fond.

Before starting I had an impression that the people of the North, especially the Republicans, looked down upon us of the South as though we were an inferior people, and that you lost no opportunity to try and degrade us by laws intended to place over us those who were our former slaves, and can scarcely yet be considered the equals of the white race in intelligence, or in other respects.

The war had ended some years before I was born, and although my father had distinguished himself as an officer of the lost cause, and my sympathies were with my kindred, I had been early taught that we must as Christians love our enemies and do good to those who hate us. I received never any bad or bitter words or anything that would inculcate in me a spirit of hatred to any human being, and especially of those who, though they laid our homes in ashes and spilled the life blood of those we dearly loved, considering it the stern necessity of war, were countrymen actuated by motives which to them I have no doubt were as pure as those which inspired our fathers when they died for us. This will, I think, give you an idea of the spirit which accompanied me on my journey early this Summer, leaving my beloved Georgian home, blooming and bright, luxuriant in foliage, and abounding with friends whose warm Southern hearts I never so fully appreciated as when I first met Northern people.

My first impressions on arriving North were that the people were not quite so cold and unfeeling as I had been led to believe them.

I had been told that it was impossible to travel North without a chaperone, for



the people were rude and lacking in the courtesy always accorded ladies in Columbus, where I reside, and I believe elsewhere in the South, by the railroad officials and others.

But, after travelling North, I can very well understand that it would not be possible for officials to show so much attention to ladies as is shown in the South, because there are so many more people always going—fairly rushing—here and thither, for notwithstanding this, I have been so kindly treated and have observed such care and attention shown generally that I believe chaperones might be dispensed with—that is, they do not seem to be actually necessary.

At the North—and particularly at Plainfield—the people I met were to me agreeable revelations, for I realized that my impressions from what I had heard were incorrect, just as the impressions are so often which I found existing in the North are unjust to us.

The Force bill is an instance.

You believe we oppose the Force bill because we do not want the negro to vote. This is not so.

We are opposed against it, and were such a law forced upon us I fear it would result in another insurrection—a war of races. The white race of the South will never allow themselves to be ruled by the negro race. They would die first. The northern white people do not know what a terrible thing this bill is, and would not themselves submit to it were they placed as we are. It is not from hatred, for the white people of the South do not hate the negroes, but it is from fear of them in control. Our homes would not be safe and it would be dangerous for women to go from home. *We know whereof we speak.*

I know our white men do not object to negroes voting, but insist that before they are permitted to vote they pay their taxes just as the white people must pay theirs to be permitted to vote. No tax, no vote. They must all help support the government whose benefits they enjoy.

Is there anything unreasonable in that? Yet the Force bill contemplates overthrowing this wise principle for mere partisan purposes. And my visit North convinced me that the people of the North are with them in opposing the Republicans—understand the case as we do.

We have received more from the Republican party than from any State Democratic party, but this one thing, if nothing else, will make us, I believe, a solid South forever, and we look to see other Democrats because they would protect us from this bill.

From what I have seen I should judge that the Republicans of the North if South, could be thrown into power, and if Democrats of the South if North would be Republicans.

Now, I will tell you of how warmly I was welcomed home to give you an idea of the warmth of a Southern greeting; of how after church everybody gathers around you and tells you how much they have missed you, as they shake your hands and kindly hope you will soon be home again; of how soon the eyes of true and loving friends, but I fear my letter is already too long, and so must end it, with the greetings of

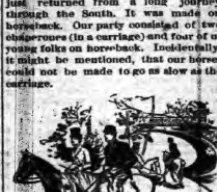
A SOUTHERN GIRL.

Columbus, Ga.

A NORTHERN GIRL'S VIEWS

Of the People of the South and the Southland.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I have just returned from a long journey through the South. It was made on horseback. Our party consisted of two chaperones (in a carriage) and four of us young folks on horseback. Incidentally, it might be mentioned, that our horses could not be made to go as slow as the carriage.



The trip was novel and thoroughly enjoyable. Our route was through the wild mountainous regions of Tennessee and North Carolina where travelers, especially Northern travelers, are a scarce article.

We not only had a lovely time, but our mode of travel gave us an excellent idea of the South as it exists in the unfrequented parts and away from the railroads.

The life of which Charles Egbert Craddock writes is not much exaggerated, and the state of the so-called "po'h whites" of that section falls far below that of the colored people in its degradation and ignorance.

The state of the "white trash," as the negroes call them, is worse in North Carolina than it is in Tennessee.

They were, positively, the densest crowd I ever hope to see. One cannot get anything through their heads. They grow up in perfect ignorance. In a little mountain hamlet hundreds of lives are passed in a lazy, dogged existence, eating, sleeping and taking snuff. Why, they didn't even know the name or direction of a town ten miles away. The method of snuff taking is to wet a stick, dip the wet end in, and rub the snuff on the teeth. People of all ages do it. From this habit they get the name of "snuff-dippers."

The scenery, which is wasted on these people, is indescribably beautiful.

Our nights were spent sometimes in cities, but mostly in little farm houses where the accommodations were the plainest of the plain. But we enjoyed it all, and had no end of fun.

My language is almost demoralized, by the queer terms as "reckon" and "rate," talk of the views "absout heah," tell the boy to "come yer," and so on.

We encountered the notable and truly Southern hospitality, and appreciate it.

The colored people here are as different as day and night, from their Northern brethren. Every one met on the road exchanges a "howdy" and the colored men scrape and bow in a truly delicious manner.

I'm glad I'm coming back and I'm sorry. While I shall appreciate civilization and the opportunities for culture extended all classes North, I shall miss the freedom of my trip, the quaint characters I have encountered, the gallantry and hospitality, everything-is-yours-enjoy-it, of the people I have left, and my dear Southern friends.

BUTH.

Horse Stolen.

Chief of Police Grant received a telegram from Chief of Police J. O. Taylor, of Milburn, this morning, requesting him to look out for an iron gray stallion of Norman stock which had been stolen last night from Mitkop's hotel at Milburn. The animal is owned by Brewer Felgenspan, and is two and a half years old, sixteen hands high and weighs 1300 pounds.

After all, this is the best test—

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Is it a perfect food for everybody? It is.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Scarlet Fever, Too.

LONDON, September 1.—(Official.)—Official figures issued to-day show that the scarlet fever epidemic which has been raging in London for a long time shows no signs of abatement.

There are to-day in the Metropolitan Asylum and London Fever Hospitals 8,560 cases of this disease.

With scarlet fever epidemic and cholera threatening to become so, the health authorities will have their hands full in a fight with the two disorders.

Three Killed in a Wreck.

NEWARK, N. Y., Sept. 1.—The newspaper train on the New York Central road due at Fishkill station at 6.08 o'clock this morning went through the drawbridge at New Hamburg. Three persons were reported to have been killed outright in the wreck.

President Harrison Consults His Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1, (Special.)—The President reached here at 5.40 this morning, having come back to consult with the Cabinet on governmental action over the arrival of cholera.

—A good game of base ball is anticipated between the Arlingtons and Plainfield Grocers, on Labor Day, at Prainie. The Arlington's battery will be Van Horn and Sutphen, and for the Grocers, McLoughlin and Bosterli.

—A lady from Bethlehem, Pa., lost her pocketbook on train No. 6, yesterday morning. She did not notice the fact until after she had left the train. A dispatch was sent to Jersey City and the missing pocketbook was found and returned to this city. It contained only a baggage check and fifty cents.

Republican Primary Meetings.

The Republican voters of the city of Plainfield are requested to meet at the Republican Associations rooms, No. 12 East Front street, over City National Bank on the following dates for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention to be held at Trenton September 13, 1892 to nominate a candidate for Governor and Republican electors.

FIRST WARD. On Wednesday evening Sept. 7 at eight o'clock and is entitled to one delegate.

SECOND WARD. On Wednesday evening Sept at 8.30 o'clock and is entitled to two delegates.

THIRD WARD. On Thursday evening Sept. 8 at eight o'clock and is entitled to one delegate.

FOURTH WARD. On Thursday evening Sept 8 at 8.30 o'clock and is entitled to two delegates.

By order of the City Executive Committee,

JOHN ULRICH, Chairman.

SCOTT, Secty.

Dated Sept. 1, 1892.

4th Annual Excursion

OF THE

Grocers' Association

Of Plainfield, N. J., to

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach),

LABOR DAY, MONDAY SEPT. 5.

Music all day: ball band; steam launch; bathing; (beach and water free); excursions; crabbing; bathing; fishing; dancing; Rhode Island clam bake at 11 o'clock; shooting match. Prizes and numerous other attractions that will make it a day long to be remembered.

Train leaves Plainfield 8 a. m.; Papiac, (Boynton Beach), 6 p. m. Fare for trip 50c; half fare 40c. Tickets may be obtained of members of the association or at the cars.

SEELY EDSALL,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Invites the Inspection of the Dry Goods Trade to his new stock of

Novelties.

Henriettas, Sorges,

Cashmeres, Ladies' Cloth.

Black Goods a Specialty.

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS

AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S

Corner of Front and Grove streets, Plainfield, N. J.,

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2,

At Two p. m., Sharp.

A Lot of Household Goods to Pay Storage.

T. J. CAREY ..... Auctioneer.

Stillman Music Hall, Just One Night Only,

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2.

The Established Comedian,

JOHN T. KELLEY,

Aided by FLORRIE WEST, MATTIE VICKERS and others in the Musical Eccentricity

McFEE : OF : DUBLIN,

Written by Chas. T. Vincent and John T. Kelley.

NEW Songs, Dances, Scenery and Costumes.

PRICES—35, 50 and 75 Cents. Seats now on sale at Central Pharmacy.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

TWO girls wish situations. One as general housework, the other as nursing work. "M. M." Post office box 84, Dunellen. 1 8

YOUNG lady wants position as cashier or bookkeeper, Salary $6. Address "L," care of EVENING NEWS. 30 5

HELP WANTED.

A GOOD girl wanted as cook, washer and ironer, in small family. Must be well recommended and have references from last place. "J. M. C," care of EVENING NEWS. 30 5

WANTED—In a family of three, a cook and laundress. Apply at 55 Somerset street. 1 5

WANTED—A first-class cook. Best references required. Call at 69 West Seventh street, corner Plainfield avenue. 30 4

WANTED—Two smart German girls; preferred. One for cooking and laundry work; the other as chambermaid and waitress. Apply in person or by letter to Mrs. W. E. Giffin, Fanwood, N. J. 30 4

YOUNG WOMEN DESIRING TO BECOME NURSES SHOULD APPLY TO DR. COOLEY, 55 WESTERVELT AVENUE. 8 29tf

LOST AND FOUND.

$20 REWARD and no questions asked for return of Victor B safety bicycle No. 14602 to 11 Mountain avenue, North Plainfield. 1 3

FOR RENT.

A CONVENIENT six-room cottage in a good neighborhood to let for ten dollars month, at 35 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield 1 4

TO LET—House, No. 17 Third place; eleven rooms; first rate order; gas, water and furnace; immediate possession. Apply to J. F. Vail, agent, or Gardner in the adjoining house, George H. Goddard. 1 3

TO LET—House of five rooms, 39 Steiner place. 31 4

TO LET—Four rooms; good location, 151 Dunc street. 27 5

FOR SALE.

20 MILE view from Denton's Hillside avenue observatory. Building lots, plans, terms and trees for sale 1 4

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by numbered avenues. Rich soil. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 1 3tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

A YOUNG married couple would like a house to take care of for the Winter. Address "H. R.," care of EVENING NEWS. 1 3

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Incorporated 1891; chartered 1892; during first year, 381. Largest law school in the United States except one "Dwight method" of instruction. Degree of LL.B after two years' course. Graduate course now added. Tuition fee, $100. Re-opens Oct. 3, 1892. Address George Chase, LL.D., 37 to 43 6 tu sep

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Purniture store, 11 Somerset street. 6-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at 55 Somerset. 5 29tf

WANTED—Phaeton. Must be cheap and in good condition. Corner Eighth street and Clinton avenue 30 6

Special Notices.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

Persons having business with the Principal of the Plainfield Public Schools before the opening will find him at the High School, Thursday, Friday and Monday, from three to five p. m.

HENRY M. MAXSON.

1 3t

EDITORIAL NOTES

The summer of 1892 is a season of hot weather and violent deeds in the United States.

A philosopher remarks that if the man who committed suicide on account of the heat had only waited until next December he would have had no need to kill himself.

It is said that members of a national guard regiment in Illinois turned in effigy General Snowden and Colonel Streator, on account of their action in the Homestead riots. Now, private citizens might burn in effigy any one they liked in their own private capacity. But the members of the national guard are United States soldiers. May United States soldiers burn officers of the United States army in effigy?

Here is a suggestion for men who go on strike by the hundred thousand: When matters are not desperately but just tolerably bad with them, instead of going on strike let the word go round that each man shall lay up fifty cents a week in a building association for a year. At the end of the year, if the grievances by that time have become very bad, let them draw out the money and say to the employer oppressors: "Here is the cash. We will buy you out and run this business ourselves on the co-operative plan." If the employer refuses, then the aggrieved workmen can start a new plant of mills all their own and run the bloated capitalist out of the business, for they will have money enough and to spare. Here is a revenge worth thinking about. For of course intelligent workingmen and mechanics have brains enough to run a business as shrewdly and successfully as a bloated tyrant of a capitalist can do. They then become the bloated capitalists themselves.

American Hungarians.

Emigrants from Hungary are arriving in this country in proportions that begin to attract attention. Sixty thousand of them have come within a year. They do rough work, like the Italians, but mostly in mines and on the railroads. Unlike the Italian, however, the Hungarian comes to America to stay, and takes out his citizen's papers as soon as possible. It is the dream of his life to lay up money enough to send back to Austro-Hungary and bring his wife and children over. The Italian's dream, at least in the first place, is to get $200 and then go home to spend the rest of his days in bloated affluence. But thousands of the Italians are changing their minds and becoming citizens.

A Philadelphia Times reporter found a colony of Hungarians working in an iron mill for 9½ cents an hour, which would be ninety-five cents a day for ten hours' work. They paid for lodgings in a tenement house, then bought their own food and had the lodging house keeper cook it for them. The Hungarian, however, is not good, and can live as cheaply as the Italian. The men in the iron mill live in a house with seventy-six men in it. They told the reporter that Europe is full of steamship emigration company agents who travel among the country folk and represent to them that America is a land where gold grows on trees and every man becomes a millionaire in five years. No wonder so many of them become paupers or criminals, or commit suicide after they try it awhile.

Planetary People.

The poetical French astronomer, Camille Flammarion, is still hammering away at his pet theory that the planets other than our earth are as thickly inhabited as this world is. The principal reason he adduces in favor of his theory is that there are enormous amounts to shoot this. Why shouldn't they be? Well, there is no particular reason, to be sure, but that is not proving that they are. Science finds that it would be impossible for the other planets to be inhabited by beings like ourselves, owing to differences of constitution, atmosphere, temperature, etc. But the imaginative Frenchman finds that no bar at all. Why should they be like us? he asks. It is not at all necessary. We cannot conceive of a man as existing without arms, legs, head and heart, and eating three meals a day of food more or less solid, but to Camille Flammarion nothing is easier than to conceive of being without any of these points of identity, so to speak. He compares the scientific professors of today who deny that the planets can be inhabited to twelfth at the bottom of deep river debating in their two stupid minds whether there can be such a thing as a world where the inhabitants live in air instead of water and are without fins, gills and tails.

Flammarion reminds us that spectrum analysis has revealed in Jupiter, Saturn and Neptune the existence of a substance which is anything known to exist on earth. In the spectrum of the sun itself has been traced a chemical never found on earth, to which has been given the name of helium, not a good name under the circumstances, one would say.

The planets have been found to vary much in their many properties, and life, even human life, may exist in just as many varying forms, and the stars can well be inhabited by beings entirely different from and even superior to us, says Flammarion. That may be, but how are we going to prove it?

CHOLERA IS HERE

The Pest Laden Moravia, from Hamburg, at New York.

TWENTY-TWO DIED ABOARD

The Vessel Quarantined and Her Passengers Isolated.

Health Officer Jenkins, in His Endeavor to Keep the Disease from Getting Ashore, Gives Orders to Shoot Any One Attempting to Board the Infected Ship. President Harrison Abandons His New York Trip and Returns to Washington to Perfect Plans to Keep the Scourge Out of the Country—The Spread of the Plague in Europe.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—The scourge of Europe is knocking at our doors. Cholera has entered New York harbor on the Hamburg steamer Moravia. Twenty-two dead was the record made by the awful disease among the steamship's 300 passengers on the short voyage hither.

The Moravia was halted near the Narrows, her prow again turned seaward by the vigilant quarantine officers and her infected crew and passengers landed on an island where science will have its hand to hand struggle with the malevolent disease without danger to the inhabitants of New York.

The Moravia left Hamburg on Aug. 18 with 358 steerage passengers and a crew of seventy men, all told. She carried no cabin passengers. The first day out the trouble began. Two children died in the dim light of the steerage, and their bodies were soon thrown overboard amid the wailing of their parents and the lamentations of the other passengers, who now comprehended that they were shipmates with the dread scourge.

The Bodies Thrown Overboard.

The next day, Aug. 20, there were seven more deaths in the steerage, and as fast as they occurred the bodies were thrown over board. Those were horrible nights and days for all on board. There was a large number of Polish Hebrews among the passengers, and they and their German and French fellow travelers looked at each other wondering who would be the next victim.

The officers and crew of the vessel still kept the ship heads'd westward, while death worked on below decks. On Aug 21 there were only two deaths on board and only two on the following day. Officers and passengers began to take heart at that but on Aug. 25 there were five deaths. One after another they died and their bodies were thrown into the sea. It seemed that day as if the cholera were going to make a clean sweep and leave the pest ship floating tenantless.

But the next day no deaths occurred, and a period of three days now elapsed without a death and all on board the Moravia felt encouraged again. On Aug. 27 another death followed, however, and on Aug. 28 there were two. On Aug. 29 there was one death, and with that record the Moravia came into quarantine, and the rattling of her anchor chains broke the stillness of the night.

O ders to Shoot.

The health officers have adopted the most stringent measures to prevent the spread of the disease from the vessel, and strict orders have been issued by Dr. Jenkins to Dr. Sanborn, the doctor left in charge of the Moravia, to allow not any one to attempt to board the vessel. That the officers are uneasy and expect new cases to develop there is no doubt.

The peril of the plague now lies in fresh arrivals—in the certainty that the deadly bacillus has crossed the seas and may leap ashore from any steamship now arriving from the cholera infected ports.

There are now three steamers on their way to New York from Hamburg. The Fingia sailed Aug. 21 with 300 passengers, the Normannia left port Aug. 26 with about 700 passengers and the Scandia sailed Aug. 28 with 872 immigrants on board. The Fingia is due here today, the Normannia Saturday and the Scandia should reach New York a week from today.

The officials at the quarantine station on Staten Island are well prepared to fight the disease. Dr. Jenkins, the health officer, has a efficient corps of assistants, and they will carry out the instructions of government officers to their full extent. They have two islands, Hoffman and Swinburne, under their control, on which places hospital facilities for handling about 2,000 immigrants. In addition to the islands the quarantine officers have a floating hospital, S. D Carlin, and it has accommodations for several hundred additional persons.

Dr. Jenkins and his assistants, however, realize that they have a dreadful foe to grapple with. In speaking of the matter Dr. Jenkins said, "The only way to make absolutely certain of keeping the cholera out of this country is to prohibit immigration." And with the arrival of the plague ship Moravia he has demonstrated that this is so.

The President Stopped.

President Harrison has abandoned his proposed trip through northern New York, on which he was to start from White Plains, and has gone back to Washington post haste to consult with his cabinet concerning measures advisable to repel the invasion of cholera. Hallen hour after he arrived at this decision he received messages from Secretary Foster, of the treasury department, and Attorney General Miller. Informing him of the cholera invasion and asking that means should be taken to prevent the spread of the scourge.

The president first heard the news in regard to the Moravia through a telephone message received by Mr. Reid at Ophir farm.

The president and Mr. Reid held a consultation immediately, and it was decided that the president could best consult with his subordinates in the matter by going to Washington. Accordingly he left Ophir farm on a special train for this city, and at midnight a regular Pennsylvania railroad train, bearing the president, Private Secretary Halford and Executive Clerk Tibbott, left Jersey City for Washington.

THE GOVERNMENT TO ACT.

Total Suspension of Immigration During the Epidemic a Possibility.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—The supervising surgeon general of the Marine hospital has been officially informed of the facts in connection with the Moravia, and states that the physicians have no doubt the disease is Asiatic cholera. New York authorities have requested the navy department to send an old vessel to that city to be utilized as quarantine.

Secretary Foster, of the treasury department, said that he had telegraphed to the president the facts in the cholera matter. He says that the president will probably consider the question of the United States assuming control of state quarantines, as that matter has been talked of, and Attorney General Miller is of the opinion that the government has the power to do so.

The actual arrival of Asiatic cholera at the port of New York has brought to the front the question of suspending immigration to this country altogether during the prevalence of cholera in the eastern hemisphere. It is admitted that such a measure would be justified only by the most pressing danger, but this danger, in the opinion of some high officials, is at hand. Government officers are ransacking records and reading up on former scourges. Assistant Secretary Spaulding, who has immediate control of the matter, was found deeply immersed in a history of the smallpox epidemic of 1863.

"All the machinery of the government is at work on this cholera business," he said, "and all the precautions taken in 1883 have already been taken by us." Continuing, Mr. Spaulding said that under the existing quarantine laws such restrictions could be imposed that would practically suspend immigration, but he would not say that such action was immediately contemplated.

An eminent law officer of the government, who has given the subject much thought, said today that in his opinion the president had the power to suspend all immigration, if in his judgment he deemed it necessary for the public welfare, while the scourge lasted. This opinion is entertained by others.

Senator Cullom does not see any necessity for calling a special session of congress to attain the end. He says: "If the health officers of the country do their duty—and they seem to be vigilant—we can keep the cholera out. Should there be the promise of a great prevalence we might be compelled to resort to heroic measures."

Every day's news seems to add to the gravity of the situation and to suggest new and far reaching consequences. The question of postponing the World's fair is now being discussed. It is pointed out by treasury officials that most of the exhibits will necessarily come from the cholera infected countries, and that the fair would consequently serve as a most propagating garden for the general dissemination of the disease. Then, too, it is urged that the practical removal of all customary restrictions from importations of goods intended for the World's fair would make such importations doubly dangerous as disease breeders. A postponement of the monetary conference on account of the cholera is also more than a possibility.

IN STRICKEN HAMBURG.

The Panic Increased by 215 Fresh Cases and 276 More Deaths.

HAMBURG, Sept. 1.—Reports to the board of health show the development of 713 fresh cases and 276 deaths. The panic seems to have taken complete possession of the city. Everybody who can is leaving or preparing to leave. Several keepers of the principal shops are closing their doors and their houses should the plague be at its present height on Saturday. Shops are closing by the score either because cholera has appeared among the employes or because the proprietors have feared to remain in town to conduct their business. No accurate estimate of the number leaving the city daily is to be had, but they are now well in the thousands.

In many streets a person may walk half a mile without meeting half a dozen persons, and in several streets where all traffic has been forbidden the silence is broken only by the passing of physicians and health officers. At almost every turn hearses or dead wagons are met, yet the burials do not keep pace with the deaths. It is said that in the whole city at present 250 bodies which should have been interred last night still await burial.

The government is said to be threatened with difficulty in the matter of burials, as several clerks and postmen have developed symptoms of the cholera, and a panic seems imminent throughout the department. The most remarkable change that has come over the city is remarked at the docks along the harbor. All the excursion steamers and small craft are tied up.

Only a few of the larger steamships which run to ports along the German coast continue uninterrupted their trade. In the suburbs Barmbeck and Rothenburgsort, where the largest number of cases has been reported, the poorer families are suffering for many necessities of life. In Altona the director of the Lombardei street hospital and two physicians of his staff succumbed to the disease. The report of the day for Altona shows that there have been fifty-one cases and twenty-two deaths. In Luebeck forty-one fresh cases were discovered today. News has been received from Kiel that the smallpox has broken out there and that fifteen patients are already in the hospital.

Disinfecting in London.

LONDON, Sept. 1.—The Liverpool steamship companies have refused to take as passengers any foreigners who come from the places infected with cholera. General Patt, the American consul at Cork, has notified the agents of the transatlantic lines that passengers whose effects are not thoroughly purified with sulphur will not be allowed to land in the United States.

The companies announce that all baggage will be subjected to fumigation for six hours. The disinfecting process will be under the inspection of American officials.

The Queenstown agents of the transatlantic steamship companies have erected disinfecting chambers at the docks and are busy fumigating the effects of passengers for the steamships City of New York, Britannic and Ohio. Even the smallest satchel is fumigated for six hours. The materials used in the process of disinfection are sulphurous acid gas and a solution of carbolic acid.

The steamship Clement, which runs between Liverpool and Hamburg, has landed at Falmouth four seamen ill of cholerine. She has been quarantined.

Thirty-three Deaths in Havre.

PARIS, Sept. 1.—Twelve more thirty-three deaths from cholera in Havre yesterday. Visitors are leaving Trouville in large numbers. The season is practically at an end, and several hotel keepers are said to have been ruined by the early closing necessitated by the plague.

Increasing in Brussels.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 1.—The cholera is evidently extending in Brussels. There have been two more fatal cases here.

It Spreads to Rouen.

ROUEN, Sept. 1.—Three cholera patients have been admitted to the city hospital. One of them died.

More Deaths in Antwerp.

ANTWERP, Sept. 1.—There have been fifty-five cases of cholera and nineteen deaths in this city.

DIED IN HIS EASY CHAIR

George William Curtis Painlessly Yields Up His Life.

HIS AILMENT HAS BEEN A MYSTERY

When the End Came He Muttered a Few Unintelligible Words, His Head Sank on His Breast and Death Wrote Finis to His Life's Story—His Career.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—George William Curtis, the distinguished author and the editor of Harper's Weekly, is dead. He breathed his last at his home in West New Brighton, S. I. At the time he was seated in his big easy chair, with his son, Dr. F. G. Curtis, of West Newton, Mass., standing by his side.

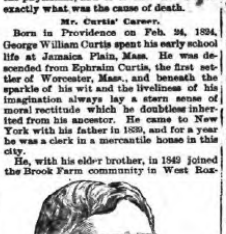
Mr. Curtis' death was painless. He was conscious up to within a few minutes of the end. Then he sank into a semiunconsciousness, but still showed that he knew when any one spoke to him. Just as he died he muttered something unintelligible and his head fell over on his breast.

Mr. Curtis had not been out of the chair in which he died for the past six weeks. His illness had all along been a puzzle to the physicians, and it is now not known exactly what was the cause of death.

Mr. Curtis' Career.

Born in Providence on Feb. 24, 1824, George William Curtis spent the early school life at Jamaica Plain, Mass. He was descended from Ephraim Curtis, the first settler of Worcester, Mass., and beneath the sparkle of his wit and the liveliness of his imagination always lay a stern sense of moral rectitude which he doubtless inherited from his ancestor. He came to New York with his father in 1839, and for a year was a clerk in a mercantile house in this city.

He, with his elder brother, in 1842 joined the Brook Farm community in West Roxbury, Mass., and after eighteen months of study and farm labor the brothers went to Concord, Mass., where they spent another year and a half in a farmer's home. They had six months' experience as farmers, tilling their own land, and that ended the bucolic experiences of the great editor.



GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS.

In Journalism.

In 1846 Mr. Curtis went abroad, living for some time in Italy and Germany, and afterward traveling in Egypt and Syria. He came back to New York in 1848, and soon afterward became one of the editorial writers upon the staff of the New York Tribune.

He afterward cast his fortunes with the publishers of "Putnam's Monthly, becoming one of the editors of that publication. In 1857 Mr. Curtis lost his private fortune in an unfortunate business venture with a publishing house, but such was his integrity that he paid every creditor in full. This took many years of work to accomplish. The last of his debts was not paid until 1878.

In 1853 he began in Harper's Monthly the department called "The Editor's Easy Chair." He continued to edit and conduct this department until the time of his death. It was one of the most delightful departments in periodical literature, and it was only a few weeks ago that the Messrs. Harper announced the preparation in book form of some extracts from the "Easy Chair"—an announcement none the less welcome because of its delay.

In 1857 Mr. Curtis became the leading editorial writer for Harper's Weekly, a task that he continued until near the end of his fatal illness.

It was chiefly through the columns of Harper's Weekly that Mr. Curtis advocated what was known as civil service reform. He believed that the theory of proper political offices should be held independently from political convictions. Throughout his life he adhered strongly to this belief, and made the paper of which he was the editor more closely identified than any other in the country with this propaganda.

In Politics.

For many years Mr. Curtis was a commanding figure in New York and national Republican politics. He was a delegate to many national conventions, and in 1884 he was defeated for congress in his district. He declined consular offices offered to him by President Lincoln. In 1869 he declined the Republican nomination for secretary of state in this state. In 1871 Mr. Curtis was appointed by President Grant one of the commissioners to draw up rules for the organization of the civil service. In 1874 he resigned because of an unfortunate difference of opinion regarding the enforcement of the rules between himself and General Grant.

In 1884 Mr. Curtis was dissatisfied with the nomination of Hon. James G. Blaine for the presidency by the Republican convention, and he took an active part in the movement which elected Grover Cleveland. Since that time Mr. Curtis was an ardent Independent and was the leader of the mugwump school in politics. Previous to the Blaine-Cleveland fight, however, he had helped the nomination of Governor Cornell by the Republicans, and thus paved the way for his subsequent course.

In Literature.

Since 1864 Mr. Curtis was one of the regents of the University of the State of New York and was its chancellor at the time of his death.

Among the best known of Mr. Curtis' literary works were "Nile Notes of a Howadji," "Lotus Eating," "Potiphar Papers," "Trumps," a novel, and "Prue and I," which is one of the most delicate and charming collections of sketches in English literature.

Charged with Murder.

SEDAN, Kan., Sept. 1.—J. Hulton and F. Kenney, prominent farmers, were arrested charged with the brutal murder of Frazier and Gibson, wealthy cattle owners.

Regular Special Sale
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Granite Iron Ware.

THIS IS THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF THIS EXCELLENT WARE THAT WE HAVE EVER OFFERED, AND THE PRICES ARE JUST ONE HALF WHAT YOU USUALLY PAY. THERE IS EVERYTHING IN COOKING POTS, TEA AND COFFEE POTS, TEA KETTLES, PLATES, DIPPERS, PAILS, WASH BASINS, ETC. HOUSEKEEPERS WILL STUDY THEIR OWN INTEREST BY ATTENDING THIS SALE.

THERE ARE MANY OTHER GOOD VALUES TO BE HAD THROUGHOUT EVERY DEPARTMENT.

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Piano music Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The days for Sabbath School and Quiet Picnics.

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TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, SATURDAYS.
Prof. Curtis' String Band with full floor for the dance every afternoon on Gala Days.
Miss E. Abbie Thomas of Chicago, the celebrated Whistling Girl, every Gala Day.
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Saturday evening dancing 8 to 11. Tickets 25 cents.

2d Hand School Books
Those having
Old School Books
which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in
Before September 5th.
We can make better allowances now than after schools open.
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(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)
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Wholesale and Retail Wine a Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballantine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Lager; N. Schaefer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale for hotels and private families.
Wholesale Branch, 24 West Front Street.
All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157

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A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Bologna Maker, who is now at work making the finest bologna in this city. If you are fond of Bologna stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

COAL LUMBER
And
Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
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ARE YOU GOING TO EUROPE?
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Tickets for any Steamer—All Lines.

IF YOUR BOY
wants an extra
Pair of Knee Pants
Remember
Hallock & Davis
make a specialty of these goods—sizes 4 to 15.
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New Marble and Granite Works,
We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.
J. E. Townsend, Manager.
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Call and see Samples.

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Arrive—7:30, 8:40, a. m., 12:05, 2:05, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30 and 5 p. m.

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Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
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Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
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L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
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Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for coal and which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Tweeling and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at shortest notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
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Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 7y

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MISS LINDSAY,
Intelligence Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Miss Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs 9 20 y

PLATT MEETS HARRISON

Important Political Reunion at Whitelaw Reid's Home.

A BUSY DAY FOR THE PRESIDENT

He Consults with Many Leaders of His Party at Ophir Farm—His Tour of New York State Postponed by the Cholera Scare—Cleveland to Speak in New York.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Sept. 1.—President Harrison spent a busy day as the guest of his political running mate, Whitelaw Reid. Several hundred persons were gathered at the little station here when the presidential special came to a halt there. Foremost in the gathering were Mr. Reid and Chairman Carter, of the Republican National committee. Mr. Reid grasped the president's hand heartily as the latter alighted from the platform, and the two great leaders of their party smiled and beamed and passed the compliments of the day for a few minutes. The greetings over, Mr. Harrison entered Mr. Reid's private carriage and the party started off for Ophir farm, Mr. Reid's country place, three miles distant. Some one in the crowd called for three cheers for Harrison and Reid, and a vigorous response caused the leaders to doff their hats to the assemblage.

Followed by a string of carriages containing newspaper men and others, the presidential party, including Mr. Carter, were driven to Ophir farm. The president had a talk with Mr. Carter; and Chairman Brookfield and Treasurer Thomas, of the state republican campaign committee, and Chairman Hackett, of the state executive committee, then spent some time with the president.

Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, was at Ophir farm at the invitation of the president. The president explained to Mr. Aldrich that he wished to consult him concerning his letter of acceptance, particularly with regard to the tariff views expressed in it. In the presence of Mr. Reid and Senator Aldrich the president read so much of the letter as he had completed and Mr. Aldrich made several valuable suggestions which will probably be adopted.

By far the most important visitor at Ophir farm during the day, and the only one to whose call any great political significance is attached, was Thomas C. Platt. He came early and remained late. He was closeted with the president for a long time, and there was a well defined report, practically sanctioned by several of the political chiefs who were at Ophir farm, that Mr. Platt and the president had decided to bury the hatchet, and that during the campaign Mr. Platt would assist the party in every way toward securing the election of Harrison and Reid.

After luncheon, at which Mr. Platt, Senator Aldrich and the ladies of the house were present, the president had a conference with ex-Senator John C. Spooner, the candidate of the Republican party for governor of Wisconsin.

After deciding to return to Washington, the president sat down to dinner at Ophir farm with a party of fifteen. In addition, besides the host and the members of his family, Chairman T. H. Carter, of the Republican national committee; General J. S. Clarkson, ex-chairman of the Republican national committee; Russell Harrison and S. V. R. Cruger.

After dinner the president was escorted to the front of the house by Mr. Reid, where friends, neighbors and people from White Plains to the number of 300, with two brass bands and the local G. A. R. post, gave him cheers.

They had come in vehicles, on horseback and on foot. When the president and Mr. Reid appeared on the portico a great shout went up from the gathering and the cheers were taken up again and again, and the bands played "Hail to the Chief."

While it had been reported Mr. Reid introduced the president, he made a short speech, after which a reception was held in the house, and when it was ended the presidential party started for Washington.

The president has not abandoned his proposed trip entirely. If he is not detained in Washington for more than a week he will return to Lake via New York city and the route he intended to take. The arrangements of this journey are in the hands of the state campaign committee, and the engagements already made will simply be postponed unless the threatened invasion of the scourge grows very serious.

Beginning Work in New Jersey.

TRENTON, Sept. 1. — Attorney General John P. Stockton has announced his determination not to accept the nomination for governor should it be tendered to him by the Democratic convention. This narrows the contest for the nomination down to Werts, Young and Donnelly, with the chances largely in favor of Werts. Although the latter is on the supreme court bench and is certain in that position of $10,000 per year for seven years, he has signified his willingness to try for the governorship, the term of which is only three years. Said that, too, in a year when the Republicans mean to make a mighty effort to carry the state. Werts's candidacy is favored by all the factions of the Democracy.

A Combine to Beat Cleveland.

RALEIGH, Sept. 1.—A special to The State Chronicle from Goldsboro says that Dr. Exum, third party candidate for governor, has confided to most intimate friends that his party has perfected arrangements with the national Republican headquarters so that in case Harrison's election looks favorable on Nov. 8 the entire vote of the third party will be thrown into the hands of the Republicans. The latter in return have pledged themselves to give their entire vote to Weaver if Harrison's chances of election should look doubtful that day. This bargain, somewhat similar to that made to beat Cleveland at any hazard and with an express view of breaking down the solid south.

Cleveland's Plans.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., Sept. 1.—Ex-President Cleveland had as his guest last night Hon. John G. Carlisle. While no day has been set for the departure of Mr. Cleveland for New York, it is quite generally understood that he will leave here either the last week in September or the first week in October. He will register and vote in his assembly district, and will remain in New York until after the election. It is decided that he will not take the stump, but he may be induced to speak in several of the cities in his state, but not out of it.

Governor Peck Renominated.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 1.—Governor Peck and the entire state ticket was renominated by acclamation by the Democratic convention.

NANCY HANKS SUPREME.

She Breaks Her Own Record and Trots a Mile in 2:05 1-4.

INDEPENDENCE, Ia., Sept. 1.—Nancy Hanks has clipped two seconds from the world's trotting record, made by herself in Chicago three weeks ago, and made the circuit of the famous kite shaped track here in 2:05¼. All the conditions were favorable for a record breaking mile and Nancy proved herself equal to the occasion.

When the great horse appeared for the trial Doble donned his driving cap, and the announcement was made that Nancy Hanks, holding the world's record of 2:07¼, was ready to start. Two promptly appeared on the loop to help her along with the sound of their hoofs in the greatest mile of her life.

On the second score Doble's head gave a quick, decisive nod; the word was given and a hundred watches were started to mark the seconds until she should appear under the home wire. Old Abe Lincoln, who went the mile with her in Chicago in 2:07¼, piloted by Frank Starr, took his place next the mare, and Williams driving his runner, Ned Gordon, went to the outside prepared to come up on the home stretch.

With her smooth, easy, perfect and matchless gait, Nancy Hanks trotted the quarter in 30 seconds. At the half she passed in 1:01 without a misstep. Then began her grand race home. Without a wobble and with perfect swing she shot past the third quarter pole in 1:34. Here Williams came up with his runner and Doble loosened the mare's head. He encouraged her by voice and a gentle use of the whip, and without a falter she shot under the wire in 2:05¼.

For one long minute a breathless silence reigned. Every one was consulting his watch, and the figures at which the hands had stopped held the crowd in awe. Then, awoke to the fact that all records had been broken, the great assemblage burst into cheers loud and long as the queen of all trotters was driven back to the stand.

Doble gracefully lifted his cap in recognition of the cheers showered upon him. He was lifted from his sulky by the enthusiastic crowd, and men fought like maniacs in the scramble to grasp the successful driver's hand and shower congratulations upon him. Others ran up and caressed the mare as she was being blanketed and led from the track.

Danner Was Well Stocked.

STAMFORD, Conn., Sept. 1.—A further search of the effects of George Danner, an old, eccentric clerk who died recently, and among whose property was found $700 in small coin, disclosed 500 pairs of socks, 200 shirts, collars and cuffs, a bushel of neckwear, seventeen suits of clothes, many shoes and silk hats and six large trunks filled with dry goods. It is thought that these are the accumulations of years, taken piecemeal from the stores where he was employed.

The Reading Combine.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 1.—The officials of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company and of the Port Reading Railroad company have been served by Attorney General Stockton, of New Jersey, with notice to relinquish the operation of the Central Railroad of New Jersey and to turn over the property to the directors of the latter company, which was accordingly done. The Jersey Central officials were served with similar documents.

A Suit for Four Millions.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Suit has been begun in the supreme court by Henry M. Potter, as trustee, against the United States National bank, Logan C. Murray, Evan G. Sherman and John J. McCook for $4,000,000. The suit is another phase of the trouble which caused the Bankers and Merchants' Telegraph company to be placed in the hands of a receiver a few months ago.

Connecticut Prohibitionists.

HARTFORD, Sept. 1.—The Prohibition convention nominated the following ticket: For governor, Edwin P. Auger, of Middletown; lieutenant governor, A. M. Bancroft, of Ellington; secretary of state, Henry R. Palmer, of Stonington; treasurer, Watson N. Hurlburt, of Waterbury; comptroller, Elsakim E. Wildman, of Danbury.

Allison Talks in Iowa.

WAVERLY, Sept. 1. — Senator Allison opened the Iowa Republican campaign here in a carefully prepared speech of fully three hours in length to a large audience. The speech dealt entirely with national politics and was chiefly an arraignment of the record of the present congress.

Shot by Deputy Sheriffs.

DELAND, Fla., Sept. 1.—Deputy Sheriffs Perkins and Austin, while making an arrest, shot and fatally wounded D. S. Lyon, M. D., at his residence in Winnemissett.

Dropped Dead from a Bicycle.

WESTFIELD, N. Y., Sept. 1.—W. E. Smith, of New York, dropped dead from his bicycle near here. He and his brother were riding from Sinclair to Sherman.

Contract Laborers Arrested.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Superintendent Weber arrested seven Germans who had just arrived under contract to work in a tannery in New Jersey.

A Deserter Shot.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Sept. 1.—George Boone, a deserter, while attempting to escape from the guard at Fort Leavenworth, was shot and killed.

Gladstone Knocked Down.

HAWARDEN, Sept. 1.—Hon. W. E. Gladstone was attacked and knocked down by an enraged cow, but was rescued before he was seriously hurt.

Campbell Remains Champion.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 1.—O. S. Campbell, of Brooklyn, the present champion, defeated F. H. Hovey for the national tennis championship.

Two Fatally Hurt.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 1.—Engineer Wennington and Fireman Townsend, were fatally injured and thirteen cars wrecked in a collision.

Our Spanish Commerce.

MADRID, Sept. 1.—A hitch is reported in the negotiations between this country and the United States for a commercial treaty.

A Victory for the Ameer.

LONDON, Sept. 1.—Indian advices say the Afghans, with a loss of 400 men, defeated the Hasaras and captured Kamsan.

No Hope for Talt Hall.

RICHMOND, Sept. 1.—Governor McKinney has refused to pardon or commute the sentence of Murderer Talt Hall.

Mrs. Duncan Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—Mrs. M. P. Duncan has been appointed postmistress at Manchester Bridge, N. Y.

FASHIONS

SIMPLE TOILETS.

French Summer Dresses—Garden Party Costumes—An Old Time Gown, Etc.

French summer dresses are very simple; many are made of light, inexpensive material, but the lace added in form of insertion or to ornament the bodice can be as costly as possible. For after dinner dances at summer resorts foulards and muslins are worn, the skirts made very plain and the bodices much ornamented; sometimes scarfs are twisted round the waist, forming a corselet, and fall at the back with long ends.

A great many crepons, including several pretty shades of white, cream, ivory, etc., are used for garden party dress and other outdoor entertainments. A shrimp pink crepon, dotted with pale blue silk spots, is rendered very dressy by means of a sonave corselet of electric blue velvet, trimmed with passementerie of pink, silver and blue, and a full vest of pink crepe de chine.

The quaint little evening gowns here illustrated reminds one of the frocks our ancestresses were wont to wear. This has a short bodice and the skirt is gathered round the waist, while at the hem it is embroidered in silk in a conventional floral design in the palest hues of pink and blue and green; the sleeves are quite short and form just a single puff, and round the waist is brought a long scarf, with wide embroidered ends tied in front in a large bow. It wants only a large poke bonnet with nodding plumes and long strings—and this is a fashionable possibility of to-day—to complete the picture of a costume of long ago.

A QUAINT GOWN.

Many young girls wear crinkled zephyrs or printed batiste muslins, with the new form of cape—viz., a straight band round the neck and deep lace gathered to it very full and reaching below the shoulder blades. White is much worn and is often placed over tender green and other pale colors.

Eloped with a Medical Student.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 1.—William M. Moore, a young student studying medicine with Dr. C. M. Black, eloped with the latter's daughter Hettie, and the couple were married in New York.

Hanlon Won.

TORONTO, Sept. 1.—The sculling match between Edward Hanlon and Charles Stephenson, the champion of New Zealand, which rowed here and was won by Hanlon by two lengths.

The Distance Traversed.

There's a young man in Detroit who, while of superior intelligence, is as awkward as a cow and fearfully slow on the dance he never yet has learned how to do so gracefully and not walk over the girl's feet. At a ball one evening during the ball season he was talking to a young woman after a waltz.

"Do you know," he said, "that a person traverses about three-quarters of a mile in the course of an average waltz?"

The girl wasn't in a very good humor.

"Well," she responded with some significance, not to say asperity, "I should have put it on a little more than that, say three-quarters of a mile and two feet."—Detroit Free Press.

A Very Well Posted Man.

—Harper's Bazar.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN'S BROS.

Have just the article,

A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,

to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

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BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

FRED. W. DUNN,

Successor to

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Fine Groceries.

THREE DEF TEA

Beyond the Heat,

Above the Sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight

AT MIZZEN PEAK !

Build Your Home on Watching Mountains
Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence.
Particulars of
J. T. VAIL, 40 North Avenue.
Plainfield, N. J.

Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic,

Needs no turning.

The Rapid,

Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,

and

Lawn - Sprinklers.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

18 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

THE BEE HIVE!

Hot Weather Drives!

Ladies' Waists.

Ladies' black and white striped waists, plaited front and back, 46c.

Ladies' laundried cambric Waists, plaited front and back, regular 75c. goods, as 50c.

Boys' box plaited cambric Waits, 25c.

Boys' bathing drawers, 10c.

Ladies' sun bonnets, 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15 and 20.

Men's balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c. and 50c.

Men's outing shirts, 25, 40 and 50c.

Boys' blouses, 50c.

SPECIAL—The I. C. Prins' Summer Corset 48c.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST

and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete educatio of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

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SHOP

35 Jackson Avenue.

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JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS,

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First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town

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Jobbing promptly attended to.

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Carpenters

and Builders.

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PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER,

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.

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Carpenter & Builder.

Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona.

P. O. Box 1328

Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

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CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

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Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Fine cabinet work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1048.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Sumner avenue, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, 2 Bogert street.

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PLEASE!

You can invest money to secure you certain returns, by insuring your life. It provides for your wife and family if you die, or if you want to enjoy the money, insure for ten, fifteen or twenty years in

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

of New York or Newark.

If you are thinking of insuring write for circulars.

H. D. Morrison, agent.

STORM SERGES!

The popular dress material in all shades 46 inches wide, (all wool), at 50c. yard.

Wool Dress Flannels, (46 inch), 25c. per yard.

Dress Lawns, 4 and 6c.

Light prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.

Dress Chalies, 5c.

Good Towelling, 4c.

Ladies' Hose, 5c. Gents' half hose, 5c.

Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 38c, formerly 50c.

Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

BOEHM'S

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

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DOMESTIC

SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS

SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC

4 & 5 cents per Copy.

Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.

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To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.

PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.

Large covered trucks.

30 W. Second street.

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in

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Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

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No. 29 West Third Street,

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Wines, Liquors, etc.

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In buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

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GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

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FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,

LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,

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FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,

Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,

Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

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Successors to

The Est D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

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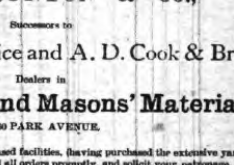

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A good article is cheap at any price.

The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.

Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

TELEPHONE 24.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time Table in effect June 19, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 2 27, 5 36, 6 14, 6 26, 6 59, 7 26, 7 56, 8 06, 8 15, 8 27, 8 51, 9 45, 9 52, 10 04, 10 27, 11 08, 11 32, 12 05 noon, 12 13, 12 45, 1 00, 2 14, 2 56, 3 12, 4 07, 5 18, 5 45, 5 51, 6 54, 7 52, 9 02, 9 25, 10 45, 11 16, 11 47 p. m. 12 23, 1 42, 3 00, 5 14, 7 03, 7 35 a. m.

Leave Plainfield for Somerville, Leave Somerville for Plainfield, 6 00, 6 32, 7 15, 7 40, 8 00, 8 15, 8 45, 9 02, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 10, 8 17, 9 43, 11 05 a. m., 12 07, 1 38, 2 38, 3 46, 4 56, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 8 17, 9 43, 11 05 a. m., 12 07, 1 38, 2 38, 3 46, 4 56, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday at 8 04, 9 34, 11 08 a. m., 2 05, 3 14, 4 18, 5 24, 6 12, 7 30, 9 05, 10 08 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BANTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 10, 8 17, 9 43, a. m., 1 38, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 8 17, 9 43, 11 05 a. m., 12 07, 1 38, 2 38, 3 46, 4 56, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 9 43, a. m., 1 38, 5 50 p. m. Sundays 8 28 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6 10 a. m. for Phillipsburg, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Catasauqua, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 10 a. m. for stations to High Bridge connection; for stations on High Bridge Branch, 8 17 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9 43 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch.

1 38 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Bangor, Pottsville, Manch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

5 50 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Bangor, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Catasauqua, Scranton and Tamaqua.

Parlor car to Flemington.

8 28 p. m. for Flemington.

11 08 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

8 30 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9 34 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Reading and Pottsville.

5 05 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg, etc.

8 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield for Long Branch at 12 09 a. m., 12 02, 7 20 p. m. Sundays 11 59 p. m. Arrive at Long Branch 2 30, 4 30, 9 30 a. m., 2 30, 5 30, 7 30 p. m. Sundays 4 30 a. m., 4 30, 10 37, 11 37 p. m.

For Asbury Park 2 37 a. m., 12 09 p. m.

For Ocean Grove 2 37 a. m., 12 09 p. m.

For Atlantic City 2 37 a. m., 12 09 p. m.

For Cape May 2 37 a. m., 12 09 p. m.

For Sea Girt 2 37, 11 08 a. m., 12 09, 7 20 p. m. Sundays 11 59 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia, 6 10, 7 10, 8 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 38, 3 00, 4 00, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 8 30 a. m., 5 50, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m.

For Philadelphia, Market street wharf, 8 30 a. m., 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Philadelphia, Kensington depot, 8 30 a. m., 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Philadelphia, Broad street station, 8 30 a. m., 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Trenton, 6 10, 7 10, 8 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 38, 3 00, 4 00, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 8 30 a. m., 5 50, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m.

For Bordentown, 6 10, 7 10, 8 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 38, 3 00, 4 00, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 8 30 a. m., 5 50, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m.

For Burlington, 6 10, 7 10, 8 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 38, 3 00, 4 00, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 8 30 a. m., 5 50, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m.

For Riverside, 6 10, 7 10, 8 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 38, 3 00, 4 00, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 8 30 a. m., 5 50, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m.

For Delanco, 6 10, 7 10, 8 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 38, 3 00, 4 00, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 8 30 a. m., 5 50, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m.

For Camden, 6 10, 7 10, 8 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 38, 3 00, 4 00, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 8 30 a. m., 5 50, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m.

For Atlantic City, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Cape May, 10 45 a. m., 1 38 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Sea Girt, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Long Branch, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Ocean Grove, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Asbury Park, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Baltimore, 6 10, 7 10, 8 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 38, 3 00, 4 00, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 8 30 a. m., 5 50, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m.

For Washington, 6 10, 7 10, 8 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 38, 3 00, 4 00, 5 50, 6 34, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 8 30 a. m., 5 50, 8 04, 9 07, 10 08, 11 08 p. m.

For Pittsburg, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Chicago, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Cincinnati, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For St. Louis, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Louisville, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Columbus, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Indianapolis, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Toledo, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Detroit, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Cleveland, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Buffalo, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Niagara Falls, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Rochester, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Syracuse, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Utica, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Albany, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Troy, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Saratoga, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Lake George, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Montreal, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Boston, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Portland, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Bangor, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Mount Desert, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Halifax, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For St. John, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Quebec, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Ottawa, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Kingston, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Toronto, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Hamilton, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For London, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Windsor, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Chatham, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Sarnia, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Port Huron, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Saginaw, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Bay City, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Mackinac, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Duluth, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Minneapolis, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For St. Paul, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Omaha, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Kansas City, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Denver, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For San Francisco, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Los Angeles, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Portland, Oregon, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Seattle, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Tacoma, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Spokane, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Helena, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Butte, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Salt Lake City, 10 45 a. m., 1 38, 4 00 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

For Ogden

WOMAN'S WORLD

HOW MANY GOOD WOMEN FALL BEHIND THEIR CHILDREN.

Why should a woman at the age of forty be, in any sense of the word, passe? asks Mrs. Terhune at the Montana Lake assembly. And then she answered the question in a paper that was full of the sanest yet the saddest and most pathetic sentences that one is likely to hear for many a day.

Mrs. Terhune pointed out that after the age of forty the mental forces of women are at their best, and yet the sunset of her life is darkened. Take the average case of a woman of twenty married. She is bound young, intelligent and educated. She has read, she has bathed a little in the sea of thought and looked with wonderment upon its billows. She has even dreamed of voyages out there where stately ships of splendid minds are grasping all the winds that blow and are pushing for the port of success. And then she turns to her duties as wife.

At first she follows her reading and tries to keep up with the times, but it keeps her busier now than it did. Then the children come, and she is so harried. Her work is so unending and so exacting. She finishes one task only to find it has brought up to the threshold of a hundred new ones. She thinks sometimes of the evil that she is losing, but she has no time. Hers are duties that will not be waved aside. She is a good mother, and her children shall not be neglected.

She loses her touch with the women whose cares are lighter. She forgets much that she once knew well. She heeds every energy that the children may have advantages. She would feel that she had done a selfish, an unpardonable thing if she sat down to read or to study when there were tasks demanded of her by her husband or her children.

Then she sees that the boys and girls have discovered that mother does not know. How quickly children come to that! They compare her with some one and she suffers. Without meaning it or knowing it she loses interest in the things that interest them. She never would have thought she would do that. To avoid it is the very thing for which she sacrificed herself. She has made duty her slave so long that duty is her master. She cannot escape from the treadmill she has builded. She gave her weary way till the day is done, and even in sleep she dreams of toiling. All her associates drift further and farther from her. Her circle narrows till she stands in the center—alone. There is not a throb from her brain that is answered by a thought from the world, and she knows it.

Has she done best? Would it have been selfishness for her to neglect the children a little in unconscious infancy to keep pace with them better in acute maturity? Does she not quicker lose hold of them, lose guidance of them when they can outrun her—outthink her? And when they have gone and left her alone, and the echoes are loud where laughter used to live, what has she? Neglected, forgotten, unrequited, unthanked, in many things ignorant, in many things dull, the measure of suffering that must be hers will simply be the measure of possibility that was hers the day she wed.—Chicago Herald.

"Margaret of New Orleans."

New Orleans claims the distinction of having been the first city in this country to erect a monument to a woman. "Margaret of New Orleans" made her great fortune out of the baking business. She came with her husband, Michael Haughery, and children to this country from Ireland. Death bereft her of her family, and she was left alone in the world. Seeking employment, she drifted to New Orleans, where she entered the service of the sisters as dairy maid. Earning a limited amount of money, she established a small bakery. This increased under her management to wholesale dimensions. She sent out from her establishment bread carts that carried as a free gift to the deserving poor 800 loaves of bread daily. Everything this woman undertook prospered greatly. She could neither read nor write, and had an extremely limited idea of figures; yet she carried on such an extensive business that she rolled up a large bank account yearly.

Her appearance in face, form and dress was unprepossessing. She was usually clad in a short gown of gray, with a Quakerlike bonnet, and with a coarse, ruddy face she presented anything but a fashionable presence. Driving through the streets in a clumsy cart, with her plain costumes on her errands of mercy or business, she was never a subject of ridicule or derision, but always of respectful deference; even the mischievous street hoodlum doffed his ragged cap and stood waiting to serve her. The needs of the orphan appealed most strongly to her sympathies. Especially to those who were made fatherless and motherless by that fatal pestilence, the yellow fever, she gave large slices of her income.

At her death her body lay in state two days and was viewed by thousands. The funeral took place at St. Patrick's church, and was the largest ever known in the history of New Orleans, except that of Jefferson Davis. The procession of carriages extended for miles, and included every religious order, every civic society, the priests, clergymen and people of every church and denomination, with the children from all the schools and numerous orphan asylums in the city. Old and young, rich and poor, ignorant and wise—all turned out to do honor to the memory of one plain, uneducated woman, for her deeds were great. The whole of her fortune was bequeathed to the different orphan asylums without regard to faith.—Boston Traveller.

Two Kinds of Women.

When one says "she is a woman of the world," the phrase does not imply in the least that she is a worldly woman. Such a one eschews all those delights that are essentially of the earth earthy. Pleasure is her aim and fashion her god, but a woman of the world is a subtle and intellectual type together. She is, to give a concise definition, one who possesses a rare knowledge of the world, gained by a wide and varied experience of persons. A woman of the world is wise and can sit in judgment on men and affairs, because she knows whereof she speaks, while a worldly woman is but a simpleton's shadow, a despicable idea in her frivolous head. A woman of the world is to be trusted. She is, as a rule, cool and calculating, with a discretion worthy of a diplomat. She never reveals the secret of another or tells any of her own.

She does more thinking than talking, but what she says always means something. She rarely condemns, for from her vast experience she knows that there is good in every one and that the motive for many a seemingly ill advised action may be of the purest, though the thing itself seems grossly unconventional. The world ly woman, on the other hand, looks at deeper than the surface, and is influenced entirely by what society would say. There fore for leniency look to the one who reads men as the other reads novels, and from her, vast knowledge sees more to praise than censure.—Philadelphia Times.

A Woman Who Owns a Stage Line.

A peculiarly nervous little woman, with dark auburn hair and flashing black eyes is often registered at the Grand hotel it this city. She is Mrs. H. J. Langdon, o Lassen county, the woman stage driver o the Sierras, but she is more than a driver of stages—she is an owner. Her stage lines extend for several hundred miles throughout the mountains, and she owns scores of horses and vehicles and carries the United States mail as well as hundreds of passengers.

Her husband died a few years ago, and she took hold and managed and extended the business aforesaid. Mrs. Langdon has taken many mail contracts from the government, and is well known at Washington, which city she often has occasion to visit in connection with her mail contract Mrs. Langdon is reported to be as good a judge of stock as any in the stage business. She knows also the opportune moment when to grease a wagon, oil harness and generally to keep in touch with the stage business, so as to make it successful.

Her stage lines extend over some of the ruggedest routes in the Sierras and again across plains, like those about Susanville. Plumas county has several of Mrs. Langdon's lines. She delivers mails and passengers promptly, and by reason of her skill in taking contracts and her ability in executing them has become noted for her pluck and enterprise. She is said to be an excellent whip and to be able to manipulate the lines of four or more horses about as easily as the famous Hank Monk used to do on the old Geiger grade.—San Francisco Examiner.

Inexpensive Dishcloths.

"Dishwashing is an awfully common-place subject, isn't it, and yet it is a very important one," said an admirable housekeeper. "Indeed, I think I could preach an excellent sermon with dishcloths for a text. Just what kind is best and how they should be cared for are matters that receive but little attention in the average household, indeed far too little, for on the judicious management of some items of this sort much of the daintiness and what might be call the system of dishwashing depends. For there is poetry in dishwashing, although as that operation is commonly carried on it isn't apparent to the ordinary aesthetic taste. I have tried all sorts of dishcloths, and the best and most economical of these materials, and for a long time could find nothing that exactly pleased me.

"One day, in a fit of desperation, as not being able to lay my hand on just what I wanted, I caught up an empty flour sack which had been through the laundry, and was so delighted with it that I have been a perfect slave to the item of flour sacks ever since, and woe be to the unfortunate handmaiden who destroys one of them or appropriates it to any other use. The soft, loose cotton makes absolutely perfect cloths and when my supply of these runs short I buy cotton as nearly like the sacking material as I can find, and stitch it up into bags in precisely the same shape. It has the additional recommendation of being inexpensive and, where one buys flour by the bag, of utilizing that which is often allowed to go to waste."—New York Ledger.

Boiling Milk Does Not Injure Its Value.

A very important question, from the point of view of the nourishment of newborn babies, is whether boiled milk contains a sufficiently nutritive value. Formerly it was universally thought that milk ought to be used in a state as nearly like as possible to that in which it is witnessing from the breast, and uncooked milk was the only kind employed for feeding infants. Nowadays, however, since it has been clearly demonstrated that milk may be an agent for the transmission of various diseases, such as eruptive fevers, typhoid fever, cholera infantum, consumption, most authors and physicians agree in recommending that boiled milk only should be given to infants.

This practice is assuredly excellent from the point of view of prophylaxis against contagious diseases, but it is equally good from the point of view of alimentary hygiene, and is boiled milk as nutritive as raw milk, do they get sufficient nourishment? This question has been examined, with the aid of all the documents which it would be collected, by Mr. Henry Drouet. From his researches, made from the various points of view of physiology, clinical treatment and hygiene, he arrives at the general conclusion that boiling does not at all diminish the digestibility of milk, and consequently does not diminish its nutritive value.—Paris Revue Scientifique.

Ways of Protecting a Watch.

If you are determined to wear your watch like the rest of womankind, thrust it into your bosom; if it is a good idea to have sewed securely to the lining of each waist one of the patent fastening hooks which have to be pressed in order to pass over anything. Clasp this over the big link at the end of your chain, and you are comparatively safe. A strong handed thief may break the chain, but cannot capture the watch. If this is impossible, it is at any rate always easy to fasten a fancy pin through the end of the chain, which will keep it from slipping away and render it a little less easy to grab.

Another excellent plan would be to have a little pocket sewed to the lining of each bodice at the place where it is natural to slip the watch. This pocket could open toward the front, and when the watch was thrust in could fasten by means of one of the patent loops to an eyelet crocheted on the lining of the bodice.

With the watch securely tucked in such a receptacle, even with the chain dangling daintily down the front of the gown, a woman might surely venture into a crowd and not be obliged to keep one hand constantly over her breast to protect her property.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

Girls, Don't Marry in a Hurry.

Young girls, wait until you are at least twenty before you think of marrying. All tastes change between the ages of sixteen and thirty. The books you read, the games you enjoy, the milliner's skill you trust, the friendship you cultivate, all are changing; why should not the tastes and fancies of the soul? The age that feeds upon Mrs. Southworth and Mrs. Holmes is vastly unlike the age that demands stronger mental food. The hero you are ready to worship at eighteen will not be a hero to you, ten chances to one, at twenty-six.

Wait until your tastes settle and the possibilities within you have found their level before you fix upon an unalterable destiny. For I tell you, whether it bring sorrow or joy, the choice you make is an irrevocable one. The moon may go back and be a crescent ere the first colors be reached, the rose re-enfold itself within the calyx of the bud, or the sultry noon renew the freshness of the dawn before the circle of destiny is spanned with greater ease than a woman can resume the lightness of her maiden fancies after the die of her wedded lot is cast.—Hall's Journal of Health.

Managing a Husband.

We hear a great deal nowadays about the management of husbands, and the matter is discussed as if, like embalming the dead, it was one of the lost arts. But I notice that the women who are agitating the question are not the gentlewomen of this country. No, my positive friend, you who will rise at this and say that these gentlewomen are under the subjection of their husbands and are afraid to speak—this is not so. These women have found a warm and tender place in the hearts of their husbands. They have found the secret of "managing a husband," and you have not.

Praise all you like, agitate all you wish at club meetings and at women's gatherings, but the secret will not thus be found. The place to learn how to manage a husband is not at the meeting of your club but in your home, at the side of your husband and with your children. "That's the old fashioned idea," said a positive woman contemptuously to me the other day. You think God, it is, my friend, and it would be better for the happiness of hundreds of women today if they would be a little more old fashioned in this respect.—Reward W. Bok in Ladies' Home Journal.

A Rare Distinction.

One of the very few women in the universe who have the right to wear the title of musical doctor is Annie Wilson Patterson. She is a native of County Armagh, Ireland, and is the only female doctor of music in the British kingdom, with the exception of the Princess of Wales. She is a young woman of fine attainments. Before she was fifteen years of age she was proficient in the Greek, Latin, French and Italian languages. At that age she decided upon music as her life's profession, and entered upon its study at the Royal Irish Academy of Music, and subsequently became conductor and musical director of the Dublin Choral union.

Her musical fame is scholarly point of view, has been a brilliant one. She has written songs and cantatas, received a silver medal for proficiency in the natural sciences and a gold medal for organ playing, and is a poet and essayist of excellent talents. She was graduated from the Royal Irish university as bachelor of music and bachelor of arts. Besides these degrees she has a doctor of music at the Royal Irish academy in 1888.—London Letter.

Glycerin for Consumptives.

Glycerin is used internally in some diseases, notably in consumption, as a substitute for cod liver oil. Nowadays, owing to the undoubted nutrient property, it is better to take the glycerin by the method of Gethius, owing to the absence of certain chemical elements upon which the efficacy of cod liver oil in a great measure depends. At the same time three ounces of glycerin administered to consumptive patients should not be lost sight of; occasionally, as it is much more easily tolerated by the stomach; it may be alternated with oil, or the two may be given together. I have known several cases in which the patients were unable to take cod liver oil when given alone, but readily retained it when given in conjunction with glycerin.—Hygeia.

About Ordering a Week's Dinners.

Let those who complain of the trouble of housekeeping and of the daily difficulty of what to order for the next day's dinner—to say nothing of breakfast and luncheon—try the very simple plan of devoting an hour every Saturday to the making out of a weekly menu, writing down at the same time the daily order for the butcher. This method will save no end of trouble and thought, and will also insure to the family a greater variety of food. In this way, too, individual tastes may be gratified and little luxuries introduced, and a much better table maintained at a less cost than when, fretted and hurried, the housemistress has only a few minutes to spare for her cook, the result being almost always the ordering of a few staple dishes over and over.—New York Tribune.

Washing Children's Faces.

Care should always be observed in washing children's faces not to let the soap get in their eyes. A physician writes: "I think it cruel to allow the face and eyes to be washed with soap in the same old rough way in which I have often seen it done. Some nurses appear to take a sort of mischief delight in its employment in this way. Even to an adult to get soap in the eyes is a very painful ordeal to go through; in the end it inevitably produces chronic, sometimes acute, ophthalmia. Children should be spared this barbarity. In washing children's faces with soap a fine flannel, a sponge or the corner of a towel should be used."

To Clean Engravings.

It has been found that ozone bleaches paper perfectly without injuring the fiber in the least. It can be used for removing mildew and other stains from engravings that have been injured by hanging on the walls of damp rooms. The engraving should be carefully moistened and suspended in a large vessel partially filled with ozone. The ozone may be generated by putting a piece of clean phosphorus in the bottom of the vessel partially covered with water.—Exchange.

Miss Caroline Kelly is the art decorator of the largest carriage building establishment in New York. She employs over twenty young women. Private and public carriages have been decorated with great taste and success by Miss Kelly and her staff of women workers.

The Metropolitan hotel, near the Union depot, Atlanta, is kept by Mrs. Keith, assisted by her daughters and sons. It is said to be an ideal hotel. It has no bar, no billiard or smoking rooms.

To take oil out of carpets or woolens, put on lukewarm flour and brush it off very carefully into a dustpan. Keep on applying till all of the grease has been absorbed.

One of the mysteries of humanity is the reluctance with which a man buys a woman's magazine for his wife and the eagerness with which he reads it.

An experienced cook says: "Use a silver spoon when cooking mushrooms. The silver will be blackened if any injurious quality is present."

Seven widows of Revolutionary soldiers are on the rolls of the Knoxville (Tenn.) pension office.

An Honest Man.

"I know my grocer is honest."

"How?"

"I heard him play the bass drum at a concert the other night, and I watched him closely. He gave full weight to every pound."—Harper's Bazar.

Unhappy Though Married.

"There's that lovely Mr. Shortedge. They say that, financially speaking, his wife is a burden to him."

"I never knew before! I hear it takes all of her dowry to support him alone."—Life.

This Date in History—Sept. 1.

69—Capture of Jerusalem and destruction of the temple by the Romans.

1159—Pope Adrian IV died.

1775—Louis XIV of France died: born 1638; he came after Louis I. reigned 64 years, the longest reign in history.

1799—Lydia Huntley, later Mrs. Sigourney, born in Norwich, Conn.; died 1865. "She wrote legibly at 3 and at 9 produced simple verses."

1822—Lucius Quintus Cincinnatus Lamar, statesman and justice of United States supreme court; born in Pittsai county, Ga.

1850—Jenny Lind landed in New York city.

1862—General Kirby Smith occupied Lexington, Ky.

1864—At night Hood evacuated Atlanta.

1870—Battle of Sedan in the Franco-Prussian war; the French army surrendered the next day.

1890—Great Britain proposed to the great powers at a final settlement of the "Eastern Question" by a confederation of the Balkan states.

1892	September.					1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

○ Full	6	4:08	● New	20	8:16 p.m.
☽ Moon		p.m.			
◐ Third	13	7:50	○ First	29	1:19 a.m.
☾ Quarter		a.m.	☽ Quarter		

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
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Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable † Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
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Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
First-class bar attached.

THE ALBION,
NORTH SPRING AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE.
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly repaired and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the traveling public.

City Hotel,
(Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS
Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.
C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

THERE IS BUT ONE PLACE
in this part of the State where you can go and find such a fine and varied stock of
Teas, Coffees, Groceries, Smoked Meats,
Fruit, Vegetables, etc., under one management. That one place, unequaled, is the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association.
HEADQUARTERS FOR NEW CROP TEAS, FRESH ROASTED COFFEES.
Genuine Elgin Creamery a Specialty.
Extra Fine Early Rose Potatoes (Jersey) 75c. Bushel. When next in need of lard try Cottolene.
United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 20 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!
After the use of
Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.
Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child
SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Educational.

Harned Academy
WILL RE-OPEN SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.
The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Hanford, M. A., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.
Classes now forming in German and French. Special Classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation fo colleges. Music. Weekly lectures.
E. N HARNED, Pris.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S
SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
and
KINDERGARTEN,
17 LAGRANDE AVENUE,
Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
831 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,
for
YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
will re-open on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
For particulars address MISS E. S. KENYON, Principal.
810 2m*

ELOCUTION
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 198.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French literature, class or private lessons at residences in Plainfield, Westfield and other localities. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson free, call or address, Studio, Terry bldg., Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Given lessons either at her own or my pupil's residence. Terms to choose from. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization.
Metropolis Lodge, 581, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at 8 o'clock p. m., in Masonic Lodge rooms, Middle Street.
Financial relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS L. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. FOEY, Reporter.
Welcome Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Dentists.

We Have a Full Line
of
Headlight and Lubricating Oil,
FOR BICYCLES,
Put up expressly for us, which we are now selling. Three bottles for 25 cents.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
29 East Front street.

CLEARING OUT SALE
OF SUMMER CLOTHING!
AT
WERNER'S - CLOTHING - HOUSE.
NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.
Don't fail to drop in and see our EXTRAORDINARY Bargains, as we must dispose of our Summer stock to make room for Fall and Winter goods.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.
THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.
Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.
MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS.
Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.
A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

MIDSUMMER SALE!
ODDS AND ENDS OF SHOES!
AT A
GREAT REDUCTION!
To get in Shape for FALL TRADE.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET. The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.

20 Per Cent. OFF on
Refrigerators. . . Lawn Mowers,
Ice Cream Freezers. . Hammocks.
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware, . . . Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

Legal Advertisements.

EXECUTORS' SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the executors of the last will and testament of the will of Manning Stelle, deceased, will be audited and stated by the surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the second day of November next.
HANDOLPH M. STELLE,
FRANCIS R. MARSH,
Executors.
Dated August 24th, 1892. 826 9

ESTATE OF EDWARD VAIL, DECEASED.
Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, made on the application of the undersigned, Executors of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscribers under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscribers.
EDWARD F. RANDOLPH,
MAHLON N. VAIL,
Executors.
Dated June 28th, 1892. 714 9

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, administrator of Jacob D. Brunt, deceased, will be audited and stated by the surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the fourteenth day of September next.
S. D. CODINGTON.
Dated July 5th, 1892. 779

ASSIGNEE'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the assignee of Charles Hoffman and C. Green, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-first day of September next.
WILLIAM R. CODINGTON,
Dated July 6th, 1892. 779
EITHER

Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine cry repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
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Holders and Segars can be found only at
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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

Republican Primary Meetings.

The Republican voters of the city of Plainfield are requested to meet at the Republican Association rooms, No. 18 East Front street, in the National Bank on the following dates for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention to be held at Trenton, September 15, 1892, to nominate a candidate for Governor and Electors at large:

FIRST WARD.—On Wednesday evening, Sept. 7, between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock, and is entitled to two delegates.

SECOND WARD.—On Wednesday evening, Sept. 7, between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock, and is entitled to two delegates.

THIRD WARD.—On Thursday evening, Sept. 8, between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock and is entitled to one delegate.

FOURTH WARD.—On Thursday evening, Sept. 8, between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock, and is entitled to two delegates.

By order of the City Executive Committee,

J. H. COWARD, Secretary. JOHN ULRICH, Chairman.

Dated Sept. 1, 1892.

BREVITIES

The question of a new City Hall building for Trenton is being agitated.

A $25,000 convent building is to be erected at Caldwell by the Dominican Sisters.

A large gray truck horse fell in French's lane this morning. No damage was done.

The Prospects beat Albert Soper's nine in a game of base ball, on Wednesday afternoon by a score of 9 to 0.

With the cool weather the straw hat should be out of sight. Hallock & Davis have the new shapes in Fall hats.

'Tis the last day of Summer, left sizzling alone; all its red hot companions have scorched us and gone. Home News.

Now is the time to clear out all decayed vegetables from your cellars. Look well to this matter as they frequently breed disease.

The Sons of Veterans of New Brunswick are to receive arms and accoutrements from the Adjutant General and will at once begin military drill.

The 28th annual convention of the Middlesex County S. S. Association will meet in the Tabernacle Baptist Church, South River, Friday, September 16.

The Academy base ball team, Capt. H. Bunch, defeated Capt. B. Smith's team in a game of base ball on the Park avenue grounds yesterday by a score of 11 to 5.

French perfumes now come in an entirely new shape. They are solidified and resemble a bit of chalk. It is rubbed over a dress or bit of linen and the most delightful odors are released.

The Prohibitionists of Somerset county met in the Court House at Somerville, at one o'clock to-day to nominate a county ticket and to elect delegates to their party's Congressional Convention.

Princeton College enters on the new collegiate year the twenty-first instant, and the Princeton Theological Seminary on the fifteenth, both with greatly increased numbers of students on their rolls.

Reports say that H. C. Suydam, Town Clerk of Bound Brook, can give particulars as to the sewer extensions and improvements for which the citizens have voted to expend $35,000.—Engineering News.

There will be a large attendance of New Jersey veterans at the National Encampment, at Washington, in September. Over fifty posts have already made application for quarters during the encampment.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Liquor Dealers' Association, of New Jersey recently it was decided to hold the State Convention in Philpott's Assembly Rooms, Hoboken, on September 18.

A great many good things come from Plainfield. This morning Elizabeth saw for the first time some of its pure water pouring into our reservoir through the pipes of the Union Water Company. If the expectations of the company are realized the city will ere long have an abundant supply of Plainfield's crystal liquid.—Elizabeth Journal.

Bicycle riding is a good thing, but when it is overdone the old adage comes in play. Lengthy rides, with severe exercise going up and down steep hills, have been known to produce spinal trouble, and moderation is essential in the use of the steed that needs neither hay nor straw.

The commissioners on the proposed widening of Peace street met again yesterday afternoon in the office of Corporation Counsel Marsh, to confer with him regarding legal matters connected with the work. They will meet again next Wednesday afternoon and will then make up their report to present to Common Council.

It is reported that it is all cut and dried to give the Plainfield Street Railway Co. to-night the franchise for a street railway in North Plainfield, or assurances to that effect. Three Democrats and one Republican constituting a majority, have reported as favorable it as against the North Plainfield Street Railway Company, which the other three Republicans are reported to favor as a local institution.

The Armor Beef Company is building most houses all along the Central Railroad where the reputation companies are located. The company is erecting a building on East Third street in this city in close proximity to the Swift Beef Company's place. It will be two stories high and about one hundred feet deep. It is reported that the commencement is to profit by the competition, and there will be a cut in prices of meat.

What a shame it is that two big brutes like Corbett and Sullivan should be allowed to make a show and exploit before the public in print and on platform! In this enlightened age, with all our boasted progress, such brutal exhibitions as prize fights should not be tolerated. It is a depraved taste which lauds the prowess of these developed brutes in human form.—New Brunswick Home News. How curious it is, though, that these persons who most volubly agree with the above, can tell to a pound the weight of the fighters, their past record and present condition and chances. This is a curious world.

KILLED THE NEWARK BAY SHARK.

It was More than Eight Feet Long and Weighed 400 Pounds.

Alcek Dixon and his boy live in Elizabeth and late Wednesday afternoon met and vanquished the shark that has been scaring persons in the Kill von Kull for the past week as was reported in The News a few days ago. They towed the carcass in triumph to Elizabethport where it was on exhibition to-day. Dixon and his boy started out on a crabbing expedition, and while they pulled the oyster skiff slowly along the Staten Island shore, his father stood ready to scoop in the crabs clinging to the bank.

Dixon heard a splashing of the waters as the boat was near Chelsea and saw the shark swimming toward the boat. He dropped the net, and, grasping the oyster tongs which lay in the bottom of the skiff, stood ready for action.

No sooner had the shark come alongside the boat than Dixon made d plunge with the tongs at the shark and caught it. The shark made a mighty effort to free himself, and succeeded in breaking the tongs, and plunged up a shallow cove near the boat, where Dixon and his boy cornered it and beat it to death with oars.

Dixon is 50 years old and has spent nearly all his life oystering. The shark measured over eight feet in length, two feet across the back, and weighed 400 pounds.

Plainfield Common Council Meeting.

On account of Monday being a legal holiday their will be no meeting of Plainfield Common Council in the evening. Notices have been issued however calling a special meeting for Tuesday evening. The call states as follows:

The object for which said meeting is called is to transact the following business:

The adoption of third reading and final passage, reconsideration, amendment or other disposition of the following ordinances which have been previously introduced, and now await further action of the Common Council.

An ordinance to change the name of North Richmond street.

An ordinance for the repairing and permanent improvement of East Sixth street.

An ordinance for the repairing and permanent improvement of Hillside avenue.

An ordinance to macadamize West Third street from the southwesterly side of Madison avenue to the northeasterly side of Plainfield avenue.

An ordinance authorizing the Plainfield Street Railway Company to extend the location of its tracks.

An ordinance to lay out and open Spruce street from the northerly side of East Fifth street to the southerly side of East Fourth street.

The consideration of any petitions or remonstrances that shall have been filed or may be presented respecting the application of the Plainfield Street Railway Company for the right to extend the location of its tracks, or the adoption of the ordinances aforesaid, or either, and the hearing of all persons interested in the premises.

The hearing of all persons interested respecting the ordinance to lay out and open Sycamore street, etc., above specified.

To receive, audit, and order paid such road claims against the city as may be presented; to receive and take appropriate action upon such petitions, communications, reports or communications from the Mayor or any city officer, select or standing committee as may be submitted; and to transact such other business as by reason of no meeting being held on Labor Day, may at the time of holding such special meeting, exist the consideration or action of the Common Council.

By order of STEPHEN A. GREEN, President of the Common Council.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., August 26, 1892.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Alva E. Carey of West Front street has returned from Monticello, N. Y.

The Misses Ida and Maggie Schuck, of Vine street, are visiting friends at Dover.

Mayor Gilbert returned last evening from a pleasant vacation spent in New England.

Mr. and Mrs. Abram P. Walker of Flushing, L. I., are visiting Mr. Robert Walker of New street.

Ex Councilman William B. Wadsworth of West Eighth street has returned from Princeton, Mass.

Mr. George Tobin of Sixth street has returned from a week's visit to Rockaway Beach.

Mrs. James L. Marshall and daughter of Park avenue started yesterday for a visit to Niagara Falls.

Mrs. Jesse Crowell, of Barrington, Nova Scotia, is the guest of Mrs. S. P. Craig of East Front street.

Dr. and Mrs. R. W. Hedges have returned from a visit to the doctor's former home in Chester, N. J.

The friends of Mr. Edward B. Daly will be glad to learn that he has passed the crisis of his illness and will probably recover.

The death of Mrs. Louisa Borkesy, daughter of the late John and Margaret Cook of Scotch Plains, occurred in Brooklyn on Wednesday. The interment will be at Scotch Plains.

The Harlingen correspondent of the Unionist-Gazette says: Miss Josie Van Arsdale and Mary Robinson, of Plainfield, Minnie and Grace Voorhees of Somerville, and John McLaughlin and Joseph Robinson, of Plainfield, are staying at Mrs. Magdalen VanArsdale's.

Dr. Vincent W. Baker of West Fifth street has returned from a month's vacation which he spent traveling through New York State and the West. Among the numerous places he visited were Watkins Glen, Niagara Falls, Minneapolis and Denver.

A Howling Success.

A full dress rehearsal of "McFee of Dublin" was held in Music Hall last evening. The company opens its season at Music Hall this evening. The play is very good throughout and John T. Kelly, as the bogus Lord McFee, is simply immense. The plot is good and well acted.

DEFENDING THE COAL COMBINE.

A Paper Read by C. La Rue Munson Before the Science Association.

Yesterday was devoted to the Department of Jurisprudence by the American Social Science Association at its annual meeting in Saratoga.

The morning session was opened by remarks by the chairman of the department, Prof. Francis Wayland of New Haven, Conn. An important paper was read by C. La Rue Munson of Williamsport, Pa., on the subject "Reading Lessons on the Great Coal Combine." Speaking of the quick growth of the Reading Railroad, he gave these figures:

"The Reading system now controls 8,586 miles of railroads, traverses a territory containing nearly 10,000,000 of population by means of 1,715 locomotives and 113,208 cars, and annually carries 40,000,000 passengers, moves 50,000,000 tons of freight, and earns about $75,000,000, while, with its affiliated companies, it has a capital and indebtedness of $511,000,000, and employs 88,000 wage earners, among whom it annually distributes $37,000,000, directly supporting more than 400,000 people. These are days of great aggregations of capital and of powerful financial and commercial combinations. That which may be accomplished by consolidations and associations of reciprocal interests cannot be obtained in a like degree of efficiency through individual efforts, however well they may be directed or skillfully conducted. This is the keynote of our national organization, and is the mainspring by which our Union of States has advanced to her present commanding position among the family of nations. American history can point to no one element in the story of her progress more productive of national benefit than the consolidation of her railway interests. There has been no exception to the invariable rule that the combination, or, in other words, the strengthening of her railways, has resulted in a benefit to her people. It is absurd to assume that the effect of the Reading leases will be to extort unreasonable prices for anthracite coal by creating a monopoly, driving out all competition, for it must not be forgotten that nearly twenty millions of tons, or about one-half the market, are annually mined by interests far from indentical with the Reading, and certainly in no manner within its control, while nearly one hundred millions of tons of bituminous coal, raised from mines and areas containing deposits of inculculable tonnage, stand at the door of the market prepared to meet anthracite prices raised beyond fair returns to its operators."

Seventy-Fifth Anniversary.

The Somerset County Bible Society will celebrate its seventy-fifth anniversary on October 4th in the Second Reformed Church of Somerville, and it is likely to prove a great event. The society has a membership set of ministers since its organization and is said to be the only society in the country so provided. Rev. Dr. Rankin, of Bernardsville will deliver an historical address in the morning of the anniversary and a special addresses will be delivered by Rev. Dr. Talbot Chambers and Dr. S. I. Baldwin of New York in the afternoon.

Notes of Republican Association.

About thirty members of the Wheelmen's Division of the Republican association met in the Crescent Rink last evening for a drill in military tactics under the instruction of Capt. Stillman.

Twenty-five members of the Republican Glee Club met in the association rooms on East Front street for rehearsal last evening.

The Republican City Executive Committee will hold a meeting this evening in the association rooms.

Colonel Sanderson's Will.

An appeal has been filed in the Orphan's Court by some of the heirs of Col. David Sanderson against the decree of the Court in relation to Elsie G. Holland. This lady is a legatee under the will and is given the use of a certain sum for her support, but the executor is given power to increase this amount if he thinks necessary. The lady is over ninety years of age and those who have had the care of her have put in a big bill for expenses. Some of the heirs object to having the executor pay this amount and hence the appeal.

Tennis Tea and Tournament.

The Misses Tweedy, assisted by Miss Bessie Ginns, the Misses Erskine, Mrs. H. Augusta Schuyler and Miss Lena Morgan will receive at the tea of the Hillside Tennis Club on Saturday afternoon. The tournament will commence about three o'clock with the singles and doubles will be played on Saturday afternoon. The ladies singles will be commenced on Monday, the tournament being continued on that day.

Plainfield Grocers at Papiac.

The Grocers are going to have a glorious clam-bake at Papiac on Pavilion (Boynton Beach) on Monday, and hope to have a large party of their friends accompany them on their excursion to that place on Monday and share their good times. A jolly game of base ball will be one of the features, and their la boating, bathing, shooting and amusement to be had by everybody.

A New Series of Postage Stamps.

The Postmaster General has adopted the design for a new series of postage stamps to be issued in commemoration of the discovery of America. The issue will include six values and will bear designs of a historic character, each representing some incident in the life of Columbus or picturing something appropriate to its purposes.

NEW JERSEY CONVENTION DATES.

The Two Parties Will Meet in Trenton on Consecutive Days.

Allen L. McDermott, James Smith, Jr., and Benjamin F. Lee, a sub-committee of the New Jersey Democratic State Convention named to fix the date for holding the State Convention at which the next Governor of New Jersey is to be nominated, issued a call yesterday directing the delegates to assemble in Taylor's Opera House, in Trenton, on Wednesday, September 14, at noon. The Republican State Convention will be held in the same hall on September 15 and 16, at which President Harrison is expected to be present.

It is the first time probably in the history of this State that the two great parties have held their conventions on two consecutive days.

The Republicans of Essex county have directed that the primaries for the election of delegates be held on September 8.

Franklin J. Murphy of that county makes formal announcement that he will seek the Republican Gubernatorial nomination.

Suspected Immigrant Train Held.

SARNIA, Ont., September 2.—(Special.)—A car containing thirty immigrants on the morning express from Buffalo was detained this morning at the tunnel station here owing to the refusal of the United States authorities to allow the car to enter their territory on account of the illness of several of the occupants from what it is feared may be cholera.

Jenkins Will Release Quarantine Vessels to Suit Himself.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2d. (Special.)—Health Officer Jenkins declares that he shall continue to quarantine vessels, and to release them from quarantine according to his view of the requirements of special cases without regard to President Harrison's proclamation.

2,000 Afghans Killed in Battle.

LONDON, Sept. 2, (Special.)—A despatch to the Daily News says: "It is reported from Merv that 2,000 Afghans were killed in the last battle with the revolting Hazaras."

BICYCLE NOTES.

A Bicycle Collides with a Train.

Charles Murphy, of Yonkers, while going down the Bogota hill on his pneumatic tired safety bicycle, did not see that an approaching Buffalo express train on the West Shore road until close to the track. He determined to take the chances of crossing ahead of the train. His wheel struck the side of the engine squarely. The pneumatic tire saved his life, for the wheel bounded back and prevented his falling under the wheels of the train. The only damage done was to the front wheel of the bicycle, which was badly shattered. The engineer waved his hat when he saw the lad arise apparently unhurt. The train, though it slowed up, did not stop.

—The Academy base ball team defeated the Park Rose team in a game this morning on the Park avenue grounds by a score of 6 to 5.

HERE is the secret of its unparallelled success.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Matchless quality. Without a rival and without a peer.

DEATHS.

BORKESY—At Brooklyn, N. Y., August 31, Mrs. Louisa Borkesy, wife of Benjamin Borkesy and daughter of the late John and Margaret Cook of Scotch Plains; in her 56th year.

Interment at Scotch Plains, Saturday, September 3, on the arrival of the 1.36 train from New York.

LEBAU—On August 31st, Caroline Lebau, in her 24th year.

Funeral Monday, Sept. 5th, at nine a. m., from her late residence, 132 West Front street. Interment private.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

CHOLERA ABATING.

Emigrants Trying Hard to Get to America.

PARIS, Sept. 2. (Special.)—The cholera is steadily declining with the approach of cool weather. Yesterday there were 15 new cases and three deaths.

The Polish Jew emigrants who have been encamped near Lyons for about a fortnight have to day started for the French seaport of Dieppe.

Thence they are to be conveyed to Liverpool, and from there taken by steamship to Montreal, whence, it is understood, they will make the best of their way into the United States.

This new method is to be extensively followed by Russian Jews and other emigrants.

Stillman Music Hall, Just One Night Only, TO-NIGHT!

The Established Comedian,

JOHN T. KELLEY,

Aided by FLORRIE WEST, MATTIE VICKERS and others in the Musical Eccentricity,

McFEE : OF : DUBLIN,

Written by Chas. T. Vincent and John T. Kelley.

NEW Songs, Dances, Scenery and Costumes.

PRICES—35, 50 and 75 Cents. Seats now on sale at Central Pharmacy.

SCHOOL SHOES!

Boys and Girls Give This Your Kind Attention!

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET. The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.

HEADQUARTERS FOR THE

FINEST ELGIN CREAMERY BUTTER.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Cents-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A MAN AND WIFE, without child encumbrance, from London county, Va., want employment; man being first-class coachman and flower and vegetable gardener, and milliner's wife, first-class housekeeper and good laundress; or can will take place alone. Five years at last place. Call at Mrs Wilson's, 128 South Second street. 2 9

A COLORED girl, just from Virginia, wants a place either as nurse or to help at housework. Call at Mrs. Wilson's, 128 South Second street. 2 9

TWO girls wish situations. One at general housework, the other at upstairs work. "M. M.," Post office box 84, Dunellen. 1 7

YOUNG lady wants position as cashier or bookkeeper. Salary $6. Address "L." care of EVENING NEWS. 29 5

HELP WANTED.

A GOOD girl wanted as cook, washer and ironer, in small family. Must be well recommended and have references from last place. "J. M. C.," care of EVENING NEWS. 30 8

WANTED—Colored man and wife. Man to take care of grounds, etc.; and to make himself generally useful; woman for general housework. Those afraid of work need not apply. The Gables, Netherwood. 2 4

WANTED—Reliable permanent man, $600 first year. Stamp and references. Address "Morris," care of EVENING NEWS. 2 2

WANTED—Honest, energetic man to solicit orders for nursery stock; expenses and salary to men who can leave home and work steadily; also commission to local agents; write for terms and territory. Address R. G Chase & Co., 1490 S. Penn St., Phila., Pa. 8 12 2m eod*

WANTED—In a family of three, a cook and laundress. Apply at 106 Broadway. 1 5

WANTED—A first-class cook. References required. Call at 69 West Seventh street, corner Plainfield avenue. 30 4

YOUNG WOMEN DESIRING TO BECOME NURSES SHOULD APPLY TO DR. COOLEY, 55 WESTERVELT AVENUE. 8 23tf

FOR RENT.

A CONVENIENT six-room cottage in a good neighborhood to let for ten dollars a month. Call at 35 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 31 4

TO LET—House, No. 17 Third place; eleven rooms; first rate order; gas, water and furnace; immediate possession. Apply to J. T. Vail, agent, or to the owner in the adjoining house, George H. Goddard. 1 5

TO LET—House of five rooms. 30 Hulmer place. 31 4

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A Bradley oak painted surrey with curtains. Almost new. Apply to E. Conrowe, 81 Hillside avenue. 2 5

HAY FOR SALE—All persons wanting to buy hay for the Winter, will buy it for the Winter at reasonable prices, call or address 99 Grandview avenue. 9 3 tf

20 MILE view from Dentou's Hillside Building Lots, Building plans, forms and trees for sale 1 4

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot. Apply to owner on the premises. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 15tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

A YOUNG married couple would like a house to take care of for the Winter. Address "H. E.," care of EVENING NEWS. 1 5

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 21 Somerset street. 8 20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mailord's. 8 29tf

WANTED—Fleeton. Must be cheap and in good condition. Corner Hillside street and Clinton avenue. 30 6

4th Annual Excursion OF THE Grocers' Association Of Plainfield, N. J., to PAPIAC, (Boynton Beach), LABOR DAY, MONDAY SEPT. 5.

Music all day; full band; steam launch; boating; boats are reserved for excursionists; crabbing; bathing; fishing; dancing; Rhode Island clam bake at 11 o'clock; shooting match and prizes and numerous other attractions that will make it a day long to be remembered.

Train leave Plainfield 8 a. m.; Papiac, (Boynton Beach), 6 p. m. Fare for trip 50c; half fare 40c. Tickets may be obtained of members of the association or at the cars.

Labor Day Excursion TO Mauch Chunk, Glen Onoko,

And the Famed Switchback, via Central Railroad of New Jersey, the Port Reading R. R. Co., leases

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 5.

A special excursion train will leave Plainfield at 9.27 a. m.; returning arrive in city about nine p. m.

Fare for round trip only $1.75. Switchback tickets at half rates if purchased on the excursion train.

Tourists have the privilege of remaining over and returning on any regular train until Monday, September 12, by the payment of $1 extra to the ticket agent at Mauch Chunk. 8 5 3

FALL SHAPES IN DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis

5 West Front Street.

BEACH'S

Celebrated PLUM PUDDINGS and Also BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

HOME MADE White Bread. Gluten Bread. Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Crullers, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPES and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice.

Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday dessert on or before Saturday morning.

E. BEACH,

61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

Special Notices.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

Persons having business with the Principal of the Plainfield Public Schools before the opening day will find him at the High School, Tuesday, Friday and Monday, from three to five p. m.

1 7 HENRY M. MAXSON.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Cholera.

It is enough to give anybody the cholera to read the scientific opinions on the subject—so it is indeed. One fellow has been trying to find out in his mind whether the sickness this summer is cholera autochthonous, characterized by endemicity, or whether it is cholera Asiatica, characterized by epidemicity. No doubt it is.

Meantime it is sufficient for common people to know that every now and then nature gets enraged at the human race on account of its filth, meanness and foul air and simply clears it out, sometimes by cholera, again by typhus fever, yellow fever, black plague, diphtheria and other things. When these occasions come it is always the dirty, overcrowded portions of the great cities that suffer first and most. Then the pestilence skips and attacks clean people in other places, country and city.

Cholera at ports in Europe whence many of our immigrants come—Havre Hamburg, Antwerp and Stettin. In Hamburg it attacked the old part of the city—the poor dirty quarters. There is not much likelihood that the plague will be here in force this season, though it may fall upon us next summer. Frost kills the germs. Meantime we are sufficiently warned to clean up and disinfect. Soap, water, chloride of lime, carbolic acid are excellent disinfectants. Sewer pipes and their contents are nests of the disease. So are the horrible outhouses usually found about farms and villages. Finally, scare and panic are a main cause of death by cholera. If cholera ever comes your way, clean up and think of what Grant said when somebody told him he was in danger of assassination. "What you are not afraid of won't hurt you."

In November, 1865, a case of cholera was brought to New York from Havre. In April it appeared in the city itself. Altogether, during the summer of 1866, some 2,later persons died of the plague in and about New York and Brooklyn. Many of these were emigrants attacked on shipboard, coming over. After exposure to cholera the disease develops, if it is going to, in from one to three days. Patients in Hamburg this summer have died within an hour after being stricken. The best precautions against it are—keep absolutely clean, breathe pure air and drink pure water. Eat no unripe or rotten fruit or any tainted meat, and do not eat too much of anything. Keep your head on, keep cheerful and go about your work as usual.

Suppose Mars.

It's Mars, they say, who is bringing all this trouble on the world. He is nearer us now than he has been for fifteen years or than he will be in fifteen years again, for which let us be thankful if the present year furnishes a specimen of how the old rascal gets in his whack when he has a chance at us.

Famine in Russia and India; anarchists lively in Paris; fires, floods, storms, steamboat and railway accidents all over the world; the cholera spreading through Europe and threatening to visit America; thousands of deaths in Russia from it, likewise in Persia, where panic reigns, whole towns are depopulated and the King of Persia shah has lost his head completely, endeavoring to compensate for it by making other people lose theirs. In Europe the past two weeks the heat has been torrid beyond description. Horses and cattle have died by the hundred, soldiers have dropped dead from exhaustion, and the usual military maneuvers in Austria were omitted on account of it. In London there is an epidemic of glanders among the horses, and hundreds of them have died and been killed. In order to be English some of the horses in New York City got glanders, too, and had to be shot.

In America we cannot have a famine because our country is too great and too rich, but we have done our best to keep up in the way of big fires, floods, accidents and storms. Then we have strikes enough to do a whole world. That is how we take our share of the visitation of Mars, apparently in strikes, and there seems no prospect that they will be definitely settled before Mars comes around again.

It is time to sit on Mars. There ought to be a town meeting called to suppress him.

The Woman's Journal corrects a statement to the effect that this fall will witness women voting for president of the United States for the first time. Women not only voted for the first three presidents of this Union, but they voted in New Jersey. A majority of the Jersey women are Federalists, however, and it is said their votes carried the state for John Adams against Thomas Jefferson. So when the Jeffersonians got possession of the Jersey legislature they disciplined the ladies by disfranchising all women in the state. So says the W. J.

Emperor William still adheres to the belief that he and the Almighty are mutually engaged in holding the universe up by the tail. But if the Almighty can spare him away from his endless weeks next summer he has graciously signified his willingness to attend our World's fair. He will see a few things that will astonish him, William will.

QUARANTINE DECLARED.

The President Practically Suspends All Immigration.

CHOLERA MUST NOT PASS OUR GATES

All Vessels to Be Detained Twenty Days Before Being Allowed to Land Passengers—No New Cases Develop on the Moravia at New York.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—After consultation with members of his cabinet and the supervising surgeon general of the United States Marine hospital service, President Harrison decided to issue a proclamation forbidding the entrance into any port of the United States of immigrants. Secretary Foster made public the proclamation, which is as follows:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.

To Collectors of Customs, Medical Officers of the Marine Hospital Service, Foreign Steamship Companies, State and Local Boards of Health:

It having been officially declared that cholera is prevailing in various portions of Russia, Germany and France and at certain ports in Great Britain, as well as in Asia, and it having been made to appear that immigrants in large numbers are coming to the United States from the infected districts aforesaid, and that they and their personal effects are liable to introduce cholera into the United States, and that vessels conveying them are liable as a direct menace to the public health; and it having been further shown that under the laws of the several states quarantine detentions may be imposed upon these vessels a sufficient length of time to insure against the introduction of contagious diseases.

It is hereby ordered that no vessel from any foreign port having immigrants on board shall be admitted to enter at any port of the United States until said vessels shall have undergone quarantine detention of twenty days, and where such detention is forbidden by the laws of the state or the regulations made thereunder) and which quarantine detention shall be in lieu of the several states quarantine detentions may be imposed upon these vessels a sufficient length of time to insure against the introduction of contagious diseases.

It is further ordered that no vessel from any foreign port having immigrants on board shall be admitted to enter at any port of the United States until said vessels shall have undergone quarantine detention of twenty days, and where such detention is forbidden by the laws of the state or the regulations made thereunder) and which quarantine detention shall be in lieu of the several states quarantine detentions may be imposed upon these vessels a sufficient length of time to insure against the introduction of contagious diseases.

This circular to take immediate effect, except in cases of vessels afloat at this date, which will be made the subject of special consideration upon due application to the department.

WALTER WYMAN,
Supervising Surgeon General United States Marine Hospital Service.
CHARLES FOSTER, Secretary of the Treasury.
Approved: BENJAMIN HARRISON.

If Insurgent Immigration.

This practically suspends immigration for the present. The circular on its face does not apply to an incoming steamer carrying only cabin passengers and no immigrants. But here again there is no discrimination, for the treatment of such a vessel is left to state and municipal authorities, and in their discretion rests the responsibility of the treatment of tourists returning from Europe.

The importance of this circular, establishing twenty days' quarantine, provided that it does not conflict with or impair state or municipal laws," lies in the fact that it does not in any locality conflict with such local regulations.

Speaking of the conference which preceded the issuance of this circular and in which the postmaster general participated Secretary Foster said: "It is well for the public to know that state authorities and the steamship companies are bold acting in accord and in heartily cooperation with the government, all being determined to exhaust their legal power to accomplish the prevention of the introduction of the dreaded disease. With everything that we may do, except an absolute embargo of commerce, there is more or less danger, though remote, that it may creep into this country and it must be

LIZZIE BORDEN IS HELD.

The Judge Says She Is Probably Guilty of the Murders.

JAILED TILL THE GRAND JURY ACTS.

The Accused Maintains Her Apparent Composure to the End, and Never Quails Flinches During Her Arraignment by the Counsel for the Prosecution.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Sept. 2.—As has been anticipated by everybody in this city, including the counsel for the defense, Judge Blaisdell held Lizzie Borden to await the action of the November grand jury as "probably guilty" of the murder of her father four weeks ago.

The judge's voice broke as he came to the word "probably." His face worked convulsively. He halted for a few seconds in the effort to control his emotions and then he went on. If he pronounced the words "guilty" at all, it so merged in the choking of his throat that it was not intelligible.

But Lizzie Borden, when she stood up a moment later to receive the formal judgment of the court from the white bearded lips of Clark Leonard, did so without prompting, did so without the trembling of an eyelash, did so without the change of the fraction of a shade of a color of her cheek, did so without the slightest downcasting or aversion of her light gray eyes—in short, as if she had stood up to read her report as secretary and treasurer of the Christian Endeavor society.

At the end of the most trying of the twenty-eight days which she has passed since the murders, she was in appearance the least agitated person in court. The almost commonplace calmness with which she received the court room formula sentencing her to two months in the Taunton jail and then a third and perhaps fourth ordeal as to her guilt or innocence was not that of insensibility or apathy born of weariness or brain decease. It was what the people of Fall River call "the Borden grit."

The Defense.

Mr. Jennings opened for the defense and rehearsed the story of the killing of Mr. Borden and said that a man of common sense, looking at the horribly mutilated bodies, would say that it was the work of a maniac. Why did not the prosecution investigate the breaking into the house two years ago and of the barn two months ago? Instead of looking for the murderer, they spent their time endeavoring to convict Lizzie Borden. He did not believe either Bridget Sullivan or Lizzie committed the murder.

If Lizzie had an opportunity to commit the murder Bridget Sullivan also had. The inquest was held for no other purpose than to put Lizzie on the rack. Not a tittle of evidence was found on Lizzie to connect her with the crime. Counsel demanded the woman's release. At one point during Mr. Jennings' plea Lizzie burst into tears, and at the end the crowd broke into wild applause.

After the recess District Attorney Knowlton began his speech. He contended that the murderer was a man. A weak, cowardly man? A vacant lot, 400 feet, 220 to 244 W Seventh street.....

Harris, J T, vacant lots, 575 feet, 213 to 255 W Seventh street.....

Hull, estate Rachel, house and lot, 6x 8 Jackson street.....

Henderson, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 112 feet, 36 and 38 Rose street.....

Henderson, estate Rachel, vacant lots 100 feet, 2.5 and 2.7 Arlington avenue.....

Henderson, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 5.7 acres, Randolph Road.....

Hart, Carrie, vacant lots, 30x100, 42 and 44 Northwood avenue.....

Hart, Harris, vacant lot, 30x150, Jackson street.....

Hart, Levi, vacant lots, 125x150, 35 to 54 Netherwood avenue.....

Howson, Wm, house and two lots, 55 and 57 Netherwood avenue.....

Hewson, Wm, 2 lots, 47 and 49 Netherwood avenue.....

Hewett, ——, or Mrs Noel, 2 lots and 4 lots in rear, 36 and 38 Netherwood avenue.....

Jones, Evan, and Margaret, house, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet, 241 and 243 E Second street.....

Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 46 to 54 La Grande avenue.....

Jones, Emma, 2 vacant lots, 200 feet, 150 to 160 LaGrande avenue.....

Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 450 feet, 170 to 190 LaGrande avenue.....

Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 160 feet, 179 to 199 LaGrande avenue.....

Jones, Emma A, 2 feet, 201 and 205 La Grande avenue.....

Jones, Emma A, vacant lots to Cedar brook, 100 feet, Watchung avenue.....

Jones, Susan A, vacant lots, 100 feet, 12 and 15 Putnam avenue.....

Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 175 feet, 23 to 27 Putnam avenue.....

Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 50 to 102 Richmond street.....

Jones Emma A, 3 vacant lots, 150 feet, 56 to 61 Richmo. d street.....

Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 200 feet, 5 to 15 Carlton avenue.....

Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 400 feet, 30 to 36 Carlton avenue.....

Johnston, Wm, 5 vacant lots, 2 to 10 George street.....

Keeney, Miss M, 2 lots, 99 feet each, 261 W Front street.....

Laing, estate of Sam'l D, house and lot, 75 feet, 61 W Second street.....

Lee, Thomas, house and lot, 67 feet, but 98 and 99 Front street.....

Lewis, Israel, store and lot, 30 Park avenue.....

Leonard, Wm J, 11 acres, ¼ of plot, 138 to 170 Plainfield avenue.....

Leonard, Carrie B, 11 acres, ¼ of plot, 138 to 170 Plainfield avenue.....

Lane, Mrs M, vacant lot, 261 Field avenue.....

Lecon, Peter, house and lot, 60 feet, 14 to 16 S Front street.....

Lillicutcry, Mrs S C, house and lot, 19 E Front street.....

Laing, Sarah M, house and lot, 94 E Front street.....

Lee, Thomas, lot 1 acre or more, east of Belvidere avenue.....

Lecain & Rice, vacant lot, 40 feet, 12 Sandford avenue.....

Lecain & Rice, vacant lot, 40 feet, 16 Sandford avenue.....

Lecain & Rice, vacant lot, 40 feet, 34 Bay street.....

Lorton, Mrs, vacant lot, 40 feet, 34 Bay street.....

Lorton, Mrs, vacant lot, 40 feet, 36 Bay street.....

McCarthy, Michael, house and lot, 50 feet, 28 West Second street.....

McCarthy, Michael, house and lot, 50 feet, 30 West Second street.....

McCarthy, Charles, house and lot, 22 Plainfield avenue.....

McCarthy, Mrs, house and lot, 20 Plainfield avenue.....

McClellan, Mrs, vacant lot, 25 Grant avenue.....

McClellan, Mrs, store, house, ice and shop, 159 West Third street.....

Moe, Christopher, house and lot, 1.65x180 feet, 26 and 27 West Fifth street.....

McLaughlin, P F, 2 vacant lots, 176 feet, 32 to 38 West Fifth street.....

Meyer, Sigmund T, vacant lots, 200 feet, 240 to 246 W Second street.....

McIntyre, John F., vacant lot, 60 feet, 164 Madison avenue.....

McIntyre, John F, vacant lot, 60 feet, 166 Madison avenue.....

McIntyre, John Y, heirs of, stores and flats, 127 and 129 North avenue.....

Marsh, Estate Elizabeth S., house and lot, 125 Madison avenue.....

Marsh, Estate Elizabeth S., house and lot, 127 and 129 Madison avenue.....

Marsh, Rudolph, house and lot, 40 Plainfield avenue.....

Millspaugh, F. formerly, vacant lot, 15 Front street.....

Millspaugh, F. formerly, vacant lot, 20 E Front street.....

Moore, Estate Kate M., vacant lot, 40 feet, 2 and 4 Union street.....

Mullner, Jane, house and lot, 50 ft., 21 East Third street.....

Mullner, Jane, house and lot, 50 ft., 23 East Third street.....

Mullner, Jane, house and lot, 50 ft., 25 East Third street.....

Mullner, Jane, house and lot, 50 ft.,

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

A Brave Little Girl.

Edith Brill, of Woolwich, England, though only ten years old, has been honored as a heroine by no less distinguished a body than the humane society of that country. The society's bronze medal and certificate were publicly presented to her at the town hall of Woolwich a few days ago. She saved one little boy from drowning and attempted to save another, in both cases under circumstances of great risk to her own life.

The little girl was playing with a number of children in Woolwich dockyard, when two of the children fell into the King William dock. A boy standing at the top

of the steps overbalanced himself, and in falling caught hold of the frock of a little boy 5½ years old, who was standing with him, and both tumbled down the steps into the water. No one was near them at the time. Edith Brill ran to the edge and saw them in the water. She climbed down the steps and went up to her neck in the water and caught hold of the smaller boy. She got him out and placed him on the steps, and then caught hold of the other boy's hand, but he got away and tried to catch hold of her leg and was drowned. The story of the rescue was obtained from the little girl herself and other witnesses at the inquest, and the coroner brought her bravery under the notice of the Royal Humane society.

Mrs. Lucas' Pets.

One cold day in the first part of the winter Mrs. Lucas found two caterpillars in the shed. She carried them into the kitchen and put them on the hearth. She poured one drop of milk down beside them for their dinner; they ate it, and then crawled away in the cracks by the chimney.

Every day, all winter long, Mrs. Lucas poured out milk for the two caterpillars, and they always came and ate it all. Sometimes they would lie on the hearth in front of the fire for a long time to get warm.

Mrs. Lucas said she thought a great deal of her pets.

When spring came the caterpillars crawled out of doors, and they were never seen again.

Mrs. Lucas says caterpillars know as much as cats or dogs, but I think a cat or a dog would have been more grateful than they were. Don't you?—Ruth Prescott in Our Little Men and Women.

False Kindness.

The softest little fluff of fur!
The gentlest, most persuasive purr!
Oh, everybody told me that
She was the "loveliest little cat!"
So when she on the table sprang
And lapped the cream with small, red tongue,
I only gently put her down
And said, "Sh, sh!" and tried to frown;
But I had been truly kind,
I should have made that kitten mind!

Now, large and quick and strong of will,
She'll spring upon the table still,
And, spite of all my watchful care,
Will snatch the choicest dainties there;
And everybody says: "Small scal!
Since such a dreadful, dreadful cat!"
But I, who hear them, know with shame
I only am the one to blame;
For in the days when she was young
And lapped the cream with small red tongue,
Had I to her been truly kind
I should have made that kitten mind.
—Marian Douglas in Harper's Young People.

Rather Expensive.

Little Miss Isabel has a weekly allowance, the amount of which depends on her good behavior, for when she is rude or naughty she is fined a small sum for each offense. A few mornings ago she was tempted and her mamma fined her a penny. She erred again and a second fine was imposed. A third time the same rule was broken and her mamma said:

"Now, Isabel, I shall fine you two cents this time, and if you disobey again I shall double it and make it four cents."

"Oh, dear me!" sighed Isabel. "I think this a pretty expensive place to live in."—Wide Awake.

Two Definitions.

The strong but indirect value of education suggests a child's view of it in regard to drawing. Her estimate of it was the natural outcome of childish imagination. She wrote of herself: "Drawing is my favorite play. When I was littler I'd go off by myself and make up a story and illustrate it as I went along, carrying it for several weeks, remembering it by the pictures which I kept. I never told any one." Another child defined drawing as "thinking and drawing round the think."—Boston Herald.

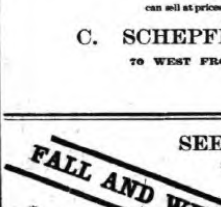
A Hotly Contested Game.

Little Dot—Mamma, Dick wants you to go to the playground with your workbasket.

Mamma—Dear me! Why?

Little Dot—The Nevermuff nine and Dick's Getthere nine has been playin a game, and the Getthere won. Dick wants you to mend his clothes so he can come home.—Good News.

Nellie's Visitors.



May I offer you some tea?
Come now, have a cup with me!
Gladly will I welcome you—
Make yourselves at home, now do.

LOVE, DEATH AND SORROW.

Upon a day of fierce and blinding rain,
One they called Love was wet with one called Death.
She leaned against the rose, its breath her breath;
He swart as night; and duly of these twain
A child was born called Sorrow; and with pain
Like unto theirs whom nothing comforteth.
Love chore to him, "My all in all," she saith,
"And if he die, for what can I be fain?"
Then Wisdom came and said, "Oh, foolish one,
Why fond thus fear? for Death is passing strong;
And thou, Oh, Love, art yet more strong than he."
For all his brawn. Wherefore thou need'st not shun
Hurt for thy Sorrow; he shall live as long
As thou canst wish: yea, only die with thee."
—J. W. Chadwick in New England Magazine.

KEEPING UP WITH THE CHILDREN.

An Earnest Mother Who Builded Better Than She Knew.

She was a woman of middle age, thin and plain, with no claim to beauty except the eager dark eyes shining starlike from a wistful, care lined face. Twenty years ago she had slipped her trustful hand into that of a lover, and counting the world well lost for the sake of her love and faith, had entered upon a life of such toil, privation and heroic endurance as only women in frontier settlements, amid primitive conditions, know.

"I have tried my best," she said simply, "to keep up with the children. Father and I resolved, when our first boy was a baby, that stint and scrape and contrive as we might we'd educate all that heaven sent us. And we have done what we could. I wasn't willing that my children should get ahead of me; I've tried to study their lessons with them, and to enter into their feelings. I don't want them to outstrip me in the race."

This mother had been one of those to whom early rising and late retiring had been always essential, in order that the routine of the housework should not suffer. In that part of the country where she lived, hired help for domestic purposes was almost unheard of; women did their own work, a neighbor's daughter sometimes lending a helping hand in an exigency, and the men-folk of a family doing their share at need. In her determined effort to keep step with her children in their intellectual development, she had in another direction builded better than she knew; for the children, boys and girls alike, had early been pressed into her service, and had, as she explained, "taken hold" of whatever was to be done.

The boys could make beds and set tables as well as draw water and split wood. The girls were facile housekeepers, with a practical knowledge of cooking and laundry work—in American society as essential in the outfit for life to the richest as to the poorest. Though the living in the household was plain, it was abundant, and the ideal set before the family was something nobler than a mere strife for wealth. Everything was open and above board. Books were read and prized in common, and so much was going on to interest everybody that there was no temptation to devour poisonous tidbits in secret. So it came to pass that the keeping up with the children brought great good in its wake.

At last a day dawned when the mother felt as if the first stone had been set in a wall of separation. Two of her brood had found their wings. A daughter was going to college. A son was entering upon a business career. The little wistful woman yearned to keep pace with them both. yearned perhaps to ordain the pathway of both, as she always had done. But it was inevitable that there should be some parting of the roads. Brave as she was, she kept down a heartache under her cheery show of courage.

"Have comfort, dear," said an older friend, who had been through a similar experience. "The children will never outgrow you; you have a tweaty years' start of them. And you have so disciplined your mind and trained your heart and elevated your own thoughts above the daily rut, the free and the stir, that you have created an atmosphere, favorable to expansion of every faculty. They may acquire facts, but they will fly like homy laden bees to the hive. The mother who has kept pace with her children from babyhood to adolescence will never lose them."—Harper's Bazar.

Woman Artists of Brooklyn.

Brooklyn's girl artists form a charming portion of the art community, and have become known in this especial branch far in advance of the women lawyers, doctors or writers of the city. They have almost all begun their art studies in Brooklyn, and have also, in many cases exhibited in foreign galleries, only to return home to choose studio dwelling places in their native city. They have made little nooks of beauty and brightness and dainty every office buildings as well as in their homes, and they are all personally a body of charming young women, intelligent, broad minded, high minded and womanly in the highest degree. In the study of art they seem to have forgotten the frivolities and insignificances which make up the lives of so many women, and the work they have done places them as artists on a plane which has won the respect of their brother artists as well as the humbler instances the encomiums of the foremost critics of the day.

The aspiration of every artist, whether man or woman, is to own a studio—an apartment where individual taste may run riot and where unfinished sketches or studies may be left free from the devastating dust brush of the housemaid. The women artists of Brooklyn have all attained their wishes in this respect, and scattered throughout the city, although more particularly confined to the down town district, there are a number of studios all reflecting the artist temperament, and plainly showing that they are used as real workrooms and not boudoirs, where a plaque or a teacup painted once in awhile dignifies the apartment with the title of "studio."—New York Herald.

People Overcome by Perfumes.

There are some constitutions that cannot stand perfumes. The patchouli, a perfume specially recognized in India ink or the India shawls, is to some persons almost rank poison. Ladies have been known to faint after wearing India shawls or painting with India ink, and a sachet which has patchouli as the flavoring essence is to many persons extremely unhealthy. Whether the perfume causes nervous complications or acutes noises cannot be ascertained, but it is certain that some constitutions will not bear it, and a lady finding herself losing appetite or strength or having headaches that have no explained cause, might look for the reason in some perfume that she is in the habit of using.

Do some persons the mind has a similar effect, others are sickened by some one or other of the volatile oils derived from flowers, while no one rarely the odor of apples or of other fruit, has an unfavorable effect on persons of peculiar temperament.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

OCT. 21, NOT OCT. 12.

At the instance of the executive committee of the national public school celebration of Columbus Day, a bill was recently introduced in congress instructing President Harrison to issue a proclamation making Columbus Day a general holiday. In the interest of scholarly accuracy this bill wisely authorized the change in date from Oct. 12 to Oct. 21. It has passed both houses of congress and received the president's signature.

Above all other dates nearly every pupil in our public schools remembers that Columbus discovered America Oct. 12, 1492. They will all want to know why the 400th anniversary falls on Oct 21, 1892.

For many centuries the calendar instituted by Julius Cæsar, known as the Julian calendar, was commonly accepted. This calendar assumed that there were 365¼ days in a year. But as this made the year 11 minutes and 14 seconds too long, it could not without correction very long answer the purpose for which it was devised. Consequently, in 1582, it was found necessary to reform the calendar, and the Gregorian calendar was adopted. In order to correct the errors that the old calendar had made 10 days were dropped out, and Oct. 5 of 1582 became Oct. 15. As the error was found to be exactly 3 days in 400 years, the Gregorian calendar omitted the leap year from every centurial year, excepting those which were divisible by 400. Thus the years 1500, 1700 and 1800 were not leap years.

As above stated, this reformation took place in 1582, and 10 days were omitted from the calendar. But as Columbus discovered America previous to the year 1500, which reckoned by the Gregorian calendar would not be a leap year, there would be but 9 days to omit.

On Oct. 21, 1892, the sun will occupy the same relative position to the earth as on the memorable Oct. 12, 1492.

The Gregorian calendar was not introduced into Great Britain until 1751, people's ignorance and prejudice up to that time successfully opposing it. By the masses of the people it was believed that the obliteration of 10 days would shorten their lives. It is remarkable that Russia still adheres to the Julian reckoning.

We have already announced the change as in the interest of scholarly accuracy. The public school stands for enlightenment and progress, and it would not be in keeping with this spirit to compute the four centuries that will intervene between the date of the discovery and the date we are to celebrate by an erroneous calendar which had its day, and was discarded more than 200 years ago.

All the precedents for celebrating American anniversaries are in favor of correcting the old calendar to the new. For instance, "Forefathers' Day" in New England is celebrated Dec. 21 although according to the Julian calendar the Pilgrims reached Plymouth Dec. 11. Washington was born on the 11th day of February, "old style," but we celebrate the anniversary of his birth on the 22d of February, "new style."

The original proposal for the public school celebration set apart Oct. 12, but the friends of free education who are pushing the enterprise believed a bad precedent would be established, as it named a false date for the observance of an historical event. This is the first effort that has ever been made strictly to observe, by national commemorative exercises, the achievement of Columbus, and due right day should be celebrated. For this reason we are glad that Oct. 21 is to be the day. We want the children of the land to observe an anniversary with all that name implies, and not necessarily the recurrence of a fixed date, which, owing to the arbitrary changes in the methods of computing time, has lost its significance and in our day does not accurately mark off the century point. Hurrah for the national Columbian public school celebration of Oct. 21.

A Hungry Man.

Tramp—Madam, will you please give me a bite to eat? Chicken, for instance.

Lady—Do you love chicken?

Tramp—Do I, madam? Have you ever a wing of chicken?

Lady—No, sir.

Tramp—Heart?

Lady—No.

Tramp—Gizzard?

Lady—No.

Tramp—The head?

Lady—I gave that to the cat.

Tramp—Where's the cat?—Boston Courier.

A Minor Omission.

"Clara, I'm engaged to be married already, and I've only been here two days."

"You sweet thing! Who is the happy man?"

"Dear me, how unfortunate! He forgot to give me his card."—Chicago News-Record.

The Wings of Love.

Cass Avenue Lady—What is the matter, Bridget? Why are you going to leave?

Bridget—Sure, ma'am, our policeman has been appointed to another district.—Detroit Free Press.

A First Class Reason.

He—Won't you let me have a kiss, now that I am going away for a day?

She—If you can give any good reason why I should I might think about it—poe sibly.

He—I should like to establish a precedent. —Life.

This Date in History—Sept. 2.

31 B. C.—The battle of Actium decided the rule of the Roman world; Octavius (later Augustus) Cæsar defeated Antony and Cleopatra.

1752—John Howard, philanthropist, born in Enfield, Middlesex, died 1790 in Kherson, Russia.

1813—Battle of Dresden; General Jean Victor Moreau mortally wounded.

1838—Henry George, political economist, born in Philadelphia.

1862—Battle of Chantilly, Va.; Generals Stevens and Kearny killed. Big fight with Sioux at Birch Coulie, Minn.

1864—Battle of Big Shanty, Ga.

1885—Rev. Alfred Nevin, D. D., prominent Presbyterian, died in Lancaster, Pa., aged 75.

No Risk for Him.

Dentist—Will you take gas?

Man in Chair—Er, I don't know. Is there any risk?

Dentist—Oh, no. I shall ask you to pay in advance.—Yankee Blade.

A Glad Discovery.

Oh, joy immeasurable is mine!
I breathe a fresh gladness;
Kind Nature doth her face incline
And smile on me.

I spot my trunk and dragged in light
My sweetheart's note;
Alas, it was a story sight!
Just 31 to shoot!

The coat was at the elbows bare,
The vest was frayed,
It filled my soul with black despair
To put it on.

The trousers after their long rest
Still bagged at knee;
Nor could they be, by being pressed,
Made fit to see.

The waistcoat it was thin and worn
And strange to say
I found one of the pockets torn
Almost away.

But joy because of that same hole
My heart doth fill:
For in it lay, all in a roll,
A dollar bill.
—Boston Courier.

A Good Day.

Rev. Dr. Primrose—How is it your father always comes home from fishing on a Friday?

Little Johnny—'Cause he's then sure to find a good assortment of fish in the market.—New York Evening Sun.

1892 September. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

○ Full	6	4:08	● New	20	9:16
Moon		p. m.	Moon		p. m.
☾ Third	13	7:50	☽ First	29	1:19
Quarter		a. m.	Quarter		a. m.

MOON'S PHASES.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable † Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
First-class bar attached.

THE ALBION,
SOUTH SECOND AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE,
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS
Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.
C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS
SEELY EDSALL,
20 WEST FRONT STREET.
Invites the inspection of the Dry Goods Trade to his new stock of
Novelties.
Henriettas, Serges,
Cashmeres, Ladies' Cloth.
Black Goods a Specialty.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!
After the use of
Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.
Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child
SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Educational.

Harned Academy
WILL RE-OPEN SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.
The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.
Classes now forming in German and French. Special hours for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation to college. Music. Weekly lectures.
E. N HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S
SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
and
KINDERGARTEN,
17 LAGRANDE AVENUE,
Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
8 31 3m*

Plainfield Seminary,
for
YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
will re-open on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
For particulars address MISS E. E. KENYON, Principal.
8 10 3m*

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS
of this city will open in their various departments,
TUESDAY, SEPT. 6.
Prof. Henry M. Maxson, Superintendent and Supervising Principal. 8 13 sod 10t*

ELOCUTION
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Abbott, P. O. Box 1288.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French conversation. Also private lessons as formerly in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Virioux, care of Miss Fawcett and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. All home advantages. From 9 to 3 p. m. 21 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 142 Somerset street.

New Marble and Granite Works,
We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.
J. E. Townsend, Manager,
No. 30 SOMERSET STREET.
Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

CLEARING OUT SALE OF SUMMER CLOTHING!
AT
WERNER'S - CLOTHING - HOUSE,
NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.
Don't fail to drop in and see our EXTRAORDINARY Bargains, as we must dispose of our Summer stock to make room for Fall and Winter goods.

NEW STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
2 piece South America Hair Mattress, 35 lbs	$15
Goose Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pill w cases, Oil Cloth 25 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish rug. $1 to $4.50; portierre curtains, all silk, $3 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Couches, Bossing Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.
Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.
MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,
Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.
A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on
Refrigerators. Lawn Mowers,
Ice Cream Freezers. Hammocks.
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware, Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 2401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. POEY, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article,
A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,
to make
Delicious Iced Tea.
Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. Full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.
NEUMANN BROS.
BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine ery repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Segar store, No. 12 West Second street

THE PLACE TO BUY
SECOND-HAND FURNITURE
IS AT
MUSGRAVE'S,
37 Somerset street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box I. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

4th Annual Excursion

OF THE

Grocers' Association

Of Plainfield, N. J., to

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach),

LABOR DAY, MONDAY SEPT. 5.

Music all day; full band; steam launch; bathing; (boats are reserved for excursionists' bathing); bathing; fishing; dancing; Rhode Island clam bake at 11 o'clock; shooting match for prizes and numerous other attractions that will make it a day long to be remembered.

Train leaves Plainfield 8 a. m.; Papiac, (Boynton Beach), 6 p. m. Fare for trip 80c; half fare 40c. Tickets may be obtained of members of the association or at the cars.

Labor Day Excursion

TO

Mauch Chunk, Glen Onoko,

And the Famed Switchback, via Central Railroad of New Jersey, the Port Reading R. R. Co., lessee.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 5.

A special excursion train will leave Plainfield at 9.22 a. m.; returning arrive in city about nine p. m.

Fare for round trip only $1 75. Switchback tickets at half rates if purchased on the excursion train.

Tourists have the privilege of remaining overnight and returning by regular train until Monday, September 19, by the payment of $1 extra to the ticket agent at Mauch Chunk. 31-2-5

Republican Primary Meetings.

The Republican voters of the city of Plainfield are requested to meet at the Republican Association rooms, No. 11 East Front street, over the National Bank; on the following dates for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention to be held at Trenton September 13, 1892 to nominate a candidate for Governor and Presidential electors.

First Ward. On Wednesday evening Sept. 7 at 8 o'clock and is entitled to nine delegates.

Second Ward. On Wednesday evening Sept 7 at 8.30 o'clock and is entitled to two delegates.

Fifth Ward. On Thursday evening Sept. 8 at eight o'clock and is entitled to one delegate.

Fourth Ward. On Thursday evening Sept 8 at 8.30 o'clock and is entitled to two delegates.

By order of the City Executive Committee.

S. COWARD, JOHN ULRICH,
Chairman.

Dated Sept. 1, 1892.

BREVITIES

Beware of the man who promises you something for nothing.

Monday being a legal holiday there will be no issue of this paper.

The Congregational Sunday-school will resume its session at noon to-morrow.

President Harrison's letter of acceptance will probably be made public next Monday.

The tall chimney of French's Mills is being raised higher, and having a new lining put in.

"Lord McFee of Dublin," as played at Music Hall last evening seemed to certainly deserve its nickname.

The Plainfield druggists have agreed to close their places of business from one to six p. m. Monday (Labor Day.)

There are now in New Jersey over 200 well equipped Republican clubs and the state is being thoroughly organized.

The only way in which the Democratic party can be saved Prohibition is in the effort to prohibit American industries.

Democratic protectionists are taking Henry Watterson's advice and are going over to the Republicans where they belong.

Orange Common Council has appropriated $6,000 for a pest house and contagious hospital to guard against any possible invasion of cholera.

Does your child need a pair of school shoes. Doane & Van Arsdale can please you, as they have the assortment. Extra help Saturday evening.

Now that foreign silk, tin and other articles have been largely transferred to this country since the McKinley bill was passed, it remains for free trade to point out their presence here is really a detriment.

Four bicyclers were spoken to last evening by Officer Kiely for riding without lanterns as required by the ordinance and were notified to appear before Judge Codington this morning. E. W. Stewart was the only one who did so, and he said he had recently returned from the West and knew nothing of the ordinance. The Judge therefore only fined him $1 instead of $20.

Charles Smith a Target Smasher.

Yesterday was championship day of the Target Shooting tournament at New London, Conn. The State team race, between Connecticut and New Jersey, was won by the former. The individual champion ship of America went to Ferd Vandyke of Newark and the national championship to Charles Smith. Following were the events and scores:

Extra Event, Ten Singles—First money, score 10, Loudon, Vandyke, Miller, Egerton, Smith; second money, score 9, Bowers, Jr., Wolstencroft, Tucker.

First Event, Ten Singles—First money, score 10, Smith; second money, score 9, Vandyke, Wolstencroft, Miller.

Second Event, Fifteen Singles—First money, score 15, Edgerton; second money, score 14, Vandyke, Smith, Bowers, Connor, Leroy, Cowee, Post, Miles.

Third Event, Twenty Singles—First money, score 20, Wolstencroft; second money, score 17, Miller, Ivy.

Fourth Event, Twenty-five Singles—First match. New Jersey State League vs. Connecticut State League, ten men each. Won by Connecticut, score 232 out of a possible 250; New Jersey, 230. The winners were Bowers, Savage, Langson, Cady, Strong, Wilcox, Bowers, Edgerton, Fowler, Connor, Whittlesey.

Fifth Event, Twenty-five Singles. Individual Championship United States won by Ferd Vandyke, score, 23; second, W. Wolstencroft and Edgerton, 22.

Sixth Event, Twenty-five Singles, team race for the Championship of America—Won by the following as follows: C. Smith, 25; Brientnall, 24; Post 24; Siegler, 24; W. Wolstencroft, 23; Miller, 23. Total, 223. The Eagles team scored 220.

Seventh Event, Ten Singles—First money, second money, score 8, Miller and Ivy.

THE BOROUGH COUNCIL.

REGULAR SEPTEMBER MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

The Street Railway Discussed—A Resolution Favoring the Plainfield Company Adopted—Mayor Saunders' Speech—Bills Ordered Paid—Reports of Committees—Other Business.

The Borough Council met in regular session last evening at eight o'clock. Besides Mayor Saunders, Councilmen Connolly, Hegeman, Hummer, Needham, Neal and Sebring responded to roll call.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

A communication from Mr. W. W. Howland protesting against any street railway franchise being granted whatever. He especially objected to the trolley system, as being dangerous and unsightly and requested that Council wait until Plainfield's experimental road was complete and approved of before taking steps toward granting a franchise. The communication was read, and, upon motion of Mr. Hegeman, referred to the Street Committee.

A petition from Messrs. Ira Riker and Wilson Smalley asking that two electric lights be placed on Mountain avenue near Grand street was read and referred to the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps.

Warren Engine Co. No. 1, in a communication submitted their recently adopted by-laws to Council for approval. They were referred to Committee on Fire Water and Lamps.

The following bills were read and ordered paid:

E. C. Morse	$ 14.75
Peter Bader	3.60
Davis & Stevens	12.00
P. Kellegher	46.25
Jos. B. Parmly	46.50
Edison Electric Light Co.	350.30

Clerk Brokaw reported that $585 had been received for licenses.

Mr. Connolly, in his report of the Fire, Water and Lamp Committee, stated that complaints had been received complaining that there were no lights on Saturday and Sunday evening. Mr. Connolly said that there had been an accident to the machinery at the electric light plant while the engineer was away on his vacation, but that it was expected to be repaired from Scott's and the matter rectified. He suggested that a reduction should be made and the bill sent back for correction.

Mr. Neal then arose and said that the explanation was sufficient, and criticized the company's carelessness and negligence in not having foreseen it and been prepared for such emergencies.

Mr. Neal then read an application requesting that Stone street, running north-west from Somerset street, and parallel with Somerset street, be accepted. The map was received and ordered filed. The matter was later taken up under miscellaneous business and the street accepted.

The bonds of Marshal Pangborn and Borough Clerk H. H. Brokaw, having been submitted to Borough Counsel Reed and found correct, were unanimously received and ordered filed.

Mr. Neal then read the report of the Committee on Streets and Public Health regarding the street railway question. It was as follows:

To the Honorable the Mayor and Council.

GENTLEMEN:—Your committee on streets and public health beg leave to report that, after careful consideration of the subject of rapid transit for the borough, they are of the opinion that if a contract satisfactory in all respects to your honorable body can be effected with the Plainfield Railway Company, a franchise in accordance with such contract should be granted that said company to operate a trolley line of street cars within the borough, in connection with the said company's lines now established, and which may be hereafter established within the city of Plainfield. In making this recommendation your committee believe that they express the weight of sentiment of the residents along the line of Somerset street particularly, as well as the majority of our citizens generally.

With regard to the application of the North Plainfield Railway Company, your committee would state that, while they believe that the said company would undoubtedly give the people satisfactory service within the borough, no conclusive evidence has been submitted to your committee that the said company are able to insure to residents of the borough direct connection to and from said to other parts of Plainfield and for a single fare. And while, other things being equal, your committee would unhesitatingly recommend favorable consideration for a company whose plant and many of whose stockholders would be located within our corporate limits, yet the fact that the North Plainfield Company is apparently unable to meet the requirements upon which your honorable body would grant a franchise, appears to be a fatal objection to granting their application.

Your committee have not been unmindful of the objection entertained by some of our thoughtful citizens to the trolley system of rapid transit, and with a view to securing a motive power free from the objections urged against the trolley system, recommend that before judgment in this matter is entitled to great weight, has satisfied your committee, from personal investigation of the various systems of rapid transit in operation in some of our north-western cities, that the trolley is the only system now perfected for immediate use in a municipality like ours.

Great progress has been made in the development of systems of transit, which do not subject the objections of the trolley. Hence we advise that any franchise which may be granted, should be so framed that the Mayor and Council will retain the right to order the wires and poles down, and a better system adopted, as soon as such system has by practical demonstration been proved to be superior to the trolley.

Respectfully submitted,

Committee.

North Plainfield, N. J.

The report was received and placed on file, but, before it was voted on, Mr. Hegeman, as a member of the Committee on Streets and Public Health, presented a verbal minority report saying that he did not sanction the report submitted by the two members who constituted the majority of the committee, inasmuch as he thought it premature. The Plainfield street railway, he said, was only experimental, and, while he did not wished to be placed on record as objecting to any improvements that would further the interests of the borough, he thought it advisable to wait until they had completed their line in Plainfield to the satisfaction of the city Council.

Ex-Mayor Cooley was called upon to explain why lights had not been burning. He stated that the engine had a hot box, that it was remedied with all possible haste and duplicate boxes ordered so that the thing would not occur again.

Mr. Connolly offered a resolution asking for a loan of $900 for street lighting purposes.

Mr. Hegeman requested that a written report of the Borough's finances be submitted before action was taken in the matter. The report was laid on the table.

Mr. Neal offered the following resolution:

Be it resolved that your honorable body and Committee on Streets and Public Health, be and hereby are authorized still to confer with the Plainfield Street Railway Company for the purpose of considering the terms of a contract with the said company and your honorable body to enter into into and operate the same within the borough.

An amendment to the resolution was offered by Mr. Hegeman. Before it was voted on, however, Mr. Needham made an address, stating substantially the facts unfolded in the Street Committee's report, as did also Mayor Saunders, with the exception that the Mayor severely scored Mr. Howland as an enemy of the borough's interests, and criticised Mr. Howland's communication which had already been regularly disposed of. His remarks have caused much unfavorable comment. Mr. Saunders stated that while he was personally interested in rapid transit by means of compressed air, that system was not perfected, and he believed it to be the borough's best interests to adopt the trolley with the understanding that a more improved method would eventually be used.

The gist of the remarks of the members in favor of the railway are embodied in the Street Committee's report. The motion to accept the report was seconded and carried, Messrs. Hegeman and Sebring voting no.

The sentiment of the Councilmen who were in favor of the railway was that the company pay a toll on every car.

The meeting adjourned at 9.20.

Bicycling Notes.

Sulkies and bicycles with pneumatic tires seem to indicate that the feat of riding on air is now a realized ideal.—Ex.

A BICYCLE RECORD BROKEN.

The world's professional bicycle record was broken Thursday at the Decatur, Ill., race meeting. Jack Prince of Omaha rode a quarter mile, with a flying start, in 0:29 4-5, which is the best professional record ever made. Had it been on a bicycle track, it would have been sure to have been two seconds faster. Prince rode a safety wheel geared up to seventy-two inches.

ZIMMERMAN'S NEW RECORD.

The Crescent Cycle Club held a tournament yesterday at Derby Driving Park, Birmingham, Conn., and Arthur A. Zimmerman, Willie Windle, Tyler, E. A. McDuffee, P. J. McDuffee, C. M. Murphy, Carl Hess, and riders of lesser fame were there. Zimmerman broke the world's competitive record, held by Taylor, of 2 21 3-5 in the mile open handicap, making the mile in 2-19 2-5. The time by quarters was 0:37, 1:10½, 1:46½, and 2:19 2-5.

In another race Zimmerman made the last quarter in 0 :29 4 5, or within a quarter of a second of the world's competitive record for the quarter mile, held by Tyler. Tyler made a half mile in the first heat of the half-mile handicap in 1 07 1-5.

PERSONAL.

The Rev. C. H. Goodrich has returned from his vacation, and will be in his pulpit to-morrow.

Mrs. Geo. H. Burgess and family of Central avenue are sojourning in the White Mountains.

It is claimed that the private park of John Taylor Johnston on East Front street contains one hundred acres—one-eighth the size of Central Park, New York.

Miss Mattie Van Horn of Duer street, North Plainfield, has returned home from a month's vacation in Hunterdon county.

There were twenty-seven flowers on a night-blooming cereous belonging to Mr. George R. Burgess, of Central avenue, last night.

This afternoon and evening Mr. F. X. Schoenmaker of this city will address mass meetings at Old Orchard, Me. Mr. Schoenmaker will spend all of next week on the stump in Maine speaking at Plainfield, Augusta, Portland and other cities.

Mr. and Mrs. Seely Edsall and J. Linn Edsall have returned home from an eight weeks' outing. Their trip, which they report was most delightful one, including short visits at Lake Simcoe, Toronto, Kingston, Verona, St. Lawrence river, Montreal, Quebec, Montreal, Albuqrh Springs, St. Albons and Burlington, Vt., Ausable chasm, Lake Champlain, Lake George and Saratoga.

A Big Sun-Flower Plant.

Mrs. Mohring, corner Plainfield avenue and South Second Street, has a sun-flower in her garden twelve feet high. It has forty-six flowers on it.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

[Notice of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.]

Park Place Chapel. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Dr. H. K. Carroll will preach at 7.45.

The workers' training classes will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9.15 a. m.

An interesting meeting will be held at the Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow evening.

Services at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Clinton avenue, Evons, at eleven o'clock a. m. Seats free.

Mr. Harry G. Adams will conduct the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Sunday at 4.15 p. m.

Mr. R. E. Pease will conduct the gospel meeting of the W. C. T. U. in the rink building at four p. m. to-morrow.

The Rev. Peter Gibbs of Millington, N. J., will preach at the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville to-morrow evening.

All Souls church, Park avenue. Unitarian services at 10.30 a. m. The pastor Rev. Robert Clarg will preach. All seats free.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, rector. Morning prayer, sermon and administration of the holy communion at 11 a. m.

Monroe Avenue Chapel. Sunday-school at three p. m. Evening church service at eight p. m. Capt. Morrison will speak.

Warren Union Mission. Sunday-school at 2.30. No evening service. Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

Warren Avenue church. Rev. K. P. Ketcham, D. D. will preach. Service at 10.30 a. m., and eight p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m.

Services in Hope chapel Sunday Sept. 4. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Song service and sermon at 7.45 p. m.

St. Peter's German Lutheran, congregation will hold services to-morrow in Warren Union chapel at 10.30 a. m., the Rev. Edward Klonka, pastor.

Preaching in the Park avenue Baptist church at 10.45 a. m. by Rev. Geo. N. Clark of Hightstown, N. J. Sunday-school at 2.30 a. m. No evening service.

Meetings will be held in the W. C. T. U. rooms Sunday at 9.15 a. m., and four p. m. There will the usual praise service this evening at eight o'clock.

Services at St. Joseph's church to-morrow will be as follows: Mass at 8.30 and high mass at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m., and vespers at eight p. m.

First Church of Christ—Preaching at 10.30 and 7.30. Lord's supper at 11.45. Sunday-school at three p. m. Ladies' meeting Wednesday at three p. m. All are welcome.

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Rodman, rector. Twelfth Sunday after Trinity. Morning prayer and sermon, 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 3.30 p. m. Evening service at five p. m.

In the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow the pastor, Rev. Wm. Cornelius Schenck, will preach at 10.30 a. m., and 7.45 p. m. The Sabbath-school will meet at 9.15 a. m.

Services at St. Mary's church. First mass at 7.30 a. m. Second mass at 8.30. Third mass at 9.45. High mass at 10.45. Vespers at 3.30 p. m., and evening service at eight p. m.

Services will be held in German church on Park avenue at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. only. None in the evening. Rev. F. Koechli will preach. Sunday-school at 9.15 a. m.

Members of the Reform Club and their friends are invited to attend the meeting of the Women's Temperance Aid Society held every Sunday at Reform Hall at nine a. m., and four p. m.

The services of the A. U. M. P. church will continue every Sunday in Cutter's Hall. Preaching at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 12 m. All are welcome. Rev. L. L. Lomack, pastor.

First Baptist church, Front and Grove streets. This church will be closed for painting and repairs. The Sabbath-school and the young men's Bible class will meet as usual at 9.30 a. m.

Services in the first Presbyterian church. Sunday-school at 9.30 a. m. Communion service at 11 a. m. Evening service at 7.45 p. m. Rev. Wm. Cornelius will preach. Young People's Society at seven p. m.

Church of the Holy Innocents, Dunellen, Rev. A. S. Phelps, rector. After a vacation of two Sundays, services will be resumed on Sunday next (Aug. 11) at the usual hour, 3.30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m.

Baptist Mission, East Third street; 10.45 a. m., preaching by the Rev. J. C. Fernald; 2.30 p. m., the Sunday-school will meet; 6.45 p. m., young people's meeting; 7.45 p. m., gospel services, preceded by a song service to be conducted by Mr. Bonnell Martin.

Church of our Saviour, Netherwood, Rev. S. P. Simpson. Holy communion at 8 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at 4.15 p. m. Evening prayer at five p. m. Two fresh direct loads of R. R. stone on North avenue for the church at 10.30 a. m.

Congregational church West Seventh street. The morning service at 10.30 will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. C. H. Goodrich. The Sunday-school will meet at the close of the morning service. Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered Sept. 11. Evening service at 7.30.

Methodist Episcopal church, the Rev. Dr. Chas. B. Mitchell, pastor. Sabbath-school at 10 a. m. Morning church service at 10.30 a. m. Reception of new members, and the sacrament of the Lord's Supper. Epworth League at seven p. m. Evening sermon at 7.45 by the pastor, subject: "No More Sea."

Elizabeth Following Plainfield's Example.

The Council of Elizabeth Thursday night passed an ordinance on its first reading to close all saloons and drinking places at 11 o'clock at night, and not to permit them to open before seven o'clock in the morning.

The Council also passed an ordinance Thursday night against bicycle riding on the sidewalks, making it a misdemeanor punishable with a fine of $5 for the first offense, and ten days' imprisonment in the county jail for every subsequent one. Children under the age of twelve are exempted.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

More Cholera Here.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3, (Special.)—Two more ships with cholera on board came into this port to-day.

They are the Normannia and Rugia, from Hamburg, and both belong to the Hamburg-American Packet Company.

Reports say five have died on the Normannia and four on the Rugia.

Italian Emigrants Sent Back.

PARIS, Sept 3—(Special.)—President Harrison's circular recommending twenty days' quarantine against all emigrant vessels has caused Italian emigrants to be sent back to Italy at the expense of the French Government.

WHY BILL GRATTAN WALKS.

He Tells a "True" Tale of How his Horse Died.

"I never owned but one hoss," said Bill Grattan the other day in response to a query of why he did not drive into town instead of walking, "and when I lost that hoss, I never got another."

After much persuasion Bill was induced to tell how he came to lose his horse.

Bill knows he has a reputation for absorbing the truth and frequently interrupted himself to affirm that this was a true story "so help me."

"I had that hoss up at Stroudsburg, Pennsylvania," said Bill. "It was in August and we were workin' for a farmer One night the barn caught fire.

We hurriedly led out the live-stock. I tied my hoss outside by the fence and went back to save what else we could. The farmer had stacked a lot of Indian corn in his barn and when a board fell off this all rolled out and spread on the ground.

The fire got terribly hot and the first thing we knew this corn commenced to pop." Here Bill paused and sighed.

After regaining his composure and again remarking that his story was true "so help me" he continued.

"It kept poppin and poppin till the ground was just covered, (another sigh) "My darn fool hoss got his head over the fence to see all that white popped corn, thought it was snow and went and froze to death."

Eddie Kiely Fractures His Leg Bicycle Riding.

About half-past eight o'clock this morning, Eddie Kiely, age about twelve years, was practicing to learn how to ride a bicycle on Grandview avenue. He lost control of the wheel and ran into a wheelbarrow in the rear of Scott's and the horse, which in trying to run away threw the boy under the wagon. The boy was badly bruised, fractured his left leg between the knee and ankle, and there was a gash made about three inches long. The boy was brought to the office, to which Dr. Corman was summoned. He set the leg and bandaged it, assisted by Marshal Pangborn.

The boy is a son of Patrick Kiely, of Scott's farm near both roads.

Lewis L. Alpaugh of 207 West Front street was driving the wagon, and did all in his power to avert the accident which he foresaw. The boy says that Mr. Alpaugh was in no wise to blame.

Seven Years for Assault.

At Paterson yesterday there was great excitement in the Court of Quarter Sessions when Judge Hopper sentenced Jacob Souter to seven years in State prison for indecent assault upon Mary Miller, and eight-year-old girl. Before pronouncing sentence, the Judge administered a scathing rebuke to the prisoner, who remained perfectly calm while the Judge was speaking, but when the sentence was announced he commenced suddenly gave utterance to a long-drawn moan and throwing his arms about his head and body, fainted. Souter's sister, who was in the court-room, also fainted. The ordinary restoratives were applied to both, but to no avail, and physicians were summoned. Under medical treatment both soon recovered consciousness and Souter was taken to the county jail to await transfer to Trenton. He was completely broken down, and is very despondent. His sister was led moaning from the court room, and in the period of hysteria Souter's people are respectable Germans.

Tennis Tournament.

The following are the players who will take part in the Hillside Tennis Club Tournament this afternoon:

SINGLES.

Albert Simmonds and August Huntington.

Sherwood West and G. Harry Squires.

Geo. P. Mellick and Edward B. Booth.

C. Morgan and D. O. Tidney.

Frank Jones and J. Wm. Morgan.

Harry West and Archibald Cox.

James P. Murray and Louis Newman.

W. V. Keeler and E. L. Walz, *jr.*

DOUBLES.

Howard W. Beebe and E. L. Walz, *jr.*, against Fred K. Fish, *jr.*, and J. Anthony.

Albert Simmonds and August Huntington against G. Harry Squires and W. V. Keeler.

Sherwood West and R. A. Beebe, against Archibald Cox and Harry West.

The finals will be played at three o'clock. The finals are to be played on Monday. The ladies' games which were to take place have been given up there being only three entries.

You're wise in buying it, . .

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

No matter what else you are crazy about. . .

COME AND SEE

the Large Stock of

Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

ALSO

Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.

AT CAREY'S,

76, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Watch This Space for the Next Attraction.

CLEARING OUT SALE OF SUMMER CLOTHING!

AT

WERNER'S - CLOTHING - HOUSE,

NO. 36 WEST FRONT STREET.

Don't fail to drop in and see our EXTRAORDINARY Bargains, as we must dispose of our Summer stock to make room for Fall and Winter goods.

Cent-a-Word Column.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A T 19 Craig place, pleasant furnished rooms with board. Arrangements for fall and Winter can now be made. 30-6 3aw

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD WANTED—By a gentleman and wife in a private family. Healthy location and sunny room required. References exchanged. Immediate reply requested. Address "M.," care of EVENING NEWS.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COLORED girl, just from Virginia, wants a place either as nurse or to help at housework. Call at Mrs. Wilson's, 128 South Second street. 2 2

TWO girls with situations. One at general work, the other at upstairs work. "M. M.," Post office box 84, Dunellen.

YOUNG lady wants position as cashier or bookkeeper. Salary $6. Address "I," care of Evening News. 30 5

HELP WANTED.

A GOOD girl wanted at cook, washer and ironer, in small family. Must be well recommended and have references from last place. "J. M. C.," care of EVENING NEWS. 29 6

WANTED—Colored man and wife. Man to take care of grounds, etc., and to make himself generally useful; woman for general housework. Those afraid of work need not apply. The Gables, Netherwood. 3 4

WANTED—Reliable permanent man. $900 first year. Strong and references. Address "Morris," care of EVENING NEWS. 2 2

WANTED—In a family of three, a cook and laundress. Apply at 106 Broadway. 1 5

FOR RENT.

A CONVENIENT six-room cottage in a good neighborhood to let for ten dollars a month. Call at 25 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 3

TO LET—House, No. 11 Third place; eleven rooms; first rate order; gas, water and furnace; immediate possession. Apply to T. Vall, agent, or to the owner in the adjoining house, George H. Goddard. 1 3

TO LET—Five of rooms. 20 Hamilton place. 31 4

FOR SALE.

COLUMBIA tricycle for sale, cheap; or would exchange for phaeton or carriage. Wm. Haslig, Chimney Rock. 3 6

FOR SALE—A Bradley oak painted surrey with curtains. Apply to E. B. Cosgrove, 81 Hillside avenue. 2 3

FOR SALE—House, seven rooms, three minutes walk from North avenue station; also two lots on Evons. Address, S., care Evening News. 3-6

HAY FOR SALE—All persons wanting to stack their hay with Wilson's Hay Tedder at reasonable prices, call or address 20 Grandview avenue. 2 2 tf

MILK view from Denbow's Hillside farm, delivered in quantities to suit. Also horse and team for sale. 1 4

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap; three minutes walk from depot; beautiful roads. High ground. For particulars address "Owner," care of Evening News. 2 2 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

A YOUNG married couple would like a home to take care of a house. Address "H. R.," care of Evening News. 3 1

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Incorporated 1891. Course of study during first year, 281. Degree of LL. B. given after two years' course. Graduate course now added. Degree of LL. M. Session Oct. 3, 1892. Address Geo. Chase, Dean. 2 6 3m sold

OLD-FASHIONED furniture good order, bought and sold. Call Purdons, 11 Somerset street. 2-30tf

SPECIAL rates to Saratoga for the Carnival Fair. For particulars apply as Mailbox 2. 2 23tf

WANTED—Position. Most business and in good condition. Corner Eighth street and Clinton avenue. 30 6

Regular Special Sale of Granite Iron Ware.

THIS IS THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF THIS EXCELLENT WARE THAT WE HAVE EVER OFFERED, AND THE PRICES ARE JUST ONE HALF WHAT YOU USUALLY PAY. THERE IS EVERYTHING IN COOKING POTS, TEA AND COFFEE POTS, TEA KETTLES, PLATES, DIPPERS, PAILS, WASH BASINS, ETC. HOUSEKEEPERS WILL STUDY THEIR OWN INTEREST BY ATTENDING THIS SALE.

THERE ARE MANY OTHER GOOD VALUES TO BE HAD THROUGHOUT EVERY DEPARTMENT.

VanEmburgh & White

FALL SHAPES IN DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis

5 West Front Street.

BEACH'S

Celebrated PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

Also

HOME MADE White Bread, Graham Bread, Breakfast Rolls, All kinds of Cake, Crullers, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPE and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice. Orders for pastry delivered to your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday desert on or before Saturday morning.

E. BEACH,

61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

YOUNG WOMEN DESIRING TO BECOME NURSES SHOULD APPLY TO DR. COOLEY, 35 WESTERVELT AVENUE. 8 29tf

Special Notices.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

Parents having business with the Principal of the Plainfield Public Schools before the opening day will find him at the High School, Thursday, Friday and Monday, from three to five p. m.

HENRY M. MAXSON.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Do just what you think is right and never mind the election.

A distinguished professor of statistics says that where one large man thoroughly sound and well proportioned is found there will be a hundred such men of average size.

The shah of Persia could not be made to understand or take any interest in a horse race. "It is already known to me that one horse goes faster than another," he said, and on that declaration he took his stand and could not be persuaded to look at a race. He had a suspicion that Englishmen were a little crazy on this point.

Philadelphia, too, is going to have an elevated street railroad. But let us hope it will go through the middle of the blocks upon arches of solid masonry and not be stuck upon trestlework stilts in the middle of the streets, darkening them, filling them with dust and cinders and making life a burden to all who live along them.

Can't some way be found to prevent the funny man from writing that old gag about "eating off a mantelpiece" when a boy has disobeyed his pa or teacher and been punished. Fine and imprisonment ought at the very least to be meted out to the fellow who is guilty of passing on that old chestnut. Adam started it when Cain and Abel fell out.

A woman's paper makes a funny mistake, if it can be called a mistake. In this dear, enthusiastic way that ladies have, something was mentioned as "a name to conjure with." But instead of putting it "name," the compositor—did he get it on purpose?—set up the word "muse." Thus the quotation read, "a muse to conjure with," and the proof-reader left it so. Well, girls, maybe it wasn't so far wrong after all. A muse is a good thing for a woman to swear by, anyhow, if not to conjure with.

Four and —

[illegible] Half Acres of Books.

[illegible] is what the new public library of Boston will contain when it is filled. There are at present twenty miles of shelves, and these can be added to as needed till there will be thirty-five miles. The magnificent building itself will have cost when completed $2,100,000 and there will be room for 2,000,000 books.

The library now has ready to go into the new structure 1,000,000 volumes. There is no other such library in America as this. The Congressional library at Washington contains as many books, but not such valuable foreign collections. Among these is George Tickner's library of Spanish literature, the richest in the world. There is also the Barton collection of Shakespearean literature, one of the three noted ones in existence. Both the other two are in England—one belonging to the Bodleian library at Oxford, the other in the British museum. Here, too, is Theodore Parker's famous theological library, the matchless musical books collected by Professor Bowditch, besides a famous lot of historical literary treasures.

All this is free to the people, without money and without price. There are books for circulation which the Bostonian without regard to age, sex or previous condition of servitude, may take home and read and inwardly digest. There is a magnificent reference library where he may sit all day in softly carpeted rooms with æsthetic surroundings and study. Here is something for Boston to be prouder of than of her scrip of millionaires.

Are We to Be Mohammedans?

Sidi Ibn Ishak, he simply a Yankee humbug?—writing in The Arena, tells us where people how much better off we would be if we would only turn from the error of our ways and be converted to Mohammedanism. The reason we are so prejudiced against this fine Oriental theology is that we don't know anything about it, says he, who signs the name Ibn Ishak. We can't and we don't live up to the teachings of that founder of the Christian religion. They are too high for us. Therefore we should try Mohammedanism as a compromise, says Ibn Ishak.

The grand beauty of the prophet's theory is that it will stretch. It is a system which adapts itself readily to all ages and races, he tells us. The polygamy which is such a bugbear to Christians vanishes in Ibn Ishak's eyes when it comes to look at it right, for sometimes one wife is really not enough for a man. In this he differs from Christian husbands, for they have occasionally found that one wife was too many. The delicious part of Ibn Ishak's effusion is enhanced by the idea he labors under that it is always husbands who divorce wives in Christian countries. After touching lightly and gracefully on this delicate question of two or more wives, the learned Moslem proceeds to inform us that if the admirable precepts of the prophet were lived up to it would mean the equalization of property between rich and poor, and the universal brotherhood of man would be established. No fights, no doubt. But the same might be said of any other religion. Even total depravity is an excellent doctrine if it is only lived up to, Mrs. Partington says.

CHOLERA ORDERS CLASH

Washington and New York Authorities at Variance.

JENKINS WILL HAVE HIS OWN WAY.

He Will Clear Vessels He Thinks Uninfected—Collector Hendricks May Then Stop Their Entry Into Port—No New Cases Develop in New York Harbor.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The statement of Dr. Jenkins, health officer of the city of New York, to the effect that President Harrison's proclamation directing a quarantine of twenty days in the case of all vessels carrying immigrants from Europe would be ignored, was the subject of discussion in official circles. In time of indifference, not to say hostility, to the purpose of the president's proclamation caused considerable comment.

"Dr. Jenkins is technically right," said Attorney General Miller to a representative of the United Press, "when he says he is vested with power to hold any vessel as long as he deems it necessary. Under the statutes the general government has no power to enforce a quarantine on its own motion. That was the opinion reached in the opinion furnished by the department of justice yesterday. That opinion stated that the surgeon general of the marine hospital service and the secretary of the treasury, with all of them, have authority to make needful rules and regulations not inconsistent with the state laws and regulations for the quarantining of ships coming into our harbors, with a view to the protection of the health and lives of our people.

"That means that nothing can be done by the federal government in opposition to or inconsistent with state laws on the subject, and whatever force the president's proclamation will have must be given to it by the state authorities. It was issued," continued Attorney Genera. Miller, "because it was believed that the government should do whatever it possibly could to prevent the introduction of the cholera. It has exhausted every power within control, and whatever more is desired from the government must be authorized by congress. In view of the unanimous approval which has met the president's action in issuing his proclamation, I very much doubt that congress will refuse to grant the authority it desires. Should he do so, however, the consequences, whatever they may be, must rest with him."

The [illegible] Attorney General Miller said [illegible] made that the [illegible] president's proclamation [illegible] forced. I would advise the [illegible] congress, to meet within ten days, to clothe the general government with the power it now lacks to act in such emergencies as the present."

Collector Hendricks Aroused.

Collector Hendricks, of New York, brought the apparently continuances attitude of Health Officer Jenkins to the attention of the treasury department by the following dispatch, addressed to Secretary Foster:

Referring to last paragraph of Circular 15? (the quarantine circular), shall I detain vessels in quarantine that have not entered but are detained by the health officer? Any special instructions are received from the department, and will such detention apply to cabin passengers.

Assistant Secretary Spaulding replied as follows:

Circular 15? excepts vessels afloat at date of circular. Any vessel within the exception and passing quarantine will be entered in absence of information received after they pass boards officers that their entrance is likely to introduce cholera.

This reply, it will be seen, covers only the case of vessels now afloat, and is silent as to vessels bearing immigrants that sail after the date set by the president for twenty days' quarantine to expire. Assistant Secretary Spaulding said to a United Press reporter that the government had issued its circular and it was for the state health officials to enforce it. He did not care to discuss the subject, however, and refrained from expressing an opinion as to the suggestion that in case vessels were passed by Health Officer Jenkins at New York with out remaining below quarantine twenty days, force could be used to carry out the president's order or that a United States marshal could take the vessel in charge. Secretary Spaulding contented himself with hoping that all would unite and work for the public good.

THE ORDER WILL BE ENFORCED.

The Federal Authorities Will Override the Health Officer's Decision.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—After receiving instructions from Washington Collector Hendricks addressed the following communication to the surveyor of the port:

To Hon. George W. Lyon, Surveyor of the Port:

Sir—I transmit herewith a copy of department circular No. 15?, issued from the office of the supervising surgeon general and approved by the secretary of the treasury and by the president. This order provides that entry shall be refused to all vessels from foreign ports carrying immigrants and such vessels have undergone a quarantine detention of twenty days, or such greater number of days as shall be fixed in special cases by state authority. It further provides that the circular is to take effect immediately, except in the case of vessels afloat on Sept. 1, which vessels shall be subject to special instructions upon due application to the department.

In accordance with the provisions of this circular, you are therefore instructed in all cases in which vessels afloat on Sept. 1 have been passed by the quarantine officers before the expiration of twenty days to hold such vessels at anchor in the bay and to prevent them from coming to their docks, and prevent the landing of passengers, baggage and freight from them until due application has been made on behalf of such vessels to the treasury department and a special order received therefrom allowing such vessels to make entry.

You will also see that vessels leaving a foreign port after Sept. 1 are not prevented from coming to their docks, and also prevent the landing of any passengers, baggage or freight with the exception of the mails, by order of such further time as the state authorities may require. Yours respectfully,

FRANCIS HENDRICKS, Collector.

Officer Jenkins' Position.

Health Officer Jenkins has defined his position regarding the possibility of a conflict between himself and the federal authorities on account of the proclamation of President Harrison quarantining all vessels carrying immigrants from foreign ports for twenty days. Dr. Jenkins told the reporter in an interview that he had no wish to come in conflict with the president's orders. Both, he said, are working in a common cause in the suppression of cholera.

He intends to proceed with the health regulations of the state in the manner way. When he gives a vessel a clean bill of health the vessel is then beyond his control. "If the customs authorities refuse to allow the vessel to enter she can return to quarantine or remain there until the limit of the United States' quarantine has expired."

As a supplement to the position taken by the quarantine department, the health officer asked the opinion of the state law department at Albany.

No New Cases Develop.

The Asiatic cholera, which has devastated the cities of the Old World from Teheran to Hamburg, is still outside the closely guarded gates of the chief city of the New World.

No fresh cases of cholera were developed on the Hamburg line steamers, now lying in the waters of the lower bay. No infection is known to have been brought from that port to shore. The cases diagnosed by Dr. Beck at 95 and 142 Orchard street as cholerine were ruled by the health board to have been an ordinary complaint of the summer, aggravated to some degree by the extraordinary greediness of a steerage starved immigrant.

In the expert examination to determine the presence of cholera bacilli in the specimens of clothing taken from the Moravia and made by Dr. Byrne, the result was negative, as expected, owing to the failure to obtain sufficiently fresh data to work from. As to the present care of the Moravia's passengers, Dr. Jenkins states that rigid measures of disinfection are carried out daily on the ship, but that the passengers will not be taken to Hoffman island for their abstinence till after the ships now in quarantine without sickness have been through the treatment.

STATE AUTHORITY SUPREME.

The Federal Government Cannot Interfere with Quarantine Matters.

ALBANY, Sept. 3.—Deputy Attorney General John W. Hogan received a message from Dr. Jenkins, health officer of the port of New York, asking the powers and duties of the health officer and quarantine commissioners in reference to quarantine, in view of the proclamation of President Harrison.

Mr. Hogan examined the opinion of Attorney General Miller and the proclamation of the supervising surgeon general, and the act of congress of 1878, cited by Attorney General Miller, and after carefully examining the question concluded that the quarantine and health officers and boards of the state were police powers and could not be interfered with by the United States laws, and that the laws of this state and the rules and regulations of the quarantine officials were in full force and unaffected by the act of congress of 1878, and that it was the duty of the quarantine commissioners and health officers to proceed as required by the laws of this state and such rules and regulations as had been adopted by the quarantine commissioners, and that the rules of the supervising surgeon general must yield to the laws of this state, and the rules and regulations adopted and in force for regulation of quarantine in this state; and the courts had [illegible] held that the act of 1878 did not [illegible] peaceably introduced and that its provisions should not interfere or impair any law of any state or any law, rule or regulation in force in relation to quarantine in any state.

QUARANTINE AT PHILADELPHIA.

Trouble Over the Action of Dr. Keyser, of the Health Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 3.—A meeting of the board of health was held, and an effort to give the British Princess, which has been detained at quarantine several days, permission to pass up the river was defeated, and the steamer will remain there indefinitely. It was ordered that the twenty days' quarantine declared by the president go into effect at once.

Mayor Stuart took official cognizance of the action of Dr. Peter D. Keyser, of the board of health, following, on Wednesday, Attorney and ex-Councilman John A. Clark to leave the steamship British Princess, now in quarantine, to escape a possible outbreak of cholera and proceed to his home in this city, and in a communication to the board demanded that a thorough investigation be made and any violation of the rules and regulations of the quarantine be punished as directed by law.

The case is leading to interesting developments. Dr. Keyser, like part physician, has tendered his resignation to Governor Pattison, and Director of Public Safety Beitler and Colonel J. Lewis Good return it in time from a quarantine inspection trip to New York and Boston, and announces that Dr. Keyser was not authorized by them to exercise the authority of the board of health and that his permission for Mr. Clark to leave the steamer was given without authority.

MISERY IN HAMBURG.

The Dead May Have to Be Buried by the Score in Trenches.

HAMBURG, Sept. 3.—Sedan Day passed without festivities of any kind. There have been no processions, no music and no meetings. Not a flag has been displayed in the city. The promenades and the cafes have been empty.

In all the churches services of prayer for the abatement of the plague have been held. They have been attended by crowds, which have filled the buildings. Hardly a woman in colors or a man without the black badge of mourning on his arm is to be seen, and the prayers were offered amid the sobbing and groaning of the congregations. The desolation of the city has been apparent as at no other time since the introduction of the pest. The streets are deserted, bare and still.

The number of fresh cases has been 732, an increase of fifty-two; the number of deaths, 391, a decrease of forty-six; the number of burials has been 315, and still hundreds of bodies are unburied. The dead wagons are utterly unequal to the work of carrying the bodies of all the victims to decent burial. Unless some improvement be made at once the system the authorities will find themselves obliged to give up individual interment and bury bodies by the score in trenches. Only immediate and the most apparent several hospitals from becoming breeding houses of disease.

There is a general feeling that the pest has lost none of its worst, and that, although it is may not abate rapidly, it at least will not gain much more ground. The panic is not over, as the authorities would have people outside of the city believe. Over 200,000 left the city yesterday than on previous days of the week, only because most men who could get away had already left with their families. The city, in fact, has been virtually depopulated of all persons of wealth or leisure.

There was a riotous demonstration before the house of the president of police. About 100 unemployed laborers from the worst stricken districts gathered there, shouting that the authorities wanted the people to die and therefore would not help them. The men were driven away by a company of policemen.

Fifty New Cases at Havre.

HAVRE, Sept. 3.—Fifty new cases of cholera broke out here yesterday and there were fifteen deaths.

Two Cases in Dieppe.

DIEPPE, Sept. 3.—Two cases of cholera were discovered here, and one of the patients died.

ENGLAND'S DARING GRAB

She Takes Forcible Possession of the Gilbert Islands.

THE DAZED KING QUIETLY YIELDS.

The Valuable Group Seized on a Flimsy Pretext After the United States Had Been Asked to Establish a Protectorate. Our Commercial Interests May Suffer.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—Following hard upon the seizure of Johnson island and the purchase of Niihau island by Great Britain comes the well authenticated story of her seizure in June of the Gilbert islands, one of the most important of the groups of the south seas. Private letters brought today by the Australian steamer from Butaritiari, on the Gilbert islands, under date of June 20, contain full details of the seizure of the islands by the British ship Royalist on June 15.

On that day the British man-of-war Royalist appeared in the harbor and her captain landed in a steam launch, and with several officers and an interpreter called on the king. There, in public audience, with all the foreign and native residents of Butaritiari gathered about, he read the proclamation:

Her majesty Victoria, queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, having this day assumed a protectorate over the Gilbert Islands, I would remind all residents in the group other than natives that it is contrary to law to supply firearms, ammunition or intoxicating liquors to any natives. Given under my hand at Apamama, the 15th of May.

ED. H. DAVIS,
Captain for Her Majesty and Deputy Commissioner.

The reading of this proclamation created a sensation. A conference was appointed for the afternoon, at which were present the king, the American commercial agents, the agents for Wightman Brothers and A. Crawford, of San Francisco, the two leading American firms, and the representative of the German company, of Joluit.

The English Flag Runs Up.

Captain Davis explained the cause of the proctorate, and declared that Wong Sam, a British subject, had been murdered and in January last he was robbed of liquor and tobacco worth sixty-five dollars, and though he complained to the king he could get no redress.

Davis talked in a very domineering fashion to the king, saying: "You have taken the $100 license from this Chinaman, who is a British subject, yet you permit him to be robbed and do nothing to make the thief disgorge. You must pay him out of your own pocket or there will be trouble."

At this point Captain Luttrell, who represents Hoffnung & Co., said that a white man stole the Chinaman's goods, and that the king could not, under law, proceed against a white man. Captain Commander waived aside the explanation and went on to threaten the king. He warned him that he must make the natives pay immediately the $100 license to the traders, which amounted to $41,000. He added:

"If you can't do this I will take that it is done. If you can't rule your island I will get a man who can. You must do something for your salary. The queen is the hardest worked woman in England."

Then Commander Davis said in a loud tone, "If you will now have your flag hauled down I will give you a nice new one to put up." The old king, who seemed dazed, ordered his flag, which has floated from the royal palace several years, hauled down and the British flag run up in its place. As soon as the English colors were shown the Royalist fired a salute, but there was no enthusiasm on shore.

The United States Warned.

The Americans here, who attribute this action of England to the king's recent American trip, are furious, but they can do nothing. The ship left here for Makin, another island where the proclamation was read. The ship returned on June 12 and reported that the native murderer of a Chinaman on the island of Garawa had been tried and convicted and the king had shot him.

The king of Butaritiari has only recently returned from a trip to San Francisco, undertaken, it was thought, to induce the United States to extend a protectorate over the Gilbert islands. While in San Francisco the king talked of going to Washington, but he received no encouragement, and ill health forced him to return home.

Before he left he sent letters detailing the situation on his island, and warning the state department that England would soon grab the whole Gilbert group unless the United States interfered. He called attention to the fact that several San Francisco commercial houses had invested large sums in the islands and that they controlled the trade, but that this control would be snatched from them should England establish a protectorate.

The king declared he preferred the Americans, but he was powerless to resist should England do what she had done in other parts of the south seas.

Imported Contract Laborers.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 3.—United States District Attorney Lyon has entered suit against Andrew Carnegie and Walker's Mills, charged with importing eleven foreign laborers under contract, the penalty for which is $1,000 for each man brought over.

Resigned After Thirty Years.

YORK, Pa., Sept. 3.—William Kauffman, assistant postmaster here, tendered his resignation to Postmaster Hiram Young. Mr. Kauffman has been in the service in York for over thirty years.

Foster in New York.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Secretary Foster, of the treasury department, has left this city for New York and will remain there until Wednesday.

Investigating the Poisoning.

SALISBURY BEACH, Mass., Sept. 3.—An inquest into the recent poisoning at the Cable House, by which five persons died, has begun.

He Hanged Himself.

ERIE, Pa., Sept. 3.—William Dunn, a bookkeeper, committed suicide by hanging. Mental affliction is supposed to be the cause.

A Bank Closes.

CRETE, Neb., Sept. 3.—The Nebraska State bank, of this city, has closed. The bank was recently organized.

The Naval War College.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 3.—Secretary Tracy has arrived here to open the naval war college on Monday.

He Inhaled Gas.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 3.—Isaac B. Stillwell, a printer, committed suicide by inhaling gas.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

Sleepy.

He was in drowsy in the day time after a good night's sleep; there's indigestion and stomach disorder.

BEECHAM'S PILLS by removing the waste matter from the stomach, liver and bowels, will cure all illness arising therefrom, and will speedily relieve Sick Headache. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents in boxes.

2d-Hand School Books

Those having Old School Books which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in

Before September 5th.

We can make better allowances now than after school opens.

A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

The Manhattan Wine Room,
179 and 181 Somerset Street,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)

Frank Linke, Prop.

ESTABLISHED 1886.

Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. W. Shaefer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.

Wholesale Branch, 41 West Front street.

All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

Everybody Likes Me.

ANTI-CHAP
RECOMMENDED AND GUARANTEED FOR
CHAPPED HANDS, FACE, LIPS, ROUGHNESS OF THE SKIN, AND WRINKLES
ANTI-CHAP IS SPLENDID YOU SHOULD ALL BRUGGISTS
ALL 25 USE IT.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

S. L. FRAZEE.
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Cologna Maker, who is now at work making the finest bologna in this city. If you are fond of bologna stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

COAL LUMBER
And Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

ARE YOU GOING TO EUROPE?

Tickets on any line, to or from any port, at rates as cheap as in New York. Prepaid tickets, and drafts for sale by Henry D. Morrison, agent, 11 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

Tickets for any Steamer—All Lines.

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(Boynton Beach.)

Piano music Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The days for Sabbath School and Quiet Picnics.

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TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS,
SATURDAYS.

Prof. Curtis' String Band with full floor for the dance every afternoon on Gala Days.

Miss E. Abbie Thomas of Chicago, the celebrated Whistling Girl, every Gala Day.

Levy Spencer in his famous humorous and topical songs, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

New Orleans University Singers in plantation songs every Saturday.

Saturday evening, dancing 8 to 11. Tickets 25 cents.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
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W. Baker & Co.'s
Breakfast Cocoa,
which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

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Beyond the Heat,
Above the sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight
AT MIZZEN PEAK!
Build Your Home on Watchung Mountains
Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence.
Particulars of
J. T. VAIL, 49 North Avenue.
Plainfield, N. J.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

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Headlight and Lubricating Oil,
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Put up expressly for us, which we are now selling. Three bottles for 25 cents.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
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HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessable at ANY Time.
RYERSON,
33 SOMERSET STREET.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEE TEA

A. M. SEGGERSON,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for our coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND EGYPTIAN COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for planing and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glues furnished to order. 19 ly

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Dwelling—see Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of lilies maple trees, syringas, and shrubs. 9 20 3t

H. S. SPENCER,
76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. W. G. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of fresh, wholesome and retail. Seed potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quietly and thoroughly done. Every hands in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Persons for attending and disinfecting. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers.
P. O. Box 601. Telephone call 99.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS H. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 9:45 a. m., 12:15, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:00 and 9:30 a. m., 12:00, 5:00 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.
Arrive—9:30 a. m., 1:15, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p.m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 9:30 p. m.

E. H. POPE, P. M.

WILFRED MURRAY HERE.

Editor Hurlbert's Famous Double Located in New Orleans.

HIS VERSION OF THE BIG SCANDAL.

Gladys Evelyn Wants Him to Testify Against Hurlbert, but He Will Not Do It—English Detectives After Him, but He Cannot Be Extradited.

St. Louis, Sept. 3.—The St. Louis Republic declares that Aubrey Wilfred Murray, the man who was so much sought for during the trial of the famous Evelyn versus Hurlbert breach of promise case in London, has been discovered. Mr. Murray, an Irishman by birth, formerly an officer in the English army, now a journalist, came to this country in 1880 and was employed on the New York World by Mr. Hurlbert. He now lives in New Orleans and is the city editor of The Delta, the antilottery organ.

Murray, in an interview with The Republic reporter, admitted his professional relations with Mr. Hurlbert, but emphatically denied that he had ever personated the latter or knew Gladys Evelyn, who sued Hurlbert in London.

Murray's Story.

"I was with Hurlbert," said Mr. Murray, "in 1882 and 1883. He was then managing editor of The World, which at that time was controlled by Jay Gould. I was foreign editor; that is, I wrote the editorials on European affairs, interviewed distinguished foreigners, did the translating for the editorial department, etc. This brought me more closely in connection with the managing editor than any other man on the staff, but even then I did not get much more than in sight of him.

"He was the most unapproachable man I ever met in my life. Haughty and austere to a chilling degree, he had no intimates about the office and kept himself close in his luxuriantly furnished quarters. His rooms in the office were fitted up most elegantly and elaborately, but the hangings and furnishings there were nothing to those in his bachelor apartments up town.

"When Hurlbert took charge of The World it was leisurely and elegant Hurlbert went out with so much impetus that he did not stop going until he landed in London. From that time Mr. Hurlbert made his home in London until a few months ago, when he was compelled to flee Queen Vic's domain to escape prosecution for perjury.

The Scandal.

"The way my name figured in the scandal," continued Mr. Murray, "was this: Hurlbert met Miss Gladys Evelyn, an almost unknown actress, on a London street car. During the street car flirtation he introduced himself to the woman as 'Wilfred Murray, a New York journalist.' You will note he only used my surname, but he doubtless intended to use my Christian name as well, but his memory played him false.

"The liaison thus begun was kept up until it came into court backed up by a bundle of disgusting letters, all signed 'Wilfred Murray.' The woman had accepted the man for her lover, believing him to be Wilfred Murray, a not overwealthy or prominent newspaper worker, and she was satisfied so long as he kept up his attentions to her, but when he left her to marry another she brought suit and soon discovered that her ex-lover was the elegant and somewhat illustrious William H. Hurlbert, then married to a wealthy woman. Hurlbert beat Miss Gladys in the first trial, but the matter was taken before parliament, and proof was laid before that body which resulted in a new trial being ordered and criminal proceedings being instituted against him.

"Hurlbert fled the country, and detectives of the English government are now scouring the world for him.

He Would Not Testify.

"Detectives were sent over here after me several times, but I declined to go, as I did not care to testify against a man with whom I had once been intimately associated. A witness cannot be extradited, and for that reason Miss Evelyn will not get my assistance. What the plaintiff wants to show by me is, first if I am not the man who wrote the letter, and, second, that 'Murray' was a familiar identity to Hurlbert. Prosecution of such offenses is not barred by the statute of limitations, and I doubt if Mr. Hurlbert will ever again be able to live openly in any country with which England has an extradition treaty."

The President's Trip Resumed.

Jersey City, Sept. 3.—President Harrison left Washington last night en route to Loon Lake, N. Y., and arrived here this morning. His car was at once transferred to the Delaware and Hudson road, over which the president proceeded to Albany. He will go thence to Plattsburg, where he will change cars for Loon Lake. The only stop during the entire trip will be the time necessary for changing cars at Plattsburg.

He Held John Bull's Throttle.

Bordentown, N. J., Sept. 3.—George Brown, who ran New Jersey's first locomotive, John Bull, No. 1, on the Camden and Amboy railroad in 1831, when the engine was brought from Newcastle-on-Tyne, is dead in his eighty-seventh year.

Two Men Killed.

Pittsfield, Mass., Sept. 3.—The Boston and Albany express train struck Albert Sedgwick and Philip Bonillie. Bonillie was killed instantly and Sedgwick had both arms and legs cut off, and died later.

An Artilleryman Accused.

Brooklyn, Sept. 3.—William Cobert, of Troop G, First United States artillery, at Sandy Hook, is charged by Mrs. Theodore Richards with assaulting and robbing her.

Aurign Reappears.

Boston, Sept. 3.—A cable message from the European Union of Astronomers to Mr. J. Ritchie, Jr., announces the reappearance of the new star Aurigæ.

Rosebery and the Queen.

London, Sept. 3.—It is announced officially that the queen did not, as reported, urge the Earl of Rosebery to accept the foreign office.

Only One Body Recovered.

Manistee, Mich., Sept. 3.—The body of Annie McMillan, daughter of the captain of the schooner City of Toledo, has been found.

A Banker Disappears.

Tottenham, Ont., Sept. 3.—H. C. Aitken, a private banker, has disappeared, and the bank of Hamilton has seized his bank.

Senator Mills Sick.

San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 3.—Senator Mills arrived here from Corsicana very much prostrated in health.

THE POLITICAL STRUGGLE.

Party and Ward Lines Seem to Be Badly Mixed in Newport.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 3.—The Democrats renominated Samuel R. Honey for mayor, and both parties completed their tickets for city officers for the municipal election which occurs Sept. 14. Complications are being created by the Republicans following the ward and ward revision law and the Democrats the old ward lines. The former have therefore only nominated five aldermen by wards, while the latter have nominated six aldermen on a general ticket.

The legality of the election will probably have to be decided by the courts, and it is the desire and purpose of the Democrats to test the new law. Evidences of party bolting were shown by the nomination of the two former Democrats by the Republicans, and one former Republican by the Democrats.

McAleer Against Orr.

Philadelphia, Sept. 3.—The county Democratic committee has taken sides with Congressman William McAleer in the latter's fight against the state administration. Over fifty members of the committee met at their headquarters and called a convention, to be held at National Guards' hall, in the Third congressional district, this city, next Friday evening, to nominate a candidate for congress. Mr. McAleer will be nominated for re-election and then proclaimed the regular Democratic candidate. What move the Harrity people, who are backing Captain William W. Orr as McAleer's successor, will make is not known.

A Long Deadlock Broken.

Waco, Tex., Sept. 3.—The congressional convention of the Seventh district has broken the deadlock on the 1,563d ballot, the nominee being George C. Pendleton. Pendleton is Hogg's lieutenant governor.

Search for Congress.

Tunkhannock, Pa., Sept. 3.—R. S. Searle, of Montrose, was nominated as the Democratic candidate for congress from the Fifteenth district.

Nominated for Congress.

Ishpeming, Mich., Sept. 3.—The Democratic congressional convention nominated J. Maurice Finn.

MORE ARRESTS AT HOMESTEAD.

The Advisory Board Not Disconcerted Over Clifford's Disclosures.

Pittsburg, Sept. 3.—Eight additional arrests were made of Homestead strikers, charged with the several crimes of murder, riot and conspiracy by Secretary Lovejoy, of the Carnegie Steel company. All but two of the number were released on bail. Jack Clifford and Matthew Foy were held on the charge of murder until the court fixes their bail.

Clifford is the man who gave the Pinkerton detectives information concerning the Homestead advisory committee. It is supposed the Carnegie company wants to get Clifford out of the way of all influence and keep him safe until the Homestead cases are tried in court. For this reason they had him locked up rather than depend upon uncertain and expensive surveillance.

Warrants are also out for the arrest of Hugh O'Donnell, Hugh Ross and William Foy on the charge of murder.

The members of the advisory board are not disconcerted over one of their number—John Clifford—having turned state's evidence.

A Coal Rate War.

Philadelphia, Sept. 3.—The Reading Railroad company has refused to make joint rates with the Pennsylvania company for carrying coal. This is construed as a declaration of open war, and is said to be the outcome of the Pennsylvania's recent refusal to advance coal tolls to the west.

Suppressing Facts in Russia.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 3.—The cholera has spread rapidly among the troops which have returned to camp recently from maneuvers. All reports as to the progress of the disease are suppressed by special orders to the surgeons, and no estimate of the mortality is possible.

Another Death in Liverpool.

Liverpool, Sept. 3.—Andrew of the four Russian immigrants who were seized with cholera while waiting for a steamer to convey them to New York died today. It is reported that a woman died from cholera at Macclesfield, seventeen miles south of Manchester.

Emma Horden Appointed.

Taunton, Mass., Sept. 3.—In the probate court Emma J. Borden was appointed administratrix of the estate of Andrew J. Borden, with bond of $50,000. Her sureties are Frank L. Almy, Joseph A. Bowen, of Fall River, and Frank S. Stevens, of Swansea.

It Breaks Out in Italy.

Rome, Sept. 3.—The cholera has broken out in Piedmont, but the fact has been officially suppressed. It is said that pilgrimages to Rome during the papal jubilee will be forbidden for fear that the plague would be spread through them.

Rearrested for Murder.

Harrisburg, Sept. 3.—James Madden, who was arrested on the charge of murdering John Kennedy in Steelton several weeks ago and was exonerated by the coroner's jury, has been rearrested on the strength of new evidence.

The Armours to Unite.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—The entire packing interests of the widely known Armour family, representing a capital of $50,000,000 will be united on the first day of next October.

Burns, Jr.'s, Wed.

Bangor, Me., Sept. 3.—At the Eastern Maine fair grounds Burns, Jr., paced a mile in 2:19¼, breaking the world's record for trotting and pacing on a half mile track.

A Russian Spy Imprisoned.

Buda-Pesth, Sept. 3.—A Russian spy has been imprisoned in Arad. Documents compromising the Russian embassy in Vienna are said to have been taken from him.

For the World's Fair.

Madrid, Sept. 3.—[A facsimile of the Columbus chart has been completed by M. Vinkio, nephew of the Spanish premier. He will send it to the Chicago fair.

Cleveland's Return to New York.

Buzzard's Bay, Mass., Sept. 3.—It is reported here on reliable authority that the Clevelands will return to New York on Oct. 1.

Silver Purchases.

Washington, Sept. 3.—The treasury department purchased 375,000 ounces of silver at 90.8584 and 80.8696 per ounce.

Fifteen Persons Killed.

Constantinople, Sept. 3.—At Pera a new building collapsed. Fifteen persons were killed and twenty were injured.

FASHIONS

A Recherche Evening Gown.

This is a recipe for a recherche evening gown: Take twelve yards of striped or flowered silk (the color and pattern should be in keeping with the complexion and height of the wearer), make a perfectly plain skirt with a train, and ruche the bottom with silk, which should match the shade most prominent in the pattern. Cut the bodice low and use lace and ribbon as a confidente. A very favorite garnish for the top of a low neck is a frill of plaited chiffon. Silk sleeves instead of lace ones would make the garment slightly more substantial, but the latter are more fashionable. An Empire waist belt will often give a dress a piquant flavor.

Small Boys' Suits.

Scotch kilt seems to be liked occasionally for quite little boys and is picturesque but not so becoming to the average small boy as the sailor suit. Therefore we have every variation of the latter, including the "jack

JACK TAR AND HIGHLAND SUITS.

tar," "man-o'-war" and the like. The little Highlander in the sketch wears a bright tartan kilt with brown jacket and waistcoat trimmed with pearl buttons.

The sailor boy wears the cut is of course in blue serge. His collar is of blue linen striped with rows of narrow white braid. This is a very attractive suit for a boy under twelve.

The Empire Belt.

The Empire belt is worn with every kind of dressy gown, and is in all fashionable colors. It is usually made of soft silk with an oxidized or gold buckle in front and a bold rosette almost as large as a cabbage at the back. It is by no means "universally becoming," and advice to the short waisted or petite is, "don't wear it." There are charming belts of oxidized silver, in all sorts of shapes, that look much nicer. Some have a pointed front piece, which gives length to the figure. The silk belts studded with colored stones are too showy for outdoor wear.

ORNAMENTS FOR THE HAIR.

Odd-shaped Combs, Jeweled Fillets, and Metal Bow Knots.

There is a definite feminine coquetry about ornamenting the hair, and there may be just as much character displayed in the use of the trifles and baubles as in the rest of one's personal adornment. The becomingness lies very much in the degree of artistic taste shown in their selection.

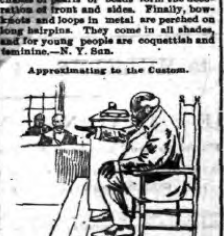
Long, twisted, and odd-shaped shell combs and the finely traced and filigree gold ones are the fashion now. Both styles are produced in many shapes and in the cheaper imitation materials, like French gilt, enamel, silver plating, and horn, in some cases quite difficult to distinguish from the genuine. Both are reproductions of the Louis XVI. styles, and shell in its various shapes has been worn very much longer than metal, preference is given to the latter.

As bonnet supports in carriage and visiting use, nothing at present is more jaunty and rich than the gold combs. They may have shell teeth or they may be of gold. Some are jeweled and others are of English sterling silver, but they are not very large. The more fashionable shapes are irregular. On the street shell seems to be appropriate and neat in securing bonnets and hats. The newest shapes are the long, twisted, irregular triangles of plain solid shell or scrolls, or those with one or both rims or teeth of solid shell, and the rest the most lacelike open patterns of shell carving.

Jeweled hairpins are less in vogue than horn ones, and in their place may be seen jeweled quills in gold, bronze, and silver, with jeweled eyes, and they are emphatically not for the street but for evening coiffures.

The very newest things for evening adornment are the gold and jeweled Marguerites, Desdemonas, and Juliette fillets, with tiny fringes, that spread out like a hair net, and are worn across the back of the coiffure, or at an angle on the crown of the head, while Grecian bandeaux or chains of pearls or beads form the decoration of front and sides. Finally, bowknots and loops in metal are perched on jeweled hairpins. They come in all shades, and for young people are coquettish and feminine.—N. Y. Sun.

Approximating to the Custom.



"Bruddern, I'ze so indisposed wid de rumatis dis mawnin I finds myself unable to stan up an talk to ye, an so I ax de congregation ter stan up instid whilst I disco'se."—Harper's Bazar.

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic,
Needs no turning.

The Rapid,
Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,
and
Lawn - Sprinklers.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 East Front Street. Telephone 6.

THE BEE HIVE!

Hot Weather Drives!

Ladies' Waists.

Ladies' black and white striped waists, plaited front and back, 49c.
Ladies' laundried cambric Waists, plaited front and back, regular 75c. goods, as 50c.
Boys' box pleated cambric Waits, 25c.
Boys' bathing drawers, 10c.
Ladies' sun bonnets, 25c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15 and 20.
Men's balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c. and 50c.
Men's outing shirts, 35, 40 and 50c.
Boys' blouses, 50c.
SPECIAL—The I. C. Ivins' Summer Corset 68c.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete educatio of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Philip's Cakes.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
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General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS.
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
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John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
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PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 18 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
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Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens.
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Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
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Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Fine store work. Residence, Second street. P. O. Box 1864.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder and hard wood mantel maker, corner of Grand and Eastern avenues, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 8 Regent street.

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PLEASE!
You can invest money to secure you enormous returns, by insuring your life. It provides for your wife and family if you die, or if you want to enjoy the money, insure for ten, fifteen or twenty years in

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of New York or Newark.

If you are thinking of insuring write for circulars.

H. D. McVicar, agent.

STORM SERGES!

The popular dress material in all shades, 40 inches wide, (all wool), at 50c. yard.
Wool Dress Flannels, (36 inch), 25c. per yard.
Dress Lawns, 4 and 6c.
Light prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.
Dress Challies, 5c.
Good Toweling, 4c.
Ladies' Hose, 5c. Gents' half hose, 5c.
Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 39c, formerly 50c.
Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

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Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong Ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
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Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby points.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

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FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—22 Madison Avenue.
Office—27 North avenue, with Wootson & Bucks.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
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Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

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CASH DISCOUNT,
In buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
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GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

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FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IF!
A poor article is dear at any price
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 28, 6 33, 8 06, 7 30, 8 00, 8 45, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave New York, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, 12 00 a. m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sunday, 4 00, 7 15, 8 00, 8 45, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 4 00, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. 12 15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 28, 6 33, 8 06, 7 30, 8 00, 8 45, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave Newark, 6 10, 7 10, 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 10, 12 10, 1 10, 2 10, 3 10, 4 10, 5 10, 6 10, 7 10, 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 10 p. m. Sunday at 4 10, 7 10, 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 10 a. m., 12 10, 1 10, 2 10, 3 10, 4 10, 5 10, 6 10, 7 10, 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 10 p. m. Passengers for Newark, change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6 15, 7 45, 9 17, 9 45, 11 08, 12 37, 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 7 45, 9 17, 9 45, 11 08 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave Somerville, 5 45, 6 45, 8 15, 8 45, 10 08, 11 37, 12 30, 1 23, 2 45, 3 56, 4 35, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 7 45, 9 15, 9 45, 11 08 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bound Brook.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 15, 8 17, 9 45, 11 08 a. m., 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 7 45, 9 17, 9 45, 11 08 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave Bound Brook, 6 45, 8 45, 10 15, 10 45, 12 08, 1 37, 2 30, 3 23, 4 45, 5 56, 6 35, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 6 45, 8 45, 10 15, 10 45, 12 08 a. m., 1 37, 2 30, 3 23, 4 45, 5 56, 6 35, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Passengers for Bound Brook change cars at Somerville.

PLAINFIELD AND BASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 6 15, 8 17, 9 45, 11 08 a. m., 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 7 45, 9 17, 9 45, 11 08 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave Easton, 6 45, 8 45, 10 15, 10 45, 12 08, 1 37, 2 30, 3 23, 4 45, 5 56, 6 35, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 6 45, 8 45, 10 15, 10 45, 12 08 a. m., 1 37, 2 30, 3 23, 4 45, 5 56, 6 35, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Passengers for Easton change cars at Somerville.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 35, 9 45, a. m., 1 30, 5 30 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE FOR PLAINFIELD.

8 35 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Harrisburg, Reading and Pottsville.

9 17 a. m. for stations in High Bridge branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport and Pottsville.

9 17 a. m. for Flemington, D L & W R R, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk.

1 46 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D L & W R R, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Manheim, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

11 05 p. m. Way for Junction.

1 30 p m for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport and Pottsville.

5 17 p. m. Way for Junction connecting for D L & W R R.

5 30 p m for Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bethlehem, Bangor, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua, (parlor car to Mauch Chunk).

7 20 p m for Flemington.

8 35 p m for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

9 20 p m Way for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

11 45 p m Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bangor, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

LEAVE BRANCH FOR SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6 37, 8 40, 10 27, 11 50 a. m., 1 46, 2 36, 4 05, 5 15, 6 51 p. m. Sunday (4 only) 8 40 a. m., 4 05, 6 51 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 15, 7 45, 9 20, 10 55, 11 55 a. m., 1 30, 2 20, 3 45, 4 56, 6 35, 7 30 p. m. Sunday (4 only) 7 45, 9 20, 10 55, 11 55 a. m., 3 45, 6 35, 7 30 p. m.

LEAVE BRANCH FOR BOUND BROOK LINE.

For Plainfield as 6 37, 8 40, 10 27, 11 50 a. m., 1 46, 2 36, 4 05, 5 15, 6 51 p. m. Sunday (4 only) 8 40 a. m., 4 05, 6 51 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 6 45, 8 45, 10 15, 10 45, 12 08, 1 37, 2 30, 3 23, 4 45, 5 56, 6 35, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 6 45, 8 45, 10 15, 10 45, 12 08 a. m., 1 37, 2 30, 3 23, 4 45, 5 56, 6 35, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

LEAVE BRANCH FOR EASTON LINE.

For Plainfield as 6 37, 8 40, 10 27, 11 50 a. m., 1 46, 2 36, 4 05, 5 15, 6 51 p. m. Sunday (4 only) 8 40 a. m., 4 05, 6 51 p. m. Leave Easton at 6 15, 7 45, 9 20, 10 55, 11 55 a. m., 1 30, 2 20, 3 45, 4 56, 6 35, 7 30 p. m. Sunday 7 45, 9 20, 10 55, 11 55 a. m., 3 45, 6 35, 7 30 p. m.

For Junction 5 15, 6 30, 8 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday 8 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Bound Brook 5 15, 6 30, 8 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday 8 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Easton 5 15, 6 30, 8 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday 8 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 2 23, 3 45, 4 56, 5 35, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen'l Pass. Agt. E. F. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

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Science Progress.

A CURIOUS MINERAL.

A Flexible Sandstone Remarkable for the Precious Metals in It.

One of the best marked characteristics of most rocks is their rigidity, but a few species are known which are more flexible than wood and readily bend under slight pressure without breaking. The itacolumite, or flexible sandstone, is the most abundant of these rocks and is found prin-

FLEXIBLE SLAB OF ITACOLUMITE.

cipally in Brazil, although a similar formation is met with in numerous other localities in small quantities. The illustration, Fig. 1, shows a slab of itacolumite supported by its two ends and bending by its own weight.

The flexibility of itacolumite is readily understood when the stone is examined with the microscope. All sandstone consists of separate grains of sand transformed into solid rock by some cementing material which has percolated in solution between the grains. This cement varies in its nature, and may consist of carbonate of lime, oxide of iron, silica or many other substances, even including in a few rare instances native silver and copper. All these ordinary sandstones are rigid and brittle, but in itacolumite the grains are cemented together by a mineral closely resembling talc or sericite. These minerals, being quite flexible in themselves, confer the same property upon the sandstone as a whole. In Fig. 2 is shown a microscopic view by polarized light of a piece of this stone ground so thin that it is transparent. The separate grains of sand (silica), each surrounded by a coating of the flexible cementing material, are very plainly indicated.

The way in which the cementing material was introduced into the itacolumite is not easy of explanation. Mica and sericite are not soluble and could not have been deposited by water, like calcite or

MICROSCOPIC VIEW OF ITACOLUMITE.

quartz. It is most probable that they were originally introduced in the form of clay or some similar material, and afterward metamorphosed by heat, pressure and superheated steam into micaceous minerals. Instances of a similar change of one mineral species into another are very common.

Itacolumite is also remarkable for the precious minerals and metals occurring in it. Scales of gold and diamonds are abundant, and the celebrated gold and diamond bearing sands of Brazil have been largely formed by the disintegration of this rock, says Popular Science News, to which we are indebted for the foregoing.

The New Expanding Bullet.

An English military officer has designed a bullet which is claimed to meet the objections made against the small-bore projectile. The present size of bullet adopted by most governments has been found to pass through living animals in less sensitive parts without their being apparently aware that they had been struck at all. This is due to the combination of high velocity and small diameter. If the bullet strikes a bone the effect is different, because the bone splinters terribly under a blow at a high velocity. The Industrial World describes this bullet as having a mantlet or case, which is closed at the base and open at the head, the mantlet ending about half way between the shoulder and the point. The result is that on impact the bullet opens so as to make the bullet, after having the advantage of a small diameter in flight, to become on striking practically one of large bore, the main difference being that the energy consists more in velocity and less in weight than was the case in an old large bore ball. It is said also to be much more efficient against thin iron or steel plate for the same reason—namely, that it makes a much larger hole—and to act particularly well in oblique impact.

Hardening of Varnishes.

It is supposed by many that all varnish is dry on the surface before it hardens through, and that only a careful examination is necessary before applying the second coat. As a matter of fact, however, according to The Carpenter and Builder, the reverse is the case with high class varnishes, which invariably harden from the bottom upward. This should be well borne in mind, and several days should always be allowed for proper hardening and drying before fastening down for the second coat. A change of temperature may cause a varnish to dry at one time much slower than at another, and therefore a change of weather may always be taken into the account. Cold drafts may strike varnish and render it fatal to its proper bearing out; in fact, no varnish should be applied in frosty weather, as the properties are utterly destroyed by it. Then an oily brush or a too full undercoat and insufficient time for the hardening of it are certain to affect the results, and will often necessitate the revarnishing of the work.

Hardwood Wedge versus Jackscrew.

The Boston Journal of Commerce reports the idea of a chimney builder who gives it as his opinion that a good hardwood wedge will lift as much as a jackscrew. The wedge must be made of well seasoned oak two feet long, with a taper of about one-fourth of an inch to the foot, and have one-half of its length on a good even surface. By placing several of these wedges side by side, using a heavy sledge on one a time, especially the one that starts the easiest, it is not to be wondered that a taking strain might be accomplished with wedges as well as with jackscrews.

Party and Person.

A very common mistake which our young folks should avoid is the use of the word "party" for "person." Do not say, "That party is always present when not wanted." Use person.

The Curiosity Shop

"MONOMETRIC" QUEEN VICTORIA.

She Measures All Men of the Same Class or Profession by One Ideal.

It is somewhat surprising to hear Queen Victoria described as a "monometric woman." Most people will wonder what this oddly named quality is. Professor Karl Vogt will enlighten them. In a memoir of his lately deceased colleague, Dr. August Wilhelm Hoffmann, which he has contributed to a Swiss paper, he divides the sex into "polymetric and monometric ladies." The queen of England, says he, is "eine monometrische dame." A woman of this species always selects one man whom she constitutes her measure or ideal of all other men of the same office, social class or profession. "For the queen of England," says the old republican philosopher, "there existed only one partner husband, the prince consort; only one consummate flower of statesmanship, Lord Disraeli Beaconsfield, and only one ideally complete natural scientist, August Wilhelm Hoffmann."

The loyal Englishman will ask what the queen had to do with the late Dr. Hoffmann. When she made her Rhine tour with Prince Albert after their marriage she expressed an eager desire to see the rooms in which her husband had lived during his student days at Bonn. They were inhabited at the time by Dr. Hoffmann, and the queen found the then Privatdocent at the university busy at a chemical experiment. The scientist, as Professor Vogt punningly says, "was a Hof-mann (courtierly man) in nature as well as in surname." The young queen was charmed with his talk, concluded that there was no other such chemical researcher in the world, and this was the reason he was called in 1865 to the Royal College of Chemistry in London.

Criminal Anthropology of Women.

It is a fact, according to Science, that in all countries there are fewer convictions for crimes of women than of men. European statistics vary from the highest, 37 per cent. in Scotland, to the lowest, rather less than 6 per cent. in Italy. It is also noted that there is a very wide difference between city and country. The proportion of female criminals is always higher in rural districts, sometimes reaching nearly to that of the males.

Various explanations of these facts have been suggested. Some are complimentary to the sex, as that women are not given to intoxicants nor to gambling nor to roving; they are more timid, more religious, more tender hearted, and their sensibility is more passive. There is something in all these reasons, but they do not satisfy Dr. G. Ferrero, who discusses the subject in The Revue Scientifique. He points out that the females of the ants, bees and spiders are particularly cruel because they are particularly intelligent, and he reaches the ungallant conclusion that the woman of today is less criminal because less intelligent than the man.

The Provincial "Bee."

A "bee" in provincial New England and New York is an assemblage of people for a set purpose, and especially a meeting of neighbors to unite in working for an individual or family. In the form of "spelling bee" or spelling match the word has extended over the whole country. Quilting bees were once attended by young women, who assemble around the frame of a bed-quilt and in one afternoon accomplish more than one person could in weeks. Husking bees are also a help to render the meeting agreeable. Apple bees are occasions where neighbors assemble to gather apples or cut them up for drying. Husking bees, for husking corn, meet in barns. In some new districts on the arrival of a new settler the neighboring farmers unite with their teams and in a single day build him a log house in a single day; these are termed raising bees. The name may have come from the likeness of these gatherings to the swarming of buzzing bees.

Old Pipes.

A collector of old English pipes of all sizes and shapes says that in some a collector can trace the gradual increase in spread of tobacco by the gradually increasing pipe bowl and the proportionate diminution of the supporting heel or spur, until within present day clays it is a mere ornamental appendage.

Soon after smoking was introduced, one writer states that "the wealthy use silver pipes, but the poor those of walnut shells and straws." In 1573 Harrison, in his unpublished "Chronologie," remarks that "these days many gentlemen and others in the Indian herb called Tabaco, by an instrument like a little ladell, is gresly taken up and used in England against Rewmes." By 1610 there was an important industry in clay pipes, and the manufacturers were incorporated as "the craft of T. P. makers." Later pipes bear trademarks and initials stamped on the heel, thus indicating the various origins.

Origin of Postoffices.

The name postoffice originated in the posts placed at intervals along the roads of the Roman empire, where carriers were kept in readiness to bear dispatches and intelligence; but the posts of ancient times were never used for the purpose of conveying private correspondence. The first letter post seems to have been established in the Hanse towns in the early part of the Thirteenth century. A line of letter posts followed, connecting Austria with Lombardy, in the reign of Henry VIII. England in early times letters were sent by messengers, who wore the royal livery. They had to supply themselves with horses until the reign of Edward I., when posts were established with horses for hire. Camden mentions the office of "master of the posts" as existing in 1585. A foreign post for the conveyance of letters between London and the Continent seems to have been established in the Fifteenth century.

Distinctions Won at Middle Age.

"A man is only as old as he feels," says Oliver Wendell Holmes, and the French have a saying to the effect that "a woman is as old as she looks." Schlienann was thirty-four years of age before he knew a word of Greek. George Eliot was thirty-five when she put her hand to the first of her series of novels. Gibbon published the first of his almost perfect histories at the age of thirty-five. Ogilvy, who made an excellent translation of Homer, began to study Greek at fifty. Sir Walter Scott's Waverly novels appeared when the author was forty-one, and Cowper was nearly fifty before he did his best work.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

LATEST NEEDLEWORK.

New Decorative Effects—An Attractive Color Combination.

A charming decorative effect is produced by sewing down gold thread with colored silk. This is specially apparent in a charming plush table cover of a soft golden green shade. The design is wrought out with gold and cream silks, with outlines of gold thread sewed with red silk. The thread is of a coppery tint, and this, with the red silk, affords just the requisite warmth of tone unattainable in a green and gold scheme. It is surprising that such a handsome result could be achieved with so comparatively small an amount of work. The sea designs making the center are filled in with silks, but the plush serves for the running foliage, the leaves being outlined of red velvet with gold and only shaded slightly at the edges with silks.

Yellow and also a combination of white and yellow are the fashion in needlework, especially for small things. A blotter of coppery yellow velvet is decorated with white linen applique design, outlined and sewed with gold thread. A few scattered forget-me-nots are worked with blue silk here and there. Again, there is the same combination in a second blotter, but this time the ground is white linen, and the spray of white leaves and grapes is done with brilliant yellow silk; the tendrils with gold thread. Colored linens are quite the favorite material for pincushions for common use; they are very severe, without frills or ribbons or lace. The square or cabbage are the shapes generally seen, and they are embroidered with a single spray of flowers or a set design. Some are not even so much as edged with cord. White or a contrasting colored flax is used for the embroidery.

For a quiet bit of decoration mauve sweet peas on a reseda ground is a happy choice. Two or three flowers and a little leafage or foliage are considered sufficient for a handkerchief sachet and pincushion to match. For those satin is the chosen material.

Circulars, to some extent, taking the place of embroidered panels on screens and make a pleasant change. One with a brass rod frame has a copper gold curtain scantily pleated. This is embroidered with green, terra cotta and yellow crewels along the lower edge and bordered with variously colored silk fringe.

Bedroom Furnishing.

In no apartment in the house is simple taste so welcome and appropriate as in the bedroom. Here there should ever be an air of quiet and repose and a complete absence of all obtrusive decorations and assertive colors. An air of subdued harmony should invest the entire apartment, and walls, ceiling and floor selected so as to unite all together and form a peaceful tout ensemble.

Elaborate schemes of decoration of course permit of the employment of a variety of woods for the furniture of the bedroom. When delicate olive greens or subdued blues prevail upon the walls, etc., it'll be well to employ dark, cherry colored mahogany or rosewood. Where rose color or warm yellow or salmon is preferred then the introduction of an ivory white enameled suit would be most desirable, and so on in like manner with the rest of the furniture

AL FRESCO GARDEN SEAT.

rustic parlor (for "seat" is too small a title for it) are placed facing each other, while between them is a handy wicker flap, which serves as a table, over which is suspended a capacious basket for newspapers, books or work. The seats are luxuriously cushioned, and the roof is covered by a bright and festive looking awning. Protection from the damp grass being afforded by a floor, the Al Fresco seat becomes serviceable on many days for delicate persons who would prefer by an open air existence if it could be enjoyed without risk of chill.

Cabbage Salad.

One large head of cabbage, one cup of sugar, two teaspoonfuls of salt, two tablespoonfuls of butter, one cupful of vinegar, half a teaspoonful of ground mustard, one dozen hard boiled eggs.

Cut the cabbage with a sharp knife, shaving it very fine, leaving outany wilted leaves and all hard pieces; put into a large dish, add all the ingredients and mix well together. Boil the eggs hard, shout five minutes; throw them into cold water, take the shells off and chop ten of them fine and mix with the cabbage. When ready to use put the salad in a dish, slice the other two eggs and garnish the top. For a small family half will do.

Huckleberry CornCake.

Scald a pint of cornmeal with boiling water; add a heaping tablespoonful of flour and milk, enough for a rather thick batter. Mix in two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, two-thirds of a cupful of sugar (good brown sugar is better than white) and a pint of huckleberries. Bake on a griddle in muffin rings or in the oven, making them half an inch thick. Chopped apple or raspberries may take the place of huckleberries. They need a warm oven.

To Shred Pineapple.

The Housekeeper directs to pare the fruit, leaving on the long stalks at the top. Cut out with eyes with a silver fruit knife. Wrap a towel around the top; grasp this firmly in the left hand. Let the bottom of the fruit rest on the bottom of a deep dish. With a silver fork held in the right hand, shred from top to bottom till nothing but the core remains.

This Date in History—Sept. 3.

1256—Richard Tarleton, famous comedian and contemporary of Shakespeare, died.

1632—Sir Edward Coke, great English lawyer, died; born 1550. He was the author of several tracts and drafted the famous bill of rights against Charles I.

1650—Battle of Dunbar. Cromwell broke the power of the Scotch royalists.

1655—Oliver Cromwell died.

1752—The "new style" in the calendar adopted by England, changing all dates to 11 days later.

1862—End of General Pope's campaign, the Federals taking refuge in their intrenchments near Washington; on the same day General Kirby Smith captured Frankfort, Ky.

1880—General Ambrose Burnside died; born 1824 in Liberty, Ind.

The Danger of Delay.

"George!" she screamed. "My neck!"

"What's the matter?"

"There's a pillacatter"—

"A what?"

"A tappeciller!"—

"What in the world do you mean?"

"Oh, dear," she moaned as she clutched him frantically. "A kitterpiller! You know, George! A pattey de fillee!"

"Oh!" said George, with evident relief, and he proceeded to brush the future butterfly away.—Life.

An Interrupted Celebration.

Little Boy (weakly)—Mamma, am I most well?

Mamma—Yes, my pet; the doctor has got all the powder out of your face, and he says he can save your eyesight.

Little Boy—Then please move my bed up to the window.

Mamma—What for, my cherub?

Little Boy—I want to shoot off the rest of those firecrackers.—Good News.

Fearful!

Briggs—That fellow Castaway had a bad case of delirium tremens the other night. Went home and cut up terribly.

Griggs—How sad! Did he imagine he saw snakes?

Briggs—Worse than that. He thought he saw a lot of wife's new bonnets on the floor.—Chalk Review.

A Slim Diet.

Guest—I haven't any appetite at all today.

Waiter—Not feelin well, sah?

Guest—I'm about half sick. Can't touch more than a mouthful. Bring me a couple of spring chickens.—New York Weekly.

1892			September.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

○ Full	6	4:08 p.m.	● New	20	6:16 p.m.
☾ Third Quarter	13	7:50 a.m.	☽ First Quarter	29	1:10 a.m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 136,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $3,000,000 since organization.

Wetumpka Lodge, 3401, Knights of Honor, meets Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.

Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. FORT, Reporter.

Wetumpka Council, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Casper's Hotel,
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Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable Rates.

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First-class bar attached.

THE ALBION,
SOUTH SPRING AND PARK AVENUE
School family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
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Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE,
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Brewer. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and provided with all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

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PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS
Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.
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FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS
SEELY EDSALL,
20 WEST FRONT STREET.
Invites the inspection of the fall and winter stock of
Novelties.
Henriettas, Pergos,
Cashmeres, Ladies' Cloth.
Black Goods a Specialty.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!
After the use of
Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice,
Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child
SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with a
LAMP AND BELL,
which can be had of $20 fine, large and complete assortment of Cycling goods also always in stock at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Educational.

Harned Academy
WILL RE-OPEN SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies
The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.
Classes now forming in German and French. Special Classes for evenings. Private lessons in voice. Preparation for college. Music. Weekly lectures.
E. N. HARNED, Prin.

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Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,
for
YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
will re-open on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
For particulars address MISS E. B. KERYON, Principal. 8 10 2m*

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS
of this city will open in their various departments,
TUESDAY, SEPT. 6.
Prof. Henry M. Maxson, Superintendent and Supervising Principal. 8 13 sod td*

ELOCUTION
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1028.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French lecture. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Watfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson call, write or address, 7 Cedar st., care of Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande Ave., this Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Boarding, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m., 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Given lessons either at her home or at pupil's residence. Terms reasonable. Best of references. No. 142 Somerset street.

New Marble and Granite Works,
We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.
J. E. Townsend, Manager,
No. 20 SOMERSET STREET.
Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

SCHOOL SHOES!
Boys and Girls Give This Your Kind Attention!
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET. The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.

HEADQUARTERS
FOR THE
FINEST ELGIN CREAMERY BUTTER.
United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.
Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.
MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS.
Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.
A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on
Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers,
Ice Cream Freezers, Hammocks.
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware, Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article.
A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea, to make
Delicious Iced Tea.
Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.
NEUMANN BROS.
BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
30 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" hot water heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Segar store, No. 12 West Second street

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SECOND-HAND FURNITURE
IS AT
MUSGRAVE'S,
37 Somerset street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$6 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 13. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

A RAILROAD WRECK.

AN ENGINEER SAVES A PARTY OF PLAINFIELDERS.

A Young Man Fatally Injured—Thirty Cars Smashed, and 200 Tons of Coal Scattered—The Base Ball Train Narrowly Escapes.

The breaking of an axle on a loaded coal train, between Round Brook and Dunellen, Saturday afternoon, caused a disastrous wreck. Thirty cars were smashed into kindling wood and 200 tons of coal were scattered over the tracks, delaying travel for several hours.

Just as the accident happened, a passenger train, loaded with excursionists to the Somerville ball game, was passing. The engineer saw the coal cars leaving the track, and, pulling the throttle wide open, cleared his train of the wreck, narrowly escaping an accident.

Robert Lauderback, a respectable-looking young man, about 17 years old, was standing a ride on the coal train at the time of the accident.

When the crash came he jumped, and in some way his right leg got under the wheel, and was cut off.

He was taken to Muhlenberg Hospital, where he died within a few hours.

Before dying the young man told Dr. Buringham, who was attending him, that he was on his way from Chicago, where his mother resides, to his uncle, who lives in Brooklyn. His money gave out on the way, and he was trying to get the remainder of his journey without money.

County Physician Westcott of Scotch Plains viewed the remains and gave a permit for burial. His body was given in Undertaker Casey's charge, who has retained it since Sunday awaiting word from the boy's mother, to whom a telegram was promptly sent. Up to noon to-day nothing had been heard from her.

On the same train with the unfortunate Lauderback was another young man, who was also stealing a ride, having no money. The two had become acquainted on the train as friends in distress.

The other fellow did not jump when the crash came, and was saved from injury.

He was brought to Plainfield, where some Plainfield ladies of the Relief Association learn of his misfortune and gave him money to continue to his home, for which he was deeply grateful.

THE GROCERS' OUTING.

A LARGE CROWD GO TO PAPIAC ON THEIR EXCURSION.

A Merry Company of Men Women and Children, at the Popular Coast Resort.

Fifteen hundred and ninety-eight people took part in the Grocers' Excursion to Papiac yesterday. It was the third annual excursion given by the grocers and was a great success.

Three cook two sections of trains composed of 15 and 10 cars respectively.

The excursion was the the largest that ever went to Papiac from here and Capt. Boynton says it was the largest that ever visited the beach. There were over 7,000 people in the grove during the day.

The Plainfield people were as merry as they could be. They danced, and played ball, rode on the merry-go-round, and ate 5,000 clams, much corn and other things to satisfy their hunger.

The obliging clerks were there in great number. It was a day when they had success from cwrelins, cottilene, canned goods, Oolong's Mocha and Java.

Will O. Weber, Sapolio Sharkey, Three in Dunn, Creed and Black-well Smith, and others of the Committee went out boating. They came near being washed through the mistake of their boatman, but escaped with a slight wetting. They all returned home in the evening safe, sound, and satisfied.

PERSONAL.

Misses Ida and Belle Lewis of Somerset street have retured from a months visit at Mt. Tabor.

Mr. E. Corydon Tyler, formerly of Crescent avenue, but now living in Brooklyn is visiting friends in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Fleming and family of Park avenue are expected home to-morrow from Roger's Rock, Lake George, where they have been for several weeks past.

Messrs. H. Langford, Geo. O. Stevens, T. B. King, Jr., Alfred B. Lord, A. Schuyler Peacha, Percy Vandistyne and J. E. S. Perrie, of this city were registered at the Cataract House, Niagara Falls Sunday.

Mr. Edgar B. Daly, of West Second street, who was taken ill with pneumonia a little over a week ago, is dead, his demise occurring last Sunday. Deceased was the eldest of three sons of Mr. and Mrs. James Daly, with whom he always resided. He was born at Flemington, N. J., twenty-six years ago, and spent his schooldays in that place. He entered the office of the Flemington Democrat, as an apprentice to the newspaper business, and after other experience, secured employment as a compositor in this paper. In these he faithfulness and general ability secured him the position of foreman of THE NEWS, and later that of a NEWS' reporter, which latter position he held for several years and until a few months ago. He had a large circle of friends, with whom he was very popular. His funeral will take place to-morrow, as per death notice elsewhere.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

THE HILLSIDE TENNIS CLUB'S SECOND ANNUAL GAMES A SUCCESS.

Albert Simmonds and August Huntington Win the Doubles, and Albert Simmonds is Champion at Singles—Saturday Afternoon Tea—A Large Attendance.

A most charming picture greeted the eyes of everyone who had occasion to witness the second annual tournament games of the Hillside Tennis Club on their club grounds, corner of Broadway and Hillside avenue, on Saturday afternoon and all day yesterday.

One or more of the four courts of the club was constantly in use and surrounded all the time with a bordering fringe of the beauty and fashion of Plainfield.

The day was perfect. The air was clear and refreshingly cool (though from appearances the players thought otherwise), and the gay, laughing faces of the young people, together with their bright costumes stood out harmoniously with the background of dark foliage of the shrubbery and tall shady trees.

Bicycles were left standing here and there against the trees and embankments in a careless, though picturesque, manner.

A short distance from this gay scene was the dark colored, vine-covered, club house, just outside of which, on the shady lawn, the Misses Twerdy, assisted by Miss Bessie Glinus, the Misses Erskine, Mrs. H. Augusta Schuyler and Miss Lena Morgan, on Saturday afternoon, served tea and wafers, in a charmitg manner, which was all while tastefully decorated for the occasion.

This peaceful and beautiful scene on the one hand was intensified by the exciting games on the other These games were in nearly every case well played and closely contested, and held the attention of the audience according to their interest in the games or players.

The tournament began at three o'clock Saturday afternoon and continued all day Monday with the following results:

SINGLES.

FIRST ROUND.

Albert Simmonds defeated August Huntington, 6-1, 6-1.

Sherwood West defeated G. Harry Squires, 6-3, 6-1.

C. S. Mellick defeated D. O. Tiffany by default.

C. P. Millick and E. H. Booth both defaulted.

J. H. P. Wharton defeated D. C. Ivins by default.

Henry West defeated Archibald Cox, 6-0, 10-8.

James P. Murray defeated Louis Newman, 1-6, 6-4, 6-1.

W. V. Keeler defeated E. L. Walz, Jr., 6-3, 6-3.

SECOND ROUND.

Albert Simmonds defeated Sherwood West, 6-3, 6-3.

C. Morgan won by default.

Henry West defeated J. H. P. Wharton, 6-0, 4-6, 6-1.

THIRD ROUND.

Albert Simmonds defeated C. Morgan, 6-0, 6-0.

The visitors thought that Murphy would be "pie" for them, judging from how they batted his pitched against them a week ago Saturday, in one inning. They had reckoned without their host, however, for Murphy pitched a magnificent game and pitched a perfect game. Westfield made as many hits off of his delivery in that one inning above mentioned as they did in the entire nine innings yesterday.

The Crescents solved Clare's curves in their third inning to the tune of four base hits, which netted them four runs, the ball to be scored. In the fifth inning a base on balls and a two-bagger gave them another run. After two men were out in the next inning the Crescent players crossed the plate, making the total eight runs.

Westfield failed to make a bit off of Murphy until the sixth inning when Lever surprised everybody by making a three-bagger, and scoring on Gillie Single. He made another run in the eighth inning. This settled the run-getting, making the Crescents winners of the banner by a total of eight to four. The score:

CRESCENTS.	R	BH	PO	A	E	WESTFIELD.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Hofford, c	2	1	0	0	1	Sharrott, lb	0	0	8	0	0
W. Murphy, lf	1	1	1	0	0	Meloche, 2b	0	0	0	2	0
Turner, rf	0	1	0	1	0	Schenck, ss	0	0	1	2	1
Lever, 1b	1	2	7	0	0	Gillie, lf	1	1	2	0	0
Leidy, cf	0	1	1	0	1	Howe, 3b	0	0	2	3	1
Murphy, p	0	1	1	0	0	Keeler, c	0	0	9	2	0
Bonner, ss	0	0	1	2	0	Clare, p	0	0	0	3	0
Jones, 1b	1	0	9	0	1	Warner, cf	0	0	1	0	0
T. Murphy, 2b	2	3	1	1	0	Clark, 2b	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	7	10	27	6	4	Totals	2	3	24	12	2

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	3	0	8
Base hits	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	3	0	8
Westfield	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2
Base hits	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2

Earned runs—Crescents, 3; Westfield, 1. Two base hit—Lever. Three base hit—Lever. Sacrifice hit—Turner. Struck out—By Murphy, 10; by Clare, 2. Base on balls—Off Murphy, 2; off Clare, 4. Stolen bases—Crescents, 5; Westfield, 1. Left on bases—Crescents, 5; Westfield, 3. Passed ball—Warner. Time—1:55. Umpire—Sullivan and Hudson.

The Afternoon Game.

The Crescents' victims in the afternoon were the Highland A. C. of Philadelphia. Rain threatened to stop the home team shut the team from the Quaker City out until the ninth inning, when they were allowed to tally one run. It was wholly complimentary, by "Tuck" had them at his mercy during the entire game.

Eight runs were scored by the Crescents to the visitors' one. The score:

CRESCENTS.	R	BH	PO	A	E	HIGHLAND A. C.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Hofford, c	2	1	0	1	0	Finn, c	0	0	8	0	0
W. Murphy, lf	1	1	1	0	0	Meyers, 3b	0	0	0	2	1
Turner, rf	1	1	1	0	0	Sharpless, 1	0	0	1	0	0
Daley, 3b	0	1	2	1	0	Smith, 1b	0	1	7	0	0
Lever, 1b	1	1	9	0	0	Hoffman, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Brady, ss	0	0	1	2	0	Holland, 2b	0	0	1	2	0
Jones, lb	1	0	1	0	0	Caldwell, rf	0	1	2	0	0
Jones, lb	1	0	1	0	0	Hoffman, ss	0	0	0	0	0
T. Murphy, p	1	0	0	0	0	Beehan, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	8	5	16	7	0	Totals	1	2	21	4	2

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents	1	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	8
Highland A.C.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Earned runs—Crescents, 5. Two base hit—Jones. Sacrifice hit—Smedley. Base on balls—Off Turner, 1; off Magruire, 1. Struck out—By Turner, 7; by Maguire, 4. Passed ball—Hofford. Time—1:30. Umpire—Sullivan.

DER KOENIGSHUETZEN.

CONDUCTED BY THE GERANG TURN-VEREIN YESTERDAY.

A Great Day With the Germans—List of Prize Winners Mrs. Klinsman Wins the Queen's Prize.

LL the members of the Gesang and Turnverein shooting team of this vicinity, and their friends, spent yesterday morning at Keller's Grove, a picturesque spot on the mountain where the day was celebrated in characteristic Germane style. Part of the festal occasion consisted in shooting at the king bird—der koenigshuetzen.

The Germans and their wives and families or their sweethearts with them and made merry the whole day long, otherwise, and the gay, laughing faces of the guests of the Independent Shooting Club, another organization of Germans celebrating this day.

There was singing by the singing societies, feasting, beer drinking, and in the evening dancing at the Saengerbund Hall, where they all adjourned to.

The king bird is a large wooden representation of a bird with outspread wings, which is placed at the top of some tall tree on a mountain, or hill, and is egged away at until it is shot all to pieces.

It is a very old German custom, and usually celebrated by the Germans every year. The Germans themselves who partook of it yesterday could give no further information of the origin of the day.

The one who shoots away the last piece of wood is called the king, and gets the highest prize, which in this case was a handsome gold medal. This was won by Mrs. Klinsman, who is also to shoot away a wing.

The woman who makes the best shot is called the queen, and also gets a gold medal. This honor was won by Mrs. Henry Klinsman.

He who shoots off the head of the bird becomes crown prince. Jos. Haurand won this title yesterday.

Mr. Herman Klinsman shot off the remaining wing, winning the prize of $5 each.

At the Independent Club contest, Mr. C. Krausse won the king prize and gold medal. The other prize winners were as follows:

Crown Prince—Fred Parsch.

Queen—Miss William Pierson.

The other wing—Ex-King Fred Bechtel.

The winners of honors hold their titles for one year until won away from them.

CRESCENTS WIN THE BANNER.

By Easily Defeating the Westfields Yesterday Morning.

Yesterday morning's game of ball between the Crescents and Westfields was made doubly interesting by the offering of a silk banner to the winning team, by Mr. Drake of Westfield.

The game was a final one for ball playing, and in consequence a large crowd was in attendance when the umpire called "play," at 10 o'clock.

The Westfields were in high glee when they were informed that Murphy would pitch against them. So sure were they of winning that their second best pitcher, Clare, was put in the box.

The visitors thought that Murphy would be "pie" for them, judging from how they batted his pitched against them a week ago Saturday, in one inning. They had reckoned without their host, however, for Murphy pitched a magnificent game and pitched a perfect game. Westfield made as many hits off of his delivery in that one inning above mentioned as they did in the entire nine innings yesterday.

The Crescents solved Clare's curves in their third inning to the tune of four base hits, which netted them four runs, the ball to be scored. In the fifth inning a base on balls and a two-bagger gave them another run. After two men were out in the next inning the Crescent players crossed the plate, making the total eight runs.

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W. Murphy, lf	1	1	1	0	0	Meloche, 2b	0	0	0	2	0
Turner, rf	0	1	0	1	0	Schenck, ss	0	0	1	2	1
Lever, 1b	1	2	7	0	0	Gillie, lf	1	1	2	0	0
Leidy, cf	0	1	1	0	1	Howe, 3b	0	0	2	3	1
Murphy, p	0	1	1	0	0	Keeler, c	0	0	9	2	0
Bonner, ss	0	0	1	2	0	Clare, p	0	0	0	3	0
Jones, lb	1	0	9	0	1	Warner, cf	0	0	1	0	0
T. Murphy, p	2	3	1	1	0	Clark, 2b	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	7	10	27	6	4	Totals	2	3	24	12	2

SCORE BY INNINGS.

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Base hits	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	3	0	8
Westfield	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2
Base hits	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2

Earned runs—Crescents, 3; Westfield, 1. Two base hit—Lever. Three base hit—Lever. Sacrifice hit—Turner. Struck out—By Murphy, 10; by Clare, 2. Base on balls—Off Murphy, 2; off Clare, 4. Stolen bases—Crescents, 5; Westfield, 1. Left on bases—Crescents, 5; Westfield, 3. Passed ball—Warner. Time—1:55. Umpire—Sullivan and Hudson.

HINRICH WINS FAME.

A PLAINFIELD WHEELMAN RACES A GAINST WORLD CHAMPIONS.

He Captures Two First Prizes and One Second Prize.—Zimmerman Makes Another Record.—Fritts of Plainfield Also a Winner.

Among the several hundred athletes entered for competition in the first annual cycling and athletic games under the auspices of the Passaic Athletic Club at Clifton race track Saturday afternoon was Mr. A. T. Hinrichs of this city. He is a tall, slim young man, about twenty-two years of age, with a light complexion and smooth face. He rides a 22 pound Columbia racer and may be seen every day on our good roads training.

Recently he has given up road racing and devoted his attention to track racing. He was entered at the Asbury Park races but failed to make much showing.

Here is his Saturday record:

One-mile Bicycle Race, Novice, Scratch—First heat, won by Albert Hardifer, Passaic A. C.; H. Soule, Passaic A. C., second. Time, 3 minutes, 45 1-5 seconds. Second heat, won by A. T. Hinrichs, unattached; E. T. Bau, Centaur Cycle Club, second. Time, 3 minutes, 44 1-5 seconds. Fourth heat, won by J. A. Woodward, Elizabeth A. C.; Walter Beaven, Tourists' Cycle Club, second. Time, 3 minutes, 50 seconds. Final heat won by A. T. Hinrichs; William Hardifer, second; J. A. Woodward, third. Time, 3 minutes, 44 2-5 seconds.

The prize for this race was a gold stop watch.

Three-quarter-mile Bicycle, Handicap—First heat, won by W. S. Townsend, N. A. C. C., 120 yards; Henry J. Pote, L. R. R. C., 85 yards, second; George B. Waters, Centaur C., 110 yards, third; O. B. Brandt, M. A. C., 125 yards, fourth. Time, 1 minute, 47 seconds. Second heat, won by Clarence Taylor, M. A. C., scratch; A. T. Hinrichs, unattached, 110 yards, second; J. W. Judge, Riverside Wheelmen, 95 yards, third; George W. Coffin, Orange A. C., 80 yards, fourth. Time, 1 minute, 46 3-5 seconds. Final heat won by A. T. Hinrichs; O. S. Brandt, second; George W. Coffin third. Time, 1 mine 44 1-5 seconds.

The prize for this race was a Lyndhurst pneumatic road racer.

In the one mile Bicycle Handicap, Zimmerman, the world's champion, made the world's record for the mile in competition by riding it in 2 minutes and 19 seconds.

AT RARWAY, FRITTS FIRST AND TITSWORTH SECOND.

At the fourth meet of the Union County Roadsters held in Rahway Saturday afternoon, Andrew S. Fritts of this city, won first prize in the one mile novice race and Nathan R. Titsworth second prize. The time was 2.50.

The Plainfield boys had several bad falls, caused by being fouled. Hinrich's tire was burst, and the forks of the wheel ridden by Nate Titsworth were broken.

There were many two thousand people present, among them many from this city.

HINRICH GETS SECOND PRIZE AT ELIZABETH.

A large and enthusiatic audience were present yesterday to witness the bicycle races at the New Jersey Jockey Club grounds at Elizabeth. The one-mile handicap race was won by George C. Smith, C. C. R., scratch. Time 2.47½. A. T. Hinrichs, P. B. C., 60 yards, second-time 2.51, R. G. Laggren, E. A. C., 80 yards, third 2.51¾.

Hinrich's prize was a tennis racket.

The team race, Saltonstall Cup championship of Union county.—Two miles—Won by Elizabeth wheelmen. Charles Brown, first, 1.31½; William Bettner, second, 6.33; F. C. Gilbert, third, 6.35.

The Plainfield team were out-classed in the Saltonstall-cup race, and dropped out before the finish.

BREVITIES

—Don't forget the primaries to morrow night.

—The regular meeding of the Hillside Tennis Club will be held in the club house to-morrow evening.

—The regular meeting of the Plainfield Camera Club will be held at the club rooms this evening at eight o'clock.

—James Totten was arrested in the borough by Marshal Pangborn for being drunk and disorderly, and fined $5 by Justice Crossley.

—The following mortuary advertisement is taken from an English paper:

Beneath this stone, in hope of Zion,
Doth lay the loadless of the Lion:
His sins are washed away in Blood,
Resigned unto the Heavenly will.

—Michael Whelan was arrested in North Plainfield Saturday evening by deputy Marshal Stewart for being drunk and disorderly. Justice Crossley fined him $5.

—Mrs. S. E. Lyons and son were injured in a runaway accident at Milburn, Saturday night. A loose plank on a bridge started the horses. The carriage was wrecked.

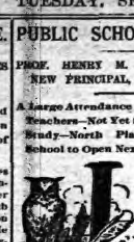
—An alarm of fire about 6.45 o'clock last evening called out the fire department. The fuse of the electric light in the doorway of the Dime Savings Bank had burned out. Do damage was done.

—The New Jersey Land Improvement Company have bought from Dr. Thickstun, a house on East Third street, which they will move to the corner that they extend Mansion place through to Third street. The residents of that neighborhood have for some time been complaining of the large pool of water which coming from Poole's Tool Works settles in the vicinity of Third street. This has caused some of the scarlet fever now in the neighborhood. The opening of the street will allow the water to run off to the brook.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS OPEN.

PROF. HENRY M. MAXSON, THE NEW PRINCIPAL, IN CHARGE.

A Large Attendance of Scholars and Teachers—Not Yet Settled Down to Study—North Plainfield's Public School to Open Next Tuesday.



N nearly all the homes in Plainfield, this morning, everything was excitement for the boy and girls were preparing for the first day at school. The season of 1892-93 began this morning in Plainfield.

Under the new principal, Prof. Henry M. Maxson, the following efficient corps of teachers:

STILLMAN BUILDING.

Union and West Fifth streets.

Mr. Edwin S. Hunt, Vice Principal Senior Class; Miss H. E. Delano, Junior Class; Miss E. E. Wiles, Third Class; Miss Mary Whitney, Fourth Class; Mr. F. S. Smith, Science Class; Miss Lena Runyon, First Grammar Class; Miss M. E. Benedict, First Grammar Class; Miss Lena Tomlinson, Second Grammar Class.

FRANKLIN SCHOOL.

Union and West Fifth streets.

Miss Alice W. Lansing, Second Grammar Class; Miss Anna M. Day, Third Grammar Class; Miss Emma Force, Second Primary Class; Miss Emma Force, Second Primary Class; Miss Dora E. Mitchell, Third Primary Class; Miss Mie Kate D. Kimball, Fourth Primary Class; Miss M. L. Sutphen, Fifth Primary Class; Miss C. Barber, Fifth Primary Class.

WASHINGTON SCHOOL.

West Fifth and Liberty streets.

Miss Millicent E. Humpston, Vice Principal First Primary Class; Miss Mina W. Boorsem, Second Primary Class; Miss Gertrude Trenham, Third Primary Class; Miss E. J. Wood, Fourth Primary Class; Miss M. E. Colony, Fifth Primary Class; Miss G. M. Page, Sixth Primary Class.

BRYANT SCHOOL.

East Sixth street near Richmond.

Miss Anna W. Tinkor, Fourth Grammar Class; Miss M. L. Newman, Vice Principal First Primary Class; Miss E. L. Lewis, Second Primary Class; Miss Jennie Owen, Third Primary Class; Miss Louise H. Runyon, Third Primary Class; Miss Margaret B. Case, Third Grammar Class; Miss Clara Tichenor, Fifth Primary Class; Miss E. F. Low, Fifth Primary Class; Miss C. F. Cadmus, Sixth Primary Class; Miss Flora R. Petrie, assistant or sub.

IRVING SCHOOL.

Fourth street and Monroe avenue.

Miss J. D. Wood, Third Grammar Class; Miss Genevieve Petrie, Vice Principal First Primary Class; Miss A. M. Wilson, Second Primary Class; Miss Lottie W. Stillman, Third Primary Class; Miss Louise N. Wood, Fourth Primary Class; Miss E. A. Wood, Fifth Primary Class; Miss T. E. Tabor (sub) Sixth Primary Class; Miss Hattie Filmer, Sixth Primary Class.

Music Teacher, Mr. Thomas E. Hasell.

Drawing Teacher, Miss M. C. Mowry.

Middle Opening—Miss Stillman, Miss M. A. Maxson; Music Opening Franklin, Miss Emma Force, Irving; Music Opening Washington, Miss G. M. Page.

The teachers and scholars generally are in good health and spirits and start in with the school work with a vim, though they have not yet settled down to study.

The North Plainfield public school does not open until next Tuesday, Sept. 13th.

The Parochial schools opened to day with an attendance of over three hundred. The exercises of being visitation greeted by the Rev. Father Smyth were assigned their rooms and buckled down to hard study.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Why Plainfield is Called "The Colorado of the East."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Why do you call Plainfield the "Colorado of the East?" I am very anxious to know. Being a sufferer from bronchial trouble, I group at every straw. Your appellation makes it sound as if Plainfield is a health resort. If you will kindly answer my enquiry you will greatly favor.

JAS. H. CROUSHORE,
Yonkers, N. Y.

Plainfield is a well-known health resort for people who live rationally, and give Nature ball a chance.

A clear conscience, a good digestion and a cheerful disposition will find much in Plainfield that is enjoyable. In fact, its many attractions have won for it the title of "the Queen City of New Jersey."

It was to this end "The Colorado of the East" from Dr. Ezra Loomis of New York, one of the foremost physicians in the country, that he came.

Dr. Loomis to patient—(a New York business man doing business on Wall street and suffering with bronchial and lung trouble)—"I can do nothing more for you in this climate. You must go to Colorado."

Patient—"But my business will not permit me to go so far."

Physician—"Well, go to Plainfield, New Jersey; that is the Colorado of the East."

To be succinct, an outside view to place the name at the head of our paper.

The judgment of Dr. Loomis has been verified in the experience of many who have since published.

Take for instance the State Board of Health Report. It shows that Plainfield has the lowest death rate of any city in the State, averaging for the past three years, while contributing that it has sort of retreat for people who come here invalided to health and prosperity, and who generally succeed. Many Brooklyn people, for instance, by it, have become permanent residents, because they are unable to withstand the dank atmosphere of Brooklyn and find their air and pure sun-shine more to suit of Plainfield beneficial to them.

Our correspondent might do much worse than try Plainfield.

LEAGUE BALL GAMES.

NO CHANGE IN THE POSITION OF THE CLUBS.

Plainfield won from Westfield and the Elizabeths got Their Customary Drubbing by the Somervilles Saturday, — Score Plainfield, 4; Westfield, 1.

No change was made in the position of the clubs in the Central New Jersey League by the result of Saturday's games, as Plainfield won from Westfield, and Somerville defeated Elizabeth.

The race for the championship now promises to be a battle royal. The remaining two games of the league series between the old rivals—Crescents and West Ends—will be the most exciting of the season. The Crescents will have to win both games to win the pennant.

Saturday's game at Westfield was made up of "kicking." The umpire's decisions were as fair as could be asked for, yet every close decision would be the signal for some player of the W. A. C. to set up a big "kick." Twice during the game Umpire Sullivan was compelled to borrow Manager Reed's watch on time them because they refused to return to the field and resume the game, but each time before the expiration of the legal five minutes the Westfield team would get back to their positions and "play" ball.

By bunching their hits in the first inning the Crescents scored three runs and virtually won the game, as only one run was tallied afterward, making a total of four runs.

Westfield made its lone run in the second inning. Twice after that they succeeded in getting men to second and third base, but the runners were unable to score.

Sweeden was put in the box, although protesting that he was unwell, and pitched winning ball.

Sharrott twirled the leather for Westfield, and tried hard to win, but he could not win alone, as his support was very poor. The score:

CRESCENTS.

	AB	R	BH	PO	SO	BB	SB	A	E
Hofford, c	4	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0
Murphy, lf	3	1	1	2	0	1	1	0	0
Turner, rf	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Daley, 3b	4	2	1	2	0	0	0	4	1
Leidy, c.f	3	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0
Brady, s.s	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0
Bonner, s.s	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Jones, 1b	3	0	1	9	1	0	0	0	0
Sweeden, p	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	4	3	27	3	3	4	14	3	

WESTFIELD.

Sharrott, p	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0
Meloche, 1.f	4	0	2	4	0	1	0	0	0
O'Neil, 2b	4	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	0
Lever, c.f	4	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0
Howe, s.s	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	0
Cosgrif, r.f	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Keuzle, 3b	3	0	2	2	0	1	2	1	1
Gillis, 1b	4	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0
Warner, c	3	0	0	7	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	1	8	24	1	2	2	3	10	4

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Plainfield	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Base hits	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Westfield	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Base hits	0	2	1	1	2	0	0	1	1	8

Earned runs—Plainfield, 2; Westfield, 1. Two base hits—Lever, Howe. Left on bases—Hofford, Brady, Warner. Left on bases—Plainfield, 9; Westfield, 10; Time—1:45. Umpire—Sullivan.

West Ends, 9; Elizabeths, 4.

The West Ends rather easily defeated the Elizabeths Saturday, although they only made two more hits than the Young Men. The score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
West Ends	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	5	0	9
Elizabeths	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4

THE CLUBS NOW STAND:

CLUBS.	Plainfield	Somerville	Elizabeth	Westfield	West Ends	Per cent.
Plainfield		8	9	4	4	.571
Somerville	8		9	4	4	.571
Elizabeth	6	6		3	5	.313
Westfield	3	3	1		5	.313
Games lost	5	5	11	11		

The color of the wrapper has nothing to do with the strength or flavor of a cigar.

FOR men who work, and women who worry,

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

means tonic, recuperative energy. A royal summer dish.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Cholera in Detroit.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 6. (Special.)—The steamer India, from Duluth to Buffalo, touched here yesterday, having the body of the eight months old child of W. J. Sables, who died after a sickness of twenty-four hours, with all the symptoms of Asiatic cholera.

More Cholera.

QUARANTINE, S. I., Sept. 6, (Special.)—There were ten new cases reported on the Rugia and Normannia this morning.

Still More Cholera.

LONDON, Sept. 6. (Special.)—It is reported that cholera has made its appearance in the garrisons of Limoges and Poictiers in France.

The Plainfield Legion Have a Good Time at Elizabeth.

There was a temperance rally at Elizabeth yesterday of all the Loyal Legions of the state, led by Co. A of Plainfield. They formed into line on Broad street and marched to Market hall, where at three o'clock in the afternoon interesting exercises were held.

Mrs. Toumlinson of Plainfield, the gifted County President of the W. C. T. U., made the opening address, and, among other particularly interesting events, were a recitation by Master Philip Koechli and a solo by Miss Edith Conover.

The Superintendent of the Plainfield Loyal Legion is Miss Alice Wilmot, by whose efforts the affair proved such a gratifying success.

The company returned by stage, reaching Plainfield about seven o'clock in the evening and concluded the programme by giving three hearty cheers for Miss Winter of Plainfield.

The beautiful banner carried in the procession by the Plainfield legion was painted by Mrs. Van Arsdale of East Front street, in this city.

The legion is under the care of the Young Women's Christian Temperance Union and reflects great credit upon those estimable young ladies.

Cent-a-Word Column.

BOARDERS WANTED.

AT 19 Craig place, pleasant furnished room with board. Arrangements for Fall and Winter can now be made. 30 6 tw

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A SITUATION wanted by a competent cook. Will do washing and ironing. 111 Richmond street, near Putnam avenue. 6 3

HELP WANTED.

A GOOD girl wanted as cook, washer and ironer, in small family. Must be well recommended and have references from last place. "J. M. C.," care of EVENING NEWS. 30 6

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to sell licit orders for nursery stock; experience and salary to men who can leave home and work steadily; commission to local agents; write for terms and territory. Address R. G Chase & Co., 1430 S. Penn St., Phila., Pa. 8 19 2m eod

WANTED—Colored man and wife. Man to take care of grounds, etc., and to make himself generally useful; woman for general housework. Address, stating wages, if work need not apply. The Gables, Netherwood. 2 4

WANTED—In a family of three, a cook and laundress. Apply at 106 Broadway. 1 5

YOUNG WOMEN DESIRING TO BECOME NURSES SHOULD APPLY TO DR. COOLEY, 55 WESTERVELT AVENUE. 8 23tf

FOR RENT.

A CONVENIENT cottage in a good neighborhood to let for ten dollars a month. Call at 25 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 9 2

FOUR nice rooms, with water, to rent, 112 Jackson avenue. 6 3

TO LET—New house, seven rooms; vestibule doors; fine pantry and wash tubs. Inquire 227 Somerset street. 6 3

FOR SALE.

COLUMBIA tricycle for sale, cheap; or would exchange for pleasure carriage. Wm. Haslig, Chimney Rock. 3 6

FOR SALE—A Bradley oak painted surrey with curtains. Almost new. Apply to R. Cosgrove, 81 Hillside avenue. 2 2

FOR SALE—House, seven rooms, three minutes walk from North Plainf

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 13. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

A RAILROAD WRECK.

AN ENGINEER SAVES A PARTY OF PLAINFIELDERS.

A Young Man Fatally Injured - Thirty Cars Smashed, and 200 Tons of Coal Scattered—The Base Ball Train Narrowly Escapes.

The breaking of an axle on a loaded coal train, between Round Brook and Dunellen, Saturday afternoon, caused a disastrous wreck. Thirty cars were smashed into kindling wood and 200 tons of coal were scattered over the tracks, delaying travel for several hours.

Just as the accident happened, a passenger train, loaded with excursionists to the Somerville ball game, was passing. The engineer saw the coal cars leaving the track, and, pulling the throttle wide open, cleared his train of the wreck, narrowly escaping an accident.

Robert Lauderback, a respectable-looking young man, about 17 years old, was stealing a ride on the coal train at the time of the accident.

When the crash came he jumped, and in some way his right leg got under the wheel, and was cut off.

He was taken to Muhlenberg Hospital, where he died within a few hours.

Before dying the young man told Dr. Buringham, who was attending him, that he was on his way from Chicago, where his mother resides, to his uncle, who lives in Brooklyn. His money gave out on the way, and he was trying to go the remainder of his journey without money.

County Physician Westcott of Scotch Plains viewed the remains and gave a permit for burial. The body was given to Undertaker Casey, who has retained it since Sunday awaiting word from the boy's mother, to whom a telegram was promptly sent. Up to noon to-day nothing had been heard from her.

On the same train with the unfortunate Lauderback, was another young man, who was also stealing a ride, having no money. The two had become acquainted on the train as friends in distress.

The other fellow did not jump when the crash came, and was saved from injury.

He was brought to Plainfield, where some Plainfield ladies of the Relief Association learn of his misfortune and gave him money to continue to his home, for which he was deeply grateful.

THE GROCERS' OUTING.

A LARGE CROWD GO TO PAPIAC ON THEIR EXCURSION.

A Merry Company of Men Women and Children, at the Popular Coast Resort.

Fifteen hundred and ninety-eight people took part in the Grocers' Excursion to Papiac yesterday. It was the third annual excursion given by the grocers and was a great success.

They took two sections of trains composed of 15 and 10 cars respectively.

The excursion was the the largest that ever went to Papiac from here and Capt. Boynton says it was the largest that ever visited the beach. There were over 7,000 people in the grove during the day.

The Plainfield people were as merry as they could be. They danced, and played ball, rode on the merry-go-round, and ate 5,000 clams, much corn and other things to satisfy their hunger.

The obliging clerks were there in great number. It was a day when they had recourse from coreoline, cotillene, canned goods, Oolong's Mocha and Java.

Ed. O. Webster, Neelie Sharker, Three E. Dunn, Cross and Black well Smith, and others of the Committee went out boatting. They came near being washed through the mistake of their boatman, but escaped with a slight wetting. They all returned safe in the evening safe, sound, and satisfied.

PERSONAL.

Misses Ida and Belle Lewis of Somerset street have retured from a months visit at Mt. Tabor.

Mr. E. Corydon Tyler, formerly of Crescent avenue, but now living in Brooklyn is visiting friends in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Fleming and family of Park avenue are expected home to-morrow from Rogers' Rock, Lake George, where they have been for several weeks past.

Messrs. H. Langford, Geo. O. Stevens, T. B. King, Jr., Alfred B. Lord, A. Schuneneacha, Percy VanAlstyne and J. E. S. Peirie, of this city were registered at the Cataract House, Niagara Falls Sunday.

Mr. Edwin B. Daly, of West Second street, who was taken ill with pleuropneumonia a little over a week ago, is dead, his demise occurring last Sunday. Deceased was the eldest of three sons of Mr. and Mrs. James Daly, with whom he always resided. He was born at Plessington, N. J., twenty-six years ago, and spent his schooldays in that place. He entered the office of the Flemington Democrat, as an apprentice to the newspaper business, and after other experience, settled down as a compositor and editor on this paper. In time his faithfulness and general ability secured him the position of foreman of THE NEWS, and later that of a NEWS' reporter, which latter position he held for several years up until a few months ago. He had a large circle of friends, with whom he was very popular. His funeral will take place to-morrow, as per death notice elsewhere.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

THE HILLSIDE TENNIS CLUB'S SECOND ANNUAL GAMES A SUCCESS.

Albert Simmonds and August Huntington Win the Doubles, and Albert Simmonds is Champion at Singles—Saturday Afternoon Tea—A Large Attendance.

A most charming picture greeted the eyes of everyone who had occasion to witness the second annual tournament games of the Hillside Tennis Club on their club grounds, corner of Broadway and Hillside avenue, on Saturday afternoon and all day yesterday.

One or more of the four courts of the club was constantly in use and surrounded all the time with a bordering fringe of the beauty and fashion of Plainfield.

The day was perfect. The air was clear and refreshingly cool (though from appearances the players thought otherwise), and the gay, laughing faces of the young people, together with their bright costumes stood out harmoniously with the background of dark foliage of the shrubbery and tall shady trees.

Bicycles were left standing here and there against the trees and embankments in a careless, though picturesque, manner.

A short distance from this gay scene, there was a dark colored, vine-covered, club house, just outside of which, on the shady lawn, the Misses Tweedy, assisted by Miss Bessie Ginna, the Misses Erskine, Mrs. H. Augusta Schuyler and Miss Lena Morgan, on Saturday afternoon, served tea and wafers, in a charming manner, from a small table tastefully decorated for the occasion.

This peaceful and beautiful scene on the one hand was intensified by the exciting games on the other These games were in nearly every case well played and closely contested, and held the attention of the audience according to their interest in the games or players.

The tournament began at three o'clock Saturday afternoon and continued all day Monday with the following results:

SINGLES.

FIRST ROUND.

Albert Simmonds defeated August Huntington, 6-1, 6-1.

Sherwood West defeated G. Harry Squires, 6-3, 6-2.

C. Morgan defeated D. O. Tiffany by default.

F. B. Millick and E. H. Booth both defaulted.

J. H. P. Wharton defeated D. C. Ivins by default.

Henry West defeated Archibald Cox, 6-0, 10-8.

James P. Murray defeated Louis Newman, 1-6, 6-4, 6-1.

W. V. Keeler defeated E. L. Walz, Jr., 6-3, 6-3.

SECOND ROUND.

Albert Simmonds defeated Sherwood West, 6-3, 6-3.

C. Morgan won by default.

Henry West defeated J. H. P. Wharton, 6-0, 4-6, 6-1.

THIRD ROUND.

Albert Simmonds defeated C. Morgan, 6-0, 6-4.

Henry West defeated James P. Murray, 6-0, 6-3.

FINAL.

Albert Simmonds defeated Henry West, 6-3, 6-1, 6-1.

DOUBLES.

FIRST ROUND.

H. W. Beebe and E. L. Walz, Jr., defeated Fred K. Fisk, Jr., and J. Anthony, 8-6, 6-1.

Albert Simmonds and August Huntington defeated G. Harry Squires and W. V. Keeler, 6-0, 6-3.

Sherwood West and R. A. Beebe defeated Archibald Cox and Henry West, 6-2, 3-6, 6-1.

SECOND ROUND.

H. W. Beebe and E. L. Walz—Bye (no opponents.)

Albert Simmonds and August Huntington defeated Sherwood West and R. A. Beebe, 6-4, 7-5.

FINAL.

Albert Simmonds and August Huntington defeated H. W. Beebe and E. L. Walz, Jr., 7-5, 6-4, 6-4.

The prizes were Beeckman rackets. Albert Simmonds for winning both doubles and singles received two, and August Huntington received one for winning in doubles.

The champion, Albert Simmonds, having played throughout the tournament in both singles and doubles, was very tired toward the end of the finals, but his powerful, well timed strokes and easy manner enabled him to outplay his opponents at great. In the tournament last year he was beaten by the same players whom he defeated this year. His improved playing is due to continual practice.

Wholesome Health Laws.

The Sanitary Code of the Board of Health requires every privy vault and cesspool to be emptied and cleaned out at least once in each year. The law prohibits the throwing of any slops or refuse substances into such underground structures. The ordinance requires also that—

1.—All occupants of houses shall provide suitable water-tight receptacles, properly covered, not larger than a half-barrel, for holding kitchen garbage, swill and offal, into which such refuse shall be placed.

2.—Every householder shall have all such refuse matter removed from their premises as often as twice a week from April 1 to November 1. No sawdust or rubbish shall be placed in the same receptacle containing the kitchen garbage.

3.—All such kitchen refuse thus taken care of by the householder and placed in such receptacles, will be removed by regularly licensed garbage collectors (and by no other persons) for a moderate compensation.

—The Plainfield Bicycle Club will hold its regular monthly meeting next Monday evening.

DER KOENIGSHUETZEN.

CONDUCTED BY THE GESANG TURN-VEREIN YESTERDAY.

A Great Day With the Germans—List of Prize Winners Mrs. Klinsman Wins the Queen's Prize.

LL the members of the Gesang and Turnverein shooting team of this vicinity, and their friends, spent yesterday morning at Keller's Grove, a picturesque spot on the mountain

where the day was celebrated in characteristic German style. Part of the festival occasion consisted in shooting at the king bird—der koenigshuetzen.

The Germans had their wives and families or their sweethearts with them and made merry the whole day long. Shortly after noon a wooden bird, which is placed at the top of some tall tree on the mountain, where it is grazed away at until it is shot all to pieces.

It is a very old German custom, and usually continues for many days every year. The Germans themselves who partook of yesterday could give no further information of the origin of the day.

The one who shoots away the last piece of the bird is called the king, and gets the highest prize, which in this case was a handsome gold medal. This honor was won by John Winkelbols, who also shot away a wing.

The person who makes the best shot is called the queen, and also gets a gold medal. This honor was won by Mrs. Herman Klinsman.

He who shoots off the head of the bird becomes crown prince. Jos. Haurand won the title yesterday.

Mr. Herman Klinsman shot off the remaining wing, winning the prize of $3 in cash.

At the Independent Club contest, Mr. Klinsman won the prize and gold medal. The other prize winners were as follows:

Crown Prince—Fred Parsch.

One wing—William Pi-reon.

The other wing—Ex-King Fred Beehtel.

The winners of honors hold their titles for one year until won away from them.

CRESCENTS WIN THE BANNER.

By Easily Defeating the Westfields Yesterday Morning.

Yesterday morning's game of ball between the Crescents and Westfields was made doubly interesting by the offering of a silk banner to the winning team, by Mr. Drake of Westfield.

The game was called one for ball playing, and in consequence a large crowd was in attendance when the umpire called "play," at 10:35 o'clock.

The Westfields were in high glee when they were informed that Murphy was to pitch against them. So sure were they of winning that their second best pitcher, Lever, was left at home.

The visitors thought that Murphy would be "pie" for them, judging from the way he pitched against the Westfield ago Saturday, in one inning. They had reckoned without their host, however for Murphy came in fine condition and pitched a perfect game. Westfield made as many hits of his delivery in that one inning above mentioned as they did in the entire nine innings yesterday.

The Crescents solved Clare's curves in the third inning to the tune of four base hits, which netted them four runs, the first to be scored. In the fifth inning a base on balls and a two-bagger gave the home team another run. After two men were out in the sixth Tarner lined the Crescent players crossed the plate, making the total eight runs.

Westfield failed to make a hit off of Murphy until the sixth inning when Lever surprised everybody by making a three-bagger, and scoring on Ollis' single. He made another run in the eighth inning. This settled the run-getting, making the Crescents winners of the banner by a total of eight to four. The score:

CRESCENTS.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Hofford, c	2	0	9	0	1
W. Murphy, lf	1	1	1	0	0
Turner, rf	2	1	0	1	0
Daley, 3b	1	1	0	2	1
Leidy, cf	0	1	1	0	1
Bonnell, ss	0	1	2	3	0
Bonner, ss	0	1	3	1	0
Brady, 1b	0	1	11	0	0
T. Murphy, p	2	1	1	0	0
Totals	8	7	27	6	4

WESTFIELD.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Sharrott, 1b	0	0	0	0	0
Meindoe, lf	0	0	1	0	0
Tarner, 2b	0	0	4	1	0
Lever, c	0	1	7	0	0
Howe, ss	0	0	2	2	1
Ollis, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Turner, c	0	0	4	3	0
Clare, p	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	0	2	19	8	1

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents	0	0	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	—8
Base hits	0	0	4	0	1	1	0	1	0	—7
Westfield	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2
Base hits	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	—2

Earned runs—Crescents, 2; Westfield, 1. Two base hit—Daley. Three base hit—Lever. Sacrifice hit—Turner. Struck out—By Murphy, 10; by Clare, 1. Stolen bases—Crescents, 5; Westfield, 2. Left on bases—Crescents, 5; Westfield, 4. Passed ball—Warner. Time—1h. Umpire—Sullivan and Hudson.

The Afternoon Game.

The Crescents' victims in the afternoon were the Highland A. C. of Philadelphia. With Turner in the box, the home team shut the team from the Quaker City out until the ninth inning, when they were allowed to score. It was what is called, complimentary, as "Tuck" had them at his mercy during the entire game.

Eight runs were scored by the Crescents to the visitors' one. The score:

CRESCENTS.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Hofford, c	1	1	11	1	0
W. Murphy, lf	1	1	1	0	0
Turner, 1b	1	3	9	2	0
Daley, 3b	0	1	0	1	1
Leidy, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Brady, rf	3	0	0	1	0
Bonnell, ss	0	0	1	2	0
Bonner, ss	0	0	1	1	0
Jones, lb	1	1	3	0	0
Bechtel, p	1	0	0	3	0
T. Murphy, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	8	7	27	10	1

HIGHLAND A. C.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Holland, 2b	0	0	1	3	0
Meyers, ss	0	0	2	3	1
Smith, lf	0	0	1	0	0
Ellis, 1b	0	0	11	0	0
Holland, 3b	0	0	1	2	0
Ellis, c	0	0	7	1	0
Ochs, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Beehm, cf	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	24	9	1

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	—8
Base hits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	—7
Highland A. C.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Base hits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Earned runs—Crescents, 3. Two base hits—Murphy, Bonnell. Sacrifice hit—Bechtel. Stolen bases—Hofford, Turner, Leidy, Bonnell, Brady, Jones, Bechtel. Left on bases—Crescents, 7; Highland A. C., 5. Struck out—By Bechtel, 9; by Murphy, 2. Passed ball—Hofford. Time—1h. Umpire—Sullivan.

HINRICH WINS FAME.

A PLAINFIELD WHEELMAN RACES A GAINST WORLD CHAMPIONS.

He Captures Two First Prizes and One Second Prize.—Zimmerman Makes Another Record.—Fritts of Plainfield Also a Winner.

Among the several hundred athletes entered for competition in the first annual cycling and athletic games under the auspices of the Passaic Athletic Club at Clifton race track Saturday afternoon was Mr. A. T. Hinrichs of this city. He is a tall, slim young man, about twenty-two years of age, with a light complexion and smooth face. He rides a 22 pound Columbia racer and may be seen every day on our good roads training.

Recently he has given up road racing and devoted his attention to track racing. He was entered in the Asbury Park races but failed to make much showing.

Here is his Saturday record:

One-mile Bicycle Race, Novice, Scratch —First heat, 4 entries: William Hardifer, Passaic A. C.; H. Soule, Passaic A. C., second. Time, 3 minutes, 45 1-5 seconds. Second heat, 4 entries: A. C. Brown, Bedford Wheelmen; A. W. Fishbougist, Englewood Wheelmen, second. Time, 3 minutes, 46 seconds. Third heat, won by A. T. Hinrichs, unattached; E. T. Bau, Centaur Cycle Club, second. Time, 3 minutes, 47 2-5 seconds. Fourth heat, won by J. A. Woodward, Elizabeth A. C.; Walter Graham, Crescent Cycle Club, second. Time, 9 minutes, 50 seconds Final heat won by A. T. Hinrichs; William Hardifer, second; J. A. Woodward, third. Time, 2 minutes, 41 3-5 seconds.

The prize for this race was a gold stop watch.

Three-quarter-mile Bicycle, Handicap —First heat won by W. A. Townsend, R. A. C. C., 120 yards; Henry J. Pote, L. E. B. C., 85 yards, second; George R. Waters, Centaur, 100 yards, third; O. S. Brandt, M. A. C., 135 yards. Time, 1 minute, 47 seconds. Second heat, won by George Taylor, M. A. C., scratch; A. T. Hinrichs, unattached, 110 yards, second; J. H. Judge, Riverside Wheelmen, 95 yards, third; George W. Coffin, Orange A. C., 80 yards, fourth. Time, 1 minute, 49 1-5 seconds. Final heat won by A. T. Hinrichs; O. S. Brandt, second; George W. Coffin third. Time, 1 mine 44 1-5 seconds.

The prize for this race was a Lyndhurst pneumatic road racer.

In the one mile Bicycle Handicap, Zimmerman, the world's champion, made the world's record for the mile in competition by riding it in 2 minutes and 19 seconds.

AT RAHWAY, FRITTS FIRST AND HINRICHS SECOND.

At the fourth meet of the Union County Roadsters held in Rahway yesterday afternoon, Andrew S. Fritts of this city, won first prize in the one mile novice race and Nathan R. Titsworth second prize. The time was 2.50.

The Plainfield boys had several bad falls, caused by being fouled. Hinrich's tire was burst, and the forks of the wheel ridden by Nate Titsworth were broken.

There were fully two thousand people present, among them many from this city.

HINRICH GETS SECOND PRIZE AT ELIZABETH.

A large and enthusiastic audience were present yesterday to witness the bicycle races at the New Jersey Jockey Club grounds at Elizabeth. The one-mile handicap race was won by George C. Smith, U. C. B., scratch. Time 2.47½. A. T. Hinrichs, P. B. C., 60 yards, second; time 2.51, R. G. Laggren, E. A. C., 80 yards, third 2.51½.

Hinrich's prize was a tennis racket.

The team race, Saltonstall Cup championship of Union county. Two miles—Won by Elizabeth wheelmen. Charles Brown, first, 1.31½; William Bettner, second, 6.33; F. C. Gilbert, third, 6.35.

The Plainfield team were out-classed in the Saltonstall-cup race, and dropped out before the finish.

BREVITIES

—Don't forget the primaries to morrow night.

—The regular meeting of the Hillside Tennis Club will be held in the club house to-morrow evening.

—The regular meeting of the Plainfield Camera Club will be held at the club rooms this evening at eight o'clock.

—James Totten was arrested in the borough by Marshal Pangborn for being drunk and disorderly, and fined $5 by Justice Crossley.

—The following mortuary advertisement is taken from an English paper:

Beneath this stone, in hope of Zion,
Doth lay the landlord of the Lion;
His luck was great, his pluck was small,
Resigned unto the Heavenly will.

—Michael Whelan was arrested in North Plainfield Saturday evening by deputy Marshal Stewart for being drunk and disorderly. Justice Crossley fined him $5.

—Mrs. S. E. Lyons and son were injured in a runaway accident at Milburn, Saturday night. A loose plank on a bridge started the horses. The carriage was upset.

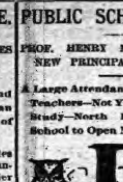
—An alarm of fire about 6.45 o'clock last evening called out the fire department. The fuse of the electric light in the doorway of the Dime Savings Bank had burned out. Do damage was done.

—The New Jersey Land Improvement Company have bought from Dr. Thicksteen, a handsome lot on Second avenue, they will move in order that they may extend Mansion place through to Third street. The residents of that neighborhood have for some time been complainfor of the large pool of water which coming from Bonds Yard Wards section in Mansion place, and it is thought has caused some of the scarlet fever now in the neighborood. The opening of the street will allow the water to run off to the brook.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS OPEN.

PROF. HENRY M. MAXSON, THE NEW PRINCIPAL, IN CHARGE.

A Large Attendance of Scholars and Teachers—Not Yet Settled Down to Study—North Plainfield's Public School to Open Next Tuesday.



N nearly all the homes in Plainfield, this morning, everything was excitement for the boysand girls preparing for the first day at school. The season of 1892-93 began this morning in Plainfield.

Under the new principal, Prof. Henry M. Maxson, are the following efficient corps of teachers:

STILLMAN BUILDING.

Union and West Fifth streets.

Mr. Edwin S. Hunt, Vice Principal Senior Class; Miss H. E. Delano, Junior Class; Miss E. E. Niles, Third Class; Miss Lizzie Whitney, Fourth Class; Mr. F. S. Smith, Science Class; Miss C. B. Fenwick, First Grammar Class; Miss M. E. Benedict First Grammar Class; Miss Lena Tomlinson, Second Grammar Class.

FRANKLIN SCHOOL.

Union and West Fifth streets.

Miss Alice W. Lansing, Second Grammar Class; Miss Anna Dey, Third Grammar Class; S. Lewis Bass, Third Grammar Class; Miss A. L. Scudder, Fourth Grammar Class; Miss M. L. Wood, Principal, First Primary Class; Miss Emma Force, Second Primary Class; Miss Geo. G. Mitchell, Third Primary Class; Miss Kate D. Kimball, Fourth Primary Class; Miss M. L. Sutphen, Fifth Primary Class; Miss C. Barber, Fifth Primary Class.

WASHINGTON SCHOOL.

West Fifth and Liberty streets.

Miss Millicent E. Hampston, Vice Principal First Primary Class; Miss A. W. Boorsem, Second Primary Class; Miss Gertrude Cheshman, Third Primary Class; Miss S. L. Wood, Fourth Primary Class; Miss M. E. Colony, Fifth Primary Class; Miss G. M. Page, Fifth Primary Class.

BRYANT SCHOOL.

East Sixth street near Richmond.

Miss Anna W. Ticknor, Fourth Grammar Class; Miss M. L. Wood, Vice Principal First Primary Class; Miss E. L. Lewis, Second Primary Class; Miss Jennie Thomas, Third Primary Class; Miss Louise B. Runyon, Third Primary Class; Miss Margaret R. Case, Third Grammar Class; Miss Clara Tichnor, Fifth Primary Class; Miss E. P. Low, Fifth Primary Class; Miss C. P. Cadmus, Sixth Primary Class; Miss Mary Hyer, assistant or sub.

IRVING SCHOOL.

Fourth street and Monroe avenue.

Miss L. D. Wenzel, Fourth Grammar Class; Miss Genevieve Petrie, Vice Principal First Primary Class; Miss A. L. Wilcox, Second Primary Class; Miss Lottie W. Stillman, Third Primary Class; Miss Louise N. Wood, Fourth Primary Class; Miss A. A. Wood, Sixth Primary Class; Miss T. E. Tabor (sub) Sixth Primary Class; Miss Hattie Filmer, Sixth Primary Class.

Music Teacher, Mr. Thomas E. Hasell; Drawing Teacher, Mr. A. W. Dow; Music Opening Stillman, Miss M. A. Maxson; Music Opening Franklin, Miss Lena Tomlinson; Music Opening Washington, Miss G. M. Page.

The teachers and scholars generally are in good health and spirits and start in with the school work with a vim, which they have not yet settled down to study.

The North Plainfield public school does not open until next Tuesday, Sept. 13th.

The Parochial schools opened to day with an attendance of over three hundred. The scholars after being warmly greeted by the Rev. Father Smyth were assigned their rooms and buckled down to hard study.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Why Plainfield is Called "The Colorado of the East."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Why do you call Plainfield the "Colorado of the East?" I am very anxious to know. Being a sufferer from bronchitis and hoping at every stop. Your appellation makes it sound as if Plainfield is a health resort. If you will kindly answer my enquiry you will greatly favor.

JAS. H. COUZENS,
Yonkers, N.Y.

Plainfield is a well-known health resort for people who live rationally, and give Nature half a chance.

Her pure air, good water, excellent digestion and a cheerful disposition will find much in Plainfield that is enjoyable. In fact, the only ailments we have won for it the title of "the Queen City of New Jersey," are those of the chronic kind. The "Colorado of the East" from Dr. Ezra Loomis of New York, one of the leading physicians in this country. This is the story.

Dr. Loomis to patient—(a New York merchant who was doing business on Broadway and suffering with bronchial and lung trouble)—"I can do nothing for you here in this climate. You must go to Colorado."

Patient—"But my business will not permit me to go so far."

Physician—"Well, go to Plainfield, New Jersey; that is the Colorado of the East."

It is an excellent summer resort, and the name at the head of our paper.

The judgment of the profession is borne out by statistics, which we have often published.

The last issue of the State Board of Health report. It shows that Plainfield has the lowest death rate of any city in the state, averaging for the last five years, notwithstanding that it is a sort of retreat for people who come here in search of health, and who frequently die, and who generally succeed. Many Brooklyn people, for instance, try it, and become permanent residents because they are unable to withstand the damp atmosphere of Brooklyn and find the dry air and porous non-malarious soil of Plainfield beneficial to them.

Our correspondent can find much more than try Plainfield.

LEAGUE BALL GAMES.

NO CHANGE IN THE POSITION OF THE CLUBS.

Plainfield won from Westfield and the Elizabeths got Their Customary Drubbing by the Somervilles Saturday.—Score Plainfield, 4; Westfield, 1.

No change was made in the position of the clubs in the Central New Jersey League by the result of Saturday's games, as Plainfield won from Westfield, and Somerville defeated Elizabeth.

The race for the championship now promises to be a battle royal. The remaining two games of the league series between the old rivals—Crescents and West Ends—will be the most exciting of the season. The Crescents will have to win both games to win the pennant.

Saturday's game at Westfield was made up of "kicking". The umpire's decisions were as fair as could be asked for, yet every close decision would be the signal for some player of the W. A. C. to set up a big "kick." Twice during the game Umpire Sullivan was compelled to borrow Manager Reed's watch to time them because they refused to return to the field and resume the game, but each time before the expiration of the legal five minutes the Westfield team would get back to their positions and "play" ball.

By bunching their hits in the first inning the Crescents scored three runs and virtually won the game, as only one run was tallied afterward, making a total of four runs.

Westfield made its lone run in the second inning. Twice after that they succeeded in getting men to second and third base, but the runners were unable to score.

Sneeden was put in the box, although protesting that he was unwell, and pitched a winning ball.

Sharrott twirled the leather for Westfield, and tried hard to win, but he could not win alone, as his support was very poor. The score:

CRESCENTS.

	AB	R	BH	PO	SO	BB	SB	A	E
Hofford, c.f	4	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0
Murphy, lf	4	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0
Turner, 2b	4	1	0	4	0	0	1	1	2
Daley, 3b	4	2	1	2	0	0	0	4	1
Leidy, r.f	4	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0
Brady, r.f	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Bonnell, s.s	4	0	0	2	1	0	0	6	0
Jones, 1b	4	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0
Sneeden, p	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Totals	4	3	2	7	3	3	4	14	3

WESTFIELD.

Sharrott, p	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0
Meindoe, l.f	4	0	2	4	0	1	0	0	0
Tarner, 2b	4	0	1	2	3	0	0	1	0
Lever, c.f	4	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0
Howe, s.s	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0
Ollis, 1b	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0
Warner, c	4	0	0	6	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	4	1	8	24	1	2	3	10	4

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Plainfield	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—4	
Base hits	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—4	
Westfield	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1	
Base hits	0	2	1	2	0	0	1	1	—8	

Earned runs—Plainfield, 2; Westfield, 1. Two base hits—Meindoe, Ollis with bases. Hofford, Brady, Warner. Left on bases—Plainfield, 9; Westfield, 10; Time—1.45. Umpire—Sullivan.

West Ends, 9; Elizabeths, 4.

The West Ends rather easily defeated the Elizabeths Saturday, although they only made two more hits than the Young Men. The score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
West Ends	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	—9	
Elizabeths	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	—4	

THE CLUBS NOW STAND:

Clubs.	Played	Somerville	Plainfield	Westfield	Elizabeth	Games won	Per cent.
Plainfield	16	0	0	4	11		.678
Somerville	8	8	4	4	11		.678
Elizabeth	22	11	11	1	5		.318
Westfield	22	11	11	0	5		.313
Games lost	5	5	11	11			

—The color of the wrapper has nothing to do with the strength or flavor of a cigar.

FOR men who work, and women who worry,

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

means tonic, recuperative energy. A royal summer dish.

DEATHS.

DALY—Edward B. Daly, died Sept. 4th, '92, aged 26 years, 8 months, 2 days. Funeral from his late residence, on Second street, Wednesday (to-morrow), Sept. 7th, at nine o'clock a. m., at St. Mary's church, at 9.30. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Cholera in Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 6. (Special.)—The steamer India, from Duluth to Buffalo, touched here yesterday, having the body of the eight months old child of W. J. Sables, who died after a sickness of twenty-four hours, with all the symptoms of Asiatic cholera.

More Cholera.

QUARANTINE, S. I., Sept. 6. (Special.)—There were ten new cases reported on the Rugia and Normannia this morning.

Still More Cholera.

LONDON, Sept. 6. (Special.)—It is reported that cholera has made its appearance in the garrisons of Limoges and Poictiers in France.

The Plainfield Legion Have a Good Time at Pitzabeth.

There was a temperance rally at Elizabeth in honor of the visit of the Loyal Legion of the State, led by Co. A of Plainfield.

They formed into line on Broad street and marched to Market hall, where at three o'clock in the afternoon interesting exercises were held.

Mrs. Tomlinson of Plainfield, the gifted County President of the W. C. T. U. made the opening address, and, among other particularly interesting events, were a recitation by Master Philip Kneehil and a solo by Miss Edith Conover.

The address of welcome on behalf of the Plainfield Loyal Legion is Miss Addie Winter, by whose efforts the affair proved such a gratifying success.

The company returned by stage, reaching Plainfield about seven o'clock in the evening and concluded the programme by giving three hearty cheers for Miss Winter of Plainfield.

The beautiful banner carried in the procession by the Plainfield legion was painted by Mrs. Van Arsdale of East Front street, the artist.

The legion is under the care of the Young Women's Christian Temperance Union and reflects great credit upon these estimable young ladies.

Cent-a-Word Column.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A T 19 Craig place, pleasant furnished rooms and good board. Rooms for Fall and Winter can now be made. 30 6 3w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A SITUATION wanted by a competent cook. Will do washing and ironing. 111 Richmond street, near Putnam avenue. 6 3

HELP WANTED.

A GOOD girl wanted as cook, washer and ironer. Must be well recommended and have references from last place. "J. M. C.," care of EVENING NEWS. Stiffed.

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to sell kefit orders for nursery stock; expenses and salary to men who can leave home and travel; also counter clerks. Stone & Wellington, write for terms and territory. Address R. G Chase & Co., 1480 S. Penn St., Phila., Pa. 8 12 2m eod

WANTED—Colored man and wife. Man to take care of grounds, etc., and to make himself generally useful; woman for general housework. Those afraid of work need not apply. The Gables, Netherwood. 2 4

WANTED—In a family of three, a cook and laundress. Apply at 106 Broad. 1 5

YOUNG WOMEN DESIRING TO BECOME NURSES SHOULD APPLY TO DR. COOLEY, 55 WESTERVELT AVENUE. 8 22tf

FOR RENT.

A CONVENIENT six-room cottage in a good neighborhood to let for ten dollars a month. Call at 35 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 6 3w

FOUR nice rooms, with water, to rent. 112 Jackson avenue. 6 3

TO LET—New house, seven rooms; vestibule doors; fine pantry and wash tubs. Inquire 327 Somerset street. 6 3

FOR SALE.

COLUMBIA tricycle for sale, cheap; or would exchange for pheeton or carriage. Wm. Haslig, Chimney Rock. 3 6

FOR SALE—A Bradley oak painted surrey with cushion tops. Apply to R. B. Cosgrove, 31 Hillside avenue. 2 5

FOR SALE—House, seven rooms, three minutes walk from North avenue station, also lot at Evona. Address, R., care EVENING NEWS. 3-5

HAY FOR SALE—All persons wanting to buy hay for the Winter at reasonable prices, call or address 90 Grandview avenue. 9 2tf

20 MILE view from Denton's Hillside cemetery. Building plots, palms, ferns and lemon for sale. 7 4

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized road. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 1tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Cash furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 8 23tf

WANTED—In private family, good neighborhood, an unfurnished floor, sunny ex

EDITORIAL NOTES

The curious revenues are increasing. It is officially declared at the treasury department.

Some men always get the best of an argument by never giving the other fellow a chance to say a word.

The British know more than we Americans about some things. For instance, they have been wise enough to elect thirty-five newspaper men to the new house of commons. There will now be some short speeches and some fun. Of the thirty-five journalists it is needless to add that a majority of them—all but seven in fact—belong to the Liberal party. Newspapers men are always up with the wagon.

A story is told of a political debate in a certain part of this country, no matter where, which there must be some mistake about. It was expected to be a great field day, being a joint debate between two candidates for a prominent office. One of the candidates caused it to be printed on the circulars containing invitations to the meeting that his address was to be delivered only to men. The reason of this was that he wished to spice it with anecdotes which no woman could listen to. For the credit of political campaigns in America one hopes the story is not true. The candidate who, in a public address purporting to enlighten his audience on the political issues of the day, will scatter broadcast stories offensive to gentlemen or to anybody of a refined, clean mind, deserves to be hooted out of decent society. A political meeting is not a pothouse gathering.

The Most Disagreeable American.

"The man who spits on this floor does not expect to-rate as a gentleman," is a sign that is said to be posted conspicuously in a certain office. The Philadelphia Press, whose editor has been minister in a foreign court and observed that gentlemen in Europe do not indulge in the nasty habit of expectorating before folk, says on this subject some words that will find an echo in every clean man's soul. It is a nuisance, meanwhile to know that the Pittsburgers are such nice men. The Press remarks:

The antispitters organization, formed in Pittsburg a little over a year ago, has maintained with the utmost vigor its campaign of disgusting habit of spitting. Its placards are displayed all over the city and give gentle hints to those who are inclined to yield to an ugly freedom. It is a pity that there is not some such organization in Philadelphia. The need of it becomes every day more apparent. The horse cars have made a feeble effort to stop this nuisance, but the prohibition not "spit on the floor of this car" is obeyed only when a man can expectorate out of the window. As most of the windows are closed the injunction becomes a dead letter. The frequency of sidewalk spitting is also unpleasantly noticeable. There is no reason why refined men should in smooth flagstone disfigured by frequent blotches of spit. The man who cannot step to the curb to spit should be ashamed and can be pushed into it. If there is no other way to stop this habit the women should see what influence they can exert.

Co-operative Farm Societies.

Successful co-operative societies among farmers, though rare, yet exist, several of them. The grange movement that promised so much soon after the war was not a failure for from its mistakes the agriculturist learned how to conduct co-operative enterprises that have not turned out wrong. Co-operative creameries and cheese factories among farmers are not uncommon The Philadelphia Milk Producers' Supply company is another instance of how farmers can climb on top, uniting their resources and ideas.

The most conspicuous example of the success of a genuine co-operative agricultural store is perhaps to be found in the Johnson County (Kan.) Co-operative association. In 1876, some time after the great granger wave had reached flood tide and subsided, this society was organized. Sixty members joined and paid in $300, and that was the capital with which the Johnson county organization started on its career. Now, sixteen years later, the paid up capital is $100,000 and the membership is 700. There is a sinking fund of $50,000, showing that farmers can learn and use business principles as well as bankers and manufacturers can when they set their heads to it. At the headquarters in Johnson county the company's building is worth $50,000, and the stock of goods it contains is large and valuable. Besides this these farmers who mean business have six branch stores and own and run a newspaper.

Under the system pursued in Johnson county the stockholders patronize their store, paying cash for what they get at the usual retail price. At the end of the year they divide the profits that have accrued. This, on the whole, seems the system best adapted to the co-operative community. Last year the net profits were a little less than $20,000 in the Johnson county society.

The Texas Co-operative association, organized in 1878, has been fully as successful. The famous Riverside Fruit Growers' association, of California, is an illustration of what co-operation among ranchers will do. So is the Fruit Growers' union, of southern New Jersey. This organization markets its own products and pockets all the profits. The bad custom among farmers of buying goods on credit is the worst obstacle to the success of co-operative stores among them.

HARRISON'S NOMINATION

It Is Formally Accepted in an Address to His Party.

THE REPUBLICAN POLICY REVIEWED

Protection to American Industries, "a Free Ballot and a Fair Count," Bimetallism and the Administration's Foreign Policy the Chief Issues Discussed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—The following is President Harrison's letter accepting the Republican nomination for the office of president of the United States:

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3, 1892.

Hon. William McKinley, Jr., and Others:

GENTLEMEN:—Your formal notice of the first period of relief from public duties to respond to the notification which you brought to me on June 21st of my renomination for the office of president of the United States by the Republican national convention recently held at Minneapolis, I accept the nomination, and am grateful for the approval expressed by the convention of the acts of the administration. I have endeavored without wavering or weariness, so far as the direction of public affairs was concerned, to keep faith with the people who made the people in 1888. If the policies of the administration have not been distinctively and progressively American and Republican policies, the fault has not been in the purpose, but in the execution.

I shall speak frankly of the legislation of congress and of the work of the executive departments, for the credit of any measure that may have been attained in in such measure due to others—senators and representatives, and to the efficient heads of executive and judicial departments—that I may do so without impropriety. A vote of want of confidence is asked by our adversaries, and a challenge to a review of what has been done we promptly and gladly accept.

The great work of the Fifty-first congress has been subjected to the revision of a Democratic house of representatives, and the acts of the executive departments to the scrutiny and investigation. A Democratic national administration was succeeded by a Republican administration, and the freshness of the event gives unusual facilities for fair comparison and judgment. The verdict should be rendered, we think, when a change from the declared policies of the Republican to the declared policies of the Democratic party is proposed in such serious results to the business interests of the country. A brief review of what has been done and of what the Democratic party proposes to undo will justify this opinion.

The Financial Policy.

The Republican party during the civil war declared a national currency secured by the United States notes loaned and redeemable by the government, and of national bank notes based upon the security of United States bonds. A tax was levied upon the issues of state banks, and the intended result, that all such issues should be by the national banks, was accomplished. There are now no state bank issues. The notes furnished directly or indirectly by the United States are the basis of all banking and safe and acceptable paper currency of the people. Such a system we have now had for a generation, and upon the use of such money can approximate values in the production of wealth.

The denomination of a bill was then often no indication of its value. The bank detector of yesterday is the waste paper basket of today. Merchants depended several times during the day, let the hour of bank opening change, on the teleprocession of the money taken in the morning.

The traveler could not use in a journey to the east the bills received in business in the south or west, and, in consequence, a money changer's office was the familiar neighbor of the ticket office and of the railway station. The farmer and the laborer found the money received for their products or their labor greatly reduced when it came to make their purchases, and the whole business of the country was hindered and burdened. Changes may have occurred, but it came to make their purchases, and the whole business of the country was hindered and burdened. Changes may have occurred, but a national system of currency—safe and acceptable throughout the whole country—is the good fruit of bitter experience; and I am sure our people will not consent to the reactionary proposal made by the Democratic party.

The financial measures of the legislation enacted by the Fifty-first congress to recover to the United States the ocean carrying trade and the successful results that attended it, and stand out that the policy of reciprocity was also a large factor in such results. Of reciprocity itself the president says.

Reciprocity.

Great credit is due to Mr. Blaine for the vigor with which he pressed upon the last congress. We have only begun to realize the benefit of these trade arrangements. The work of creating new markets and of adapting our goods to new markets has necessarily taken time, but the results already attained are such, I am sure, as to establish in popular favor the policy of reciprocal trade, based upon the free imposition of such articles as do not injuriously compete with the products of our own fields and mines or factories, in exchange for the free or favored introduction of our products into other countries. The obvious efficacy of this policy in increasing the foreign trade of the United States at once attracted the adverse attention of European trade journals and boards of trade. The British board of trade has presented to its government a memorial asking for the appointment of a commission to consider the best means of counteracting what is called "the commercial crusade of the United States."

At a meeting held in March last of the associated chambers of commerce of Great Britain the president reported that the exports from Great Britain to the Latin American countries, during the last year had increased $20,000,000, and that this was not due to temporary causes, but directly to the reciprocity policy of the United States. Similar testimony comes also that shows their startled appreciation of the fact that a new and vigorous constraint has appeared in the trade of the world and has already secured important advantages. The most convincing evidence of the reaction from commercial stagnation which is to be found in the fact that Great Britain and Spain have recently concluded such reciprocal trade agreements with us for their West India islands, and that Germany and Austria have given the important concessions for which we have so continued free importation of their beet sugar.

The letter then gives in detail the increases in our trade under this policy and adds:

The Democratic platform promises a repeal of the tariff law containing this provision, an especial purpose to destroy the reciprocal trade that section of the law under which these trade arrangements have been made. If no other issue were in hand in the approaching election we would give it momentous importance. Are the farmers of the great grain growing states willing to surrender the large and increasing foreign markets for their surplus? Are we to have nothing in exchange for the free importation of sugar, coffee, tin plate, hides, and other articles which have always been free? Are we to have continued free importation of their best wool?

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The Doctrine of Protection.

The declaration of the platform in favor of the "the American doctrine of protection" meets my most hearty approval. It is not a new doctrine, but a well established, but a principle that is to control all tariff schedules. There may be difference of opinion as to the proper limitation to the rate upon particular articles necessary to effect an equalization between wages abroad and at home.

It is some not remote national campaigns the issue has been—or, more correctly, has been made to appear to be—free trade, and upon a low protective tariff, both parties expressing some solicitous regard for the wages of our workingmen. But in the last contest all of our domestic industries; but, under a more courageous leadership, the Democratic party has attempted to make the issue between a high and a tariff law without any regard to its effect upon wages or upon the capital invested in our various industries. The majority report of the committee on platform to the Democratic national convention at Chicago contains this clause:

"That when custom house taxation is levied upon articles of any kind produced in this country the difference between the cost of labor here and labor abroad, when such difference fairly measures the cost of production, is the labor, and the enormous additional impositions of the existing tariff fall with crushing force upon our farmers and workingmen."

Here we have a distinct Republican contention that American workmen are advantaged by a tariff rate equal to the difference between home and foreign wages, and a declaration only against the alleged "additional impositions" of the existing tariff law.

Again, this majority report further declared: "But in making a reduction in taxes it is not proposed to injure any native industries, but rather to promote their healthy growth." * * * Moreover, many industries have come to rely upon legislation for successful continuance, so that any change of it must be at every step regardful of the labor and the capital thus involved." Here we have an admission that many of our industries depend upon protective duties "for their successful continuance," and a declaration that tariff changes should be regardful of the vast interests in such industries and of the invested capital.

The Democratic Position.

The overwhelming rejection of these propositions, which had before received the sanction of Democratic national conventions, was not more indicative of the new and more courageous leadership by which the party was now committed itself than the substitute which was adopted. This substitute declares that "taxation duties are necessary for revenue only; protection, low protection—all unconstitutional. A Democratic congress holding this view cannot and will not, nor a Democratic president approve, any tariff schedule the purpose or effect of which is the imposition of taxes or give any advantage to an American workman or producer. A county might, I judge, be given to the impost under this view of the constitution in order to increase importations, and so the revenue—for "revenue only"—is the limitation. Reciprocity of course falls under the denunciation, for its object and effect are not revenue, but the promotion of commercial exchanges. The product which go wholly to foreign producers.

This destructive un-American doctrine was not held or taught by the historic Democratic statesmen, whose fame as American patriots has made their names honored among the people. Jefferson or Jackson. This mad crusade against American shops, the bitter partisan applied to American manufactures, the perverted ingenuity of the two coinest dollars would conduce to the prosperity of all the great producing and commercial nations of the world. The one essential condition is that these dollars shall have and retain an equal purchasing and value in all commercial transactions.

The monetary conditions in Europe within the last few months have, I think, tended very much to develop a sentiment in favor of a larger use of silver, and so much pleased and encouraged by the cordiality, earnestness and unanimity with which the invitation of this government to a conference of the nations upon this subject was accepted by the great powers. We may not only hope for but expect highly beneficial results from this conference, which will now soon assemble. When the result of the conference is known we shall then be able intelligently to readjust our financial legislation to any new conditions.

"A Free Ballot and a Fair Count."

In my last annual message to congress I said: "I trust attempts will not be made to intimidate or secure a calm, patriotic consideration of such constitutional or statutory changes as may be necessary to secure the choice of the officers of the government to the people by fair approximations of their populations. I believe it would be possible to constitute a non-partisan, non-partisan in its membership and composed of patriotic, well informed men, to whom the consideration of the questions of the evils connected with our election system and methods might be committed. * * * I do not urge a securing to every elector a free and unmolested exercise of the suffrage and as near an approach to equality of value in each ballot cast as is attainable. * * * The demand that the limitations of the age shall be found in the law, and only there, is a reasonable demand and no just man should resent or resist it."

It seemed to me that an appeal to our people to consider the question of legislating our population upon a constitutional basis, nonpartisan lines might find some effective response. Many times I have had occasion to say that laws and election methods designed to give unfair advantages to the party making them grow in some time be used I to perpetuate in power a faction of a party against the will of the majority of the people. Of this we seem to have an illustration in the recent state election in Alabama. There was no Republican ticket in the field.

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There is no security for the personal or political rights of any man in a community where any other man is deprived of his personal or political rights. The power of the state over the conditions of the qualification of electors is ample to protect them against the dangers of an ignorant or depraved suffrage, and the demand that every man found to be qualified under the law shall be made secure in the right to cast a free ballot and to have that ballot honestly counted and truly reported.

Our old Republican battle cry, "A free ballot and a fair count," comes back to us not only from Alabama, but from other states, and from men who, differing from us widely in opinions, have come to see that parties and political debate are of little value if, when the debate is ended, the judgment of honest majorities is to be reversed by ballot box frauds and false returns in the interest of the party or party faction in power.

These new political movements in the states, and the recent decisions of some of the state courts against unfair apportionment laws encourage the hope that the arbitrary and partisan election laws and practices which have prevailed may be corrected by the states, the laws made equal and nonpartisan, and the elections free and honest.

The Republican party would rejoice at such a solution of this grave and patriotic local settlement is the best assurance of its permanent existence. I shall again urge upon congress that provision be made for the appointment of a nonpartisan commission to consider the subject of apportionments and elections in their relation to the choice of federal officers.

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Mr. Ayer, the treasury agent in charge, early started, as the result of careful inquiry, that the production of the current year will be 10,000,000 barrels and that the end of the year our product will be at the rate of 30,000,000 pounds per annum.

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If the injustice of his employer tempts the workman to strike back he should be very sure that his blow does not fall upon his own head or upon his wife and children. The workmen in our great industries are on a par with their employers in intelligent, and in love of home and country. They may be roused by injustice, or what seems to them to be such, but not by resentment by others into acts of passion; but they will settle the tariff contest in the calm light of their reasoning powers with due reference to the prosperity of the country of which they are citizens and of the homes they have founded and their wives and children.

No intelligent advocate of a protective tariff claims that it is able of itself to maintain a uniform rate of wages without regard to fluctuations in the supply of and demand for the products of labor. It is confidently claimed that protective duties strongly tend to hold up wages, and are the only barrier against a reduction to the European level.

Shrewdly, but not quite fairly, our adversaries speak only of the increased duties imposed on them, passing lightly over and concealed by the McKinley bill, and omit altogether any reference to the great and beneficial enlargement of the list of articles on the free list. During the last fiscal year $456,000,772 worth of merchandise, or 56.3 per cent. of our total imports, came in free (the largest proportion in our history), and in 1891 the percentage of our importations was only 34.42 per cent. The placing of sugar upon the free list saves to the consumers the duties in fifteen months, after paying the bounties provided for, $85,000,000.

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None Such Mince Meat CONDENSED

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BABY : LAUGHS

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ANTI-CHAP.

For children and infants There is no preparation so cleansing and healthful for the little ones as Anti-Chap.

Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with

ANTI-CHAP POWDER.

Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

GET YOUR Bicycle Repaired at NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J. by Henry Goeller, Jr.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick, Carpenter and General Jobber. SHOP 35 Jackson Avenue.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan, MASONS and BUILDERS. 28 East Front Street.

First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons, MASON AND BUILDER, Corner of Washington avenue and Peper place.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 948.

PIKE-ON & GAYLE, Carpenters and Builders.

W. J. Pryon, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 24 Vine street.

All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH, PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.

Residence—Grandview avenue.

P. O. Box 21².

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Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. F. HOFFMAN, CARPENTER AND BUILDER, Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARNETT, Practical Carpenter and Builder. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Residence—Front street. Interior hard wood work a specialty.

JOHN HERRMANN, Carpenter, Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Sagest streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, 3 Sagest street.

The Most Economical System of Heating your House is to use the RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.'S PERFECT HOT WATER HEATER

To notice, no smoke, no dust, no easy to manage, no coal to carry, no stove, must FULLY GUARANTEED.

SOLD BY A. M. GRIFFEN, Plainfield, N. J

We Have a Full Line of Headlight and Lubricating Oil, FOR BICYCLES.

Put up expressly for us, which are now selling. Thirty bottles for 25 cents.

Marsh, Ayers & Co., 29 East Front street.

V. L. FRAZER, GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES 25 West Front Street.

CARRIAGES and HARNESS of Every Description. STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

Accessible at Any Time.

RYERSON, 33 SOMERSET STREET.

FRED. W. DUNN, Successor to Barkalew & Dunn, 18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Fine Groceries.

THREE BEE TEA

A. M. SEGUINE, PROPRIETOR OF Laing's Hotel Stables, on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for hire.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal! L. A. Rheaume, Ag't, 9 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for fine coal, which he confidently believes enables him to sell a cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

Lykens Lehigh and Rohrerbach Coal is best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

Rough and Dressed Lumber.

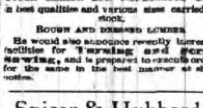
He would also announce recently increased facilities for sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY, Leading Lace Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grapevines, and shrubs. 9 30 tf

H. N. SPENCER, 79 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and seedsman. Groceries and provisions. Older vinegar 4 cts per gal. Ammoniac, W. G. U. C. rock, yellow stone wash, etc. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Send for potatoes, cabbage, lettuce, beets, carrots, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD MOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our operation is at no time offensive to the neighborhood. Prompt attention paid to disinfecting. Manufacturers of the Best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizer.

Telephone call 26.

THE DIME Savings Institution OF PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:00, 9:40 a. m., 11:00, 2:05, 4:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 4:00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITON MAILS.

Arrive—9:40 a. m., 1:05, 6:00 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

M'AULIFFE THE VICTOR.

He Wins the First Big Fight at the Pugilistic Carnival.

MYER LASTED FOR FIFTEEN ROUNDS.

The Champion Had Things All His Own Way from the Start Till He Finally Knocked the "Streator Cyclone" Out with One of His Right Handers.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 6.—Jack McAuliffe is still the peerless lightweight champion of the world. In a fierce battle of fifteen rounds last night he defeated Billy Myer, the "Streator Cyclone," who alone had the right to question his title to supremacy. It was the first fight of the great pugilistic carnival arranged, and despite a tremendous downpour of rain the amphitheater of the Olympic club was crowded, and thousands, unable to gain admission, stood outside and echoed back the cheers of the multitude within.

Before 9 o'clock the arena was uncomfortably full of men, who had paid $15 for box seats, $10 for lower seats and $7.50 for seats in the gallery, and when ex-Mayor Guillotte made the formal announcement that a contest for the lightweight championship of the world was about to take place he received a rousing cheer.

The men weighed in a few minutes before 9 o'clock. The limit was 138 pounds.

JACK M'AULIFFE.

Myer scaled at 137½ and McAuliffe at 137¾. R. M. Frank was made timekeeper, while Jimmy Colville, of Boston, held the watch for McAuliffe and George R. Clark for Myer. McAuliffe's seconds were Joe Choynski, Jack Sheehan, Jimmy Nelson and Professor James Robertson, of Bay St. Louis. Myer was looked after by his brother Ed, Jack Eckels, Frank Hickey and Ali Kennedy. Myer took his seat in the corner occupied by Jack Dempsey, Peter Mahet and other losers. It is known as the unlucky corner.

The Fight.

From the very first moment it was apparent that Jack was master. He took the lead in everything. After the pair had shaken hands McAuliffe smiled a whitney, depressing smile. Myer, with olive covered body, brown face and black hair, came forward like a crouching Indian. But he still tacitly showed that he regarded the champion as his superior. He stood as if screwed together, when "bang!" came Mac's left fist into his midriff, technically called the mark. He tried the trick again, but the Streator lad covered his body with his right arm and stopped the blow. In the sparring that followed McAuliffe led too low with his left hand, slipped and fell.

Champion Jack bounded out of his corner like a catamount when the gong summoned him for the second round. He smashed Myer left and right in one-two fashion once and again. Myer simply could not find time. Jack got away cleverly every time Myer tried to lead. Myer was infinitely the champion's inferior in knowledge of time and distance. After a little sparring McAuliffe let go left and right in quick succession and down went Myer. As soon as he got up Jack floored him again.

The Streator Cyclone's legs were trembling when he got up. One could see the flesh of his thighs shake. To save himself Myer clinched several times, but he was so weak that the champion threw him off easily, although he grappled with the fierceness of despair. Once more Mac's rigat fist caught Myer's jaw just as the round was closing. Billy tottered back against the ropes when the sound of the gong saved him.

McAuliffe's Fight from the Start.

During the first five rounds the game was all Mac's. Again and again Myer led, but could not land. Once he caught Jack coming in and landed a good hard right hand smash in the ribs. The blow cut the skin and drew a little blood, and this was the only sign of punishment visible upon the champion.

McAuliffe's body blows in the sixth round were particularly well delivered, and must have made some impression even upon the Cyclone, but the latter stood the pounding with a stubbornness that was indicative of his gameness.

Myer landed on Jack's face with his right in the eighth and the house was full of excitement. McAuliffe laughed at his man and the gong stopped further hostilities.

The ninth round was marked by desperately offensive work by McAuliffe, and in the middle of it he crossed Myer with his right hand and sent the westerner to his knees. When Myer again stood up there was little sparring, and once more finding an opening McAuliffe sent out his left with the force of a piston's rod, and striking Myer under the ear cut it as if done with a knife.

Myer was on mischief bent in the tenth round and his essays were of the dangerous kind, but shifty Jack was out of the way and came off without any injury to speak of. Then, when Myer grew weary of his rather awkward tactics, his opponent thumped him heavily and got quite even for the pedestrian work he had made him perform.

Knocked Out.

When the gong sounded "time" for the fifteenth round Myer was weak and groggy. He was knocked down with a heavy right. McAuliffe knocked him down again as he got up. This time he lay helpless on the ropes until he was counted out. It was a heavy right hand swing that did the trick, and McAuliffe was borne triumphantly on his seconds' shoulders to his corner.

The Brooklyn boy was made the recipient of a hearty applause, notwithstanding the fact that New Orleans was known as a Myer city. McAuliffe's seconds opened champagne in his corner, while Myer was offered a glass of the wine by his conqueror, which was accepted, and a hearty handshake wound up the greatest battle recorded in the light-weight class since the days of Billy Edwards, Barney Aaron and Sam Colyer.

After the battle Dick Roche challenged any man in the world to fight McAuliffe at 138 pounds, weigh in at the ringside, for $10,000 a side.

Don't Worth a Cuss a Box.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Dislodge Bile,
Stir up the Liver,
Cure Sick-Headache,
Female Ailments,
Remove Disease and
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Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating.

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Needs no turning.

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Best and quickest crank freezer.

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Lawn - Sprinklers.

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Ladies' black and white striped waists, plaited front and back, 46c.
Ladies' laundried cambric Waists, plaited front and back, regular 75c goods, at 50c.
Boys' box plaited cambric Waists, 25c.
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Ladies' sun bonnets, 25c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15 and 20.
Men's balbriggen shirts and drawers, 25c, and 50c.
Men's outing shirts, 25, 40 and 50c.
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179 and 181 Somerset Street,
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Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.
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for the
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Don't fail to drop in and see our EXTRAORDINARY Bargains, as we must dispose of our Summer stock to make room for Fall and Winter goods.

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Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 34. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 38, 6 39, 6 58, 7 16, 7 28, 7 45, 7 55, 8 03, 8 15, 8 27, 8 42, 8 58, 9 28, 10 01, 10 27, 11 06, 11 32, 12 08 noon, 12 55, 1 02, 1 45, 2 33, 3 13, 4 01, 4 34, 5 03, 5 15, 5 54, 7 04, 8 04, 9 55, 10 12, 11 38, p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 8 14, 8 04, 8 55, 9 14, 10 47 a. m., 12 38, 1 41, 7 20, 8 16, 10 05, 11 38, p. m.

Leave New York, Liberty St., 6 05, 7 05, 7 45, 8 45, 9 30, 10 05, 11 30 a. m., 1 05, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 4 55, 5 30, 6 05, 6 30, 7 05, 7 30, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 35, p. m., 12 15, 1 00 night. Sunday, 4 30, 7 15, 8 30, 9 05, 10 30 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 15, 4 00, 5 30, 6 05, 7 05, 9 00, 10 00, p. m., 12 00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 38, 6 39, 6 58, 7 30, 8 05, 8 45, 9 28, 10 24, 10 57, 11 06 a. m., 12 10 noon, 12 55, 1 41, 2 33, 3 13, 4 01, 4 34, 5 03, 5 54, 7 04, 8 04, 10 12, 11 38 p. m. Sunday, 8 05, 8 06, 11 47 a. m., 12 38, 1 41, 8 16, 10 05, 11 38, p. m. Leave Newark at 6 15, 7 15, 7 55, 8 55, 10 08, 11 35, a. m., 1 15, 2 05, 2 50, 3 50, 4 50, 5 25, 6 00, 6 35, 7 15, 7 50, 8 50, 10 05, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 7 30, 8 50, 9 50, 10 50, 11 55, a. m., 1 50, 2 50, 4 15, 5 50, 6 50, 7 50, 9 20, 10 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 15, 7 55, 8 17, 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 12 17, 1 00, 2 25, 3 40, 4 25, 5 30, 6 35, 7 30, 8 05, 9 15, 11 45 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 30, 11 12 a. m., 12 40 noon, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 11 14 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 3 15, 8 17, 9 45 a. m., 1 25, 4 55, 6 30, 8 30, p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 8 30 a. m., 3 05, 6 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 15, 9 45, a. m., 1 25, 8 30 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk and Williamsport and Tamaqua.

2 30 p. m. for stations to High Bridge connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.

8 37 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9 42 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

5 30 a. m. way for Junction.

1 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Bangor, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre. Pasenger car to Mauch Chunk.

6 30 p. m. for Flemington.

7 30 p. m. for Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

11 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8 42 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 2 30 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge, Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport. 7 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

8 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH—OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3 38, 8 15, 10 45 a. m., 12 08 p. m., 1 03, 3 38, 4 05, 5 30, 7 07 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8 15 a. m., 4 05 p. m. For Asbury Park only, 9 04 a. m., 12 08 p. m.

Leave Long Branch, 6 15, 8 00, 9 30 a. m., 12 00 m., 2 30, 4 30, 5 45, 7 30 p. m. Sunday, 8 00 a. m., 4 30 p. m.

Leave Ocean Grove, 6 30, 8 15, 9 45 a. m., 12 15, 2 45, 4 45, 6 00, 7 45 p. m. Sunday, 8 15 a. m., 4 45 p. m.

Leave Asbury Park, 6 35, 8 20, 9 50 a. m., 12 20, 2 50, 4 50, 6 05, 7 50 p. m. Sunday, 8 20 a. m., 4 50 p. m.

Leave Elberon and Woodmere, 6 45, 8 30, 10 00 a. m., 12 30, 3 00, 5 00, 6 15, 8 00 p. m. Sunday, 8 30 a. m., 5 00 p. m.

Leave Deal Beach, 6 50, 8 35, 10 05 a. m., 12 35, 3 05, 5 05, 6 20, 8 05 p. m. Sunday, 8 35 a. m., 5 05 p. m.

Leave Monmouth Beach, 6 55, 8 40, 10 10 a. m., 12 40, 3 10, 5 10, 6 25, 8 10 p. m. Sunday, 8 40 a. m., 5 10 p. m.

Leave Red Bank, 7 00, 8 45, 10 15 a. m., 12 45, 3 15, 5 15, 6 30, 8 15 p. m. Sunday, 8 45 a. m., 5 15 p. m.

Leave Atlantic Highlands, 7 15, 9 00, 10 30 a. m., 1 00, 3 30, 5 30, 6 45, 8 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 00 a. m., 5 30 p. m.

Leave Sea Bright, 7 20, 9 05, 10 35 a. m., 1 05, 3 35, 5 35, 6 50, 8 35 p. m. Sunday, 9 05 a. m., 5 35 p. m.

Leave Rumson Road, 7 25, 9 10, 10 40 a. m., 1 10, 3 40, 5 40, 6 55, 8 40 p. m. Sunday, 9 10 a. m., 5 40 p. m.

Leave Locust Point, 7 30, 9 15, 10 45 a. m., 1 15, 3 45, 5 45, 7 00, 8 45 p. m. Sunday, 9 15 a. m., 5 45 p. m.

Leave Pier, Pavilion, 7 35, 9 20, 10 50 a. m., 1 20, 3 50, 5 50, 7 05, 8 50 p. m. Sunday, 9 20 a. m., 5 50 p. m.

Leave Pier, Keyport, 7 40, 9 25, 10 55 a. m., 1 25, 3 55, 5 55, 7 10, 8 55 p. m. Sunday, 9 25 a. m., 5 55 p. m.

Leave Pier, Matawan, 7 45, 9 30, 11 00 a. m., 1 30, 4 00, 6 00, 7 15, 9 00 p. m. Sunday, 9 30 a. m., 6 00 p. m.

Leave Pier, Laurence Harbor, 7 50, 9 35, 11 05 a. m., 1 35, 4 05, 6 05, 7 20, 9 05 p. m. Sunday, 9 35 a. m., 6 05 p. m.

Leave Pier, Morgan, 7 55, 9 40, 11 10 a. m., 1 40, 4 10, 6 10, 7 25, 9 10 p. m. Sunday, 9 40 a. m., 6 10 p. m.

Leave Pier, South Amboy, 8 00, 9 45, 11 15 a. m., 1 45, 4 15, 6 15, 7 30, 9 15 p. m. Sunday, 9 45 a. m., 6 15 p. m.

Leave Pier, Perth Amboy, 8 05, 9 50, 11 20 a. m., 1 50, 4 20, 6 20, 7 35, 9 20 p. m. Sunday, 9 50 a. m., 6 20 p. m.

Leave Pier, Port Reading, 8 10, 9 55, 11 25 a. m., 1 55, 4 25, 6 25, 7 40, 9 25 p. m. Sunday, 9 55 a. m., 6 25 p. m.

Leave Pier, Rahway, 8 15, 10 00, 11 30 a. m., 2 00, 4 30, 6 30, 7 45, 9 30 p. m. Sunday, 10 00 a. m., 6 30 p. m.

Leave Pier, Elizabeth, 8 20, 10 05, 11 35 a. m., 2 05, 4 35, 6 35, 7 50, 9 35 p. m. Sunday, 10 05 a. m., 6 35 p. m.

Leave Pier, Jersey City, 8 30, 10 15, 11 45 a. m., 2 15, 4 45, 6 45, 8 00, 9 45 p. m. Sunday, 10 15 a. m., 6 45 p. m.

Leave Pier, New York, 8 45, 10 30, 12 00 m., 2 30, 5 00, 7 00, 8 15, 10 00 p. m. Sunday, 10 30 a. m., 7 00 p. m.

Leave Pier, Brooklyn, 8 50, 10 35, 12 05 p. m., 2 35, 5 05, 7 05, 8 20, 10 05 p. m. Sunday, 10 35 a. m., 7 05 p. m.

Leave Pier, Hoboken, 8 55, 10 40, 12 10 p. m., 2 40, 5 10, 7 10, 8 25, 10 10 p. m. Sunday, 10 40 a. m., 7 10 p. m.

Leave Pier, Weehawken, 9 00, 10 45, 12 15 p. m., 2 45, 5 15, 7 15, 8 30, 10 15 p. m. Sunday, 10 45 a. m., 7 15 p. m.

Leave Pier, Edgewater, 9 05, 10 50, 12 20 p. m., 2 50, 5 20, 7 20, 8 35, 10 20 p. m. Sunday, 10 50 a. m., 7 20 p. m.

Leave Pier, Fort Lee, 9 10, 10 55, 12 25 p. m., 2 55, 5 25, 7 25, 8 40, 10 25 p. m. Sunday, 10 55 a. m., 7 25 p. m.

Leave Pier, Yonkers, 9 15, 11 00, 12 30 p. m., 3 00, 5 30, 7 30, 8 45, 10 30 p. m. Sunday, 11 00 a. m., 7 30 p. m.

Leave Pier, Tarrytown, 9 20, 11 05, 12 35 p. m., 3 05, 5 35, 7 35, 8 50, 10 35 p. m. Sunday, 11 05 a. m., 7 35 p. m.

Leave Pier, Sing Sing, 9 25, 11 10, 12 40 p. m., 3 10, 5 40, 7 40, 8 55, 10 40 p. m. Sunday, 11 10 a. m., 7 40 p. m.

Leave Pier, Peekskill, 9 30, 11 15, 12 45 p. m., 3 15, 5 45, 7 45, 9 00, 10 45 p. m. Sunday, 11 15 a. m., 7 45 p. m.

Leave Pier, Cold Spring, 9 35, 11 20, 12 50 p. m., 3 20, 5 50, 7 50, 9 05, 10 50 p. m. Sunday, 11 20 a. m., 7 50 p. m.

Leave Pier, Garrison, 9 40, 11 25, 12 55 p. m., 3 25, 5 55, 7 55, 9 10, 10 55 p. m. Sunday, 11 25 a. m., 7 55 p. m.

Leave Pier, West Point, 9 45, 11 30, 1 00 p. m., 3 30, 6 00, 8 00, 9 15, 11 00 p. m. Sunday, 11 30 a. m., 8 00 p. m.

Leave Pier, Highland Falls, 9 50, 11 35, 1 05 p. m., 3 35, 6 05, 8 05, 9 20, 11 05 p. m. Sunday, 11 35 a. m., 8 05 p. m.

Leave Pier, Cornwall, 9 55, 11 40, 1 10 p. m., 3 40, 6 10, 8 10, 9 25, 11 10 p. m. Sunday, 11 40 a. m., 8 10 p. m.

Leave Pier, Newburgh, 10 00, 11 45, 1 15 p. m., 3 45, 6 15, 8 15, 9 30, 11 15 p. m. Sunday, 11 45 a. m., 8 15 p. m.

Leave Pier, Milton, 10 05, 11 50, 1 20 p. m., 3 50, 6 20, 8 20, 9 35, 11 20 p. m. Sunday, 11 50 a. m., 8 20 p. m.

Leave Pier, Poughkeepsie, 10 10, 11 55, 1 25 p. m., 3 55, 6 25, 8 25, 9 40, 11 25 p. m. Sunday, 11 55 a. m., 8 25 p. m.

Leave Pier, Hyde Park, 10 15, 12 00, 1 30 p. m., 4 00, 6 30, 8 30, 9 45, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 12 00 m., 8 30 p. m.

Leave Pier, Staatsburg, 10 20, 12 05, 1 35 p. m., 4 05, 6 35, 8 35, 9 50, 11 35 p. m. Sunday, 12 05 p. m., 8 35 p. m.

Leave Pier, Rhinebeck, 10 25, 12 10, 1 40 p. m., 4 10, 6 40, 8 40, 9 55, 11 40 p. m. Sunday, 12 10 p. m., 8 40 p. m.

Leave Pier, Barrytown, 10 30, 12 15, 1 45 p. m., 4 15, 6 45, 8 45, 10 00, 11 45 p. m. Sunday, 12 15 p. m., 8 45 p. m.

Leave Pier, Tivoli, 10 35, 12 20, 1 50 p. m., 4 20, 6 50, 8 50, 10 05, 11 50 p. m. Sunday, 12 20 p. m., 8 50 p. m.

Leave Pier, Germantown, 10 40, 12 25, 1 55 p. m., 4 25, 6 55, 8 55, 10 10, 11 55 p. m. Sunday, 12 25 p. m., 8 55 p. m.

Leave Pier, Hudson, 10 45, 12 30, 2 00 p. m., 4 30, 7 00, 9 00, 10 15, 12 00 night. Sunday, 12 30 p. m., 9 00 p. m.

Leave Pier, Stockport, 10 50, 12 35, 2 05 p. m., 4 35, 7 05, 9 05, 10 20, 12 05 night. Sunday, 12 35 p. m., 9 05 p. m.

Leave Pier, Coxsackie, 10 55, 12 40, 2 10 p. m., 4 40, 7 10, 9 10, 10 25, 12 10 night. Sunday, 12 40 p. m., 9 10 p. m.

Leave Pier, Athens, 11 00, 12 45, 2 15 p. m., 4 45, 7 15, 9 15, 10 30, 12 15 night. Sunday, 12 45 p. m., 9 15 p. m.

Leave Pier, Hudson, 11 05, 12 50, 2 20 p. m., 4 50, 7 20, 9 20, 10 35, 12 20 night. Sunday, 12 50 p. m., 9 20 p. m.

Leave Pier, Catskill, 11 10, 12 55, 2 25 p. m., 4 55, 7 25, 9 25, 10 40, 12 25 night. Sunday, 12 55 p. m., 9 25 p. m.

Leave Pier, Saugerties, 11 15, 1 00, 2 30 p. m., 5 00, 7 30, 9 30, 10 45, 12 30 night. Sunday, 1 00 p. m., 9 30 p. m.

Leave Pier, Kingston, 11 20, 1 05, 2 35 p. m., 5 05, 7 35, 9 35, 10 50, 12 35 night. Sunday, 1 05 p. m., 9 35 p. m.

Leave Pier, Rondout, 11 25, 1 10, 2 40 p. m., 5 10, 7 40, 9 40, 10 55, 12 40 night. Sunday, 1 10 p. m., 9 40 p. m.

Leave Pier, Port Ewen, 11 30, 1 15, 2 45 p. m., 5 15, 7 45, 9 45, 11 00, 12 45 night. Sunday, 1 15 p. m., 9 45 p. m.

Leave Pier, Esopus, 11 35, 1 20, 2 50 p. m., 5 20, 7 50, 9 50, 11 05, 12 50 night. Sunday, 1 20 p. m., 9 50 p. m.

Leave Pier, Milton, 11 40, 1 25, 2 55 p. m., 5 25, 7 55, 9 55, 11 10, 12 55 night. Sunday, 1 25 p. m., 9 55 p. m.

Leave Pier, Poughkeepsie, 11 45, 1 30, 3 00 p. m., 5 30, 8 00, 10 00, 11 15, 1 00 night. Sunday, 1 30 p. m., 10 00 p. m.

Leave Pier, Hyde Park, 11 50, 1 35, 3 05 p. m., 5 35, 8 05, 10 05, 11 20, 1 05 night. Sunday, 1 35 p. m., 10 05 p. m.

Leave Pier, Staatsburg, 11 55, 1 40, 3 10 p. m., 5 40, 8 10, 10 10, 11 25, 1 10 night. Sunday, 1 40 p. m., 10 10 p. m.

Leave Pier, Rhinebeck, 12 00, 1 45, 3 15 p. m., 5 45, 8 15, 10 15, 11 30, 1 15 night. Sunday, 1 45 p. m., 10 15 p. m.

Leave Pier, Barrytown, 12 05, 1 50, 3 20 p. m., 5 50, 8 20, 10 20, 11 35, 1 20 night. Sunday, 1 50 p. m., 10 20 p. m.

Leave Pier, Tivoli, 12 10, 1 55, 3 25 p. m., 5 55, 8 25, 10 25, 11 40, 1 25 night. Sunday, 1 55 p. m., 10 25 p. m.

Leave Pier, Germantown, 12 15, 2 00, 3 30 p. m., 6 00, 8 30, 10 30, 11 45, 1 30 night. Sunday, 2 00 p. m., 10 30 p. m.

Leave Pier, Hudson, 12 20, 2 05, 3 35 p. m., 6 05, 8 35, 10 35, 11 50, 1 35 night. Sunday, 2 05 p. m., 10 35 p. m.

Leave Pier, Stockport, 12 25, 2 10, 3 40 p. m., 6 10, 8 40, 10 40, 11 55, 1 40 night. Sunday, 2 10 p. m., 10 40 p. m.

Leave Pier, Coxsackie, 12 30, 2 15, 3 45 p. m., 6 15, 8 45, 10 45, 12 00, 1 45 night. Sunday, 2 15 p. m., 10 45 p. m.

Leave Pier, Athens, 12 35, 2 20, 3 50 p. m., 6 20, 8 50, 10 50, 12 05, 1 50 night. Sunday, 2 20 p. m., 10 50 p. m.

Leave Pier, Hudson, 12 40, 2 25, 3 55 p. m., 6 25, 8 55, 10 55, 12 10, 1 55 night. Sunday, 2 25 p. m., 10 55 p. m.

Leave Pier, Catskill, 12 45, 2 30, 4 00 p. m., 6 30, 9 00, 11 00, 12 15, 2 00 night. Sunday, 2 30 p. m., 11 00 p. m.

Leave Pier, Saugerties, 12 50, 2 35, 4 05 p. m., 6 35, 9 05, 11 05, 12 20, 2 05 night. Sunday, 2 35 p. m., 11 05 p. m.

Leave Pier, Kingston, 12 55, 2 40, 4 10 p. m., 6 40, 9 10, 11 10, 12 25, 2 10 night. Sunday, 2 40 p. m., 11 10 p. m.

Leave Pier, Rondout, 1 00, 2 45, 4 15 p. m., 6 45, 9 15, 11 15, 12 30, 2 15 night. Sunday, 2 45 p. m., 11 15 p. m.

Leave Pier, Port Ewen, 1 05, 2 50, 4 20 p. m., 6 50, 9 20, 11 20, 12 35, 2 20 night. Sunday, 2 50 p. m., 11 20 p. m.

Leave Pier, Esopus, 1 10, 2 55, 4 25 p. m., 6 55, 9 25, 11 25, 12 40, 2 25 night. Sunday, 2 55 p. m., 11 25 p. m.

Leave Pier, Milton, 1 15, 3 00, 4 30 p. m., 7 00, 9 30, 11 30, 12 45, 2 30 night. Sunday, 3 00 p. m., 11 30 p. m.

Leave Pier, Poughkeepsie, 1 20, 3 05, 4 35 p. m., 7 05, 9 35, 11 35, 12 50, 2 35 night. Sunday, 3 05 p. m., 11 35 p. m.

Leave Pier, Hyde Park, 1 25, 3 10, 4 40 p. m., 7 10, 9 40, 11 40, 12 55, 2 40 night. Sunday, 3 10 p. m., 11 40 p. m.

Leave Pier, Staatsburg, 1 30, 3 15, 4 45 p. m., 7 15, 9 45, 11 45, 1 00, 2 45 night. Sunday, 3 15 p. m., 11 45 p. m.

Leave Pier, Rhinebeck, 1 35, 3 20, 4 50 p. m., 7 20, 9 50, 11 50, 1 05, 2 50 night. Sunday, 3 20 p. m., 11 50 p. m.

Leave Pier, Barrytown, 1 40, 3 25, 4 55 p. m., 7 25, 9 55, 11 55, 1 10, 2 55 night. Sunday, 3 25 p. m., 11 55 p. m.

Leave Pier, Tivoli, 1 45, 3 30, 5 00 p. m., 7 30, 10 00, 12 00, 1 15, 3 00 night. Sunday, 3 30 p. m., 12 00 night.

Leave Pier, Germantown, 1 50, 3 35, 5 05 p. m., 7 35, 10 05, 12 05, 1 20, 3 05 night. Sunday, 3 35 p. m., 12 05 night.

Leave Pier, Hudson, 1 55, 3 40, 5 10 p. m., 7 40, 10 10, 12 10, 1 25, 3 10 night. Sunday, 3 40 p. m., 12 10 night.

Leave Pier, Stockport, 2 00, 3 45, 5 15 p. m., 7 45, 10 15, 12 15, 1 30, 3 15 night. Sunday, 3 45 p. m., 12 15 night.

Leave Pier, Coxsackie, 2 05, 3 50, 5 20 p. m., 7 50, 10 20, 12 20, 1 35, 3 20 night. Sunday, 3 50 p. m., 12 20 night.

Leave Pier, Athens, 2 10, 3 55, 5 25 p. m., 7 55, 10 25, 12 25, 1 40, 3 25 night. Sunday, 3 55 p. m., 12 25 night.

Leave Pier, Hudson, 2 15, 4 00, 5 30 p. m., 8 00, 10 30, 12 30, 1 45, 3 30 night. Sunday, 4 00 p. m., 12 30 night.

Leave Pier, Catskill, 2 20, 4 05, 5 35 p. m., 8 05, 10 35, 12 35, 1 50, 3 35 night. Sunday, 4 05 p. m., 12 35 night.

Leave Pier, Saugerties, 2 25, 4 10, 5 40 p. m., 8 10, 10 40, 12 40, 1 55, 3 40 night. Sunday, 4 10 p. m., 12 40 night

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

A PERFECT DWARF.

The Tiny Little Polish Nobleman Who Lived in the Age of Ninety-eight Years.

History usually rather misshapen little mortals with large heads and short legs, but sometimes they are well formed, as is the instance of the celebrated Polish dwarf, Count Borowlaskal. This little personage, who was said to be of noble family, was born in the year 1792. When fully grown up to manhood he measured

THE THREE GIANT AND THE LITTLE POLISH COUNT.

less than three feet in height, yet he was of perfect proportions. He spent many years in traveling about to various places, and several amusing anecdotes are related of him.

The story is told that on one occasion O'Brien, the Irish giant, who stood 8 feet 4 inches high in his stockings, having been invited to appear before some gentlemen at dinner, while the guests were looking up with wonder at his towering stature, suddenly drew from his pockes the little Polish count and placed him on the table, to his amazement and admiration of all who present.

It is curious that giants, who are so very tall, have, it is said, very short lives, seldom living much beyond forty, while dwarfs, who are short generally, have long ones. The life of this tiny Pole was stretched out to the age of ninety-eight. In 1797 a clergyman of Durham, England, who had met the little count on his travels, prevailed upon him to take up his residence in the neighborhood of that city, and there he spent the last forty years of his life. As he was clever and witty, spoke several languages and was of very engaging manners, he was much courted and admired in the society of Durham until his death, which took place in 1837.

Emerson's Advice to a Daughter.

Finish every day and be done with it. For runners and for wise living it is a wise to remember. You have done what you could; some blunders and absurdities no doubt crept in; forget them as soon as you can. Tomorrow is a new day; you shall begin it well and serenely and with too high a spirit to be cumbered with your old nonsense. This day for all that is good and fair. It is too dear, with its hopes and invitations, to waste a moment on the rotten yesterdays.

The Little Dog Under the Wagon.

"Come with," said good old Farmer Gray,
"Put on your things, 'tis market day—
And we'll be off to the nearest town,
"There and back are the sun goes down,"
Spot! No, we'll leave old Spot behind,
But Spot he barked and Spot he whined,
And soon made up his doggish mind
To follow under the wagon.

Away they went at a good round pace,
And joy came into the farmer's face.
"Poor Spot," said he, "old want to come,
But I'm awful glad he's left at home—
He'll guard the barn, and guard the cot,
And keep the cattle out of the lot."
"I'm not so sure of that," thought Spot,
The little dog under the wagon.

The farmer all his produce sold
And got his pay in yellow gold;
Then started homeward after dark,
Through the lonely forest. Hark!
A robber springs from behind a tree.
"Your money or else your life," says he;
The moon was up, but he didn't see
The little dog under the wagon.

Spot ne'er barked and Spot ne'er whined,
But quickly caught the thief behind;
He dragged him down in the mire and dirt,
And tore his coat and tore his shirt,
Then held him fast on the miry ground;
The robber uttered note a sound,
While his hands and feet the farmer bound,
And tumbled him into the wagon.

Poor Spot, he saved the farmer's life,
The farmer's money, the farmer's wife,
And now a hero grand and gay,
A silver collar he wears today:
Among his friends among his foes—
And everywhere his master goes—
He follows, upon his horny toes,
The little dog under the wagon.

A Problem.

Riddle me, riddle me, riddle me ree,
Why does a squirrel sit up in a tree?
Riddle me, riddle me, riddle me ree,
So long as he's happy, why I don't see
What difference it makes to you or to me.

Electricity in Medicine.

Although much is heard of the application of electricity in the treatment of certain classes of diseases, there is, according to an electrical journal, but little positive knowledge of the therapeutic effect of the various kinds of currents employed in medical treatment. That electricity produces a marked reaction on the nervous system is well known, but beyond this very little can be said. The uses to which electricity is applied in medical practice are numerous, yet there is not much uniformity in the manner of application or the kind of current prescribed by different physicians for the same complaint.

GOOD HEALTH

A COMMON TROUBLE.

The Cause of That Painful Thing Known as a Boil, and Its Proper Treatment.

The predisposing cause of boils is a lowering of the health at some point. The first indication of a boil is a slight itching followed by a reddish pimple with a hair in the center. Sometimes the pulling out of this hair will arrest the development of the sore. As the pimple grows the redness extends and becomes more intense and the pimple begins to throb with pain. In about five days it breaks, pus comes out, the pain abates and soon after the dead tissue—so called core—escapes, followed by rapid healing. Sometimes no core appears nor does the boil suppurate. This is known as the "blind boil." It is very hard and painful and long in healing. A carbuncle is larger, more painful and very dangerous in its tendencies. The constitutional symptoms are slight, though in some cases there may be considerable feverishness. Hall's Journal of Health, authority for the above description, prescribes treatment as follows:

The diet should be generous, without excess and easily digestible. The patient, while avoiding exhaustion, should take a proper amount of exercise, have an abundance of pure air and wash his body daily with cool water and soap. Local treatment also is needed. To arrest the progress of a boil at its early stage, apply a solution of sugar of lead every six or twelve hours with a camel's hair brush. If this fails promote suppuration by spreading on it a wash leather plaster or gallbanum and opium, cut in the middle for the escape of the pus. If the pain continues to increase, apply soothing applications. When the boil begins to heal keep the skin around it dry, clean it with tar soap and smear it with yellow rosin ointment, dressing the broken surface with lint spread with the same ointment, keeping the dressing in position with strips of adhesive plaster or by a light bandage.

ETIQUETTE

MANNERS FOR CHILDREN.

A Rich Heritage Which the Poorest May Give Their Children.

Manners cost nothing. Every parent—though the veriest pauper—can give them to every child. You may not be able to send your boy to Harvard nor your girl to dancing school. They will never upbraid you for that. But bring them through childhood surrounded by and solely taught courtesy, courteous, reverent ways of speech and behavior, and no matter how devoted and unselfish you have otherwise tried to be, as surely as they live will they see the day when your memory is stung by the bitterest reproaches. Start them in the world with faultless manners, and though they have no other inheritance they are immeasurably far from poor in the world's most cherished coin. Money does not rule everywhere. Some busy, tired mother or some worn father cry out, "How shall I study all the intricacies of etiquette to teach them again?" I reply: There are a dozen broad rules that are sufficient to pass muster. The rest are very good to know, but not absolutely necessary. I set down some of them here, with this excuse, that I see these constantly violated by bright, gentle little people who would be glad to "act pretty" if, poor, small souls! they had the faintest stimulus of example or even precept to guide them.

Teach your boys to wear his hat in the house nor while standing before a woman; to allow a woman always to precede him, even (as they will) in entering a railway station; to be quick to open doors for her, to carry her parcels, to wait upon her and never to sit while she is standing. Teach him politeness and good table manners. Make them wait by their chairs till their elders are seated; eat noiselessly; not fidget nor talk with full mouths nor upon unappetizing subjects; not leave knife and fork trailing off the plate, but always laid side by side, never crossed upon it, every second that they are not in use; not to soak and break bread; not to bite off bits from a slice; to half fold the napkin when it is not to be used again; not to reach; to be courteous in thanks and requests; to push the chair against the table after the meal. Teach them always to knock at a closed door; not to call from one room to another; not to loll in their seats, nor, if in a rocking chair, to rock.

With speech there are more than a dozen "don'ts." They certainly are vulgar who use "havin'" and "doin'," and "run" for "ran" and "come" for "came;" who are not early taught to abstain from subjects and words—all proper enough in their place—that are not agreeable to the most sensitive ear.

A child almost surely learns from the beginning to wash his hands often; not to take bones in his fingers nor to drink from his saucer; to take off his hat when he meets a lady (but it should include even little girls); not to say "done" and "seen" in their proper places. I wish some elders were not content with this very slim outfit of polite baggage when as much more would be easily taught. Some day the child will wish so, too, says the writer in Good Housekeeping, from whom we quote.

The perennial poppy Firebrand is a charming plant for massing because of its intensely bright color. Its flowers are large and of the most glowing scarlet, with a black center.

Freckles.

Some one observes that there are two kinds of freckles. Some people are born freckled and others have freckles thrust upon them. The former class might as well accept their freckles as a dispensation of Providence, for nothing can be done for them. The latter can always get rid of their affliction by using a couple of drams of salammoniac with an ounce of German cologne, the solution mixed with a pint of distilled water. Applied two or three times a day, it will cure the worst case of sodden freckles on record. Another remedy is fresh buttermilk. It has the great advantage that it does not injure the skin, but renders it soft like a little child's. Take a soft cloth or sponge and bathe the face, neck and arms thoroughly with buttermilk before retiring for the night, then wipe off the drops lightly. In the morning wash thoroughly and wipe dry with a fresh towel. Two or three such baths will take off all the tan and freckles. It will keep the hands soft and smooth.

CHIPPER CHESTNUTS.

Somebody has written a book to show how to reduce the gas bill. A good way is to give up the front steps to Clara and George.—Washington Star.

It is said to have cost the present emperor of China $10,000,000 to get married. He must have done his courting as a summer resort.—New York Herald.

The cocoanut lover is his balloon. In fact, he's completely taken up with it.—Binghamton Leader.

A dealer in cheap shoes recently consoled in one of his advertisements, "Ladies wishing these cheap shoes will do well to call soon, as they will not last long."—Tit-Bits.

Before many years it will become a serious social question as to which is the fashionable side of the Atlantic to be born on.—New York Herald.

In explaining why he no longer visits Miss Sportingstock young Dudely says the reason was a parent.—Texas Siftings.

It is learned from the Binghamton Republican that an enterprising caterer is now serving "clam ice cream" to his customers. Nevertheless there are skeptics who maintain that the world is in a rut and does not move.

Distinguished American (traveling in Russia)—Here is a nice fix I'm in—invited to dine with the czar and no insurance on my life.—Tit-Bits.

An Ohio young man is making a tour of the earth on foot. He should have walked till the coming theatrical season and arranged his time so as to have company.—Washington Star.

A Bad End.

"It is astonishing how it cools your whole system if you can only keep the end of your tail cold."

And how it heats you when it is hot.—Life.

Where David Had the Advantage.

Deacon Ironside (giving his boy a moral lecture)—Now there was David, Sammy. Look at David. When he was a boy he was good and obedient. He didn't gad about the neighborhood at night. He minded his parents, tended to his work, was a good, faithful boy, and he grew up to be a great man, Sammy.

Sammy Ironside (unconvinced)—When David was a little chap he never had to commit the 119th Psalm to memory for playin hookey.—Chicago Tribune.

Why She Thought So.

A very pretty young woman entered the editor's room with a delicate flush on her face.

"I suppose you don't care for poetry here, do you?" she inquired.

"No," said the editor diplomatically, "I can't say we do."

"Because, as much from the verse you published," she rejoined. And she went out.—Exchange.

Spoiled the Sentiment.

"We keep step perfectly," murmured Wadsleigh in the promenade.

"Yes," with a sigh.

"Well, my darling—may I call you so?—I want to ask you to walk with me through life."

"Thank you, but I've already accepted an invitation to ride."—Chicago News-Record.

He Thought He Knew.

A woman out of town for the summer, finding that a yard more of silk was required to finish a gown, gave her husband a sample, with very explicit directions for buying the material.

After her directions she said, "Now I don't think you could possibly make a mistake," and he, thinking he knew it all, started for the city.

After a hot day's work in town this fellow trudged up to a Seventy-third street store, and upon asking the floorwalker for silk like the sample was directed to "the third room over, second aisle to the right."

Arriving at the silk counter, and reassuring himself that a mistake was impossible, he asked with great confidence for one yard of "ik like the sample."

The salesman's first question was a poser, "Will you have it on the bias or straight?"

Alas, he didn't know! Visions of his wife arose before him and he gasped, "I'll take a yard of each."—New York Recorder.

What Shortened the Trip.

"Why, hello, old man! I thought you intended to make your European trip last a year."

"I did, but my wife found a new fashion in gowns in Paris and hurried home to be the first to wear it."—Indianapolis Journal.

Love and Lucre.

She was fair and tall and stately and I loved her with a love
That might well excite the envy of the seraphim above;
And I swore that my devotion would survive earth's storms and wrecks,
But her father kind o' queered me when he touched me for an X.

You may love a stately maiden e'en as I loved Genevieve;
Rippling rhyme about her beauty and her goodness you may weave;
But your love will sort o' wither, have an accident cat's reflex,
If her father buttonholes you just to touch you for an X.

She, your love, may be a princess, thinking less of earthly gross
Than the best of modern maidens you have ever come across,
But you'll view her with suspicion, as she smiles and bows and beeks,
If her dad has formed the habit of applying for an X.

—Walt Mason in Fremont (Neb.) Tribune.

This Date in History—Sept. 6.

1644—Cardinal Guido Bentivoglio, skilled adviser of Pope Urban VIII, died; born 1579.
1797—Duflore (George Louis Leclerc, Count de Buffon) historian, naturalist, died in Paris 1788.
1815—Samuel Provoost, first P. E. Bishop of New York, PROVOOST, died in New York city; born 1742.
1819—William Starke Rosecrans, general, born in Delaware county, Ind.
1822—William Steele Holman, statesman, born in Dearborn county, Ind. The independence of Brazil recognized at Vigo, Spain.
1851—Victorien Sardou, French dramatist, born.
1859—Mrs. Hannah More, English authoress, died.
1870—The British ironclad Captain foundered off Cape Finisterre, 472 lives lost.
1876—William Tweed, noted New York politician and "boodler," who had escaped from custody, was recaptured at Vigo, Spain.
1888—John Lester Wallack, actor, died in Norwich, Conn.; born 1820.

An Expectant Youth.

Scadds (pere)—Has this lover of yours any fortune?

Amy Scadds—No, pa, but he has great expectations.

"Of what nature?"

"He expects to marry my father's daughter."—Detroit Free Press.

A Cash Doctor.

First Little Boy—Do you go to the country ever year?

Second Little Boy—N-o; sometimes pops don't pay the doctor's bill, an then the doctor gits mad an won't order mamma out of th' city.—Good News.

Comfortable.

Tired Traddles—Yeh look awfully comfortable today, Wiggins.

Weary Wiggins—An I'd orter. I've just stolen a ride in from Chicago on a refrigerator car.—New York Herald.

Nothing Unusual.

Fiddleback—Do you suppose Miss Pinkerly noticed that my cuffs were soiled?

Thrasher—I don't believe so, old man. She never notices anything unless it's out of the ordinary.—Truth.

Not Guilty.

Judge (to man up for having five wives)—How could you be so hardened a villain?

The Guilty One—Please, your honor, I was only trying to get a good one.—Life.

1892 September. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full	6	4:08	New	20	8:10
Moon		a. m.	Moon		p. m.
Third	13	7:50	First	29	1:10
Quarter		a. m.	Quarter		a. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable ‡ Rates.

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No. 11 E. Front St.
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Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
First-class bar attached.

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EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.

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NORTH AVENUE.
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains many improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
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Transient guests accommodated.

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Invites the inspection of the Dry Goods Trade to his new stock of
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Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child
SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.
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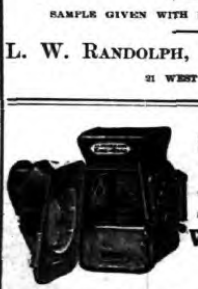

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
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A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
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Classes now forming in German and French. Special Classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation to college. Music. Weekly lectures.
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Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,
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YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
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THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
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Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Vinces, care of Misses Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

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Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. Class for resident pupils, Dec. 2 to 5 p. m., 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

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TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS,
SATURDAYS.
Prof. Curtis' String Band with full floor for the dance every afternoon on Gala Days.
Miss E. Abbie Thomas of Chicago, the celebrated Whistling Girl, every Gala Day.
Lew Spencer in his famous humorous and topical songs, Tuesdays and Thursdays.
Tulane University Singers in plantation songs every Saturday.
Saturday evening, dancing 8 to 11. Tickets 25 cents.

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Lodge Notice.

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Death benefits paid over $30,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 369, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. CORY, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article.
A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,
to make
Delicious Iced Tea.
Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.
NEUMANN BROS.
BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

New Marble and Granite Works,
We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.
J. E. Townsend, Manager,
No. 30 SOMERSET STREET.
Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

THE PLACE TO BUY SECOND-HAND FURNITURE IS AT
MUSGRAVE'S,
37 Somerset street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

A CALLED SPECIAL MEETING FOR SETEMBER.

No Trolley to be Allowed on North Avenue.—North Richmond Street New Norwood Avenue.—West Third Street Macadamizing.—Sycamore Street to be Opened.—Several Petitions and Protests.

The City Common Council held a special meeting in the Council chamber last evening. On account of Monday being a legal holiday there was no regular monthly meeting.

The meeting was called to order at 8.15 o'clock by Clerk Runyon, who announced that President Ginna was absent. Councilmen Marsh was elected president pro tem; Councilman Case, Erickson, Fisk, Marsh, See, and Weber answered to roll call. Councilmen Frazee and Johnston arrived later. Councilmen Bird and Gallup were absent.

The clerk read the notice stating the object of meeting. The regular order of business was abolished. A petition was read from the Republican City Executive Committee asking permission to hang banner across Front street. The petition was granted.

A list of bills was read and referred to proper committees.

A petition from twenty-seven citizens and taxpayers, merchants of West Front street, protesting against a single track to Peace street and asking that Council have it made a continuous double track to Peace street, was received and placed on file.

A protest from the property-owners of North avenue against the trolley was read, accepted and placed on file, and the ordinance changed accordingly.

Mrs. Chas. P. Sebring objected to two tracks on Peace street until that street is widened.

The street railway ordinance was brought up for its third reading. The motion was made, seconded and carried to place the ordinance back to its second reading.

Upon motion it was referred to the Committee on Laws and Ordinances.

Councilman Case took the chair which Mr. Marsh temporarily vacated, in order to speak at the Republican banner raising.

The ordinance to change the name of North Richmond street to Norwood avenue was read for the third time and upon motion adopted.

The ordinance for the repairing and permanent improvement of East Sixth street was read for the third time and upon motion adopted.

An ordinance to macadamize West Third street from Madison avenue to Plainfield avenue was read for the third time. Before being voted upon a communication from all except two of the residents and taxpayers of West Third street protesting against the ordinance going into effect provided they had to pay for the work, was read.

Mr. Frazee moved that the city charter says that if two thirds of the residents object to an ordinance it cannot be carried.

Upon motion the remonstrance was referred to the Street Committee.

Another communication from apparently the same residents of West Third street offering to pay fifteen cents per running foot was read, and referred to the Street Committee.

An ordinance to lay out and open Sycamore street from the northerly side of East Fifth street was read for the third time. Mr. Clark and Mr. Brokaw protested against opening the street unless proper reimbursements be made for damages to property on the corner of East Fifth street. Upon motion the ordinance was adopted as read, Mr. Frazee voting no.

Mr. See moved that the street railway request be amended to extend a single track with necessary turnouts, to the intersection of Peace street and North avenue. Mr. Frazee asked that the petition of the West Front street merchants to have a double track to Peace street be considered. He said this would be the busiest part of the line and if the railway was extended into North Plainfield, the additional traffic would cause the single track to be continually blocked.

Mr. See's motion to amend the ordinance striking out the North avenue extension was carried.

Mr. Frazee's amendment was seconded by Mr. Weber.

Mr. Erickson requested that the amendment be submitted in writing which was accordingly done.

The motion of Mr. See that it be laid on the table was carried.

Messrs. Erickson, Fisk, See and Case voting aye and Messrs. Frazee, Johnston and Weber, no.

Mr. See moved that the ordinance as amended be adopted on its second reading.

Mr. Frazee again asked that the petition of the West Front street merchants be acted upon.

Mr. See said that the East Front street merchants objected to two tracks.

Mr. Marsh having finished, his speech at the banner raising, returned and resumed the chair.

Mr. Weber said that the Street Railway Company's first petition was for two tracks from Grant avenue to Peace street.

Mr. See's motion was then voted upon and carried, Messrs. Case, Erickson, Fisk, Marsh and See voting aye and Messrs. Frazee, Johnston and Weber, nay.

The motion was made to have the ordinance engrossed and duly advertised but Mr. Marsh declared it lost, though there were five ayes and three nays, saying that a State law was passed five years before forbidding any motion involving expenditure of city's money being adopted without a two-thirds vote of the Council.

Mr. See's motion to have the ordinance duly engrossed was then carried. Mr. Frazee voting no.

A petition from Mr. Geo. H. Babcock and the M. E. church regarding 2's engine house was read.

Mr. Erickson read a statement showing that the building, with extension and improvements, and not including any of the apparatus, had cost the city $8,745. That the location was good for fire purposes and everything was in first class order. He submitted a resolution to entertain an offer for the building from Mr. Babcock for $6,500, said offer to hold good for ten days from date. So ordered.

Mr. Erickson read a petition from the Plainfield Street Railway Co., asking that a fire hydrant be placed near their car house on West Fifth street. So ordered.

Mr. See said that the claims on the general fund amounted to $6,500, that there was only $1,785 on hand, and moved that Mayor Marsh and City Treasurer be authorized to execute a three months note for $6,700. The motion was seconded and carried, all voting aye.

Mr. Erickson asked that a copy of the same be made locating the fire-hydrants.

Mr. Fisk said the claims against the Fire Department amounted to $656.96 and that there was only $159.79 on hand, leaving a balance of $402.57. He moved that a city loan of $500 from the fire fund. Carried.

Mr. See moved that the General Fund pay back to the Poor Fund on account of loan. So ordered.

The motion that $99.55 owing Fire Department from General Fund be paid, was carried.

The report of Mr. George H. Babcock to open Madison avenue was upon motion received and a recommendation adopted.

As the Overseer of the Poor had not properly submitted his bills they were referred back for correction.

The Report of the City Judge from June 6 to September 1 was read and upon motion accepted.

The Tax report was referred to the Finance Committee.

The report of the Peace street commission was referred to the Street Committee.

A communication was read from the Fire Telegraph Company notifying the city authorities of a pending suit for infringement of patents.

It was moved that the report of the Auditing Committee be received and the correct bills ordered paid.

The Council adjourned at 9.40 o'clock.

PERSONAL.

Mr. F. C. Adams and family of Madison avenue have returned from Prattsville, N. Y.

Dr. Dorland, dentist, is reported dead at Somerville, where he resided. He formerly lived here.

Councilman Bird started yesterday afternoon for Ocean Grove, where he will remain for one week.

Miss Harriet S. Jacot of Somerset street has returned from a pleasant three weeks' stay at Brooklyn, Lake George and Fire Island Beach.

Mrs. Kimball, President of the Children's Home, returned Saturday from Beachcroft, East Gloucester, Mass., where she had been spending six weeks.

Mrs. John Philpott of Mountain avenue, accompanied by Mrs. Lieflce of East Front street, are visiting in Canada. They expect to reach home early in October.

Mr. H. G. Runkle of West Eighth street is one of the directors in corporation of the Spanish American Light and Power Company of Jersey City, the capital stock of which is $1,000,000.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Powlison and family of Somerset street, North Plainfield, started yesterday afternoon for Ocean Grove. Mrs. Fred. Wilcox will remain about two weeks. She is registered at the Columbia House.

The funeral services of the late Edward H. Daly were held this morning from his late residence, 20 Somerset street. Second street, at nine o'clock, and from St. Mary's church at half-past nine. A large number of the friends of the deceased were present.

Mrs. Elizabeth Whitenack of Front street, Dunellen, had a new set of teeth made for her by Dr. Chas. R. Thiers. It is probably the only case on record of a woman of her age having such a thing done. She is ninety-seven years old, and remarkably healthy for that age.

Miss Nettie Allisson of Somerset street is one of the passengers on the La Bourgogne detained in lower quarantine, for five days, although there is no cholera aboard. She first days will be up next Friday. Miss Allisson is with her aunt, Mrs. Chaubeteaux of New York. They left here last June and have been traveling in Europe all Summer. They spent the Summer of '91 in Europe also, leaving Plainfield about the same time they left this year, but this year they remained longer, and so got on one of the detained vessels.

Mr. John L. Anderson of Somerset street, whose communication in another column on cholera in China is very timely, spent seven years in that country, where he made a moderate fortune. He returned to this country in 1888, and within two years lost his money in Wall street, through getting caught in a corner of Jay Gould's. He lost altogether about $70,000, through dabbling in stock upon the advice of those who were supposed to know it all, they losing, however, large amounts themselves. Mr. Anderson is now in the tea business in New York, endeavoring to retrieve himself. There is probably no better informed man in this vicinity on Asiatic cholera, and we are sure his communication will be read with much interest. It is Mr. Anderson's opinion that the 5,000 or so deaths from cholera in Hamburg were entirely due to the carelessness of officials in the first case.

W. C. T. U. Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held as an all day meeting, Monday, September 19th.

There will be a picnic lunch at noon.

Each member is cordially invited to be present and report her experience in earning or saving an extra dollar for the union.

By invitation of the President,
MRS. MARY TOMLINSON.

BANNER RAISING.

SPEECHES BY MAYOR GILBERT AND COUNCILMAN MARSH.

The Glee Club Sings Several Campaign Songs—A Large Crowd on Hand to Cheer the Ceremonies

The petition of the Republican Executive Committee to raise a banner on East Front street was passed by the City Common Council immediately after roll-call last evening and a few minutes later the ceremonies at the Republican Headquarters on East Front street began.

A large crowd of people had gathered in the street and in the Republican Association rooms to witness the event.

Speeches were made by Mayor Gilbert and by Councilman Francis E. Marsh, who hurriedly left his seat as temporary chairman of the Council meeting for the purpose.

The Glee Club sang several campaign songs, and amid the cheering of the crowd, the big banner was drawn into its prominent position where it will remain until the campaign is over.

MILTON FRAZEE KILLED.

In Jumping out of the way of a Train he was Thrown on the Track.

Milton Frazee, a well-to-do contractor of Westfield, was struck and instantly killed by a drill engine on the Central Railroad in front of the Westfield station about 2.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He was crossing the tracks, and had stepped out of the way of one westbound freight, when an express train came behind him and blew its whistle.

In his hurry to get out of a switchman called to him. Frazee gave a frightened look behind him, and made a spring for the side of the track, when he struck a fence which the Railroad Company had erected between its tracks.

Another account says he was struck by the express train, and every bone in his body broken though not a scratch was visible.

Mr. Frazee was 55 years old and married. He had always lived in Westfield and was a member of Winfield Scott Post, G. A. R. No. 73, of this city, the Odd Fellows and Fire Department.

Many of the patrons of the railroad consure the railroad company for erecting this fence between its tracks, and blame the fence for this accident. The fence was built about a month ago with the idea of preventing passengers from crossing the track.

An underground tunnel was constructed as a means of communication between the two sides, as has been told in The News. The feeling against the fence is stronger than ever, and many of the road's patrons are emphatic in their demands that the fence should be removed. The fence was intended, however, to prevent just such accidents.

Winfield Scott Post sent the following out this afternoon:

HEADQUARTERS
WINFIELD SCOTT POST, No. 73,
DEPT. OF N. J., G. A. R.
Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 7, 1892.

Special Order No. 6.

COMMAND:—The usual roll call was answered by Comrade Milton Frazee on the afternoon of the 6th inst., and at the family's request we are to assume charge of the funeral, for that reason you are earnestly requested to report at Post Headquarters on Thursday, at one o'clock p. m. Uniformed badges draped. Firing squad will report to Comrade Chas. Bird at the same and place. By order,

WM. C. SMITH, Post Com.
Official—GEO. W. MOORE, Adj't.

BREVITIES

—The regular monthly meeting of Gazelle Engine Company will be held tonight at eight o'clock.

—The regular monthly business meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held Thursday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

—Rahway's second annual aquatic carnival will be held this evening. The festivities will commence at half-past seven o'clock.

—A horse belonging to John Heuney of Somerset street, while being driven by its owner on Chatham street Sunday evening, dropped dead.

—A boys' department is the latest addition Messrs. Hallock & Davis have made to their furnishing store. In the men's department they have the Fall shapes in derbys.

—At the regular monthly meeting of the Plainfield Camera Club held last evening, Mr. Otto Ahrens was elected to active membership. The club entered the American Lantern Slide Exchange and will be receiving slides from all over the country.

—A communication from Hon. W. Gordon Stuart, the ex-U. S. Consul of Southern France, during the last cholera epidemic, in the New York Herald of this morning says that he personally noticed that heavy drinkers of alcoholic stimulants were the first to fall victims to cholera and the readiest to succumb to it.

—The Engineers on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad had a committee call on President McLeod yesterday respecting the discharge of several members of the Engineer's Brotherhood. The committee were unable to see Mr. McLeod, and the assistant declined to receive them as a committee. Other engineers say that the Reading company must recede from its position or there will be a general tie-up. It is claimed the matter is to be decided in a few days.

THE CORBETT-SULLIVAN FIGHT.

Particulars by Wire at the Grenada To-Night.

Messrs. Miller Bros., of the Grenada Hotel, with decided enterprise, have arranged with the Postal Telegraph Company to receive direct communication from New Orleans to-night. They will bulletin the result of the Corbett-Sullivan fight by rounds. Bulletins are expected to commence about half-past eight o'clock.

THE C. Y. L. U. MEETING.

BUSINESS OF IMPORTANCE TO MEMBERS TRANSACTED LAST NIGHT.

Resolutions of Regret at the Departure of Father Stafford, as Assistant Priest at St. Mary's—A Columbian Celebration to be Held.

The regular monthly meeting of the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum was held last evening at their rooms in the Lyceum building. There was a full attendance of members. Unusual concern was manifested as this was the last meeting of the association to be held before the departure of their popular Spiritual Director, Rev. J. A. Stafford, who will leave here for his new charge this week. After the regular business was disposed of the resignation of Father Stafford was read and accepted. Speeches were made by various members expressing deep regret for the severance of such pleasant relations as have existed between their young spiritual adviser and friend, and the following resolutions were unanimously adopted.

WHEREAS, We learn that our beloved spiritual director, Rev. J. A. Stafford, has been called to a higher field of activity, and is about to sever his relations with the C. M. Y. L. of Plainfield, N. J.;

AND WHEREAS, This information causes a feeling of deep sorrow to every member of this Association; therefore be it

Resolved, That we appreciate the great change his removal will make and we acknowledge the great loss that the Y. M. C. U. will sustain. We hereby record our sincere sorrow for the sudden and unexpected news of his departure. We cannot place too high a value upon his inestimable services. Every step of progress that the Association has made is due to his energy and purpose. His work has been earnest and with a single motive, the moral advancement of the young men of Plainfield. How well his labors have succeeded are attested by the stability and growth that this Association has attained. Our beautiful Hall, his pride, its furnishings, its complete equipment is a monument to his indefatigable labor. His anxiety for the result will always call pleasant memories to the members of this Association.

Resolved, That we assure him that our prayers and best wishes will follow him to his new field.

Resolved, That an engrossed copy of these resolutions be presented to him, that they be placed upon the minutes of this Association, and also printed in the papers of this city.

A. E. KENNEY,
M. J. CASSIN,
W. TRAYNOR,
} Committee.

Upon motion it was resolved that the Lyceum open their library season with a social entertainment on the 22nd anniversary of the discovery of America.

The following committee were appointed to carry out the origin of the organization: A. E. Kenney, M. J. Cassin, P. Butcher, M. J. Winn, M. J. Sheridan, W. Traynor, Jeremiah Traynor, J. Lynch and T. Carty. They will meet to night to outline a plan and make the necessary arrangements.

The affair will probably be a creditable one, and elaborate preparations will be made for the celebration of the memory of Columbus. The committee will report at a meeting of the association to be held on next Tuesday evening, when a full account will be given as to their intentions.

Yesterday's Court News.

Eight bicyclers were arrested since Saturday night for neglecting to carry lanterns after dark. Yesterday, for the edification of two or three who were let off with a reprimand they were fined from $1 to $5 each. $115 being received from all.

Dennis Hilbride and Cornelius Ginna were tried yesterday morning for fighting. They were fined $10 and $15 respectively. Ginna will appeal.

Thomas Flynn was sent to the county jail for forty days for fighting in the Boulevard.

Wm. Madden paid a fine of $5 for being drunk.

Jacob Kountree, for being drunk, was fined $5 or ten days. He took the ten days.

Geo. B. Gorman, an old peddler, was arrested for being drunk and disorderly, and found guilty. He was given thirty minutes to get out of town.

The case of Mr. and Mrs. Gus Angleman for fighting, etc., was adjourned until Sept. 8th.

The trial of George R. Nolan was postponed to Sept. 20.

If you *should* happen to get a package imperfect from any cause, ...

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Take it back and get your money again.

CORRESPONDENCE.

HOW WE FOUGHT THE CHOLERA IN CHINA.

Brandy and Cayenne Pepper a Remedy that Never Failed—Mr. Anderson Saved Many Lives by this Awful Dose.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Some ten or twelve years ago while I was living in Assay, in the South of China, news came from the straits that there was cholera at Singapore. A few days later it had reached Saigon. Coming further north, in its irresistible march, it soon reached Hong Kong, Sweet Waters, Swatow and Amoy.

Its arrival being expected we were prepared for the worst. The foreign residents took the matter coolly. There was no panic. A meeting was held at the British Consulate to devise measures of safety, and, it being known that I had no fear of cholera, I was, with full powers, made Health Inspector of the foreign portion of the Chinese city (where business was done) and where many of us had our sleeping quarters.)

I demanded that the streets should be paved in the vicinity of the foreign Houses, (business houses) that the drains be covered, and that all manure boats should be kept away from the neighborhood of the foreign settlement, all of which requests were acceded to.

The first victim of the fell disease was an old Manilaman. Manilamen and Chinamen are bitter in hatred toward each other. Here we employed the latter to watch the other for our own protection. This Manilaman was a weak, miserable fellow, even when well.

I dosed him with brandy and red pepper, and he got over his cholera, but a few days after died of dissipation on the river. I issued orders that any boy (we call all the personal servants in China "Boy," though he is almost always married and father of a family) who had the least suspicion of sickness should report at once, and that every day, before we were at dinner, one of the boys was said to be attacked with cholera.

"Put hot bricks to his feet, stomach and chest, plus," I ordered, "and give him this."

"This" was a half a tumblerful of brandy with a tablespoonful of Cayenne pepper in it. The boy was put through this heroic heroic treatment and got better from what I have seen of cholera, I think that if taken promptly, it seldom if ever fails. Every minute's delay is a big step towards eternity.

News from the native town now began to come in of numerous deaths among the Chinese, so our doctor, an excellent and able Scotchman, issued the following instructions to the natives:

"Drink no well water unless first boiled.

"Stop all fruits.

"Drink only port, brandy with soda water, tea or congee (boiled rice) water. Avoid beer or claret. The latter were the favorite beverages of the natives.

"Do not go through the native town.

"Keep a bottle of cholera mixture (chlorodyne) by your bed, and if you promptly if any dangerous symptoms present themselves, and send at once for the doctor."

The natives were now dying at the rate of three or four hundred a day, and the coffin supply ran out, and then the dead bodies were therefore buried in any half-hazard way, often with too little earth to cover them properly. Beggars filled the streets, and at every charnel house one or more of their bodies might be seen, covered only by a filthy mat and with myriads of blue flies buzzing round. Business went on as usual, however, but the death rate was increasing, and occasionally a man would be found dead or dying in the compound or office.

As the weather got hotter the deaths increased to about 800 a day, and the Bund (a terrace or line of the best houses) was never without one or two dead bodies lying on it. Indeed no one thought of burying the dead, as the bodies were not allowed to remain in the sun. But one day I found a dead body on the street behind our offices, and I ordered its immediate removal, as it had been lying there over night. The coolies would touch it. I soon found out that the head man of the district would not let the body be moved, as he said it had to become so putrid and offensive that the natives even would pay him a good sum to bury it. I sent to the second-in-chief, however. I called two beggars, one of them a leper, and, getting a box, had the body put in it. On the box (Mandarin's yamun (official residence) and deposited there with my official card, a piece of red paper about the size of one's hand, bearing my name on it in Chinese. This was a very strong step to take, for to carry a dead body to a house is to bring it the worst kind of bad luck. The register, on the following (sea and wind) to whom I sent the body, returned his card with the characters "Pas up see" or "Allright" upon it. I thought this rather a funny name for even a Chinaman, but it was explained to me that he was born on the 4th day of the Chinese's old's circumstance which afforded the natives a good deal of amusement. The result of the application of the remedy shown. The headman got a tremendous bundooling, and every dead body was at once removed from our neighborhood. At all the foreign Houses and at the better class of native houses a dose of tea was put at the doors for the use of the coolies and others working or passing by in the streets.

Only one foreigner died, and he a missionary, Dr. Douglas by name, a strictly temperate man. He was thinking the doctor's orders and take a little brandy in his water, and insisted on going into the limekiln to get some lime for some of the impure water there. He died in the morning and shortly before his death he was thinking of the doctor gave him some iced champagne. "Ah! how nice that is!" It was the only wine that Douglas had ever tasted. In an hour after he was dead, and that night we buried him. No more coffins in the dead house. I used open at dinner one day, and soon to their funeral the next!

The cholera has appeared here now one, and its coming was hailed by millions. The fell plague in its northward march, finally reached Tientsin, after that was driven back again by the fresh northerly wind. Right glad was I when all danger was over, and we could return again to our regular way of living, without having the shadow of death always hovering round our homes. Ever Cholera is a dread demon, and I hope never to meet him again this side of eternity.

One sanitary indiscretion may cause innumerable deaths.

JOHN L. ANDERSON.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

CITY OF NEW YORK ARRIVES.

She has Mrs. and Miss Foster and Chauncey M. Depew Aboard.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—(Special)—The steamship City of New York, having on board Chauncey M. Depew and the wife and daughter of Secretary of the Treasury Foster, was off Fire Island at eight o'clock this morning.

A $45,000 Fire in New Brunswick.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 7, (Special.)—The large sash, blind and door factory of H. B. Butler & Co., took fire this morning at ten o'clock, and was totally destroyed. The loss on the building is $15,000; on finished and unfinished work, $10,000; machinery, boiler and etc., $15,000; on workmen's tools, $6,000. The factory employed fifty-five hands, some of whom had worked for the company for thirty-five years. The concern had a number of contracts on hand, which they will have to make some provision for. The insurance is only about one-third of the loss. The cause of the fire is unknown. A watchman was kept on the premises.

About 6,000 Immigrants Coming.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7, (Special.)—More than 6,000 Immigrants are due at this port from Hamburg, Bremen, Liverpool, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Glasgow, Naples, Marseilles and Gibraltar. They will all be detained, and sixteen vessels are sure to be detained in quarantine.

They "Wyoming" from Liverpool is detained at Quarantine this morning.

The North-German Lloyd had been released.

John Greenleaf Whittier Dead.

HAMPTON FALLS, N. H., Sept. 7th. (Special.)—John G. Whittier, the Quaker poet, passed away at 4:30 o'clock this morning, after a long illness. Mr. Whittier passed away peacefully. His nearest relatives and Dr. Douglass were at the bedside when death came, and he seemed to be conscious of his surroundings at the last moment. The funeral will take place at Amesbury, Mass., at 2:30 o'clock Saturday next.

To Fumigate 10,000 Eggs.

BERLIN, September 7—(Special.)—Tens of thousands of eggs have collected at the railway stations on the Western Russia frontier. The officers are required to fumigate each egg and wash it in disinfectants. These requirements, the importers say, equal prohibition, as any large number of eggs cannot be handled when such minute care is exercised.

Republican Primary Meetings.

The Republican voters of the city of Plainfield are requested to meet at the Republican Association rooms, No. 13 East Front street, over City National Bank) on the following dates for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention to be held at Trenton, September 15, 1892, to nominate a candidate for Governor and Supreme electors.

FIRST WARD. On Wednesday evening, Sept. 7 at eight o'clock and is entitled to one delegate.

SECOND WARD. On Wednesday evening, Sept 7 at 8.30 o'clock and is entitled to two delegates.

THIRD WARD. On Thursday evening, Sept. 8 at eight o'clock and is entitled to one delegate.

FOURTH WARD. On Thursday evening, Sept 8 at 8.30 o'clock and is entitled to two delegates.

By order of the City Executive Committee,
J. R. COWARD, Secy. JOHN ULRICH, Chairman.

Dated Sept. 1, 1892.

THE
NORTH PLAINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOLS
will re-open on
Tuesday, Sept. 13th.
7 6*

Cents-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A SITUATION wanted by a competent cook. Will do washing and ironing. 111 Richmond street, near Putnam avenue. 8 8

HELP WANTED.

A GOOD girl wanted as cook, washer and ironer, in small family. Must be well recommended and have references from last place. "J. M. C.," care of EVENING NEWS. 9 6

WANTED—As chambermaid and waitress, a colored girl. Apply at Eighth street, cor. Madison avenue. 7-9 ws

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply 35 Craig place, North Plainfield. 8 3

WANTED—Colored man and wife. Man to take care of grounds, etc., and to make himself generally useful; woman for general housework. Those afraid of work need not apply. The Gables, Netherwood. 2 4

WANTED—In a family of three, a cook and laundress. Apply at 196 Broadway. 1 8

YOUNG WOMEN DESIRING TO BECOME NURSES SHOULD APPLY TO DR. COOLEY, 55 WESTERVELT AVENUE. 8 29tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A female pug. Reward paid for return to 112 Rockview avenue. 7 4*

FOR RENT.

A CONVENIENT 10-room cottage in a good neighborhood; to let for ten dollars a month. Call at 35 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 31 7

FOR RENT—A pleasantly located house. Has all modern improvements. Will rent for $25 till Spring, $30 after that. Address "Agent," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 6

FOUR nice rooms, with water, to rent. 112 Jackson avenue. 6 3

SMALL house to let. Inquire F. W. Bird, 107 East Front street. 7 3

TO LET—Four nice rooms; first floor. 49 Liberty street. Inquire 67 West Fourth street. 7 4

TO LET—New house, seven rooms; modern improvements; cistern and wash-tubs. Inquire 237 Somerset street. 6 3

FOR SALE.

COLUMBIA tricycle for sale, cheap; or would exchange for phaeton or carriage. Wm. Haelig, Chimney Rock. 7 4

HOUSE FOR RENT—140 East Front street, corner Richmond, finely situated, in complete order, with furnace heat both floors. Apply next door. 131 East Front street. 7-5 wsm1w*

FOR SALE—A Bradley oak painted surrey with curtains. Almost new. Apply to S. Conover, Hillside Avenue. 7 4

FOR SALE—House, seven rooms, three minutes walk from North avenue station, also lots at Evona. Address, S., care EVENING NEWS. 7 4

HAY FOR SALE—All persons wanting to stock their barns with hay for the Winter at reasonable prices, call or address 30 Grandview avenue. 6 3

20 MILE view from Denton's Hillside avenue observatory. Building plots, palms, ferns and trees for sale. 1 4

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 1tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Incorporated 1891; number of students during first year, 261. Largest law school in the United States except one. "Dwight method" of instruction. Degree of LL.B. given after two years' course. Graduate course now added. Tuition fee, $100. Re-opens Oct. 5, 1892. Address George Chase, Dean. 9 6 1m sodtf

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 28tf

WANTED TO BUY—A small donkey; kind, sound and gentle. Must be well broken to harness. Address, stating price, T. B. Paston, Jr., 112 Rockview avenue. 7 3*

WANTED—In private family, good neighborhood, an unfurnished floor, sunny exposure of four or five rooms, bath, closets, heat and water. References exchanged. Address with terms and full particulars, Mrs. L. H. Jenkins, Sheffield, Mass. 6 6

WANTED—Phaeton. Must be cheap and in good condition. Corner Eighth street and Clinton avenue. 30 6

AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S!

CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS,

Friday, September 9, '92, at 2 p. m., Sharp,

The entire effects of Ellen Sloan, deceased, to be sold to settle the estate.

Consisting of Household Furniture

in great variety. One good Square Piano, two good work Horses, Harness, Road Wagon and one Buggy, and various other things. TERMS CASH.

T. J. CAREY . . . . . Auctioneer.

Watch This Space for the Next Attraction.

EDITORIAL NOTES

We all abuse the bloated plutocrats, but we would all like to be one ourselves.

The New York World gives a good rule whereby a man can tell when he is getting too fat: "Whenever a man cannot draw in his breath so to make his stomach look like a corset advertisement, he is getting too fat, and there is something the matter with his shape and his lungs."

The marvel of the time is Herreshoff, the blind boatbuilder of Bristol, R. I. He not only surpasses other boat designers, but he surpasses himself from time to time. Last year the swiftest sailing yacht about the Atlantic coast was the Gloriana, considered the perfection of a model. But this year appeared the Wasp, designed and built by Herreshoff since last summer. In the race for the $1,000 cup, which the Wasp got as the fastest yacht on the water, the Gloriana herself was a contestant. Will Herreshoff now beat the Wasp?

Girls' Appetites.

A gentleman who is an advanced thinker and friend of the higher education of women says that some things in the nature and disposition of a girl puzzle him. He overheard two young ladies talking one day about a luncheon they had had. They were going to get a little dove luncheon alone. They had decided on a glass of soda water and an ice cream apiece as the refreshment which would best suit their dainty desires.

But just as the girls were entering the restaurant door they met the gentleman who is an advanced thinker and a friend of the higher education of woman. He, too, was going to have luncheon, doubtless more substantial than soda water and ice cream. Like the gallant man he was, however, he said to the young ladies, "Come, girls, and get luncheon with me." They did not hang back hypocritically, but accepted the invitation in the spirit in which it was given, cheerfully, and went. But now comes the remarkable part of the narrative—the part the puzzled man does not understand. No sooner did they find that devoted man was going to pay for their luncheon than suddenly their appetites expanded like the Afrite let out of his box. They took it all in that day, and when they left the banquet hall they had put away a luncheon of four courses, costing the man $4.99. Worst of all, they went away and laughed about how much they had made the hapless individual pay for their feast. They thought it was a good joke, those two girls.

The man is sadder and wiser. But he would just like to know how it is that girls' appetites grow so suddenly enormously. Perhaps the just went through the four courses to show him there wasn't anything mean about them.

Irrigation Prospects.

As an investment for surplus eastern capital, irrigation works in the region west of the 100th meridian offer at present exceptional inducements, and there is no reason to doubt that the expectations formed will be realized. Tomagnificent fruit lands of southern California was a part of the so called Great American Desert before irrigation transformed it into absolutely the richest agricultural tract on the earth today. Colorado, too, was a part of the same Great American Desert laid down in the school geographies of forty years ago. Today Colorado potatoes are famous throughout the country and absolutely alarming in their abundance and bigness. Colorado also has nearly 2,000,000 acres of noble land under cultivation that would have been barren only for irrigation.

California has over three and a half million acres of irrigated land under cultivation. The total amount of land now reclaimed and in tillage through this means amounts at present to nearly nineteen million acres. Two methods of irrigation are in vogue. One is the artesian well plan, the other the irrigation ditch method. In the latter method the water is conveyed in flumes and ditches from rivers, lakes and mountain streams. There is a controversy as to which is the better. It will probably be found that artesian wells are best suited to certain localities, and ditches to others. The best way of all to distribute the water has been found to be that called subsurface irrigation, in which the water is conducted under ground to the roots of the plants, leading them to strike down into the earth. But this method is the most difficult to introduce and the most expensive.

Of late years the idea of reclaiming arid land through irrigation. Their success in Utah showed the American mind what might be done elsewhere. Salt Lake City itself is at the geographical center of the arid region of the United States. Here the Mormons began their irrigating operations in 1857. In a few years they had transformed a desert into a blooming garden. The same operation is being repeated today over millions of acres. The farmers of the east will in time take up the irrigation ideas and put themselves beyond risk of crop failure through drought.

BLAINE'S THREE ISSUES

The Tariff, Reciprocity and the National Currency.

A LETTER OF ADVICE TO HIS PARTY.

The Ex-Secretary Will Make No Speeches, but in Lieu Thereof Tells the Republican House the Issues Upon Which He Thinks the Campaign Should Be Waged.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 7.—The following letter from Hon. James G. Blaine to Chairman Manley, of the Republican state committee, is made public:

BAR HARBOR, Me., Sept. 2, 1892.

Hon. Joseph H. Manley, Chairman, Augusta, Me.

MY DEAR SIR—Not being able, for reasons which I have explained to you, to deliver public speeches in this present campaign, I take the liberty of submitting my views on the issues which I regard as being arranged for the Republicans to urge before the people.

The Tariff.

First—The issue of the greatest consequence is the tariff on imports, and it will continue to be until a settlement is effected by a majority so large that it will be unanimous to acquiesce. The Republicans are aggressive on this subject. Two years ago they passed a general enactment known as the McKinley bill, which for a time failed to meet with popular approval and was regarded with a certain degree of distrust by those who had always held the protective system. But a powerful reaction has come in consequence of the vindication of the McKinley tariff by experience. It is found to have worked admirably, and within the last year has produced a greater volume of business, internal and external, export and import, than the United States ever transacted before. Notwithstanding the character and extent of the opposition to agriculture is remunerative, manu actures are prosperous and commerce is more flourishing than at any previous time, thus vindicating the McKinley tariff by an impressive and undeniable series of facts.

Against this tariff the Democratic party have taken a position almost without parallel in the history of the country. They reject entirely and absolutely the principle of protection as a fraud and anathematize it generally. A resolution to this effect was adopted by the Democratic convention against the report of the committee on resolutions by a two-thirds vote, thus manifesting the intelligent participation of every man in the convention. It constitutes a resolution may be adopted in haste, or when the convention is adjourning it may fail to receive the attention of members, but this resolution was debated pro and con, adopted after a contest, and was perfectly understood by the members of the convention. It is contained in these words:

"We denounce the Republican protection as a fraud upon the people, a fraud in purity of the American people for the benefit of a few. We declare it a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue only. We demand that the collection of such taxes be limited to the necessities of the government when honestly and economically administered."

If any one will take the trouble to read the resolution he which Mr. Calhoun sought to defend his nullification scheme in 1831 he will find the tariff platform of the Democratic party in general language therein, and if he examines the subject further he will discover that the duties in the compromise tariff which he moved Mr. Calhoun and his colleagues in South Carolina were of a more comprehensive character than those contemplated in the Democratic resolution of 1892.

The Democrats are in the habit of naming Jefferson as the founder of their party; and the principles of their party are in radical opposition to the principles laid down by Jefferson. Town d the close of his administration the revenue from the tariff on imported produced a considerable surplus, and the question was what should be done. Should the tariff be reduced or should this surplus be maintained? Jefferson pointedly asked, "Shall we suppress the imposts, and give that advantage to foreign over domestic manufactures?" For himself he recommended that the imposts be maintained, and that the surplus created should be applied to the improvement of roads, canals, rivers and education.

If the constitution did not give sufficient power to warrant those appropriations, Jefferson went so far as to recommend that it be amended. This presents the strongest condition of affairs upon which a protective tariff can be justified, and Jefferson was the first to recommend it. The Democrats of the present day, it is needless to say, are the direct opposite of the policy which Jefferson thus outlined and adhered to.

Reciprocity.

Second—When the principle of reciprocity in trade was first proposed to be introduced into the tariff system the Democrats showed much generous appreciation of that question and gave it their support so long as Republicans refused to accept it; but when the Republicans came to approve it the Democratic support vanished, and instead of favoring we find the Democratic national convention passing a resolution hostile to the system. But in spite of Democratic opposition we have attained through reciprocity a new and valuable trade, and the system has demonstrated its many advantages. We were about to declare sugar, molasses, coffee and hides free of all duties in the McKinley bill, but instead of that we passed a law by which we asked the several nations interested what they would give to have their articles made free.

We found that the privileges which we were about to give without cost and without offset would secure a large trade in Brazil, in Cuba and Porto Rico, in the windward and leeward islands, in British Guiana, in Santo Domingo and the five Central American states, and to a minor degree in Australia, France and Germany, all in exchange for the articles which we had intended to gratuitously admit. The free list of the McKinley tariff is larger in the number of articles and in the aggregate amount of their import value than the dutiable list.

What would have been the result to the United States if every articles, before it was put on the free list, had been made the subject of inquiry to see what we could get in exchange for it? We omitted to do so for many years, and that neglect has cost the government advantages in trade which would have amounted to ten of millions of dollars. This is the whole of the reciprocity scheme. It is very plain and very simple. It secures a valuable trade in exchange for articles of consumption which we put on the free list. The Democratic party think they can discredit it, and make the effort apparently for the emphatic reason that they did not originate it.

National Currency.

Third—With all its calamities the war brought the one great blessing—national currency. There are many who will say that it was not a blessing, but the strong assertion supposes a result to capital and labor. Prior to the war we had the worst currency system of any enlightened nation in the world. Th state banks, with some exceptions, were the roughly discredited and despised by the stands throughout the United States. Whenever one of them failed the result was a large loss and great distress among the people. No one was responsible for their bills, and they were generally found scattered in the pockets of laboring men, to whom they were a total loss without any redemption whatever. Of the state banks it was often and truly said that their debts were the assets of their proprietors. They have caused an aggregate loss of hundreds of millions of dollars to the people.

Since the close of the war all this is different. Every paper dollar that circulated among the people has the United States behind it as security. All the banks that exist are under the control of the national government, and if they fail as financial institutions the government has taken care that their bills shall be paid by securities deposited in government vaults. Under these circumstances it is a matter for extraordinary surprise that the Democratic convention should deliberately pass resolutions for the revival of state banks. The policy of state currency, if carried out, would be the subject of constant change. Only a few state banks be adopted and their circulation obtain a large volume to derive profit to the banks, and the people would be the sufferers in the commercial and laboring classes.

How the Democratic convention came to make such a declaration is a mystery. Who was its author, what intelligent purpose was in it, will remain a mystery. I have heard the argument advanced that we would keep the money at home if state banks were instituted; but we should keep it at home because it would be of no profit to it if it would take it abroad. Were the system of state banks revived we would again have discussions at the Union Issue large enough for drafts on financial centers and general suspension of every bill offered in payment, with a liquidation every few years that would be a destructive loss to the innocent holders of bills and a corresponding profit to the parties owning the banks.

The three issues which I have given are the issues upon which I would arraign the Democratic party. It would not multiply issues nor be diverted by our opponents from a steadfast adherence to and constant presentation of those momentous questions, until every voter is made to know and understand their true and weighty significance. Very sincerely yours,

JAMES G. BLAINE.

NEW JERSEY PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The First Convention Nominates Benjamin Bird for Governor.

TRENTON, Sept. 7.—The first convention of the People's party of New Jersey was held here. John Wilcox, a member of the national committee, called it to order and J. R. Buchanan, of Essex, was chosen chairman, with J. W. Hayes, of Middlesex, and T. H. Gaddis, of Hudson, secretaries. These officers were made permanent, and after the adoption of the platform and the election of electors Benjamin Bird, of Hunterdon county, was nominated for governor.

The platform as adopted includes that of the People's national party; declares that New Jersey is governed by a set of corrupt officials for their own gain; denounces the Reading coal combine, the stand taken in Homestead by organized capital against organized labor and the prostitution of the National guards; favors the referendum and a law to compel payment of wages once a week.

The electors chosen were: At large, J. R. Buchanan, of Essex, and John Wilcox, of Cumberland; First district, William Lee, of Camp, Camden; Second, A. J. Barnard, Atlantic; Third, John W. Hayes, Middlesex; Fourth, Richard Carver, Hunterdon; Fifth, Christopher Magaha, Passaic; Sixth, A. G. Horseman, Essex; Seventh, John Hassack, Hudson.

The Vermont Elections.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Sept. 6.—Vermont has had its biennial state election, choosing state and county officers, a legislature and two congressmen. The vote for governor at the September election for two previous presidential years has been as follows:

1888—Republican, 48,522; Democratic, 19,527; Republican plurality, 28,995. In 1884 the Republican vote was 43,522; Democratic, 19,830; Republican plurality, 22,762. In 1890, owing to dissatisfaction and apathy, the Republican plurality fell to 16,000; Congressman Grout's vote was made both with the vote of Septemb r, 1888, and September, 1890.

This being the first time the Australian system of balloting has been used in a state election, the returns are very late.

Eighty towns give Fuller (Rep.), 13,896; Smalley (Dem.), 5,886; Allen (Pro.), 646; scattering, 84. The same town in 1888 gave Dillingham (Rep.), 17,315; Shurtleff (Dem.), 8,838; scattering, 395, and in 1890 gave Page (Rep.), 12,196; Brigham (Dem.), 6,311; scattering, 370.

The vote of these towns shows a Republican decrease of 3,319 and Democratic gain of 48, compared with the vote of the same towns in 1888, and a Republican gain of 1,790 and Democratic decrease of 425, compared with 1890. Returns thus far reported give a majority for each large town as follows: Burlington, Rutland, Barre, St. Johnsbury, Montpelier, Brattleboro, Bennington, Middlebury, Newport and Springfield.

Connecticut Republicans.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 7.—The Republican party of the state has formally opened its campaign. The state convention for the first choice of a full state ticket and presidential electors completed its temporary organization by the choice of the Hon. Allan W. Paige, ex-speaker of the house of representatives, as temporary chairman. The convention was called to order in the Hyperion theater by Chairman Benton of the state central committee. Mr. Benton address d the gathering very briefly, speaking particularly of state issues.

Mr. Paige was then introduced. He said that the state issues and national issues were such that Connecticut should be taken from the column of doubtful states and placed in the list of sure states.

Committees on permanent organization, credentials and resolutions were appointed when Mr. Paige had concluded, and after a characteristic speech by General Stephen W. Kellogg, of Waterbury, the convention took a recess.

On reassembling Congressman Charles L. Russell, of the Third Connecticut district, was elected permanent chairman.

There is absolutely no contest for the first place on the ticket, the unanimous sentiment among the delegates being that General Merwin will be nominated by acclamation.

New Hampshire Republicans.

CONCORD, Sept. 7.—The attendance at the Republican convention was large and enthusiastic. The convention was presided over by Frank O. Churchill State Chairman Streeter made an eloquent address, at the conclusion of which Hon. E. Burnham, of Manchester, presented the name of John B. Smith, of Hillsboro, as candidate for governor, and moved his nomination by acclamation. The motion was seconded and prevailed by unanimous vote amid great cheering. Mr. Smith expressed his thanks and acceptance of the nomination in a brief address.

The President's Tour.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—According to present advices President Harrison will leave Loon Lake early next week to address the citizens of Potsdam, Canton, Ogdensburg, Watertown, Utica, Herkimer and probably several other points before reaching New York on the 17th of the month. The president is expected to come direct to Washington via the Pennsylvania railroad, reaching here in time to take part in the Grand Army encampment.

The Democratic Clubs.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—The executive committee of the National Association of Democratic Clubs met here. The convention of Democratic clubs which is to be held in this city on Oct. 4 and 5 was discussed, and the chairman instructed to invite the presidential and vice presidential candidates to be present.

Parties for Congress.

LAUREL, Md., Sept. 7.—The Hon. Thomas Parran, of Calvert county, was nominated by acclamation for congress by the Republicans.

CHOLERA STILL RAGING.

Twelve New Cases Discovered in New York Harbor.

THE CITY FREE FROM THE PLAGUE

It Is Not Believed That the Scourge Will Be Able to Pass the Rigid Quarantine Established—Hamburg's Dead Hurried Into Unmarked Graves.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—From seven to fourteen miles of salt water still separate the borders of New York city from the dread Oriental plague which has stretched its arm of death across 9,000 miles of ocean. There has been no outbreak of Asiatic cholera in the city itself, according to the bulletins which are now issued twice daily by the board of health. And these bulletins are a most wholesome check upon panic, discouraging and discontentancing sensational and unscientific diagnoses of intestinal disorders in the thickly settled tenement house districts.

But in the harbor death's pirate, cholera, still threatens with breeding swarms of bacilli the waters of both the upper and lower bays and continues to add to the number of his victims. Yesterday there was another death—this one from the Rugia—added to the grim catalogue of victims on sea and in harbor.

There were twelve new cases reported—three steerage of the Rugia and eight of the crew of the Normannia, as well as one of the Normannia's passengers on Hoffman Island. And also there arrived the steamship Elbe, with 460 steerage and 302 first and second class passengers, from Bremen, a port now infected, but not so when the Elbe departed. Coming on the Bluecher, a clean port, with 220 passengers; the Persian Monarch, from London, with 56 cabin passengers; the Elysia, from Gibraltar (whence came our last visitation of cholera), with 230 passengers, and the Cachimere, from the dangerous port of Marseilles, with 459 passengers.

All Quarantined.

There had been only one death upon all these vessels during passage, and that was upon the Rugia from Hamburg. Many of them, though all those ships had a clean record, the quarantined population of the harbor keeps growing.

And meanwhile the separation of those exposed to infection is still delayed, and still the detention of hundreds of passengers, presumably exposed to no direct contact with the deadly germs, must continue. The cabin passengers of the Normannia, from which the steerage passengers have been removed to Hoffman island, still remain on board the ship.

The special police patrol continues to guard the quarantined vessels from contact with willfully inquisitive visitors. A further precaution against the dangling hands of an idiot is the order forbidding bathing on the shores of Staten Island near the Narrows.

Today there is due the steamship City of New York, bearing Lord Brassey and his wife and daughter of Secretary of the Treasury Foster, who will receive, the secretary has himself announced, exactly the same treatment as all other passengers.

Upon the cabin list of the City of New York is also booked the name of Chauncey M. Depew. An excursion down the bay to meet him, arranged by C. C. Clark, H. Walter Webb, J. M. Toncey, J. B. Dutcher and W. J. Van Arsdale, has of course been abandoned.

Will Keep the Plague Out.

Health Officer Jenkins has written to the secretary of the treasury that he will carry out the president's order that all immigrants shall be detained after Sept. 1 be detained five days in quarantine.

Ex-Surgeon General Hamilton, after his visit to quarantine, said he was confident cholera would not enter the city.

The commandant of the Brooklyn navy yard has placed a tug and two steam launches at the disposal of Dr. Jenkins to prevent unauthorized communication with the steamers at quarantine.

Recorder Smyth has called the attention of the grand jury to the plague, quoting the law governing trespassers of quarantine.

Commissioner Gilroy says Croton water is all right. Dr. Darsy, the city health officer, has decided to stop the use of water from driven wells should an outbreak of cholera occur.

The health department of Brooklyn will not permit rags to be landed there, no matter whence they come, until all danger of an epidemic is passed.

The State Board of Health.

The state board of health met at the Murray Hill hotel and ratified the action taken by Secretary Lewis Balch in connection with the cholera trouble, authorizing the circular sent out by him to the several health officers of the state under date of Aug. 31. There were present at the meeting Dr. Daniel Darsy, of Newtons; Dr. John W. Whitbeck, of Rochester; Dr. Joseph D. Bryant, of this city, and Dr. Balch.

The board went into executive session, and after conveying to Mr. Balch the action communicated by Secretary Balch unanimously passed the following:

Resolved, That the health officers of the various boards of health under the jurisdiction of the state board of health be directed to report to the secretary of the state board, as fast as their preparations they have made as to the importation of cholera and what preparations they have made for the control of the work. The secretary is instructed to formulate and issue suitable instructions relating to the treatment and disinfection of cholera patients and all other articles liable to propagate the disease.

Resolved, That immediate steps be taken to provide sufficient funds to be at the command for all necessary protection of the state against cholera. Also, that the secretary be authorized to appoint two medical inspectors of the northern boundary of the state and to fix their compensation and instruct them in their duties.

The board recommended that the drainage of Roosie Falls be looked into and improved.

Moved, Fight the Plague.

TRENTON, Sept. 7.—Governor Abbett has authorized the New Jersey state board of health to draw upon the state treasury for moneys needed to take proper precautions against the plague.

Governor Abbett said, "I will use the whole power of the state to prevent the dreaded disease from spreading if necessary."

Reading's Precautions.

READING, Pa., Sept. 7.—The board of health of this city, in view of the threatened invasion of the Asiatic cholera, have directed the health commissioner to make an immediate personal inspection of all yards and cellars, and employ as many assistants as necessary in removing filth and garbage.

Chicago Watching Can do.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—A close watch is being kept on Grand Trunk trains for immigrants

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N.Y.

2d-Hand School Books

Those having

Old School Books

which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in

Before September 5th.

We can make better allowances now than after school opens.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

CAMPAIGN BANDS

now organizing for the Fall Campaign should write us for our Illustrated Catalogue and Special Offer.

Our Drums are usually for sale by your local Music Dealers. If not accept any other make; ours are known by their tone. Send your card inside the drums.

We make a specialty of entire sets for

DRUM & FIFE CORPS

Our business reputation for more than 50 years is the strongest guarantee that we can meet your wants.

JOHN C. HAYNES & CO.

453-463 Washington St. 33 Court St., Boston, Mass.

Insist on having our Instruments

No. 194.

We Have a Full Line of Headlight and Lubricating Oil,

FOR BICYCLES,

Put up expressly for us, which we are now selling. Three bottles for 25 cents.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

29 East Front street

NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert cologne Maker, who will make the finest bologna in this city. If you are fond of cologna stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

CLEARING OUT SALE OF SUMMER CLOTHING!

AT

WERNER'S - CLOTHING - HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.

You'll fail to drop in and see our EXTRAORDINARY Bargains, as we must dispose of our Summer stock to make room for Fall and Winter goods.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 Bidway

ARE YOU GOING TO EUROPE?

Tickets on any line, to or from any port, at rates as cheap as in New York. Prepaid tickets, and drafts for sale by Henry D. Morrison, agent, 11 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

Tickets for any Steamer—All Lines.

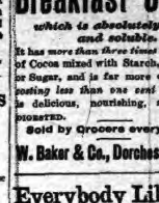
Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies —OR— Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa, which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

For sale by Grocers everywhere.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

Everybody Likes Me.



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I contain no greasy or sticky substance. I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimples; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable; I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP SOAP in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

George - Bremmer,

No 28 SOMERSET STREET,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

CARRIAGES and HARNESS of Every Description.

STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

Accessible at Any Time.

RYERSON,

33 SOMERSET STREET.

FRED. W. DUNN,

Successor to

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Fine Groceries.

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A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

30 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for nut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

LYKENS LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

HOUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 Ty

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY, Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lind may have a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines and shrubs. 9 20 3

H. N. SPENCER, Grocer and Tea-dealer. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. W. G. C. C. Coffee, 30c per pound. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, beets, parsnips, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

J. & Co.

JONES & CO.

Work quietly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties may be called to disinfecting closets, cellars or drains. Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizer.

P. O. Box 668. Telephone call 29.

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WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS H. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:00, 8:30, a. m., 12:00, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 1:00, 5:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 5:30 p. m.

E. H. POPE, P. M.

DIXON WINS WITH EASE.

He Smashes Skelly Around the Ring for Eight Rounds.

THEN KNOCKS HIM DOWN AND OUT.

The Brooklyn Boy Was Badly Punished, While the Colored Lad Was Fresh as a Daisy at the Finish—Mitchell Challenges Tonight's Winner.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 7.—Another prize ring champion has demonstrated that his title is no empty one and that he possesses the ability to whip any man in his class. George Dixon, the peerless little feather-weight champion, met Jack Skelly, of Brooklyn, in the ring of the Olympic club and defeated him with great ease.

Just thirty-one minutes after the men shook hands Skelly lay on the ring floor knocked out, while Referee Duffy declared George Dixon the featherweight champion of the world. The clever colored lad had masters all his own way from the start.

Dixon and Tom O'Rourke arrived at the clubhouse at 8 p. m. Skelly got in ten minutes after that hour. They could see some 4,500 persons occupying seats, at $10 for box seats, $7.50 for reserved and $5 for gallery chairs. There was a section boarded off in the gallery for colored men, as a compliment to Dixon, for the first time in the history of the Olympic club. The space allotted to the "coons" was capable of accommodating about 250 at $5 a head, and it was half filled when time was called. The receipts at Monday night's show amounted to pretty nearly $70,000, and last night, at the cheaper rates, there was not far from $70,000 taken in. Pretty good business for the club.

At the tossing for corners Dixon won and chose McAuliffe's corner. The boys had weighed in six hours before, and Dixon just touched the 118½ pounds limit. Skelly was fully a pound below. The following is the fight by rounds:

The Fight by Rounds.

Round 1—The men had no sooner been called to the center of the ring than Skelly let go his left for Dixon's head. The coon dodged cleverly and smashed Skelly on the face with the left. The boys then hit each other lightly on the face with jabs, and each man made a pretty play at stopping the rights. Skelly looked confident and the crowd yelled.

Round 2—Skelly rushed two inches over the nigger, again took the initiative but missed, and then Dixon got in two left insiders on the body and a hard one in the stomach. Dixon made two rushes, and landed his left in each on the stomach.

Round 3—Skelly came up more wary, but was promptly knocked down by a left hander on the ear, and the colored population howled. Dixon got in three jabs on the stomach and missed two swings for the head. Skelly was slow and could not land a blow.

Round 4—Skelly was cautious and let Dixon clinch him until the colored lad caught his left on Skelly's ribs. Skelly now made a rush and Dixon sidestepped, but on recovering before Skelly had time to, Dixon went in with the left and landed thrice on the stomach. Skelly went to his corner groggy.

Round 5—Skelly came out looking strong enough, but in a clinch Dixon landed his left under the right arm and then smashed him in the face with the right. "Mahogany" now hit left and right on the eye and nose, and Skelly's face was bloody from the eye down. Skelly was quite tired, but he stood the gaff.

Round 6—Skelly forced Dixon to his corner, but could not land a blow. Dixon hit him with his left twice under the right arm and once on the nose, making more blood flow, and again with the left under the right arm. Dixon rushed with the evident intention of finishing his man and landed left and right on the face. He repeated this twice and Skelly could not make a return.

Round 7—Dixon got in a stiff right hander on Skelly's stomach, again on the face and once more on the neck and for the fourth time on the body under the right arm. All the blows were hard. Then Dixon went at him with both hands and hit him over the ring. One left hander floored Skelly, who was bleeding freely.

Round 8—Skelly came up groggy. Dixon was as fresh as a daisy. Dixon rushed and smashed Skelly all over the ring. At close quarters Dixon hit him with the right on the jaw and the crowd yelled "Foul." But there was no foul, as each had an accord. Skelly went down under the force of the crack, but got up bloody but plucky. Dixon ran at him again and thumped him with right and left on the ropes. Skelly was awfully played that he went down again on his knees. He fell over on his face and made an effort to get up, but it was no use, and he was counted out.

A Challenge from Mitchell.

As soon as the contest was over R. L. Frank stepped into the ring and read a cable from Charles Mitchell, in which he challenged the winner of the Sullivan-Corbett fight to battle for $10,000 a side and the largest purse offered.

Jimmy Carroll then entered the ring and issued a challenge on behalf of Johnny Griffin, who is now matched to fight Jimmy Kyrock at the Coney Island Athletic club on Sept. 26, to fight Dixon for $5,000 a side and the largest purse offered.

Johnny Murphy also challenges Dixon to fight for $5,000 a side and the largest purse offered. Murphy deposited $500 with R. M. Frank early in the evening to show that he meant business. O'Rourke announced on behalf of Dixon he would accept all challenges.

The battle tonight between Sullivan and Corbett will likely be the greatest the prize ring has ever seen. Both men are in good condition, but the betting is heavily in favor of Sullivan.

The Naval War College.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 7.—The new naval war college was formally opened by President Mahan, neither Secretary Tracy nor Assistant Secretary Soley being able to be present.

Saved Out of Jail.

DECATUR, Ills., Sept. 7.—Four prisoners escaped from the county jail by sawing their way out a small window. One, Tom Francis, an expert burglar, was recaptured.

Man and Children Missing.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 7.—Antoine Letendre, a demented man, and two children of John Chenevert have been missing from Arctic Center since Monday morning.

The Fishes Reconciled.

OLD ORCHARD BEACH, Me., Sept. 7.—The famous Fiske divorce suit has come to a golden end, a reconciliation having been effected.

Hat Factory Destroyed.

READING, Pa., Sept. 7.—The three story brick hat factory of Richards & Morlatta, this city, was completely gutted by fire.

Tried to Kill a Clergyman.

DETROIT, Sept 7.—A man named Wilkinson attempted to kill Rev. D. M. Cooper for refusing him money.

Cotton Warehouses Burned.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 7.—The cotton warehouses on Dutton street have been destroyed by fire.

who are supposed to have escaped the Service quarantine. Two hundred persons from the infected districts of Germany disembarked from the steamer Cretonia at Montreal, and as only eighty persons are now being held at Service it is feared the others may have made their way into this country.

Quarantine at Providence.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 7.—The board of aldermen today enacted resolutions establishing a new quarantine in the lower bay.

IN STRICKEN HAMBURG.

The Dead Hurried to Unknown Graves. Many New Cases and Deaths.

HAMBURG, Sept. 7.—The number of new cases of cholera has been 928, of deaths 427. This is a decrease of 31 in the number of new cases and of 32 in the number of deaths. As compared with the figures of one week ago, when the plague was supposed to be at its worst, however, the lists of cases and deaths are not encouraging, the increase of fresh cases being 138 and the increase of deaths 17.

The continued use of the Elbe water, without boiling it, is considered to be one of the principal causes of the spread of the cholera, yet no warning has been loud enough to induce the workmen to take this simple precaution. Boiled water hereafter will be supplied, therefore, by the city from the centers of the various stricken districts.

The hearses and dead wagons are not adequate to the requirements of the city. Most burials are carried on now with absolute disregard of the usual forms. The bodies are saturated with disinfectants, hurried into plain box coffins and got under ground as fast as the men in the dead wagons can handle them. Hundreds are taken to unknown graves and relatives are left without knowledge of where or how their dead have been interred.

The appearance of the city is unchanged. But for persons going to services of prayer and officials the streets are empty. Restaurants and cafes, where formerly hundreds ate, are fortunate if they have a dozen customers each daily.

Wise for the Seventh Time.

RICHMOND, Sept. 7.—George D. Wise for the seventh time was nominated by the Democrats of the Third district for congress.

Rev. Sam Small Shot.

VINCENNES, Ind., Sept. 7.—Rev. Sam Small, the noted temperance evangelist, was shot in the thigh by an unknown man.

New England Men Won.

BOSTON, Sept. 7.—The All New Englands defeated the Gaelic men of Ireland in the match continued from Monday.

Torn to Pieces by a Bull.

OMAHA, Sept. 7.—B. M. Ritz, a well known stock breeder of this state, was torn to pieces by a bull on his farm.

Superiority.

"How many fiances have you?"
"Three."
"Is that all? Why, I have five and they're all rich."
"But one of mine is willing to marry."—Life.

RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.'S "PERFECT" Sanitary Heating Furnace

WITH UPWARD RETURN FLUE DOUBLE RADIATOR.

The Most Powerful and Durable Furnace Made.

FOR SALE BY

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Plainfield, N. J.

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(Boynton Beach,)

Piano music Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The days for Sabbath School and Quiet Picnics.

Gala Days

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, SATURDAYS.

Prof. Curtis' String Band with full floor for the dance every afternoon on Gala Days.

Miss E. Alice Thomas of Chicago, the celebrated Whistling Girl, every Gala Day.

Lew Spencer in his fam-ous humorous and topical songs, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

New Orleans University Singers in plantation songs every Saturday.

Saturday evening, dancing 8 to 11. Tickets 25 cents.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST

and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voice trial Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address

NO. 87 DUKE STREET.

The latest autumn jacket is made conspicuous by a profusion of capes. They are not the ordinary capes of old, either, but capes of highly beruffled and fluted appearance. A light-weight lady's cloth or face cloth is a suitable material. Short flares are regarded among the correct relics of the past. A jaunty coat which a well known society young lady will bring out on the first cool September day is a three-quarter length jacket of Russian blue lady's cloth. There are two fluted capes, the longest of which reaches just over the shoulder. Both capes and the front of the coat is trimmed with an Oriental passementerie of scarlet and gold. The flap pocket is also outlined with the trimming. The Russian blouse when worn as a coat is called the "Cossack."

Ovid's Recipe for Wrinkles.

Take equal parts of bean and barley meal and mix with raw egg. When the mass is thoroughly hard and dry it should be ground to fine powder and made into an ointment with melted tallow and honey. A thick layer of this applied to the face every night was warranted to smooth out all wrinkles and make the skin as soft as a baby's.

Educational.

Harned Academy

WILL RE-OPEN SEPT. 12,

with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.

The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.

Classes now forming in German and French. Special classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation for college. Music. Weekly lectures.

E. N. HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

and

KINDERGARTEN,

17 LAGRANDE AVENUE.

Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.

For particulars address the principals

8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,

for

YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,

will re-open on

THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.

For particulars address MISS E. E. KNOWLTON, Principal.

8 23m*

ELOCUTION

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mrs. Alberti, P. O. Box 1079.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainment in French conversation, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, at Dunellen and at summer resorts. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Viroux, care of Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S

Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,

Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 145 Somerset street.

FALL SHAPES

IN

DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis

5 West Front Street.

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J

by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

Beyond the Heat,

Above the Sweltering Plains,

Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight

AT MIZZEN PEAK!

Build Your Home on Watchung Mountain Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence.

Purchasers of

J. T. VAIL, 49 North Avenue.

Plainfield, N. J.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—37 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.
BLIND.
They are blind who will not try a box of
BEECHAM'S
PILLS
for the disorders which grow out of Imperfect Digestion. For a Weak Stomach, Dizziness, Biliousness, Dissordered Liver, Sick Headache, or any Bilious and Nervous complaint they take the place of an entire medicine chest.
COVERED WITH A TASTELESS AND SOLUBLE COATING.
Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box.
New York Depot, 6 Canal St.

Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic,

Needs no turning.

The Rapid,

Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,

and

Lawn - Sprinklers.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

The Plainfield Ice

and

Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

Builders Guide.

Daniel Hulick,

Carpenter

and

General Jobber.

SHOP

35 Jackson Avenue.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS,

28 East Front Street.

First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER,

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 982.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters and Builders.

W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 19 Vine street.

All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,

PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.

Residence—Grandview avenue.

P. O. Box 213.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter & Builder.

Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Bryens.

P. O. Box 1288

Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1551.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grant and Sargeant streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, 4 Sargent street.

Have You a Pencil?

If you are 21 years old $60 00 paid annually for fifteen years would entitle you to $1,000.

If 25 years M, $62.

If 30 years old, $67.10.

If 34 years old, $67.30.

"his sum of $1,000 is payable to the insured, if living, at the expiration of fifteen years, or at his death, if prior.

FOR A LIFE POLICY, of $1,000 the annual payments to continue during life, the payments for young men between 21 and 24 are between $18.00 and $20.

For catalogues and further particulars address Henry D. Morrison, 11 Somerset street, agents, THE NEW YORK MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE BEE HIVE!

Hot Weather Drives!

Ladies' Waists.

Ladies' black and white striped waists, plaited front and back, 49c.

Ladies' laundried cambric Waists, plaited front and back, regular 75c. goods, at 50c.

Boys' box plaited cambric Waits, 25c.

Boys' bathing drawers, 10c.

Ladies' cum bonnets, 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15 and 20.

Men's balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c. and 50c.

Men's outing shirts, 25, 40 and 50c.

Boys' blouses, 50c.

SPECIAL—The I. C. Ivins' Summer Corset 49c.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street

STORM SERGES!

The popular dress material in all shades, 40 inches wide, all wool, at 50c. yard.

Wool Dress Flannels, (46 inch), 25c. per yard.

Dress Lawns, 4 and 6c.

Light prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.

Dress Chalies, 5c.

Good Towelling, 4c

Ladies' Hose, 5c. Gents' half hose, 5c.

Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 38c, formerly 50c.

Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'.

C. DICKINSON,

PRACTICAL

OPTICIAN

and

JEWELER.

Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Agent for the American

Rambler Bicycles.

No. 13 Park avenue.

J. E. YOSE

Furniture Moved

To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.

PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.

Large covered trucks.

30 W. Second street.

Eugene Hoerster,

206 Grove Street,

North Plainfield.

Wholesale Dealer

in

FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.

Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,

No. 66 West Third Street,

Dealer in Choice

Wines, Liquors, etc.

BEER ON DRAUGHT.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : : NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A

CASH DISCOUNT,

In buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,

LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,

are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,

FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,

Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,

Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price. A good article is cheap at any price.

The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.

Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 5 45, 6 27, 6 45, 7 14, 7 39, 8 02, 8 39, 9 02, 9 39, 10 04, 10 39, 11 06 a. m., 12 09 noon, 12 39, 1 06, 1 45, 2 30, 3 13, 4 06, 4 39, 5 15, 5 44, 7 06, 9 06, 10 34, 11 39 p. m. Sunday, 2 36, 7 14, 8 06, 9 06, 10 34, 11 39 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., foot of, 7 30, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sunday at 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sundays at 7 15, 11 00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Bridgeboro.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 15, 7 39, 8 17, 9 02, 11 05 a. m., 12 39, 2 36, 3 43, 4 36, 5 15, 6 06, 6 44, 7 06, 9 06, 10 34, 11 39 p. m. Sunday at 9 06, 10 34, 11 39 p. m. Sundays at 8 45, 9 06, 10 34, 11 39 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 45, 8 17, 9 02, 11 05 a. m., 1 06, 4 36, 6 06, 7 06 p. m. Sunday at 9 06, 10 34 a. m., 8 06 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 9 02, 11 05 a. m., 1 06, 4 36, 6 06 p. m. Sundays 8 20 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Manch Chunk and Williamsport.

7 10 a. m. for stations to High Bridge connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.

9 02 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk and Lehighton.

9 45 a. m. for Junction connecting for Bound Brook, Bridgeboro, Bristol, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

Portland, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Pottsville, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

2 36 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

4 36 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

5 15 p. m. for Junction connecting for Bound Brook, Bridgeboro, Bristol, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

6 06 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

7 06 p. m. for Junction connecting for Bound Brook, Bridgeboro, Bristol, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

9 06 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

10 34 p. m. for Junction connecting for Bound Brook, Bridgeboro, Bristol, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

11 39 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

2 36 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport and Scranton, 8 20 a. m. Sundays for High Bridge, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Pottsville, Harrisburg, Reading and Harrisburg.

7 14 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Harrisburg, etc.

11 39 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 9 02, 11 05 a. m., 1 06, 4 36, 6 06, 7 06 p. m. Sundays 8 20 a. m.

For Philadelphia, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Mount Holly, Lumberton, Medford, Vincentown, Pemberton, Birmingham, Wrightstown, New Egypt, Cookstown, Hightstown, Jamesburg, Spotswood, Monmouth Junction, Kingston, Princeton Junction, Lawrenceville, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

Leave Plainfield at 5 45, 8 17, 9 02, 11 05 a. m., 1 06, 4 36, 6 06, 7 06 p. m. Sundays 8 20 a. m., 8 06 p. m.

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For Philadelphia, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Mount Holly, Lumberton, Medford, Vincentown, Pemberton, Birmingham, Wrightstown, New Egypt, Cookstown, Hightstown, Jamesburg, Spotswood, Monmouth Junction, Kingston, Princeton Junction, Lawrenceville, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

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For Philadelphia, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Mount Holly, Lumberton, Medford, Vincentown, Pemberton, Birmingham, Wrightstown, New Egypt, Cookstown, Hightstown, Jamesburg, Spotswood, Monmouth Junction, Kingston, Princeton Junction, Lawrenceville, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

Leave Plainfield at 4 36, 6 06, 7 06 p. m. Sundays 8 20 a. m., 8 06 p. m.

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COLUMBUS DAY PROGRAMME.

A PRELIMINARY OUTLINE OF IT.

By FRANCIS BELLAMY,

Chairman of the Executive Committee of the National Public School Celebration of Columbus Day.

A uniform programme for every locality in America, to be used on Columbus Day, simultaneously with the dedicatory exercises of the World's exposition grounds, will give a significant unity to America's celebration of its 400th anniversary. Accordingly the superintendents of education, when they adopted the plan of a national public school celebration of Columbus Day, instructed the executive committee to prepare an official programme, identical for every city and village in the country.

The executive committee is now endeavoring to secure contributions from the truest American writers. The names of the authors cannot be announced yet, but the general plan for the exercises of the day is as follows:

The official programme provides for

A Morning Celebration.

The pupils of our public schools are to gather on Oct. 21, at the usual hour, in their school houses. But instead of the regular recitations the morning is to be devoted to exercises befitting the anniversary. These exercises may be simple or elaborate, according to the resources of the school. Many schools will doubtless do little more than use the official programme, adding to it the old, familiar national songs and a few speeches by leading citizens. Other schools with larger resources are likely to extend the programme with additional features, such as special music by chorus or orchestra, historical exercises, pageants, *etc.* The *largest liberty* for individual ingenuity and taste is left to all schools, and the executive committee would encourage a local variety to be given to the official programme.

The Official Programme

will consist of the following features:

1. RINGING AND SALUTING THE FLAG
   At the word of the director, wherever possible, of a detail of the veterans of the war).
2. THE SONG OF COLUMBUS DAY
   (To a well known tune).
3. THE ADDRESS
   (to be declaimed by the best speaker among the boys).
4. THE ODE
   (to be read or recited by a young lady).
5. "AMERICA"
   (which will in all cases be the closing song).

The song, the address and the ode will all be original, prepared especially for the celebration by some of the best of American writers.

By the 1st of September this official programme, in a complete form, will be published throughout the country, and will also be sent to all applicants who address the chairman of the executive committee.

Even if nothing be added to this programme, except perhaps a few speeches and some familiar national songs, the ceremonies will be impressive and worthy of the occasion.

But for schools which desire to arrange a more enriched programme a number of other appropriate features may be at the same time suggested by the executive committee.

Mass Meeting

The Public School Houses.

It is to be remembered, are to be the scenes of this morning celebration. As far as possible in each school house all the rooms under the same principal should unite in having the same exercises. The parents and friends of the pupils should be brought together. Family interests on Columbus Day should be made to center in the particular school house the children attend.

In the country the day ought to be made a real holiday. Farm and household work might well be relinquished, and the families of the district might come together at the school house with their picnic lunches prepared to make a *day of memorable festivity. The com*memoration exercises of the morning being over, the afternoon might be devoted to games and to social reunions of neighbors, which would make the day a joyous one to millions of our hard working population.

Schools May Lead

The Afternoon Celebration.

In nearly all cities and large villages, however, the citizens will wish a formal demonstration on Columbus Day which may be in their own hands. Wherever *the citizens are to conduct a celebration* two matters should be especially arranged:

First—That the civic celebration occur in the afternoon, so that it will not conflict with the morning celebrations which are going on in all the school houses.

Second—That in the afternoon celebration by the people ample recognition should be given to the public school idea, which is to be the characteristic of the day throughout the nation.

This afternoon celebration will vary with each locality, but the citizens will gladly accord to the free school institution the place of honor.

This leading position for the schools in the afternoon celebration can be easily arranged:

First, a most fitting feature will be a

"Public School Review."

If there is a general procession this public school review may be part of it, and the most honored part. If there is no procession, by any other organizations the school may have their review by themselves. Let the pupils march by in classes and with banners, led by their teachers. Let the army veterans, north and south, the blue and the gray alike, be invited to march with the schools as an escort of honor. As the reviewing stand is reached, where the dignitaries are assembled, let each part of the procession salute the flag of the nation with cheers and waving of handkerchiefs.

If the weather is propitious there need be no difficulty in a perfect arrangement of this review. The streets can be cleared by the police, the marching columns of children can be protected by lines of militia or of some other local organization on both sides, and the movements may be made as safe as in the schoolyard itself.

The afternoon celebration by the citizens may also include a

Mass Meeting

at the public hall. This meeting, however, in many localities, will occur in the evening. An important place in the exercises of this meeting should be given to the free school as the characteristic product of the four centuries of American life, and as the safeguard of our free institutions for the future. At least one of the speakers should deal with this subject. Moreover, "The Song of Columbus Day," sung at the morning *celebration in all the schools, might* be repeated by the general audience in this mass meeting. While in some cases it may be impossible for the schools to be present en masse at the public meeting, they may at least send delegations. *Prominent seats should be reserved* for the representatives of the pupils, and one of the exercises of the afternoon might be assigned to them.

In these ways, and in others which will suggest themselves, the

Schools May Lead

in the general public observance by the citizens. This dominance of the schools in all the celebrations of the day is desirable, because the object of the public school celebration of Columbus Day is not merely to awaken in the pupils an historical and patriotic interest in their country, but also to impress on the people of America that the free institutions of the United States are the product of free and universal education.

The attention of the American public on this 400th anniversary must be directed forcibly to the fact that the free school has given to our land its distinguishing civilization, and that the hope of the coming century lies mainly in committing to the public schools definitely the work of training the coming voters to the duties of citizenship.

After Taking.

"Hello, Smith, old boy! Where have you been?"

"*Just returning from my two weeks'* vacation."

"Are you? Got back from mine just two weeks ago."

"Did, eh? Had a fine time, I presume?"

"Simply immense! How have you enjoyed your?"

"*Grandly. How I hate* to come back to the din and dust again!"

"Seems perfectly horrible, doesn't it, after two weeks in the country? Good fishing where you were?"

"Splendid! Caught wagon loads of beauties. Suppose you did too,"

"Well, I should say so! Hauled them out till my arms were about ready to come off."

"Have good accommodation?"

"First class! Large, cool, airy rooms; lots to eat and well cooked, and everything lovely and not very expensive."

"Same way with me exactly. By the bye, where were you?"

"At Mr. Skimem's place, near Jarville."

"What! Old Sandy Skimem's place on the sand hill?"

"Er—y-e-s."

"And you had that corner room looking out across the harvard to the bore, and full of pollywogs, where you caught your big fish?"

"Er—y-e-s."

"And three wasn't enough shade within three miles of the place to cover a hammock; you didn't have a decent restaurant meal while you were there, and you paid fifteen dollars a week for it?"

"Er—y-es; but how do you come to know so much about the place?"

"I spent my vacation there. Beastly, wasn't it? The thought of it makes me *tired and hungry yet.*"

"Me too! Come with me to the fifteen cent restaurant, where we'll get some nice fresh country vegetables and fruits, and jollify over the fact that we won't have to go on another vacation trip for a whole year."—Chicago Times.

Heartrending.

Gentleman in Center—Remember, ladies, you are not to fire until I drop my handkerchief. Do I understand you to say this is to be a duel to the death?

Ladies (sepulchrally)—It is!

Juan (concealed behind rocks)—Dear, dear me, to think that I should be the cause of this!—Life.

An Ornithological Item.

The small daughter of a well known Boston physician went to visit her grandmother in the country recently, and being town born and bred the singing of the birds was a new sensation for her. "What is that robin?" she inquired. "Birds singing," replied her grandmother. "That is a golden robin." The next day the midget informed her mamma she would like to hear that bean bush again.—Boston Herald.

Thoughts on Higher Things.

Little Boy—Mamma, may I have that big family Bible a little while?

Fond Mamma—Of course you can, my pet. *Your thoughts are on higher things,* I see.

Little Boy—Yes'm.

Bridget (to herself, two hours afterward)—Humph! More of that jam gone. I don't see how that boy reaches it.—Good News.

Must Have Been Very Thirsty.

As the house physician was walking through a hospital ward one of the patients called to him:

"Doctor," he cried, "I wish you'd move me out of this here ward."

"Why?" asked the doctor.

"Well, this feller next to me keeps a-drinking all my codliver oil!" was the reply.—Boston Globe.

State Schools Opened Against Two Faults.

If I were a girl again I should know there is no life better than that which includes the *common lot of woman*—the joys and sorrows of wifehood and motherhood. While lives may be noble without these, no life, however humble, can be ignoble if it worthily contains them.

There can be no success without conscious or unconscious preparations. The *successful wife and mother will have both.* Unconsciously to her, the discipline and innocence and justice and love of childhood's experience will teach her, and consciously the discernments, activities and observations of a true maidenly heart. With the conscious preparation I would have for me if I were a girl again.

Two foxes destroy the vines that would otherwise produce the sweet and peaceable fruits of a glad existence. They are the foxes of vanity and selfishness. Because this is true the first duty of the young girl is to destroy these foxes.

Vanity is a subtle destroyer. That it is an imperfection peculiar to women I deny. That it is one of her conspicuous faults I admit. It mars her beauty, enfeebles her will, dims her sensitiveness and undermines her modesty.

Selfishness is perhaps more cruel. It is greedy of personal ease and correspondingly indifferent to the ease of others; it is treacherous in methods and unscrupulous in execution.

Given vanity and selfishness with intellect, and you will see the society woman prospering in her heartless, ambitious schemes, or the public woman, whether so called reformer or other worker, ascribing the motive power of her life to her own advancement, or the wife making wreck of her husband's love, means and happiness for her own gratification.—Mrs. George Archibald.

The Best Method of Discipline.

If the child is unhappy who has none of his rights respected, equally wretched is the little despot who has more than his own rights, who has never been taught to respect the rights of others, and whose only conception of the universe is that it is an absolute monarchy, of which he is sole ruler.

Children rarely love those who spoil them, and never trust them. Their keen young sense detects the false note in the character and draws its own conclusions, which are generally very just.

The very best theoretical statement of a wise disciplinary method that I know is Herbert Spencer's. "Let the history of your domestic rule typify in little the history of our political rule; at the outset autocratic control, where control is really needful; by and by an incipient constitutionalism, in which the liberty of the subject gains some express recognition; successive extensions of this liberty of the subject, gradually ending in parental abdication."

The mother who is most apt to infringe on the rights of her child (of course with the best intentions) is the fly parent, afflicted with the "lust of dominion." There is no elasticity in her firmness to prevent it from degenerating into obstinacy. It is not the firmness of the tree, that bends *without breaking, but the firmness of a* certain long eared animal whose force of character has impressed itself on the common mind and become proverbial.—Kate Douglass Higgin in Scribner's.

The Ventilation of Schoolrooms.

In a recent book treating of physical development and exercise for women attention is called to the contrast between the way in which the most highly civilized states treat criminals and lunatics, and the way in which the children of wealthy parents are often treated in regard to pure air. Asylums and prisons are often provided with the best systems of ventilation known to science. In many nurseries and schoolrooms the bodies are poisoned and brains stupefied by breathing and rebreathing an insufficient quantity of air.

This evil, the writer points out, will only be remedied "by the firmness and intelligent co-operation of parents who will refuse to send their children where the requisite provisions for ventilation do not exist, and through the intervention of boards of health who will pass laws forbidding the use of rooms for school purposes which do not permit of proper ventilation or limit the number of pupils to be allowed in rooms of given dimensions."—New York Post.

Danger in Milk Bottles.

"There was a time when the mere fact that milk was put up in bottles was a sure guarantee of its purity," said a dealer, "but of late many unprincipled men have taken advantage of the popularity it has gained, and how much milk that couldn't be sold by the measure at any price is disposed of in bottles. My experience has taught me that it is a safe plan never to deal with a man who sells both kinds. While some are no doubt honest enough, the temptation to get three cents a quart extra is unquestionably too strong for the others to resist. Then, again, there is a strong sanitary objection to bottled milk. The customer is supposed to wash the bottle before returning it, but this is practically a dead letter.

"When the residuum is allowed to remain in the bottle over night it is difficult to remove it, and the washers in the milk stores are apt to skirk their work, even under the most favorable circumstances. As a consequence, while milk cans are well scoured, the bottles are very often allowed to remain in an impure condition. A case in point, and one that came under my personal observation, happened to a customer who, returning a bottle, apologized for a stain on the inside, which, she said, she could not remove. 'Oh! never mind,' replied the dealer. 'It has probably been there a long time and will work out in time.'

"It is well to remember that there is one test which is as sure as it is simple. Take a clean glass and fill it with milk. Then pour it out. If the milk is pure, the whole inside of the glass will be white with milk."—New York Evening Sun.

Beware of the Spring Balance.

That there is a great deal of deception perpetrated on the unsuspecting public by certain street hucksters and produce venders was illustrated at the meeting of the city and town sealers yesterday. Among other sharpers mentioned by City Sealer Pettis was a spring balance which, from all appearances, was correct, but when the weights were put on it readily showed its deficiency. When a standard 1-pound weight was placed in the balance the hand indicated 1¾ pounds; when a 2-pound weight was placed in the pan the dial said 2¾ pounds, and so on, the hand showing a *gain of over 2 pounds when the 10-pound* test was tried.—Providence Telegram.

The Heavily Veiled Woman.

If a woman appears on the streets heavily veiled those who like the mysterious impinge she is some famous beauty. But she isn't. Good looking women do not cover their good looks with heavy veils.—Atchison Globe.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

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Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

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THE ALBION,

SECOND STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

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Hotel Grenada,

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Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

Corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our *commodious store.* Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

SEELY EDSALL,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Invites the inspection of the Fancy Goods Trade to his new stock of

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS

Novelties.

Henriettas, Serges,

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BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!

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Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child

SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Regular Special Sale

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Granite Iron Ware.

THIS IS THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF THIS EXCELLENT WARE THAT WE HAVE EVER OFFERED, AND THE PRICES ARE JUST ONE HALF WHAT YOU USUALLY PAY. THERE IS EVERYTHING IN COOKING POTS, TEA AND COFFEE POTS, TEA KETTLES, PLATES, DIPPERS, PAILS, WASH BASINS, ETC. HOUSEKEEPERS WILL STUDY THEIR OWN INTEREST BY ATTENDING THIS SALE.

THERE ARE MANY OTHER GOOD VALUES TO BE HAD THROUGHOUT EVERY DEPARTMENT.

VanEmburgh & White

BEACH'S

Celebrated

PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

Also

HOME MADE White Bread, Gluten Bread, Breakfast Rolls All kinds of Cake, Crullers, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPE and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice. Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday desert on or before Saturday morning.

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179 and 181 Somerset Street,

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Boys and Girls Give This Your Kind Attention!

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MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED *NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,*

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A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on

..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..

..Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks..

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.

Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.

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ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

This Date in History—Sept. 7.

1609—Jean Baptiste Colbert, famous French financier, died in Paris; born 1619.

1757—The Marquis de Lafayette was born; died May 20, 1834.

1813—Thomas Andrews Hendricks, statesman, vice president of the United States, born near Zanesville, O.; died 1885. He held in reverse succession the same offices as did his father, viz., governor of and United States senator from Indiana.

1857—Warsaw taken by the Russians after a bloody battle; end of the Polish insurrection.

1858—John Bird Sumner, English theologian, died; born 1780.

1861—Sidney Lanier, the banker poet, died in Lynn, N. C.; born 1842.

1860—The celebration of "Admission Day" was begun in San Francisco—40 years after the state was admitted.

1891—The new Chilian government officially recognized by the United States government.

True Philosophy.

It was 3 a. m. and the morning was very cold.

In fact it was the dead of winter.

And the winter had been one of the coldest for years.

Joggerly was the father of twins.

Misfortune never came singly.

They were six months old and they were fretful and noisy.

Joggerly had been heard to swear at them.

Yet he was not a profane man ordinarily.

On the morning referred to above Joggerly had been called from his warm bed *to attend to the twins.*

This attention consisted of trotting up and down the floor with one on each arm.

Mrs. Joggerly was deploring the necessity which brought her husband to such straits.

Joggerly was philosophic.

"*After all, my dear,*" he said, looking down upon them, "it is the little things which worry us most."

And the twins howled.—Detroit Free Press.

Dangers of Boating.

Clara—When George and I are married I'm to have my own way in everything.

Dora—Guess you won't.

Clara—Indeed I will. That's the bargain. Don't you remember I told you he wanted to run a newspaper, and asked if I'd float through life with him just that way?

"Yes."

"Well, he was rowing, but I was steering."—New York Weekly.

1892 September. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	6	4:06 p. m.	New Moon	20	8:16 p. m.
Last Quarter	13	7:50 p. m.	First Quarter	29	1:19 a. m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.

1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.

Wetumpka Lodge, 3401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.

Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.

HALPH A. VOET, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article,

A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,

to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

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Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

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40 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

New Marble and Granite Works,

We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.

J. E. Townsend, Manager,

No. 130 SOMERSET STREET.

Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Republican Primary Meetings.

The Republican voters of the city of Plainfield are requested to meet at the Republican Association rooms, No. 13 East Front street, over City National Bank) on the following dates for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention to be held at Trenton, September 13, 1892, to nominate a candidate for Governor and Representatives:

THIRD WARD. On Thursday evening, Sept. 8 at eight o'clock and is entitled to one delegate.

FOURTH WARD. On Thursday evening, Sept. 8 at 8 o'clock and is entitled to two delegates.

By order of the City Executive Committee,
J. ROSWARD, JOHN CLARKE,
Secretary. Chairman.
Dated Sept. 1, 1892.

BREVITIES

—"Search thy friend for his virtue; thyself for thy faults."—C. H. Spurgeon.

—"The virtue of a man ought to be measured, not by extraordinary exertions, but by his everyday conduct."—Pascal.

—Health Inspector Whiteley is making a house-to-house inspection of houses in North Plainfield to guard against fever by seeing that the cellars and surroundings are put in proper sanitary condition.

—A prominent merchant informed a Plainfielder yesterday that in one of the large New York establishments over two hundred clerks had a month's wages mortgaged and the amount placed in bets on Sullivan.

—*The residence of Mr. Albert Runyon* on Mountain avenue is now nearing completion and he hopes to occupy it some time in October. The mason work on the building is being done by Mr. Jacob M. Higgins the well-known contractor.

—*Robert Skinner, who was brought* before the city court this morning for trial for quarreling and fighting, changed his plea of not guilty to guilty and was fined $7. McCarty, who pleaded guilty when arrested a few days ago, was fined $3.

—Three persons were arrested last evening for riding bicycles without taking the precaution to provide themselves with lanterns. One of them, a young man named Teeple, was not going to pay *his fine of one dollar and was* being taken to jail when he changed his mind. The other two appeared at court this morning to pay their fines, but the judge had gone out of town for the day.

—The New York Times asks editorially: "What better field for growth and propagation could a cholera germ ask than a fat *gutter or fine clam?* The cholera ship now in the bay has been over-loaded *with* great quantities of infected material. New York gets its clams and *oysters from waters easily in tidal com*munication with the lower bay." Even the proverbial "R" in the month will hardly be necessary to season if this idea shall get lodgment in the public mind.

—*A boy about twelve years of age* while walking along the railroad near Liberty street about eight o'clock last evening had his left leg and foot painfully bruised and crushed. He said it was caused by a large piece of flagging falling *on him. He was assisted toward his* home on West Third street, but before he arrived there insisted on going the rest of the way alone. He would not tell how it all came about. It is thought he was in trying to steal a ride on a train and that *his story about the flagging is false.*

—Back Day of Third street met Charles Perrine of Somerset street last night in French's lane, and began abusing him, accusing him of some offense which Day claimed was committed fourteen years ago, and which Mr. Perrine knew nothing of. *Mr. Perrine called a police*man and had Day arrested. The policeman also locked up Mr. Perrine as a witness, happening to be living out of the county. Mr. Perrine was greatly incensed over this, and this morning went to make a complaint, which greatly incensed the police. Mr. Perrine said that they proceeded with him all night long from his adjoining cell, saying that he was very sorry for what he had done, and he was told that influenced Mr. Perrine not to make the complaint.

Republican Primaries.

A very small number of the Republican voters of the first and second wards were present at the primaries held in the association rooms last evening for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention to be held at Trenton on September 13 to nominate a candidate for Governor and Republican electors.

The first ward primary was called at eight o'clock. J. B. Coward was elected chairman and Richard E. Corbett secretary. The call was read and a notice stating that every two hundred voters, according to the last presidental election, were entitled to one delegate.

J. Fred McDonald was elected as delegate with Geo. H. Cook as alternate.

The second ward primary was called at *half-past eight. John H. Doane was* elected chairman and Grinnell Hart, secretary. William F. Messerschmidt and V. C. Nash were elected delegates, with Walter Neal and Grinnell Hart, alternates, each newspaper, present to report the meeting.

The third and fourth wards hold their primaries this evening at eight and half-past eight o'clock respectively. All voters are urged to be present.

If taxpayers won't attend primaries they needn't find fault if they can't get representative men to represent them. They must not be surprised at loose management of public affairs. They are themselves to blame.

Corbett Coming Here.

The admirers in this vicinity of manly beauty, courage and skill will be treated to a grand treat when the accomplished actor "Gentleman Jim" Corbett at Music Hall, Oct. 4. Manager Demarest, who may be known as the father of the young pugilist's battle with "Giant John" last evening, made a contract a few days ago for Corbett's appearance in this city on the date mentioned above.

Somerset County Primaries.

The Somerset county primaries will be held on Friday afternoon next in the respective townships, with the exception of North Plainfield township, where it is to be held on Friday evening.

AVERTING A STRIKE.

THE READING'S REPORTED YIELD TO ITS ENGINEERS.

President McLeod's Statement of the Trouble.—The Discharged Employees Reported Taken Back.—The Information Circulated Along the Line Late Last Night.

THE NEWS has from time to time been publishing exclusive information from authentic sources of a possible strike on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad. The possibility of a strike was brought about by the discharge of several engineers who were members of the Engineer's Brotherhood. A committee from that organization sought a conference with President McLeod at his office on Thursday as published in yesterday's NEWS. Mr. McLeod was not there and his assistant declined to receive them as a committee. The news quickly spread among the engineers that the committee had been refused a conference, and as a result a strike was boldly talked of.

The following is an official statement of the situation as to the threatened strike on the Central:

"The Reading railroad in employing men, has certain rules which the men must agree to. Among these is one to the effect that as employees they must not belong to any outside labor organizations. A number of Reading employees—about five—violated this rule by joining a labor organization, and insisted that they could do it with impunity. They were discharged. The discharged men then went to the engineers employed on the Jersey Central road and enlisted their sympathies until they, as an organization, took up the grievance of these men, and now they threaten not to move a Reading freight unless these men are reinstated. The Jersey Central Company allows its men to belong to any labor organization they please, as long as this does not interfere with the business of the company. Jersey Central has not re-employed the men discharged by Reading, and has given notice to its old employees that any one refusing to handle Reading or any other freight will be discharged immediately."

President McLeod of the Reading system said yesterday to a reporter: "The workingman has no better friend than I am, and I endeavor always to further his interests when I can. I do not think that this can be done by encouraging labor unions as they at present exist. I am opposed to labor organizations, because they in time become tyrannical. *The men who do the work are taxed to* support in idleness walking delegates and such other stirrers up of mischief. On the Reading system if the men think they have a grievance the matter is presented to me by petition, or by personal application, and *always receives* prompt attention. If any committee representing men employed on this system refuses to see me on my return to Philadelphia I shall certainly receive them and hear what they have to complain of.

Late last night the story was circulated among the employees along the line that there had been a compromise and that the discharged men were taken back, thus averting the strike.

Annual Report of Plainfield's Needlework Guild.

Before the annual meeting of the Needlework Guild, which takes place in October, the officers of the Plainfield Branch desire to call the attention of the public to the following report of the first year of the organization of this branch, showing the number of garments received, and how they were distributed. They congratulate themselves upon the success of the first year, and hope not only that all who contributed will continue to do so, but that it will also interest others to join in the charitable work.

PLAINFIELD BRANCH.

President—Mrs. Van Nest Talmage.
Vice-President—Mrs. E. L. Goddard.
Secretary and Treasurer—Mrs. J. Parker Mason.

DIRECTORS.

Mrs. Van Nest Talmage	34
" J. Parker Mason	33
" C. W. McCutcheon	32
" C. S. Corwin	32
" P. Dunn	32
" E. L. Goddard	32
" C. T. Gross	32
" Samuel Hamilton	32
" Horace Kimball	32
" A. E. Hill	32
" G. C. Smith	32
" Chas. Lawson	32
" D. W. Pierson	32
" E. Ryder	32
" Wm. G. E. Gee	34
" R. L. Agnew	32
" S. R. Struthers	32
" J. Evarts Tracy	32
" D. J. Tuttle	32
" J. T. Baker	32
Miss Florence Tweedy	32
" E. M. Goddard	32

From Directors reporting less than 32 each 35

Garments received 615

Distributed—The *Children's Home*, 182; the Muhlenberg Hospital, 113; the Boys' Club, 9; the Crescent avenue church missionary box, 58; missionary box, Georgia, 16; missionary box Michigan, 24; Mrs. Dorland's school, N. C., 42; Eurasian Home, Ind., 94; Child's Nursery and Hospital, N. Y., 38; Home for destitute girls, N. Y. 11; Holy Cross church missionary box, 6; local cases, 82; undistributed, 26.

ANNIE A. W. MASON, Secretary.

New Court of Foresters.

Supreme Court Deputy W. T. Bingham went to Plainfield Friday evening and instituted Court Plainfield of Independent Foresters of America. The meeting starts under favorable auspices. It will be favored on the 30th inst. by the meeting of the High Court of New Jersey at Plainfield.

The session of the High Court promises to be one of the largest attended and most important it has held. About 200 delegates are expected. The principal officers will be there their headquarters at the City Hotel during the session—Elizabeth Journal.

PLAINFIELD LIBRARY.

MANY NEW BOOKS RECEIVED.

The Board of Directors Meet—Routine Business—Bills Ordered Paid—Librarian's Report for August.

A regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Plainfield Public Library was held last evening.

Directors A. C. Baldwin, M. W. Tyler, J. B. Dumont, Joseph W. Yates and Wm. Stillman were present.

The minutes of the meeting of July 6th, were read and approved.

The following bills were approved and ordered paid:

Wm. H. Williams, papers, etc., for July and August	$94.87
Joseph W. Harper, legal cap paper	5.50
Boice, Runyon & Co. coal	82.75
E. E. Davis, Assistant to librarian	30.00
Mary A. Keenan assist't to librarian	25.00
Janitor for Aug. $40, sundries, $2.40	42.40
Miss Adams, librarian	50.00

The following librarian's report for August was read and on motion ordered on file:

Monthly bulletin of new books, August, 1892.

Bryce—Short History of the Canadian People.
Caine—Scapegoat.
Elliot—*Qualitative Chemical Analysis.*
French—Otto the Knight.
Gray Absolute Measurements in Electricity.
Ingram—England and Rome.
Merrylees—Carlsbad.
Morris—Poems by the Way.
Oman Byzantine Empire.
Rabenstein—Music and its Masters.
Winter—Shadows of the Stage.
Woolsey—Verses.
Abbott—History of Greece, 2 vol.
Barnum—Political and English dictionary, 2 vol.
Bennet—Practical Banking.
Collingwood—Philosophy of Ornament.
Daniel—The Prayer Book, its History, etc.
Dessat—Popular Tales from the Norse.
Dufferin—Letters from High Latitudes.
Duffrin—Popular Tales from the Norse.
Fillmore—Piano-Forte Music.
Gaskell—My Lady Ludlow.
Gibson—The Luck of Gold.
Gould—Mehalah.
Gould—John Ludlow.
Guthrie—The Blue Rose.
Hamley—Lady Lee's Widowhood.
Harrison—New Calendar of Great Men.
Hawe—Beauchamp.
James—Darnley.
Kitchin—Political Questions, 2 v.
Linton—Joshua Davidson.
Linton—Under Which Lord?
Morris—Hopes and Fears for Art.
Nesbitt—Glass.
Nisbet—Flower Painting.
Peele—Works of Geo. Peele, 2 v.
Perry—History of the English Church, 3v.
Praed—Head Station.
Pitcole—Old Kensington.
Russell—Wreck of the Grosvenor.
Sala, Augustus—Bleak Forest.
Shiren—Great African Island.
Sidney—Countess of Pembroke's Arcadia.
Stanley—Historial Memorials of Canterbury.
Tschkowirov—Russia, Political and Social, 2 v.
Tours—The Violin.
Willshire Study of Ancient Prints, 3v.
Wilson—Hygiene.
Wood—East Lynne.
Wood—Johnny Ludlow, 5 v.
Stieler—The Rhine.
Austin—Samia, Tragedy.
Austin—Savonarola.
New Jersey laws, 1892.
New Jersey—Cases, Court of Chancery, Dickinson.

Vols. on accession book, July 31	11.407
Vols. added by purchase	2
Vols. added by gift	2
Now in library	11.409
Card holders	2406
Cash received from fines	$11.36
Subscriptions of non-residents	1.

Home Circulation.

Fiction	1002
Juvenile stories	306
Biography, correspondence, etc	74
Travel, description, geography, etc.	46
Philosophy	9
Religion, mythology, etc	18
Sociology, political economy, government, etc	27
Philology	1
Natural science	30
Useful arts, including medicine	13
Fine arts	35
Literature	71
History	97
General works, periodicals, etc	8
Total	1566
Visitors to building, 2,286	

E. L. ADAMS, Librarian.

The meeting then adjourned.

PERSONAL.

Miss Madeline Harberger of West Front street is to be married next month to Mr. Conrad Bachen, of New York.

Dr. W. W. Durland, dentist, of Somerville, who was reported dead yesterday, appeared in the flesh to-day to say that he was very much alive, which he certainly appeared to be, as he was going about town loaded to the muzzle for the person who started the report. Last night he was met in Somerville by people who said, "Hello! Doctor, I thought you were dead!" This was the first he knew that he had been dead at all. "You can't always sometimes tell." The Spiritualists say the dead come back to their friends occasionally. But he is no Spiritualist. At all events, whatever he may have been yesterday, there is no doubt that to-day for a few days' old corpse he was very much alive and kicking.

Incoming Steamships.

The following vessels are now on the Atlantic, bound for New York, from infected European ports:

Day	Ship.	Port.	No. of Passengers.
4	Letimbro	Gibraltar	220
7	Obdam	Rotterdam	400
8	Rhynland	Hamburg	225
8	Dabbelman	Rotterdam	205
9	Belgenland	Antwerp	450
9	Bellevue	Hamburg	250
10	Kaiser Wilhelm II	Bremen	1,117
13	Didam	Amsterdam	464

*Estimated.

—A large delegation of bicyclers from this city will be present at the Manhattan Carnival in New York on Sept. 17.

CORRESPONDENCE.

SOME PAIR STATEMENTS FOR VOTERS TO CONSIDER.

The McKinley Bill and the Prophecies of its Friends and Foes—Which of Them Have Proved Correct?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The free trade opponents of the McKinley Bill prophesied dire injury from it, declaring that it would raise prices of manufactured goods, paralyze foreign trade and limit industrial development.

Its friends claimed that it would tend to sustain the wages of labor, maintain the high standard of living of the working classes, without increase of prices to consumers or reduction of the value of foreign trade.

Which was right?
What is the McKinley bill?
What is it doing for the country?
Let us see:

The bill has triumphantly vindicated itself, and verified the promises of its friends. Instead of raising prices of commodities, it has reduced them. Instead of destroying foreign trade, it has given an immense development to trade with foreign nations and witnessed the heaviest international transactions ever known. Instead of a balance of trade against us, requiring shipments of gold or other forms of wealth to pay the difference, *foreign nations* have been compelled to pay more than two hundred millions of dollars to settle the balances of the past year in our favor.

Free traders insist that the tariff is a tax. They have further insisted that the McKinley bill increased taxation. On the supposition that a duty is a tax upon the consumers of the products, this much abused bill has reduced taxation, for it levies a lower rate than the tariff act which it displaced. Under it only a fraction *over* 20 per cent. has been paid upon the total imports of last year; whereas within a small fraction of 30 per cent. was paid during the last year's operation of the former tariff. That may seem strange to the reader of free trade newspaper screams, but it is true, as shown by the records of the Treasury Department. It has reduced the average rate of duty nearly one-third. It has made this average much lower than was made by the Mills bill, the free trade bill.

What is the difference then between the two systems? The same as between light and darkness. They are diametrically opposite. The McKinley bill places duties on goods which we can produce at home, and admits those goods that do not compete with our labor. The Mills bill places duties on tea and coffee and sugar, which are grown by foreign labor, increasing their price to our consumers; and it let in free or reduced the duty on things we do produce, offering dangerous or destructive competition to our manufacturers and reducing or destroying the income of our laborers and artisans. The Mills bill was in the interest of foreign manufacturers and foreign labor; the McKinley bill favors home manufacture and American labor. The Mills bill tended to reduce the standard of living of our working people and limit the farmers' market for wheat and corn and all other food products; while the McKinley law is making larger *markets at home, increasing the demand for* labor, and keeping our money at home instead of sending it abroad to feed foreign labor and pay interest on foreign capital.

Further, if the tariff is a tax, it may be *paid by our consumers or it may be paid* by foreign manufacturers. If levied on goods we produce, foreigners anxious to compete will pay the tax, as they do, to make sale for their goods. This they have done in this state. This the Canadian *farmers have done in sending us* eggs the past year, selling them at 10.4 cents per dozen, when they got 15 before the passage of the McKinley bill, thus paying nearly all of the duty. But the importation was nearly stopped, giving our western farmers an opportunity to enlarge their trade with the East in eggs to the extent of more than two million dollars. The McKinley bill thus helped the Western farmers to that amount, made the Canadians pay something for the privilege *of our trade, and Eastern consumers got their eggs at the* same price as before. Even the bill helped this country, though it was not framed in the interest of Canada. This bill, on the contrary, was popular in foreign countries, and abused by all self-respecting American who did not like to be paid for their labor. The Mills bill loved our neighbors abroad *better than our own people, while the* McKinley bill looked first to the interests of American labor.

Free trade in this country was not fav ored from the beginning of the days of the early Presidents. It was born of slavery and nullification in Calhoun's time, to reduce the Northern laborer to the *"mudsills of the North,"* to the condition of the Southern slave, the slave labor. It is a constant menace now to the wages and dignity of American labor.

All the talk of the recent Congress favored absolute free trade, all were aimed at the destruction of American industries and the reduction of wages. The Cleveland platform commends the free trade system and anathematizes protection. It is unchanged, unrepented or otherwise, favoring bold and absolute free trade, as it is understood in Great Britain by leaving duties "for revenue only," and only on products not possible of production there, and shielding the world for free competition with home manufactures. It is an unpatriotic platform to elect upon which Democratic laborers will repudiate, or risk the reduction of wages, the crippling or annihilation of our industries, the lowering of the standard of living and the decrease of general prosperity.

A THINKING VOTER.

—Two young Hebrew boys were arrested this morning for peddling without licenses. They were fined one dollar each.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Cholera in Canada.

TORONTO, Ont. Sept. 8th. (Special.)—The Globe correspondent at Quebec says that there is reason to believe that a case of cholera has been found on board of the steamship Wandisham from Hamburg, which passed Further Point yesterday inward.

To Release the City of New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8. (Special.)—Dr. Jenkins has decided to release the City of New York to-day.

Where Cholera is Raging.

PARIS, Sept. 8. (Special.)—110 fresh cases of cholera and 92 deaths here yesterday.

REPORTS OF THE FIGHT.

As Heard by a "News" Reporter.

As an early hour last evening the local sports began congregating at the resorts where the news of the Sullivan-Corbett fight would be received.

The office of Hotel Grenada was the headquarters for many telegraphic messages which were frequently received.

Sullivan's admirers predominated. They were all well dressed and had their money on their favorite.

As the reports came in and Corbett's chances seemed most favorable the admirers began to wilt. The wilt grew into dejection and dejection into despair. Some few tried to hedge. "Chic" Holford came in the hotel office and said "Any one who wants to put $50 to $35 on the result? I will take the Corbett end of it." He had takers.

The crowd increased until there were nearly 800 people on North avenue. They waited for a change in the alarming symptoms, but the inevitable forced itself upon them.

At 11:45 o'clock the news came that Corbett had won in the 21st round. Then the new champion's admirers went home singing.

"I have a girl in Baltimore,
Sullivan he feels very sore.
I don't think he'll stop any more,
Ta ra ra boom de ay."

Union County Petit Jurors.

As Elizabeth, Tuesday morning, a special session of the Union County Court was held with Judge McCormick presiding. During the Summer the court room has been renovated and the heating radiators prettily bronzed.

The session was especially called for the purpose of selecting the petit jurors for the October term. The jurors were drawn by Sheriff Hicks, and are as follows:

Elizabeth, First ward, William P. Flynn, Daniel O. Sullivan.
Second ward, James McCall, James H. Kline, Morris Koestler, Charles Miller, John P. Kenely.
Third ward, John J. Nealon, Patrick S. Foley.
Fifth ward, David Kirk, George Neureiter, Jacob F. Weber, Oliver Neild.
Sixth ward, Robert W. Fulton, John Daubner, Fred Kurtz, A. H. Simonds, Francis Sayre, Daniel McGuire.
Seventh ward, Peter Eckert, Jacob Weisman.
Eighth ward, Charles A. P. Edwards, Caleb C. Reeve, Jacob D. E. Ritter, John Fisher.
Ninth ward, Theodore Ritzemeyer, Jacob C. Kelber, Conrad Martin, Charles Mann, Matthew Kerns.
Tenth ward, William Owens.
Plainfield, John McIntyre, John Ross, Morgan Lloyd.
Railway, George Conover, William Tucker, George C. Oliver, Freeman Wood, John J. Hanlon.
Westfield, Joseph Moffitt, W. C. Pierson, Martin B. Clark.
Cranford, David Rankin, Jr.
Summit, William Hand, Robert J. Muldarney, Jacob G. Dailey.
Union, Edward Baughart, Abraham P. Morris, Frederick Cummings.
Springfield, James Anderson.
New Providence, Albert N. Drake.
Linden, Henry Krouse.
Rahwood, Daniel W. Terry, John L. Darby.

Bicycling Notes.

Messrs. A. T. Hinrich, George Mahon and Ed. French of the Plainfield Bicycle Club are entered for the two mile team bicycle race which will take place at the Somerville Fair on September 14 at *twelve o'clock. The prize will be a silver* pitcher bowl. Messrs. Andrew Fritts, Charles Maltby and Nathan Titsworth will enter as substitutes. Messrs. Hinrich, Maltby and Lon Titsworth are also entered for the one mile handicap. Messrs. Maltby and Lon Titsworth are again entered for the one mile novice and Mr. A. T. Hinrich will race in the two-mile handicap.

The bicycling division of the Crescent League are to have a run to Springfield *and Westfield this evening.*

TS aroma stimulates digestion.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Enduring strength comes of its use.

JACOB M. HIGGINS,
PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR.
P. O. Box 351. Residence Door street, near Howard.

AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S!

CORNER FRONT AND GROVE STREETS,

Friday, September 9, '92, at 2 p. m., Sharp,

The entire effects of Ellen Sloan, deceased, to be sold to settle the estate.

Consisting of Household Furniture

in great variety. One good Square Piano, two good work Horses, Harness, Road Wagon and one Buggy, and various other things. TERMS CASH.

T. J. CAREY.....Auctioneer.

Watch This Space for the Next Attraction.

Cent-a-Word Column.

BOARDERS WANTED.

AT 19 Craig place, pleasant furnished rooms with board. Arrangements for Fall and Winter can now be made. 9? 6 Saw

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A HANDY workman want employment at any work around gentlemen's place. Is competent and has references. Address "Charles," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 8?

A SITUATION wanted by a competent cook. Will do washing and ironing. 111 Richmond street, near Putnam avenue.

HELP WANTED.

A GOOD girl wanted as cook, washer and ironer, in small family. Must be well recommended and have references from last place. "J. M. C.," care of EVENING NEWS. 30 8

CASHIER and bookkeeper wanted. Early application. Address "Butcher," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 3

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to solicit orders for nursery stock; expenses and salary to men who can leave home and work steadily; also commission to local agents; write for terms and territory. Address R. G. Chase & Co., 1480 S. Penn Square, Phila. Pa. 8 12 2m eod

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply 35 Craig place, North Plainfield. 7 3

YOUNG WOMEN DESIRING TO BECOME NURSES SHOULD APPLY TO DR. COOLEY, 55 WESTERVELT AVENUE. 8 22?

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon, black leather pocket containing valuables and fifty trip ticket to New York. Reward for return. Matilda Hudson, 294 Somerset street. 8 3

LOST—A female pug. Reward paid for return to 119 Rockview avenue. 7 4*

FOR RENT.

A CONVENIENT six-room cottage in a good neighborhood to let for ten dollars a month. Call at 35 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield 31 7

FOR RENT—A pleasantly located house. Has all modern improvements. Will rent for $25 till Spring, $30 after that. Address "Agent," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 6

FOUR nice rooms, with water, to rent, 112 Jackson avenue. 6 3

NICELY furnished house to rent, twelve rooms and bath. Centrally located. Apply on board with parties if so desired. Address K., 97 Rockview avenue. 6-4

SMALL house to let. Enquire F. W. Bird, 107 East Front street. 7 2

TO LET—Four nice rooms; first floor 49 Liberty street. Inquire 67 West Fourth street. 7 4

TO LET—New house, seven rooms; vestibule, gas fixtures, bath room, hot and cold water all conveniences. Will let on reasonable terms to desirable tenant. Rent of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

FOR SALE.

COLUMBIA tricycle for sale, cheap; or would exchange for phaeton or carriage. Wm. Haslig, Chimney Rock 5 6

FOR SALE—Fine young parrot, grey, with dark tail. Can be heard from Africa. Enquire 23 East Seventh street. 8 3

FOR SALE—House, seven rooms, three closets, five minutes walk from North avenue station, also lots at Evona. Address S., care EVENING NEWS. 5-6

HAY FOR SALE—All persons wanting to feed their horses from now on, or any time for winter at reasonable prices, call or address 99 Grandview avenue. 9 2 M

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes walk from depot, and by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Cash," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 11?

MISCELLANEOUS.

A YOUNG married couple would like a house to take care of for the Winter. Address "H. R." care of EVENING NEWS. 8-3

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset. 3-30?

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 23?

WANTED TO BUY—A small donkey; kind, sound and gentle. Must be well broken to all harness. Price must be cheap. T. B. Pidcock, Jr., 119 Rockview avenue. 7 1*

LAWN Socials in private family, good neighborhood, an unfurnished floor, sunny exposure of four or five rooms, having bath, hot and cold water, and conveniences. Address with terms and full particulars, Mrs. L. H. Jenkins, Sheffield, Mass. 6 6

Educational.

Harned Academy

WILL RE-OPEN SEPT. 12, with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.

The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.

Classes now forming in German and French. Special Classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation for college. *Music. Weekly* lectures.

R. N. HARNED, Prin.

THE NORTH PLAINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOLS will re-open on

Tuesday, Sept. 13th. 7 6*

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN, 17 LAGRANDE AVENUE, Will Re-Open September 19, 1892. For particulars address the principals. 8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,

for YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN, will re-open on

THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.

For particulars address MISS E. E. KEYON, Principal. 8 10 2m*

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alberti, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH LESSONS. Instruction and entertainment in French Language. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Virgus, care of Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 P. M. 8 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her residence, 111 Park avenue, or at pupil's. Terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

A Word to the Public!

OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.

Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. H. Boehm, who, with the assistance of Miss Hoffman, a thoroughly experienced and scientific milliners from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of styles and finest assortment of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices are low as the lowest.

Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Papiac

(Boynton Beach.)

Piano music Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The days for Sabbath School and Quiet Picnics.

Gala Days

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, SATURDAYS.

First Gala Day Band with full floor for the dance every afternoon on Gala Days.

Miss E. Abbie Thomas of Chicago, the celebrated Whistling Girl, *every* Gala Day.

Live Specimen in his famous humorous and original sense. Tuesdays and Thursdays.

New Orleans University Singers in plantation songs every Saturday.

Saturday evening, dancing 6 to 12. Tickets 25 cents.

EDITORIAL NOTES

A New Revolution Needed.

"Resistance to tyranny is obedience to God," and there is certainly a most ruthless tyranny stretching its iron rule silently over civilization at present. The tyrant is fashion.

The fact is we are breaking down under our load of fashionable civilization. There is a too muchness of everything that is driving us into insanity and nervous invalidism. There are too many dishes, too much dressing, too much cooking and too much fuss and feathers about everything. Look at the most richly and fashionably dressed ladies in society. Their dresses are magnificent; not Solomon's robes were equal to the wonderful creations of modern dressmaking artists. But the ladies' faces are withered and gray by the time they are thirty-five. They look ready to drop with fatigue, and the set lines about their mouths, the flabby folds of skin around throat and chin tell of suffering to which the Japanese woman and the wild Indian squaw are strangers. It is a suffering that is all useless too.

There is not a spark of true human progress in this elaborate clumsiness of eating and dressing. The highest, healthiest, sweetest civilization is simple in all its cleanly, artistic details. A dinner of three or four courses at most is enough. Have it elegant and dainty, the more so the better, but stop at a few dishes. More than that is barbarism and dyspepsia. Simplify and grow strong and beautiful, and have time for the higher tastes of the human being.

Dress for women is the most hideous tyrant of all. In the true civilization which one hopes fervently the race will have sense enough to take on finally, women will have a dress for out-door wear that is comfortable and artistic and will not change its fashion essentially, though it may often in detail. Two things are certain: 1. Women of good figures and out of doors never look as well as when they are wearing a gymnasium or bathing dress. 2. Every woman under a hundred years old may have a good figure if she will take the trouble to get and keep it. Perhaps some convenient and artistic modification of the present gymnasium dress will in time be adopted as a permanent style of street or out-door costume. What that day arrives the contrast between a woman's stylish and gay dress and her sallow, suffering face will no longer be so marked.

It all depends on whether you are accustomed to a fashion whether it looks pretty or not. Soft, broad soled shoes would look as well as high heeled, toothpick pointed patent leathers, and an easy, convenient outdoor costume would be just as pretty as the uncomfortable and inconvenient one, if we were used to it. Do not the present loose, flowing sleeves look as agreeable and artistic to us as the skintight ones of five years ago, in which, if a woman wished to raise her arm to her head, she had to make a special stipulation with the dressmaker to have the sleeve cut accordingly?

In any case, simplify living. That is the cry that goes up from tortured millions. It is the secret of health and happiness. We have too many modern improvements to carry.

Along the famous Coney Island coast near New York the sea and sands have been playing pranks with the shore not at all to the interests of the proprietors of the seaside resort. At the eastern end of the island the waves cut into the shore and wash it away, annually getting nearer the great hotels and threatening to wash them away too. To stop the inroads of the ocean an experiment will be made with what is called shedding. Three lines of heavy piles have been driven along about 300 feet of the coast line and a covering of boards fastened upon them, forming shedding. The shed toward the ocean side is level with low water mark. From this edge it slopes upward toward the inner or shoreside about three feet. It is expected that the water will wash over the shedding in storms and during high tide and deposit heavy layers of sand inside. The ground will thus begin to form anew and the shore be rebuilt out instead of eating in. At least that is the result hoped for, and the experiment will be watched with interest.

After sixteen years of experimenting, Mr. E. S. Carman, editor of The Rural New Yorker, has succeeded in producing a new grain which is a cross between wheat and rye. The hybrid was made by mixing the pollen of wheat and rye blossoms. It is believed now that the grain is permanently established, and some specimens of the seed have been put on the market. Mr. Carman gives to his new bantling the name of "rye-wheat," and he believes it will yield a highly nitrogenous flour. This of course is not yet certainly known but new flour will be a welcome addition for cooks to choose from anyhow.

Women are not hard to please, writes some disappointed, scarred individual, presumably a woman herself, and she says, to prove it, "If you think they are, just look at some of the marriages about you."

It is gratifying to note that so far at least the political caricature has been good humored, pertinent and not, as in other days, coarse and indecent.

CORBETT IS KING.

John L. Sullivan Knocked Out in Twenty-one Rounds.

HE WAS BADLY PUNISHED.

Corbett at the Finish Was Smiling and Without a Scratch.

It Was Over Two Minutes Before Sullivan Recovered from the Effects of the Terrific Blow That Won the Battle. The Fight Was Really Corbett's from the Start, as He Hit His Opponent About as He Pleased and Got Away Nearly Every Time Without a Return When Sullivan Recovered Consciousness He Told the Crowd He Was Glad an American Won the Championship.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 8.—John Lawrence Sullivan, champion of the world for ten years, was defeated last night for the first time in his life. James John Corbett beat him in twenty-one rounds, fought under the Marquis of Queensbury rules. The official time of the fight was one hour and twenty-one minutes and forty-five seconds. The old champion looked fifteen years older than his actual age as he stood in the ring at the close of the battle with his face swollen and distorted, and every man of the 7,000 persons pitied him. He was never in the ring with Corbett, and in that championship, the purse of $25,000 and the side bet of $10,000.

From the start youth, agility and science were arrayed against advancing years, over-

JAMES J. CORBETT.

confidence and strength, and Sullivan had no chance against such odds.

Corbett is regarded as a marvel, and he genero usly helps to rais his opponent when he had beat him into insensibility. Corbett's friends knew him from the ring as a triumph at the conclusion of the fight. All of Sullivan's fond hopes have been dashed to the earth, and he was the picture of despair as he left the ring.

The Olympic club decided that Sullivan would not be allowed to wear a plaster on his stomach. Corbett protested against this as soon as he arrived in town, and when Sullivan was formally notified of the protest, which proceeding was gone through in the afternoon, the big fellow said he "didn't give a blank. He'd let the blank plaster go to blank if there was any kick about it from that young fellow" (meaning James J. Corbett.)

The Men's Weights.

The champion seemed to invite defeat. Early in the afternoon he sent a special request to the club managers that he be allowed to occupy the corner out of which no man has come a victor, and in which Dempsey, Maher, Myer and Skelly met defeat.

His request was acceded to, but he would probably have been assigned to that corner anyway, for Corbett won the toss and chose the winner's corner. Some of the more superstitious of his backers were plainly displeased when they learned that Corbett had won the toss, but they believed that man would win against all odds. Their displeasure was not of long duration. The announcement had scarcely been made when Jack McAuliffe, Dixon and Skelly came trooping into the building, the trio receiving a very warm ovation.

An instant later, as Sullivan and Corbett appeared from their dressing rooms almost simultaneously, the vast throng arose as one body and sent up a cheer that was taken up by the multitude on the outside and echoed and re-echoed until it reached the furthermost end of the Crescent City, five miles away.

For fully five minutes the din was deafening as the great crowd shouted out their good wishes and sent up volley after volley of cheers for the gladiators. The men were to their corners with as little delay as possible.

Then all hands collected in the middle of the ring and shook hands, handlers and all. It was announced that Sullivan weighed with hands and Corbett 187. Sullivan was attended by Charlie Johnston and Jack McAuliffe, and Professor Donaldson and Billy Delaney acted as Corbett's seconds. Both men looked well, but Corbett was plainly in the better condition.

Sullivan in a Rage.

Once settled in the ring, the men studied each other closely. Corbett was apparently thoughtless of everything, except a commonplace conversation he was having with his seconds. Then Professor Duffy stepped and handed the gloves to the fighters.

Both men advanced to the center of the ring, and though Duffy was giving them the formal lecture, neither heard a word he said. Sullivan was glaring viciously at the man whom he contemptuously referred to as the bank clerk, while Corbett smiled in a most aggravating way. Both bowed to Duffy when he had concluded and went to their corners where the gloves were adjusted.

They were almost ready to be called to the battle which would forever destroy the reputation of Sullivan or confirm him in the championship, when Duffy apologetically approached him and asked if he had upon him any plasters of pitch or other preparation.

"Not any, sir," replied Sullivan, as Duffy examined him and found nothing. "But," continued he, "if Mr. Corbett has no plasters upon him now he will need them to cover the holes I will punch in him."

Duffy then announced the result of his examination to the Corbett party. Corbett smiled as if he had not expected any to be found, but did it to rouse John's blood up to the point where he would lose both his temper and his judgment.

Three minutes later and both men advanced to the center of the ring to shake hands. Sullivan accepted quickly grabbed the hand of his antagonist and then half dropped, half flung it away with a derisive laugh.

Corbett's chuckle could be heard half through the clubhouse. All the blood in the champion's body seemed to have rushed into his neck and face. He was beside himself with rage, and only growled at his second, who whispered to him. His friends felt fearful of the result then, for Corbett's coolness was astonishing; they had not calculated on, and Sullivan's anger would be a serious handicap if not indeed an all sufficient one to defeat him. This was the condition of the men, mentally and physically, as they stood facing each other. The following is the fight by rounds:

The Fight by Rounds.

Round 1—This was a ridiculous exhibition of prize fighting. Sullivan made no less than seven feints with the left for Corbett, but Corbett ran around the ring each time and no blow was struck.

Round 2—Corbett made no effort to do anything but walk around. Then the big fellow advanced leisurely and looked at Corbett, who then let go a left on Sullivan's shoulder, and a clinch followed. On the breakaway Corbett landed him on the breast. Another clinch followed, and Corbett tried to land his left on Sullivan's jaw, but did not get in a slight blow on the stomach before the second round ended, and the crowd was happy.

Round 3—Sullivan missed a left hander for the jaw and then touched him on the stomach. It was a rattler—of no harm, however. The next good blow struck was by Corbett, who ran in on top of a run by Sullivan. Corbett also reached two lefts on Sullivan's body. Whereupon Sullivan led for Corbett and John could not touch him. This occurred three times.

Round 4—Sullivan made two runs at Corbett, but Jim ran away and no blow was struck. Sullivan continued to rush at him, but Corbett were too good for the big fellow and he slipped away like a good sprinter. Sullivan laughed at the business, and Corbett let his left go lightly on John's face. John laughed the more, and returned his left on Corbett's back as Jim turned away.

Round 5—In this round Sullivan caught Corbett a fairly hard blow on the chin, but Corbett clinched, and nobody was hurt. Sullivan missed with the left and followed that with a trifler on the shoulder with the left. Sullivan made a rush and Corbett went at him. What followed is hard to describe. Corbett smashed him right and left on the stomach and face, and had the big fellow's nose bleeding in no time right and left, and Sullivan was in it. Corbett hammered him as a Dixon would smash a Skelly, and the great champion became surprised that many persons said that he was going. The activity and cleverness shown by Corbett was so admirable that the house got up and yelled.

Round 6—Corbett jumped around like a cat and worried the big fellow, getting in right blows on the stomach. Sullivan tried on one left hander for the face, but otherwise nothing was done in the round.

Round 7—This was a lapse on the body, one from each, opened this round, and after a little fighting Corbett let his left go on John's stomach. John then went to mixing it. Corbett went at him and gave him two good smacks on the face with his left and two more soon after. Sullivan's nose was bleeding profusely. Corbett ran in and rushed Sullivan to the ropes, letting go right and left on the big fellow's body. Sullivan could make no return. He was tired when he went to his corner, though he had done nothing in the round but take punishment.

Sullivan Worried and Weary.

Round 8—Sullivan came out worried looking. He made a left hand lunge at Corbett, but Corbett ducked cleverly. In a rally Sullivan landed his right on the ribs, but Corbett got in two good left jabs on the body, one in the face, and again two light ones in the face and two on the body. Sullivan seemed to be playing for getting for a chance to land the knockout blow.

Round 9—Corbett again led, but without effect. Sullivan led his left, but Corbett ducked. Then Sullivan gave him a backhander on the face, with but little harm, and gave him another left on the shoulder. Sullivan did not show any want of wind, although Corbett hit him five times, one after the other, three on the body and two on the face. Corbett was ahead in points, but his blows did not seem to weaken the big fellow, who appeared only to be touched lightly. Sullivan missed with his left. Both landed left on the face, but weakly. The same again. Sullivan's left found Corbett's face lightly. Sullivan missed with his left and Corbett jumped back. Corbett landed left on face. Sullivan got left in the face lightly.

Round 11—It now began to look like a long fight. Sullivan could not get in a straight blow on the clever Californian, and Corbett could not hurt John L. when he did land. A couple of light rallies and a good clinch ended the round by Corbett. Corbett hit Sullivan in the face with his left twice, and with left and right in a clinch. Sullivan's nose again bleeding. Corbett walking around. Corbett got two good cracks on Sullivan on the face and stomach.

Round 12—Sullivan's nose was still bleeding and it looked as though they might fight 140 rounds. Corbett got in his left three times in the stomach within three seconds, getting away each time and running around. Great cleverness was shown by Corbett in the way he jabbed and got away, but his blows did not seem to be effective. Sullivan now made a rush, but Corbett ran away, and when he came back he laughed. Sullivan tried the same thing twice now and each time got a jab with the left on his stomach.

Round 13—Sullivan had a weary look when he came from his corner, and then let go his left. He could not get there, as Corbett ran away. This scene was repeated. When Corbett came forward Sullivan led, but perspiring a great deal. Sullivan rushed him and Jim ran away. Sullivan did all the moving up and Corbett was jumping backward. Nothing was done in the round except one light blow of Corbett's on Sullivan's cheek

Sullivan Getting Desperate.

Round 14—Sullivan led with his left on Corbett's neck and Corbett landed his left on Sullivan's neck both countered with left on the face. Corbett landed two lefts on the face and each other attempt both missed. Corbett again hit his left on Sullivan's face and then missed with his right. Both missed a dozen more with the left. No blow struck in the round worth mentioning. Time of round 45 seconds.

Round 15—Sullivan went in to do Corbett in a hurry time and rushed Jim three times. Two times Sullivan's left landed on body, and the fellow could not break in under the guard. On the contrary, Corbett's left had landed on Sullivan's face. In the same rushes Sullivan Corbett held him off and pounded him on the ribs and stomach with his left. Sullivan had become very fully looking before the end of the round, but Corbett did not mind that a bit, even in dancing away from blows as before.

Round 16—A mutual rush occurred at the opening of this round, but both missed their blows. Sullivan fell short with a right hander, and Corbett hit him on the nose lightly. Then Corbett followed up with a jab in the stomach and two on the nose with his left. Sullivan appeared to be getting desperate. He went at Corbett cautiously, but hard. Corbett was not there. John L. seems more worried than ever, especially when he received another tap on the nose from Corbett.

Round 17—Sullivan succeeded in getting a little left on Corbett's face; with this exception there was only fibbing during the round. The house had a good deal to laugh at in the men's actions, but nothing to get excited over.

Round 18—Corbett's cleverness in tapping Sullivan and getting away was greatly admired up to this time, and when he jabbed the big fellow four times on the face in succession the appreciative crowd roared. Sullivan here got in a left on Corbett's breast, but it did not hurt. Then Corbett touched John L. up for two right handers on the body and more laughs. The people seemed to be with Corbett.

Round 19—On coming together Sullivan hit Corbett on the stomach with his left pretty hard, and Corbett came red with the left on the stomach. Sullivan missed a left meant for the face, and Corbett got in a left at him. At that Sullivan's face took on a savage smile; he chased Corbett around the ring, Corbett again dodged and landed his left on Sullivan's stomach and face and his right on the big fellow's stomach.

Knocked Unconscious.

Round 20—Sullivan's left struck Corbett's breast as they came to the center of the ring, but not two seconds occurred afterward before Corbett sailed into him. With left and right Corbett caught Sullivan on both sides of the head close to the ears, and of this same dose the Californian repeated within another second. Corbett followed this up with a perfect storm of blows of the same kind, and Sullivan could not protect himself. Sullivan could not get in a single blow in return. He was plainly groggy and weak. Corbett was very fresh and confident at the sound of the gong, at which time he was standing Sullivan at a great rate with left and right on both sides of the head.

Round 21—In regard to this trifling minute and a half, which decided the heavyweight championship of the world, a great deal might be said even in that short time. That the contest would end in that round no man present believed. Sullivan came from his corner in the same shape that he had shown for a dozen rounds before. He had the same strong opposition on his face and seemed to be as strong as at any time during that period. Mention is due to the "edging in" and Corbett followed his original tactics of "edging away." This sort of trade was not going on very long, not over ten seconds, when Corbett jumped back, rushed forward, hit John on the nose and John went. Corbett went at him further, and the same old nose was again smashed and more blood came out. John looked astounded, and Corbett gathered back with the merry smile of a schoolboy with a big apple.

Suddenly he returned to the fray, and before Sullivan knew what was the meaning of the Californian's happy look he got a crack on the side of the head that made him close his eyes. With that Corbett was on top of him in no time. Left hand on one side of the head and right hand on the other, poor John L. Sullivan became an unconscious human mass. He staggered about on his pins for a second or so, and while displaying this fatal weakness Corbett went down on him again, as a crow lights on corn where there is no dummy in the middle of the field. A fair view of the end left on the jaw settled the business and the championship. The last blow sent the great John L. Sullivan to the floor with a thump, the second time in all his long career as a fighter that he had ever been knocked down, but he was down this time fairly and finally. It was a clean and clever knock out blow. Sullivan doubled up his legs as though in pain, but in another instant seemed to collect his senses and made an effort to rise. He failed in that, and tried the second time with the same result. He was knocked out, pure and simple. His seconds had to come to him and assist him to his corner. Even then John L. was not all there and did not know what was going on. It was not for over two minutes that John L. recovered himself.

Sullivan's Manly Speech.

In the meantime Corbett had retired to his corner, on the order of the referee, while the man who has so long been known as the champion of champions was coaxed out and carried to his chair. When the ten seconds were at last at an end Professor Mike Donavan, of the New York Athletic club, and W. A. Brady, Corbett's manager, sprang to the stage and flung their arms around the young man who was now the champion pugilist of the world and the winner of $25,000 in purse and stakes, as well as a reputation that will turn perhaps ten times that amount into his exchequer. Corbett returned the cordial salutation with a hearty embrace, while the tears welled up into his eyes. Others jumped up to the clever Californian and hugged him. They had probably won money at 2 or 3 to 1 on Jim.

While this hugging was going on Sullivan's handlers were pouring water over him and plastering ammonia to his nose, and with much trouble brought him around.

When he did come to he looked up at Jack McAuliffe, who was fanning him with the towel, and after passing his eyes had way, or as far as he could, said in his more ordinary bootleg voice:

"Say, am I licked! Did that young fellow do it?"

McAuliffe sorrowfully admitted that that was the case. John didn't say any more until Corbett came over and shook hands with him. John got up, took Corbett's hand and then spoke to the crowd.

"Gentlemen," said the ex-champion, "I am only glad that the championship has been won by an American."

This speech brought down the house as it has not been affected during all the week. There was a great wild and woolly west, hot southern, mad, enthusiastic yell when Corbett knocked John L. Sullivan out, but that noise was not more than a marker to the wild, madhouse demonstration that the gang made when John L. said those manly words.

NANCY HANKS AGAIN.

On a Slow Track She Trots in 2:07. Breaking the Record.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 8.—Nancy Hanks, queen of the trotting turf, is evidently a mile whittle two or three seconds more off the record, for yesterday, before 20,000 persons on a regular track, conceded two seconds' facing a strong breeze, half the distance, driven by Budd Doble, she trotted a mile in 2:07 flat, a quarter of a second better than she went the same distance August 27 on the expert Washington park track, Chicago, and within 1¾ seconds of the world's record which she made on the kite shaped track at Independence, Ia., a week ago.

Tired of Life at Fifteen.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Fifteen-year-old Ida White, a pretty girl living near Waymort, shot herself dead. She left a letter to her parents saying she was tired of life.

Died in a Dentist's Office.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 8.—B. V. Jenks died from the effects of an overdose of chloroform while in the dentistry of Dr. E. C. Bronson.

An Unfortunate Gambler.

VIENNA, Sept. 8.—Baron Adolphi Sternberg attempted suicide on account of heavy losses in gambling. He lost 150,000 florins in one night.

A Child Mangled to Death.

MOUNT MORRIS, N. Y., Sept. 8.—A four-year-old daughter of Andrew Gray was mangled to death by a freight train.

Killed by a Freight Train.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 8.—Albert Wainwright, fourteen years old, was killed by a freight train running over him.

The Garfield Park Shooting.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Officer McDowell, one of the victims of the shooting at Garfield park, died at the county hospital.

Ex-Senator Kernan Dead.

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Ex-United States Senator Francis Kernan died at his residence in this city.

Suicide in a Hotel.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—A man who registered as Joseph Burke, of Philadelphia, committed suicide at the Rochester hotel here.

Millionaire Rest Dead.

BUFFALO, Sept. 8.—Francis H. Root, member of the firm of Root & Keating, leather dealers, is dead. He was worth $10,000,000

FASHIONS

IN THE WOMAN'S WORLD.

WHAT FASHION HAS IN STORE FOR AUTUMN WEAR.

The Summer is Over and Now Attire for Cooler Weather—Hints on the Coming Fashions—Suggestions That Will Interest Our Women Readers.

A plain black China or India silk is a delight to the owner. It is dressy, cool and comfortable, and, withal, not an extravagant dress. It can be as simply made as a tailor gown, and yet the material will yield itself to any amount of shirring, puffing, ruffling, &c. It can be trimmed simply with itself, or a tiny tint of color introduced as a reet, and cuffs of a shot silk, showing black and cardinal, black and pale blue, black and heliotrope, &c. This makes a really dressy gown, and the color can remain in for one season, the next season removed and another trimming substituted and you have another gown.

Pretty Silk Blouse.

Here is a pretty blouse, made in soft silk and gathered on to a plain yoke, which is edged with a frill. The blouse is cut long and is fastened around the waist with a band and bows of ribbon. Sleeves, full to the elbow and tight to the wrist.

BEACH'S
Celebrated
PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.
Also
HOME MADE White Bread, Gluten Bread, Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Pastry, etc.
Also the lot of GREEN GRAPE and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice. Any of the above ordered delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday dessert on or before Saturday morning.
M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

FALL SHAPES
IN
DERBY HATS.
Hallock & Davis
5 West Front Street.

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

Beyond the Heat,
Above the Sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight
AT MIZZEN PEAK!
Build Your Home on Watchung Mountains
Tremont Summit, and Enjoy Existence.
Particulars of
J. T. VAIL, 49 North Avenue,
Plainfield, N. J.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

SCHOOL SHOES!
Boys and Girls Give This Your Kind Attention!
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET. The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.

NOTICE!
A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Cologna Maker, who is now at work making the finest bologna in this city. If you are fond of cologna stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

COAL LUMBER
And Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

ARE YOU GOING TO EUROPE?
Tickets on any line, to or from any port, at rates as cheap as in New York. Prepaid tickets, and drafts for sale by Henry D. Morrison, agent, 11 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.
Tickets for any Steamer—All Lines.

CARRIAGES and HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT All.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessible at Any Time.
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Fine Groceries.
THREE SEF TEA

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Close carriages for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
90 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operations of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for cut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
Upper LEHIGH and HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
HOUSE AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.
Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order.

Miscellaneous Cards.
MRS. LINDSAY,
Rustling-see Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lind has had a lot of nice maple trees, grapes and peaches. 9 29 7
H. H. SPENCER,
No. 16 and 18 Somerset street, grocer and provisions. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 cents old. Agent for the celebrated G. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes, Cabbage, lettuce, onions, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.
PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY
THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
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PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS H. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:05, 9:45, a. m., 12:05, 2:05, 5:05 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:30, 5:30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND RARITON MAILS.
Arrive—9:45 a. m., 1:15, 5:05 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 5:00 p. m.
Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 9:30 p. m.
E. R. POPE, P. M.

FIGHTING THE SCOURGE

Vigilant Health Officials Dread Cholera's Progress.

TEN NEW CASES IN NEW YORK BAY

But Not a Case as Yet Appears in the Threatened City—Chauncey Depew in Quarantine with Other Distinguished Passengers—Hamburg a Morgue.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—The black pall of sickness hanging over the waters of New York bay appears to be lifting. Asia's plague seems to be yielding to the efforts of quarantine to wipe it out at the harbor entrances to this city. Death did not claim a victim among the unfortunates on the steamships anchored at the lower quarantine station. Neither was there a death among the patients in the hospitals on Swinburne island. The sunlight of hope which on Wednesday was faintly seen behind the cloud of sorrow now seems to have fairly broken its way through.

But while there were no deaths there were new cases, ten of them. The disease, however, has not yet touched the cabin passengers. Two of these stricken were steerage passengers on the Rugia. The other eight were cases of the Normannia's crew. An unfortunate lot they seem to be, for the cholera has stricken many of them.

The problem of how to separate the healthy passengers, who had been exposed to no reasonable chance of infection, from those who had been in serious risk and among whom the dread plague might be lurking, was the most serious question. So serious was it that Secretary of the Navy Tracy came to the city and joined Secretary of the Treasury Foster and ex-Surgeon General Hamilton in considering this question.

Secretary Tracy and Secretary Foster acted in accord with the health authorities of the state and city in grappling with this problem, the importance of which grows with the arrival of every vessel. Secretary Tracy offered on behalf of the navy department the use of the old frigate New Hampshire for the reception of the cabin passengers on the Normannia.

All Treated Alike.

Dr. Jenkins has asked for the use of Fire island, and he has been allowed the use of Sandy Hook. Tents can be erected there, and telegraphic communication with the city will be both safe and constant. Some of the sound boats now idle may also be utilized.

The equality of all American citizens of whatever rank or wealth before the law was again shown when the City of New York steamed into the lower bay, having on board Dr. Chauncey M. Depew, the wife and daughter of Secretary of the Treasury Foster and the daughter of Secretary of Agriculture Rusk.

With all the other passengers of the City of New York, they will be detained until all danger is past. That, however, may not be for more than a day, as the City of New York was thoroughly fumigated and disinfected before leaving Liverpool, and there have been no serious cases of illness on board. The other steamships arriving were the Wasaland and Spree.

The lower bay is now so crowded with the detained ocean liners that navigation is becoming difficult, if not dangerous. The horrors of possible collision are added to the horrors of the present plague.

HAMBURG REEKS WITH DEATH.

Hundreds of Bodies Unburied and the Disease Spreads in the Suburbs.

HAMBURG, Sept. 8.—There have been 916 fresh cases in the city. The deaths number 502. The disease is confined to the suburbs. At Barmbeck in the suburbs it is five cases in seven. In Winterhude, near the Ohlsdorf cemetery, where the number of deaths had decreased steadily up to yesterday, there has been a fresh outbreak, and while families are dying after a few hours' illness.

This outbreak is supposed to have been due to the carelessness with which burials have been made in the cemetery recently. Hundreds of bodies have been placed at insufficient depth under ground, so that a few days of rain and sun have sufficed to bring out the germs of the disease and spread them on all sides.

Scores of funerals from the hospit ls pass through the adjacent district daily, and often twenty or thirty dead wagons have remained hitched at the cemetery.

The corn given out by the hospitals yesterday that their dead had been buried turns out to be false. Today there have been 1,000 burials. 1,337 came yesterday and 100 more than on the worst previous days since the plague came. Nevertheless, 700 bodies are still unburied. Half of these are in the hospitals, which are so crowded with the dead that their accommodations for the ill are seriously curtailed. Most of the other half are in the district near the Ohlsdorf cemetery.

The president of the board of health has been dismissed from office. This was done in partial deference to public opinion, which has lost him responsible for the neglect which characterized the board's conduct during the early stage of the plague and for the false words with which it has strived to minimize its culpability.

Thirty Thousand Dead in Persia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 8.—Advices from Teheran are to the effect that the cholera epidemic has ceased and the bazaars are open again. The mortality in the city from cholera is estimated at 15,000. Six new cemeteries have been peopled with the dead. In all Persia there have been about 30,000 deaths from the epidemic.

Eighty New Cases in Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 8.—There have been eighty fresh cases and thirty-one deaths in the city. Yesterday there were thirty-two fresh cases in the suburbs and twenty-one deaths.

A Case in Rotterdam.

ROTTERDAM, Sept. 8.—A sailmaker from the steamship Workendam is ill of Asiatic cholera in this city.

General Anderson Dead.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Sept. 8.—General James R. Anderson, of Richmond, Va., died at the Isles of Shoals. He was a graduate of West Point and entered the Confederate service in 1861.

President Nunez Resigns.

PANAMA, Sept. 8.—On account of failing health, Dr. Don Rafael Nunez, president of Colombia, has resigned his office.

Tchaikly Re-elected.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Morris Tchaikly, of New York, was re-elected grandmaster of the State Liquor Dealers' association.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by William R. Collector, the City Judge of the City of Plainfield, to the Council of Union, to make the unpaid taxes assessed on lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate in the said city of Plainfield for the year aforesaid and assessed, the undersigned, collector, the officer nominated and appointed by the Common Council for that purpose, will on Thursday, the twenty-second day of September next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at his office, 28 Park avenue, in the city of Plainfield, in the county of Union, at auction, all lands and real estate hereunder described, at public vendue, for the shortest term of time for which any person or persons will agree to take the same and pay such taxes, together with the interest, costs, charges and costs, for sale charges and expenses.

Bilsen, Jacob Jr., vacant lot, 25 feet front, 203 W Front street.....
Bilsen, Joseph C., one-third of lot, 38 feet front, 203 W Front street.....
Brannen, James, house and lot, 30 feet, E Hone street.....
Boice estate, of Cornelius, vacant lots, one acre, 85 to 89 Dunellen avenue.....
Boice estate, of Cornelius, house and lots, 71 and 73 E Front street.....
Bandt, John, house and lot, 70 Elizabeth street.....
Bird, Jacob, house and lot, 12 George street.....
Bauer, Jos. S., 2 2-story brick stores, 25 and 27 W Front street.....
Cutter, A., house and lot, 32 and 34 W Front street.....
Chase, Jos. S. or wife, house and lot, 448 W Front street.....
Craig, James, house and lots, 599 feet, 325 to 349 W Front street.....
Craig, James, 2 houses and lots, 700 ft., 25 to 39 Dunellen avenue.....
Craig, James, 2 houses and lots, 16 to 26 Jefferson avenue.....
Cole estate, of Elias, house and lots, 46 feet, 22 and 24 W Second street.....
Chave, Mrs. Jno. G., vacant lot, 104 feet, 205 and 207 Dunellen avenue.....
Chave, Mrs. Jno. G., vacant lot, Field avenue.....
Cook, Jeremiah, vacant lot, 207 South avenue.....
Cowin, Margaret, vacant lot, 100 feet, 82 Kensington avenue.....
Cuff, Lewis H., house and lot, east of Belvidere avenue.....
Darling, Wm., house and lot, Clinton avenue.....
Drew, Wm. H., 1 lots, 50 feet each, 49 and 51 Pemberton avenue.....
Drew, Wm. H., vacant lot, 50 feet, 53 Elizabeth street.....
Drew, Wm. H., 10 lots, 39 to 47 Elizabeth street.....
Drew, Wm. H., 3 lots, 236, 238, 242 Field avenue.....
De Baud, estate of A., house and lot, 109 E Front street.....
Darling, Emma, vacant lot rear of Brown, 300 feet, Ravine Road.....
Darling, Emma, vacant lots, 500 feet, 177 to 195 Woodland avenue.....
Dewitt, H., house and lot, 50 feet, 64 E Fifth street.....
Egan, Rachel, vacant lot 55 by 125 feet, 35 Northwood avenue.....
Evans, estate Jno. H., house and lots, 8 acres, 178 to 200 Randolph avenue.....
Flanagan, P. J., vacant lot, 50 feet, 467 South Second street.....
Fisher, estate of Abram, house and lot, 20 feet, 83 W Third street.....
Frazee, Augustus, house and lot, 50 feet, 12 to 16 Pearse street.....
Flynn, Bernard, house and lot, 152 Terrill Road.....
Field, Mr., vacant lot, 50 feet, 350 W Sixth street.....
Fisher, Jno. B., house and lot, 67 Cottage place.....
Hopkins, Mrs. Jno., vacant lot, 50 feet, 471 S Second street.....
Houseman, Geo. W., house and lot, 30 feet 19 W Third street.....
Harding, Geo. H., house and lot, 42 feet, 156 W Third street.....
Hart, J. J., vacant lots, 400 feet, 230 to 244 W Seventh street.....
Harris, J. T., vacant lots, 575 feet, 213 to 256 W Seventh street.....
Huff, estate Rachel, house and lot, 6o Park avenue.....
Henderson, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 112 feet, 38 and 39 Hone street.....
Henderson, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 100 feet, 276 and 278 Arlington avenue.....
Henderson, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 80 acres, Randolph Road.....
Hart, Caroline J., vacant lots, 50x150, 42 and 44 Netherwood avenue.....
Hart, Carrie, vacant lot, 50x150, Jackson street.....
Hart, Levi E., vacant lots, 125x150, 30 to 36 Netherwood avenue.....
Howson, Wm., house and two lots, 65 and 67 Netherwood avenue.....
Howson, Wm., 2 lots, 47 and 49 Netherwood avenue.....
Howson, Mr. or Mrs. Noel, 2 lots and 4 lots in rear, 59 and 61 Netherwood avenue.....
Jones, Evan, or Margaret Cowan, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet, 241 and 243 Second street.....
Jones, Emma A., vacant lots, 46 to 54 La Grande avenue.....
Jones, Emma A., vacant lots, 300 feet, 150 to 168 LaGrande avenue.....
Jones, Emma A., vacant lots, 450 feet, 170 to 186 LaGrande avenue.....
Jones, Emma A., vacant lots, 100 feet, 178 to 196 LaGrande avenue.....
Jones, Emma A., 97 feet, 238 and 240 La Grande avenue.....
Jones, Emma A., vacant lots to Cedar line, 150 feet, 1 to 11 Putnam avenue.....
Jones, Emma A., vacant lots, 300 feet, 13 and 15 Putnam avenue.....
Jones, Emma A., vacant lots, 175 feet, 23 to 27 Putnam avenue.....
Jones, Emma A., vacant lots, 98 to 102 Richmond street.....
Jones, Emma A., vacant lots, 100 feet, 97 to 91 Richmond street.....
Jones, Edward, vacant lots, 400 feet, 5 to 13 Carlton avenue.....
Jones, Emma A., vacant lots, 400 feet, 10 to 16 Carlton avenue.....
Johnston, Wm., 5 vacant lots, 2 to 10 Carlton avenue.....
Keeney, Miss M., 2 lots, 50 feet each, 261 W Third street.....
Laing, estate of Sam'l D., house and lot, 25 and 27 W Second street.....
Lee, Thomas, house and lot, 42 feet, but 46 and 87 South Second street.....
Lewis, Daniel, house and lot, 40 Park avenue.....
Leonard, Wm. J., 11 acres, ½ of plot, 128 to 170 Plainfield avenue.....
Leonard, Cora Belle H., 11 acres, ½ of plot 128 to 170 Plainfield avenue.....
Lane, Mrs. M. M., vacant lot, 241 Field avenue.....
Leeson, Flora, house and lot, 60 feet, 74 to 78 E Front street.....
Littlestown, Mrs. S. C., house and lot, 92 E Front street.....
Laing, Sarah M., house and lot, 94 E Front street.....
Loy, Thomas, lot 1 acre or more, east of Belvidere avenue.....
Lentz, Mrs. Mary, vacant lot, 80 feet, 12 Sanford avenue.....
Lentz, Mrs. Mary, vacant lot, 80 feet, 16 Sanford avenue.....
Lorton, Mr., vacant lot, 40 feet, 14 Bay street.....
Madden, Wm., 2-story house and lot, 471 West Front street.....
Motley, Patrick, house and lot, 40 feet, 79 West Second street.....
McCarthy, Maria, house and lots, 125 feet, 135 to 139 South Second street.....
McAuley, Michael, house and lot, 30 feet, 26 West Second street.....
McCarthy, Michael, house and lot, 66 New street.....
McCarthy, Charles, house and lot, 21 Plainfield avenue.....
Mac arthy, Peter, house and lot, 23 Plainfield avenue.....
Mulvihill, Andrew, vacant lot, 26 Grant avenue.....
Mayer, Peter W., house, lot and shop, 138 West Third street.....
Moe, Kate, house and lot, 100x150 feet, 32 and 37 West Fifth street.....
McLaughlin, Mrs. F., vacant lots, 175 feet, 325 to 329 West Fifth street.....
Meyer, Reginald St., vacant lots, 300 feet, 340 to 346 West Fifth street.....
McIntyre, John F., vacant lot, 60 feet, 161 Madison avenue.....
McIntyre, John F., factory B. stores and flats, 157 and 159 North avenue.....
Marsh, Estate Elizabeth S., house and lot, 18 Madison avenue.....
Marsh, Anna O., house and lot, 127 and 129 Madison avenue.....
Marsh, Randolph, house and lot, 64 Plainfield avenue.....
Mingwall, E., assessed, one lot, 60 Pemberton avenue.....
Mingwall, E., assessed, vacant lot, 60 ft. 56 Orchard avenue.....
Moore, Estate Kate M., vacant lot, 60 ft., 5 Hillside avenue.....
Mallory, John, house and lot, 50 ft., 61 East Third street.....
Mulford, Eliza, house and lot, 50 ft., 61 East Front street.....
Martin, Estate Jas., house and outhouse, 135 acres, 146 to 160 Broadway.....
Martine, Anna E., house and lot, 150 feet, 14 to 18 Prospect avenue.....
Martine, Annie E., lots, 100 feet, 20 to 26 feet, 10 East Ninth street, but.....
Martine, James B., brick house and lot, 200 feet, 2 East Ninth street.....
McCarthy, James, house and lot, 42 Webster street.....
Martin, Mrs. David, vacant lot, 4 and 6 Hill street.....
Mains, Almanzo, house and lots, 125 feet, 13 and 15 East Sixth avenue, but.....
O'Neill, James and Richard, triangle lot, 100 feet, 254 to 258 Dunellen avenue.....
O'Reilly, Bros., vacant lots 300 feet, 199 to 207 West Seventh street.....
Ohl, Caroline J., vacant lot, 50 feet, 75 Elizabeth street.....
Ohl, Caroline J., vacant lot and one-fifth rear, 68 Elizabeth street.....
Ohl, Caroline J., two lots, 50 feet and three in rear, 69 and 71 Elizabeth street.....
Ohl, Caroline J., 38 acres, Lane avenue.....
Pike, estate Josephine, W. ½ interest in house and lot, 122 to 126 East Front street.....
Pike, estate Josephine, W. ½ interest in lots 980 feet, 90 to 98 East Second street.....
Pike, Virginia, ½ interest in house and lot, 92 to 96 East Front street.....
Pike, Virginia, ½ interest in lots 980 feet, 91 to 99 East Second street.....
Peterson, Lewis, house and lot, 50 feet, 58 East Third street.....
Pullion, J. J. H., house and lot, 50 feet, 27 and 28 Putnam street.....
Pullion, J. J. H., stone and wood house, and lot, 41 and 43 Putnam street.....
Prince, Mr., vacant lot, 144 feet, Hillside avenue.....
Rogers, Marietta, house and lot, 39 Madison avenue.....
Runyon, Daniel J., vacant lot, 11 Elmwood place.....
Runyon, Daniel J., two vacant lots, 15 and 17 Elmwood place.....
Runyon, estate E. W., 10 vacant lots, 325 feet, 466 to 478 South avenue.....
Runyon, estate E. W., two vacant lots, 50 feet each, 481 and 483 South Second street.....
Runyon, estate E. W., vacant lot, 79 feet, 485 West Front street.....
Runyon, estate of E. W., 8 vacant lots, 400 feet, 487 to 501 West Front street.....
Runyon, estate E. W., 50x165, 25 Rock avenue.....
Runyon, estate E. W., lot 25 feet, 50 Elizabeth street.....
Reed, David or Others, two vacant lots, 50 feet each, 215 and 217 East second street.....
Reed, O. B., vacant lot, 50 feet, 219 East second street.....
Richardson, Maggie, house and lot, 50 feet, 83 East Sixth street.....
Runyon, Walter G., house and lots, 50x125, 27 Netherwood avenue.....
Runyon, Walter G., two vacant lots, 50x125 each, 25 and 26 Netherwood avenue.....
Rice, Clarence J., vacant lot, 42 feet, 25 Bay street.....
Simpson, Robert, vacant lot, 7 Washington avenue.....
Smith, Ferdinand G., house and lot, 50 feet, 91 East Front street.....
Smith, James F., house and lot, 14 Elmwood place.....
Sutphen, Estate John C., house and lot, 80 feet, 45 and 47 West Second street.....
Schorb, Elizabeth, vacant lot, 276 West Third street.....
Schmidt, Joseph, 3-story brick hotel and dwelling, 11 East Front street.....
Sullivan, Martin, 3-story brick two stores, 21 and 23 East Front street, but.....
Smalley, Samuel, 2 vacant lots, 50 feet each, 213 and 215 Arlington avenue.....
Smalley, Samuel, vacant lots, 150 feet, 30 to 34 Home street.....
Smalley Samuel, vacant lots, 7 9-10 acres, 20 feet, 83 W Third street.....
Smalley, Mary E., house and lots, 3½ acres, 107 to 109 Woodland avenue.....
Smalley, Wm. H., vacant lots, 1,405 feet front and 125 feet deep, 4 acres, Randolph Road.....
Schoonmaker, F. A., brick house, and lot, 173 feet, 32 to 42 Putnam street.....
Smith, Henry W., vacant lot, 50 feet, 7 Lafayette avenue.....
Sage, Emily S., vacant lots, 100 feet, 12 and 14 Lake avenue.....
Sage, Emily S., vacant lots, 100 feet, 9 and 10 Highland avenue.....
Tuttle, E. E., vacant lots, 300 feet, 324 to 380 West Front street.....
Tuttle, Martin, house and lot, 9 Liberty street.....
Tappan, Wm., house and lot, 300 feet, 112 and 114 West Eighth street.....
Tingley, Mrs. G. A., vacant lot, 125 Madison avenue.....
Trustees M. E. Church, church house and lot, 10 and 12 Second street.....
Thompson, Estate Daniel, vacant lot, 5 Hill street.....
Taylor, Henry, vacant lot, 36 feet, 340 West Front street.....
Unknown owner, vacant lot, 50 feet, 307 East Front street.....
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet, 239 and 241 East Second street.....
Unknown owners, 4 vacant lots, 200 feet, 2, 17 and 19 George street.....
Unknown owner, vacant lot, 50 feet each, 11 to 19 Raymond avenue.....
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 50 feet each, 7 and 9 Johnston avenue.....
Unknown owners, 4 vacant lots, 50 feet each, 11 to 17 Belvidere avenue.....
Unknown owner, 4 vacant lots, 50x150 feet each, 7 and 9 Hillside avenue.....
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 50x150 feet each, 11 and 13 Hillside avenue.....
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 45 and 50 Hillside avenue.....
Unknown owners, vacant lots, 300 feet, 30 to 47 Highland avenue.....
Unknown owner, house and lot, 84 feet, 38 and 37 Hone street.....
Unknown owner, vacant lot, 75 feet, 51 and 53 West second street.....
Van Winkle, Jeremiah, house and lot, 3 Central avenue.....
Vetterlin, John, shop and lot, 7 Exchange place.....
Vail, Hulda M., house and lot, 150 feet, 74 to 78 Dunellen avenue.....
Vail, Hulda M., barn and lot, 150 feet, 80 to 84 Dunellen avenue.....
Vail, Hulda M., vacant lot, 21 feet, 86 Dunellen avenue.....
Voorhees, Perrine, vacant lot, 25 feet, 87½ Highland avenue.....
Wilcox, Estate Phineas, house and lot, house in rear, 130 West Front street.....
Weeks, Wm. H., vacant lots, 480 feet, 305 to 329 West Sixth street.....
Wiley, Franklin, house, barn and 12 acres, 849 to 879 East Front street.....
Worrall, Estate Emma R., house and lot, 50 feet, 67 East Third street.....
Ward, Patrick, vacant lot, 26 Lee place.....
Young, Estate Emma R., house and lot, 50 feet, 11 Elm place.....
Unknown, N. J.
Witness my hand this 11th day of July, A. D. 1892. S. W. NASH,
Special Policeman and Collector of Delinquent Taxes.

We Have a Full Line
of
Headlight and Lubricating Oil,
FOR BICYCLES,
Put up expressly for us, which we are now selling. Three bottles for 25 cents.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
29 East Front street.

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VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
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E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
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Ice Cream Freezers.
The Automatic,
Needs no turning.
The Rapid,
Best and quickest crank freezer.
GARDEN HOSE,
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Lawn - Sprinklers.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 5.

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Those having
Old School Books
which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in
Before September 5th,
We can make better allowances now than after school opens.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

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Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, south Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
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Carpenter
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35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 962.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson. No. 18 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

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PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
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Residence—Grandview avenue.
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Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evons.
P. O. Box 1228
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If you are 21 years old $66.90 paid annually for fifteen years would entitle you to $1,000. If 22 years old, $67. If 23 years old, $67.10. If 24 years old, $67.30.
"his sum of $1,000 is payable to the insured, if living, at the expiration of fifteen years, or at his death, if prior.
FOR A LIFE POLICY, of $1,000 the annual payments to continue during life, the payments for young men between 21 and 24 are between $19.90 and $20.
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Hot Weather Drives!
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Ladies' black and white striped waists, plaited front and back, 49c.
Ladies' laundried percale waists, plaited front and back, regular 75c. goods, at 50c.
Boys' box plaited cambric Waits, 25c.
Boys' bathing drawers, 15c.
Ladies' sun bonnets, 25c.
Ladies' ribbed jersey vests, 10, 15 and 20.
Men's balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c. and 50c.
Men's outing shirts, 25, 40 and 50c.
Boys' blouses, 50c.
SPECIAL—The J. C. Ivins' Summer Corset 95c.
Louis Callman,
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The Manhattan Wine Room,
179 and 181 Somerset Street,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League,)
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All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

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Beef, Iron and Wine
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To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
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FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.
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No. 60 West Third Street,
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Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
In buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

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FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.
TELEPHONE 24.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 5 28, 6 25, 7 30, 8 03, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 2 30 a. m., 12 noon, 11 30 p. m. Express trains, 5 28, 7 30, 8 03, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m. Sunday, 2 30 a. m., 12 noon, 11 30 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Express trains, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00 p. m. Sunday at 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 15, 8 17, 9 45, 11 00 a. m., 12 27, 1 56, 3 32, 5 04, 6 36, 8 20, 9 35, 10 54 p. m. Sunday at 5 04, 8 20 a. m., 4 05, 7 02, 9 35, 10 54 p. m. Leave Somerville at 5 45, 7 45, 8 47, 10 15, 11 30 a. m., 1 00, 2 26, 4 02, 5 34, 7 06, 8 50, 10 05, 11 24 p. m. Sunday at 5 34, 8 50 a. m., 4 35, 7 32, 10 05, 11 24 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BARTON.
Leave Plainfield at 8 15, 8 17, 9 45 a. m., 1 56, 5 20 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 8 20 a. m., 9 05, 4 05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 45, a. m., 1 56, 5 20 p. m. Sundays 8 20 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
8 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.
7 10 a. m. for stations to High Bridge inclusive; for stations to Hampton Junction, 1 56 p. m.
7 17 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg.
9 45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R., Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Shamokin, Pottsville, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
11 00 a. m. way for Junction.
1 56 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Sunbury (parlor car to Mauch Chunk).
5 20 p. m. for Flemington.
8 20 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.
4 05 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
8 45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 4 35 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, etc. 9 05 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

8 20 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 4 35 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, etc. 9 05 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 8 15, 9 00, 10 25, 11 00 a. m., 1 56, 4 05, 5 20, 7 10, 9 45 p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8 20 a. m., 4 35 p. m. Ocean Grove only, 8 45 a. m. Sundays, 9 05 p. m. Arrive at Long Branch, 9 45, 10 37, 11 45 a. m., 1 30, 5 00, 6 15, 8 00, 10 30 p. m. Sundays, 10 30 a. m., 5 00 p. m. Arrive at Ocean Grove, 9 00, 10 25, 11 30 a. m., 1 15, 4 50, 6 00, 7 45, 10 15 p. m. Sundays, 10 15 a. m., 4 50 p. m.

RETURN FROM LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Long Branch, 6 00, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 a. m., 12 00, 1 30, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m. Sundays, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 a. m., 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m. Leave Ocean Grove, 6 30, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45 a. m., 12 30, 1 45, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 8 15, 9 15, 10 45 p. m. Sundays, 9 45, 10 45 a. m., 5 30, 6 30, 8 15, 9 15, 10 45 p. m. Arrive at Plainfield, 8 15, 9 17, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 2 00, 3 32, 5 04, 6 36, 8 20, 9 35, 10 54 p. m. Sundays, 10 45 a. m., 5 04, 6 36, 8 20, 9 35, 10 54 p. m.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD FOR SOUTH PLAINFIELD.
6 45, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00 p. m. Sundays, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

ARRIVE AT PLAINFIELD FROM SOUTH PLAINFIELD.
6 30, 7 15, 7 45, 8 15, 8 45, 9 15, 9 45, 10 15, 10 45, 11 15 a. m., 11 45, 12 15, 12 45, 1 15, 1 45, 2 15, 2 45, 3 15, 3 45, 4 15, 4 45, 5 15, 5 45, 6 15, 6 45, 7 15, 7 45, 8 15, 8 45, 9 15, 9 45, 10 15, 10 45, 11 15 p. m. Sundays, 7 45, 8 15, 8 45, 9 15, 9 45, 10 15, 10 45, 11 15 a. m., 11 45, 12 15, 12 45, 1 15, 1 45, 2 15, 2 45, 3 15, 3 45, 4 15, 4 45, 5 15, 5 45, 6 15, 6 45, 7 15, 7 45, 8 15, 8 45, 9 15, 9 45, 10 15, 10 45, 11 15 p. m.

SOUTH ROW LINE.
For Bound Brook 5 15, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.
For Princeton 5 15, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.
For Trenton 5 15, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2

HOW PHYSICAL TRAINING AND FRESH AIR BENEFIT WOMEN.

The physical training of women has reached a very great impetus of late years, and we may see the result in their notably increased stature and beauty. That women are notch taller and better developed than they used to be is an incontestable fact, and this is undoubtedly owing to the greater amount of exercise and open air life that are now the fashion for the fin de siecle maiden.

A part of the period belongs to her gymnasium, which is fitted up with all the luxury of appointments in the way of baths, dressing rooms, etc., that are found in the athletic club to which her brothers belong. She has her fencing lessons, her Delsartean contortions, her ballet dancing lessons and other fads of the day, which are all nevertheless decided aids to the development of her physique. Moreover, she spends a good part of her time out of doors as a matter of course, and all this, despite her late hours and the excitement of fashionable life, has produced its effect.

"I recently remarked as much new beys of debutantes are introduced to their world, "How tall and large the girls are nowadays" And if it is true, as physicians assure us, that healthy, physical development and the consequent making of good blood assist mental development, what may we not hope for in the future in the way of race development?

Unfortunately, however, while this physical training and open air life have become fashionable among the few the great majority of American women are still indoor creatures, their only exercise, for week in and week out, being the daily routine of household tasks in the pent up air of kitchen and bedroom. While many find time for a greater or less degree of intellectual culture they almost invariably neglect their physical training, the result being that as a rule the American woman (represented by the majority) is still a delicate, fragile creature, becoming prematurely aged and broken down almost without an effort, unable to bear the strain on nerves and brain that it is the lot of man women to endure.

Men should look to this; the remedy lies in their hands more even than in those of the women. Let the farmers realize that the salvation of the luxuries of the leisure classes are women from the farms; let those see to it that their wives and daughters have time for more outdoor life and recreation, and know that it is better to pay the wages of a "hired girl" than a long doctor's bill, or to have a broken down invalid for a wife. In those days of cheap, gold bought ready made clothing let the women give up their dressmaking and eternal stitchery, and learn to feel the physical pleasure and exhilaration of exercise in the delicious air which the "city folks" go so far to enjoy, and which to them is almost an unknown quantity.

The "Too Busy" Mother.

The "too busy" mother may be in pursuit of culture, A conspicuous example of this sort was a woman noted far and wide for her brilliant intellectual attainments; studies and writing filled her days. Her only child was a beautiful boy, who very early in life learned the sad lesson that mother was always too busy to participate in his joys and sorrows. He was trained by his nurse till big enough to run about and tyrannize over her, when he took up the society of his mother's stableman. He spent hours and months and years imbibing the sentiments, the language, the tastes of his instructor. When the busy mother paused long enough in her studies to reflect that her son ought to go to school —behold he had been at school for years! She sent him to be taught; he ran away from his teachers, the hired tutors; he bullied and drove them off. He boldly announced his opposition to instructors of all sorts and threatened to run away from home. Not to follow his career step by step, it is enough to say that he utterly refused education, became a spendthrift and a vagabond of the lowest tastes, and at last brought his mother in sorrow to her grave.

The mother who is "too busy" may be overfond of society, and for the fleeting pleasure of social success may throw away the deepest and purest happiness life can possibly give her, leaving the delight no less than the duties of motherhood to a hired servant. Society in modernism is of great value to every mother, not only as a needed change from home cares, to keep her bright and in touch with the active world about her, but as a school of manners for her children and a proper place to introduce them when grown.

To such a mother little elbows on her knees are an interruption, and little eyes soon learn to look to others than mother for help, advice and love. Oh, the pity of it!—Olive Thorne Miller in Washington Star.

She Got Another Pair.

Some women are brighter than others. Here's an act of one of the some.

It was in a big Fourteenth street dry goods store—one of those places where women push and struggle and fight to get near the counters to save the extra cent, while the men stand behind their clothes and temper costs many a dollar.

The store had advertised a sale of black kid gloves of standard make at a big reduction. The space in front of the glove counter was packed with women, struggling to see those gloves. By dint of patient waiting one woman with bright brown eyes and clever features got to the counter. She told the saleswoman her size, paid for the gloves, waited a quarter of an hour for the change and then retired to the edge of the crowd to try on her new purchase.

She was just getting the last few pulls on the first glove, when "crack," and the left hand split open. Forcing her way to the counter again the woman showed the split glove to the salesgirl.

"Can't do anything for you," was her trite answer. "We never exchange gloves."

The woman with the brown eyes didn't lose her temper. She looked for a floorwalker instead. She spied one in the thickest of the crowd at the glove counter.

"This glove has split," she said. "I want another pair." She said it loud enough for all the world be buyers to hear.

The crowd stopped buying. Some began to talk. "What a shame," and "It's a swindle," and "I guess I won't take these gloves" were some of the remarks.

The floorwalker was quick to grasp the situation.

"Give this lady another pair of gloves," he said to the saleswoman.—New York World.

Woman and Her Watch.

For the person who invents a safe sort of pocket for women's watches a large fortune and the gratitude of thousands are waiting.

Women are beginning to grow tired of having their slender chains jerked in a coward and finding themselves watchless. They don't enjoy even hunting vainly for the timepiece which was buttoned into the front of their bodice, but which has slipped in and is finally discovered two inches above their waistbands and far on one side. The pretty toys are continually being lost, as they slip down under bodices and belts and drop onto the ground.

There are a few precautions which might be taken. In the first place one of these dainty watch pockets high on the left side of a tailor made bodice is the very worst possible place in which to carry a watch. There is absolutely nothing to hinder a man from jerking it out by the chain. It is even less safe than the ordinary fashion of thrusting it inside the waist and trusting to a button or to a hook.

Men who are popularly supposed to have much more strength wherewith to defend themselves against sudden attacks of this sort do not give half the temptation. Their chains are firmly caught in their buttonholes with a slender little bar or swivel, which holds it safe against jerking, and their watches are in a distant and secure pocket.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

About the Feet of Women.

The Frenchwoman's foot is not naturally smaller or prettier than the English woman's foot, but her shoes are of the softest kid and set to perfection. They fit daintily and comfortably and do all they can not to be felt, heard or seen. The lighter and thinner the shoe the more graceful is the foot and walk. The heelless satin shoe, in this respect, is the best of all; it is as if no shoe at all were on the foot.

Unfortunately modern requirements make it necessary to wear heavy shoes with thick soles in which the feet are tortured almost as cruelly as in the Chinese foot cage. No foot can have natural, elastic play in a heavy, thick soled and thick leather shoe. And as thick, heavy soles are the chief attributes of English shoes, so the most conspicuous of English women are noted for their clumsy feet, whereas, in reality, their feet would be as small, dainty and elastic as Parisian and Andalusian feet were they squarely fitted by shoe.

In Holland, Germany and other northern countries the women are equally noted for their big feet, not because their feet are bigger than other feet, but because they are shod badly. In Poland and in Russia, where the women shoe daintily, their feet are dainty.—New York Advertiser.

The Value of a Black Gown.

The experience of a professional beauty, Mrs. Langtry, in regard to black gowns is worth recording. The night she appeared in Jersey Lily spent in London found her the possessor of one evening gown, and that a very simple black. Immediately after her performance she became the rage, and duchesses themselves did not hesitate to stand on chairs to get a glimpse of her as she passed. Everywhere she wore the black gown, and night after night was turned in so that her beautiful throat showed; another night it was drawn up close to her neck and a bunch of white lilies against it brought out the blackness and her fairness.

It was mended, it was pressed, but at reception or ball all that season the beautiful woman wore the black gown. Later on, when success went to her very ordinary things to her, she said most positively: "Never tell me that a woman can't dress well with but a single frock. I know that she cannot only look well, but always be distinguished; and I know it through the best teacher of all—experience." And so the black gown of the beauty grew in commended not only to the woman who has a great deal of money, but to her who, though she may be bent on pleasure, yet has a frugal mind.—Philadelphia Times.

The Proper Way to Teach Children.

Most people go through the world with their eyes shut. For this incalculable waste of values and of opportunities unquestionably the usual methods pursued in our schools, and constituting what we call "object teaching," are largely accountable. We are taught nothing but what is found in books. The work that is done is all indoors. The result is that we leave our schoolrooms unacquainted with thousands of things that would be of daily use and interest to us if we had been taught anything about them. We may be familiar with Greek and Latin, know all about higher mathematics and speculative philosophy and ancient history, and yet be profoundly ignorant of the commonplace things that meet us at every turn, and which may almost be classed with the rudiments of practical knowledge.

Every teacher of children should take his or her pupils regularly into the fields and give them object lessons in natural history and science. Primary instruction should be largely in the open air. Other wise there can be no thorough education. —Belford's Magazine.

Promptness at Mealtime.

Mothers, instill the habit of promptness in the children growing up about you. Teach them that when a meal is placed upon the table that no excuse save sickness will be taken for their nonappearance at the same time. This habit goes far toward establishing those pleasant memories that cluster about the meeting of the family around the festal board when in after years the members have been scattered to the four corners of the globe. The meal enjoyed fly all is far more satisfactory than when laggards come straying in at intervals and petitions for hot food are sent out every few minutes to the long suffering domestic in the kitchen.

Promptness is a virtue wherever you find it, but never more to be commended than when it ensues each and every member of the household to feel that they must be on hand at meal time instead of regarding the hour set as the signal to go and begin and commence a piece of work that will keep them away from the table until the food is cold, the dishes disarranged and the cook fretful and upset.—Exchange.

Two Well Dressed New York Women.

Mrs. Edward Cooper, of Washington square, is one of the notably beautiful women who ornament the handsome parlors of the New York Yacht club on reception days. Mrs. Cooper, though not as young or as blithe perhaps as the majority of the yacht clubmen's wives, is far more attractive in many ways. She has a dainty, delicate, sweet, womanly way of conversing on yachting subjects and relating witty incidents of her many yachting trips. Mrs. Cooper's daughter, Mrs. Lloyd Bryce, is equally as attractive as her mother, with all the youthful beauty and nerve which marked her mother's early social career.

Mrs. Bryce has a hobby of dressing in an unswerving manner. She has an oriental eye for combining and blending colors, and shows the finesse of an enthusiastic Parisian modernistic student in the gowns she designed for her own costumes. She is blessed with a clear, delightful complexion, and can afford to wear those odd colors with perfect impunity, which would ruin the best teacher of all—experience." And so grow in favor and finding themselves watchless. They don't enjoy even hunting vainly for the timepiece which was buttoned into the front of their bodice, but which has slipped in and is finally discovered two inches above their waistbands and far on one side. The pretty toys are continually being lost, as they slip down under bodices and belts and drop onto the ground.

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Glycerin for Affections of the Skin.

Glycerin is very extensively used in the treatment of affections of the skin. In many of these, more particularly in such as are characterized by dryness and harshness of the cuticle, glycerin of itself effects a speedy improvement, while in others, again, it serves a valuable purpose in bringing other remedies into direct relation with the diseased structures.

In affections of the eye glycerin alone or in combination plays an important part in the local treatment, while in certain forms of deafness, arising from a deficiency of the waxy secretion in the outer meatus of the ear, it works often like a charm when dropped into the same, its office being to lubricate that passage and the external surface of the membrana tympani, commonly known as the drum of the ear.

Glycerin when rubbed upon the surface of the skin effectually protects it from the results of exposure to the air. A small quantity spailed on the skin will prevent it from becoming chapped or chilled in winter or from being burned and inflamed in the summer.—Hygiene.

The Spirit of Refinement.

Thrice blessed the mortal who hath that one familiar ever near—the spirit of refinement. Her unseen, her presence-like easily are either discerned! How loudly do the habits, speech, manners, dress and surrounding prove our possession or lack of this sweet spirit. Riches cannot show the gentle guest, neither can poverty hide her whereabouts. She dwells not with luxury, although luxury would give her raved, gems to entertain and make the graces of this guest her own.

And luxury, conscious of her lack, strives ever with splendid pageant, with brilliant speech, with every means to catch and hoodwink the world and make it believe that under her gilded dome dwells sweet refinement. Vain are her efforts. The great world smiles, for beneath the glittering pomp above, whence luxury looks in feigned content, here among the outsiders, whose bodies are shabbily clad, in fulsome attendance, walks the supernal visitor.—Detroit Free Press.

Guarding Secrets of the House.

Perhaps there is no surer revelation of character than the manner in which a wife uses her husband's name in conversation. We have some respect for Mrs. Pavonia's heroine, who closed her eyes when her husband staggered into sight, and declared that "Manhattan had one of his headaches, for he never drank." It is hard, however, to pardon the woman who confides to every one she meets the shortcomings of the man whose home is in her keeping. Reticence requires more culture and brain power than criticism.

There are wives who argue, with sharp tongued Mrs. Poyser, that "God made the women silly to match the men," and with her are ready to slay a sister making the same statement.

We question if women are quite fitted to occupy positions of public trust until they have learned to guard more zealously the secrets of the home.—Helen Jay in Harper's Bazar.

A Cure for Frontal Headaches.

Nine-tenths of the nervous headaches are situated over the brow, and they are accompanied by languor and chilliness. If the headache continues dull and heavy for any length of time, the patient has a bilious taste for food, becomes nauseous and has a general feeling of uncomfortablesness. To cure such a headache rapidly and safely two grains of pounde salt should be dissolved in a wineglass of water. When it is dissolved sip the mixture slowly, taking the whole dose in about ten minutes. The iodide acts immediately, and in half an hour after the medicine has been taken the unpleasant symptoms will have disappeared. The dose can be repeated in small quantities later if the headache is not relieved. These small doses appear to be more effective than larger ones, and one should not lose faith in them on account of the smallness of the dose until they have been fairly tested.—Yankee Blade.

Entering and Leaving a Carriage.

Retain a sitting position till one foot, preferably the left, is on the step; then with the other step easily down. This is simple and natural in a victoria or brougham; more difficult in a higher hung cart or road wagon. To mount a coach or drag is worse than either. A woman should touch the vehicle with one hand only while the other rests on the shoulder of the groom or gentleman who is assisting her. And the woman who is accorded the high privilege of the box seat should be careful of her ribbons and parasol. There should be no loose ends of the one, and the second should be carefully kept away from the driver.—Exchange.

A teaspoonful of borax added to the starch in the laundry will give that peculiar gloss to collars, cuffs and shirt bosoms which is the characteristic of the professional laundry, though much of this gloss is undoubtedly due to the skillful use which the worker makes of her polishing iron.

Sarah Bernhardt keeps in large scrapbooks the press criticisms of her acting. The severe as the favorable are all preserved in the volumes. The portrait of the great actress appears as the frontispiece, with her favorite skye terrier and Danish bloodhound standing on either side.

Kind words are benedictions. They are not only instruments of power, but of benevolence and courtesy, blessings both to the speaker and hearer of them.—Frederick Saunders.

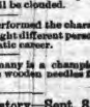
Bloomington, Ills., has had for eighteen years a vacation experiment of schools. Miss S. E. Haymond. During her regime the school facilities have been greatly enlarged.

You can tell if a bed is damp by laying your handglass between the sheets for a few moments. If the sheets are not properly dried the glass will be clouded.

Mrs. Langtry has performed the characters of some seventy-eight different personages during her dramatic career.

The empress of Germany is a champion knitter and uses large wooden needles for her work she does.

This Date in History — Sept. 8.



1565—Menendez de Aviles founded St. Augustine, Fla., the oldest town in the United States, Santa Fe was founded about 1600.

1776—Mother Ann Lee, founder of the United Society of Christ's Second Appearing (The Shakers), died at Watervliet, N. Y.; born 1736.

1820—George Crook, general, born near Dayton, O.; died 1890.

1850—Bishop H. B. Bascom, of the M. E. church, died at Louisville, Ky.

1855—William Pitt Fessenden, statesman, died in Portland, Me.; born 1806.

1866—Isaac P. Christiancy, ex-United States senator from Wisconsin, died, aged 78.

1867—Strike of dock laborers, coal porters, seafarers and firemen at Southampton, England; much rioting.

1871—Arrival of the steamer City of New York in Liverpool, 5 days 22 hours and 30 minutes from New York; best time made to date and carried the mails which left Yokohama, Japan, July 19; time from Yokohama to Queenstown 39 days; quickest on record.

In Rail.

"When did John Smitherson leave town?" asked the stranger.

"Last week," replied the native.

"Did he set out on foot?"

"No. He went by rail."

"What are you talking about? This town hasn't any railroad."

"Of course not. 'Twas a fence rail."—Washington Star.

1892	September,					1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	6	4:08 P. M.	New Moon	20	8:16 A. M.
Third Quarter	13	7:50 A. M.	First Quarter	29	1:19 A. M.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

First-class bar attached.

THE ALBION,

FOURTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE,

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the traveling public.

City Hotel,

Corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS

SEELY EDSALL,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Invites the inspection of the Dry Goods Trade to his new stock of

Novelties.

Henriettas, Serges,

Cashmeres, Ladies' Cloth.

Black Goods a Specialty.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!

After the use of

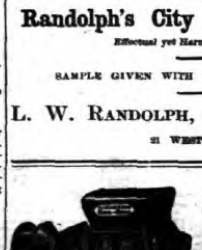
Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.

Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child

SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.



In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Legal Advertisements.

EXECUTORS' SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, executors of the last will and testament under the will of Manning Stelle, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the second day of November next.

RANDOLPH M. STELLE,
FRANCIS E. MARSH,

Dated August 8th, 1892. 8 30 5

ESTATE OF EDWARD VAIL, DECEASED.

Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, Executors of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscribers under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscribers.

EDWARD F. RANDOLPH,
MARLON N. VAIL,
Executors.

Dated June 28th, 1892. 7 16 9

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, administrator of Joel H. Briant, deceased, will be audited and stated by the surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the fourteenth day of September next.

WILLIAM R. CODINGTON.

Dated July 8th, 1892. 7 9

ASSIGNEE'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, assignee of Frank C. Green, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-first day of September next.

WILLIAM R. CODINGTON.

Dated July 9th, 1892. 7 9

Regular Special Sale

of

Granite Iron Ware.

THIS IS THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF THIS EXCELLENT WARE THAT WE HAVE EVER OFFERED, AND THE PRICES ARE JUST ONE HALF WHAT YOU USUALLY PAY. THERE IS EVERYTHING IN COOKING POTS, TEA AND COFFEE POTS, TEA KETTLES, PLATES, DIPPERS, PAILS, WASH BASINS, ETC. HOUSEKEEPERS WILL STUDY THEIR OWN INTEREST BY ATTENDING THIS SALE.

THERE ARE MANY OTHER GOOD VALUES TO BE HAD THROUGHOUT EVERY DEPARTMENT.

VanEmburgh & White

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

CLEARING OUT SALE

OF SUMMER CLOTHING!

AT

WERNER'S - CLOTHING - HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Don't fail to drop in and see our EXTRAORDINARY Bargains, as we must dispose of our Summer stock to make room for Fall and Winter goods.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR THE

FINEST ELGIN CREAMERY BUTTER.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.

Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,

Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.

A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on

Refrigerators. . . Lawn Mowers, . .

. . Ice Cream Freezers. . Hammocks. .

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware, . . . Paints Oils, Seeds.

Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.

Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.

1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $6,000,000 since organization.

Crescent Lodge, 360, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Tuesday evenings, at eight p. m., in Wetampaka Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.

Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VANARTSDALEN, Dictator.

RALPH A. POST, Reporter.

Crescent Commandery, No. 36, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article.

A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,

to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

NEUMANN BROS.

BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine say repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

New Marble and Granite Works,

We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and here come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.

J. E. Townsend, Manager.

No. 20 ROCKWOOD STREET.

Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

THE PLACE TO BUY SECOND-HAND FURNITURE IS AT

MUSGRAVE'S,

27 Somerset street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. P. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box L. Telephone Call 62. Printing of All Kinds. 2 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

SCARLET FEVER HERE.

A PITIABLE CASE OF DESTITUTION AND SUFFERING.

A Sick Mother Watching and Carrying her Suffering Daughter Day and Night—The Father a Helpless Paralytic—French's Lane Quarantined.

There is a case of malignant scarlet fever in the tenement house at the rear of French's carriage factory on Somerset street. A little girl named Teresa Willis is the victim and the case is unusually severe. Dr. J. A. Allis has charge of the case and says he entertains no hope for the child's recovery.

The case is particularly sad as the family are in an utterly helpless and destitute condition. The father is a helpless paralytic, and the mother who is in delicate condition, expecting to be confined at any moment, has had to hold the child for two days and nights, not able to leave it for a moment. They are very much in need of clothing and charitably inclined persons are most urgently requested to donate clothing, and the necessities of life to aid these poor people.

They were sent to this house some time ago by the overseer of the poor at Bernardsville, and until this last misfortune had been able to support themselves. There have been several cases on Pearl street recently, though the fact was kept quiet, and it was supposed to be German measles. One of the afflicted families, however, carried the disease to the tenement on Somerset street and the child caught it.

A child on Pearl street is still sick with the malignant scarlet fever, though the case is not so serious as the one on Somerset street.

The place has been quarantined since yesterday noon. Chief of Police Grant having placed Special Officer Bedjamin Allaland on guard yesterday, he remained on duty all night and was to-day relieved by Officer Giese. Strict watch is being kept to prevent the disease spreading.

Republican Primaries.

The Republican voters of the third and fourth wards, respectively, held primaries in the rooms of the Republican Association last evening for the purpose of electing delegates to the State convention to be held at Trenton, Sept. 13, to nominate a candidate for Governor and Republican electors.

The third ward is entitled to one, and the fourth ward to two delegates.

The third ward primary was called to order at eight o'clock. Francis E. Marsh was elected chairman and O. B. Leonard secretary. John W. Murray, Sr., was nominated and elected delegate and William T. Kirk alternate. There was no opposition so the secretary cast the ballot in each case.

The fourth ward primary was held at 8.30 o'clock in the same place, John Manchester was elected chairman and Herman Weber, secretary. B. F. Millington and John Manchester were elected as delegates with J. W. James and John F. Thompson as alternates. On motion of J. G. Vegiard the election was made unanimous. Smith Gifford Tunis and J. Carey were the tellers.

North Plainfield Republicans, Attention!

The Republican voters of the borough and township of North Plainfield are requested urgently to attend the first primary at Spencer's Hall at eight o'clock this evening for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention to be held at Trenton, Sept. 13, 1892, to nominate a candidate for Governor and Republican electors. One delegate is allowed for every 300 voters, according to the last Presidential election reports, the borough and township are entitled to elect four delegates this evening. Be on hand all ye voters and do your duty.

After the primary the G. C. Grant club will hold a business meeting.

Program of the W. C. T. U. Anniversary.

The following is the programme for the Woman's Christian Temperance Union Anniversary, September 12:

2:30—Singing.
Devotions.....Miss Yates
Address of welcome.....President
Reports of the Rec. Sec'y., Cor. Sec'y and Treas.
Election of officers.
Bible Reading.....Mrs. J. C. Fernald
Solo.....
Female Quartette.
8—Praise service.....Miss Rachel Mair
Address.....
Members' statements of how they earned their dollars.
Solo.....
Collection box.
Benediction.

Railroad Wreck at Elizabeth.

The axle on one of the cars of an East bound C. R. R. of N. J. coal train broke while the train was crossing a switch at Spring street, Elizabeth, about six o'clock this morning. Three loaded coal cars were derailed, and their contents were spilled over the tracks. The switch was torn up, and traffic on the East bound track delayed several hours.

The Somerset County Sunday-school Association will hold its 32d annual convention in the South Branch Reformed church on Tuesday next, commencing at 10.30 a. m. The address will be delivered by Rev. J. Morgan Read of New Brunswick.

A rumor was circulated about town last night that Champion James J. Corbett had been shot and killed in New Orleans by Steve Brodie, who had become crossed in betting all the money he could scrape together, betting it on Sullivan. The story is without foundation.

"JOE" ENGLISH DEAD.

THE EVANGELIST WELL KNOWN HERE.

An Indefatigable Temperance Worker —He Helped Start the Plainfield Reform Club—A Very Witty Speaker —Nearly Seventy Years Old.

The many friends in this vicity of Joseph, better known as Joe, English, the temperance advocate and lecturer, will regret to learn that he died suddenly yesterday afternoon in the Pennsylvania Railroad ferry house in Jersey City. Mr. English left New York on the ferryboat Chicago at 3.45 o'clock. He stood on the forward deck on the women's side. A lady standing near him noticed him spitting blood. Then he leaned over the railing and was seized with a violent hemorrhage. Two of the deck hands supported him until the boat was made fast to the dock, when he was taken around to the office of Station Ferry Master Stainsberry. Detective Van Buskirk sent for a physician. Dr. Loomis soon arrived, but in the mean time Mr. English had had another violent hemorrhage and was beyond the aid of medical skill. The body was removed to Speer's morgue, and word sent to Mr English's family in Rutherford, N. J. One of his sons, who is employed in the Erie Railroad office on Henderson street, Jersey City, was sent for, and made arrangements to have the body taken home. Mr. English was about 70 years old. He has been a temperance lecturer for a quarter of a century, and was for many years associated with Mr. Mayhew. Recently he connected himself with Abraham Lincoln Graham of Jersey City, and they have been holding temperance revival meetings in Dr. Scudder's Tabernacle in Jersey City. Mr. English was on his way to arrange for last night's services when he died. The tabernacle was closed last night.

Messrs. Mayhew and English first came to this city on Feb. 22, 1884, when the Plainfield Reform Club was formed. Mr. English continued his interest and said that he felt more at home in Plainfield than anywhere else. He was always entertained by Mr. H. N. Spencer of Somerset street who speaks of him very highly. Mr. Spencer says that whenever the temperance work began to lag "Joe" English was always ready and willing to come and help things along, not only was that so here but elsewhere.

There was not a man in the country who could appeal to those drinking men better. Had he lived he would have been again in Plainfield this Winter.

A Statement by Mayor Saunders.

Mr. W. W. Howland and some of his friends have taken Mayor Saunders' remarks at the recent Council meeting, as to personal matter.

In a conversation with Mayor Saunders, this morning, he said, "I wish, in justice to Mr. Howland and myself, to have it placed on record that I distinctly remarked at the Council meeting referred to, that I highly esteem Mr. Howland as a friend and neighbor. I do not attack him personally, as he and his friends seem to think, but his sentiments." He further said, "While it is all right for Mr. Howland and residents of that portion of the borough, in which he resides, to take an interest in the beauty of the place, it is not right for them to dictate to the citizens of Somerset street what they shall or shall not have. It would be decidedly against the best interests of the borough to uphold Mr. Howland's sentiments, to keep out factories, railways and other industries so that North Plainfield might be exclusively a place of beautiful residences. It was perfectly in order for me, or any Councilman, to read the communication presented at a Council meeting, and I wish to add again, that it was only the sentiments, expressed in the communication, which I criticized and not Mr. Howland, whom I highly esteem. Before the ordinance in regard to street railway franchise is passed, the citizens will have every opportunity of being heard in the matter, and if the majority of the residents along the proposed line of the railway object to having it, the railway shall not be forced upon them."

Worthless Patents are not Payment for Stock.

Under the Corporation Act of New Jersey, providing that nothing but money shall be considered payment of stock, except that directors may buy necessary property, and to the amount of the value thereof issue full-paid stock, marked "issued for property purchased," the directors of a corporation, the incorporators of which have agreed to give 90 per cent. of the stock to a person for two patents, are justified in refusing to issue such stock when one patent has not been perfected and the articles made under the other are worthless. This decision was rendered in the case of Edgerton vs. Electrical Imp. Const. Co. in the Court of Chancery of New Jersey.

Cicycling Notes.

Arrangements are being made for a century run from Newark to Princeton on Sept. 18.

The Metropolitan Association of Cycling Clubs are arranging for a big race meet to be held in October.

The annual club races of the Englewood, N. J., course on Saturday.

The Business Men's Cycling Leage of Newark are arranging for a relay scratch race to be held from Philadelphia to Newark next month.

The Atlanta Wheelmen of Newark will hold a ten-mile road race on Sept. 24.

AT ITS OLD TRICK.

"CLEVELAND IN 1892" WAS MR. GARRETSON'S PROPHECY.

The Press Brazenly Claimed the Credit, (if There is Any), However, with the Idea of Making Use of it Politically.

The Press published last night a statement claiming its publishers were the first to propose Mr. Cleveland's name for president in 1892. While we are politically opposed to Mr. Cleveland we do not like to see a man of his importance imposed upon in the way that this paper has attempted. The Press claims that it printed a banner and when Mr. Cleveland passed through this city in his private car, two of their reportorial staff held the banner which proposed "Cleveland in 1892." This happened in March 1888. Since then the editor of the Press wrote Mr. Cleveland setting forth his claim and extracted a reply from him acknowledging that as no one else had claimed the honor it belonged to him. The letter was published last night in fac-simile.

The facts of the case are as follows; Mr. J. F. Garretson, the baggagemaster at the station, heard that Mr. Cleveland's train would pass through the city. He is a patriot and a good Democrat. His entire office on Henderson street, Jersey City, was sent for, and made arrangements to have the body taken home. Mr. English was about 70 years old. He has been a temperance lecturer for a quarter of a century, and was for many years associated with Mr. Mayhew. Recently he connected himself with Abraham Lincoln Graham of Jersey City, and they have been holding temperance revival meetings in Dr. Scudder's Tabernacle in Jersey City. Mr. English was on his way to arrange for last night's services when he died. The tabernacle was closed last night.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

Those Wooden Sidewalks.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—There are two streets in Plainfield along which passes most of the traffic—Front street and Somerset street. The former is properly graded and the sidewalks are of stone, in marked contrast to the side-walks on Somerset street which are of wood. This wood is, almost everywhere, in the most disgraceful state, full of holes and loose planks.

Is there no borough ordinance that compels property owners to keep the sidewalks in order?

Or is it the neglect of North Plainfield officials to enforce the law?

I feel sure that my calling attention to the present disgraceful state of this main artery of trade, will, through the medium of your valued paper, be the means of making the borough officials literally "mend their ways."

PEDESTRIAN.

[There is an ordinance and it ought to be strictly enforced for the public safety. —ED.]

PERSONAL.

Miss M. Arquit of 15 Third place has recently returned from Manchester, N. H.

Mrs. H. F. Stiff of Carlton avenue returned last evening from a week's visit in Philadelphia.

Mr. Fletcher Hallock of this city returned yesterday from Stamford, where he spent the Summer.

Rev. W. R. Richards, pastor of the Crescent Avenue church, returned home yesterday from his vacation.

Mrs. Tunis J. Carey of West Front street, started yesterday for Pittsfield, Mass., to visit for a few weeks.

Colonel John F. Wilson and Miss Wilson are again at "Tunlaw," North Plainfield, after a pleasant sojourn of about six weeks at Cresson, Pa.

"Tee Kay" Keller returned this morning from a several months' trip through the far West. He was astonished to see the trolley cars running and hastened to try them.

Mrs. George H. Frost of 119 Broadway arrived from Europe on the 3rd by the Umbria, which had a clean bill of health and was detained at Quarantine only a few hours.

Mr. Chas. H. Schermerhorn, manager of the W. U. Telegraph branch in this city, and Mrs. Schermerhorn, will start to-morrow for Doylestown, Bucks Co., Pa. where they expect to remain a week.

Rev. Dr. A. H. Tuttle, formerly pastor of the M. E. church of this city, but now pastor of the largest Methodist church in Baltimore, is said to enjoy the distinction of receiving the largest salary paid a Methodist minister in this country.

Mr. David K. Hodge died at his home in Finderne Wednesday afternoon of Atchison's disease. The funeral services will be held in Finderne on morrow afternoon at three o'clock. He was a brother of Mr. Peter Hodge of North Plainfield and a member of the law firm of Hodge & Hance of this city.

Mr. Christian Keller of Harrison avenue, North Plainfield, celebrated the fifty-ninth anniversary of his birth last evening. The singing section of the Gesang and Turnverein serenaded him and were invited to partake of the "spread" which followed, and join in the dancing which continued until two o'clock.

A very pretty home wedding took place at eight o'clock Wednesday evening at 45 North avenue. The contracting parties were Mr. Edgar E. Marshall and Miss Leah Coombs both of this city. The Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell officiated. After the ceremony they started for a trip to Niagara Falls. Upon their return they will reside on North avenue.

Editor Hugh Boyd of the New Brunswick Home News, and Rev. Dr. M. H. Pogson of New Brunswick reached Plainfield yesterday noon on horseback and after spending the afternoon in our beautiful city continued their journey to Morristown. From there they will go to Lake Hopatcong and Delaware Water Gap, or perhaps further, if their steeds don't give out.

Mr. W. H. Morse, editor of the Westfield Leader says: Hon. Chauncey B. Ripley will be nominated in the Democratic convention as the unanimous choice of Union, Somerset, Middlesex and Monmouth counties, and, as having the favor of the national leaders of the party, his friends declare that no man stands more firmly on the Chicago platform than Mr. Ripley, the personal friend of Grover Cleveland.

Miss Nettie Allison of Somerset street, North Plainfield, who has been in Europe this Summer with her aunt Mrs. Chamberlain, and who, with many other unfortunates, was compelled to stay on account of the cholera scare, at Quarantine several days, reached home last evening. The La Bourgoyne, on which Mrs. Chamberlain and Miss Allison were passengers, had a clean bill of health, but the health officer held it as a precaution.

Rev. Dr. M. H. Pogson, who visited this city yesterday, as related elsewhere, while at Asbury Park this Summer met and became interested in the now champion pugilist, James Corbett, and describes him as a regular Adonis. He says he is a beautiful specimen of humanity. He wrote to Corbett after his return saying he ought to retire and give up the disgraceful business. It is hardly likely that Corbett will follow this kindly advice, however.

—Park place, North Plainfield, has been macadamized.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

MORE CHOLERA AT QUARANTINE.

Another Ship Arrives Carrying the Yellow Flag.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9—(Special.)—There are grave reasons to fear that two more ships have brought the cholera to this port. The Guion liner Wyoming, which arrived Wednesday, was boarded by Health Officer Jenkins this morning and ordered back to the lower bay.

There were two deaths, with cholerate symptoms, on the Wyoming last night.

The Wieland, from Hamburg, arrived this morning flying the yellow flag. She was stopped at Lower Quarantine.

Yellow flags are also flying to-day from the Rugia and Normannia, and on Hoffman Island, indicating more cases of the disease, if not deaths.

The Reading Coal Combine's Storage at South Plainfield.

An adjourned session of the committee of the New York State Senate appointed to investigate the anthracite coal combination was held Wednesday at the Murray Hill Hotel. President McLeod of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company appeared as a witness and read a statement in which he reviewed the causes which led to the combination, and enumerated the benefits which, in his opinion, would follow. He said that present prices of coal should not be compared with the abnormally low prices of last January, made by large operators to bring about a lessening of production.

The cost of production is estimated at $3.95 a ton, to which should be added 35 cents royalty and 25 cents for interest and repairs, making $4.55 as the sum the company should receive, where they now receive only $4.30 a ton. The Reading Company, Mr. McLeod said, has on hand 1,250,000 tons of coal, nearly all of which is stored at the enormous coal storage at South Plainfield, covering at the present time, several acres of ground. Consequently the work at the collieries has been suspended three days out of every week. Small coal costs as much as other sizes to produce, and yet has been sold at a loss because it comes in competition with bituminous coal. He said that the combined Company hoped some time in the future to establish retail depots for the sale of coal in New York City.

The Harvest Moon.

The September full moon is popularly known as the harvest moon, a celestial phenomenon that all observers of the times and seasons agree in admiring as the crowning glory of the Autumnal evenings. The average difference in the daily rising and setting of the moon is about 51 minutes, the same as that of her passage over the meridian. The actual difference in the daily rising of the moon is, however, subject to great variations on account of the moon's changes in declination and the inequalities of her motion in right ascension. These variations attract the most attention when they occur at the time of full moon. When the retardation is the least possible the moon rises for several nights at nearly the same time for several successive evenings. The moon this year was full on the sixth, a little more than two weeks in advance of the equinox.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending Sept. 9, 1892:

Anderson, Allen
Commane, Michael
Dalton, Mrs H W
Earle, Wm H
Henry, W
Heffer, Charles
Hartman, Mrs Geo
Hunt, Jas S
Hoshaw, Mrs
Irison, David B
Jefferson, Charles
Jones, Annie
Lynch, Maggie
Mahon, J H
Mc Gee, John
Manning, Mrs Mary
Morse, S P (2)
Mc Donald, Miss
Mc Cullough, Miss
Mc Cann, Miss
O'Connell, Maggie
Perrine, Mrs E L
Pitcher, Henry
Rodgers, Edward
Reich, Gustav
Fleed, Fannie M
Sharlock, Miss M J
Terrence, Mrs
Terrer, Belle Miss
Vogt, Mrs Anna (2)
Watson, Mrs G H
Waterman, John
Woodhull, Rev J A
Williams, Mary
Wallace, G
Wood, Mrs Best B
Persons calling for above please say advertised. E. B. Pors, Postmaster.

A New Way to Gamble.

A new use has been discovered on the Produce Exchange for the electric fan. The blades of the fan are marked and by use of the button which breaks the current the machine is made to perform the duties of a roulette wheel. As no by-laws has been found to meet this particular form of disorder, the chairman found great difficulty yesterday in putting a stop to the sport. As soon as a group was dispersed from one fan it moved over to another. Where the game would be enthusiastically resumed.

The human body has its limitations.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

diminishes weak and increases enjoyment.

SCHOOL SHOES!

Boys and Girls Give This Your Kind Attention!

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET. The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.

CLEARING OUT SALE OF SUMMER CLOTHING!

AT

WERNER'S - CLOTHING - HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.

Don't fail to drop in and see our EXTRAORDINARY Bargains, as we must dispose of our Summer stock to make room for Fall and Winter goods.

Watch This Space for the Next Attraction.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A HANDY workman want employment at any work around gentlemen's place, is competent and has references. Address "Charles," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 8tf

HELP WANTED.

CASHIER and bookkeeper wanted. Early and late. Address "Butcher," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply 35 Craig place, North Plainfield.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon, black leather card case, containing visiting case and fifty dollars in New York. Reward for return. Matilda Hudson, 294 Somerset street. 8-3

LOST—A female pug. Reward paid for return to 119 Rockview avenue. 7 6*

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A seven-room house on South Second street, corner of Mason place, $13 per month. E. P. Gavin, P. O. Box 64. 9 6

FOR RENT—A pleasantly located house, first all modern improvements. Will rent for $35 till Spring, $30 after that. Address "Agent," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 6

NICELY furnished house to rent, twelve rooms all improvements. Owner would board with parties if so desired. Address K., 97 Rockview avenue. 8-8

TO LET—Four nice rooms; first floor 49 Liberty street, inquire 67 West Fourth street. 7 4

FOR SALE.

COLUMBIA tricycle for sale, cheap; or would exchange for phaeton or carriage. Wm. Heslig, Chimney Rock. 3 6

FOR SALE—Fine young parrot, gray, with scarlet tail. Just arrived from Africa. Enquire 19 East Seventh street. 8 5

FOR SALE—House, seven rooms, three minutes walk from North avenue station, also lots at Evona. Address, S., care EVENING NEWS. 8 6

HAY FOR SALE—All persons wanting to stock their barns with hay for the Winter at reasonable prices, call or address 90 Grandview avenue. 9 3tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

A YOUNG married couple would like a home to take care of for the Winter. Address H. H., care of EVENING NEWS.

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Incorporated 1891; number of students during first year, 381. Largest law school in the United States except one. "Dwight method" of instruction. Degree LL.B. given after two years' course. Graduate course now added. Tuition fee, $100. Re-opens Oct. 3, 1892. Address George Chase, Dean. 8 6 3m eod*

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 30tf

WANTED TO BUY—A small donkey; kind, sound and gentle. Must be well broken to all harness. Price must be cheap. T. B. Poston, Jr., 113 Rockview avenue. 7 4*

WANTED—In private family, good cook, washer and ironer. Also, for country, engineer of four or five rooms, having closets, heat and water. References exchanged. Address with terms and full particulars, Mrs. L. H. Jenkins, Sheffield, Mass. 6 6

We Cannot Give You A House and Lot,

But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material at low rates consistent with first-class work and material.

Estimates furnished free of charge.

Marsh, Ayers & Co., Painters and Decorators, 29 East Front street.

Regular Special Sale of Granite Iron Ware.

THIS IS THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF THIS EXCELLENT WARE THAT WE HAVE EVER OFFERED, AND THE PRICES ARE JUST ONE HALF WHAT YOU USUALLY PAY. THERE IS EVERYTHING IN COOKING POTS, TEA AND COFFEE POTS, TEA KETTLES, PLATES, DIPPERS, PAILS, WASH BASINS, ETC. HOUSEKEEPERS WILL STUDY THEIR OWN INTEREST BY ATTENDING THIS SALE.

THERE ARE MANY OTHER GOOD VALUES TO BE HAD THROUGHOUT EVERY DEPARTMENT.

VanEmburgh & White

THE BEE HIVE!

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves in Tans, Browns, and Slates. 75c

Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black. $1

The "Gladys" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns $1

5-Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates, 85c

Gents' Kid Gloves, $1

Also a full line of Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman, 40 West Front Street.

A Word to the Public!

OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.

Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. J. H. Bodine, who, with the assistance of Miss Bodine, will present artistic millinery from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the newest variety of styles and tasty creations of the milliners art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.

Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 West Front Street.

JACOB M. HIGGINS, PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR. P. O. Box 351. Residence Liner street, near Howard.

EDITORIAL NOTES

There must be great turning in graves if the old Scotch Covenanters know that dancing is taught in many of the public schools in Scotland.

In temperate zones the mean direction of the upper currents of wind is from west to east; in the tropical belt the upper air winds blow usually from east to west.

All About the Homestead Strike.

The North American Review has been at pains to get the judgment of three distinguished gentlemen in regard to the right and wrong of the Homestead strike. The gentlemen are Hon. W. C. Oates, of Alabama, chairman of the congressional committee that investigated the strike; Hon. George Tichnor Curtis, the eminent constitutional lawyer, and General Master Workman T. V. Powderly, of the Knights of Labor. Mr. Powderly gets the last word.

The contract between the Carnegie company and its employees expired June 30. The company proposed to reduce the wages of the men in some of the departments, also to change the time of renewing the contracts from the last day of June to the last day of December. The reduction of wages to take place because, as represented by President Frick, of the company, overproduction during the year had reduced the price of the products made until the company was losing money. Further, improved machinery put into the mills since the three years' contract was signed in 1889 had doubled the output in certain departments with no increase of labor to the workmen. In these departments, in order to equalize matters, he desired to reduce the rate of wages. The workmen, however, deny that the output was doubled with no increase in the number of laborers, and thus that point remains a disputed one. At any rate the workmen declined to sign the new contract.

Mr. Oates believes that Mr. Frick was actuated by a desire to sit on trades unions in general, and that he met the men throughout in a "stern, brusque and autocratic" manner that did not sweeten their business. Mr. Oates says:

If the business of his company, on account of a fall in the market price of the products of the works, required a reduction of the wages of the men, he should have appealed to their reason and shown them the true state of the company's affairs. I am persuaded that if he had come on an agreement would have been reached and all the troubles which followed would have been avoided.

Further, Mr. Oates says congress has no power to interfere in the Homestead labor troubles or in any other labor troubles, and that a compulsory arbitration law is not practicable.

Mr. Curtis, from the lawyer's side of the affair, calls attention to the fact that the Pinkertons were not armed when they went up the river to Homestead. The arms and ammunition were packed in boxes and delivered at the Homestead yards. He writes:

Klein, one of the Pinkerton watchmen, had been killed by the strikers and about five other men shot and wounded before the Pinkerton men brought fire-arms into action. Then it was impossible to shoot those firing from the shore at the boats, because the strikers had made a breastwork for themselves by placing women and children in front and firing from behind them.

Mr. Curtis declares that the first duty of the legislative power is to emancipate the individual workman from the tyranny of his class. He sells himself into slavery when he joins a trades union. The coercion of nonunion men should be made a crime and punished with severity." The law points in the case Mr. Curtis puts thus:

First—That the owners of the mills had a perfect legal right to employ any necessary number of men to defend their property.

Second—That all the acts of the Pinkerton men at Homestead were lawful; and that as watchmen they had a right to bear arms on the premises of the Carnegie company in order to protect life and property, whether they were or were not deputized by the sheriff of Allegheny county; and that the agency had the right to ship arms for such purposes from Chicago to the Carnegie yards at Homestead; and that in view of his right to the barges the watchmen had the right to bear arms and defend themselves; and that all their acts in firing in self-defense from the barges after the attack on them were legally justifiable under the laws of the United States and the state of Pennsylvania.

Third—That the killing of Klein by one or more of the rioting strikers was a murder.

Fourth—That all who stood by sympathizing with and encouraging the strikers, or not resisting the unlawful acts of the strikers, who were armed from firing on the barges, were accessories to the murder.

Then Mr. Powderly takes up the tale. We are to infer from his story that it is the workmen who built up the thriving town of Homestead and made the prosperity of the mills; it was they who created the great steel plant, and Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Frick or their money had neither nothing to do with it. Manufacturing has changed altogether, says Mr. Powderly, and is now in the hands of great corporations. Bodies of organized workmen stand in the same relation to the men as the corporation does to the investing capitalist. "Every law, every right, every concession which the workingmen now enjoy has come to them through the labor organization." The Knights of Labor demand a compulsory arbitration law.

It would be a law in every state that in disputed cases the employer should be obliged to select two arbitrators and the employees two, these four to select the fifth. This arbitration commission to have access to all books, papers and facts bearing on the question at issue from both sides.

Mr. Powderly gently informs his readers at the close that if the law does not do this for the workingmen, then they must do it for themselves, as at Homestead, "by the light of the blazing guns."

CHOLERA'S GRIM GRIP

The Plague Continues to Flourish in New York Harbor.

FOUR DEATHS AND TEN NEW CASES.

The Victims and the Suspects Are Isolated on Swinburne Island in the Lower Bay—Not a Case Has Yet Reached the City—Dr. Depew Released.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—The city is yet free from cholera. Distressing as ever, however, is the condition of affairs among the 1,500 unfortunates kept on the detained ships and the quarantine islands in the lower bay.

Four deaths took place on Swinburne island. Six new cases developed among the crew of the Normannia, three among the steerage passengers of the Rugia and one among the steerage passengers of the Normannia on Hoffman island. It was not a cheering record.

Eight "suspects" went to Swinburne island with the sick. When a new case breaks out it is the policy of the health officers to take to Swinburne island those who have been in immediate contact with the patients. They are confined in a separate building on Swinburne island, and, as the record shows, there are now fifty-one such.

The isolation of these suspects, most of whom are relatives of the patients under treatment, Health Officer Jenkins regards as one of the most effective precautions against the spread of the disease and one of the most important details in the plan by which he hopes to stamp out the plague.

The resources of medical science and the rigid application of hygienic measures do not seem able to stop the spread of the disease among the imprisoned ships and on the hospital islands.

One good piece of news is recorded, however—the securing of vessels on which the cabin passengers of the Normannia and Rugia can be placed and thus separated from those among whom the cholera has broken out. The end of their long imprisonment on a cholera infected ship will be hailed by the passengers of the Normannia with a delight which those who have not been in a like position can hardly realize.

To the Sandy Hook.

There was joy down the bay also when the City of New York, the Erie, La Bourgogne, the Wacsland and the Wyoming were allowed to come up to the city.

The island at Sandy Hook formerly used by the Central Railroad of New Jersey have been definitely decided upon by Secretary Charles Foster as a place of detention or quarantined. Immigrants will be detained from infected ports. All that now remains to be done is to secure the consent of the war department to the use of the Sandy Hook lands and to prepare the sheds for the accommodation of people. This work can be done in two days, it is thought, and there seems to be little doubt that the war department will grant the request which Secretary Foster made last night by telegraph.

This plan was adopted by Secretary Foster after a conference with Secretary Tracy, ex-Surgeon General Hamilton, Dr. Lewis A. Sayre and others, all of whom visited quarantine and Sandy Hook yesterday and made a thorough investigation with the view to selecting the proper place for the landing of detained steamship passengers. Health Officer Jenkins is also satisfied that this is the best thing to be done in the emergency.

Arrangements have been made with the government officials for the use of the receiving ship New Hampshire, which it is expected will reach the Hook this afternoon. There are 120 state rooms on the New Hampshire, and Dr. Jenkins says that between 500 and 600 steerage passengers on the Normannia can there take refuge. The sound steamer Stonington will also be used as a receiving ship.

Dr. Depew Released.

The steamship City of New York, of the Inman line, from Liverpool, landed her passengers after a detention of over thirty-six hours by the health authorities at quarantine in the lower bay. The Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, Mrs. Secretary Charles Foster, Miss Foster, Mrs. Secretary Rusk, Miss Rusk and several other ladies were taken off the steamship by the revenue cutter New York and brought to the city.

Mr. Depew's secretary, Mr. Duvel, said: "Mr. Depew has gone abroad for a rest and had secured it. He intended to stop a week longer, but the outbreak of the railroad strike at Buffalo had troubled him. At Hamburg, where he was stopping when he heard of it, he had lost sleep nights thinking over the matter. He had not seen Mr. Carnegie, as it was reported he intended to do, to consider the situation at Homestead and speak a word in behalf of the strikers."

To Keep It Out of New Jersey.

TRENTON, Sept. 9.—The state board of health has decided to create a sea patrol to prevent cholera from infesting the state. The decision was suggested by the finding of a pillow bearing the name Moravia. All wreckage and debris found on the coast will be burned, and any person attempting to land from infected steamers will be prevented.

Consul Kellogg Suspended.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—James C. Kellogg, of Louisiana, United States consul at Stettin, Germany, was suspended from duty by Secretary Foster, of the state department, for negligence in performing his duties during the cholera inspection.

Barring the Canada Way.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—Surgeon General Wyman, of the Marine hospital service, authorized the appointment of inspectors at Suspension Bridge and Mal ne, N. Y., to guard against the introduction of cholera from Canada.

HAMBURG'S DAYS OF DEATH.

Hunger Among the Poor Adds to the Horrors of the Plague.

HAMBURG, Sept. 9.—There have been 897 fresh cases of cholera and 208 deaths, a substantial decrease from same day last week, and it is hoped the plague is losing its hold. There have been 608 burials, but the dead wagons and grave diggers are still far behind the requirements of the city, and 450 bodies are piled up in mortuaries and hospitals. In fact, all the burials were made from the harbor district, and the rest of the city has been left to keep its dead as best it can. In the Ohlsdorf cemetery graves cannot be dug as fast as the bodies are brought in, and the coffins are left stacked up in the open air.

Great unrest prevails among the poorer people. This is largely due to the closing of factories and shops which has thrown 30,000 of the working population of the city out of employment.

They are without means of earning a living, and are condemned to wait at home for the plague to abate before they can find work. Their families are in want, living only on black bread and soup at the charity kitchens. In a few days they will not have money enough to buy even side fare. Even where cholera is comparatively mild the mortality among children is growing alarmingly in consequence of the lack of all proper food for them. Two weeks from now the famine will be among the families of the unemployed and riot is likely to be added to pestilence.

Thousands of persons in this city are under the burden of uncertainty as to what has been the fate of their relatives in the hospitals. Healthy patients are not admitted and few patients give names. Therefore most of the dead are taken to nameless graves. Crowds watch day and night outside of hospitals begging for information which the officials cannot give.

The Columbus festival will not take place in October and probably not at all. The schools will not open before November.

Getting Worse in Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 9.—The cholera is gaining ground in Paris and vicinity. There were eighty-six new cases and thirty-five deaths in the city and twenty-two new cases and thirty-one deaths in the suburbs.

Not a Case in Great Britain.

LONDON, Sept. 9.—The local government board declares that there is not a case of cholera in Great Britain or Ireland.

Mexico Has Four Cases.

VERA CRUZ, Sept. 9.—There are four cases of cholera quarantined in port here.

FASHIONS

AUTUMN NOVELTIES.

What Dame Fashion Will Do to Adorn the Fair Sex.

Autumn novelties! What vistas of delight these two charmed words bring to the eye of the woman who has the courage to say she likes dress, for women do like it, although all may not acknowledge it. Colors and combinations of colors, shades and tints, so fine that only the accustomed eye can detect asubtle change from those worn last spring. Materials, cloths, silks, laces and velvets, furs and feathers in endless variety.

How do gowns for autumn wear differ from those seen last winter?

In dozens of ways. First, they are not nearly so long, that is, those intended for street wear are not. Then, again, bodices that fasten under the left arm and on the shoulder are less seen. Everthing is made in jacket effect, like the short Spanish basta, the figure jacket or the Directoire jacket. These necessitate underbodices, Fedoras, gibets, Tattersall waistcoats, making an excuse for using a contrasting material and gilloon, passementerie or trimming of some kind. These jackets and sleeves are the most noticeable changes in dresses. The latter are large affairs and velvet will be the favorite material for them.

Speaking of new materials, an especially pretty one is a kind of striped chinchilla cloth, of mixed black and gray wool, soft like fur, over a ground of some light color, like heliotrope, tan or old rose. A pretty effect is gained by combining with them velvet of the lighter shade.

Stripes are in great favor—narrow stripes of one or two colors, like red and white or blue. Only in expensive goods are they seen, goods costing $2.50 a yard. Some French novelty cloths have irregular narrow stripes, now disappearing which is visible in knotted spots of silk. They cost $3 a yard and are only forty-eight inches wide, but they are charming and will be worn by all fashionsengers on the Normannia can there take refuge. The sound steamer Stonington will also be used as a receiving ship.

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CORBETT GETS HIS CASH

Also a Big Ovation at the New Orleans Opera House.

HE WILL NOT FIGHT PETER JACKSON

The New Champion, Like the Old, Objects to Meeting a Negro in the Ring. John L. Sullivan May Never Enter the Arena Again—Corbett Defends Him.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 9.—The fight between James J. Corbett and John L. Sullivan was remarkable in more than one respect. So much money was never before upon to witness a prize fight. Probably not in this generation will so much money be spent again to see one. Great as were the odds in their favor, the friends of the ex-champion the country over were at least $2,000,000 poorer when the battle was over than when their favorite stepped into the ring a short ninety minutes before. Large as these figures may seem, they fall far within the limit.

Today John L. Sullivan, the erstwhile king of the ring, is the most helpless and the most friendless man in the Crescent City. Nearly all the sports sympathize with the big fellow in his fallen fortunes, but accustomed as he has been to the plandits of the crowd, he takes their sympathy with poor grace.

He does not want it, and in the solitude of his room, friendless and alone, he is fighting out his destiny. John L. has not a few weaknesses and in defeat he is sorely tempted to give way to them, although thus far he has manfully resisted.

He has taken his defeat like a man, like the great fighter he always showed himself in so many battles. Long before Corbett laid Sullivan and Sullivan's hopes to rest the champion was a thoroughly beaten man. Mat McAuliffe, his faithful second, saw this, and before John went up for that final, fateful round he said:

"Better throw it up, John; it's all over now."

"No, Jack," retorted Sullivan. "I am going to take the medicine I have so often given to others. I will fight as long as I can stand on my feet."

His friends are sticking faithfully by him, but they express the opinion that he will never enter the ring again.

Corbett Gets His Money.

Last night Corbett appeared in "After Dark" at the opera house here, and it is almost needless to remark that standing room was at a premium. President Noel handed him a check for the big stake of $25,000. Between the acts the house gave the new champion a fitting ovation. Corbett replied very briefly. He made no allusion to the man he had defeated until somebody in the audience shouted, "Sullivan!" Then he said: "I am glad the new champion turned in the direction from which the voice had come and took up the cudgels for his fallen foe.

"I don't care for Sullivan that to his face," he shouted angrily, "and no man could say it truly behind his back."

His reply was received with a volley of cheers that a uniformed police officer had before and the new king took another step on the rung of the ladder which leads to popularity.

Corbett is wearing his honors modestly, and congratulatory messages from all parts of this country, England, Ireland and Australia are flowing in to him. They number somewhat over a thousand and are still coming.

Will Not Fight Jackson.

Delaney Corbett's second, said that Corbett could have finished Sullivan sooner, but he persuaded him not to do it, as he did not want him to take any chances.

"That is one thing I am in a position to announce that Corbett will not meet Jackson again. He is averse to meeting a negro on principle; besides all of his friends in the south do not wish to see him face the black man. Jim is anxious to please them in everything, as they have proven true to him. Why should he figure Jackson anyhow? He has virtually defeated him once, and that is proof positive of Jackson's inability to cope with him. As for Charley Mitchell's challenge, Corbett will pay no attention to it, nor will he consider any others that may be made.

"He has engagements to fill, and will not talk about fighting until these are canceled."

Corbett himself said nothing about the Jackson matter, but he spoke out plainly as to Charley Mitchell. He expressed the opinion that Mitchell's offer was merely for the purpose of advertising himself, and he would not seriously consider it.

Tonight, with the departure of Corbett for the north, all the sports will have gone except a few who will remain over to journey north with Sullivan.

Corbett to Live at Asbury Park.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 9.—Champion James Corbett has concluded to make Asbury Park his home in the future. Shortly before his departure for New Orleans he negotiated for a handsome cottage and grounds on Asbury avenue, about half a mile from North Asbury Park. The price asked was $15,000, but its owner, Russell Hallick, told the pugilist he could buy the property for $14,000, provided he defeated Sullivan.

The property is known as "The Farm," and is a favorite resort for hotel people from Long Branch and Asbury Park. During the summer season Johnnie Clark, the Philadelphia sport, was anxious to secure the property for a clubhouse. Corbett will visit the park early next week, when he will be tendered a rousing reception by his admirers.

A Reception to the Champion.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—James J. Corbett, champion of the world, will be tendered a monster reception at Madison Square Garden on Monday night. He will appear in the ring accompanied by Jake Kilrain, John L. Sullivan, and will spar four rounds each with three first class boxers. Other matches for prizes will take place.

Corbett arrives at Jersey City Sunday evening about 7:30. He will be escorted over the ferry by a band, after which he will be driven with Mr. Brady and his trainer direct to the Coleman House.

Corbett's Brother a Winner.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 9.—Harry Corbett, brother of Jim, now the heavyweight champion, stated this morning that he had won $13,000 on the fight. It became known also that Gentleman Jim's mother, was thrown out of a buggy last week and had her arm broken. No one was allowed to see her, and news of the accident was kept from the newspapers and correspondents so that it would not reach Jim.

Marley in Dublin.

DUBLIN, Sept. 9.—Chief Secretary Morley arrived to undertake his official duties. There was no demonstration of welcome.

PEARY'S RELIEF EXPEDITION.

No Tidings of the Party and a Second Venture May Be Necessary.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9.—The bark Floreda, second of the relief fleet to arrive in port from west Greenland, brings no tidings of the Peary relief expedition. Captain Jensen was to free his vessel from the ice at Kekertahk the morning following the sailing of the Salina, Aug. 14, after three months' imprisonment. The Kite, said Captain Jensen, would not necessarily fall in with the Falcon, as the latter by her later course would probably keep her far enough from the coast to have open sea. "Not to the knowledge of any Greenland traders," continued Captain Jensen, "has there been such immense blockades of ice as exist this year, and from what I saw I believe it impossible for any relief expedition to reach Peary at this time."

Davis' strait is believed to be closed to the north, and as to reaching Peary by traveling over the ice, Captain Jensen thought it wholly impossible. Mr. L. Smith, of the cryolite company, and for nine years manager of the cryolite mines at Ivigtut, Greenland, in speaking of the Kite, said from what he had learned from the incoming vessels it was his opinion that Peary was further north than any relief party could reach for the year. The fact that the cryolite fleet were frozen in below latitude 62 and that Peary is in latitude 75 about, gives reason for believing that a second relief party will be found necessary.

Minnie K. Gale Married.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—Miss Minnie K. Gale, of this city, was married in this city to Mr. Archibald Cushman Haynes, of New York.

An Old Theater Burned.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 9.—The Academy of Music on Bank street, the oldest theater in the city, was totally destroyed by fire.

The Most Economical System of Heating your House is to use the

RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.'S PERFECT HOT WATER HEATER

No ashes, no smell, no dust, as easy to manage as a coal or wood stove, and FULLY GUARANTEED.

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Plainfield, N. J.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST

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Rapid development and complete educatio of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel forms tion and tone production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

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V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Bologna Maker, who is now at work making the finest bologna in this city. If you are fond of Bologna stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies LOOMIS & RICE 49 B'DWAY

ARE YOU GOING TO EUROPE?

Tickets on any line, to or from any port, at rates as cheap as in New York.

Prepaid tickets, and drafts for sale by Henry D. Morrison, agent, 11 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

Tickets for any Steamer—All Lines.

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

BEACH'S

Celebrated

PLUM PUDDINGS and Also BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

HOME MADE White Bread, Gluten Bread, Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Crullers, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPES and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice.

Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday dessert on or before Saturday morning.

M. E. BEACH,

61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

FALL SHAPES

IN

DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis

5 West Front Street.

Papiac

(Boynton Beach.)

Piano music Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The days for Sabbath School and Quiet Picnics.

Gala Days

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, SATURDAYS.

Prof. Curtis' String Band with full floor for the dance every afternoon on Gala Days.

Miss B. Abbie Thomas of Chicago, the celebrated Whistling Girl, every Gala Day.

Lew Spencer in his famous humorous and topical songs, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

New Orleans University Singers in plantation songs every Saturday.

Saturday evening, dancing 8 to 11. Tickets 25 cents.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle

CARRIAGES and HARNESS of Every Description.

STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

Accessable at Any Time.

RYERSON,

33 SOMERSET STREET.

FRED. W. DUNN,

Successor to

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Fine Groceries.

THREE BEF TEAS

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

30 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Office of Lehigh and Hunterdon Coal in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

HOUSE AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for planing and re-sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice. 1m

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 13 Tp

Miscellaneous Cards.

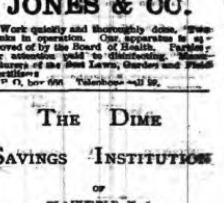
MRS. LINDSAY,

Knitting Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grapevines, and shrubs. 9 3t p

H. N. SPENCER,

76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. E. G. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of meats, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



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THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS B. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:05, a. m., 11:05, 2:30, 5:15 p. m. Close—7:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 2:30, 5:15 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:40 a. m., 1:05, 6:05p. m. Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 9:30 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

CLEVELAND CONSULTED

An Important Political Dinner Party in New York City.

FRIENDS OF HILL WERE PRESENT.

It Is Said on Good Authority That as a Result of the Conference the Senator Will Take the Stump for the Democratic Ticket—The Republican Clubs' Meeting.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—Ex-President Cleveland, accompanied by ex-Postmaster General Donald M. Dickinson and Robert Lincoln O'Brien, Mr. Cleveland's private secretary, arrived in New York yesterday, and retired to bed last night he or his presence in this city had set on foot what no doubt will be regarded as the most important movement in the campaign.

Among those who called at the Victoria hotel to confer with Mr. Cleveland were Henry Villard, Josiah Quincy, of Massachusetts, member of the national committee; Congressman John R. Fellows, New York; Chairman William Harrity, of the national committee; B. B. Smalley, of Vermont; Edward Everett Bell, John Courtney, Jr., Senators Gibson and White, of Louisiana; Secretary Sheerin, of the national committee, and Judge Cady Herrick, of Albany county.

At 7:30 in the evening Lieutenant Governor Sheehan, Richard Croker and Edward Murphy entered the hotel and as far as could be learned made their first call on Grover Cleveland since his arrival.

Hon. W. C. Whitney's messenger awaited that gentleman's pleasure at the hotel from early in the evening. He was noncommittal as to whether Mr. Whitney was up stairs. It was said, however, that he had been with the ex-president since 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Dinner.

One of the latest arrivals at the dinner was Wilson Bissell, of Buffalo, Mr. Cleveland's old time law partner. He reached the hotel at 9:05 p. m. and proceeded at once to the dining hall.

Senator Calvin S. Brice reached the hotel at 9 o'clock, sent his card and received a reply that Mr. Cleveland was at dinner and the card would be presented in a few moments. He did not wait.

The following were present at the dinner: Mr. Cleveland, Richard Croker, Lieutenant Governor William F. Sheehan, Edward Murphy, Jr., Don M. Dickinson and William C. Whitney. A still later arrival was Richard Watson Gilder.

The dinner was not concluded until 11:20 o'clock, when the party filed out of the dining entrance on Fifth avenue. Lieutenant Governor Sheehan paired off in the lead with Mr. Croker. Mr. Whitney came next, and Don Dickinson walked with Mr. Murphy, all going to the Hoffman House.

Mr. Whitney said that they had a very pleasant dinner, and that Mr. Cleveland and all were well pleased with the outlook. He said that it was an error in supposing that the coming of Mr. Cleveland to New York was the alleged conference at the dinner of last Tuesday night. In fact, no one at the dinner knew that Mr. Cleveland was coming, except Mr. Dickinson and himself.

The Result.

From all that could be gathered from various sources the result of the conference that lasted until midnight was that the "treaty of peace" was signed between the two factions of the Democracy in this state. It is said that Senator Hill and his representatives have been placated and that the senator will speak in the coming campaign.

There was a story that covers had been laid for ten persons and was later changed to six. Mr. Whitney denied this story and said that only six were expected. Mr. Cleveland's plans are not settled. He will probably remain at the hotel for a day or so.

The Republican Club League.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—The formal call for the fifth annual convention of the National Republican League of Clubs has just been issued by General J. S. Clarkson, president of the league. The delegates are instructed to assemble in Buffalo at 10 a. m. on Sept. 15. Over 1,000 active delegates from every state in the Union, together with representatives from the College league, Women's Republican association and nearly 1,000 more workers, are expected to be on the floor when President Clarkson delivers his opening address of welcome.

A notable feature of the convention will be the great women's Republican mass meeting to be held on Friday, Sept. 16, under the auspices of the Women's Republican Association of the United States, with Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, president, in the chair.

This is the first national political meeting of Republican women ever held in connection with a national convention, and marks the beginning of a new epoch in politics.

General Clarkson will call the convention to order and deliver the address of welcome, after which the appointment of committees and hearing of reports will occupy the day. In the evening an immense mass meeting will be held in the great Music hall of Buffalo under the auspices of the national league, assisted by the Republican clubs of Buffalo.

Among the speakers who will address the meeting are Governor William McKinley, of Ohio; Chauncey M. Depew, R. G. Wolcott, John M. Thurston, J. P. Dolliver, Charles S. Morris and others of equal prominence.

Vermont's Republican Majority.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Sept. 9.—Returns from 238 towns give Page (Rep.) 26,-978; Smalley (Dem.), 17,484; Allen (Pro.), 1,699; scattering, 300. The same towns in 1888 gave Dillingham (Rep.) 45,378; Shurtleff (Dem.), 17,797; 41 others, 1,374; and in 1890 gave Page (Rep.) 30,390; Brigham (Dem.), 17,000; all others, 1,057. Compared with these returns show a Republican loss of 9,100 and a Democratic loss of 313. Compared with 1890, the Republicans gain 588 and the Democrats 784. In the towns reported Fuller's majority over Smalley is 10,794; over all, 17,395.

Waller Not in the Race.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 9.—There has been a good deal of talk in Connecticut for a week or so that ex-Governor Waller was in the race for the Democratic nomination for governor. In a letter to the editor of The Register Mr. Waller says that the suggestion of his candidacy has received no encouragement from him and that he thinks the party ought to renominate Hon. L. B. Morris.

Granite State Democrats.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 9.—The Democratic state convention nominated Luther F. McClaurg, of Manchester, for governor on the first ballot. Charles H. Amsden, of Manchester, was chairman, and made a long speech predicting the success of tariff reform.

GENERAL CIALDINI DEAD.

The Famous Italian Military Hero Had an Eventful Career.

LEGHORN, Sept. 9.—General Enrico Cialdini is dead. General Cialdini was born in Lombardina, in Modena, on Aug. 8, 1811. He chose a military career, and marched with General Zucchi to aid the Romagna insurrection in 1831, and after the Austrian intervention in central Italy was obliged to flee. He passed some time in Paris, and then went to Spain to participate in the war of succession. He fought in the revolution of 1848 in Spain. After returning to Italy he commanded in the corps of General Durando at Vicenza. He was severely wounded and retired for several years from active service.

In 1858 he went to the Crimea, where he distinguished himself for bravery on the field of battle. He also was conspicuous in the war in Italy in 1859.

In 1860 he defeated the papal army at Castelfidardo. In 1861 he took Gaeta after the bombardment of seventeen days, and two weeks later captured Messina, after which exploits the king made him general of the army. In 1864 he was made senator; in 1866 he fought in the campaign against Austria.

Upon the resignation of M. Rattazzi in 1867 General Cialdini was intrusted by the king with the formation of a cabinet. In this undertaking, however, Cialdini was unsuccessful. He subsequently was nominated to be commander-in-chief of the troops in central Italy, and in 1870 he was engaged in the invasion of the papal states and their annexation to the kingdom.

THE HOMESTEAD MILLS.

Potter Says the Work Is Good and Only 126 More Hands Are Needed.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., Sept. 9.—The Carnegie company's officials state that yesterday was the banner day in the operation of the mill under its new hands; that the tonnage was larger and the product more satisfactory. "We have all the men we can double turn except the beam mill," said Superintendent Potter. "Yesterday we made fourteen heats in the new Bessemer and last night eighteen. This shows a gratifying increase. We have all the men we need except 126."

It is understood that nearly all the houses made vacant by reason of locked out men leaving Homestead are being rented by the Carnegie company and will soon be occupied. There are several hundred of the new workers who desire to remain at work in the plant, but who chafed under the confinement. They are willing to risk living down town, and while openly they expect to be ostracised, yet they do not fear violence.

A Big Reading Strike Threatens.

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—A strike is being prepared for on the whole system of the Reading railroad. The strike, if it takes place, will include the brakemen, the conductors, the locomotive engineers and probably the telegraph operators. The grievances of the employees are that they do not receive wages in accordance with the rates allowed on other roads. They therefore ask that an increase of 20 per cent be given and that the working day be reduced by one hour. President McLeod is considering the requests, and an unfavorable answer will mean a strike.

Daniel Dougherty's Funeral.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9.—The funeral services over the remains of Daniel Dougherty were held in St. John's Roman Catholic church. The honorary pall bearers were George W. Childs, General Daniel E. Sickles, Anthony Drexel, John Russell Young, ex-Judge Cornell Brewster, E. Hunn Hanson, Colonel Francis Crilly and Edward Shippen.

Another Slap at Bismarck.

BERLIN, Sept. 9.—The emperor has sanctioned the choice of Professor Grisebow for rector of the university. He was the natural successor to the honor during the reign of Emperor William I, but the opposition of Prince Bismarck, whom Virchow had antagonized in parliament, always prevented his obtaining it.

Zimmerman's Fast Riding.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 9.—"Jersey Lightning" Zimmerman took three records away from Osmond, the crack English bicycle rider, at Hampden park. He lowered the three mile, four mile and five mile records. His time was 7:15 4-5, 9:41 and 12:12 2-5.

Declared Unconstitutional.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 9.—Judge Hadley, of the circuit court of Hendricks county, decided the important feature of the new election law unconstitutional in a proceeding brought by the Republicans to get rid of that feature of the law.

Chess at the World's Fair.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—Arrangements are being made for an international masters' chess tournament to be contested at Chicago under the auspices of the World's fair. There will be six prizes, viz., $1,500, $1,200, $900, $750, $500 and $400.

Germany's Monetary Delegate.

BERLIN, Sept. 9.—Privy Councilor Dr. von Glasenapp, of the German imperial treasury department, has been appointed a delegate to the international monetary conference.

A Woman Burned to Death.

KINGSTON, Pa., Sept. 9.—A coal oil store in the house of Mrs. Mary Bailey exploded. Mrs. Bailey was burned to death and two other young ladies fatally burned.

Italy's Columbus Celebration.

GENOA, Sept. 9.—The Columbus celebration in connection with the exhibition in this city began with the arrival of King Humbert on his yacht Savoia.

Cammack to Retire.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—It is reported that Addison Cammack, the great bear operator of Wall street, has definitely determined to retire from the street.

New York's Agricultural Fair.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 9. — The fifty-second annual fair of the New York State Agricultural society opened here in an auspicious manner.

For Jackson and Corbett.

PORTLAND, Ore., Sept. 9.—The Pastime club has raised $15,000 and will increase it to $25,000 for a match between Corbett and Jackson.

Bishop O'Mahony Dead.

TORONTO, Sept. 9.—The Right Rev. Timothy O'Mahoney, auxiliary bishop of the archdiocese of Toronto, is dead after a short illness.

Murder in Prison.

CHARLESTOWN, Mass., Sept. 9.—In a quarrel between two convicts in the state prison, Joseph G. Murch killed Samuel Cohen.

A Toll Keeper Assassinated.

HERMITAGE, Tenn., Sept. 9.—J. B. Jones, a tollgate keeper, was shot from ambush and instantly killed.

PENNSYLVANIA AND THE FAIR.

The Keystone State May Lead the Union in Its Exhibits.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 9.—The executive committee of the Pennsylvania World's fair commission met, with Lieutenant Governor Watres presiding. There are now 888 applications for space, and when all are in they will exceed 1,000. The long delayed ores exhibit has now been decided upon and will be full and creditable. The applications for space, transportation, electricity and manufactures excel those of any other state. A horticultural exhibit worth at least $30,000 has been promised from private parties.

Rapid progress is being made on the state building, which will probably be dedicated on Oct. 21 or 22. On motion of Governor Pattison the building committee was authorized to furnish the state building to harmonize with the interior and place in it a thousand electric lights if necessary. The commission is very enthusiastic in the work and has every assurance that Pennsylvania is far ahead of every other state in the number of exhibits, buildings and work generally.

France Gets Her Space.

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—The chagrin of France to make no part of her $800,000 exhibit at the World's fair unless her demands for space were acceded to by Sept. 10 has had the desired effect, and the officials decided to grant the amount of space originally asked for.

Bragg's Iron Hall Decision.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9.—Judge Bregg has entered a decree ordering all the moneys and securities of Iron Hall of whatever character wherever found in Pennsylvania to be paid over to Receiver Graham.

Dartmouth College Opening.

HANOVER, N. H., Sept. 9.—The college year at Dartmouth opened with an entering class numbering seventy-five. In the football rush between the sophomores and freshmen the former won.

Flames in Mount Holly.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., Sept. 9.—Budd's shoe factory was burned and at one time it was feared the town would be destroyed. Nine dwellings adjoining the factory were also burned.

Which One?

She—Well, if I can't live on my income and you can't live on yours, where would be the advantage in our marrying?

He (thoughtfully)—Well, by putting our incomes together, I suppose we could be able to live at any rate.—Life.

Legal Advertisements.

AN ORDINANCE

To change the name of North Richmond street.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the name of the street extending from the northwesterly line of East Front street to Grant street, now known as North Richmond street be and the same is hereby changed to Norwood avenue, by which name it shall be hereafter known and designated.

Adopted by the Common Council September 5, 1892.

Approved by the Mayor September 7, 1892.

A. GILBERT, Mayor.

Attest:—F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE

For the repairing and permanent improvement of Hillside avenue.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the roadbed of Hillside avenue from Putnam avenue to Front street be forthwith repaired and spread with broken stone for a width of sixteen feet, that is to say, for the width of eight feet on either side of the centre line of said Hillside avenue, as now in public use, and at least six inches deep at every point, in accordance of the duty by law and after first applying the direct contribution of property owners, out of the money raised for the improvement of streets as provided by the act of the legislature entitled "An act to authorize cities to make permanent improvements in the roadbed of the streets at the general expense," approved May 18, 1892.

Sec. 2. That before any work shall be done under this ordinance, the property owners along the line of the proposed improvement shall deposit with the City Treasurer a sum equal to the cost per linear foot for the entire distance along Hillside avenue covered by this ordinance.

Adopted by the Common Council September 6, 1892.

Approved by the Mayor September 7, 1892.

A. GILBERT, Mayor.

Attest:—F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE

For the repairing and permanent improvement of East Sixth street.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the roadbed of East Sixth street from Franklin place to Richmond street be forthwith repaired and strewed with broken stone for a width of eight feet on each side of the centre line of said street and for a depth of six inches at every point in accordance of the duty by law to be paid for, after first applying the direct contribution of property owners out of money raised by taxes for the improvement of streets as provided by an act of the Legislature entitled "An act to authorize cities to make permanent improvements in the roadbed of the streets at the general expense," approved May 18, 1892.

Section 2. That before any work shall be done under this ordinance, the property owners along the line of the proposed improvement shall deposit with the City Treasurer a sum equal to the cost per linear foot for the entire distance along East Sixth street covered by this ordinance.

Adopted by the Common Council September 6, 1892.

Approved by the Mayor September 7, 1892.

A. GILBERT, Mayor.

Attest:—F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time and ordered engrossed preparatory to the third reading, and that it in the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

Plainfield, N. J., September 7, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Plainfield street Railway Company to extended the location of its tracks.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the Plainfield Street Railway Company be and is hereby authorized to extend the location of its tracks as follows: From the southwest side of the Park avenue on West Front street, through East Front street to Peace street, and from West Front street to the north section with the northeasterly side line of North Clinton street, to be a single track to be laid in the centre of said streets (with the necessary switches) with curves on Peace street at the end of the route under the same restrictions as are applicable with respect to the original location by ordinance, provided that said company, upon the final adoption of this ordinance, and before exercising any of the rights or privileges granted hereby, shall, as a condition precedent, execute and file with the City Clerk a contract and a bond to be duly approved by the Corporation Counsel of the city, which bond shall be of like tenor and effect as specified in sections numbered 39 and 40 in the original ordinance granting the franchise of said company, except that said contract and bond shall apply and relate to the extension hereby granted.

Adopted September 1, 1892.

Approved by the Mayor September 2, 1892.

ATTEST:—F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic,

Needs no turning.

The Rapid,

Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,

and

Lawn - Sprinklers.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

2d Hand School Books

Those having

Old School Books

which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in

Before September 5th.

We can make better allowances now than after school opens.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong Ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,

Carpenter

and

General Jobber.

SHOP

35 Jackson Avenue.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS,

28 East Front Street.

First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER,

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 945.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters and Builders.

W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.

All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,

PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER,

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.

Residence—Grandview avenue.

P. O. Box 312.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter & Builder.

Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens.

P. O. Box 1288

Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty, Fine-class work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1044.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Second streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

P. O. Address, 9 Regent street, Plainfield, N. J.

Have You a Pencil?

If you are 21 years old $60.00 paid annually for fifteen years would entitle you to $1,000.

If 25 years old, $67.

If 30 years old, $67.10.

If 34 years old, $67.90.

This sum of $1,000 is payable to the insured, if living, at the expiration of fifteen years, or at his death, if prior.

FOR A LIFE POLICY, of $1,000 the annual payments to continue during life, the payments for young men between 21 and 24 are between $18.00 and $30.

For catalogues and further particulars address Henry D. Morrison, 11 Somerset street, agent, THE NEW YORK MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.

by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

George - Bremmer,

No 28 SOMERSET STREET,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

The Manhattan Wine Room,

179 and 181 Somerset Street,

(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League,)

Frank Linke, Prop.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

Wholesale and retail Wine & Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Pabst Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaeffer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for bottle and private families.

Wholesale Branch, 43 West Front street.

All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'

C. DICKINSON,

PRACTICAL

OPTICIAN

and

JEWELER.

Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Agent for the American

Rambler Bicycles.

No. 13 Park avenue.

J. E. YOSE

Furniture Moved

To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.

PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.

Large covered trucks.

30 W. Second street.

Eugene Hoerster,

206 Grove Street,

North Plainfield.

Wholesale Dealer

in

FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.

Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,

No. 66 West Third Street,

Dealer in Choice

Wines, Liquors, etc.

BEER ON DRAUGHT.

IT IS NOT A SECRET!

NOT A SCHEME

TO RECEIVE A

CASH DISCOUNT,

in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,

LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,

are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,

FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,

Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,

Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

TELEPHONE 94. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 5 37, 5 58, 6 14, 6 20, 6 40, 7 26, 7 50, 8 05, 8 25, 8 47, 9 03, 9 45, 10 20, 10 37, 11 06, a. m; 12 00 m; 12 40, 1 30, 2 10, 2 40, 3 10, 3 34, 4 08, 4 30, 4 50, 5 10, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30, p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 4 34, 4 47, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

Leave New York from Liberty St., 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m; 12 00 m; 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 38, 6 39, 6 56, 7 30, 8 09, 8 45, 9 46, 10 34, 10 57, 11 58, a. m; 12 00 noon, 12 32, 1 45, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 02, 5 45, 6 15, 6 45, 7 30, 8 30, 9 15, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sunday, 6 05, 8 56, 11 59 a. m; 12 30, 10 13, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 8 05, 8 56, 11 59 a. m; 12 30, 4 45, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 8 05, 8 56, 11 59 a. m; 12 30, 4 45, 11 30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6 15, 7 15, 7 55, 8 30, 10 05, 11 30, a. m; 12 45, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Sunday, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m; 12 00 m; 1 00, 2 15, 4 00, 5 30, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Leave Newark for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6 15, 7 15, 8 17, 9 05, 11 05, 12 17, 1 15, 2 10, 3 05, 4 17, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 30 a. m; 12 noon, 2 30, 4 30, 6 30, 8 30, 10 30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m; 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Sunday at 9 15, 10 15 a. m; 12 45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8 15, 9 17, 3 07 p. m. 5 52, 10 27 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 30 a. m; 3 07, 5 52 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 43, a. m. 1 20, 4 20 p. m. Sundays 8 38 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

1 15 p. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Hazleton, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 20 a. m. for stations on the High Bridge branch, connecting for stations on High Bridge branch.

9 15 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

5 25 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

11 05 a. m. way for Junction.

1 20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

5 25 p. m. for Junction connecting for D. L. & W. R. R.

9 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua. (parlor car to Scranton.)

2 30 p. m. for Flemington.

4 20 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

1 20 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

4 45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Scranton.

8 38 a. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

4 20 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7 20, 9 30, 10 27, 11 09 a. m; 1 06, 2 20, 4 30, 5 40, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m. Sunday (Grove) 2 30, 4 47, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m. For Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Long Branch, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Bay Head, Point Pleasant, Lakewood, Tom's River, Barnegat, Beach Haven, Atlantic City, 7 20 a. m. Sundays 8 38 a. m.

RETURN, BELOW LEAVE.

For Plainfield, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 10 05 a. m; 12 05 m; 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m. Sundays 8 00 a. m; 12 05 m; 4 05, 11 05 p. m.

For Elizabeth, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 10 05 a. m; 12 05 m; 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m. Sundays 8 00 a. m; 12 05 m; 4 05, 11 05 p. m.

For Rahway, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 10 05 a. m; 12 05 m; 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m. Sundays 8 00 a. m; 12 05 m; 4 05, 11 05 p. m.

For Philadelphia, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 10 05 a. m and 12 05 m, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m. Sundays 8 00 a. m; 12 05 m; 4 05, 11 05 p. m.

For Bound Brook, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 10 05 a. m; 12 05 m; 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m. Sundays 8 00 a. m; 12 05 m; 4 05, 11 05 p. m.

For Trenton, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 10 05 a. m; 12 05 m; 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m. Sundays 8 00 a. m; 12 05 m; 4 05, 11 05 p. m.

For Bordentown, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 10 05 a. m; 12 05 m; 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m. Sundays 8 00 a. m; 12 05 m; 4 05, 11 05 p. m.

For Burlington, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 10 05 a. m; 12 05 m; 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m. Sundays 8 00 a. m; 12 05 m; 4 05, 11 05 p. m.

For Camden, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 10 05 a. m; 12 05 m; 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p. m. Sundays 8 00 a. m; 12 05 m; 4 05, 11 05 p. m.

For Atlantic City, 7 20 a. m. Sundays 8 38 a. m.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

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45 North Avenue.

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Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in rooms formerly occupied by Robert Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Polite attention and satisfaction guaranteed. Razors honed and set in the shop.

SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY MAJOR A. R. CALHOUN.

How a Brave Woman Entrapped a Burglar and Locked Him Up in a Safe—A Tragedian's Story with a Happy Denouement.

Henry Edmonds was a bright, ambitious New York lawyer on the sunny side of thirty, and when in 1882 he married Ellen Turner all his friends and all her friends declared that he had done a very proper and very sensible thing.

Mr. Edmonds and his young wife were both very fond of the country he bought a cosy house near Dobbs Ferry, from which he came in to New York every morning, and to which he returned in the evening.

In addition to his legal business in the city Mr. Edmonds had many large investments in real estate in Westchester county, which in time was no bank which reach he was forced to keep a considerable sum of money in the house every night.

To provide for the care of these funds, he had a safe built into the wall of his library, in which the money and his other valuables were locked up every night.

One evening when he had about $10,000, a larger sum than usual, in his possession, he was called to New York by a telegram. It showed this to his wife, and after kissing her gravely told her that he might not return till about noon on the following day, when he would take the money into the city for investment.

Mrs. Edmonds only companion in the house at this time was the black cook, Dinah. Dinah was very tall and stout, weighed about 200 pounds, was very kind hearted and as lazy as she was black, which is saying a great deal.

SHE CLOSED THE SAFE DOOR.

That night after her husband's departure Mrs. Edmonds, accompanied by Dinah, made a thorough examination of the house to see that all was safe and properly locked up. This duty attended to, she went to her bedroom, intending to pass the time in reading till midnight, for she was under the impression that her husband might possibly return.

This bedroom joined the library, and the door of the safe opened into it. The windows were draped with long curtains, between which the moonlight faintly entered. The bed stood with its foot toward the windows and its head about a half a yard from the wall. It was an old fashioned structure, hung with yellow silk, like the windows. The bed was so large that no one ever thought of moving it, except on those occasions of household panic called "spring cleanings."

In the safe Mr. Edmonds was accustomed to place not only the money on hand, but the silver plate and his wife's personal jewelery.

The night being very hot, the windows were left open as they usually were when her husband was at home, and Mrs. Edmonds sat down at a table in the center of the room and began reading by the light of a lamp.

After awhile the clock struck 10, at which hour Dinah always went to bed. Her room was in the attic, the third story of the house. Recalling some household matters about which she wished to speak with the cook, Mrs. Edmonds hurried out to the stairs to intercept her. This she did and returned in about three minutes to her chair and resumed reading.

After half an hour she became wearied and decided to go to bed, but to stay awake, so she placed the lamp on a stand near her pillow that she might continue her reading.

In half an hour she laid down the book and fixed her eyes mechanically on a mirror opposite the foot of the bed. In this she could see herself reflected with the yellow silk curtains at her head. She was thinking, not unnaturally, how pretty she looked, when suddenly she saw in the mirror something that made her heart stand still.

A hand appeared upon the curtains, drawing them slowly apart and grasped cautiously the headboard. It was a man's hand, large and coarse and dark, as if belonging to a mulatto or to one greatly tanned by exposure to the weather.

Her first impulse was to start from the bed and scream for help. This was repressed by a strong effort of will, and she lay perfectly still with her eyes partially open so that she could watch the mirror.

Frightened though she was, Mrs. Edmonds quickly took in the situation. In her few minutes of absence from the room the thief and robber, possible murderer, had stolen in through the open window and had concealed himself behind the drapery of the bed.

The man doubtless knew that Mr. Edmonds had received a large sum of money that day and that he was now absent from home. He had entered prompted no doubt by a desire to get the money and anxious to avoid detection.

Meantime the man had moved noiselessly from the foot of the bed, and Mrs. Edmonds could see that he was a mulatto with evil passions written in every line of his coarse face.

The self possession of the young wife at this time was worthy of all admiration. She lowered the lamp half way, put her watch with the key to the safe under her pillow, and moving her head so that they could be easily taken out again she gave a sigh that could be heard all over the room and pretended to have dropped off to sleep.

The man came close and bent over her. He turned up the light and passed the lamp before her face. Satisfied, apparently, he set it down on the stand again, his hand crept softly under the pillow and took from it the watch and the key to the safe.

As he moved noiselessly toward the safe Mrs. Edmonds half opened her eyes again and watched him. She saw him open the door of the safe, which, as has been said, was a large affair and as big as some city bedrooms. The man entered the safe, but without taking the key from the lock.

Here was Mrs. Edmonds' opportunity. With a light bound she was out of bed, dashed at the safe door, closed it, turned the key, and with a long, loud shriek fell senseless to the floor.

How long she laid there she does not know. She was roused by blows on the door of the safe and by the fearful oaths of the man entrapped inside. After a time Mrs. Edmonds had strength enough to turn up the lamp, and then she shouted for Dinah. After some delay the giant cook came down, and hearing the noise in the safe believed it was a ghost and threatened to add to Mrs. Edmonds' tron blues by going into hysterics.

While the mistress and maid were talking in frightened whispers, the whistle of a locomotive was heard at Dobbs Ferry. Mr. Edmonds before his departure had said that he would not be back till next day, but despite this assurance his wife was sure that he would return at midnight.

As the clock struck 1 the sound of wheels was heard outside; then the rattle of a deadlatch key in the front door. Mrs. Edmonds rushed down to the hall and fell fainting into her husband's arms.

Officers were summoned from the village, and when the safe was opened the mulatto was recognized as an old offender who had recently been released from Sing Sing, a few miles away.

That the man was returned again to prison is needless to say. It would also be needless to add that Mr. Edmonds' admiration for his wife was in any way increased, but in speaking of the event to his friends it is still his habit to refer to his marriage as a "safe investment."

The Murder of Don Carlos.

In all history there is no story of more inexorable cruelty than that which records the murder of Don Carlos, the eldest son of Philip II of Spain, by his father. This event happened at Madrid, July 23, 1568.

It would appear that young Don Carlos was addicted to violent bursts of passion, which bordered on insanity; but be that as it may, from his earliest childhood his father had conceived a strong dislike for him. When the young man had reached the age of twenty-three Philip determined to be rid of him, in order that his cousin, the Archduke Rudolph, might be his successor. The prince was placed in prison, where soon after he was reported to have died.

It is only of late, and through the researches of the famous German scholar Bergenroth, that the true story has come to light. This story, the confession of the prince who attended Don Carlos in his last moments, was found by Professor Bergen roth among the musty Spanish archives at Siamancas. The following is the transla tion of the priest's story:

Don Carlos, the unhappy son of the king, who, no matter what his passion to others might have been, was always mild with me, was told in the morning by his guards that the end had come. Without any sign of fear he rose and walked from his cell between them. They entered a room where a large armchair, on which was a number of straps, was seen, and beside it stood the masked executioner, with a long, glitter ing knife in his right hand.

The prince looked up, stopped for a mo ment, then, urged on by his guards, walked in the direction of the chair. Of his own volition he sat down and placed his hands upon the arms.

The executioner now advanced to the front, and, dropping on one knee, he asked the prince to forgive him for the act he was about to commit. The prince could not speak, but for reply he reached out his hand, which the executioner seized and kissed.

This done, two masked men bound the young man's legs and arms to the chair; then one of them fastened a black silk band about his eyes, and threw back his head till the veins of the throat were exposed.

I, his confessor, only able to master my stammering tongue with the help of heaven, came to the side of the prince. He, on hearing my voice, said:

'Oh, father, pray for my soul!'

I repeated the credo, to which the prince responded at the end, 'Amen.'

When the Christian had pronounced this word, the executioner suddenly threw his right arm forward, drew the knife rapidly across the throat and a red stream of blood overflowed the black robes and splattered the floor near the chair.

The prince struggled a little. The knife was very sharp had cut well. A few minutes of awful silence elapsed, and then the executioner took the bandage from the eyes, which were closed. The face was pale, but it preserved its natural expression.

The executioner now undid the straps, and the body of the prince was wrapped in a black batse cloth and put in a corner of the room.

The king had planned his work well. He was determined to free the world of his son, but that the means of his doing so might not be known he decided at the same time to rid the world of the executioner.

Scarcely had the body of the prince been taken from the chair when Antonio Peres flew at the executioner and accused him of having stolen the diamonds of the prince. Violently and with indignation the charge was denied, and the executioner asked to be searched. Peres, who had the diamonds concealed in his own hand, easily found them upon the person of his victim. The executioner dropped off his mask, revealing his white face, and declared that this was the work of witchery.

Peres at once sent a messenger to the king, who returned hastily with two arquebusiers. The order of the king was that the executioner should die on the spot for the heinous crime of having robbed the corpse of a prince of royal blood.

Protesting his innocence the executioner was led into the courtyard; two reports of arquebuses were heard, and the executioner was dead as the prince.

This is the true story of the death of Don Carlos, the unhappy son of Philip II of Spain.

ALFRED R. CALHOUN.

Knew About "Dividin."

A country bumpkin, asked to give his vote for a Conservative candidate in the Midlands, replied that he would not. Asked why, he said, "Because they chaps be well enough paid already." Then it was explained to Hodge that members of parliament were not paid for their services, and at last he replied knowingly: "Don't ee tell me. I believes my eyes, and when I sees in 't' paper as they divides a'most ev'ry night I knows they be dividin summat."—Paris American Register.

She Felt It.

Wife (impatiently) — This new dress doesn't fit well, I know.

Husband—What makes you think so?

Wife—It's too comfortable.

MAKE HIM AN APRON.

Them Boy Have Handily He Will Work About the House.

A carpenter's apron is a very necessary adjunct to a handy man. It is a simple pattern, and any woman can make it on the machine in an hour. Take a yard and a half of ticking, shape it at the neck and under the arms like the pattern. Sew a loop of red tape to go over the head at the neck, and strings to tie around the waist. Turn up the lower part of the material so that it will form a pocket a quarter of a yard deep, and, with a row of stitching, divide it in the middle so that it will form two receptacles for nails, etc. The apron when finished should reach just above the knees.—N. Y. Tribune.

KNIT STOCKINGS.

A Pleasant and Profitable Way of Spending the Long Evenings.

Now that the long evenings are here, many a mother takes up her knitting needles to provide the family with good, warm foot wear. Happy the woman who knows how to knit, and happier still the housemother who has some one of her family ready to read or chat to her as the needles fly.

In Italy the children five years old learn to knit, and by the time they are six or seven, are expected to make their own stockings.

The Italian women think our manner of knitting stockings very extravagant, and certainly the Italian stockings are easier made than ours. As some good house mothers may like to try their method, I will give it.

ITALIAN STOCKING'S, KNIT IN TWO PIECES.

This leg and top of the foot are knit in the ordinary way, at the back coming down to the point where the heel would be turned. Then with two needles, set up the soles and toe, which are knit together and then sewn on, stitch by stitch, to the uppers. Set up on two needles thirty-one stitches, knit five turns, seam back twelve turns, take off first stitch without knitting, knit five, purl one, knit turn, seam back fourteen. Every row taking up one stitch at the end, from those cast on to the needles at the beginning, and when knitting plain, purling the middle stitch, which runs like a seam down the middle of the sole.

When no more stitches remain, take up at each end two stitches (the end stitches of the last two rows), and knit them into the first stitch on the needles, leaving thirty-one stitches as at the beginning; this slightly draws up the heel, which is now finished. The rest is plain knitting and seaming back until the sole is long enough; only to make a stronger edge for sewing on, take off the first stitch without knitting, and on the rows where you seam back, knit the second stitch plain. When long enough for the foot, set up twenty stitches, or as many as have been already knit on the instep piece, and knit round on three needles to make the toe.

For a man's sock sole, cast up thirty-five stitches—this is for medium sized yarn or cotton; of course, if very fine more stitches must be set up. The advantage is, that when the sole, heel or toe is worn, this piece can be easily ripped off, and a new one made and sewed on. If the holes tends lower up at the heel, it is easy to rip that part back, also. Sometimes the little gussets at the sides of the foot are also made separately and sewn in.

For children's stockings, the four-thread Saxony wool is excellent; it washes well and is strong. For a child five years old, three ounces will be needed for a pair of stockings, and a set of medium-sized steel needles is to be used.—Good Housekeeping.

THE BABY'S MAMMA.

I'm dest a yittle baby, 'nd don't know very much,
'N' popsy says the woyds I fpeak is nuffin less 'an Dutch;
'Nd he don't unnerstan' me when I ask him why he fings—
Dest what it is makes bossies moo 'nd why the wobin sings—
But seems to me my mamma knows dest No matter how I say it, nor if it be night or day.
Indeed, I fink my mamma kind o' looks into my mind,
Wight 'cross the eyes she peers 'u' sees what's doin' on behind;
'N' vough sometimes when I cwy out because I want a dwink,
She dets me cwackers by mistake, I weally, twuly fink
She hits it wightly ninety times in every ninety-one,
'Nd I fink she's the sweetest fing there is beneath the sun.

—Harper's Bazar.

Oil Baths for Women.

One of the fads of the day is an oil bath. Cottolene or cotton-seed oil, is the most approved medium. A woman accustomed to the business makes engagements at one of the fashionable cottage colonies to officiate each day as rubber for a considerable consideration. For giving nutritious to the skin and also that firmness of texture so much to be desired, there is nothing better than oil.

This Date in History—Sept. 9.

1513—Battle of Flodden, where James IV of Scotland and his chief nobles were slain.
1801—Gilbert Wakefield, died at Hackney, England.
1828—Birth of Prince Napoleon Bonaparte, son of Jerome.
1850—President Fillmore signed the bill admitting California as a state and ratifying other bills forming territories and completing the terms of the great compromise.
1860—Rev. Dr. Nathan Lord, president of Dartmouth college, died at Hanover, N. H., aged 77.
1890—Canon Henry Parry Liddon died in London, aged 61.
1891—Destructive earthquake in San Salvador.

A Fresh Air Yarn.

A good story is told of the fresh air work of Portland, Me. It was arranged that two healthy children in a family where the "fever needed" relief from care of these were to be at the station to take the morning train for the country on a certain morning. They did not appear, and one of the kind ladies hunted them up.

"Why did you not come to the station?" said the lady when the children were found.

"Because we couldn't get no clothes, so we would send a back for us," they replied.—Buffalo Express.

His Future Assured.

"You say, sir," said the stern father, as he motioned the young man to be seated, "that you wish to marry my daughter. She tells me that you have saved up a little sum. But, sir, what can you do to assure me of your future prospects?"

"Why, sir, my principal job always has been very profitable," replied the young man, a blush of pride mounting to his fair young face. "that I have just started a factory for the manufacture of women's suspenders."—Cloak Review.

No Meals.

Tourist—And you say the passage by rail is forty-five dollars and by water thirty dollars?

Ticket Agent—But the latter doesn't include meals.

Tourist—Never mind that; give me a ticket by water; I'll save just fifteen dollars.—Brooklyn Life.

Too Tough.

Butcher—Is there anything else this morning?

Mrs. Newwed—H'm! Oh, yes! I want four pounds of mutton hash and some peas. By the way, you ought to send me tenderer peas than those last ones. They were so tough we couldn't eat them.—Harper's Bazar.

1892	September.					1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	6	4:02 p. m.	New Moon	20	2:16 p. m.
Third Quarter	13	7:50 a. m.	First Quarter	29	1:10 a. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable † Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
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Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
First-class bar attached.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE.
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS
Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.
C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

SEELY EDSALL,
20 WEST FRONT STREET.
Invites the inspection of the Dry Goods Trade to his new stock of
FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS
Novelties.
Henriettas, Serges,
Cashmeres, Ladies' Cloth.
Black Goods a Specialty.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!
After the use of
Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.
Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child
SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Educational.

Harned Academy
WILL RE-OPEN SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.
The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harriger, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.
Classes now forming in German and French. Special classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation fo college. Music. Weekly lectures.
E. N HARNED, Prin.

THE
NORTH PLAINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL
will re-open on
Tuesday, Sept. 13th.
7 0'

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
and
KINDERGARTEN,
17 LAGRANDE AVENUE,
Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,
for
YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
will re-open on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
For particulars address MISS R. E. KENYON, Principal.
8 10 3m*

ELOCUTION
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 196.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French lectures. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Viroux, care of Miss e Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home on Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Music. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

Beyond the Heat,
Above the Sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight
AT MIZZEN PEAK!
Build Your Home on Watchung Mountains Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence.
Particulars of
J. T. VAIL, 40 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

COME AND SEE
the Large Stock of
Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
ALSO
Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.
AT CAREY'S,
76, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

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FINEST ELGIN CREAMERY BUTTER.
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THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.
Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.
MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,
Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.
A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

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. . Ice Cream Freezers . . Hammocks . .
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware, . . Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1878. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $35,000,000 since organization.
Watchung Lodge, 3401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Champion Lodge rooms, Middle Hall building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANARSDLYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. FORT, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article,
A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,
to make
Delicious Iced Tea.
Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.
NEUMANN BROS.
BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
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20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine ery repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

New Marble and Granite Works,
We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we run the busiest of our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.
J. E. Townsend, Manager.
No. 30 SOMERSET STREET.
Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

THE PLACE TO BUY SECOND-HAND FURNITURE IS AT
MUSGRAVE'S,
37 Somerset street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$6 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 42. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week. Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

DEATH ALMOST HAD HIM.

SIMON MANTZ DRIVES INTO AN EXPRESS TRAIN.

His Horse Killed, the Wagon Demolished and the Driver Seriously Injured, but will Recover.—He Lost Time Train Pass and Thought the Tracks were Clear.

Simon Mantz, of North avenue, while driving across the tracks of the Lehigh Valley R. R. was struck by an express train and his forehead badly gashed. The horse he was driving was killed and the baker's wagon, in which he was sitting at the time of the accident, was completely wrecked.

Mr. Mantz, who is thirty-two years of age, is in the bakery business on North avenue. He was delivering bread, etc., in South Plainfield, as it was his custom to do every Saturday morning.

Before crossing the tracks of the Lehigh Valley railroad on his way home he waited for a freight train to pass. He then started ahead and was struck by an express train going in the opposite direction, toward New York.

The train immediately stopped and the conductor offered to take him to Metuchen or New Brunswick. Some men who live in the neighborhood and were eye-witnesses to the accident rushed forward and recognized the injured man. It was ascertained that he was not fatally hurt, and he was at once brought to his home in a carriage by John Garry. He was conscious all the time.

Immediately upon his arrival home Dr. Long and Dr. Endicott were called and the wound dressed. He is now resting easily and will recover.

As there was no flagman at the railroad crossing it is probable that Mr. Mantz will bring suit against the Railroad company for damages.

He was also severely bruised about the body.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Andrew J. Gavett of West Fifth street is at Dunkirk, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Slyck, guests at The Albion, started to-day for Vermont.

Mr. J. A. Haynes and a number of the Crescent League Wheelmen will ride to Annandale to-morrow.

Misses Ida and Kittie Rose of Plainfield avenue will start Monday for a week's visit with friends at Montclair.

The marriage of Miss Grace Howard to Mr. G. Harry Squires will take place on October 5 in the First Unitarian church.

Mr. F. A. Dunham, the city surveyor, returned this morning from a business trip to Dunkirk and Olean, N. Y., and Sewickley, Pa.

Mrs. S. J. Taylor of Madison avenue will start Tuesday for a long visit with her daughter, Mrs. Webster, at her home in Frankfort, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. William Mills, a newly-married couple of this city, were the guests of Mrs. Robert Wilkinson of Hartan yesterday. They were returning from an extended wedding tour.

Reading Railroad Troubles.

The committee of employes of the Reading Railroad, representing the engineers, firemen, conductors, brakemen, and telegraph operators, called on President McLeod at the Fourth street office of the company in Philadelphia yesterday. The committee numbered twenty-four men, headed by Engineer Clapp, who is an employe of the Jersey Central Road. They were shown into the Directors' room, where Mr. McLeod, General Manager Swigerd, and Director George Dell Keim met them. The conference lasted for over an hour and a half. An executive session of the committee followed, after which Mr. Clapp announced practically that the conference with Mr. McLeod was not satisfactory and that there would be another and probably a final one on Monday.

A member of the committee said it was a mistake to believe that the present trouble with the Reading Road was over the discharge of any engineers. It is over clauses in the blanks issued to applicants for employment in the company, which read thus:

"Are you a member of a labor organization, and if so, what one?

"If a member, will you withdraw and refuse to support or belong to any labor organization if you take service with the company?

"Are you willing to become a member of the Philadelphia and Reading Relief Association?"

The fight with the Reading is to save the Brotherhoods of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen.

The Adam Forepaugh Show.

The show world is looking with intense interest and curiosity toward the outcome of this season's business of the Adam Forepaugh Shows. It seems that Manager J. T. McCadden, inspired, doubtless to a degree by youthful enthusiasm, has made the shows so much larger and more expensive than they ever have been before, that the old conservative managers are almost unanimously timed to even dreaming of such enormous magnitude, are predicting that it will not be possible for the Adam Forepaugh Shows to be profitable, and that another season will see them brought back somewhat nearer to their dimensions of last and other previous years.

To all this Mr. McCadden simply smiles confidently when he hears of this, and states that he is willing to take his chances; that as soon as the American people learn how big the shows really are, they will turn out in such numbers as to make them not only profitable, but more so than they have ever been before. He is probably right. The public will know when the shows exhibit here on Friday Sept. 23.

BREVITIES

—Sunday services on second page today.

—Two new fire wagons have been received by the department.

—Two blue stamps on a letter are considered more esthetic than one red one.

—The first Sunday afternoon services at the Holy Cross Church will be held to-morrow afternoon.

—Messrs. J. P. Laire and Co., are feeling the public pulse, as usual, and have a timely announcement in their new advertisement also here.

—The Republican primaries of Union county, so far as heard from, resulted in the selection of a solid delegation for John Kean, Jr., for Governor.

—A distinguished linguist informs us that the proper pronunciation of the word advertisement is undoubtedly with the accent on the third syllable *tise*.

—There was no meeting of the Health Board last evening, because two of the members were ill. It will be held in the office of M. M. Dunham this evening.

—The First Baptist church will be reopened to-morrow, and the Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes, who has returned from his vacation, will preach both morning and evening.

—Mrs. John Kane of West Third street made a complaint against her husband at the city court this morning for being drunk and beating her. He has not been arrested yet.

—The ladies will find Van Emburgh & White's advertisement interesting reading especially in regard to the Millinery Department under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly who will be glad to meet all her friends.

—The men of Scott Press Works will form a Republican club next Wednesday evening in the Republican Associations rooms, to be an auxiliary to the League. They will begin with sixty marching men.

—The ancient Roman and Greek orators could only speak to the number of citizens capable of being assembled within the reach of their voice; now, by the newspapers we can speak to nations.—Franklin.

—Two more bicyclers were arrested last night. One was fined $1, but pleaded not guilty and will be given a hearing, he had a lantern but it was not lighted. The other wheelmen have not yet appeared before the judge.

—A little black kitten sat down to rest on a chicken coop in a Plainfield residence recently and when it arose to continue its walk its queer, surprised look, and dignified efforts to shake its rear-adornment, caused an onlooker to laugh so hard it made him almost sick.

—The child who was reported seriously ill with scarlet fever yesterday, is no better to-day and somewhat weaker. The Health authorities have sent some relief in the way of groceries, coal, etc., and the King's Daughters and several charitable ladies have sent clothing, as they are now more comfortable. A nurse, procured by the Board of Health, has also relieved the mother.

—Councilmen Erickson, Marsh and Bird of the Committee on Fire and Buildings, Councilman Chas. Fisk, Chairman of the Finance Committee, with Chief Doane, Assistant Chief Martin, Foreman Vroom and Assistant Foreman Ball of No. 1, Truck Company, went to Jersey City yesterday to see the new Ariel fire truck which was recently received by the fire department of that city.

—Another undertaker has distinguished himself in advertising. This time the gentleman hails from Memphis, Tenn., and the announcement appears on the covers of a pamphlet. It contains this surprising statement:

> I REFER YOU TO THOSE WHOM I HAVE SERVED.

The "constant reader" who brings the above to my attention is anxious to know whether there is any danger of "those whom I have served" speaking disagreeably of his work.

—Manager Blakely has just returned from Europe with quite a cargo of new music for the opening tour of Sousa's new Marine Band. This city is on a list for a visit from this new organization, which promises to be the finest yet heard. Not only will the extensive engagements it has already attracted add interest to its coming, but there will be a great desire to hear the World's Fair Band, which this is supposed to be, having already been engaged for the dedicatory exercises.

—The Star Theatre in New York is once again the home of a roaring farce; and that this class of entertainment is what is wanted by the public is proved by the throngs that go to laugh at and applaud Roland Reed in "Lend Me Your Wife." Mr. Reed's reputation as a first class comedian was established long ago, and his popularity in New York is a matter of record. His present performance, however, has added greatly to his reputation, and is one that everybody that enjoys a good, wholesome laugh, can afford to miss. It is particularly adapted to the wants of the out-of-town public, as the play ends at 10:30 o'clock in the evening, and at 4:40 at the matinee, thus giving ample time for suburban visitors to catch trains for their homes.

Railroad Wreck at Centreville.

About 6.35 o'clock this morning a coal train while being side-tracked at Centreville was run into by a drill engine and by a local passenger train of the Long Branch Railroad, each going in an opposite direction. No one was seriously hurt. Traffic was delayed about two hours.

POLITICAL POINTS

U. S. Grant Club at Work.

After the Republican primary, which met in Spencer's Hall last evening, had adjourned, a business meeting of the U. S. Grant Republican Club of North Plainfield was called by President Robert M. Fountain. Horace J. Martin, the club's secretary, being absent, E. E. Winckler was elected secretary pro tem.

The president appointed as Finance Committee, Messrs. H. K. Carroll, J. H. Cooley, Chas. Place, H. N. Spencer, E. A. Overton, W. C. Smith, L. B. Woolston; and as Executive Committee, Messrs. C. P. Sebring, H. H. Brokaw, J. K. Arnold, John Goodwin, G. F. Edwards, E. E. Winckler and N. B. Smalley.

Both committees were confirmed by the club.

The club's banner will be raised next Thursday evening, and the Executive Committee were instructed to procure speakers, music and refreshments for the occasion, and a grand time is expected.

The club has a large roll of members all of whom are enthusiastic workers, and they are determined to carry the borough and township next election.

Several voters voluntarily became members of the club last evening and expressed a wish to work for the inter ests of the Republican party. With such encouraging prospects the outlook of the club is very favorable.

There will be an impromptu musical entertainment at the club room this evening to which the club members and their friends are invited.

The Executive Committee of the club will hold a special meeting next Monday evening.

The Democrats Fighting Among Themselves.

A hot fight is being waged in Elizabeth and through Union county for the delegates to the State Convention. Miles Ross is trying to carry Rahway and Plainfield for F. C. Young of Hudson county, while ex-Prosecutor Wilson is conducting in person the fight in Elizabeth on behalf of Young.

The opposition is being led by Senator Marsh. Their cry is anything to beat the Hudson county candidate. Just now they are shouting for Judge Werts as their first choice, although the latter has declined to run.

It is said that Rahway and Plainfield will likely elect delegates favorable to Young, as will Scotch Plains and some of the townships. Elizabeth will probably send a majority of delegates antagonistic to Young and in favor of Werts, but it is hard to say which faction will be in the majority when the entire county delegation meets.

If Young's delegates are in a majority, Mr. Wilson will be chosen Chairman of the State delegation from Union county, while Senator Marsh will be its spokesman. Judge Werts men are in the ascendency. Both sides are working tooth and nail for victory, and there will be plenty of money in the field Monday night, it is said, to buy up purchasable voters.

North Plainfield Republican Primary

A goodly number of the Republicans of North Plainfield attended the primary at Spencer's Hall last evening for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention to be held at Trenton, September 13 to nominate a candidate for Governor and Republican electors. B. A. Hegeman, Jr., was elected chairman and E. E. Winckler secretary. H. Newton Spencer and B. A. Hegeman, Jr., were elected delegates.

It was moved and carried that they go uninstructed. They also have the privilege of selecting their own alternates, should they be unable to go themselves.

The primary was adjourned at 8.45.

North Plainfield Democratic Primary

The primary of the North Plainfield Democrats was held last evening in the school house on Somerset street, for the purpose of electing delegates to the Democratic State Convention to be held in Trenton, Sept. 14, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor and Democratic electors.

Lewis Blackford was appointed chairman and Ira F. Baker, secretary. Fred M. Slater and Benjamin Gavin were elected delegates.

Pennsylvania Railroad to the G. A. R Encampment.

Undoubtedly the most interesting encampment of G. A. R. men ever held will convene at Washington during September. The interest manifested in the encampment has been national, and the Pennsylvania Railroad authorities in the National City are making elaborate preparations for entertaining the old soldiers.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all stations on its lines to Washington, from September 19th to 23d, inclusive, and return until October 10th, inclusive, at a rate of a single fare for the round trip. These tickets will be valid to stop off at Baltimore and Philadelphia in each direction without charge. A stop-over privilege will also be allowed at Baltimore on other points south of Washington on foreign coupon issue of tickets from the West.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has also issued one of the most comprehensive guides as yet compiled of the National Capital.

—Bradstreet's reports 146 failures in the United States during the week, against 128 in the preceding week and 233, 162, 190, and 126 in the corresponding weeks of 1891, 1890, 1889, and 1888. The Middle States had 41, New England, 10; Southern, 16; Western, 51; Northwestern, 19; Pacific, 13; Territories, 6. Canada had 26, against 33 for the previous week. Of the failing enterprises, 84 per cent. were of those employing capital of $5,000 or less.

THE HARNED ACADEMY.

It Will Open Monday, September 12.

The Harned Academy on Park avenue will begin its fourth year on Monday next, September 12th.

This excellent institution which has grown up in so short a time is already known to most of our townsmen. It is designed chiefly as a select training school for boys, preparing them for business or for college.

The methods employed in the academy seem to be unusually successful, as this year the applicants for admission have been so numerous that new and increased accommodations are required, and the Harned Academy Annex has been established at 162 Park avenue, opposite the Academy.

The system of instruction adopted by the Harned schools is based on the Individual method, which allows each pupil to advance as rapidly as he may be able, without being retarded by the routine of a class.

The staff of instructors for the Academy and Annex include Mr. E. N. Harned, Principal; Mrs. Harned, who has charge of the girls and younger boys; Mrs. H. M. Roby, head of the musical department; Prof. G. C. Harrison, M. A., of Paris University, and Prof. W. W. Howe, B. A., of Bucknell.

Odds and Ends.

That there is good reason to regard paper money as capable of conveying disease has been proven by Drs. Acosti and Rose'. From two bank notes that had been in circulation in Cuba they obtained more than 10,000 germs of various kinds, and some of these poisoned rats and guinea pigs.

A hotel of Hamburg is built entirely of compressed wood, which is as hard as iron, and by chemical treatment has been made fire-proof and insect-proof.

A new fly trap is run by an electric motor, and consists of a belt of sweetened paper, about fourteen inches long, passing over two pulleys, one of which is covered by a cone containing a brush. The paper moves slowly, and as it passes under the brush the flies are swept into the cone, from which they can find no exit.

Even locusts are becoming an article of commerce. Several tons of dried locusts—not the locust bean, but the veritable insect—have been ordered from India to feed caged birds in England. It is suggested, moreover, that locusts cake would surpass any other food at fish hatcheries.

An experiment with potatoes—A French chemist farmer has made some remarkable experiments with potatoes, in one of which he obtained the enormous yield of 42 tons per acre. He selected the best and soundest tubers for seed, plowed very deep and manured heavily. Before planting, the seed potatoes were soaked 24 hours in a solution of six pounds of saltpeter and six pounds of sulphate of ammonia, in 25 gallons of water. They were then drained and allowed to stand 24 hours longer for the germs to swell.

A perfect food is that which comprises all the elements of the body, which are needed to support its chemical changes.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

is the one clear, clean, perfect food. That is the whole fact.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a special meeting of the Children's Home Association held on Friday, Sept. 9th, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously passed:

WHEREAS, It has pleased our Heavenly Father, to remove suddenly from a long and useful life, our friend and associate, Mrs. Helen M. Eaton, therefore

Resolved, As an association, we bear our testimony to her faithful service through many years, having warm hearts and interest in the children carried her often far beyond her strength,

Resolved, That we will cherish her memory as a constant incentive to more entire consecration to our work for the little ones.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to her family, to be entered on the records of the association, and published in the city papers.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

The Kaiser Wilhelm O. K.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10, (Special.)—The North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II., Capt. Stormer, from Bremen, via Southampton, for New York was signalled off Fire Island at 7.48 o'clock this morning.

She signalled that all on board were well.

No Cholera in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10, (Special.)—The Board of Health issued a bulletin at 10 o'clock this morning which says: "No cases of cholera have appeared in this city."

Cents-a-Word Column.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A 19 Craig place, pleasant furnished rooms with board. Arrangements for Fall and Winter can now be made. 30 6 6w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A HANDY workman want employment at any work around gentlemen's place. Is competent and has references. Address "Charles," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 9tf

SITUATIONS wanted by two young girls. One as waitress, the other at light house work. Apply at 55 West Sixth street. 10 2

SITUATION wanted by a respectable young man; married; will take employments of any kind, so long as it is offered promptly. Address "Earnest," care of EVENING NEWS 10 2

WORK wanted. Percy W. Cannon, blind piano tuner and chair caner. Post office address Dunellen, N J.

HELP WANTED.

CASHIER and bookkeeper wanted. Early and late. Address "Butcher," care of Evening News. 8 3

WANTED—As chambermaid and waitress, a colored girl. Apply at Eighth street, cor. Madison avenue. 7-2 tf

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to solicit orders for nursery stock; steady work and liberal salary to men who can leave home and work steadily; also commission to local agents; write for terms and territory. Address R. G Chase & Co., 1430 S. Penn St., Phila., Pa. 8 12 3m eod

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply 25 Craig place, North Plainfield.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A female pug. Reward paid for return to 112 Rockview avenue. 7 4*

FOR RENT.

112 JACKSON AVENUE—Four large rooms, with water, to rent. 10 2

HOUSE FOR RENT—No. 1 East Front street, corner Richmond, finely situated, in complete order, with furnace heat, bath, city water, etc. Apply next door, 144 East Front street. 7-5 wsutfw

FOR RENT—A seven-room house on South Second street, corner of Manson place. E. E. Irwin, 5 Co. 7 tf

FOR RENT—A pleasantly located house. Has all modern improvements. Will rent for $28 till Spring, $30 after that. Address "Agent," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 6

NICELY furnished house to rent, twelve rooms all improvements. Owner would board with family if desired. Address K., 97 Rockview avenue. 8-3

TO LET—Four nice rooms; first floor 49 Liberty street. Inquire 67 West Fourth street. 7 4

FOR SALE.

CARRIAGES and Harness at cost, at Ryder's, 28 Somerset street. 10 5

COLUMBIA tricycle for sale, cheap; or would exchange for phaeton or carriage. Wm. Haslig, Chimney Rock. 9 6

HAVE YOU $500? A lot near the line of the new street railway that can be had for $200 down, $250 first mortgage. A bargain. Address "Owner," care of EVENING NEWS. 10 2

20 MILE view from Denton's Hillside observatory. Building plots, trees, palms, ferns for sale 10 2

FOR SALE—4x5 Kodak; suitable for 100 exposures on glass plates; lens alone worth $28; entire outfit cost $70; perfect condition; will sell complete for $30. Address "Kodak," care of EVENING NEWS. 10tf

FOR SALE—Small roan mare; sound and kind; young; $35. No use for it. Cornell's Market. 10 2

FOR SALE—Fine young parrot, gray, with red tail. Just arrived from Africa. Enquire 12 East Seventh street. 8-3

FOR SALE—House, seven rooms, three minutes walk from North avenue station, also lots at Avenue. Address, S., care EVENING NEWS. 8-6

HAY FOR SALE—All persons wanting to sell stock their barns with hay for the Winter at reasonable prices, call or address 90 Grandview avenue 9 9 tf

RELAY Columbia for sale very cheap and on easy terms. Ridden about three weeks. Absolutely perfect condition. Address Geo. W. Morrison. 10 3

MISCELLANEOUS.

A YOUNG lady giving tuitions in English has time for two or three additional pupils; also music if desired. References. Address "E. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 10 5

A YOUNG married couple would like a house to take care of for the Winter. Address "H. H.," care of EVENING NEWS.

FLEEING from Cholera. If you want to travel cheaply, safely and comfortably in Europe, on any line, call on H. D. Morrison, 10 Somerset street. 1f

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good taste bought and sold. Call Furniture Store, 11 Somerset street. 9-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 29tf

WANTED—A milk route in the vicinity of Plainfield. Address, stating all particulars, J. S. Barton, White House, N. J. 10 3

WANTED TO BUY—A small donkey; kind, sound and gentle. Must be well broken to harness. Boy must be small. T. B. Penton, Jr., 112 Rockview avenue. 7 4*

WANTED to Buy—A small frame house, with about six rooms; in good location. Address with particulars "Mechanic," care of EVENING NEWS. 10 3

WANTED—In private family, good neighborhood, as unfurnished floor; sunny exposure of four or five rooms, bathcloset, heat and water. References exchanged. Address with terms and full particulars, Mrs. T. H Jenkins, Sheffield, Mass. 8 6

29th Year of Their Career AS AMERICA'S LEADING AMUSEMENT.

ADAM FOREPAUGH SHOWS.

Oldest, Largest, Richest Exhibition in the World.

J. T. McCADDEN, - - - - MANAGER.

Circus, Menagerie, Museum, Aviary, Hippodrome, Genuine Moorish Circus, Caravan and Camp.

With the Historic Bible Spectacle, the

FALL OF NINEVEH.

Will Exhibit at

PLAINFIELD, FRIDAY, SEPT. 23.

The gods of the earth Brought together in one mighty Carnival of Pleasure and Feast of Knowledge for All.

200 Star Performers in the three rings and upon the two stages in the CIRCUS.

The Wonders of Earth and the Marvels of Nature in the MUSEUM.

Perfect collection of Wild and Rare Beasts in the MENAGERIE.

Exciting and Funny Races of all kinds in the HIPPODROME.

400 splendid steeds in the GRAND HORSE FAIR.

25 Moors and Bedouin Berbers (men, women and children) in the Moorish Caravan and Camp.

Surpassing all Earthly Splendors and Spectacular Display is the Fall of Nineveh. Rettig, author, designer and painter.

Its presentation requires 1,000 men, women and children in the various characters $150,000 in gorgeous costumes, $50,000 in special scenery, 20,000 in armour, swords, shields and spears 200 beautiful ladies in the Grand Ballet. Companies of Soldiers, Citizens, etc., all produced on the largest and best equipped stage in the world, 200 feet long and 55 feet wide. Illustrating life and events in the first Great Metropolis of the civilized world.

Excursions on all lines of travel. Consult your nearest station agent for rate and time schedules. Don't fail to see the Peerless Free Street Pageant on the morning of exhibition at 10 o'clock. Owing to the length of time necessary to prepare the Fall of Nineveh for exhibition nothing belonging to it will be seen in the free street parade. Two performances daily. Doors open at one p. m. and seven p. m., performance begins one hour later.

To accommodate those who wish to avoid the crowd about the ticket wagon, coupon numbered, actually reserved seats at the regular price, and admission tickets at the usual slight advance may be secured at Central Pharmacy.

Sunshine or rain all performances are given the same beneath the canvories of the specially prepared Water-Proof Tents. 10 13 15 17 19 21

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as

RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS,
PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC.
WINTER AND FALL BLANKS,

They also have a big stock of

PARLOR HEATERS,

New Styles, Very Cheap.

SPECIAL NOTICE. THE BEE HIVE!

We are making extensive preparations for our Fall Opening of our Millinery Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly so well and favorably known to the Trade of Plainfield.

GRANITE IRON WARE.

We shall continue our Special Sale of this excellent ware another week. There is Everything that housekeepers want, and you only pay about half the regular price.

A COMBINATION BARGAIN.

2¼ yards 60-in. Damask Table Linen, 50 1.25
2 Fine Turkish Towels, 25 .50
3 yards Extra Heavy Crash, 13 .39
Total, $2.14

You buy all these for $1.62. This is the best linen bargain every offered.

FALL DRESS GOODS,

Special attention is called to our new line of Dress Goods. In the finest assortment we have ever displayed, and our prices are right. Our Dress Goods Counter that we are selling for fifty cents will interest you.

VanEmburgh & White

We Cannot Give You A House and Lot,

But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material.

Estimates furnished free of charge.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

Painters and Decorators,
29 East Front street.

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves, Tans, Browns, and Slates.	75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black,	$1
The "Gladys" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns	$1
8-Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates,	85c
Gents' Kid Gloves,	$1

Also a full line of

Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street

A Word to the Public!

OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING,

will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. H. Boehm, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of up-to-date and tasty creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that as a leader in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.

Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 West Front Street.

MR. A. VENINO,

Teacher of Piano and Composition, will now resume instructions.

For choice of hours and terms address P. O. Box 761, Plainfield. 10 1w*

EDITORIAL NOTES

As exciting as any horse race was the trial of speed between the Cunard steamer Aurania and the Guion steamer Alaska across the ocean from Queenstown to New York. It has occurred only a few times in the history of ocean travel that two ships have crossed the Atlantic in sight of each other the whole way, as these two crack steamers did. The vessels were racing to see which should get the contract for carrying the United States mails. The Aurania made the distance in 6 days 19 hours and 43 minutes, beating the Guion ship by fifty-five minutes. The Aurania has a new bronze screw, which got the credit for the victory. One trip, however, will not decide the contest. The mail contract will be given to the steamer that not only makes the fastest record, but keeps it.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

[Notice of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.]

The workers' training classes will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9.15 a. m.

Park Place Chapel, Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 7.45 p. m. by Rev. Geo. Angleman of Kansas.

A meeting of special interest will be held in the Mt. Pleasant school house on Sunday evening.

An interesting meeting will be held at the Bethel chapel at Washingtonville to-morrow evening.

Monroe Avenue Chapel, Sunday-school at three p. m. Preaching at eight p. m. by Mr. Chas. E. Scudder.

Mr. Seth Richall will conduct the young men's meeting of the Y. M. C. A. rooms at 9.15 p. m. to-morrow.

Services in Hope chapel Sunday 8 p. m. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Song service and sermon at 7.45 p. m.

St. Peter's German Lutheran congregation will hold services to-morrow in Warren Mission chapel at 10.30 a. m.; the Rev. Edward Rimbke, pastor.

Services in St. Joseph's church to-morrow will be as follows: Mass at 8.30 and high mass at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m., and vespers at eight p. m.

First Church of Christ—Preaching at 10.30 and 7.30. Lord's supper at 11.45. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Ladies' meeting Wednesday at three p. m. All are welcome.

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Redman, rector. Fifth Sunday after Trinity. Morning prayer and sermon, 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 3.30 p. m. Evening service at five p. m.

Warren Union Mission. Sunday-school at 2.30. Evening service at 7.45, conducted by Mr. Price. Prayer-meeting at 8.30. Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

In the Trinity Reformed church tomorrow the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Seibrecht, will preach at 10.30 a. m., and 7.45 p. m. The Sabbath-school will meet at 9.15 a. m.

Services at St. Mary's church. First mass at 8 a. m., second mass at 8.30. Third mass at 9.45. High mass at 10.45. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m., and evening service at eight o'clock.

Crescent avenue church, Rev. W. R. Richards, D. D., pastor. Services to-morrow at 10.30 a. m., and eight p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 a. m. All seats free at the evening service.

Members of the Reform Club and their friends are invited to attend the meeting of the Woman's Temperance Club to-morrow evening at the Reform Hall at nine a. m. and four p. m.

Services in the First Presbyterian church, Sunday-school at 9.30. Preaching service at 11 a. m., and 7.45 p. m. by Rev. Geo. Buckie of Elizabeth. Young people's meeting at seven p. m.

The usual services will be held to-morrow in the W. C. T. U. rooms Sunday at 9.15 a. m., and four p. m. There will be no usual praise service this evening at eight o'clock.

Services at the church of the Heavenly Rest, Clinton avenue, Evans, at eleven o'clock a. m. The Rev. Mr. Brodnax of New York will officiate, and administer the Holy communion. All seats free.

The services of the A. C. M. P. church will continue every Sunday in Cutler's Hall, morning at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 12 m. All are welcome. Rev. L. L. Lomack, pastor.

Rev. J. W. Richardson of Brooklyn will occupy the pulpit of the Park avenue Baptist church at the Sunday morning service which commences at 10.45 o'clock. The Sunday-school will meet at 9.30.

Congregational church West Seventh street, Rev. C. L. Goodrich pastor. Morning service at 10.30. The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered. Sunday school at noon. Evening service at 7.30.

Church of the Holy Innocents, Dunellen, Rev. A. N. Bergen, rector. After a vacation of two Sundays, services will be resumed on Sunday next (Aug. 11) at the usual hour, 3.30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m.

To-morrow services will be held in the Christian church on Cedar place, North Plainfield at 10.30 a. m., and at eight o'clock p. m. Weekly services Wednesday at eight o'clock p. m. Sunday-school at 2.15 a. m.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Lansing Murphy, rector. Celebration of the Holy Communion at eight a. m. Sunday-school at 9.15 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Even song at 4.30 p. m.

All souls church, Park avenue. Universal service at 10.30 a. m. All welcome. The pastor Rev. Robert Clark will speak on a Project of the Nineteenth Century; John Greenleaf Whittier." The Sunday-school will meet at 11.45 a. m.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor Rev. Chas. H. Mitchell will preach in the morning subject, "A Mother's Anxiety." Inquiry meeting at 3.30 p. m., and Epworth League at seven p. m. Prayer will preach at 7.45 p. m. Subject: "A Glimpse Beyond the Veil."

Church of our Saviour, Netherwood, Rev. S. P. Simpson. Holy communion at 8 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at 4.15 p. m. Evening prayer at five p. m. Two free stages leave R. R. station on North avenue for the church at 3.30 p. m.

First Baptist church—9.30 a. m., the Sunday-school and the young men's Bible class will meet; 10.45 a. m., and 7.45 p. m., preaching by the Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes; Wednesday, the regular church prayer meeting; Friday, the prayer meeting of the Young People's League, both meetings at eight p. m.

INDORSED BY TAMMANY.

The Wigwam Braves Are Loyal to Cleveland and Stevenson.

COMMISSIONER PECK'S STATISTICS

The Names of the Manufacturers Contained Therein Refused by Clerk Kean to a Representative of the National Democratic Committee.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Tammany Hall came out boldly last night for Cleveland and Stevenson. A meeting of the general committee had been called together to issue a call for the primaries of the districts. Ex-Judge Nelson Smith presided. Well known local politicians filled the boxes and the hall was crowded. The chairman made a brief address, eulogistic of the presidential and vice presidential candidates, and at each mention of Cleveland's name the hall shook with the cheers.

Bourke Cockran then presented resolutions indorsing the declaration of principles adopted by the Democratic national convention at Chicago, condemning as "tending to subvert our constitutional system the Republican policy of establishing a federal control of elections throughout the country, whether that control be exercised by partisan boards, such as the Republicans contemplated when in power, or by non-partisan boards, such as the president under stress of political conditions declares that he is now ready to accept."

The resolutions invite comparison between the record of the Republican administration now in power and the record of the Democratic administration which preceded it. "By the results of that comparison," the resolutions say, "we are willing that the merits of the two parties should be decided. Believing as we do that the security of the government, of commerce and the happiness of the people can best be maintained by the success of the Democratic party, we do cordially pledge our untiring efforts to the election of Grover Cleveland to the presidency and of Adlai E. Stevenson to the vice presidency of the United States."

The resolutions presented by Mr. Cockran were adopted unanimously and with a yell of enthusiasm that shook the rafters of the historic wigwam, and the meeting adjourned. The date of holding the primaries will be fixed by the executive committee.

The news that an understanding had been effected between the antiampaper and the Hill elements of the Democratic party caused a good deal of cheerfulness to be exhibited at the Democratic national headquarters. It is stated that new life will now be infused into the state canvass.

A Committee to See Peck.

The Democratic national committee announced that as President Harrison saw fit to refer to the report of Labor Commissioner Peck in his letter of acceptance a committee had been sent to Albany to see Mr. Peck and to act in conformity with the following letter, which has been addressed to him:

Hon. Charles F. Peck, Commissioner Bureau of Statistics of Labor, Albany:

DEAR SIR—In conformity with your offer, as reported in the press, to submit the methods and data employed by yourself in the preparation of your report upon the subject of "The Effect of the Tariff Upon Labor and Wages," of which a summary has recently been made public, to the examination of committees representing the different political parties, we ask you on behalf of the Democratic national committee to disclose these methods as fully as possible to Messrs. A. Schenkel, E. Ellery Anderson and Edward F. McSweeny, who are authorized by us to examine the matter and report upon it to us. Yours respectfully,

JOSIAH QUINCY,
Chairman Committee on Campaign Literature.

PECK WON'T DIVULGE NAMES.

Clerk Kean Blandly Refuses to Let E. Ellery Anderson See Them.

ALBANY, Sept. 10.—E. Ellery Anderson, one of the counsels of the Syracuse anti-snap convention and one of the principal supporters of Mr. Cleveland, arrived in this city yesterday and proceeded to the office of Labor Commissioner Peck and asked to see that official. Mr. Peck was not there, but Chief Clerk Kean answered all questions.

"I would like to see the figures from which Mr. Peck compiled his report," said Mr. Anderson.

"We will let you see the figures, but that is all," answered the clerk.

"But we want the names of all of the manufacturers who furnished those figures," remonstrated Mr. Anderson.

"You can't have them and can't see them," bluntly said the clerk.

Then Mr. Anderson tried to argue, but the clerk was not open to arguments, and intimated that they were sacred and could not be given out. "Why," said Mr. Anderson, "I can't see how you make that out, for Mr. Peck says that the figures were given readily when called for, and certainly no manufacturer would be unwilling that his progress in business should be quoted."

"Well, you can't see them," said the clerk.

"Then I demand as a taxpayer to see those records," shouted Mr. Anderson vigorously.

"You can't see them," again was the answer.

"As a resident and citizen of the state I have a right to look over those books, and if I am refused I will invoke the law."

"Well, you can't see them just the same," said the clerk, and the interview ended, Mr. Anderson retiring and returning to New York.

Commissioner Peck has repeatedly refused to allow anybody, even the newspaper men, to see the figures from which he made his report. He gives as a reason that he made promises in his original circular to the people he sent them to that their names should not be divulged.

CLEVELAND WELL SATISFIED.

His Visit to New York Accomplished the Purpose Intended.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Ex-President Cleveland left this city for Buzzard's Bay on the Fall River boat Puritan, accompanied only by his private secretary, Robert Lincoln O'Brien. He retired to his stateroom after a brief consultation with Hon. W. C. Whitney, who had accompanied him from the hotel.

Mr. Whitney called at the hotel about an hour before the departure and went up to see Mr. Cleveland. Before doing so he gave a hopeful view of the prospects in an interview. He said that within the past forty-eight hours he had gone over the reports from all of the sixty counties of the state with Lieutenant Governor Sheehan and that everything was looking very favorable.

A few words were had with Mr. Cleveland as he made his exit from the hotel. He was asked if he accomplish d the purpose for which he came to this city. "Yes, yes, I suppose, certainly," he replied. "I simply came here for the purpose of meeting a number of my political friends, and I have succeeded in that purpose." Being asked if the prospects in the state were as he could wish, favorable, Mr. Cleveland replied pleasantly in the affirmative. Mr. Cleveland was looking exceedingly well and he appeared well satisfied with the result of his visit.

WHITELAW REID IN OHIO.

He Opens the Republican Campaign in the State at Woodside.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 10.—The Republican campaign in this state was opened today at Woodside Island park, thirty miles north of here, on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad. Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid arrived here this morning and were met by Governor McKinley and others of the reception committee. After breakfast at the Grand Hotel the party proceeded to Woodside in a private car.

A vast crowd had assembled, and shortly before the arrival of the special it was considerably swelled by the advent of a number of Republican clubs from the southern part of the state. Mr. Reid received an ovation as he appeared on the stand, and made a vigorous speech in advocacy of protection, reciprocity and sound money. His remarks were loudly cheered.

Governor McKinley also addressed at the meeting by Governor McKinley, ex-Governor Foraker, H. Clay Evans, of Chattanooga; Congressmen Sorer, Caldwell and Enochs, General Houston, of Kentucky, and others.

McAleer Gets the Nomination.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10.—Congressman William McAleer was renominated for congress in the Third district last night by the County Democracy convention. This makes the third time he has been nominated within the last ten days. He is now the candidate of two Democratic conventions and one Republican convention. The men who nominated him last night represent the Democratic faction which is opposed to the leadership of National Chairman William F. Harrity.

Davenport and Carter Confer.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—John I. Davenport was among the many callers at the Republican national headquarters. He had an extended conference with Chairman Carter. Mr. Davenport is of the opinion that the proposed investigation of himself and his office will probably be delayed again, and possibly may not come off at all.

The West Virginia Campaign.

HUNTINGTON, Sept. 10.—Hon. Stephen B. Elkins, secretary of war, will open the Republican campaign in West Virginia at Huntington Tuesday. Hon. A. E. Stevenson will soon visit Huntington and deliver an address on the issues of the campaign. The Democrats propose to make this the gala event of the campaign.

Asa M. Clarke Nominated.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 10.—The Republican convention of the Third district nominated Asa M. Clarke for congress. Clarke is a wealthy Pennsylvanian, who came south a few years ago.

Deadlocked.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 10.—The Twenty-fourth congressional district convention is deadlocked over George B. Sican, Isaac L. Hunt and Hon. Charles A. Chickering.

Rhode Island Conventions.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 10.—The Republican state and district conventions to nominate presidential electors and congressional candidates will be held Oct. 6.

Stone for Congress.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 10.—The Democrats of the First district have nominated Charles F. Stone for congress.

Reception Dress.

The accompanying illustration shows a pretty reception dress in pompadour foulard, cut in Princess style. Closed behind by invisible hooks. The foot of skirt is in hollow pleats, covered by lace flounce; waist covered by lace falling in folds before and abehind; above lace is a "bandeau" of cloth, kept in place by a knot in front and a bow in the back, the ends being pleated and falling down to foot of skirt. Puffed sleeves.

They Were Not Drowned.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Sept. 10.—Twenty-one berry pickers employed by Ganthier, who were supposed to have been drowned, returned last evening in safety.

Zimmerman's Fast Mile.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 10.—Zimmerman, on his bicycle, has eclipsed Nancy Hanks by riding a mile with a flying start in 2:05 3-5.

Russia Bars the Kladderadatsch.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 10.—The Kladderadatsch, a Berlin comic weekly, has been forbidden here on account of a Russian caricature.

One of the Newark's Crew Murdered.

GENOA, Sept. 10.—A sailor from the United States war vessel Newark was murdered here in a lodging house which he visited.

Griffin After Dixon.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 10.—A $1,000 forfeit has been posted by Johnny Griffin for a fight with George Dixon.

A TRAGICAL HONEYMOON

Artist Garvin Murders His Pretty Bride of a Week.

CRAZED BY THE DEMON JEALOUSY.

After Shooting His Wife in His Mother's House the Husband Intended to Take His Own Life, but Was Arrested and Lodged in Jail.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 10.—Frank Garvin, a well known newspaper artist employed on The Commercial-Gazette, shot and killed his wife of four days, Cora I. Garvin, nee Redpath, in their room at his mother's house, 26 Arroyo street, Allegheny City. Jealousy is said to have been the cause. The murdered bride was the daughter of Homer Redpath, a prominent sporting man, formerly of Allegheny City, but now of Chicago.

The Redpath family are well known for their beauty, and Miss Cora was considered one of the most beautiful women in Allegheny City. She had a mass of silky black hair, blue eyes, a superb complexion, fine carriage and an admirable figure. She left Chicago on Sunday night, arriving here on Monday morning on the New York and Chicago limited. Her lover met her at the station. On the following evening they were quietly married at the residence of the Rev. J. H. Miller, on Buena Vista street. They went to live at the groom's mother's home.

Yesterday afternoon three shots rang out from an up stairs room. Garvin's mother and two sisters were down stairs. Startled by the shots, the eldest girl rushed up to the room. She found the young wife lying dead on the bed and her brother standing near his wife's body with a smoking revolver in his hand. All he said was:

"Annie, I have shot Cora. I am crazy with jealousy. I loved her to death!"

Then Garvin made a move as though to turn the revolver upon himself, but the sister seized his arm and was soon aided in holding him by Police Captain Agnew, who lives across the street and had rushed over, having heard the shots. As he placed Garvin under arrest the latter offered no resistance, but said, "All I ask is to be allowed to kiss my wife once more."

Permission was granted, and taking the dead body of his wife in his arms Garvin pressed her to his bosom so fervently that his own clothing was stained with blood. He tenderly released the body, smoothed the pillow for the head, turned and accompanied the policeman.

He was taken in a patrol wagon to the Allegheny central police station and later was sent to the county jail in Pittsburg. Upon being searched a bundle of letters was found and the cover of a sketching pad, upon which the following note was written, showing that Garvin had contemplated suicide. It read:

"Good mother—a kiss for the last time. Tell her I love her with all my heart, and all the rest of the folks too. To Mr. Yost, of The Commercial-Gazette office. I give my back salary in return for money lent to me. I bid all my folks and Gus goodby. Tell Gus, although I did not return the money, I surely would have done so had I been able. Hope and fifteen cents. Tell sister Anne I love her and hope she will remember me."

Tried to Kill Himself.

In jail Garvin said: "I was insanely jealous. I loved her so. I couldn't help it. I tried to kill myself, but something happened to the gun and it wouldn't fire. My hands trembled. I killed her because I loved her." Then he buried his face in his hands and moaned.

Garvin is twenty-three years old and his wife was twenty. It was said at The Gazette office that he had been employed there for three years, the speaker adding: "He was one of the best men we ever had. He was a good workman and never drank a drop, and I knew he would never have committed that deed unless the provocation was too great for a human being to bear."

Garvin's people were bitter toward him on account of the marriage. They did not know of it until he brought his bride home. She came of a theatrical family, and had been a trapeze performer in variety shows. For several seasons she was with Barnum's circus. She also traveled in company with the noted trapeze performer, Emma Juian, of Orrin Bros.' circus. Her youngest sister, Olive, is a soubrette in regular theatrical ranks.

It is intimated that Garvin's wife had given him cause for jealousy. His mother said he had been very melancholy since his marriage. His wife had told him that he couldn't dress her as she desired and she proposed to earn money for herself.

Two Negroes Hanged.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., Sept. 10.—Andy Jeffries and Adam Foster, negroes, were hanged here for murder. Jeffries' neck was broken and in seventeen minutes he was pronounced dead by the physician. Foster was strangled to death and life was extinct in fifteen minutes.

New York's Iron Hall Funds.

BINGHAMTON, Sept. 10.—Judge Martin has granted an order appointing the Binghamton Trust company state receiver to take charge of the Iron Hall funds. This annuls the recent New York city appointment.

Boys in a Fatal Fight.

ZANESVILLE, O., Sept. 10.—Lawrence Barton and John Mitchell, aged eight and eleven years, engaged in a fight and young Barton received injuries from which he died. Mitchell has been arrested.

California's Admission Day.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 10.—Yesterday being Admission Day, the forty-second anniversary of the admission of California into the Union as a state, all business was suspended.

Bishop Medley Dead.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Sept. 10.—The Most Rev. John Medley, D. D., bishop of Fredericton and metropolitan of Canada, is dead. He was eighty-eight years old.

Against Immigration Denounced.

TORONTO, Sept. 10.—The Dominion trades and labor congress unanimously passed a resolution condemning state-aided immigration of any kind.

Labor and the World's Fair.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The trades union congress at Glasgow decided to send numerous representatives to the Chicago World's fair.

A Hundred Houses Burned.

QUEBEC, Sept. 10.—Hedley ville, a Quebec suburb, has been almost entirely destroyed by fire, 100 houses having been burned.

BEECHAM'S PILLS
(Tasteless—Effectual.)
For Sick-Headache, Impaired Digestion, Liver Disorders and Female Ailments.
Renowned all over the World. Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating.
Ask for Beecham's and take no others. Made at St. Helens, England. Sold by druggists and dealers. 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

FALL SHAPES
IN
DERBY HATS.
Hallock & Davis
5 West Front Street.

BEACH'S
PLUM PUDDINGS
Celebrated
and
BOSTON BROWN BREAD.
Also
HOME MADE White Bread, Gluten Bread, Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Pastry, Pies, Fruit Cakes, Tea Rusks, etc.
A fine lot of GREEN GRAPE and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice.
Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday dessert on or before Saturday morning.
M. E. BEACH.
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

Watch This Space
for the
Next Attraction.

CLEARING OUT SALE
OF SUMMER CLOTHING!
AT
WERNER'S - CLOTHING - HOUSE,
NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.
I can't fail to drop in and see our EXTRAORDINARY Bargains, as we must dispose of our Summer stock to make room for Fall and Winter goods.

NOTICE!
A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Bologna Maker, who is now at work making the finest bologna in this city. If you are fond of Bologna stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

COAL LUMBER
And Builders' Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

ARE YOU GOING TO EUROPE?
Tickets on any line, to or from any port, at rates as cheap as in New York. Prepaid tickets, and drafts for sale by Henry D. Morrison, agent, 11 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.
Tickets for any Steamer—All Lines.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. Baker & Co.'s
Breakfast Cocoa,
which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

The Plainfield Ice
and
Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
23 West Front Street.

CARRIAGES
and
HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessible at Any Time.
RYERSON,
33 SOMERSET STREET.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEF TEA

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for run coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
CUTLER'S LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Planing and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 7y

Miscellaneous Cards.
MRS. LINDSAY,
Real Estate Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape-vines and shrubs.
H. N. SPENCER,
76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and seedsman. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. W. G. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes, Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.
PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY
J. & C.
JONES & CO.
Work quietly and thoroughly done. Twenty tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved by the Board of Health. Prompt attention paid to disinfecting. Manufacturers of the best Lawns, Garden and Field Fertilizers.
P. O. Box 999. Telephone call 29.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7.30, 8.45, a. m., 11.05, 5.05, 8.30 p. m.
Close—7.00 and 8.30 a. m., 1.30 and 7.15 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8.40 a. m., 1.15, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.00 a. m., 4.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 8.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.
E. R. POPE, P. M.

MORE GERMS OF DEATH

Another Cargo of Cholera from Hamburg at New York.

THE WORST CASE YET TO HANDLE.

There Were Thirty-three Deaths on the Passage and Seven Are Sick on Board. The Battle Against the Plague Just Begun and the Officials Are Anxious.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The deadly specter, cholera, is reaching out its hands of death for this country, and it will be almost a miracle if the scourge can be kept from our homes. The worst pest ship yet from Hamburg has arrived at our docks, and the health officials have now a task that is herculean before them to confine the disease to quarantine.

The Scandia arrived in lower quarantine and was boarded by Dr. Byron, and in a short time Dr. Jenkins received the following from Swinburne island over the cable signed by the inspecting doctor:

"Have visited the Scandia and find the following:

"Total number of passengers, 1,086: cabin, 32; steerage, 981; crew, 71.

"On the voyage there were thirty-two deaths, of which there were twenty-nine in steerage, one in cabin and two among the crew.

"I am now starting in our tug Alliance to transfer seven cases stricken with the plague to the hospital here on Swinburne island."

This terrible report certainly justifies the fears of the health officer and also his anxiety to provide a safe refuge for the souls that as yet still retain health aboard the vessels in the lower bay.

Dr. Jenkins was seen by a reporter a few moments after the dispatch arrived, and the look of care that shrouded his face when he added there was nothing he could say by way of comment showed all too plainly his belief that the battle had only begun.

Deputy Seguine, when apprised of the fact of 33 deaths on the Scandia, exclaimed, "This is a perfect epidemic and I apprehend grave results."

"The Scandia," he said, "is a sister ship to the Moravia and Rugia, now in lower quarantine, and as her list shows carries almost wholly steerage passengers."

The Plague Freighted Scandia.

The Scandia sailed from Hamburg on Aug. 25. It has been variously reported that she had from 960 steerage passengers, and it has been expected that she would be the final coup for the plague ridden Hamburg-American company, and as the report shows, the worst fears are more than realized. No such mortality as that which Captain Kopff has been compelled to report has heretofore been recorded during the present reign of the plague.

The Hamburg-American company now has six ships under the ban of the health officers, viz., the Moravia, Rugia, Normannia, Wieland, Suevia and the Scandia.

Several days since Dr. Jenkins was presented with a cablegram by the agents of the line stating that another of their ships, the Bohemia, left Hamburg Aug. 31 with 670 steerage passengers, all having been isolated from five to eight days; that the steerage and baggage were well disinfected.

In spite of this telegram the Bohemia will now be an additional source of anxiety, and it is safe to say, as she is an old ship like the Moravia and Scandia, the health officer will not pass her without the most rigid scrutiny and an extended detention for observation.

The feelings of those on the ships that have been detained below for a week as they watch the transfer boat speeding to and fro between Swinburne island to the Scandia may better be imagined than described. The moving tug tells a story, the horror of which is increased tenfold, because they cannot see the exact truth.

Three Deaths and Five New Cases.

There were also three deaths and five new cases of cholera in the harbor. Some doubt is expressed about two of these deaths, but the health officer thinks they were due to cholera.

Two children died on the Wyoming, which arrived from Liverpool Tuesday. The ship's agents say they were accidentally smothered, but Dr. Jenkins feels sure they died of cholera. Their mother died later at Swinburne island.

The United States naval training ship New Hampshire and the sound steamer Stonington are being fitted out at the Hoboken docks to accommodate cabin passengers and will be ready for service today.

The steamship Wieland arrived from Hamburg flying the yellow flag. This proved, however, to be a mistake of the pilot, as it was reported that there were no cholera cases on board. She carries no steerage passengers.

A number of steamers have been released from quarantine and only five—the Britannic, Dubbledam, Obdam, Stubbenkuk and Joseph Johnson—were at the upper quarantine station last night.

President Harrison has directed the preparation of Sandy Hook for a quarantine camp, and the work of providing accommodations for detained passengers is in active progress under the direction of ex-Surgeon General Hamilton.

The three vessels detained in the sound were given clean bills of health and permitted to come to their piers. No more ships were overhauled.

The chamber of commerce held a meeting and appointed a committee to co-operate with the health and quarantine authorities to secure a refuge for detained passengers.

The Sandy Hook Station.

A conference was held here in the rooms of Secretary Foster at the Fifth Avenue hotel, at which were present, besides the secretary and Dr. Allen McLean Hamilton, representing the government, Messrs. Orr and Babcock, representing the New York chamber of commerce, and A. J. Reynolds and Charles M. Jacobs, private secretary and consulting engineer of Austin Corbin, who has undertaken the construction of the new quarantine barracks at Sandy Hook.

On behalf of Mr. Corbin it was announced that the work on them now being pushed rapid y ahead, and that within a few days there would be quarters ready for 400 detained passengers. It was also announced that the harbor board had ordered a tug many to be placed in front of the Sandy Hook landing for anchorage purposes.

An effort will be made to get the steamboat line plying between New York and Highlands to make stops at quarantine for the purpose of landing supplies. If this cannot be done a vessel will be furnished by the government. The station will be under the charge of Dr. Hamilton, under whom will be a large force of physicians.

The President Acts.

LOON LAKE Sept. 10.—President Harrison sent a dispatch to the acting secretary of war, saying that while he was not fully advised as to the particulars, he was anxious to do all in his power for the comfort and safety of the people. Later, upon the receipt of telegrams from the secretaries of the treasury and the navy, who are in New York, he sent the following:

To the Acting Secretary of War:

In view of the representations made by Secretaries Foster and Tracy, I direct that a sufficient portion of the reservation at Sandy Hook be set apart for use as a camp for quarantined steamship passengers.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

The president advised the secretary of the treasury of this order, at the same time cautioning him as to the difficulty of maintaining a proper quarantine of such a camp if established, and also of a possible embarrassment that might arise from the removal of the passengers out of the jurisdiction of New York officers. Both of these questions must be left to the judgment of the officers on the ground who know the situation.

He also directed that notice be given all steamship companies that if they persisted in bringing immigrants from infected ports, it might result in entrance to United States harbors being denied to them.

Decreasing in Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Sept. 10.—The decrease in the number of fresh cholera cases and deaths continues. The fresh cases have numbered 708, a decrease of 108, and the deaths have numbered 246, a decrease of 52. There have been 481 burials. In the cholera hospitals 3,945 patients are under treatment. There has been a rapid decline of the epidemic in the harbor districts, and but thirty-five patients are in the cholera barracks there. The general betterment of the city's prospects is already apparent in the behavior of the people.

Governor Flower's Prompt Action.

ALBANY, Sept. 10.—Governor Flower arrived here, and after a brief consultation with the attorney general sent this dispatch: To Dr. W. T. Jenkins, New York:

You may purchase or rent necessary land or buildings on Fire island for quarantine purposes. Do not hesitate to do all that is needed to meet the emergency and to make the passengers as comfortable as possible.

ROSWELL P. FLOWER.

Still Raging in Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 10.—M. Loubet has finally decided not to admit Russian, Turkish and Roumanian Jews, and has issued orders against allowing them to land. There have been 65 fresh cases of cholera and 49 deaths in the city.

A Cargo of Cholera.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The British steamship Ironpolis, hailing from Middlesborough, has been quarantined at the Crimean seaport, Kertch. Eleven of her crew have been stricken with cholera and two have died.

Hamburg Sent Ill.

ROTTERDAM, Sept. 10.—Two men fell ill of Asiatic cholera in Krolingen and one of them died. Both had helped unload ships from Hamburg and Russian ports.

Dying Out in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 10.—The weather is subduing the cholera plague throughout Russia, except in the Ukraine districts.

Two Deaths in Buda-Pesth.

BUDA-PESTH, Sept. 10.—Two persons died of Asiatic cholera in this city yesterday.

SENATOR HILL TO WED.

An Elmira Lady Will Preside in the Emmet Mansion at Albany.

ALBANY, Sept. 10.—Senator David B. Hill becomes a permanent resident of this city. For some time the beautiful villa just north of the city line, built by Joseph K. Emmet, the deceased actor, has been offered for sale by his widow. Senator Hill has put down $50,000 for it and will reside there in the future. The place was built by Fritz Emmet and he looked after wills he saw while in Germany. It is said to have cost him $300,000. It is surrounded by fifteen acres of land and contains thirty rooms. There are large brick stables with finely appointed stalls, a lodge for the gate keeper, and a lake of three acres of spring water, stocked with game fish by the late Seth Green, of the New York state fish commission.

The grounds contain a young orchard of choice fruit trees, rare, ornamental shrubs, plants, etc. There are graveled walks throughout the grounds. Wind mills pump the water to the house. There are complete Russian and Turkish baths, with a 6-foot plunge bath, dressing rooms, etc. The billiard and smoking rooms are models of completeness. Gas is made on the grounds, and there is a Steiner chemical fire extinguisher in case of fire.

It was intimated here today that the mansion would not be long without a mistress, and that an Elmira lady would be installed there.

Black Groom and White Bride.

READING, Pa., Sept. 10.—Benjamin A. Gunn, aged thirty four years, a colored bootblack, and Miss Nellie Lisgo, a white woman, aged twenty-three, were married here by Rev. Santeebuch, of the A. M. E. church. This is the second wedding of the kind that has occurred in Reading within a few weeks. The bride is a native of Altoona.

The Reading Difficulty.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10.—After a conference with President McLeod the committee representing the employees of the Reading railroad system announced that the conference with President McLeod was not altogether satisfactory, and that there would be another and probably final one on Monday.

He Was Poisoned.

ERIE, Pa., Sept. 10.—A prominent citizen of this city, Charles P. Zeiter, was found unconscious in his bed in the hotel at Edinboro and so remained until he died. He had evidently been poisoned, but as to whether it was murder or suicide nothing is known.

Rev. Mr. Clark in Jail.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 10.—Rev. William A. Clark, who posed as a widower, was lodged in jail on a charge made by his wife, who came from Brooklyn, of desertion.

Visalia in Flames.

VISALIA, Cal., Sept. 10.—Fire that threatens to destroy the entire town is now raging. Fifteen buildings have been burned and several men have been badly hurt.

A Papal Delegate Coming.

ROME, Sept. 10.—The pope has appointed Archbishop Satolli apostolic delegate to the United States. Mgr. Satolli will go shortly and remain a year visiting all dioceses.

Delaterre Minister of Justice.

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 10.—Dr. Calixto Delaterre will be minister of justice in the administration of President Pena.

Archduke Albert Very Ill.

VIENNA, Sept. 10.—Archduke Albert of Austria is seriously ill.

Meeting the Argument.

Economical Father—Hoh! want a bicycle, do you? Is ain't a week since a boy dropped dead riding a bicycle.

Boy—Well, it would save you an awful lot o' money if I'd drop dead, but I haven't any bicycle to drop from.—Good News.

A Dilemma.

"Hi, waiter! Quick! Confound it! Shut that window—the wind's blowing those pats of butter all over me."—Judy.

A Proper Definition.

Mrs. Jason—Jehiel, what is an agnostic?

Mr. Jason—Why, it is a feller that don't believe in neither doctors nor preachers as long as he is in good health.—Indianapolis Journal.

THE NEW POSTAL SCHEME.

House Door Boxes for the Collection and Delivery of Mail.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Postmaster General Wanamaker has issued an order departing the postmasters of free delivery cities to put up letter boxes, on the request of citizens, for the collection and delivery of mail at house doors, subject to the following rules:

First—The householder must, for his own convenience and advantage and at his own expense, supply a suitable box (according to one of two patented plans).

Second—The system of house collection can only be introduced in cities when the postmaster is notified that two-thirds of the residents of any one route desire and agree to erect boxes.

Practical tests, it is said, have determined that the adoption of this plan has resulted in a saving rather than a loss of time to carriers and it has been a great convenience to householders.

Shot at a Wild West Show.

ROCKFORD, Ills., Sept. 10.—Mrs. James Fisher, of Durand, Ills., was shot and fatally wounded during the performance of a wild west show here. She was looking at the Indians firing at the supposed blank cartridges, when a bullet from one of their guns entered her body. All the company were placed under arrest.

No Grand Opera This Season.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The stockholders of the Metropolitan opera house met to hear the report of the directors. As the stage cannot be rebuilt under five months this precludes the idea of presenting opera at the Metropolitan this season.

A Factor Among Trunk Lines.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10.—By Oct. 1 the Norfolk and Western Railroad company will have completed its line across the mountains, and when this is done it will become a factor among the trunk lines of the country.

Tax Collector Holland Defaults.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Sept. 10.—Tax Collector William P. Holland, of the Fifth ward, this city, has left town, leaving a shortage of over $1,300 in state and county taxes collected by him.

Going Straight to Heaven.

BRISTOL, Tenn., Sept. 10.—Bill Davis (colored) was hanged at Tazewell Court House, Va. He spoke from the gallows and said he was "gwine straight to heaven."

The Italian Celebration.

GENOA, Sept. 10.—King Humbert and Queen Margherite visited the Columbus exhibition and inspected the American section with evident interest.

Two Brothers Drowned.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 10.—Two brothers, William and Thomas Penn, aged ten and twelve respectively, were drowned while bathing in the Monongahela river.

Patti Shoots Miss Wheeler.

STOCKTON, Cal., Sept. 10.—Anton Patti shot a young lady named Mabel Wheeler because she refused to have anything to do with him.

Every Mill Closed.

MARINETTE, Wis., Sept. 10.—Every mill in the city is closed. One thousand men are out of work for ten hours a day at the present pay.

Everybody Likes Me.

ANTI-CHAP
RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS
FOR
CHAPPED HANDS, FACE, LIPS, ROUGHNESS OF THE SKIN, and WRINKLES
ANTI-CHAP IS SPLENDID YOU SHOULD ALL DRUGGISTS
ALL 25¢ USE IT.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—64 Madison Avenue.

Office:—27 North avenue, with Woodson & Buckle.

Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic,

Needs no turning.

The Rapid,

Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,

and

Lawn - Sprinklers.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

2d Hand School Books

Those having

Old School Books

which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in

Before September 5th.

We can make better allowances now than after school opens.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST

and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete educatio of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address

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General Jobber.

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Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

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First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town

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Jobbing promptly attended to.

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J. HERRMANN, 2 Regent street.

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If you are 21 years old $63 90 paid annually for fifteen years would entitle you to $1,000.

If 22 years old, $67.

If 23 years old, $67.10.

If 24 years old, $67.30.

"This sum of $1,000 is payable to the insured, if living, at the expiration of fifteen years, or at his death, if prior.

FOR A LIFE POLICY, of $1,000 the annual payments to a prious during life; the payments for young men between 21 and 24 are between $18.60 and $20.

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NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J

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George - Bremmer,

No 28 SOMERSET STREET,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

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All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 1057.

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Beef, Iron and Wine

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Per Pint Bottle.

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To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.

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Large covered trucks.

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Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.

The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and is the prices are right.

Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

TELEPHONE 94. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 28, 6 39, 6 59, 7 30, 7 58, 8 00, 8 45, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 03, 1 00, 1 31, 2 00, 2 32, 3 02, 3 31, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, 6 28, 6 39, 6 59, 7 30, 8 00, 8 45, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 03, 1 00, 1 31, 2 00, 2 32, 3 02, 3 31, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. 12 15 night. Leave New York, foot of Liberty St., 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m. 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. 12 45 night. Sundays, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m. 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. 12 45 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 28, 6 39, 6 59, 7 30, 8 00, 8 45, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 03, 1 00, 1 31, 2 00, 2 32, 3 02, 3 31, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, 6 28, 6 39, 6 59, 7 30, 8 00, 8 45, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 03, 1 00, 1 31, 2 00, 2 32, 3 02, 3 31, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty St., 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m. 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. 12 45 night. Sundays, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m. 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. 12 45 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6 15, 7 10, 8 17, 9 42, 11 03 a. m. 12 27, 1 53, 3 05, 4 36, 6 05, 7 35, 8 54, 9 54, 11 03 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 28 a. m. 9 05, 6 00 p. m. Sundays 8 45 a. m. 9 05, 6 00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 8 17, 9 42 a. m. 1 53, 4 36, 6 05, 7 35 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 28 a. m. 9 05, 6 00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 42, a. m., 1 53, 4 36 p. m. Sundays 9 05 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Manch Chunk and Bethlehem.

7 10 a. m. for stations to High Bridge passenger station on Hall's Mills Lehigh Branch.

8 17 a. m. for Flemington, D L & W R R, Easton, Bangor and Manch Chunk.

9 42 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D L & W R R, Easton, Belvidere, Delaware, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua, (motor car to Manch Chunk.

4 36 p. m. for Junction.

1 53 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Bethlehem and Allentown.

6 05 p. m. for Junction connecting for D L & W R R.

7 35 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Bangor, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua, (motor car to Manch Chunk.

8 54 p. m. for Flemington.

9 54 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg.

11 03 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8 45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

9 28 a. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

9 05 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

6 00 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7 35, 8 00, 10 25, 11 09 a. m. 12 05, 1 31, 3 02, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8 47, 9 11, 10 25, 11 09 a. m. 12 05, 1 31, 3 02, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m. Ocean Grove Sundays 8 47, 9 11, 10 25 a. m. 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 6 15, 8 20, 9 42, 10 45 a. m. 1 53, 4 36, 6 05, 7 35, 8 54, 9 54, 11 03 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 28 a. m. 9 05, 6 00 p. m. For Atlantic City at 8 45 a. m. 4 36 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 2 05 a. m. 7 45, 9 05, 11 00 a. m. 1 37 night. Sunday at 2 05 a. m. 7 45, 9 05, 11 00 a. m. 1 37 night.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Supt. H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

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Shavings and hair cutting parlor, 19 PARK AVENUE, PLAINFIELD, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Rest barber and cleanest shop in the city.

Science in Progress.

FOR AMATEUR CHEMISTS.

The Experiment of Separating the Saltpetre from the Salt Out of Gunpowder.

Gunpowder, as is well known, is composed of potassic nitrate (saltpeter), sulphur and charcoal. Of these ingredients the first is very soluble in water and the others insoluble. Popular Science News tells that the amateur chemist can perform an interesting experiment by separating out the soluble salt. It is only necessary to dissolve a little gunpowder in a glass half filled with water and allow it to stand for a day or so in a warm place—such as a sunny window sill.

A SIMPLE METHOD OF ANALYSIS.

The saltpeter will first dissolve in the water, and then creeping up the sides of the glass will crystallize around the edge as shown in the illustration. This creeping property of certain salts is a very interesting one, and sometimes a very annoying one to the chemist. Ammonic chloride, or sal ammoniac, possesses it in a high degree, and is most often be observed increasing the edges of electric batteries, in which its solution is used as an exciting agent. It may be prevented by covering the edge of the vessel containing it with grease, wax or paraffin.

The residue left in the tumbler consists of sulphur and charcoal, but there is no simple method of separating them. The sulphur will dissolve in bisulphide of carbon, but we cannot recommend the use of this inflammable and offensive liquid to the amateur in chemistry.

Thermometer Bulbs.

It is well known to thermometer makers that if freshly blown glass bulb contracts slowly in volume for a very long time, and various processes have been invented for hastening this secular contraction. As the ordinary process of boiling in oil takes a very long time, some results which have recently been obtained in experiments under which the glass was heated in boiling sulphur are of interest. Inquiries states that the alteration of a bulb of soft German soda glass was studied at the temperature of sulphur vapor. At the commencement the bulb held 50.710 c. c. and after a quarter of an hour's immersion in sulphur vapor its volume was 50.574 c. c., showing a decrease of .136 c. c. The same bulb was then reheated for two hours at the same temperature, and its volume had decreased by .026 c. c., and after a similar reheating its volume was 50.508, showing only a further decrease of .013, at which it remained practically steady. A long and tedious operation may be immensely shortened therefore by the use of boiling sulphur. The glass should be in contact with the vapor only, as it is blackened by contact with the liquid sulphur.

A Curious and Beautiful Bird.

The somewhat remarkable bird depicted in the cut is to be found in the borders of China and Thibet, but more frequently on the slopes of the Himalaya mountains. In appearance it has a great resemblance in many respects to the pheasant. The plumage is very beautiful, being dotted with round white spots on a brown and reddish ground. The male bird is distinguished by large wattles which extend from the cheeks down the whole length of the neck, while behind each eye rises a soft, fleshy horn. Both the horn and the wattles may be dilated or contracted at pleasure. They are of a bluish purple color, mingled with scarlet. The color deepens when the bird is excited by anger or pleasure.

THE HORNED TRAGOPAN.

The feathers of the crest, the chin and the back of the neck are black; the upper part of the breast, the neck and shoulders are light cinnamon, with a dash of carmine and purple, variegated by the white eyelike tips of the feathers; the wings and part of the back are rich amber, mottled with brown and also decorated with white spots. Little is known of the habits and manners of the tragopan; but from their strong legs and round wings it is thought that they do not not fly very much, but depend more on their swiftness of foot than on any power of flight they may possess.

In the breeding season the tragopan is to be seen at its best. His condition and plumage are then in the highest state of perfection, his beautiful wings and tail are expanded, his horns erected, his wattles inflated and glowing with bright colors.

There seems no reason why these birds should not flourish in other countries. They live in a cold climate or temperate region, and soon die if taken into the hot plains of India. Their food consists of grain and seed, and their flesh is a delicacy, having much the same flavor as that of the pheasant.

Tasting Electricity.

A weak current can be distinctly tasted, as can be easily shown by taking a silver coin and a bit of zinc, pinching them together at one end and putting the tongue between the pressure ends. Practical Electricity advises, however, that before trying this one should have been assured by testing that the current is really weak.

The Curiosity Shop

THE ORIGIN OF THE ALPHABET.

Arabia Credited with the Beginnings of This Marvelous Invention.

Science tells us that we may well excuse Plato for crediting the legend that the letters of the alphabet were disclosed to man by the gods themselves. Certain it is that down till today we have reached no positive data as to their origin. It appears that the old notion that the Phœnicians discovered them must be abandoned. Dr. Edward Glaser, whose long and arduous researches into the epigraphy of southern Arabia promise to throw an unexpected light on a large tract of ancient history, expresses himself quite positively that it is in Arabia we must search for the beginnings of this marvelous invention, and probably in southern Arabia. There, perhaps nearly 2,000 years B. C., the ancestors of the Minæans and Sabeans appear to have developed several related phonetic alphabets, from some one of which the so called Phœnician was descended. Dr. Glaser has obtained copies of some of these as yet undeciphered inscriptions, probably more than 4,000 years old.

What seems sure is that though the early Egyptian hieroglyphic writing may have suggested the alphabet, the Egyptians themselves never developed it. What is more remarkable, and it seems has not received sufficient attention, is the gradual degeneration of the early Egyptian phonetic hieroglyphic system into one mainly ideographic and symbolic in the late demotic writing. The signs in the latter have often no more relation to sound than have the symbols of Chinese script. Thus, three points *between two vertical lines*, I . . . I, means, in the demotic, "man," but it was in no way understood to represent the sounds which were in the word, roemt, man, in the spoken dialect.

This degeneracy gradually arose from changes in the phonology of the tongue, while the hieroglyphic signs were continued unchanged. It is of course nothing new to Egyptologists, but to the ethnographer and the historian of the arts it is a noteworthy instance of retrogression in one of the most useful and highly prized inventions ever made by man, and that in a country of continuous and unbroken culture.

Protecting Color in Animals.

According to Black wood's Magazine, the theory of the utility of color as a protection needs careful consideration before acceptance. On a priori grounds the protective advantage of a green color to the iguana would seem to be obvious. Resting as it does habitually in a motionless attitude upon the branch of a tree, the color would render it invisible. In the island of St. Lucia, in the West Indies, there is a species of iguana which is highly prized as an article of food, the white flesh of this reptile has been compared for delicacy of flavor with that of a young chicken. The lizard is hunted by means of dogs which are quite unable to see their prey; they detect its whereabouts, however, by the sense of smell, and indeed many reptiles have a strong odor. Now in South America there are also green and brown iguanas; a brown color is quite as advantageous for protective purposes as a green color in this case, perhaps even more so. They are probably sought after by jaguars and other arboreal cats. The cat tribe, it is true, do not hunt so entirely by scent as dogs do, but the structure of their brain shows an almost equally well developed condition of that part of the brain which is concerned with the sense of smell. It seems therefore probable that here, too, the protective coloration is not so useful as it might at first appear to be.

Just What "a Corker" Is.

The word "corker" is a much abused one, for the reason that its real meaning is unknown to the majority of those who use the word. The Chicago News-Record explains that it is derived from the French word "corquer," and that comes from the Latin "corcare," which, in turn, was born of the Greek word "korka," signifying, "incomparable one." Throughout the Homerian epics the goddess whom we call Venus is referred to as Venus the corker, and the epithet as originally applied seemed to apply not only natural and inherent qualities, but also shining and distinguished accomplishments—personal and intellectual beauty, attractions, charms, gifts and arts. Our word perverted by the ribald usage of the profanely heedless has come to imply a certain disregard of consequences, so that when one speaks of another as a corker the multitude gathers therefrom that he who is designated as a corker must necessarily be a sort of well meaning but heedless pyrotechnist in speech and action. The word "thoroughbred," corrupted and debauched by the brutal familiarity of idle tongues, has come to have a similar meaning.

French Gloves.

Grenoble is the center of the French glove making industry. Some 1,200,000 dozen pairs of gloves are made there annually, and 25,000 persons of both sexes are employed, most of them living in the valley of Gresevandan. It is in fact one of the few factories in which women are well paid, and yet are not separated from their homes and families. The water of Grenoble is supposed to be particularly well suited to the dyeing of the skins. The mode of making is as follows: The skins are exclusively from kids and lambs. After certain lime baths are sufficient to decide what dye they will take, and whether best suited to glace or gant de Suede, they are dyed. Then follows the dotage—viz., shaving the leather to make them as thin and supple as possible; then they are stretched and applied to a flat cardboard hand. They are cut by machinery and sent into the mountains to be sewed. The stitches are subsequently tested.

The Longest Rivers.

Geographers claim that there are twenty-five rivers on the globe which have a total length of over 1,000 miles. Of these, two—the Mississippi, from the source of the Missouri in the Rocky mountains to the Eads jetties, and the Amazon, from the source of the Beni to the isle of Marajo—are over 4,000 miles in length; to be exact, the former is 4,300 and the latter 4,020 miles from the source to the place where their waters are mingled with those of the ocean.

A First Impression of George Eliot.

"What first struck one about her was the strange contrast between the large head, the masculine, Dantesque features and the soft melodious voice, which always cast a spell over me. One might almost have forgotten that she was a woman, so profound was her insight, but I at least could never forget while in her company that I was with an exceptional being."

GOOD HEALTH

THE DANGERS OF WELLS.

They May Become Suitable Breeding Places for Bacterial Life.

The average house owner naturally believes that the water which he pumps clear and cool from his well is pure and wholesome. He does not stop to think of the impurities with which it may have come in contact during its flow from the surface to the bottom of his well. This well may be sunk in the immediate vicinity of an overflowing cesspool or outhouse; the natural drainage of his own or his neighbor's barnyard or pigsty may be flowing over the soil through which he filtering the water that is to fill the underground cistern; or its bottom may be in a porous stratum of soil or gravel that receives at a point higher than the bottom the drainage from some graveyard or other source of decaying organic matter, some neighboring tree may have thrust its rootlets through the wall of the well and there they remain to decay; or the top may not be tightly covered and strong, hands and other vermin may tumble in to add in the pollution of the supply; but our well owner, not seeing, smelling or tasting the results of these additions to the underground reservoir, is not conscious of their existence.

If the flow of organic impurities through a natural filter bed be so great as to fill it with this precipitated organic matter, decomposition of the masses of organic filth thus carried into the soil takes place, and the soluble products of this decomposition flow on with the underground streams until a well offers a collecting place for them. Nor is this all. The soil being taxed by the large amount of impurities sent through it beyond its filtering power allows these soluble products to pass unchanged, and they are carried directly into the well, where the cessation of flow allows them to accumulate. Such a filth saturated condition of the soil exists in every old and thickly settled community. Near every stable, every outhouse or cesspool, with their privies walled if walled at all, with every kitchen drain and sewer is furnishing its quota of organic impurities, all of which supply matter for decomposition.

The products of this decomposition are carried, as we have seen, directly to the wells, and they thus become suitable breeding places for bacterial life—powder magazines only needing the spark of a typhoid or other deadly germ to furnish the explosion of a scourge of disease.—Professor Wilbur, of Rutgers College.

When to Give Medicines.

A medical journal states that the proper time for giving various medicines is as follows:

Iodine or the iodides should be given on an empty stomach. If given during digestion the acids and starch alter and weaken their action.

Acids as a rule should be given between meals. Acids given before meals check the excessive secretion of the acids of the gastric juice.

Irritating and poisonous drugs, such as salts of arsenic, copper, zinc and iron, should be given directly after meals.

Oxide and nitrate of silver should be given after the process of digestion is ended; if given during or close after meals the chemicals destroy or impair their action. Potassium permanganate also should not be given until the process of digestion is ended, because as organic matter decomposes it and renders it inert.

The active principle of the gastric juice is impaired and rendered inert by corrosive sublimate, tannin and pure alcohol; hence they should be given at the close of digestion. Malt extracts, codliver oil, the phosphates, etc., should be given with or directly after food.

ETIQUETTE

OVERDOING THINGS.

A Protest Against Carrying Practices and Ideas to Extremes.

A great many people are fond of overdoing things, remarks Harper's Bazar. They carry practices and ideas to extremes and indulge in the use of superlatives. Unqualified praise is seldom called for, neither is unqualified condemnation desirable, for the great poet found there was "good in everything." The general use of extreme terms tends to arouse suspicion as to sincerity and very justly so. Take, for example, the use of mourning paper. Some people adopt a paper bordered by a black band fully half an inch in width. To say nothing about good taste, which may not be considered under the circumstances, the use of such paper is entirely too conspicuous. It obtrudes your grief upon everybody and makes a display of it. The matter is wholly personal; it is not necessary to proclaim it to the world.

The Host Who Tires His Guests.

Some one very truly observes that the most trying of hosts is the man who shows you over his property. You are taken to the stable—it looks much like any other stable; then you are trotted off to the home farm; after this you are dragged up a hill to look at the view. And everything you have in common civility to praise, as though you had never gone through this sort of thing before. And the host, strangely enough, really seems to enjoy converting himself into a valet de place. While he is showing off his possessions one is always wondering to how many persons he has said the same thing before.

Bits of Social Wisdom.

"Politeness is a mascot which is bound to win. It brings a man troops of friends and fills his pockets. In all the world there is no one so rich that he can afford to be surly, sour and impolite."

"A person who is always neatly and well dressed will have more self respect and command more respect from others."

"DIDEON bulletin one in his own estimation. Men are quite willing to take another person's measure of himself. Let him judge himself, and in a large degree they accept his verdict, but they never stoop to pull him up."

Give Others a Chance.

My dear sir or madam, if you cannot walk briskly along the pave I don't see that you are to be blamed for it. But there is one thing you can do—namely, walk in a straight line. Give others a chance to pass you. Don't worry the life out of them by vibrating like a pendulum from side to side. Keep in a straight line. Don't wabble.

This Date in History—Sept. 10.

1384—Sir Humphrey Gilbert and his crew drowned off the coast of Azores. Gilbert was born in 1539.

1776—Nicholas Park, African explorer, born in Selkirkshire, Scotland; killed in Africa in 1806.

1787—John Jordan Crittenden, JOHN DAVIS, statesman, born in Woodford county, Ky.; died 1863.

1813—Battle of Lake Erie; Commodore Perry met the enemy and they were his.

1858—Noah Davis, southern jurist, born in Haverhill, N. H.

1846—Elias Howe's invention patented—the first form of sewing machine.

1867—Grace Aguilar, Jewish authoress, died at Frankfort-on-the-Main; born in London, 1828.

1890—Rev. Horatio Nelson Powers, D. D., P. E. minister and author, died, aged 64.

"An Artist in His Line."

—Life.

A Question.

Griffin (telling his ladylove—the latest—a very interesting yarn about an illness he once had)—Yes, it was a hard time, I assure you. Do you know, at one period I thought I should lose my mind entirely!

Ladylove (meekly)—And did you, Mr. Griffin?

He didn't quite like her question, though she did ask it so prettily.—Exchange.

Time to Leave.

Husband (at the seashore)—Don't you think we had better stay a day or two longer?

Wife—Oh, no. Why, we have been here twenty days already.

Husband—What of that?

Wife—I've only got twenty gowns.—Cloak Review.

1892		September.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full	6	4:06	New	20	8:12 p.m.
Last Quarter	13	p.m. 7:50	First Quarter	29	1:12 a.m.
Third Quarter	13	a.m.			

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel.

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

First-class bar attached.

THE ALBION,

RIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

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NORTH AVENUE,

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

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PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kine's Extracts,

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Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

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70 WEST FRONT STREET.

SEELY EDSALL,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Invites the inspection of the Dry Goods Trade to his new stock of

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS

Novelties.

Henriettas, Serges,

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SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

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21 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Educational.

Harned Academy

WILL RE-OPEN SEPT. 12,

with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies

The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.

Classes now forming in German and French. Special Classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation for college. Music. Weekly lectures.

E. N HARNED, Prin.

THE

NORTH PLAINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL

will re open on

Tuesday, Sept. 13th.

7 6t

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN,

17 LAGRANDE AVENUE,

Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.

For particulars address the principals.

8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,

for

YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,

will re-open on

THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.

For particulars address MISS E. E. KENYON, Principal. 8 10 3m*

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Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1069.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Virou, care of Miss a Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S

Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,

Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

Beyond the Heat,

Above the sweltering Plains,

Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight

AT MIZZEN PEAK!

Build Your Home on Watchung Mountains Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence. Particulars of

J. T. VAIL, 40 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

SCHOOL SHOES!

Boys and Girls Give This Your Kind Attention!

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

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Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street,

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Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.

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Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.

A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

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Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds,

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Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION. 1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.

Plainfield Lodge, 3401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at call in D. Wetmore's Lodge rooms, Monroe Hall Building.

Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.

RALPH A. PUNT, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article,

A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,

to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

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40 MANNING AVENUE,

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30 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.

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We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.

J. E. Townsend, Manager.

No. 30 SOMERSET STREET.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

TERESA WILLIS DEAD.

THE SCARLET FEVER PATIENT PASSED AWAY THIS AFTERNOON.

After Suffering With Malignant Scarlet Fever for a Week, With Poor Nourishment, the Little Girl is also Attacked With Bronchial Pneumonia, Which Proves Fatal.

Teresa Willis, the little girl who for the past week has been suffering with malignant scarlet fever in the tenement house in the rear of French's carriage factory on Somerset street, died at 1.40 o'clock this afternoon.

She has been growing weaker for several days past, and yesterday was attacked with bronchial pneumonia, which in her weakened state proved fatal.

The Board of Health have not yet taken charge of the matter as all the members of the board are out of town. The place will, however, be thoroughly fumigated.

PERSONAL.

Miss Hattie Terry of Westfield is visiting in her brother in this city.

Mrs. A. C. Vail of West Eighth street has returned from Weymouth, Mass.

Miss Nellie Marsh of Westfield is visiting here from the Misses Searing of West Front street.

Mrs. Chas. B. Clifton returned Saturday from Patchogue to her home on West Second street.

Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Miller and child of West Fifth street have returned from a two weeks outing.

Dr. Frank Clawson of Second street has returned from a months vacation spent in New York State and Rhode Island.

Mr. and Mrs. David McIntyre of Newark are visiting relatives in North Plainfield. Mrs. McIntyre was formerly Miss Anna Woodland of Somerset street.

Miss Florence Keath, who has been a guest at The Albion for a year or more, starts to-morrow for her home in Indiana where she will remain through the Winter.

Marshal William N. Pangborn of North Plainfield is recovering from a painfully bruised leg. While closing the blinds of an empty house one dark night last week he stumbled and fell, striking a broken gate.

Mr. Harry Campbell has just completed a deal for the famous orange farm known as Forrest Grove. It is said that the seeds from which the trees grew were washed up on the shores of the Halifax river, from a ship wreck thirty-three years ago. Since the orange industry has since become famous in Florida. It is one of the finest groves in the State. The oranges from this grove took first premium at the Ocala Exposition. Messrs. Kelly and Campbell will market most of their fruit in Plainfield.

Mr. William Brock of Mountain avenue is building a bicycle tricycle which will weigh about 35 pounds and be geared so that it will run as far at each stroke as a wheel 13½ feet in diameter. Mr. Brock is the inventor of a method of propulsion by means of levers which are worked by both hands and feet, which move in opposite directions simultaneously. The steering is done by turning the saddle with the body. The motion with the arms is similar to that used in rowing. Mr. Brock has for some time been building a three wheeled pattern machine of his own make and claims when his new two wheeled vehicle is built that he will easily beat all existing records.

Editor Hugh Boyd, proprietor of the New Brunswick *Home News*, Rev. Dr. M. H. Pogson of New Brunswick and Editor T. W. Morrison of The News, who started on a horse-back trip last week spent Saturday night at Dover, N. J., and Sunday at Lake Hopatcong. The ultimate destination of the party is the Delaware Water Gap, but the route they will take to reach there is unknown, for, time being no object, they will go as fancy dictates. The Rev. Mr. Pogson and Mr. Morrison, especially the latter, have done very little riding since the war-times, although at that time Mr. Morrison was often in the saddle day and night. Editor Boyd, in a letter to his talented and energetic son, Mr. Arthur Boyd, who is managing editor of the *Home News* in his father's absence, says, "We are having a glorious time. The roads are good and the scenery magnificent. Incidentally, however, it might be mentioned that Messrs. Morrison and Pogson are patronizing the drug stores to such an extent that I fear a rise in the price of liniment."

A Ride to Hunterdon.

A party of twelve bicyclers went to the peach section of Hunterdon county yesterday. They were: Jos. Haynes, E. J. Carey, Jas. Conroy, Fred Sliss, George Cadmus, H. H. Brokaw, G. R. Stevens, Thos. Riley, L. H. Woolston, E. B. Green, H. H. Smith. They took the train to North Branch and from there climbed the hills to Hunterdon county, on their wheels. The ride was delightful although there was a strong head wind when they returned. The roads were unusually dry and dusty. They say the coasting down the steep inclines was very exciting. The hills on either side of Pottersdown are very high and the party went down the Steppes they virtually placed their lives in their wheels. Clinton about noon and had dinner by them visiting the orchards of individual peach growers. They say the peach crop is now beginning to be exhausted. After spending some time in the orchards they returned home, arriving about seven o'clock last evening.

—The Somerville fair commences to-day.

THE READING TROUBLE.

LABOR CHIEFS TO MEET PRESIDENT McLEOD.

Heads of Large Organizations Will try to Settle the Matter—The Committee's Work of a Friendly Nature. Annual Meeting of the Brotherhood in Cincinnatti.

Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, arrived in Philadelphia yesterday, and went immediately to the St. Charles Hotel to confer with Chairman Clapp and the committee of employees. With him were J. R. Morrissey, chief of the Brakemen's Union, and T. A. Wilkinson, of the Trainmen's Brotherhood. Chief Ramsey, of the Telegraph Operators' organization, and Chief Clark, of the Conductors' organization, are on their way from the West to take part in the conference.

Chairman Clapp said that Powderly, of the Knights of Labor and Compers, of the Federation of Labor, will be in Philadelphia in a day or two and will accompany the committee on their next visit to President McLeod, when they will receive the final answer to their request. The chiefs refuse to talk, saying that everything that it is wise to say has been published, but reiterate the statements regarding the friendly nature of the committee's work.

The Firemen's Brotherhood of Philadelphia are in attendance at the annual meeting of the Brotherhood in Cincinnatti.

Chairman Clapp of the railway employes' committee, says a strike isunlikely.

BREVITIES

—The North Plainfield public school will open to-morrow morning.

—The latest pun with which the public is inflicted is that John L. Sullivan was knocked out by Jim-jams.

—Michael Doucho was sent to the county jail for thirty days by Judge Codington this morning for being drunk and disorderly.

—John F. Dale was brought before City Judge Codington this morning for being drunk and disorderly. He plead not guilty and will be tried at five o'clock this afternoon.

—In the third act of "Under the Lion's Paw," which exhibits at Music Hall, Saturday, Sept. 17th, a mammoth mesmeric tent is erected that stretches from wall to wall and entirely covers the stage.

—The Executive Committee of the U. S. Grant Republican Club of North Plainfield will meet in Spencer's Hall this evening to make necessary arrangements for their banner raising next Thursday evening.

—Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R. will hold an important "encampment" at the Post rooms to-morrow evening. Will some thing new in the line of tactics be introduced? Re-union will be talked of and a new member will be mustered in.

—A wreck on the C. R. R. of N. J., at Pamrapo yesterday morning delayed the trains from New York so that they reached this city an hour late. All trains had to go by way of Newark until the tracks were cleared. This is the fourth wreck in as many days. No information could be received from the railroad employees regarding the accident.

—The Plainfield Local Union of Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor will hold an interesting meeting in the First Presbyterian church at Dunellen on Thursday evening, the 15th instant, at 7.46 o'clock. Rev. William C. Dolan, of Westerly, R. I., will deliver an address, taking for his subject "Christian Endeavor as a Factor." Rev. Mr. Dolan is an able and entertaining speaker, and a profitable as well as a pleasant time may be expected.

—Says the Elizabeth Town Tattle in speaking of the recent bicycle race:

The forty entries in the mile novice, most of whom came to the post (this, by the bye, being true of all the races), were divided into four trial heats. In his heat J. A. Woodward, R. A. C., had his Yankee blood up with ridiculous ease and by 20 yards in 2.50. In the final he rather underestimated the speed of Hardifer, Passaic A. C., and Hinrichs, Plainfield. Plainfield B. C., and let them get too far away before making his final spurt. Hinrichs won by three yards in 2.41½. Hardifer beating the Elizabeth boy by a half a wheel. What we learned by this lesson in future not to let unknown men get too far away. He doubtless had several seconds up his sleeve to spare.

Killed in a Wreck.

While an engine on the C. R. R. of N. J. was shifting cars at Spotswood, near Philadelphia, at three o'clock yesterday morning a freight train was stopped on the main track, and it was run into by a following freight train. A fireman tried to jump off the latter train, but his lantern went out. Two engines were badly damaged and fifteen cars piled in the wreck. Traffic was delayed for several hours. The Philadelphia train due here at 4.18 did not arrive until after seven o'clock. Engineer Henry Lott of Phillipsburg who was on the pusher, jumped off, but fell between and under the cars which fell about his engine. He died before he could be taken from the wreck. Harry Billany, engineer, of Mauch Chunk, was badly injured. Responsibility for the accident has not been fixed. It is said that shots were no signals for the freight train, though the shifting was being done right at the station.

Fire at Netherwood.

The kitchen of David Hand's house at Netherwood caught fire Saturday evening at about 5.45 o'clock and an alarm was sent by telephone to this city. The steam whistle did not blow nor the fire department go out, however, as it was ascertained that the fire, which was very slight, had been put out by a bucket brigade.

WEST ENDS IN THE LEAD

AT THE ELEVENTH HOUR CRESCENTS DROP TO SECOND PLACE.

Although the West Ends Made Less Hits Than the Crescents, in Saturday's Game, They Won by a Score of Seven to One.—Sharrott Made a Home Run.

A combination team, composed of the New Yorks, Westfields and Somervilles, donned West End suits Saturday and defeated the Crescents on the Crescent League grounds. The Crescents had the same team in the field that they have played the entire season and won so many victories with, but they did not suppose they would have to cope with such formidable foes as "ex-Giants," so they bowed to the inevitable and took defeat gracefully. Not satisfied with "Jocko" Fields and George Gore, of the New Yorks, the West Ends signed Sharrott, another ex-Giant, but lately a member of the now defunct Westfield team. If there were only a few more teams in the Central New Jersey League to disband the West Ends might add another lot of "finds" before next Saturday's game.

Notwithstanding the heavy sluggers on the opposing team, Saeeden held them down to only four hits, one of these was a home run by Sharrott, while the Crescents secured five hits—three two-baggers and two singles—off of Anderson.

For three innings the game was a superb contest—neither team scoring, but in the fourth inning, a base on balls, an error and two singles, gave the West Ends a lead of two runs.

Not until the sixth inning did the Crescents score; then, after two men were out Daley made a single and stole second base. Leidy followed with a clean two-bagger, on which Daly scored the only run of the game for the Crescents. Leidy was left on second, as Brady's hit to left field was caught by Ryman.

The West Ends did not score again until the seventh inning, when Gore started the ball rolling with a single. Fields sacrificed, advancing Gore to second base. Farrell hit the ball to Bonner, and that old stand-by made a good stop, and threw the ball to catch Gore at third base, but it was the wildest throw Bonner has been guilty of making this season, and the ball went sailing into the crowd, Gore meanwhile reached home. Then commenced a big "powwow," Captain Hofford declared it was a "muff," consequently Gore could only take one base on it, while Harkins and his aggregation wanted the umpire to call it a run. After laying down the law for a few minutes on this point—intermingled with gesticulations—Umpire Sullivan decided that Gore should go back to third base, which that individual did after some more "rag chewing." Ryman was the next man to the bat, and he knocked a grounder to Brady, who threw the ball in to Carbonell, who touch Gore at the plate. "Chie" received the ball and touched Gore, who was so mad at being caught that he meanly jumped on top of the little captain. Both rolled over in the dirt, causing Gore's cheek to lose his grip on the ball and it rolled off in the grass, and before he could get it again Farrell had scored. Ryman tallied a minute later on Cadmus' sacrifice, making three runs this inning. Anderson went out at first.

Sharrott, to make up for having struck out in the sixth inning, made a clean home run in the eighth inning, bringing in Carbonell ahead of him. No more runs were made after this, making the total seven to one. The score:

WEST ENDS.

	AB	R	BH	PO	SO	BB	A	E
Carbonell, c.f..	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Sharrott, s.s....	4	1	1	1	1	0	4	1
Harkins, 1b.....	4	1	1	8	0	0	0	0
Gore, c.....	3	1	1	4	0	1	0	0
Fields, c.....	2	0	0	4	1	1	2	1
Farrell, 3b.....	4	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
Ryman, l.f.....	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Cadmus, 2b.....	3	0	0	2	1	1	0	0
Anderson, p.....	3	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Totals.....	7	4	3	27	4	4	7	2

CRESCENTS.

Hofford, c.....	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	1
Murphy, l.f.....	4	0	1	4	1	0	1	0
Brady, s.s.....	4	0	0	1	1	0	2	0
Daley, 3b.....	4	1	1	1	1	0	2	0
Leidy, c.f.....	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
Daly, 1b.....	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
Bonner, s.s.....	4	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
Jones, 1b.....	3	0	0	10	0	1	1	0
Saeeden, p.....	3	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
Totals.....	7	1	5	27	5	2	9	2

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
West Ends.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	2	0—7
Base hits.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0—4
Crescents.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1
Base hits.....	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0—2

Earned runs—West Ends, 1; Crescents, 1. Two base hits—Turner, Saeeden, Leidy. Home runs—Sharrott. Sacrifice hits—Cadmus, Gore. Hit by pitcher—Hofford. Left on bases—West Ends—7; Crescents, 4. Double plays—Harkins and Brady; Brady and Jones. Time—Two hours. Umpires—Sullivan and Hopkins.

THE CLUBS NOW STAND:

CLUBS.	Somerville	Plainfield	Elizabeth	Westfield	Games lost	Per cent.
Somerville.....	7	4	6	4	11	.393
Plainfield.....	4	4	4	2	14	.222
Elizabeth.....	6	2	5	3	15	.313
Westfield.....	3	3	1	5	5	.313
Games lost.....	5	6	11	11		

Called Meeting at Vincent Chapel.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal church will hold a called meeting to-morrow (Tuesday) afternoon at 4.30 o'clock in the parlor of Vincent chapel.

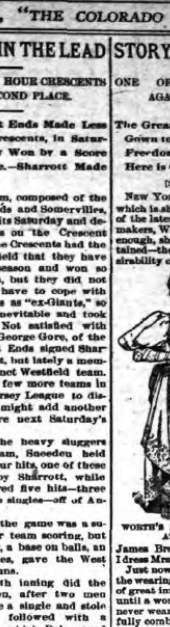
STORY OF A COSTUME.

ONE OF WORTH'S ARGUMENTS AGAINST SMALL WAISTS.

The Great Dressmaker Never Likes a Gown to Fit so Closely that Perfect Freedom of Movements is Impeded. Here is One of His Latest Creations.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The lovely costume which is shown in these illustrations is one of the latest designed by the king of dressmakers, Worth himself. In it he, curiously enough, shows what he has always maintained—the lack of beauty and the undesirability of a small waist. He never likes a gown to fit so closely that perfect freedom is not given to the wearer of it, and consequently there are some people who, insisting upon making their figures look like hourglasses, Worth will not dress. No money can hire him to design gowns for women unless he thinks they are going to look like his reputation, not only as a dressmaker, but as an artist. It is said of him, possibly with or without truth, that when he was asked if he dressed Mrs. James Brown Potter he answered, "No; I dress Mrs. Langtry—I never Mrs. Potter."



WORTH'S LATEST CREATION.

Just now, when there is such a craze for the wearing of black, his artistic tastes are of great importance, for he maintains that until a woman is a grandmother she should never wear an all black dress. So he carefully combines the various shades of rose, the many tones of green, numerous blues and the various browns with the black material.

A very smart gown made for a well known woman writer is of heavy black satin. The skirt is cut so that while it seems to almost fit the figure in front it has a graceful train in the back. Coming from one side and crossing the front, as a rainbow might, are strips of heavy ribbon, beginning with the deepest Magenta and as the rows go up reaching the faintest rose pink, each ribbon band having falling over it a fringe of cut jet, so that as the jet sways to and fro it gives glimpses of the color beneath. The bodice is cut low, elaborately trimmed in jet, with pink ribbons for its shoulder straps, and being laced down the back fits the figure with perfection and yet with ease.

The gown shown in the picture is one of Worth's especially artistic creations. The plaited petticoat is of pale pink crepe de chine embroidered in silver, the upper part of the dress is of heavy apple green silk richly embroidered about the lower edge in palm leaves, the design being brought out in silver and Parisian sparkles. Each seam is outlined with two silver threads. The bodice portion, and by the by, the closing is concealed under the seam, which is cut with a deep slash from which under a belt of emeralds and silver falls the train in two soft Watteau plaits. The front is cut in straps as illustrated, and are lined with pink silk, the effect being that an inner bodice of the pink material is visible. A square collar which lays flat on the back and a full puffed yoke drawn up a little scantest in front, but laid quite smoothly in the back. The upper portion of the sleeves is very full and of the green material, while the cuffs are formed of rows of lace alternating with bands of pink all arranged over a pink foundation.

In general lines seems to exist that fashionable dressmakers are responsible for the follies of women in regard to gowns. This is absolutely untrue. Given a rich or beautiful face, Worth will dress it in such a way that its long folds, while most effective, are not cut, and the possibility exists of its being used many times again. In the fashion plate of "stylish clothes," Worth would not create the fashion of long skirts as they are worn on the street; instead he commends the steady, sensible, short skirt—that is, one just escaping the ground—while a skirt with a train he only permits for carriage or house dress. Then, too, it was not M. Worth who made fashionable the overlong trains. He knew than any other realized that while a train in the house is most becoming and most desirable, still on an overlong one is a trouble to her, is in her way; and by making her conscious makes her awkward.

If M. Worth were asked where he gets his beautiful ideas for the blending of colors he would show you that at the artist's table, he is surrounded by the most beautiful flowers imaginable, and he examines the colors in a flower go to make up a gown in the walking flowers of the earth—women. He has in mind various combinations of the colors noted in the orchid as well as in the green leaves and purple petals of that most exquisite flower, the violet. A good modiste, a good dressmaker, a good tailor, and above all a good conventionalist, is not, strange that Worth should have gained the position that he has. He is French and gallant. He has a charming home, but even now he will not relinquish his work, because it always seems possible to him that there is some artistic mingling of stuffs or colors that he has not achieved. For a long time he has been complaining that he has no child to inherit his genius, but as women have seen the folly of their ways, or, rather the bad form of it, and have ceased to dye and bleach, the dark haired ladies once more delight his artistic soul.

ISABEL A. MALLON.

Three Days Grace.

Many a school boy of an inquiring turn of mind has been led to ask the significance of "three days' grace" allowed on commercial paper. Such boys have failed to see wherein the privilege of paying three days' additional interest can in any sense be accounted "grace." Insolvent teachers explain to him that the origin of the custom, during an age of slow communication, when it gave debtors protection against delayed mails and detained messengers. It is now an antiquated and useless custom and the National Convention of American Bankers has wisely adopted a resolution for its abolishment. In due time "three days of grace" will pass into the realm of history.

Same Here.

The Trenton Times says: There is a great scarcity of servant girls. They are in big demand in all parts of the city. A good many people went away for the Summer, and rather than remain idle until they returned the girls have sought and obtained other employment which they will not now leave.

Cent-a-Word Column.

BOARDERS WANTED.

AT 19 Craig place, pleasant furnished rooms with board. Arrangements for Fall and Winter can now be made. 10 2 3aw

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A HANDY workman want employment at any work around gentlemen's place. Is competent and has references. Address "Charles," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 8tf

SITUATION wanted by two young girls. One as waitress, the other at light house work. Apply at 55 West Sixth street. 10 2

SITUATION wanted by a respectable young man; married; will work steady and by the week; so long as it is offered promptly. Address "Earnest," care of EVENING NEWS 10 2

HELP WANTED.

LOST—A pet canary, last Thursday. Liberal reward for its return to 57 West Front street, Krieling's barber shop. 12 3

LOST AND FOUND.

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of three. Call 53 Washington avenue, North Plainfield. 12 3

FOR RENT.

112 JACKSON AVENUE—Four large rooms, with water, to rent. 10 2

HOUSE FOR RENT—140 East Front street, corner Richmond, finely situated, in complete order, with furnace heat, bath, &c., &c. Apply next door. 144 East Front street. 7-3 wmtw

FOR RENT—A seven-room house on South Second street, corner of Manson place. E. P. Smalley. 9 2

FOR RENT—A pleasantly located house, with all modern improvements. Will rent for $25 till Spring, $30 after that. Address "Agent," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 6

FOR SALE.

CARRIAGES and Harness at cost, at Ryerson's, 33 Somerset street. 10 5

HAVE YOU $500? A lot near the line of the new street will be sold for that sum. $250 down, $250 first or regular payments. Address "Owner," care of EVENING NEWS. 10 2

20 MILE view from Denton's Hillside avenue, Grand Rapids. Building plots, trees, palms, farms for sale. 10 2

FOR SALE—4x5 Kodak; suitable for 100 exposures or glass plates; lens alone worth $40; used only a few times; in fine condition; will sell complete for $30. Address "Kodak," care of EVENING NEWS. 10 2

FOR SALE—Small roan mare; sound and kind; young; $35. No use for it. Corner Market. 10 2

HAY FOR SALE—All persons wanting to stock their barns with hay for the Winter at reasonable prices, call or address 90 Grove street. 9 9 tf

RELAY Columbia for sale very cheap and on easy terms. Ridden about three weeks. Absolutely perfect condition. Address "Relay," 10 2

THE sale of furniture on Sept. 13 at No. 103 Door street, North Plainfield, is postponed indefinitely. T. J. Gillies.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A YOUNG lady giving tuitions in English this time for two or three additional pupils; also in Mathematics. Address "M.," care of EVENING NEWS 10 2

FLEMING from Cedars. If you want to send present tickets to relatives and friends in Europe, call on H. D. Miller, 144 Somerset street. tf

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Incorporated 1891; regents' examinations held in June, 1891, 1892; graduates admitted to practice; 1891, 1892; 201 graduates admitted to practice; 1892; 201. Graduate course of two years leading to degree of LL.B. Post graduate course of one year leading to degree of LL.M. Session opens after two years' course. Graduate course now added. Tuition fee, $100. Session opens Oct. 3, 1892. Send for catalogue. 8 6 2m eod

OLD FASHIONED furniture in good order bought and sold. Call Forrester & Co., 9 Somerset street. 8 27 tf

SECRETS your taste for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 8 5 6tw

WANTED—A milk route in the vicinity of Plainfield. Address, stating terms, J. S. Barton, White House, N. J. 10 2

WANTED to buy—A small frame house, with from four to six rooms, good location. Address with particulars "Mechanic," care of EVENING NEWS. 10 2

WANTED—In private family, good home for a boy of ten, unobjectionable, country residence of four or five rooms, having fruit, fowl and water. Reference exchanged. Address "Home," care of Journal office, North Plainfield. Mrs. L. H. Jenkins, Sanford, Maine.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Brunswick House Burned.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The Brunswick House, one of the large Summer resorts, at Mt. Pocono, Pa., well-known to many Plainfielders, was reduced to ashes at about two o'clock, Wednesday morning Sept. 7th.

There were but few guests in the building at the time. They, fortunately escaped with their property. None of the contents of the house were saved, except the parlor and part of the dining room furniture.

The origin of the fire is not known.

Messrs. Dowling and son are heavy losers, the building contents being only partly insured. W. E. DOWLING.

A Call to Colored Voters

The New Jersey State Central Committee of Colored Men recently issued a call to the colored voters of the State requesting them to meet in their respective wards and townships throughout the State and elect delegates to a State Convention, which is being held in Masonic Temple in Trenton to-day. Prominent speakers addressed the convention on the issues of the day. The call read as follows:

FELLOW CITIZENS:—The time approaches when we shall be called upon to vote upon the issues of the campaign now pending before the people of the United States. We should bear in mind that the exercise of the elective franchise carries with it the responsibilities of American citizenship, and that no citizen should undertake to exercise that right without a thoughtful consideration as to the proper mode and our power as a factor in State and national politics lies in the fact of a wise exercise of a free and untrammelled ballot.

Aside from the great national issues, we have interests peculiar to us as citizens of the State of New Jersey; and it seems that the time is now ripe for action on our part. Let us, therefore, assemble ourselves together in a State Convention to devise means looking toward the advancement of our people in this State.

To the friends of the party with which we have affiliated we have never had representation commensurate with the strength of our vote. This, perhaps, is due to the fact that we have not heretofore made known our demands upon the party. The opportunity is now presented to us; let us speak in no uncertain sound. The colored voters of the North Ward of this city are called upon to meet together and by taking counsel together may determine the best way to use that power for the good of the party and to the advantage of our people.

The colored voters of Northern States are brotherly aroused to their interests, and the colored voters of New Jersey should not be unmindful of their duty.

The call was signed by Charles N. Robinson, chairman of the committee.

Of Interest to Wheelmen.

It is rumored that Zimmerman will retire from the path at the end of this season.

The Manhattan Athletic Club Wheelmen will hold a ten-mile race on election day.

The Business Men's Cycling League of Newark are talking of building a new club house.

The fifty-mile Scottish championship meet, to be August 27 and 28, was won by R. A. Vogel in 2 hours, 36 minutes, 36 2-5 seconds.

A colored young man, who evidently thinks to be up to the times he must have his bicycle a more pronounced hue than black, has painted it a yellow that he horrible to ought to be muzzled.

The Wheelmen's Racing League held their annual road race Saturday afternoon over the Cranford-Rahway course. The distance was fifteen miles. Only three clubs, the King's County Wheelmen, Brooklyn Bicycle Club and Harlem Wheelmen, competed in Saturday's race. It was the deciding race of the series of two contests. The handsome silver trophies offered by the organization, and naturally provoked great interest among the cyclers of Union and Essex County Wheelmen were the favorites, having covered 28 points in the last race. In Saturday's race some of their best men were absent, but, nevertheless, they won handily.

Bluevelt of the Brooklyn Ramblers won in 46 minutes, 22 seconds. McLean, of the Kings County Wheelmen, was 2d, 55 seconds, with M. H. Phillips, R. C. W., 3d; time, 46 minutes, 25 seconds. F. G. MacDonald, K. C. W., fourth; time, 46 minutes, 38 seconds; U. Paige, K. C. W., fifth; time, 46 minutes, 56 seconds.

The King's County Wheelmen scored 28 points, the Brooklyn Ramblers 28 points, and the Harlem Wheelmen 17 points.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

MAY STOP THE SHOW.

Byrnes and Corbett Will Disagree if there is any Slugging.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12—(Special.)—Over 100 policemen will be at the Madison Square Garden to-night, and if there is any slugging in the Corbett entertainment the police will take a hand and stop it.

Can't Use Fire Island.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12 (Special.)—Judge *Barnard has decided against the Fire* Island plan. The passengers can not be landed there. There is rejoicing on the island.

$250,000 Fire in Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 12. (Special.)—Several hotels and the State Printing House were burned to-day. Loss $250,000.

Doane & Van Arsdale Dissolve Partnership.

On Friday, Sept. 9th, Mr. M. C. Van Arsdale sold out his interest in the shoe business to Mr. Seely Edsall and thus dissolved the well-known partnership of Doane & Van Arsdale.

As above will be out between the two stores, which adjoin each other.

The best always . . . costs . . .

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

A little more than the poorest.

We Cannot Give You A House and Lot,

But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish the Material as low as consistent with first-class and material.

Estimates furnished free of charge.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

Painters and Decorators, 29 East Front street.

Legal Advertisements.

PREROGATIVE COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY.

In the Matter of the Estate of Job Mate, deceased. } Order to Limit Time.

Upon application made to me for that purpose, by John W. Harrison and Silas R. Pope, administrators of the estate of Job Mate, late of the township of Warren, in the county of Somerset in this State, deceased, I do hereby on this seventh day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, order the said John W. Harrison and Silas R. Pope as such administrators to give public notice to the creditors of the estate of said deceased, to bring in their debts, demands and claims against the same, under oath within nine months from the date of this order, by setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places of the township of Warren in the County of Union, for the space of two months, and advertising the same for the like period in "The Plainfield Evening News," one of the newspapers of this State, that they may be given and advertised within twenty days from the date hereof, and to continued for two months. ALEX. T. MCGILL, 9 12 w8w Ordinary.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

John W. Harrison and Silas R. Pope, administrators of the estate of Job Mate, deceased, by direction of the Ordinary of the State of New Jersey, hereby give notice to the creditors of the said Job Mate, to bring in their debts, demands and claims against the estate of the said deceased, under oath, within nine months from this date or they will be forever barred of any action thereafter against the said administrators.

JOHN W. HARRISON,
ELIAS R. POPE,
Administrators.

Dated Sept. 7th, 1892. 9 12 w

MR. A. VENINO,

Teacher of Piano and Composition, will now resume instructions.

For studios of hours and terms address P. O. Box 264, Plainfield. 10 1w

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, HOLB LESSEE AND MANAGER.

: Saturday Evening, Sept. 17th, :

A Great Production. GEORGE PECK'S Monster Melodramatic Spectacle,

UNDER THE LION'S PAW.

With a strong cast, tons of scenery, and introducing, in the Menagerie Scene, Col. R. D. Rogers and Mill Carlotta, and their 7 Nubian Lions, frolicking with the children, in a Massive Steel Cage. Playing at one saw, playing ball, rolling hoops, drawing chariots, skipping rope, saying prayers, forming pyramids, and many other acts with human characteristics.

Seats on Sale at Central Pharmacy.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS, PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC. WINTER AND FALL BLANKS.

They also have a big stock of PARLOR HEATERS, New Styles. Your Cheap.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Great Men's Fathers.

A writer in the Globe-Democrat has been making some researches about the fathers of famous men that almost go to show us it is necessary to have a father belonging to very poor common trash in order to be great one's own self. Probably the contrast makes the son show up better. Many of the great men cited were the sons of day laborers. Pope Adrian's ancestry on the father's side was a shade humbler yet, he being the son of a beggar. Charles Lamb is described as a "servant's son." Socrates was indebted for the uncommonly homely countenance he carried through life to his father, a common day laborer. Taiers, the gentleman and aristocratic swell, historian, statesman and president of France, was the son of a man who did odd jobs as a lock tinkerer and mender.

Then there was the great Martin Luther, who changed the theology of half the Christian world, the son of a humble peasant and woodcutter. Thomas Paine's father made women's corsets for a living and taught his son the same trade. Perhaps the reaction from this straitlaced occupation caused the son to sport the stays of his thought and break out as an uncorseted free thinker. The famous soldier, Marshal Soult, was the son of a peasant farmer. The father of the poet Virgil was a slave and a porter. He could not, therefore, have been a sleeping car porter, or his son would never have had to write poetry for a living.

Numbers of the great men have had sailors either for fathers or grandfathers. No man of his day was so beautiful as the poet Goethe, so than carried in face, manner and bearing the marks of such unmistakable aristocratic lineage. "He looked like a young god," said Schiller of him. As he lay dead in his coffin, past eighty years old, this look of dazzling, royal beauty still enchained the beholders. Yet Goethe was the grandson of a tailor and was ashamed of it. We are told. Gainsborough, the pet and painter of the British nobility, was the son of a tailor. Ben Franklin's father was a soap boiler, yet no nobleman at the French court has such polished and fascinating manners as he. *If your father was only poor enough* and low down enough in the social scale, perhaps you will stand a fair chance of being a great man.

Bogus Matrimonial Intentions.

Sociologists declare every now and then that women are growing averse to marriage. Well, the way in which women continue to read the fraudulent matrimonial advertisements and likewise get caught and swindled does not look like it—it does not really. Recent developments have shown that three scoundrels in Philadelphia have been making a living, more or less fat, according to the woman plucked for the time being, by advertising for wives. The number of widows and single women with waning hopes who were caught by these precious rascals is something astonishing. The ladies bit as eagerly as a bluefish snapping at a bare hook.

Her confiding nature is, according to the novelists, woman's stronghold. It was by appealing to this sweet, confiding streak in the feminine makeup that the trio got in their work. They advertised that an elderly gentleman of means wanted a refined lady, "of some means also, for a wife. Forgetful of the great truth that any man, elderly or young, who has money can get a wife near at hand any day without advertising for her, the ladies poured in their tender effusions by the score, expressing their willingness then and there to take on themselves matrimonial chains. They *gave their money to the old fellow who* was going to marry them and of course never saw it again. Apparently women do not read the right column of the newspapers, or they would know such advertisements are always swindles.

Almost anything will do as an excuse for committing suicide when a person has made up his mind, but the most far away reason yet recorded is that of Carl Axelson, a New York man, who killed himself because his wife presented him *with a girl baby. If Carl had only* weathered the storm of his disappointment until that girl baby was grown, she might have become a schoolmistress or a pretty typewriter and supported him handsomely in his old age. A good many spunky old fathers are quite as much of a disappointment to their grown daughters as the daughters when they were girl babies ever were to the fathers.

The Japanese are overcrowded in their pretty country and want to colonize in Mexico. It is said that 200,000 of them will settle in our sister republic if suitable concessions of land can be made. Thus, as always, Asia colonizes the west. It is to be hoped the gentle Japs will come. They can give lessons to this whole continent in courteous manners, good behavior and personal cleanliness skill. They would be a valuable accession to any country, if all the travelers say of them is true.

The worst enemy of the human race is the person who tells you a mean thing somebody else has said about you just because he thinks you ought to know it."

WORK FOR OUR BIG GUNS

We May, Perhaps, Have a Go at England's Warships.

ADMIRAL WALKER'S SECRET CRUISE.

He Is Ordered to Venezuela with His Squadron to Pursue a Rigorous Course in Dealing with the Situation as Regards Great Britain's Aggressiveness.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—There are good reasons for believing that the sealed instructions which were today delivered to Admiral Walker on board the Chicago intrust ed him with a mission more important, perhaps, than any that has been confided to an American naval officer in recent years.

The protracted conference which President Harrison held with Acting Secretary of State Adee on his recent visit to Washington; the long consultation between Secretary of the Navy Tracy and Mr. Adee which followed; and Admiral Walker's instructions were finally agreed upon; *the carefully worded official statement given out* through the United Press that Admiral Walker "was directed to pursue a vigorous course in dealing with the situation, especially in connection with foreign aggression," all take on new significance when it is stated that Admiral Walker's mission to La Guayra with his squadron will be to proffer the friendly intervention of the United States to the Venezuelan authorities, whoever they may be by the time he arrives out there, for the purpose of preventing the final absorption of Venezuelan territory by Great Britain, and further, to *use his powerful influence to get the status quo* to boundaries as it existed prior to 1877, and to obtain consent for the submission to arbitration of the question of title to the territory in dispute between the two governments.

The keynote of the whole expedition is to be found in the following extract from a dispatch addressed by Mr. Adee before the resignation of the state department portfolio by Mr. Peraza, the Venezuelan minister to Washington:

The Keynote of the Expedition.

The Hon. Mr. Blaine is already aware that agents of the government of Great Britain have been for some months actively engaged on the port of Barima, at the mouth of the Orinoco, which up to that time had been possessed by Venezuela, whose title to it was indisputable. It is only necessary to cast a glance at the map of South America in order to see the vast importance of this aggressive step of Great Britain. When a European maritime power has once obtained a foothold at Barima it absolutely controls the Orinoco river and its numerous affluents. Though that artery is by no means as large as the Rio de la Plata, Venezuela is therefore not the only American republic that is at the mercy of the naval power that gains control of the Orinoco river.

Colombia, Peru, Bolivia, Brazil, the Argentine Republic and Uruguay are likewise at its mercy. This is a consideration which touches Venezuela alone; it threatens all America, and is perhaps more serious than the possession of Cuba, Canada or Hawaii. The latter, for instance, it would render nugatory the efforts which, through its initiative, the United States government, are now being made by the nations of America to draw closer their family bonds, to unify their interests and to have one and the same destiny in future. All these aspirations might be rendered fruitless by the presence and control in the Orinoco of so formidable a naval power as is Great Britain. Her vessels would enter the mouth of that river and would carry to the great continent of production, her ideas and her exclusive interests.

Mr. Peraza, on behalf of the Venezuelan government, earnestly and almost pathetically begged *the United States* government to intervene to prevent the republic from final dismember, and to secure the submission to arbitration of the questions in dispute with Great Britain.

England's Encroachments.

The encroachments which thus culminated had been long pursued. On Nov. 26, 1887, the legislature of Demerara, by direct instigation, as it appears, of the queen's proctor under instructions from the colonial office, passed an act asserting British jurisdiction over the gold mining district of Cuyuni, at the head waters of the Yuruari river; and on Dec. 31 of the same year the governor of British Guiana issued a decree denying the validity of a grant made by the Venezuelan government for a railroad to Guacipati, a city in the Caratal district, on the ground that it passed "in and over certain territories claimed and forming part of the colony of British Guiana."

This assumption was referred to at the time by Secretary Bayard, in a dispatch to our minister in London, as one which "necessarily gives rise to grave disquietude and creates an apprehension that the territorial claim does not follow historical traditions or evidence, but is apparently indefinite," and Mr. Bayard authorized Minister Phelps to express to Lord Salisbury "apprehension that the widening pretensions of British Guiana to possess territory over which Venezuelan jurisdiction has never heretofore been disputed" might not "oblige the good disposition of the United States to aid in a settlement to give place to a feeling of grave concern."

Nevertheless, the British colonial authorities lost no time in perfecting their usurpation. An armed force was dispatched to the Yuruari region and took possession without resistance, the Venezuelan inhabitants barely numbering a hundred, all the rest of the men at the mines being English.

The Venezuelan minister at this period, who was *Mr. Olavarria, writing from Paris* to Secretary Bayard, very pointedly said:

Bayard's Warning.

With these facts before you your excellency must be convinced that the British government in such proceedings follows a preconceived plan of seizing parts of gaining possession in the shortest time possible of the whole of the territory of Venezuela bordering on the most important of southern rivers. Already this movement is no longer concealed under pretended boundary rights; it is no longer confined to the capricious lines mapped out by adventurous engineers upon the charts of that important region in obedience to the whims of the day that England has at last declared emphatically that her rights are without limit, and embrace what ever regions she may suggest to her by her insatiable thirst for conquest.

She even goes so far as to deny the validity of railway grants comprised within territory where not even the wildest dreams of fancy had ever conceived that the day would come when Venezuela's rights thereto could be disputed. The fact is that until now England has refused upon impending; she rebuffs us a week and unfriendly nation, and seeks to make the Venezuelan coast and territories the base of a conquest which, if circumstances are not altered, will have no other bounds than the dominion of her own will.

Returning to the post of duty at Washington Mr. Olavarria again addressed Mr. Bayard Feb. 20, 1888, as follows:

Disastrous and fatal consequences would ensue for the independence of South America if under the pretext of a question of boundaries Great Britain should succeed in consummating the occupation of a third part of our territory, and therewith a river so important as the Orinoco. Under the pretext of a mere question of boundaries, which began on the banks of the Essequibo, we now find ourselves on the verge of losing regions lying more than 6 degs. away from that river, and under the same pretext a stride has been made from Cape Nassau to the estuary of the island of Barima, at the mouth of the Orinoco.

I greatly rely on the friendly and disinterested offices of the government of the United States, but in the supposition that the British government will continue to regard the case as a simple question of frontiers, and will keep on protesting that she is operating within her territory, it seems to me to respectfully suggest to your excellency that the opportunity has come for the government of the United States, in view of the recent occurrences, to regard the question under a different aspect which will allow of a speedy and definite settlement through the means of its effective intervention.

The "Different Aspect."

This "different aspect" appears now to be taken by our government, and Admiral Walker has been charged with the mission of bringing about the "effective intervention." The progressive character of British claims in Venezuela is shown by a dispatch from our minister there, Mr. Scruggs, dated Caracas, April 25, 1890, in which he says:

The recent occupation by a British police force of a large area of territory south and west of the limits hitherto claimed by England as the boundary of her Guianan possessions is creating great apprehension here.

It will be remembered that Venezuela has steadily maintained since 1836 that the Essequibo river is the limit of British possessions. It will be remembered also that in the earlier stages of the controversy England claimed only to the Pomaron. Subsequently she extended her claim westward to the gulf of Morajuana and southward to the river Guipia. Later on, taking advantage of the unsettled political condition of the country, she further extended her claims first to the river Barima, then to Barima Barima (including the fertile island of that name), and finally southward up the main channel of the Orinoco delta as far as Amacura, the starting point from westward of what is known as the Schomburgk line.

Never, I believe, until quite recently has England claimed this line as the southern boundary of her colonial possessions. On the contrary she has more than once explicitly disclaimed any such pretension. Yet she now not only occupies the entire territory north of this line, but has taken possession of the territory south of it. More than this, she now lays claim to almost the entire territory north of the Caroni and east of the Orinoco below the mouth of the Caroni. This includes of course the vast territory of Yuruari, wherein are situated the rich and productive gold mines of Caratal and Collos.

Of course the Venezuelan government is not prepared to resist these bold encroachments, otherwise they would hardly be attempted. The government here has been endeavoring for more than six months past to re-establish diplomatic relations, restore the status quo of 1887 and have the question of boundary submitted to arbitration, but without the slightest prospect of success. The British government makes it a condition that Venezuela relinquish her claim to all territory north of the Schomburgk line, and that arbitration be limited to disputed territory south of that line.

We Will Outclass England's Ships.

The restoration of diplomatic relations between Venezuela and Great Britain has recently been brought about through the good offices of Minister Lincoln during the closing days of the Salisbury government, but further British encroachments stopped. As our minister to Venezuela subsequently reported, "The vital point in dispute, namely the command of the great mouth of the Orinoco, is precisely the one which Great Britain now refuses to submit to friendly arbitration."

It may be that with a powerful United States squadron in the harbor of LaGuyra, under the command of an admiral specially instructed to aid and assist to the full extent of his power, Venezuela may be able to renew the overtures for arbitration to better purpose. It does will at least be easy so far as the display of physical force is concerned. Immediately after the consummation of the seizure of Barima the British authorities ordered three war steamers of their Barbadoes squadron—Bellerophon, Emerald and Partridge—to rendezvous in Demerara waters for the supposed purpose of intimidating Venezuela and securing acquiescence in the seizure. Admiral Walker's three cruisers—Chicago, Concord and Kearsarge—will very neatly offset the British squadron and will just a little outclass them.

New Walking Dress.

The accompanying design shows a very neat and becoming walking dress of serge. The skirt just touches the ground, and is pleated behind and edged with two sets of braid in rows. The bodice is tight-fitting behind, where it forms two points. The fronts are loose and open over an open vest with revers, which is worn with linen front and collar. Coat sleeves raised in the shoulders.

Dynamite in Rome.

ROME, Sept. 12.—A dynamite bomb was exploded under the office of a news agency in Bologne today. The office was wrecked and a reporter was injured severely. Although there is a police station in the next building, the dynamiter was not seen at his work, and no trace of him has been found.

A Bad Blaze in Pittston.

PITTSTON, Pa., Sept. 12.—The Twin mine shaft and five dwellings were destroyed by fire. The fire department and many citizens fought the flames for five hours before they could be extinguished. The loss will aggregate $70,000, and three hundred miners are thrown out of work.

A Big Strike Inevitable.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—It is the opinion of Chicago railroad men that a general strike on the Reading is inevitable.

SCARED BY THE PLAGUE

Fire Island Rises en Masse to Resist the Health Officials.

THE TORCH AND WAR THREATENED

The Inhabitants Will Appeal to the Courts to Prevent the Place from Being Used as a Refuge for the Passengers of the Infected Steamers in New York Harbor.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—There is no cholera in New York yet, but there have been two deaths and three new cases among the cholera stricken steamships in the lower quarantine station. These were all among the steerage passengers on board the Hamburg steamship Scandia, the last ship to drop its anchor among the infected fleet. There were no deaths from or new cases of cholera on the Normannia, Rugia, Moravia or Wyoming, or on Swinburne or Hoffman islands. The patients in the hospitals are said to be doing very well.

The cabin passengers of the Normannia, who were taken from that ship and on board the steamer Stonington on Saturday, were transferred to the steamer Cephens of the Iron Steamship company. They had been aboard the Stonington, anchored inside the Horseshoe, off Sandy Hook, all night. It was discovered, however, that the stonington was not in fit condition to go down to Fire Island. She was not seaworthy, and her machinery had got out of order.

The Cephens undertook to take the passengers to Fire Island, but she was unable to cross the bar last night and came back to Sandy Hook horseshoe and anchored there for the night. The Normannia's passengers were transferred back to the *stating ice*, as there were no sleeping accommodations on the Cephens, and she had a very limited supply of provisions. They will go back to the Cephens and proceed at once for Fire Island.

Fire Islanders Object.

When the news reached Great South bay that D. S. S. Sammis had sold his hotel, cottages and interest in the land on Fire Island to the state, to be used as a temporary quarantine for cabin passengers coming from cholera infected ships, every person in the towns along the shore was agog with excitement.

In the town of Islip an indignation meeting was held after the local board of health had concluded its extra session, called to consider the danger they imagined threatened the community.

In Babylon the people gathered about the corners, in saloons and drug stores, and the one topic of conversation was, as they styled it, the "saddling of cholera off upon the people of the adjoining town."

A report was started, and gained credence as it was carried about the village, that a party was organizing to start at once for Fire island to burn all the buildings there which might be used for quarantine purposes by the authorities.

Even with the cooler headed citizens the excitement was intense. *In many of the* private residences neighbors met to discuss what they feared was a dread visitation, and by others the action of Health Officer Jenkins, Governor Flower, and all who in any way were concerned in the purchase of Fire island.

At the sending of this dispatch affairs are assuming a serious aspect, as the sympathizers with the local board of health have been considering the feasibility of cutting off all telegraphic communication between Fire island and the city. The men from Islip and other points on the main shore appear to have decided to lid defiance to the bidding of Governor Flower and the instructions of the state board of health.

Will Fight in the Court.

A big meeting was held in Arcsaum hall in Bay Shore, where it was resolved to fight the matter to an end. Supervisor Young, of the village health board, presided at the meeting, which was taken part in by many of the prominent men of the village. Moderation was favored by the speakers, but the laymen assert that they will meet force with force. They are determined in their stand, and if present plans are carried out, a battle may be fought on Fire Island sands should the passengers insist on landing.

Fleets of boats are lying at the wharves of the different villages ready to start for the scene of threatened hostilities as soon as the signal is given.

The present plans are to divide the forces into two divisions, under the command of Josiah Robbins, of Babylon, Ex-Constable Benjamin is to have command of the first division and Constable George Towns of the second. The steamboat Eclipse is under steam at the Bay Shore dock and will take a squad of the Bay men to the island.

At the meeting in Bay Shore it was asserted that a number of years ago a special act was passed exempting all Long Island and Staten Island from quarantine stations. County Judge Wilmot M. Smith and Lawyer E. G. Fischel left for New York to try and secure an injunction restraining the health authorities from taking possession of the island.

Not Dying Out in Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Sept. 12.—Expectations as to the abatement of the cholera plague have not been realized. There have been 798 fresh cases and 381 deaths. The number of persons in cholera hospitals and barracks is 3,289. A city physician says that the average rate of mortality has been two cases in every five.

Switzerland's First Case.

BERNE, Sept. 12.—The first case of Asiatic cholera in Switzerland was found today at Bohrschach, on Lake Constance.

A Young Woman's Fearful Death.

CAMELOT, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Miss Elizabeth Powell, a beautiful woman twenty-one years old, was struck and killed while attending the races and betting on the lading horses, smashed the heavy plate glass window of Hallett's jewelry store with a brick, grabbed a tray of diamond rings valued at $1,000 and escaped.

Wilcox in Power Again.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 12.—The French cruiser Dubourdieu, from Honolulu, brings news from Hawaii that Wilcox has succeeded in gaining his old position of leader of the government.

The Engineer Killed.

SPRINGTOWN, N. J., Sept. 12.—Henry Lott, engineer, of Phillipsburg, N. J., was killed and Harry Billany, engineer, of Church Chunk, was injured in a collision here.

"WOMAN IS QUEEN & A BOX" of Science MEDICAL SCIENCE has achieved a great triumph in the production of BEECHAM'S PILLS which will cure Sick Headache and all Nervous Disorders arising from Impaired Digestion, Constipation and Disordered Liver; and they will quickly restore women to complete health. Viewed with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating. Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

BABY : LAUGHS when mamma uses

ANTI-CHAP.

For children and infants. There is no preparation so cleansing and healthful for the little ones as Anti-Chap.

Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with ANTI-CHAP POWDER.

Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

We are making extensive preparations for our Fall Opening of our Millinery Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly so well and favorably known to the Trade of Plainfield.

GRANITE IRON WARE.

We shall continue our Special Sale of this excellent ware another week. There is Everything that housekeepers want, and you only pay about half the regular price.

A COMBINATION BARGAIN.

2½ yards 60-in Damask Table Linen, 50 1.25
2 doz Damask Towels, 25 .50
3 yards Extra Heavy Crash, 13 .39
Total, $2.14

You buy all these for $1.00. This is the best linen bargain ever offered.

FALL DRESS GOODS.

Special Attention is called to our new line of Dress Goods. 'Tis the finest assortment we have ever displayed, and our prices are right. That line of Storm Serges that we are selling for fifty cents will interest you.

VanEmburgh & White

BEACH'S

Celebrated PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

HOME MADE White Bread. Gluten Bread. Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Pastry, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPES and CRAB APPLE JELLIES. Home made and extra nice. Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday dessert on or before Saturday morning.

M. S. BEACH'S,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

CLEARING OUT SALE OF SUMMER CLOTHING AT

WERNER'S - CLOTHING - HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.

I can't fail to drop in and see our EXTRAORDINARY Bargains, as we must dispose of our Summer stock to make room for Fall and Winter goods.

NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Cologna Maker, who is now at work making the finest cologna in this city. If you are fond of cologna stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies LOOMIS & RICE 49 B'DWAY

ARE YOU GOING TO EUROPE?

Tickets on any line, to or from any port, at rates as cheap as in New York. Prepaid tickets, and drafts for sale by Henry D. Morrison, agent, 11 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

Tickets for any Steamer—All Lines.

CARRIAGES and HARNESS of Every Description.

STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

Accessable at Any Time.

RYERSON, 38 SOMERSET STREET.

FRED. W. DUNN, Successor to Barkalew & Dunn, 18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Fine Groceries.

THREE HEF TEA

FALL SHAPES IN DERBY HATS.

A. M. SEGUINE, PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Hallock & Davis 5 West Front Street.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt

COAL and WOOD, E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Offices—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

Cleaner Coal! L. A. Rheaume, Ag't, 50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for put coal, which he firmly believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

OFFER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes ever kept in stock.

HOUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for "Turning and Scroll Sawing," and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard, Manufacturers of Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc. Corner Madison avenue and Third street. SCROLL SAWING, TURNING. Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 13 ly

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY, Ladies' Furnishing Store, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grapevines, and shrubs. 30 7

H. N. SPENCER, 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and seedsman. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Annandale dairy. 1 lb. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in season.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Manufacturers of the Best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizer.

P. O. Box 503 Telephone call 39.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—1:05, 8:40, a. m., 11:40, 3:05, 4:30 p. m.
Close—8:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:45, 4:00, 6:00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:30 a. m., 1:15, 6:00p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:00 to 10:00 a. m.
Mail closes at 9:30 a. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

NINE KILLED IN A WRECK.

A Deadly Collision in a Fog on the Fitchburg Railroad.

FIFTY PASSENGERS BADLY INJURED

One of the Coaches Telescoped and the Inmates Crushed as in a Vise—The Engineer Says He Saw no Signals Displayed to Warn Him of Danger.

BOSTON, Sept. 12.—The horror of the great Quincy accident was recalled when a through freight express train, westbound on the Fitchburg railroad, ran into a passenger train standing on the outbound track at West Cambridge junction, telescoping the rear car, killing six persons outright and injuring nearly forty others, three of whom have since died. The car which they occupied, was completely wrecked by the freight locomotive, which plowed nearly half way through the solid timbers.

The engine was almost hidden by the roof and sides of the telescoped car, and was stained with the blood of the unfortunate passengers.

Death came upon them with awful suddenness. There was no chance to escape, and when the rescuers entered the car they found a dense mass of humanity, crushed and packed into the forward end of the car. It was an awful sight.

A pair of legs hung from the front of the engine and the rest of the poor man's body was ground to mincemeat beneath the wheels. Pressed close to the hot sides of the engine were other victims, who, thus imprisoned, slowly roasted to death. Their shrieks for help drowned the groans of others, but there was no way to reach them. Fortunately the passengers were not broken, so this horror was not added to the calamity.

Had this occurred the list of the dead must have been quadrupled, for in front and all around the engine human bodies were wedged in so tightly that none could have escaped the deadly vapor. They were also spared the awful effects of fire. Only those who were pressed against the locomotive were burned or scalded. The others were injured by the terrible pressure when the engine filled the interior of the passenger car.

In a Dense Fog.

So far as can be learned the passenger train was two or three minutes late, and waited on the main line for the inward passenger train to leave the branch. The freight train should have passed an hour and a half before, and Conductor Woodfall supposed it had gone. But he ordered his rear brakeman to take a red light and go to the rear as usual when the inward train left the branch.

The engineer of the outward train whistled for the brakeman to come in and he obeyed. While he was on his way back to the train the Erie freight came along at a thirty-two mile gait. A dense fog hid everything within ten feet of the ground, and Engineer Goodwin, of the freight train, did not see the brakeman or the passenger train until he was close upon them. He did not see the switch light at West Cambridge station, and that was set for him to go ahead. There was a fierce blast from the engine when the call for brakes was given.

Freight Brakeman Raymond was crushed while he was responding to the call for brakes. Fire broke out among the freight cars, but was quickly extinguished. The injured passengers were all removed in an hour.

As soon as the accident occurred word was sent by telephone to the various police stations in Boston, Somerville and Cambridge asking for surgeons. Among those who quickly responded were Drs. McCarthy and Dwyer, of Cambridge.

The train dispatcher's office in Boston was notified at once. Superintendent Adams was quickly on hand and gave instructions to have all the medical assistance available sent by special train. Dr. W. A. Dunn and Dr. Collins, both of the North End, went out on a special train, but owing to the fact that a man was forced to run on foot in advance to the city the train was slow in reaching its destination.

On arrival six of the bodies had been removed from the debris and were laid out in the West Cambridge passenger station.

No Signals or Flagman.

Engineer Goodwin, of the freight train, is in Cambridge hospital suffering from a bad shaking up, but is not seriously injured. He says:

"I was running this trip last night as a matter of accommodation for a man who wanted to be off. It was the Erie freight and was very heavy. We were two hours late leaving Boston and had the right of way. Everything was all right until we got to West Cambridge. The signals were all right beyond the station for us to have the track.

"We were going about twenty miles an hour, when I saw the signals were all right I whistled, and immediately after saw the rear end of the passenger train. I threw on my air and disobeyed them.

"As soon as I saw the signals on the rear of the passenger train I reversed the engine, but the momentum of the freight carried it into the passenger train. Fireman Eugene Alexander and I stuck by our engine. I saw no signal or flagman on the track whatever."

The passenger cars, other than the rear one, were not very much injured, but the shock to the occupants was only a little less severe than that sustained by those in the last car.

It is believed that had all the cars on the freight been as solidly constructed as the two forward ones the locomotive would have run through three or three passenger coaches at least, but as it was the crushed freight cars acted as a sort of cushion and lessened the force of the shock.

As soon as the crash came there was at once a wild rush to get out of the cars. Frantic men and women rushed about in a purposeless way, shrieking and moaning. Those who were in the station and residents of the vicinity gathered with surprising rapidity. All along the track these people ran to and fro, scarcely knowing what to do.

Most of those on the passenger train were residents of places on the Watertown branch, and nearly all were working people. Medical Examiner Sawin arrived shortly after the accident and examined the contents of the pockets of the dead in order to discover some means of identification.

While this and scene was being witnessed in the railroad station a throng of persons, actuated chiefly by curiosity, hovered around the wreck outside. A fire was started on the side of the road, which cast a weird light upon the surroundings.

The work of attending to the wants of the numerous sufferers was quickly began. Vehicles of all descriptions were pressed into service and began hurriedly to trace port the injured to the Cambridge City hospital.

The doctors were greatly aided by the women of the West Cambridge district, who braved the horrors of the scene in the depot to make bandages and bring water and stimulants to the injured and dying.

There was one heartrending scene enacted. A young man, accompanied by one of the railroad squad, pushed his way into the undertaker's rooms and said that he was looking for his father. A body was uncovered and the man gazed upon the disfigured face as though stunned.

Gasping "That's him," he burst into tears. He proved to be the son of John Hudson, who was early taken from the wreck. This case is a particularly sad one, as the unfortunate man leaves a widow and eight children.

The Killed and Injured.

The Killed—S. J. Sullivan, 58, a pawnbroker, of Boston; Leon O. Raymond, of Cambridge, a brakeman on the freight train; John Hudson, 51, of Watertown, leaves a wife and eight children; James Dane, of East Watertown; John H. Barnes, Maple street, Newton; Miss Retta Feyler, of Waltham; Benjamin Tuck, an old man of Waltham, died on the way to Cambridge hospital; Miss Margerie Adams, of Waltham, a watch factory employee, died at hospital; H. H. Marrifield, of Watertown, died at his home.

The Injured—Cornelius Doyle, of Waltham, probably fatal; John Reagan, of Watertown, not serious but painful; Frank Mills, of Watertown; Andrew Doyle, of Watertown; Edmond Doyle, son of above; G. M. Spear, of Waltham; Thomas O'Connell, of Waltham; Fred Warren, of Waltham; Robert Orr, of Newton; Thomas Hinds, of Waltham; Herbert P. Goodwin, engineer of the colliding freight train, not serious; Mary Dardis, of Watertown; Eleanor O'Hearn; Florence E. Park, of Boston; Kate White, of Cambridge; G. S. Murphy; William O'Hearn, of Watertown; Peter Whitney, of Watertown; John McFee, of Watertown; Patrick Oates, of Watertown; Patrick Downey; Thomas E. Berry; George Good; Mrs. Fahey; James Smith; C. S. Hall; Mrs. George Wright, of Cambridge; Mary Ann Elliott, of Newton; Harry Elliott, of Newton; Thomas Lenon, of Newton; Thomas Leanon, of East Watertown; John Mullin, of Watertown; Michael Mullin, of Watertown; Mrs. Steven; Mrs. Welch, of, Watertown; Richard Hollis, of Watertown.

VERMONT'S ELECTION.

The Republican Majority Over All Will Be About 18,000.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Sept. 12.—Returns received from all of the 245 towns in the state, except Croton and Stannard, Caledonia county, give Fuller (Rep.), 38,646; Smalley (Dem.), 19,115; Allen (Pro.), 1,479; scattering, 281. The same towns in 1888 gave Dillingham (Rep.), 48,339; Shurtleff (Dem.), 19,456; all others, 1,374. In 1890, Page (Rep.), 33,307; Brigham (Dem.), 19,230; all others, 1,512. Assuming that the vote of the two towns not heard from is relatively the same as those reported, Fuller's majority over Smalley is 19,625, and over all 17,900 in the whole state. Comparing the vote with 1888, the Republican loss is 9,678, and the Democratic loss 341. Comparing with 1890, the Republican gain is 5,539 and the Democratic loss 124.

The returns show forty-four Democratic representatives elected, nineteen less than in 1890, and two citizens' candidates. Richmond, a Republican town, ballots to send the foreman, when Thomas Hently (Dem.) was elected.

Peck's Figures and Names.

ALBANY, Sept. 12.—A local paper announced that Commissioner Peck had resigned and that the resignation had been requested by Governor Flower. Mr. Peck was seen at his home and said: "The report is perfectly ridiculous. I have no intentions of resigning and nobody has mentioned such a thing to me. You may say that there is no truth in it." It is said that Mr. Peck's counsel will try and secure a delay at Kingston this afternoon, and that even if Judge Furcman gets out a writ of peremptory mandamus allowing E. Ellery Anderson to look over Mr. Peck's figures a restraining order will be immediately issued by some other judge in the supreme court.

Joseph by Acclamation.

SANTA FE, N. M., Sept. 12.—In the territorial Democratic convention Anthony Joseph, who for eight years has represented the territory in congress, was renominated by acclamation.

Hill on the Campaign.

ALBANY, Sept. 12.—Senator David B. Hill was asked whether he had arranged to speak in Brooklyn this week and replied, "I have made no arrangements to make a speech there."

THE GRAND ARMY ENCAMPMENT.

Nearly 55,000 Veterans Will Be Housed in Free Quarters.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—This day week the twenty-sixth national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic will commence in this city, and as the time approaches the grandeur of the meet can easily be noted. The committee on accommodations has its books up to date, and every available foot of free quarters has been assigned to posts which applied for them up to Sept. 1. They show that almost 55,000 veterans will be housed in the free quarters.

The grand reception to be given in the pension office promises to be a magnificent affair. An elaborate programme has been arranged, which includes a number of selections by the United States Marine band and an address by the president. The work of illuminating the avenue has been commenced and is being pushed forward rapidly.

Exploding Ether Causes Many Deaths.

PARIS, Sept. 12.—Two persons lost their lives and five others were perhaps fatally injured during an explosion of ether vapors at 25 Rue Buffon. The explosion set fire to the house, and the flames devoured the building with such haste that the inmates were burned to death and five others are in a critical condition.

Mother and Daughter Suicide.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 12.—Mrs. Cora Targetta, a widow, aged thirty years, and her daughter Ethel, aged eleven, were found dead in bed. Four gas burners were turned on and a full head of the room was tightly closed to prevent the gas from escaping.

A Chinese Mission Mobbed.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 12.—In the north western part of Sse-Chuen the natives became convinced recently that the drought was caused by the Protestant missionaries. They mobbed the mission and maltreated Mr. Turner, the clergyman in charge, and his wife.

An Apology to Evicted Tenants.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—Farmer Richardson, who lives near Cork, has made a public apology for lending his threshing machine to assist bailiffs who had evicted his tenants. The apology is addressed to the evicted tenants.

"Accommodating."

He pressed the goat and the buttin did the rest.—Life.

Her Sensation.

Miss Seventeen—And so you are married at last, dear, after all these years! How new it must seem! Didn't you feel embarrassed a little while the ceremony was being performed?

Mrs. Thirty-eight (faintly)—No, dear, not embarrassed; only just relieved.—Somerville Journal.

Consoling.

Jester—There is one thing that can be said in favor of Job's illness. He wasn't confined to the house.

Quester—How do you know he wasn't confined to the house?

Jester—Because the record says he was continually breaking out.—Boston Courier.

Mrs. Harrison Worse.

LOON LAKE, N. Y., Sept. 12.—There has been an unsatisfactory change in Mrs. Harrison's condition and Dr. Gardner was summoned. He arrived from Washington and will remain here indefinitely.

Drowned in Lake Champlain.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Richard Smith, of New York, the first violin player in the orchestra at Hotel Champlain, Bluff Point, while rowing on Lake Champlain was drowned.

RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.'S
"PERFECT"
Sanitary Heating Furnace
WITH UPWARD RETURN FLUE DOUBLE RADIATOR.
The Most Powerful and Durable Furnace Made.
FOR SALE BY
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Kid Gloves.
4-Button Ladi s' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates 75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black, $1
The "Glady 'English walking gloves, in Tans, Browns $1
8-Button length Suede Mousquetaire, in tans and slates, 85c
Gents' Kid Gloves, $1
Also a full line of
Fall Underwear.
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40 West Front Street

Ice Cream Freezers.
The Automatic,
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Best and quickest crank freezer.
GARDEN HOSE,
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Lawn - Sprinklers.
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A Word to the Public!
OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.
Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. H. Boehm, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of stylish and tasty creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.
Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.
BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

None Such
CONDENSED
Mince Meat
Makes an every-day convenience of an all-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.
MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

2d Hand School Books
Those having
Old School Books
which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in
Before September 5th.
We can make better allowances now than after school opens.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

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25 West Front Street.

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Carpenter
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General Jobber.
SHOP
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Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
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Window Screens made to order.

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First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
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MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
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Carpenters
and Builders.
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PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
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Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona.
P. O. Box 1228
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PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR
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CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
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J. HERRMANN, 6 Sequer street.

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If you are 21 years old $69 90 paid annually for fifteen years would entitle you to $1,000.
If 22 years old, $67.
If 23 years old, $67.10.
If 24 years old, $67.30.
This sum of $1,000 is payable to the insured, if living, at the expiration of fifteen years, or at his death, if prior.
FOR A LIFE POLICY, of $1,000 the annual payments to cease during life, the payments for young men between 21 and 24 are between $18.60 and $20.
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Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

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Wines, Liquors, etc.
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the Large Stock of
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IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : - - - - NOT A SCHEME!
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Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world ant the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.
TELEPHONE 34.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7 14, 7 37, 8 08, 8 14, 8 38, 9 08, 9 37, 10 08, 10 38, 11 08, 11 38 a. m., 12 08 noon, 12 38, 1 08, 1 37, 2 08, 2 38, 3 08, 3 37, 4 08, 4 38, 5 08, 5 37, 6 08, 6 38, 7 08, 8 08, 9 08, 10 08, 11 38 p. m., 12 01 night. Sunday at 7 37, 8 08, 8 38, 9 08, 9 37, 10 08, 10 38, 11 08, 11 38 a. m., 12 38, 1 37, 2 08, 2 38, 3 08, 3 37, 4 08, 4 38, 5 08, 5 37, 6 08, 6 38, 7 08, 8 08, 9 08, 10 08, 11 38 p. m., 12 01 night.

Leave New York at 2 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday at 2 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night.

Leave New York at 2 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday at 2 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 38, 6 38, 7 38, 8 38, 9 38, 10 38, 11 38 a. m., 12 38, 1 38, 2 38, 3 38, 4 38, 5 38, 6 38, 7 38, 8 38, 9 38, 10 38, 11 38 p. m., 12 38 night. Sunday at 8 38, 9 38, 10 38, 11 38 a. m., 12 38, 1 38, 2 38, 3 38, 4 38, 5 38, 6 38, 7 38, 8 38, 9 38, 10 38, 11 38 p. m., 12 38 night.

Leave Newark at 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m., 12 15 night. Sunday at 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m., 12 15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 15, 9 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 3 15, 5 15, 6 45, 8 15, 9 45, 11 15 p. m. Sunday at 8 15, 9 15, 11 15 a. m., 1 15, 3 15, 5 15, 8 15, 9 45, 11 15 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6 15, 8 15, 10 15 a. m., 12 15, 2 15, 4 15, 6 15, 7 45, 9 15, 10 45 p. m. Sunday at 9 15, 10 15 a. m., 12 15, 2 15, 4 15, 6 15, 9 15, 10 45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 8 17, 9 45 a. m., 2 30, 4 30, 6 30, 9 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 9 30 a. m., 4 30, 9 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 9 45, a. m., 1 30, 4 30 p. m. Sunday 8 30 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Somerville, Bound Brook, Manch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

9 45 a. m. for stations on High Bridge branch, connecting for stations on Flemington Branch.

5 17 p. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R., Easton, Phillipsburg and Pittston.

6 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

9 30 p. m. for Junction connecting for D. L. & W. R. R. stations.

5 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Harrisburg.

8 30 p. m. Sunday for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua, (parlor car to Manch Chunk).

9 30 p. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

4 00 p. m. Sunday, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

5 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8 30 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua. 9 30 a. m. Sundays for Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua, (parlor car to Manch Chunk).

4 00 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

5 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 8 07, 9 05, 10 07, 11 09 a. m., 12 05, 1 07, 2 05, 3 07, 4 05, 5 07, 6 05, 7 07, 8 05, 9 07, 10 05, 11 07 p. m., 12 05 night. Sundays at 8 07, 9 05, 10 07, 11 09 a. m., 12 05, 1 07, 2 05, 3 07, 4 05, 5 07, 6 05, 7 07, 8 05, 9 07, 10 05, 11 07 p. m., 12 05 night.

For Atlantic City 9 07 a. m., 1 05 p. m.

For Pleasure 7 07, 8 05, 11 09 a. m., 1 05, 4 05, 8 05 p. m.

For Cape May 9 07 a. m., 1 05 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 5 15, 8 08, 9 38, 10 45 a. m., 12 38, 2 38, 3 38, 4 38, 5 38, 6 38, 7 38, 8 38, 9 38, 10 38, 11 38 p. m., 12 38 night. Sunday at 5 15, 8 08, 9 38, 10 45 a. m., 12 38, 2 38, 3 38, 4 38, 5 38, 6 38, 7 38, 8 38, 9 38, 10 38, 11 38 p. m., 12 38 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9 45, 2 30, 7 30 p. m. Sunday at 9 45 p. m. 12 01 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9 45 a. m., 2 30, 7 30 p. m. 12 01 night. Sunday at 9 45 p. m. 12 01 night.

J. H. OLMADEN, Gen'l Pass. Agt. H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

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WOMAN'S WORLD

WHAT IS TO BE DONE WITH THE ODD GIRL OF A WEALTHY FAMILY?

She hen that hatches ducks is doomed to a period of painful anxiety. Having water except as a beverage, herself, that any feathered biped should take to it as its natural element, passes her limited understanding. Almost as soon as they are released from the shell she sees her web footed brood march to the pond, a rebellious procession, whose determination she cannot break, and while she clucks and flutters her wings in despair they float away into pleasant places where she cannot follow, and into which she dare not follow. There are many mothers nowadays who do disrespect is intended—who are troubled with like anxieties—mothers of daughters of skills in their staid and conventional ancestry as it is possible to imagine.

Such a mother lived through her own maidenly and obedient childhood amused with dolls and kittens, doing the daily stint of sewing, reading the prescribed books and taking the stipulated amount of practicing daily without question and without complaint. Her young ladyhood, through the normal experiences that befall the commonplace girl, was correspondingly obedient and conventional, and when she finally chose a mate she "married well," and thus fulfilled all the duty of woman as society required.

But by and by she finds herself surrounded by a family whom she hopes to train as she herself was trained. All goes well until she unfortunately discovers that they are among the girls one perhaps who is not amenable to the ordinary rules, and that the ordinary life will never satisfy. All the others follow in the parents' footsteps learn as they have learned, do as they have done. The boys graduate and turn their attention to business. The girls graduate and take up society as a profession. All are satisfied save the one whose conscious longings and baffled aspirations darken and fill her heart with unrest. If the father have wealth, she must accept the conditions of her lot—call and pay visits and be dined, danced, help in charitable work and attend morning classes—drawing room classes—in English literature. To a young woman of energy and ability very soon becomes monotony that is benumbing or maddening. She sees of the german, of the vapid chitchat that serves for conversation, and of the companionship of those who do not understand her, or hold aloof because they discover that she is "so odd."

Her fortunate brothers have found their places and are making their way, delighting in the work that gives scope to their talents and healthful vent to their energies. Those no four that they will either rust out or wear out. But, alas! there is no such fortunate destiny for the odd girl, and unless she should marry, which is improbable, her future holds nothing very alluring and certainly nothing very inspiring.

Society nowadays teems with young women of this type—girls of strong intelligence, of cultivation and strength of character, whose one ceaseless cry is for "something to do." In the home where servants do all the work such a girl's services are not needed, and if they were it is now known that all women are not domestic, and that the unvarying round of household cares will not furnish them either sufficient or congenial occupation. The woman who is making her own living, who is self reliant and independent is the model which the odd girl would imitate were she free to choose. But she is hampered at every turn and her hands are bound by the manacles of custom.

What is to be done with them?—Chicago Inter Ocean.

What "Coeducation" Means.

The sentiment of the day demands the highest educational opportunities for women, and coeducation is the only road that now leads to this goal; but that this road is one hedged in with difficulties, or that a pleasanter or safer path might be opened to women, no observant man or woman can deny. The mistake made by the ardent advocates of coeducation is in the stress they lay upon this very word.

When the system was only a theory the word was used only in the sense of equal education, which the woman who was barred out from the man's college could not obtain. Coeducation was merely a means to an end, and that end was the higher education of women. Today the word has taken on a sentimental meaning of its own, a suggestion of chivalric protection and recognition, a promise that the ladder of knowledge shall be climbed hand in hand.

To those who are puzzling over the wisdom of the coeducational plan, and honestly desire to reconcile the best ethical and mental influences for their daughters, there is a solution in the near future. Women who have themselves enjoyed the benefits of a higher education will insist upon equal advantages for their daughters. Yet a majority of mothers will unhesitatingly say that if equal opportunities were available in schools for girls alone they would prefer to send their daughters to them, and many single women of culture cling to this old fashioned idea. By means of their advanced influence almost all over the country are taking high positions in the professions and even in commercial ranks. Independent fortunes of their own making are coming into their hands.

There is no one so loyal to her sex, so ambitious for its future distinction as the educated woman. The day is near when cultured women, with the wealth they have earned, will make a splendid and concerted movement for the establishment of a great university for women second to none in the land. When one is established suite the respect the little ones have for the older ones' time and possessions, and the love and affection the big brothers and sisters have for the babies who are never allowed to become a care or bother to them, is reward enough for the many hours a mother is cumbered more than usual with them herself, and after awhile the older ones voluntarily take watch and ward over the little one, especially so when he is deposed from his throne of reigning baby and is called upon to give this place to a successor.—Domestic Monthly.

Where Some Mothers Err.

One of the most serious mistakes a mother can make is allowing herself to be too much occupied with other than her children. "Run away now; mother's too busy" is often heard, but to one who thinks what it means it is among the "saddest words of tongue or pen." Too busy to attend to the one special and individual work placed in her hands! Too busy—doing what?

It may be housework, it may be cooking and baking and keeping the house in beautiful order and preparing great varieties of appetizing food for the comfort and happiness of those very children; it may be sewing, making their clothes and ornamenting them with stitching and trimming, so that they shall look as well as their neighbors; it may be serving an elaborate table and neat but simple clothes, which will leave more time for "mothering" the little ones, is by far the wiser course for the mother to pursue, but it will probably rile all the labors of the family household.

If a resident of a large city, where woes and needs of all sorts constantly appeal to the tender heart, it may be philanthropic work that occupies her. She may have been drawn by the bait of "doing good" to others. This is a subtle temptation, and many mothers succumb to it. They probably think she is "doing the Lord's work," and may even be puffed up with an idea of her unselfishness. Nothing will shock her more than to be told that she is entirely wrong. If she is working for one of the many charitable institutions that fill our land, demanding the labor and the lives of thousands of women to run them, she doubtless spends half her time attending to some of the numerous details of the institution, leaves to run them, she other half her social and home duties, leaving everything possible to be done by servants and being of course "too busy" for "mothering" her babies.—Olive Thorne Miller in Washington Star.

Hard on Him.

"Darling," he murmured passionately, "when I come at night, tired and cross, with one leg of my trousers trailing in the dust and the other under my ear, tell me, will you get right down on your knees and sew on the button?"

"I will, George," she answered firmly "upon one condition."

"And what is that?" he asked.

"That," she replied dreamily, with her teeth firmly set together, "is on condition that you have saved that button."—Clothier and Furnisher.

The Brute!

"Doctor, what is the meaning of the peculiar formation just behind a baby's ear?" asked a fond mother.

"Combativeness, perhaps, madam," replied the doctor.

"Why, some one said it was love of domestic life," said the mother.

"Oh, well, it's all one and the same thing!" replied the cynical medical man.—Drake's Magazine.

COZY CORNER FOR YOUNG FOLKS

THE FROG.

From Its Tadpole State to the Perfect Animal.

In the early stage of their existence frogs are termed tadpoles. They at first appear to be nothing but head and tail, but after several days have passed four legs are observed to become developed, and these rapidly increase. In due time the tail is lost and the creature becomes a perfect frog. Another important change also takes place. In its tadpole state the creature was essentially a water animal, but after its change has taken place it is not able to exist under water for any great length of time and is forced to come to the surface to breathe.

THE FROG AND ITS TADPOLES.

Both frogs and toads hibernate, the former congregating in multitudes in the mud at the bottom of ponds and marshes, while the latter select a hole in the ground, frequently at the root of a tree, and pass the winter in solitary dignity. The common frog is a well known frequenter of marshy places and the banks of the rivers. It is an admirable swimmer and from the peculiar construction of its lungs can remain for some time under water, but is forced periodically to come to the surface for the purpose of breathing.

A Green Village.

I know a village fair to see,
Where only green the houses be,
Both large and small on either side,
And all who will may there abide.

The streets are rather crooked found,
Leading you here and there around,
Yet why would pleasure find, I pray,
In walking straight ahead all day?

The side paths all are large and grand,
With blossoms gay on every hand;
Flowers there grow, both soft to tread,
And colored like the roof o'erhead.

Within it many people dwell,
Who love their habitation well,
And every one the truth allows,
That each can sing in his own house.

The folks are small, I must agree,
For they are only birds, you see!
And pound you find in village green,
It is a forest that I mean.

The Might of Small Things.

A visier, having offended his royal master, was condemned to lifelong imprisonment in a high tower, and every night his wife used to come and weep at its foot. "Go home," said the husband, "and find a ladder by which I can bring a bit of bread and three strings—one of fine silk, one of stout twine, another of whipcord—and a strong rope." When she came provided with everything he told her to put a bunch of lettuce on the beetle's head, tie the silk thread around him and place him on the wall of the tower. Deceived by the smell of the lettuce, which he supposed was above him, the insect continued to ascend till he reached the top, and thus the visier secured the silk thread. By it he pulled up the twine, then the whipcord and then a strong rope, by which he finally escaped.

Great things from little ones are born:
So little ones treat not with scorn.

A Bed of Roses.

You hear people quote an old saying sometimes about such and such a place being no bed of roses. That does not mean garden beds, but real beds on which people sleep. There used to be mattresses, cushions and couches stuffed with dried rose leaves. Both in Greece and Rome, and Antiochus, when he meant to enjoy himself very much, slept in a tent of gold and silver in a bed stuffed with roses. Those times are past and gone, but you still see in many houses baskets and bowls of dried rose leaves standing about.

Mistakes in Speech.

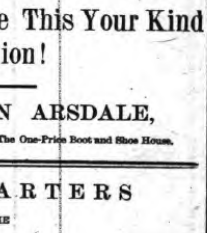
Do not say two first, etc., but say first two, as only one can be first.

It is better to say last two weeks, etc., rather than past two weeks.

Song of the Sandman.

Hoi for the sandman! jolly old fellow,
With twinkling eyes and a gleesome smile!
He comes when the candles flicker yellow,
And he does his work in jauntiest style.
For he lightens his cumbersome bag of sand
With a light and a brisk and a generous hand.

Hoi for the sandman! merry old codger,
His aim is firm and his shot is creepy,
And the sharpest wiles of the shrewdest dodger
Can baffle him never nor hold him back;
Blue eyes, gray eyes, black eyes, brown,
He powders them soft—and the lids drop down.



ONE OF THE SANDMAN'S VICTIMS.

Hoi for the sandman! funny old rover,
He stops the playing and hails the firm:
He doesn't wait till the games are over,
He doesn't care whether the romps are done,
His shadow, old boy, is the signal for all
Mouths gape widely and feet lag slow.

Hoi for the sandman! blithesome old sailor!
Mothers esteem him and nurses adore,
For he soothes the children, the big and the smaller,
And hurries them swiftly away, before
They know ills been done, to the babbling streams
And the singing birds of the land of dreams.
—Good Housekeeping.

Date in History—Sept. 12.

Marquis de Clinchamps and his young friend, De Thou, beheaded at Lyons for conspiracy against Cardinal Richelieu, 1644.

1644—Battle of Aberdeen, Scotland, in the war between king and parliament.

1712—Jean Philippe Rameau, French composer, born in 1683; died 1764; he was a "youthful prodigy" with the violin, and later with the piano.

1809—Andrew Hull Foote, naval hero, born in New Haven; died 1863.

1818—Jean Eugene Robert, magician, born.

1819—The famous Marshal Blucher died.

1820—Jenny Lind's first concert in America, at Castle Garden, New York city.

1852—Guizot, French historian and statesman, died.

1856—Horace A. Storrs, lawyer and orator of Chicago, died.

1889—Professor Richard Anthony Proctor died in New York city; born 1837. J. Newton Gotthold, actor, died.

Human Nature.

The following anecdote comes to us from the navy yard at Mare Island, Cal. It is human nature for people in a crisis to imagine themselves as playing the most important role. This is well illustrated by an anecdote told by a naval officer of his first experience under fire during the Union war. He was a midshipman at the time, just out of the academy, and his vessel was engaged in destroying a blockade runner aground near the entrance of Mobile bay, when suddenly the hitherto dead enemy woke into animation and returned the fire. A shot from a rifle gun on the beach engaged blazing through the air, passed over the Union vessel and buried itself in the water just beyond.

"I was stationed on the forecastle," said the narrator, "and I gave you my word I thought that shot was coming straight for my head, or at any rate was going to graze it. My first impulse (an uncontrollable one) was to dodge, which I promptly did; my next was to feel ashamed of myself and to glance around to ascertain whether any one had observed my discomfiture. A comedian must have felt thus upon at the first and first lieutenant, aft on the poop deck, were just straightening into a more completely upright position, and I overheard the captain remark, in which I promptly did; my next was to feel ashamed of myself and to glance around to ascertain whether any one had observed my discomfiture. A comedian must have felt thus upon at the first and first lieutenant, aft on the poop deck, were just straightening into a more completely upright position, and I overheard the captain remark, in which I promptly did; my next was to feel ashamed of myself and to glance around to ascertain whether any one had observed my discomfiture. A comedian must have felt thus upon at the first and first lieutenant, aft on the poop deck, were just straightening into a more completely upright position, and I overheard the captain remark, in some tone expressive of some relief: 'By George! that was an awfully close shave, you know. The spectators at the time must have passed just over our heads.' While I was trying to reconcile this statement with my own sensations I heard an Irishman who occupied a position between me and the quarter exclaim, in reference to the same missile, 'Begorry, b'ys, I and have caught it in me hat!'"—Argonaut.

1892 September. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	6	4:08 p. m.	New Moon	20	8:16 p. m.
Full Moon	13	7:50 a. m.	First Quarter	29	1:19 a. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
First-class bar attached.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE,
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS
Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.
C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS
SEELY EDSALL,
20 WEST FRONT STREET.
Invites the inspection of the Dry Goods Trade to his new stock of
Novelties.
Henriettas, Serges,
Cashmeres, Ladies' Cloth.
Black Goods a Specialty.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!
After the use of
Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.
Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child
SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Educational.

Harned Academy
WILL RE-OPEN SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.
The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.
Classes now forming in German and French. Special classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation for college. Music. Weekly lectures.
E. N HARNED, Prin.

THE
NORTH PLAINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL
will re-open on
Tuesday, Sept. 13th.
7 6*

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S
SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
and
KINDERGARTEN,
17 LAGRANDE AVENUE,
Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,
for
YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
will re-open on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
For particulars address MISS R. E. KERYON, Principal.
8 10 2m*

ELOCUTION
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1066.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures. Those wishing lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings, Terms reasonable. Graduate Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson free, write to Prof. E. Ybos, or call at Miss's Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. Pupils will be received Sept. 12 to 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTESON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

Beyond the Heat,
Above the Sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight
AT MIZZEN PEAK!
Build Your House on Watching Mountains Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence.
Particulars of
J. T. VAIL, 40 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

SCHOOL SHOES!
Boys and Girls Give This Your Kind Attention!
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET. The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.

HEADQUARTERS
FOR THE
FINEST ELGIN CREAMERY BUTTER.
United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail, 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.
Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.
MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS.
Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.
A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on
Refrigerators. . . Lawn Mowers, . . .
Ice Cream Freezers. . Hammocks. .
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware, . . Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1878. Membership. 1892.
1,858,000. 1,892,000.
Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization.
Watchung Lodge, 301, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m. in Memphis Lodge Hall, Library Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS L. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. WHITE, Reporter.
Watchung Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article,
A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,
to make
Delicious Iced Tea.
Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.
NEUMANN BROS.
BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine cry repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

New Marble and Granite Works.
We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.
J. E. Townsend, Manager.
No. 20 Somerset Street.
Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

THE PLACE TO BUY
SECOND-HAND FURNITURE
IS AT
MUSGRAVE'S,
37 Somerset street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street, Look Box L. Telephone Call 43. Printing of all Kinds. 10 Cents per Week. Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

SCHOOL OPENING.

THE BOROUGH PUBLIC SCHOOL BEGINS ITS FALL TERM TO-DAY.

The Morning Session Taken up with Opening Exercises and General Promotion—554 Scholars in Attendance—A List of the Teachers.

The North Plainfield public school today opened its Fall term. There were no regular studies this morning, the time being taken up by the opening exercises which were in charge of Principal Charles E. Boss. The total attendance of the school to-day was five hundred and fifty-four. The teachers are: Miss Clarence M. Shafer, Miss E. J. Bainbridge, Miss R. G. Mair, Miss E. A. McCoy, Miss C. E. Randolph, Miss E. Claypoole, Miss M. Schenck, Miss L. Kiernan, Miss S. Hudson, Miss M. Kellogg, Miss S. Mackey and Miss E. R. Ginn.

Miss Ginn's room was so large that some of the scholars had to attend in the morning and some in the afternoon.

BREVITIES.

—It is proposed to build a new school building at Trenton.

—A $25,000 bridge is to be erected at Little Falls, near Paterson.

—The Plainfield Seminary, of which Miss L. E. Meeyon is the principal, will open next Thursday, Sept. 15th.

—The thirty-fourth annual fair of the New Jersey State Agricultural Society will be held Sept. 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23 at the fair grounds at Waverly.

—All the members of the Carpenters and Joiners Local Union, No. 155 are requested to be at the rooms this evening as important business will be considered.

—Two Italians were arrested on South avenue about five o'clock this morning. There were two others also but they were not caught. They will have a hearing before Judge Codington at seven o'clock this evening.

—In response to the notice given in The News a few evenings ago of the destitution in the family afflicted with scarlet fever, on Somerset street, Mrs. Willis, received prompt aid in the way of food clothing and fuel, and wishes to thank her benefactors.

—The Jersey Central railroad track at Roselle is to be fenced in opposite the station and there is to be a bridge for people to go under the road. This may not seem so pleasant for the people, but it will be much safer than walking over on the level.—Westfield Standard.

—"The Wheel" in its issue of Sept. 9, says regarding the bicycle races at Passaic: "Two riders, A. T. Shields, Plainfield B.C., and O. S. Brandt, Manhattan A. C. were developed. They are both promising looking men, who rode in promising style and with dogged determination."

—The Democratic delegates elected in this city for the gubernatorial convention to be held in Trenton to-morrow, go there unpledged. Many seem to be of the opinion, however, that the convention will be stampeded and Werts nominated. Should he decline to accept, the Plainfield delegation will in all probability throw their strength to Cutler.

—The field of amateur cycling papers is broadening. The latest addition has just been issued by the Kings County Wheelmen. The paper is called the Kings County Wheelmen's Announcer. The Brooklyn Bicycle Club publish the Club Locker, and the Hudson County Wheelmen the Ki-Yippy Gazette. These papers are issued monthly and go to the members of the representative clubs only.

—The newspapers all over the country have been devoting columns to reports of the classification of the cabin passengers on the steamships detained at Quarantine. A Plainfield young lady recently detained on one of the steamships, says that nearly all of the passengers had a degree of sentimental regret, and were very loth to leave the vessel at the end of five days' delay, wishing instead that it had been twenty. As the steamship companies could make no extra charge for passengers they found the delay very expensive.

—Robert Mantell begins his third week at Proctor's Theatre, to-morrow night, with every indication of continued prosperity for his new play "The Face in the Moonlight." The attendance at every performance has shown a steady increase since the opening night, the matinees being particularly large. Before the close of his engagement here Mr. Mantell contemplates giving a trial production to a one-act tragedy called "Parthenia," in order to secure proprietary rights to the piece, which he thinks ranks with the best of its class, both in literary quality and dramatic construction.

—The scenery for "Under the Lion's Paw" arrived here yesterday and the stage carpenters of the company spent the day in placing it in position. There are sets representing the circus grounds, Long Branch beach and the circus Winter quarters. But by far the most elaborate of all is the set which shows the interior of the circus menagerie tent. There is a great big pasteboard tent reaching up in the flies and stretching from wall to wall, entirely covering the stage. Through an opening in the back can be seen the circus tent proper, with the ring all set ready for the performance. All around the menagerie tent are placed the animal cages and wagons. The centre of the tent is occupied by a massive steel cage, 14 feet high and 30 feet in diameter, weighing 6,000 pounds. It is here that Col. Boone gives his performance of the lions.

W. C. T. U.

THE EIGHTH ANNUAL CONVENTION.

Many Plainfield Members of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union Will Participate in the Convention at Rahway, Thursday.

The following is the programme of the eighth annual convention of the Union county Woman's Christian Temperance Union, which is to be held at Temperance Headquarters, on Irving street, Rahway, Thursday, September 15, 1892:

County Officers—Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson, President; Miss C. M. Yates, Cor. Secretary; Mrs. D. Irving, Rec. Secretary; Miss G. T. Underhill, Treasurer.

9:30 Morning Service.
Devotions.....Mrs. T. C. Bodine
Welcome.....Mrs. J. U. Underhill
Appointment of Committees.
Courtesy, Papers, Credentials, Resolutions.
10:30 President's Address.
Report of Cor. Sec'y. Report of Treasurer.
Report of Credential Committee. Election of Officers and National Delegates. Collection.
11:30 Bible Reading.....Mrs. E. S. Baker
Noonday Prayer.
Lunch.
1:30 Executive Committee.
2:30 Afternoon Session.
Devotions.....Miss C. R. Yates
Minutes of Executive Committee.
Reports of Supts.—Five minutes each.
Evangelistic.....Mrs. Dr. Hough, Elizabeth
Sunday school.....Mrs. M. J. Wilson, Rahway
Juvenile.....Mrs. Kerun, Elizabeth
Scientific Temperance Instruction.
Miss E. Jeppes, Westfield
Literature.....Mrs. J. W. Yates, Plainfield
Prison and Almshouse.....Mrs. Tenerck, Elizabeth
Parlor Greetings.Mrs. M. F. Francis, Elizabeth
Hygeine and Heredity...Mrs. J. H. Cuard Plainfield
Unfermented Wine..Mrs. J. U. Underhill, Rahway
Press Work.....Mrs. S. K. Krom, Plainfield
Purity.....Mrs. R. F. Carpender, Roselle
Tobacco and Narcotics...Mrs. S. W. Bodine, Dunellen
Kitchen Garden....Miss May Tomlinson, Plainfield
Franchise.....Mrs. G. S. Baker, Elizabeth
Soldiers, Sailors and Firemen..Miss M. Titus, Westfield
Sabbath Observance.....Mrs. T. B. Abel, Elizabeth
Offering. Question Box. Miscellaneous Business. Adjournment.
8:00 Evening Session.
Address.....Miss Elizabeth U. Yates
Offering.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. J. B. Dumont of Broadway has returned from Sugar Hill, New Hampshire.

Miss Katie Coad of Stamford, Conn., is visiting the Misses Carney of West Third street.

Mrs. Lizzie Angle of Stroudsburg, Pa., is visiting Mrs. J. W. Van Horn of Duer street, North Plainfield.

The marriage of Miss Grace Howard to Mr. G. Harry Squires will take place at the Grace Episcopal church on Oct. 5th, at seven o'clock p. m., and not at the First Unitarian church. Rev. Dean Rodman will officiate.

Mr. Rudolph Hering, M. Am. Soc. C. E., formerly of this city but now of New York, has gone to Tacoma, Wash., to advise the city authorities regarding the establishment of a new water-works system and the purchase of the existing plant.

Rev. Mr. Richards, on Sunday evening in the Crescent avenue church, united in marriage Miss Tillie D. Spencer and Mr. Isaac Winans. Mr. and Mrs. Winans are now on a wedding tour through New York State. Upon their return, the young couple will reside in Washingtonville.

Miss Cora Mooney, of Grove street, started to-day to join the State Normal School at Trenton. On account of the high standing of the Plainfield High School, of which she is a graduate, she will be placed in the junior class without any preliminary examinations, and will graduate in two years.

Mr. W. S. S. Taylor of Harlem was in town to-day visiting friends. He and his family resided for many years in Plainfield, and had a large circle of friends here. His letters in THE NEWS during his travels in several countries, attracted, it will be remembered, more than ordinary interest, for their general excellence. Whatever subject he touched he gave a new life to it.

Messrs. J. Newton La Mon and Percy Thomas, of New York are banjo players of exceptional ability. For some days past they have been the guests of Mr. George F. Randolph of 49 Grandview avenue. They entertained the members of the U. S. Grant Republican Club of North Plainfield and their friends for several hours in Spencer's Hall Saturday evening, and were heartily applauded.

The Rev. Dr. A. L. Brice, Presiding Elder of the Elizabeth District of the Methodist Episcopal church, died last Sunday morning after a brief illness at his home in Elizabeth. Dr. Brice was long a leading minister in the church and will be deeply mourned by many friends in this city. His funeral will be held to-morrow at three p. m. in St. James church, Elizabeth. Dr. Chas. R. Mitchell of this city will be one of the pall-bearers.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. B. Ayres, No. 4 Spooner avenue, was made happy last evening, by the gathering of upwards of twenty-five or thirty relatives and friends, the occasion being the fortieth anniversary of their marriage. Among the guests were a number of blacksmiths in the employ of the Spicer Manufacturing Co., representatives of Howell Division, No. 97, Sons of Temperance. Mr. and Mrs. Ayres received many useful and costly presents.

A Friday's Warfare.

Father Gessner of Elizabeth Saturday night visited a number of saloons that kept open after midnight, and caused a great scattering of the occupants of the places. Some of them jumped out of windows or scaled back fences to escape the priest, who wanted their names to present to the Grand Jury.

Father Gessner intends to continue this warfare until forces the saloonkeepers to observe the Sunday law.

—Attention is called to the advertisement of Fred. W. Dunn, the North avenue grocer.

READY TO STRIKE.

THE READING EMPLOYES EXPECT TO BE ORDERED OUT TO-DAY.

A General Tie-Up Threatened if President McLeod Refuses to Take Back a Discharged Brotherhood Workman—How the Matter Stands.

Concerning the Reading Railroad crisis, which is elaborated upon on page three of to-day's issue, later developments brings the threatened strike alarmingly close to our homes.

President McLeod of the Reading Railroad is endeavoring to annihilate labor organizations among his employees. He is said to have discharged men because they belonged to a Brotherhood, hence this threatened strike to-day. President McLeod gives as a reason for his action that he prefers to run his business himself and does not propose to have it managed by walking delegates.

A New York travelling man, in Plainfield to day, rushed through the business that brought him here, saying that he wanted to catch the first train to New York, that he knew McLeod. He said $2,000 men of the Reading would probably go on strike before nightfall and that the Central employees might also strike in sympathy. This would mean a general tie-up which would affect Plainfield greatly. Walking room on the railroad track would be at a discount for commuters.

Another Railroad Wreck.

An accident on the New York and Philadelphia branch of the Reading Railroad similar to that which happened at Hopewell, on the same road, within a year, occurred at Bellemead yesterday morning at about four o'clock. It was caused by the collision of a fast freight with an oil train. It is supposed that the oil train was being switched off to allow of the passage of the freight. The engine of the freight train ran into the oil cars, completely demolishing two and upsetting others.

The engine was badly wrecked. The engineer and fireman, seeing the danger, attempted to escape over the tender, but both were badly injured and were removed to the hospital. Fire was communicated to the escaping oil by the overturned engine, and the east-bound track was destroyed for an eighth of a mile. The station was threatened at one time and the brick crossing over the cut above the station was scorched and blackened by the flames and smoke.

W. C. T. U. Annual Election.

The members of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union had a very enjoyable time yesterday in their rooms, corner Broadway and Fourth street. The morning was occupied with a half hour's devotional exercise and the regular annual election of officers. The following ladies were elected:

President—Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson.
Cor. Secretary—Miss May Tomlinson.
Rec. Sec. Mrs. D. Irving. Mrs. M. E. French.
Treasurer—Miss Lougar.

The afternoon session was a very novel and interesting affair, as nearly every one present related their peculiar and ludicrous experience in carving or saving a dollar for the work. The sum of $69.55 was realized by the plan.

More Charges Against Young Mueller.

Alfred E. Mueller, son of Dr. Mueller, the Newark physician, who was arrested recently at New Brunswick on the charge of forging the name of Sheriff Van Wagenen, of Passaic county to a bond, will go before the Grand Jury to-morrow. A. D. Selover of the Prudential Building, Newark, wrote to-day to Chief of Police Haidling, asking him to recover a gold watch and chain, which, he said, Mueller had swindled him out of under pretense of securing a customer to pay $200 for the property. The Newark police sent word that Mueller was wanted there for stealing $800 worth of jewelry from Albert Lusfrong, once his best friend.

In Memoriam.

The following was adopted at the annual meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Sept. 13.

Remembering and missing as we gather here for our annual meeting to-day the face and voice of Mrs. Helen C. Bodine, who has been for years so intimately associated with us in our work. We bow in submission to Him who has called her to come up higher to the rest which remaineth for those who love and serve Him, and, we mindful of the summons which may also come to us in an hour that we think not, do here consecrate ourselves for the Master's work, who has bidden us to be also ready, that we may like the deaths of the righteous, that our last days may be like hers.

MRS. J. W. YATES.

More Lights for the Statue of Liberty.

Major Heap, of the Engineer Corps of the United States Army, has submitted plans for the better lighting of the Statue of Liberty to the Lighthouse Board. He proposes to use an arc light of 2,000 candle power under the balcony of the torch, with a reflector which will throw the light directly upon the face of the statue. The present lights should, he says, be retained so as to throw beams of light, and also it is proposed to have two 100-candle incandescent lights under the 25 windows of Liberty's corset.—Electrical World.

Attention, Republicans!

It is desired to organize a uniform Republican campaign club, at a meeting to be held to-morrow evening at eight o'clock at Republican headquarters, and all Republican voters who wish to join are requested to attend.

—The regular monthly meeting of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society was held last evening, at their hall on West Fourth street. President John Welsh presided. There was a good attendance and the pledge was administered to a number of new members. Notwithstanding the discussion of active campaign work in Plainfield, this society holds its own. The membership is higher than it has been for many years.

SECOND EDITION.

KEAN NOMINATED.

FOR GOVERNOR AT THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION TO-DAY.

The Convention at Trenton—Plainfield and North Plainfield Delegates on hand—They Go Unin-structed—The Nominations Awaited with Much Interest.

A large delegation of Republicans from all parts of the State are in convention, in Taylor's Hall, Trenton, to-day, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor and Republican electors.

Among them are Messrs. J. Fred Mac Donald, William F. Mesereau, Vincent W. Nash, John W. Murray, Sr., B. F. Millington and John Manchester of Plainfield, and Messrs. D. A. Hegeman, Jr., and H. Newton Spencer of North Plainfield.

Every voter here and throughout the State is wondering who will be nominated to pilot the party to success this Fall. John Kean, Jr., and General Grubb are the favorites, according to report.

LATER.

The Presidential Electors.

TRENTON, Sept. 13. (Special.)—The Presidential Electors were decided upon in caucus to-day. They are, by districts:

1st—George Heirs—Salem, N. J.
2nd—Fred Botsford—Trenton, N. J.
3rd—Adolph Mock—Raritan, N. J.
4th—De Witt Blair—Warren.
5th—Donald McKay—Englewood.
6th—Fred E. Kuhn—Newark.
7th—Geo. F. Perkin—Jersey City.
8th—E. H. Bennets—Elizabeth.

A band of men marched into the building bearing a transparent banner, on which was—

"We demand that the man be nominated who made Republicanism in New Jersey possible, E. Burd Grubb."

John Kean for Governor.

Balloting this afternoon for Governor resulted as follows:

FIRST BALLOT.

Kean	381
Grubb	178
Murphy	167
McDowell	75

When the result was announced Ex-Congressman John Kean was on motion nominated by acclamation, and three rousing cheers followed.

Of Interest to the G. A. R.

Members of the G. A. R., of this city who contemplate going to the National Encampment at Washington next week will be interested to know that the line of march will only be two miles long, extending along Pennsylvania avenue from the capitol to the Washington circle. It is expected that each organization will pass over the route in one hour. The Commander-in-Chief has decided for several reasons, that the parade shall be in double column, the principal reason being that hundreds of comrades have heretofore refrained from joining in the march on account of its great length, the fatigue of waiting in side streets before moving, and the lateness of the hour when the last of the column would pass the reviewing stand. The march on this occasion will be over perfectly level streets, paved with asphalt, and the double column will reduce the length of the parade and time of waiting, so as to make it a pleasure rather than a tax to every comrade who participates in it.

The Good Old Times.

It will be interesting to the present generation to make a comparison between a year in the "good old times," so often heard of, and our present prosperous season. An exchange has the following:

A remarkable year was 1816, the year without a Summer. According to the best records January and February were warm and Spring-like. March was cold and stormy. Vegetation had gotten well along in April when cold Winter set in. Sleet and snow fell on 17 different days in May. In June there was either frost or ice in every locality within three feet in Vermont and Maine. July was cold and frosty, ice formed as thick as window panes in one of the New England States. August was still worse; ice formed nearly an inch in thickness, and killed nearly every green thing in United States and in Europe. In the Spring of 1817, which had been kept over from the crop in 1815, sold from 60 to 410 a bushel, the buyers purchasing for seed.

Nature compels us to eat. She supplies . . .

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

which is sufficient for recuperation and satisfaction.

MARRIAGES

SPENCER—WINANS—In the Crescent Avenue church, Sunday, Sept. 11, 1892, by the Rev. Mr. Richards, Tillie D. Spencer to Isaac Winans.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

New York Militia Ordered to Fire Island.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13, (Special.)—Gov. Flower said this morning that he expected that the Normannia's passengers who are on the steamboat Cepheus would be landed on Fire Island to-day.

The Governor would not say what he was going to do about the injunction, but it looks as if he intended to have the passengers landed by force if necessary.

At two o'clock this morning Gov. Flower sent for Gen. McLeer, commander of the 2d Brigade, and Commander Miller of the Naval Reserve, and after a conference ordered out the Naval Reserve, two companies of the 69th Regiment and two Brooklyn regiments.

Rear-Admiral Howell Dead.

LONDON, Sept. 13. (Special.)—Rear-Admiral John Cumming Howell, United States Navy, died at Folkestone yesterday.

Rear-Admiral Howell has been on the retired list of the navy for ten years. He took part in the Mexican and Civil wars.

The Kaiser Happy.

BERLIN, Sept. 13. (Special.)—The Empress gave birth to a daughter at 3:30 o'clock this morning. Her accouchement took place at the palace at Potsdam. This daughter is the seventh child born to the Emperor and Empress.

The Price of Coal Going Higher.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 13.—(Special.) It is reported that the price of coal will be raised 50 cents more per ton, on account of the increased tolls.

—Complaints have been made by residents of Pearl street, North Plainfield, of the filthy condition of the brook near the dam of Tier's pond. The attention of the Board of Health should be called to the matter, as it has probably caused the scarlet fever which was in the neighborhood. A little girl named Nestor, at No. 17 Pearl street is still suffering from symptoms of the dread disease.

Cent-a-Word Column.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$2,000 TO LOAN on first mortgage. Address "M.," care EVENING NEWS. 13 2t

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A HANDY workman wants employment at any work around gentlemen's place. Is competent and has references. Address "Charles," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 6tf

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of three. Call 53 Washington avenue, North Plainfield. 13-3

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to solicit orders for nursery stock; expenses and salary to men who can leave home and work steadily; also commission to local agents; permanent farms and territory. Address R. G Chase & Co., 1430 S. Penn St., Phila., Pa. 8 12 3m eods

FOR EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE—Finely located Plainfield residence for farm, partly stocked. Near railroad station. Fifty miles of somerset county preferred. Box D., Daily Press.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A pet canary, last Thursday. Liberal reward for its return to 57 West Front street, Kriesling's barber shop. 12-3

FOR RENT.

HOUSE FOR RENT—140 East Front street, corner Richmond, finely situated, in good order, with furnace in bath, city water, etc. Apply next door, 144 East Front street. 7-5 wmtfw

FOR RENT—A seven-room house on South Second street, corner of Manson place. E. P. Gosling, P. O. Box 300. 9 6

FOR RENT—A pleasantly located house. Has all modern improvements. Will rent for $25 till Spring, $20 after that. Address "Agent," care of EVENING NEWS. 7-6

FOR SALE.

CARRIAGES and Harness at cost, at Ryerson's, 33 Somerset street. 10 5

FOR SALE—4x5 Kodak; suitable for 100 pictures or less; perfect order; has also worth $10, but will sell for $7.50; perfect condition; will sell complete for $5.00. Address "Kodak," care of EVENING NEWS. 9tf

RELAY Organs for sale very cheap and on easy terms. Ridden about three weeks. Absolutely perfect condition. Address Geo. W. Merrick. 10 2t

MISCELLANEOUS.

A YOUNG lady giving lessons in English has time for two or three additional pupils. Address "M.," care of EVENING NEWS 10 3

FLEEING from Cholera. If you want to travel cheaply tickets to relatives and friends in Europe, or any line, call on H. D. Mayman, 11 Somerset street. tf

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order wanted for sale. Call Fred Dunn's store, 18 Somerset street. 9-2mtf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mailford's. 9 12tf

WANTED—A milk route in the vicinity of Plainfield. Address, stating all particulars, J. S. Barton, White House, N. J. 10 6

WANTED to Buy—A small frame house, with about six rooms; in good location. Address with particulars "Mechanic," care of EVENING NEWS. 10-6

29TH YEAR OF THEIR CAREER AS AMERICA'S LEADING AMUSEMENT.

ADAM FOREPAUGH SHOWS.

Oldest, Largest, Richest Exhibition in the World.

J. T. McCADDEN, MANAGER.

Circus, Menagerie, Museum, Aviary,

Hippodrome, Genuine Moorish Circus, Caravan and Camp.

With the Historic Bible Spectacle, the

FALL OF NINEVEH.

Will Exhibit at

PLAINFIELD, FRIDAY, SEPT. 23.

The ends of the earth Brought together in one mighty Carnival of Pleasure and Feast of Knowledge for All.

200 Star Performers in the three rings and upon the two stages in the CIRCUS.

The Wonders of Earth and the Marvels of Nature in the MUSEUM.

Perfect collection of Wild and Rare Beasts in the MENAGERIE.

Exciting and Funny Races of all kinds in the HIPPODROME.

400 splendid steeds in the GRAND HORSE FAIR.

33 Moors and Bedouin Berbers (men, women and children) in the Moorish Caravan and Camp.

Surpassing all Earthly Splendors and Spectacular Display is the Fall of Nineveh. Retug, author, designer and painter.

Its presentation requires 1,000 men, women and children in the various characters $150,000 in gorgeous costumes, $50,000 in special scenery, $30,000 in armour, swords, shields and spears 200 beautiful ladies in the Grand Ballet, Companies of Soldiers, Citizens, etc., all produced on the largest and best equipped stage in the world, 300 feet long and 55 feet wide. Illustrating life and events in the first Great Metropolis of the civilized world.

Excursions on all lines of travel. Consult your nearest station agent for rate and time schedules. Don't fail to see the Peerless Free Street Pageant on the morning of exhibition at 10 o'clock. Owing to the length of time necessary to prepare the Fall of Nineveh for exhibition and parading belonging to it will be seen in the street parade. Two performances daily. Doors open at one p. m. and seven p. m., performance begins one hour later.

To accommodate those who wish to avoid the crowd about the ticket wagon, coupon numbered, actually reserved seats at the regular price, and admission tickets at the usual night advance may be secured at Central Pharmacy.

Sideline or rain all performances are given the same beneath the canopies of the specially prepared Water-Proof Tents. 10 12 15 17 19 21

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

: Saturday Evening, Sept. 17th, :

A Great Production. GEORGE PECK'S Monster Melodramatic Success,

UNDER THE LION'S PAW.

With a strong cast, tons of scenery, and introducing, in the Menagerie Scene, Col. E. D. Rooke and Mlle Carlotta, and their 7 Nubian Lions, frolicking like children, in a Massive Steel Cage. Playing at see-saw, playing ball, rolling hoops, drawing chariots, skipping rope, saying prayers, forming pyramids, and many other acts with human intelligence.

Seats on Sale at Central Pharmacy.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS, PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC. WINTER AND FALL BLANKS.

They also have a big stock of

PARLOR HEATERS, Very Cheap.

New Styles.

SPECIAL NOTICE. $500 LIFE INSURANCE Free of cost to ALL Customers that trade with

FRED. W. DUNN, The Plainfield Grocer, No. 18 North Avenue.

$500 Come and Get a Policy Free

FALL SHAPES IN DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis

VanEmburgh & White 5 West Front Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Nothing is worth much if we get it too easy.

In some of the large cities the reformers are congratulating themselves that the population of certain "slum wards" has not increased materially in twenty years. The reason probably is that the tenement houses were as full as they could hold twenty years ago and have no room for any more people.

The census shows that there are nearly 14,000,000 school children in the United States—that is, persons from five to twenty-one years of age. Of the youths included in the ages named a little more than one-eighth are colored. Our school population in this young country therefore constitutes more than a third of the total inhabitants. But they are not nearly all in school.

The remedy which remains to Mr. Gladstone in case the house of lords refuses to pass his Irish home rule bill after it has been accepted by the commons is to prepare a list of a large number of new peers who are Liberal home rulers and recommend their creation by the queen. There is not lacking precedent, both in English and French history, for the creation by a prime minister of peers for political purposes. By this means Gladstone would get a majority for his own party in the house of lords. Justin McCarthy thinks, however, that rather than see themselves swamped by new Liberal peers in this way the present house of lords will shut their eyes and gulp down Gladstone's home rule bill when it comes up at the next session of parliament.

Foolishness.

If the late Colonel John C. Bundy could have been alive for about two minutes and have read the proofs of his own obituary notice in his own paper, the first thing he would have done would be to kill a silly paragraph about the alleged remarkable appearance of a stingy little sparrow around his office desk the day he died. That story is that while he lay breathing his last at home the bird flew in at his office window and hopped about his desk all day, refusing to be "shooed" away. The interiorly instructed ones knew then that Colonel Bundy was going to die, for somebody always dies after a bird flies about a room. No doubt somebody does.

But the effect of that idiotic paragraph will be to scare weakminded persons who read it, and put them into a cold sweat of terror when an innocent bird accidently misses its way and darts into a window near them. We think we have outlived the age of superstition. We need not flatter ourselves to this extent as long as so called intelligent people seriously take stock in stuff like the above. Compared with one bird flying in at the window superstition is the faith in carrying a potato in the pocket as a cure for rheumatism is dignified and scientific. Self styled scientific psychic investigators seriously accept a bird flying in at the window as a sign of death. Then they complain that scientific men scoff at their claims.

Cholera Don'ts.

The board of health of New York city has prepared three-quarters of a million printed circulars to be distributed to the public. The most important of the suggestions and points of information contained in the circular are summed up below:

Healthy persons "catch" cholera by taking into their systems through the mouth, as in food or drink, or from their hands, knives, forks, plates, tumblers, clothing, etc., the germs of the disease which are always present in the organic matter in the stomach and bowels of those sick with cholera.

Thorough cooking destroys the cholera germs.

Don't eat or drink to excess. Use plain, wholesome food, as indigestion and diarrhea favor an attack of cholera.

Don't drink unboiled water.

Don't eat or drink articles unless they have been thoroughly and recently cooked or boiled, and the more recent and hotter they be the safer.

Don't employ utensils in eating or drinking unless they have been recently put in boiling water; the more recent the safer.

Don't eat or handle food or drink with unwashed hands, or receive it from the unwashed hands of others.

Don't use the hands for any purpose when soiled with others' discharges; thoroughly cleanse them at once.

Personal cleanliness and cleanliness of the living and sleeping rooms and of their contents, and thorough ventilation should be rigidly enforced. Foul water closets, sinks, faucets, cellars, etc., should be avoided, and when present should be referred to the health board for correction or removal.

If taken ill in the street seek the nearest drug store, dispensary or hospital.

Don't permit the bowel or other choleraic discharges to come in contact with food, drink or clothing. These discharges should be received in vessels containing a strong solution of carbolic acid in them (not less than one teaspoonful to a pint of hot soapsuds or water).

Don't use for clothing or use any articles of clothing or furniture that are soiled with cholera discharges. Pour boiling water on them at once, or wash, and soak them with the carbolic acid solution mentioned above, and promptly request the health board to remove them.

Don't be frightened, but do be cautious and avoid excesses and unnecessary exposures of every kind.

When the cholera raged in 1832 a French chemist had a prescription which was believed to save many lives in a prominent western city. It has been kept sixty years, and its efficacy is still an article of faith in localities where it has been used. It is the following:

Tincture opium, 2 drams; sulphuric ether, 2 drams; tincture red pepper, 2 drams; French brandy, enough to make 2 ounces. Dose, a teaspoonful.

FIRE ISLAND UP IN ARMS

A Dramatic Climax to the Battle Against the Cholera.

STATE AND COUNTY IN A BAD CLASH

The Passengers of the Quarantined Normannia Refused a Landing, Despite the Pathetic Appeal in God's Name by Senator McPherson for the Women.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—At last the imported cholera which the vigilant work of Dr. Jenkins and his deputies has confined to the lower bay has received a decided check, and if no more steamships bring the scourge to this port the indications are that the disease will be practically stamped out here in a few days.

The Bohemia, from Hamburg, which is nearly due, is the only emigrant ship left whose arrival is looked for with apprehension. It is almost too much to expect that she will not have cholera on board or will not have had cases of it on the way, although a cable dispatch affirms that her passengers were isolated and their baggage disinfected before she sailed on Sept. 2.

There will be no difficulty now in handling whatever she brings.

The report which Dr. Byron sent up to Dr. Jenkins after making his daily tour of the ships in quarantine is very encouraging. It showed that no new cases had made their appearance and that no death had occurred among the cholera patients on Swinburne island. The Ragia's passengers are all in good health now, the cabin passengers on the ship and the steerage passengers on Hoffman island, and Dr. Byron stated that all the sick at present on Swinburne island are on the road to recovery.

A Day of Sensations.

Of many dramatic days since the cholera quarantine was instituted yesterday was the climax thus far. Concisely put the events of note are:

First—The arrival of the steamer Cephus at upper quarantine with 200 of the suspects of the Normannia on board, because the boat needed coal and water and her passengers food.

Second—Governor Flower's arrival in New York and his proclamation, specially directed to the people of Suffolk county.

Third—The injunction restraining the governor from taking Fire island in the name of the state, the prayer of Suffolk county's citizens being granted by Judge Barnard.

Fourth—The conference at quarantine in the afternoon between Governor Flower and Health Officer Jenkins for the removal of the Normannia people on board the Cephus, at anchor in Great South bay off Fire Island.

Doubtless the most important factor of the entire sequence of occurrences was Governor Flower's suggestion to the health officer that force be employed at the outset. A few words the governor advised Dr. Jenkins that if the people on the Cephus could not be landed on Fire Island because it may appear Suffolk county has the law on its side, then he ought to take the bull by the horns and "let them go up to New York city; they are as well as you or I," being about the governor's exact words.

The most prominent feature of the day at upper quarantine was the visit of Governor Flower and Representative Bourke Cockran, who arrived from New York and held a conference with Dr. Jenkins on the cholera situation, and more especially in regard to the injunction issued against the governor by Judge Barnard, of the supreme court, restraining the former or his agents from taking possession of Fire Island as a place of refuge for the passengers on the detained pest ships.

The conference was held on the police steamer Patrol. It is impossible to learn the exact nature of the discussion or what result, if any, was reached; but at its conclusion the three gentlemen came ashore and went direct to the telegraph office and kept the wires hot for some time.

What Flower Would Do.

On being asked whether he would insist that the island be secured, by force if necessary, the governor said that no matter what were his personal wishes he was bound, as governor of the state, to not only obey the mandates of the court, but it was his duty also to see that others did not violate the law. He had not been officially advised of the action of Judge Barnard in restraining the state from taking possession of the island, but assuming the report to be trustworthy he was endeavoring, with the aid of Mr. Cockran, to learn what rights he had under the statutes. He had not yet fully satisfied himself that the injunction was legal and would further consider the matter.

The governor said, however, that if he was captain of the Cephus he would make a landing at Fire island and willingly serve two months in jail for the infraction of law in order that the people on the stricken ship could at least live in comfort while they were detained under the law. Before leaving quarantine the governor authorized Dr. Jenkins to provide blankets, provisions, etc., for the passengers on board the Cephus, now lying at the pier at Fire island, which was promptly done, so that they might to some extent made comfortable for the night.

When he reached the city, in speaking of the injunction order granted by Judge Barnard, the governor said he had already requested Corporation Counsel Clark, of the city, and Jenks, of Brooklyn, to represent the state in the injunction proceedings. He expressed his regret that the order was not returnable sooner, and said he believed that Dr. Jenkins was discharging his duties intelligently and vigorously, and was entitled to praise instead of censure.

On his arrival from quarantine he went immediately to Brooklyn to confer with Judge Barnard personally. The governor spent three hours in a fruitless search for Judge Barnard, and finally had to return without finding him to see him. When he returned to the Windsor hotel he was immediately waited upon by Mayor Grant, Commissioner Martin E. Stokes, Dock Commissioner Cram and Corporation Counsel Clark.

In the conference that followed it was learned that the only copy of the injunction order served had been served upon Captain Pearce, of the Cephus. Mr. Clark at once telephoned to Dr. Jenkins to secure the copy which Dr. Jenkins said he would do at once and bring the papers to the city.

FIRE ISLANDERS OBDURATE.

Despite Senator McPherson's Appeal They Refuse the Cephus a Landing.

FIRE ISLAND, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The people here appear to have lost all sense of humanity. They were appealed to in the name of God to permit the oldest women and pregnant children to be taken to the hotel for the night that their lives might be saved and refused with brutal jeers. Events last night displayed a degree of cruelty well nigh inconceivable. After the Cephus came to anchor two police officers rowed to the landing and stated that a letter be taken to Dr. Wright. The mob refused to allow the letter to come ashore and drove the police officers off with threats. As it was getting dark and no satisfactory answer had arrived from the first boat a second boat put off from the steamer rowed by two police officers.

In the van stood a tall, gray haired man, Robert Thompson. As he approached the landing the mob gathered threateningly. He asked to be heard in behalf of the 200 women and children on the steamer, who were suffering from hunger, exposure and exhaustion. After several minutes of insulting retorts by the mob he was allowed to speak. He told the men on the steamer did not ask to land. The young women would remain, if necessary, but the old women, some of them grandmothers, and the children, suffering not for comforts, but for decent care, should be allowed to land. They would be returned to the steamer after a night's rest and more food.

Attorney Willard P. Reid answered that if the captain of the steamer would come ashore the people for whom he spoke would consider the request. Mr. Thompson returned to the steamer after saying that he would attempt to bring the captain back with him. It was dark, except for the light of the mob's torches, when the boat was pulling back to the landing again. When the boat almost touched the landing a tall, spare figure was seen standing in the bow.

"It is Senator McPherson, of New Jersey," called out Mr. Thompson, who was still in the stern. Senator McPherson stood silently for some moments looking at the mob. He could dimly see the crowd at the edge of the water ordering the police back when the boat drifted too near.

Senator McPherson's Appeal.

"Citizens," said the senator at last, "the captain declines to come ashore. If you will give me your injunction papers I give you my word of honor I will give them to him, and he will accept them as legally served."

"Bring your captain ashore as you promised," said Attorney Reid.

"That I could accomplish no more than my offer to you," continued the senator, "unless you want him for some other purpose than you have stated."

Attorney Reid sharply replied that the captain must come ashore.

"I do not understand you," said the senator. "You appear to maintain some legal squabble, and your hesitation means unspeakable suffering, possibly death, to women and children." The crowd remained silent.

"If we can bring him ashore will you agree to let these suffering, innocent, helpless people land?"

"The cannot land," yelled the mob.

The senator turned his face to the mob and in an impressive voice said: "I appeal to you men, in the name of God, not to be longer led into such cruelty by the attorney, but to give your consent that these women and children can be taken from this boat.

"There they have nothing to eat," continued the senator, "no place to sleep; where the common decencies of life cannot be longer observed. Their sanitary surroundings are foul from seasickness—wait before you answer. Think what you will be doing. Remember your own wives and children. Be manly. Do not bring an everlasting disgrace upon your names; be men."

It did not seem as if human beings, capable of understanding the language in which they were being addressed, could withstand the appeal, but the crowd stood there, silent and silent, while the leader said: "They cannot land. If we permit them we will give away our case." "They cannot land," the mob chimed in.

Senator McPherson sank down in the boat overcome.

Mr. Thompson cried out, "You poor people; you are being duped by a tricky lawyer."

"We are no more tricky than you," retorted Lawyer Reid.

Mr. Thompson then said, "You will at least allow Dr. Vought to send us food and blankets?"

"Not unless the captain comes ashore," answered the lawyer, and the mob applauded.

Reporters Take a Hand.

When the boat was rowed back to the steamer the newspaper men, who had listened to this, at once went to every member of the Islip health board who was present and begged that this horrible crime be not committed. At 8:30 o'clock a meeting of the board was held in the hotel office, where a resolution was passed that if Dr. Vought would go with Lawyer Reid to the steamer and see that the injunction papers were served the board would allow food and blankets to be taken aboard. Dr. Vought was made to promise that if this was allowed no attempt would be made to land passengers.

The excitement did not abate in the slightest degree after the Cephus had withdrawn to the stream. The crowd remained on the dock muttering threats and swearing that the people on the stricken ship could at least live in comfort as they were detained under the law. Before leaving quarantine the governor authorized Dr. Jenkins to provide blankets, provisions, etc., for the passengers on board the Cephus, now lying at the pier at Fire Island, which was promptly done, so that they might to some extent made comfortable for the night.

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"That I could accomplish no more than my offer to you," continued the senator, "unless you want him for some other purpose than you have stated."

Attorney Reid sharply replied that the captain must come ashore.

"I do not understand you," said the senator. "You appear to maintain some legal squabble, and your hesitation means unspeakable suffering, possibly death, to women and children." The crowd remained silent.

"If we can bring him ashore will you agree to let these suffering, innocent, helpless people land?"

"The cannot land," yelled the mob.

The senator turned his face to the mob and in an impressive voice said: "I appeal to you men, in the name of God, not to be longer led into such cruelty by the attorney, but to give your consent that these women and children can be taken from this boat.

"There they have nothing to eat," continued the senator, "no place to sleep; where the common decencies of life cannot be longer observed. Their sanitary surroundings are foul from seasickness—wait before you answer. Think what you will be doing. Remember your own wives and children. Be manly. Do not bring an everlasting disgrace upon your names; be men."

It did not seem as if human beings, capable of understanding the language in which they were being addressed, could withstand the appeal, but the crowd stood there, silent and silent, while the leader said: "They cannot land. If we permit them we will give away our case." "They cannot land," the mob chimed in.

Senator McPherson sank down in the boat overcome.

Mr. Thompson cried out, "You poor people; you are being duped by a tricky lawyer."

"We are no more tricky than you," retorted Lawyer Reid.

Mr. Thompson then said, "You will at least allow Dr. Vought to send us food and blankets?"

"Not unless the captain comes ashore," answered the lawyer, and the mob applauded.

Reporters Take a Hand.

When the boat was rowed back to the steamer the newspaper men, who had listened to this, at once went to every member of the Islip health board who was present and begged that this horrible crime be not committed. At 8:30 o'clock a meeting of the board was held in the hotel office, where a resolution was passed that if Dr. Vought would go with Lawyer Reid to the steamer and see that the injunction papers were served the board would allow food and blankets to be taken aboard. Dr. Vought was made to promise that if this was allowed no attempt would be made to land passengers.

The excitement did not abate in the slightest degree after the Cephus had withdrawn to the stream. The crowd remained on the dock muttering threats and swearing that the people on the stricken ship could at least live in comfort as they were detained under the law. Before leaving quarantine the governor authorized Dr. Jenkins to provide blankets, provisions, etc., for the passengers on board the Cephus, now lying at the pier at Fire Island, which was promptly done, so that they might to some extent made comfortable for the night.

When he reached the city, in speaking of the injunction order granted by Judge Barnard, the governor said he had already requested Corporation Counsel Clark, of the city, and Jenks, of Brooklyn, to represent the state in the injunction proceedings. He expressed his regret that the order was not returnable sooner, and said he believed that Dr. Jenkins was discharging his duties intelligently and vigorously, and was entitled to praise instead of censure.

On his arrival from quarantine he went immediately to Brooklyn to confer with Judge Barnard personally. The governor spent three hours in a fruitless search for Judge Barnard, and finally had to return without finding him to see him. When he returned to the Windsor hotel he was immediately waited upon by Mayor Grant, Commissioner Martin E. Stokes, Dock Commissioner Cram and Corporation Counsel Clark.

In the conference that followed it was learned that the only copy of the injunction order served had been served upon Captain Pearce, of the Cephus. Mr. Clark at once telephoned to Dr. Jenkins to secure the copy which Dr. Jenkins said he would do at once and bring the papers to the city.

FIRE ISLANDERS OBDURATE.

Despite Senator McPherson's Appeal They Refuse the Cephus a Landing.

FIRE ISLAND, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The people here appear to have lost all sense of humanity. They were appealed to in the name of God to permit the oldest women and pregnant children to be taken to the hotel for the night that their lives might be saved and refused with brutal jeers. Events last night displayed a degree of cruelty well

Special Committee.

The following committee has been appointed to receive and act as escort, or the authorities of the Empire state will be responsible for many deaths from exhaustion.

J. R. MCPHERSON,
E. F. SHEPARD,
A. M. PALMER,
ROBERT M. HARRISON,
J. S. ROSENTHAL,
Dr. F. LANG.

Executive Committee for Passengers.

This dispatch was received at about 10:30: Albert M. Darling, Sheriff of Suffolk County:

Guard the property of the state and see that the people on board of the passengers on the Cephus. Summon all good citizens to aid you. Those passengers are in want of food. There is no disease or cholera. The only danger is that they may be driven to distraction. Appeal to the manhood of the people. I know they will aid you—they are humane. Plenty of relief will arrive tomorrow.

ROSWELL P. FLOWER.

PEST REFUSE WASHED ASHORE.

The New Jersey Coast in Danger from the Infected Goods.

KEYPORT, Sept. 13.—Notwithstanding the fact that strict watch has been kept by those in charge of the quarantined ships not to throw any goods into the sea, every high tide casts goods upon the shore from here to the Highlands. Those goods are unquestionably from the pest ships. The beach patrol, which is guarding the shore from under orders from President Hunt, of the Monmouth county board of health, fished above bundles of clothing, wash hampers and bedding. The goods were immediately destroyed by fire. There is much indignation among the people, and they will send a committee to Governor Abbett to get him to act in the matter and have a stop put to the practice.

The various presidents of the local boards of health have called a meeting at Atlantic Highlands for the afternoon, and will devise some plan for better protection of the sea and river from houses from the scourge, which, they fear, will get a foothold through the narrowmindedness of some of the Highlanders, who pick up the clothing and take it to their homes. Several pieces of clothing were picked up at Atlantic Highlands yesterday afternoon and also a basket. The name was erased from the hamper. It was filled, but was not opened.

It was reported that the body of a child was washed ashore near Barnegat bay. It is said to come from one of the ships. The report could not be verified. Coroner Lewis, of Middletown, has issued orders that any bodies washed ashore should be burned at once. The patrol along the entire front will be re-enforced.

Won't Allow the Rags to Land.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13.—The board of health decided to not allow the rags on the Katie N. Faunett, at the Delaware, from Hamburg, to land anywhere within this jurisdiction and declared that they should be destroyed. The rags are not disinfected, and are consigned to Drexel & Co. and O. G. Hemstead & Co., of Philadelphia. The following was adopted: "Resolved, That the supervising surgeon general of the Marine hospital service be requested to direct that when a vessel is discharged from quarantine at the breakwater a certificate be forwarded to the health officer by the proper medical officer, showing the number of days the vessel was detained, the measures of disinfection employed and such other information as may be respecting the sanitary treatment of vessel and pas-engers, etc., as will enable the board of health to act advisedly."

No Cholera in Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 13.—A United Press representative visited Jeannette, where it was reported that a well defined case of Asiatic cholera had developed, and claimed its victim. The reporter found much excitement in the foreigners' quarter of the town and much indignation among the citizens in general, but no cholera.

Hamburg Improving.

HAMBURG, Sept. 13.—Reports concerning the epidemic are more encouraging than at any time in the previous two weeks. There have been 687 fresh cases, a decrease of 111, and 308 deaths, a decrease of 73. The burials have numbered 385. There are 3,000 patients in cholera hospitals and barracks against 3,239 yesterday.

Chicago Getting Ready.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—The city department of health made arrangements for the erection of a number of tents in the different divisions of the city for the accommodation of cholera patients should the dread disease break out here.

No Abatement in Havre.

HAVRE, Sept. 13.—Thirteen new cholera cases and eight deaths are reported, against eight new cases five deaths yesterday.

A Case in Prague.

PRAGUE, Sept. 13.—A case of genuine Asiatic cholera has been discovered here.

Six Thousand Miners Out.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 13.—The 6,000 miners in the lower pool of the Monongahela river passed their first day of idleness and the eighty coal mines are closed. The strike or lockout, the result of the operators refusing to continue the old rate of pay, promises to be a long and bitter fight.

Narrow Escapes from Death.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13.—The florist supplies manufactory of Dingee & Conard Co. was partially destroyed by fire. Assistant Captain of the Fire Patrol William Porter fell from the third story and was seriously hurt. Seven firemen and five newspaper employees narrowly escaped.

Chicago's Rose Trade War.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—Judge Magill of Washington has heard that 175 feet of the Lake Shore track curves within the city limits and that the mayor will order the police to stop racing at Harlem unless on this road it is gambling on city lands.

Council Malloy Assaulted.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 13.—United States Consul C. Malloy, of Johannesburg, was badly beaten by four policemen. It is said that the police were drunk. Malloy was rescued by citizens after a hard fight.

Street Car Workers Organized.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 13.—Sixty delegates representing unions of street car employees in twenty different cities met here and formed an international union.

France Protests.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—The French government has protested formally in Berlin against the selling of arms by German firms to the Dahomeyans.

The Guided Man Dead.

LEWISTON, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Jonathan K. Bass, the celebrated ossified man, died here. The ossification had spread to the heart.

McColl Nominated.

BOSTON, Sept. 13.—The Eighth district Republican congressional convention nominated Samuel W. McColl.

FASHIONS.

The Modified Skirt.

The "Cosmet" skirt, which is trying to displace the popular "umbrella" skirt, has some advantages which the latter has not. To be sure, it needs wider goods, but it has but two seams, and really takes a small amount of cloth. The front breadth is very slightly sloped at the sides, and has three darts at each side of the gore. The back consists of a square set corner-wise, the upper corner cut off slightly, the lower rounded widely to form the sweep of the slight train. The side seams are left plenty for pocket-hole and pockets; the top is gathered. Below the gathers the fullness is laid in a double box-plait, which falls partially over the seams. Definitive lining and an interlining of wadding, aid in holding it in the desired flaring shape.

New Fall Jackets.

Among the first things to be considered are of course the fall jackets, days the New York Sun, which promise to appear in tunic fashion, reaching two-thirds down the dress skirt. The Charles II. coat is one of the prettiest of new models yet shown. It is of dark bottle

green heavily corded silk, and made with a waistcoat of white suede closed with heavy silver buttons in repousse work. Deep cuffs in leather closed with the same buttons in a smaller size appear on the sleeves, and the neck is closed with a stock and cravat of silk muslin edged with fine lace. The low flat hat of white felt has a profusion of short green tips curling down against the hair and covering the brim. Another rich and dressy coat is of corded and brocaded silk in black, with a long rolling collar of gold or jet embroidery and a lining of green and gold brocade. This is closed with paneled porcelain buttons, set in mock jewels.

Woman's at best a contradiction still.—Pope.

The Fitchburg Wreck.

BOSTON, Sept. 13.—The victims of the accident on the Fitchburg railroad are all comfortable and it is thought that all will recover.

LEARING OUT SALE OF SUMMER CLOTHING!

AT

WERNER'S - CLOTHING - HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.

Don't fail to drop in and see our EXTRAORDINARY Bargains, as we must dispose of our Summer stock to make room for Fall and Winter goods.

NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert cologne Maker, who is now at work making the finest bologne in this city. If you are fond of cologne, stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies LOOMIS & RICE 49 B'dway

ARE YOU GOING TO EUROPE?

Tickets on any line, to or from any port, at as low as cheapest in New York. Prepaid tickets, and drafts for sale by Henry D. Morrison, agent, 11 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

Tickets for any Steamer—All Lines.

THE BEE HIVE!

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates	75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and Black,	$1
The "Glady" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns	$1
8-Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates,	85c
Gents' Kid Gloves,	$1

Also a full line of

Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong Ice into Plainfield, are now prepared to serve their patrons with Ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant street, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

We Cannot Give You A House and Lot,

But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and unlerfal.

Estimates furnished free of charge.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

Painters and Decorators,

29 East Front street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

CARRIAGES and HARNESS

of Every Description.

STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

Accessable at Any Time.

RYERSON,

33 SOMERSET STREET.

A Word to the Public!

OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.

Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. L. H. Bodine, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of stylish and tasty creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.

Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 West Front Street.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 96.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

90 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.

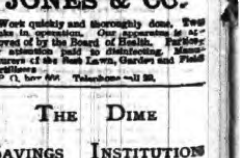
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 7y

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Intelligence Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines and shrubs. 9 29 7

H. N. SPENCER,
76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and seedsman. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar a specialty. Ammunition. W. G. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD



IDORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Teams to be in operation. Our operations to be covered by the Board of Health. No refuse or nuisance held to disinfecting. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers.

P. O. box 666. Telephone call 23.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORKMAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:30, a. m., 12:05, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30, 10:30 a. m., 12:30, 5:30 and 11 p. m.

BOMMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS.

Arrive—9:30 a. m., 1:15, 6:30p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 5:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

MAINE ELECTS CLEAVES

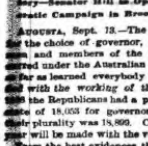
The Republican Plurality in the State Is About 12,000.

ALL THE CONGRESSMEN RE-ELECTED

The Australian Ballot System Was Used for the First Time and Proved Satisfactory—Senator Hill to Open the Democratic Campaign in Brooklyn.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 13.—The state election for the choice of governor, four congressmen and members of the legislature occurred under the Australian ballot law, and the people learned everybody appears satisfied with the working of the system. In 1888 the Republicans had a plurality in the state of 18,053 for governor, and in 1890 their plurality was 18,899. Comparison this year will be made with the vote of 1890.

From the best evidences that can be obtained Cleaves, Republican candidate for governor, will have a plurality over Johnson, Democrat, of between 11,000 and 13,000 votes, and a majority over all of from 6,000 to 8,000 votes. In 140 town Cleaves received 27,112, Johnson 23,292, Hussey 455, scattering 681. In 1890 Burleigh received 38,903, Thompson, 17,745, Clark 933, scattering 572. Republican plurality this year, 4,930, against 7,555 in 1890. In Augusta, Cleaves received 1,609, and Johnson 890, against Burleigh 831 and Thompson 323 in 1890.



H. B. CLEAVES.

The following dispatch explains itself:

To Hon. Thomas H. Carter, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, 318 Fifth Avenue, New York:

The total vote will be 12,000 less than in 1888 We elect all four congressmen, carry fourteen of the sixteen counties, have two-thirds of the members of the legislature and elect our governor by 11,000 over the Democratic candidate.

J. H. MANLEY.

The Democrats have not been organized before since 1883, when the Republican plurality was less than 9,000. The greatest Democratic gain so far has been in the city of Augusta, where the Republican plurality of 2,570 in 1888 was reduced to 1,792; Lewiston also showed a Democratic plurality of 250, a gain of 278. The smaller towns heard from indicate that the Democratic gain in the cities is offset in the country districts.

Freeport showed 122 majority, a gain of 9 Republican votes, and eleven towns in Waldo county, the home of Congressman Milliken, show 311 Republican gain for both state and congressional tickets.

Late advices to Chairman Manley indicated that ex-Speaker Reed's majority over Ingraham will be 2,000.

NEW JERSEY REPUBLICANS.

Ex-Senator Nevins Elected Temporary Chairman of the Convention.

TRENTON, Sept. 13.—The Republican state convention was called to order in Taylor's Opera house, this city. The temporary officers of the convention were chosen as follows: Chairman, ex-Senator M. Nevins, of Monmouth; secretaries, John Foster, of Essex; Augustus S. Barbour, Jr., of Gloucester; John T. Cox, of Hunterdon, and J. Herbert Potts, of Hudson. The various committees were then appointed and a recess was taken.

The following quartet are the prominent gubernatorial candidates: John Kean, ex-General E. Burd Grubb, Franklin P. Murphy and Frank A. Magoun. Every indication now points to the nomination of Kean. The leaders assert that he has a majority of the delegates and that he will get the nomination on the second, if not on the first ballot. He has been in the field ever since Grubb was nominated three years ago. Magoun and Murphy have only recently entered the fight. Both are wealthy manufacturers, the former living in this city and the latter in Newark. Murphy is part owner of the Newark Advertiser.

The presidential elector-at-large will be Frederick Frelinghuysen, of Essex, and A. D. Cattell, of Camden.

Hill to Speak in Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 13.—Colonel Thomas E. Fearsall, chairman of the Democratic general committee of Kings county, has announced that Senator Hill had accepted an invitation to speak on the issues of the presidential campaign in the Brooklyn Academy of Music, Monday evening, Sept. 19, when the Kings county Democracy will formally open its campaign. Ex-President Cleveland is also expected to be present. Lieutenant Governor Sheehan announced the fact of Senator Hill's acceptance of the invitation at a Democratic headquarters in New York, where the news was received with joyous enthusiasm.

Read Out of the Party.

NASHUA, N. H., Sept. 13.—The New Hampshire Republican, under the caption of "Party Disloyalty," published this morning an editorial which is virtually equivalent to reading ex-Congressman O. C. Moore out of the Republican party. The editorial is occasioned by the attacks of Mr. Moore upon the character and standing of General Henry M. Baker, the nominee of the Republicans of the Second congressional district. The editorial occasions considerable stir, as Mr. Moore has long been a leader in the Republican party in this state.

Judge Bell for Congress.

PUEBLO, Colo., Sept. 13.—The Democratic convention of the Second district nominated Judge John C. Bell, of Montrose. He is also the candidate for the People's party.

Elder Brice Dead.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 13.—Rev. Alexander L. Brice, presiding elder of the Elizabeth Districs Methodist Episcopal church, died at his home in this city. Deceased was born in Suffield, Conn., and has followed the ministry since 1847, and has served as presiding elder in Newark, Jersey City and Morristown districts.

The Grounding of the Fern.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—The secretary of the navy appointed a court of inquiry to investigate the recent grounding of the United States steamship Fern.

Debarred from Landing.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—During the month of August 223 immigrants were debarred from landing, of whom 146 were contract laborers.

Had His Brother-in-law Killed.

VIENNA, Sept. 13.—Count Edmind Matsuzaki has been arr ested for having hired a man to kill his brother-in-law.

THE CROWD CHEERED JOHN L.

Corbett's New York Reception a Success. Sullivan Accepts His Offer.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—The show that was given last night at the Madison Square Garden by W. A. Brady, the manager of James J. Corbett, and called a reception to Corbett, "the champion of the world," was a success. There were some uncomped seats at the farther ends of the big house, but fully 4,000 people were present. After the boxing show Manager Brady went upon the stage and read the following:

Mr. James J. Corbett, Coleman House, City:

In reply to your letter, dated New Orleans, Sept. 8, 1892, will say I accept your proposition to spar at the Madison Square Garden on Saturday evening, Sept. 17. Awaiting your reply, I am, respectfully, JOHN L. SULLIVAN.

When Sullivan's name was pronounced as the signer of this note the house got up and yelled. Corbett was climbing up on the stage at the time, but that made no difference. The people were with John L. and Corbett knew it.

After the mob had got tired of cheering Sullivan they "got on" to Corbett, and gave him a rattling yell that lasted for nearly half a minute. Calls for a speech now: I James J. to arise and say these things, which he uttered in the most sincere manner:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—I want to say that I hope John L. Sullivan (cheers) has every success in all his undertakings. I will simply add that if, in maintaining the championship, I shall do half as well as Mr. Sullivan I shall be well satisfied.

The crowd thought it was a good speech and they let go for Corbett with right and left lungs. Corbett sparred with Jim Daly before the entertainment closed, but did not raise any enthusiasm.

Hail the Better Man.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—Jim Hall and Ted Pritchard boxed six rounds for a trophy at the Central hall, Holborn. Hall showed himself to be the better man in every round.

MRS. HARRISON WORSE.

Her Condition So Grave That the President Abandon His Trip.

LOON LAKE HOUSE, N. Y., Sept. 13.—An unexpected complication has added itself to Mrs. Harrison's illness, and her condition now is so grave that it will prevent the president from being absent from the sick room. In consequence the trip through northern and central New York which the president had anticipated making has been given up. Chairman Hackett, of the Republican state committee, was apprised of the facts by telegraph from Loon Lake.

Much solicitude has been expressed at the sudden turn in Mrs. Harrison's condition. There is no business being transacted by Mr. Harrison. Mr. Grant was a guest at the cottage for a brief while. A special train was sent from Loon Lake to Saranac Lake for Dr. Trudeau, of the sanitarium.

A team was got in shape hurriedly and the doctor brought from the Ampersand hotel, where he is stopping. As he was stepping on the train a reporter for the United Press asked him regarding Mrs. Harrison's health, but the doctor refused to talk. Dr. Gardner, Mrs. Harrison's physician, is also at Loon Lake.

The Howling Dervishes a Failure.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—The howling Dervishes, who had been brought to this country for exhibition at the World's fair, are to be sent back to Europe next Wednesday by the Red Star line. M. Molnik, who brought the Dervishes here, found his venture to be a failure and abandoned them.

West Goes Free.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—James J. West, formerly proprietor of the Chicago Times, against whom three indictments for fraudulent issuance of Times stock were pending, has been set free. And criminal prosecution against him dismissed.

White Caps Active.

ARLINGTON, Or., Sept. 13.—White Caps attempted to kill Herman Scheunert, a German rancher, and burned two barns belonging to James L. Kent, with whom Scheunert had been stopping since the attempt on his life was made.

Bribers and Bribed.

VIENNA, Sept. 13.—Twenty-two customs officials and merchants of the duchy of Bukovina are on trial, the merchants charged with giving and the officials with accepting bribes for evasion of the customs.

The Gold in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—The ten days statement issued from the treasury department shows the total net gold in the treasury to be $114,219,971, an increase of about $50,000 since the first of the month.

The Naval Review.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Admiral Gherardi has left for San Francisco, where he goes to bring the Baltimore, San Francisco and Charleston to New York to take part in the review in April next.

The Army of the Cumberland.

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 13.—The veterans are beginning to arrive preparatory to the reunion of the Army of the Cumberland. On the 15th the ceremonies will commence.

Champagne Will Be High.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—Reports from the champagne districts predict that the harvest will be below the average in quantity, but excellent in quality. Prices will be high.

His Life Threatened.

MCALLISTER, I. T., Sept. 13.—Green McCurtain, treasurer of the Choctaw Nation and leader of the Progressionist party, has been warned that he will be killed.

The Kaiser's Gift.

BERLIN, Sept. 13.—Emperor William has given from his private purse 30,000 marks since the cholera epidemic began for the relief of sufferers in Hamburg.

Oysters Are Not Real Estate.

CAMDEN, N. J., Sept. 13.—The New Jersey court of chancery has decided that oysters are not real estate, but personal property.

A Coaler Ashore.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 13.—The steamer Neshoto, coal laden, went ashore between Eagle harbor and Keweenaw point, Lake Superior.

Perished in the Flames.

TULARE, Cal., Sept. 13.—The Mechanics' hotel was destroyed by fire and Thomas Seagall, a colored lodger, perished in the flames.

Senator Girard Dead.

WINNIPEG, Man., Sept. 13.—Senator Girard died at his residence here. He has represented Manitoba at Ottawa for many years.

A New Kite Shaped Track.

HOPKINSVILLE, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The new kite shaped track here will be opened for racing and records Oct. 4 to 8, inclusive

A READING CRISIS NIGH.

The Whole System May Be Tied Up in a Gigantic Strike.

BOTH SIDES APPEAR DETERMINED.

President McLeod Says He Will Not Yield to the Labor Organizations' Demands and Chief Engineer Arthur Says If He Does Not All the Men Will Stop.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13.—More of the railroad labor leaders have reached town, and the biggest and most powerful representation of organized labor that ever gathered in Philadelphia is quartered at the St. Charles hotel. Besides the committee of thirty-eight from the Federated Order of Reading Railway Employees, which came here a week ago, there have arrived six out of the seven chief executives of the national railroad labor organizations and the heads of the two national unions—General Master Workman Powderly, of the Knights of Labor, and President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor.

All these men will call on President McLeod on Wednesday, and with P. M. Arthur, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, as spokesman, will present their ultimatum to the Reading's executive head. In direct terms they will say to him that unless he does away altogether with the rule forbidding the employes' membership in labor organizations they will call out every one of the 28,000 men on the road —engineers, firemen, conductors, trainmen, brakemen, switchmen and telegraphers. This course was finally decided upon at a conference of the labor men.

McLeod Won't Budge.

This condition of affairs makes it more than likely that a strike will be ordered, for President McLeod has reiterated that he would not amend a single one of the company's rules, and that in his position in the matter he was backed up by every stockholder of the road.

P. M. Arthur, chief engineer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, who will be one of the conferees, said that his brotherhood is prepared to sustain all of its members who may be discharged because of their connection with the organization. Mr. Arthur quoted from the published statement of President McLeod, made last Friday, as follows:

"They ask that we modify our rule or discontinue it altogether with reference to the labor organizations. We do not now employ any new men unless they show that they are not members of labor organizations, and agree that they will not become connected with any such."

The Vital Issue.

"We are willing to concede," said Mr. Arthur, "the right of the company to impose such conditions upon us when we enter their service, and also that we have the right either to accept or reject them, but when the president of the Reading Railroad company calls two men into his office who were not employed under such conditions, and who had consequently not accepted them, asks them if they are members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and because they tell the truth and admit that they are, he discharges them, that does not declare a strike. That is what he has done, and that is our grievance. Upon that grievance we will take issue with any railroad in this country."

"Will the telegraphers support you?" was asked.

"Yes," was the reply.

"Will the conductors, switchmen and brakemen also?"

"All the trainmen have promised their assistance, and that is why the chiefs of their organizations are coming here to join in the conference with the railroad officials."

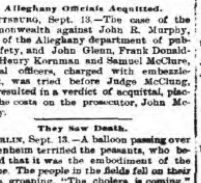
Alleghany Officials Acquitted.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 13.—The case of the common wealth against John R. Murphy, chief of the Alleghany department of public safety, and John Glenn, Frank Donaldson, Henry Kornman and Samuel McClure, special officers, charged with ex mezzlement, was tried before Judge McClung, and resulted in a verdict of acquittal, placing the costs on the prosecutor, John McKurdy.

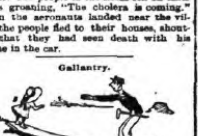
They Saw Death.

BERLIN, Sept. 13.—A balloon passing over Passenheim terrified the peasants, who believed that it was the embodiment of the plague. The people in the fields fell on their knees groaning, "The cholera is coming." When the aeronants landed near the village the people fled to their houses, shouting that they had seen death with his scythe in the car.

Gallantry.



"Don't be afraid! I'll help you across, my little maid."



"Thank you, kind sir," she said.—*Life.*

Beyond the Heat,

Above the Sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight

AT MIZZEN PEAK !

Build Your Home on Watchung Mountains
Topmost Summits, and Enjoy Existence.
Particulars of
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Plainfield, N. J.

Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic,
Needs no turning.

The Rapid,
Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,
and
Lawn - Sprinklers.

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13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

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Those having
Old School Books
which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in
Before September 5th.
We can make better allowances now than after school opens.

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24 West Front Street.

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Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel forms tion and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
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MASONS and BUILDERS,
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JOHN HERRMANN,
Carpenter, Builder and hard wood master maker. Shop corner of Grand and Regent streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
JOHN HERRMANN, 9 Regent street.

Have You a Pencil?

If you are 21 years old $66 90 paid annually for fifteen years would entitle you to $1,000.
If 22 years id. $67.
If 23 years old, $67.10.
If 24 years old, $67.30.

"his sum of $1,000 is payable to the insured, if living, at the expiration of fifteen years, or at his death, if prior.

FOR A LIFE POLICY, of $1,000 the annual payments to continue during life, the payments for young men between 21 and 24 are between $18.60 and $20.

For catalogues and further particulars address Henry D. Mercien, 11 Somerset street, agent. THE NEW YORK MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

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Bicycle Repaired
at
30. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J
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Henry Goeller, Jr.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

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Wine Room,
170 and 181 Somerset Street,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)
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ESTABLISHED 1860.
Wholesale and Retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballantine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. & M. Schaefer's Weimer Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.
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All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

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Per Pint Bottle.
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Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
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Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
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FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

COME AND SEE
the Large Stock of
Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
ALSO
Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.
AT CAREY'S,
76, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J

IT IS NOT A SECRET ! : : - - - - NOT A SCHEME !
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IF !

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH
BROTHERS,
8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-Table, June 19, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 34, 3 37, 5 38, 6 14, 6 39, 7 26, 7 50, 8 02, 8 15, 9 37, 9 52, 9 48, 9 22, 10 36, 10 37, 11 10, 12 00 noon, 12 01, 12 30, 1 02, 1 40, 2 30, 3 15, 4 01, 5 16, 5 45, 5 51, 6 04, 7 03, 9 02, 9 25, 10 15, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 12 01, 4 01, 5 16, 6 04, 7 03, 9 02, 9 25, 11 30, 11 45 a. m. 12 23, 1 42, 3 03, 5 18, 7 01, 7 35, 8 53, 9 33, 10 00, 10 30 p. m. Leave New York at 12 01, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. 12 00 night. Sunday, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m.; 12 00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 30, 6 30, 6 38, 7 30, 8 00, 8 44, 9 30, 10 04, 10 37, 11 06, a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 33, 1 05, 1 41, 2 30, 3 12, 4 03, 5 05, 5 34, 6 04, 7 00, 9 02, 10 12, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 12 05, 11 42 a. m. 12 33, 1 41, 3 30, 5 18, 7 01, 8 30, 9 33, 10 00, 10 30 p. m. Leave Newark at 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m. 1 05, 1 35, 2 30, 3 25, 4 05, 4 37, 5 05, 5 35, 5 50, 6 30, 7 25, 8 30, 10 30 p. m.; 12 00 night. Sunday, 9 00, 9 45, 10 30, 11 45 a. m. 12 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 10, 8 17, 9 43 a. m. 12 27, 1 46, 3 44, 5 46, 7 10, 9 43 p. m. Sunday at 9 43, 11 00 a. m. 6 06, 7 18, 8 00, 9 07, 11 19 p. m. 12 45 night. Sunday at 11 45 a. m. 11 19 p. m. Somerville at 5 34, 7 30, 10, 11 14 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 43, a. m. 1 35, 4 30 p. m. Sundays 9 25 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 30 a. m. for Junction, High Bridge connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.

9 43 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Scranton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9 43 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Manchester, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

11 30 a. m. way for Junction.

1 05 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4 05 p. m. way for Junction connecting for D. L. & W. R. R.

5 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bethlehem, Bangor, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua. (Pemberton coach to Mauch Chunk.

6 20 p. m. for Flemington.

6 20 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville.

6 20 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9 43 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Scranton. 5 38 a. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Williamsport, etc. 3 39 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

4 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 5 30, 8 00, 10 37, 11 09 a. m. 1 05, 3 25, 4 05, 5 35, 6 20, 7 00 p. m. Sundays for Ocean Grove 8 00, 11 45 a. m. 3 39 p. m. Long Branch at 5 30, 8 00, 10 37, 11 09 a. m. 1 05, 2 25, 4 05, 5 35, 6 20, 7 00 p. m. Sunday 8 00, 11 45, a. m. 3 39 p. m.

Leave Ocean Grove 8 37 a. m. 1 16 p. m.

For Freehold at 5 30, 8 00, 11 09 a. m. 1 05, 4 05, 5 35 p. m. Sundays 8 00 a. m. 3 39 p. m.

Leave Long Branch for Plainfield at 6 05, 8 37, 11 45 a. m. 1 37, 4 37, 6 52, 8 30, 9 17 p. m. Sundays at 7 34, 11 16 a. m. 4 37, 8 30 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9 05 a. m. 12 05, 1 54, 3 54 p. m. 1 37 night. Sunday at 9 05 a. m. 1 54 p. m. 1 37 night.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Supt. H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

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BROWN & BELL,
Steering and hair cutting parlor, in connection with Brown's barber shop, No. 2 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot heels and soles neatly attached while you wait.

AROUND ABOUT THE HOUSE.

HOW THE BUSY HOME-MAKER MAY LIGHTEN HER LABOR.

The Hard Earned Experiences of Others Told Here for Her Benefit—Timely Hints, Reasonable Recipes — Things Worth Knowing.

Gooseberries that are clean and fresh can be served for breakfast with the hulls and stems on. Have at each place a little cup or plate of pulverized sugar. The berries are dipped in the sugar and eaten with the fingers. This is a French style and a very delightful one.

Convenient Piece of Furniture.

BABY CHAIR, WRITING AND READING DESK.

A useful piece of furniture is the easy chair of which we give an illustration. It has a broad piece of board with pegs in the bottom that fit into holes in arms of the chair. This board has a recess into which an ink bottle is secured. Underneath the chair is a shelf which can be easily reached by the hands of the person seated in the chair. The board which forms the desk can be slid in on this shelf when not in use.

WORTH KNOWING.

To keep lemons fresh put them in cold water.

In whipping cream, don't let the beater touch the bottom of the bowl.

Boiling hard smokes in the centre when it is sufficiently heated for use.

In cooking tough meat or an old fowl, add a pinch of soda to the water to make it tender.

If the purer the tea, the more distinctly will the brown color of the leaf strike your attention.

White spots can be removed from furniture by rubbing a hot iron over, but not on the piece.

Never leave a spoon in anything required to boil quickly. The spoon conducts heat away from the liquid.

A good handful of salt should be added to the water in which matting is washed. The salt keeps the matting in color. Do not use soap.

To Make Marshmallows.

Dissolve one-half pound of white gum arabic in one pint of water; strain and add one-half pound of triple X confectioners' sugar. Place all over the fire, stirring constantly until the syrup is dissolved, and stir it of the consistency of honey. Add, gradually, the whites of three eggs, well beaten, the mixture until it becomes somewhat thin and does not adhere to the fingers. Flavor to taste, and pour into a tin slightly dusted with corn starch, and when cool divide into small squares.

To Bottle Raw Fruit.

Have ready some dry glass bottles, wide-mouthed and clean. Burn a match in each to exhaust the air. Place the fruit quickly in each; cork with soft corks and place in a cool oven. Let them remain until the fruit has shrunken one-fourth. Take out the bottles. Beat the corks well in and cover them with melted resin. If the fruit has been picked dry, and is quite sound, it will keep for months in a cool, dry place and retain all its flavor.

HEALTHFUL WALL PAPERS.

They Will not Absorb Impurities and Can be Washed.

The sanitary wall papers, which are heavily glazed and varnished so that they are equal to three coats of paint after they are put up and properly finished, are a boon to housekeepers who require a durable wall covering which will bear washing. In the bathroom and butler's pantry this sanitary paper is especially in requisition. It comes in geometrical designs, in blue and white tiling patterns, in old-fashioned French tile designs after Watteau, and in rustic patterns which imitate Delft tiling. After the paper is put on the wall it is finished with a coat of sanitary varnish, which makes it thoroughly durable. The great advantage of this paper lies in the fact that it is a non-absorbent. It does not take up odors or impurities of the atmosphere and the highly glazed surface may be washed with water as readily as tiling and without injury to the paper.

In Washing Clothes.

When putting the clothes to soak over night it is well to rub the most soiled places and the wrist and collar-bands with soap, and to rub out or take out all spots. Clothes should be shaken before hanging them out to dry; it saves trouble in folding. Fringe can be made to look very soft and fluffy if shaken vigorously while still wet.

Tomatoes and Rice.

Wash a cupful of rice. Have two tablespoonfuls of butter over the fire in a frying pan, and when very hot stir the rice into it. Stir it continuously until it is a golden brow, when add to it a cupful of tomatoes; stir all well, cover, and let it cook gently until the rice is tender. Add salt and a little pepper.

Useful Newspaper.

Paper is a good and cheap material to clean cutlery with. Knives rubbed with it retain their brightness; stoves rubbed hard with it every morning will remain bright and clean, and polish will be saved.

To Flavor Cake.

A leaf of sweet geranium put under the greased paper-lining in the cake-pan will impart to the cake a flavor and fragrance that is very pleasant.

FOR JUVENILE READERS.

MATTER THAT WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH STUDIES.

These Items Will Brighten Their Minds and Sharpen Their Wits—The Sayings of Little Tots—Information for Older Ones.

A bright little four-year-old boy was lying in the grass and looking into the sky, when he spied the moon. He was astonished to see it in the daytime. Suddenly jumping up, he rushed into the house and cried, "O mamma, God forgot to take His moon in last night!"—Youth's Companion.

MRS. BUTTERFLY'S BALL.

Mrs. Butterfly sent invitations
To her neighbors all round, great and small,
To tell them she hoped she should see them
Next week at her butterflies' ball.

You may guess that this caused quite a flutter,
And from friend to friend butterflies flew
To say, "To a ball I am going
I've been invited, have you?"

One poor little chrysalis only
Felt rather neglected, no doubt,
For she lay in her shell uninvited,
But then, you see, she was not out.

Mrs. Butterfly's ball-room was crowded
With butterflies dainty and bright,
If I could but describe the sweet dresses
That were worn in the ball-room that night.

Some pale blue, some delicate amber,
Some others perhaps crimson and gold,
And the lovely jewels that adorned them
Their names I'm sure can't be told.

But the belle of the ball-room — the beauty—
The latest arrival of all,
Was Miss Chrysalis, burst from her prison,
And, Cinderella-like, come to the ball.

She had not a little glass slipper,
She had not a carriage and pair,
But she had a youth to dance with her.
The handsomest butterfly there.

No jealousy spoiled their enjoyment,
There was no sigh of envy at all,
And the butterflies still speak with pleasure,
Of "Dear Mrs. Butterfly's Ball."

Manners, By a Boy.

Manners ain't it it with mussel. When it kums to a pinch mussel is what counts. Manners is mostly for company. Ma doant say so but that's the only time she yuses my manners is when theys company.

Manners is all rite fur girls. It doant matter whether they appeer well or not. Manners only pays fur boys when theys mince pi comin an yure like to git sent away from the table if yer doan't act perlite.

I kno manners.

All yer have ter do is ter drink soup out uv the side uv yure spoon and not laff wile the minister ser grace.—Detroit Tribune.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

Livery First-class in connection.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK S. MILLER.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

Corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

SEELY EDSALL,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Invites the inspection of the Dry Goods Trade to his new stock of

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS

Novelties.

Henriettas, Serges,

Cashmeres, Ladies' Cloth.

Black Goods a Specialty.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!

After the use of

Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.

Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child

SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

The Little Bridesmaid.

A CUTE COSTUME.

We show our little ones a sweet little frock for a tiny bridesmaid, made in green and gold Thetis brocade, and arranged so that the full skirt rests upon the ground in the quaintest fashion possible. The full sleeves are of plain gold Bengal satin, the frock being further ornamented with rows of gold feather-stitching. One can see from the picture how bewitchingly cunning this little Miss must have been.

Changed His Tune.

There was a boy
Who found with joy
A hornet's habitation,
He warmed it through
And shook it to
His beauty's ruination.

—Washington Star

Heard in the Nursery.

"That baby knows he has sweet little hands," said Tom.

"Why do you think so, Tom?" asked his mother.

"He is all the time sucking his fingers," returned Tom.

"Now Jack, take this medicine; it tastes a little nasty, but that can't be helped."

"Five cents 'll make me forget it quick-er," said Jack.

"Papa," said a little girl who had been getting a great many satisfactory answers to a great many questions, "what's the use of our having a dictionary in the house when you are here?"—Harper's Bazar.

Experience Teaches.

"Mamma sent me to get a hair brush."

"What sort of a hair brush do you want?"

"I want one with a soft back."—Life.

Right There, Day Here.

"I'm glad I am not a Chinaman," said Willie. "It must be awful unpleasant to have it dark all day and the sun shining all night."

Lessons to read slowly; all other graces Will follow in their proper places.

Educational.

Harned Academy

RE-OPENED SEPT. 12,

with increased facilities. A thorough academic course with opportunities for classical and special studies.

The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harned, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.

Classes now forming in German and French. Special Classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation to college. Music. Weekly lectures.

E. N HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN, 17 LAGRANDE AVENUE, Will Re-Open September 19, 1892. For particulars address the principals. 8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,

for

YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,

will re-open on

THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.

For particulars address MISS E. E. KENYON, Principal. 8 10 3m*

MR. A. VENINO,

Teacher of Piano and Composition, will now resume instructions.

For choice of hours and terms address P. O. Box 761, Plainfield. *10 1w*

ELOCUTION

By Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 399.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instructions and entertainment in French Lecture. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. V. Vivaux, care of Miss J. Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande ave., Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S

Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School, Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5, 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,

Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

BEACH'S

Celebrated

PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

Also

HOME MADE White Bread, Gluten Bread, Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Fillers, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPES and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and often, nice. Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday dinner on or before Saturday morning.

M. E. BEACH,

61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

ONE WOMAN'S LOVE.

Delay not, holy father, by my couch to stand
I must go to my king-my message for God.
My life has been a pure one all my days,
No evil have I done to any, willingly;
But Isaac's fair gates shall never swing for me
Unless they take my lover in: and he
Died long ago with blood upon his hands,
Shed to avenge my honor faintly wronged.
Murderer they called him. So he was.
But then he was my darling for me.
And shall I now desert that noble heart,
Whose only fault was rash impulsiveness,
And be taken beneath the wrath of God?
False I was never, nor shall be so now.
Somewhere he waits outside the pale of hope,
Some lonely place, forlorn, with none to comfort him;
And that straightway join him there
And share his lot, however terrible.
Is all I ask, and all that I will have.

—Exchange.

The Wife of President Carnot.

The president of France is paid $600,000 a year. Mme. Carnot has the spending of nearly the whole of this sum. She keeps the accounts, pays the marketing bills and arranges what donations are to be given in charity. The day of the president's wife begins at 8 o'clock, when her maid is brought to her dressing room. Hundreds of letters find their way addressed to Mme. la Presidente from all parts of France soliciting help, relief and protection in one form or another. Whenever it is possible the cases are investigated and help afforded to the deserving. Mme. Carnot sees her every day and draws up the bill of fare for the day herself.

The formal breakfast takes place at 12 o'clock, and is followed in summer by coffee served in the garden. Mme. Carnot, having discovered that the recipients of her bounty shrank from the fact becoming known in their more prosperous neighbors, always has every separate parcel sent by post with no official mark on the outside to explain from whence it came. The keynote of Mme. Carnot's nature and existence is her extreme love and loyalty to her husband. Although she does not often talk of him to strangers, his personality is ever present to her mind and rules her smallest action.—Montreal Star.

Women as Telegraphers.

In the work of receiving and sending messages women do equally as good work as men. They may not be capable of such phenomenal bursts of speed as the male telegraphers, but at the same time extraordinary speed is not so much an element of success or necessity as accuracy and the ability to maintain a fair average rate. They perform really creditable work, and a great point in their favor is their reliability. As yet women have not been successful in the handling of press reports. Day and night the Associated Press and the United Press send many thousands of words to the newspapers in all parts of the country, and the wires are almost exclusively in charge of men. The immense amount of matter to be handled necessitates a very high rate of speed, forty-eight words a minute being maintained for hours at a stretch. A woman's strength is hardly equal to such a task. Since the introduction of typewriters into telegraph offices, women have taken kindly to the machine and in their use have become proficient. The typewriter reduces the labor very materially.—John B. Taltavall in Ladies' Home Journal.

A Popular English Poet.

Jean Ingelow, it may be said, is the most popular of the English poets. She is a quiet, shy looking old lady of sixty-two years of age, and inhabits a pretty house in London, where those who take the trouble to seek her out receive always a kind and cordial reception. She has a very accurate mind and a horror of untidy or slipshod ways. She works hard, and finds her greatest relaxation in the study of botany. Her kindness of heart has become proverbial, for three times a week she gives, what she calls a copyright dinner to twelve poor persons just discharged from the hospitals. Although not a frequent visitor to fashionable drawing rooms, Miss Ingelow has an immense circle of friends. She believes in hard work, and always says that perseverance is the better part of genius. She is kind to young authors, and keeps abreast of modern literature in all its branches.—London Letter.

Never Kill Rats with Poison.

To administer poison to rats in the house in which human beings dwell is foolish. It is criminal. Let the thieving little beast be doctored with a death dealing dose of arsenic, strychnine or prussic acid, and in the throes of approaching dissolution he'll endow himself up in a narrow space between the walls or in some close corner in the dark cellar and dies. In a few hours the horrible stench of his decomposing body permeates the atmosphere of the house, and in a day or two the atmosphere is saturated with mephitic gases that indicate other sources of contagion than may exist.

When war is made upon the rat in the house let him be caught in a trap; any trap that is workable will do.—Dr. S. E. Weber's Lecture.

A Duchess Who Did Some Work.

The Duchess of Albany will for all time be known at the Women's home in Marylebone road, London, as "the princess who turned the mangle." The duchess paid a visit of inspection to the institution and went thoroughly into all of the departments set apart for the work carried on by the inmates. In one of the rooms was an inmate busy mangling clothes. Her royal highness immediately stepped forward and took the handle of the mangle herself and finished the piece of work which was being done. Needless to say, the spontaneous action of the duchess was greatly applauded.—London Tit-Bits.

Washing Ruches.

"I wash my ribbon ruches," says a young woman, "by just dipping them in ammonia and water. They must not be squeezed or wrung out, but dipped and smoothed until clean, then rinsed and dried. And I recurl a great point in their favor is their reliability. As yet women have not been successful in the handling of press reports. Day and night the Associated Press and the United Press send many thousands of words to the newspapers in all parts of the country, and the wires are almost exclusively in charge of men. The immense amount of matter to be handled necessitates a very high rate of speed, forty-eight words a minute being maintained for hours at a stretch. A woman's strength is hardly equal to such a task. Since the introduction of typewriters into telegraph offices, women have taken kindly to the machine and in their use have become proficient. The typewriter reduces the labor very materially.—John B. Taltavall in Ladies' Home Journal.

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Dressing the Children.

Ready made clothing for children has now been reduced to a science, yet twenty-five years ago it was unknown. It is not only unnecessary now to make children's clothing, it is a folly, for they can be bought at almost the cost of material to the buyer. This is a great boon to working mothers and saves that "burning the candle at both ends," which has deprived *many children of a mother's care when* it was most needed.—Homemaker.

SCHOOL SHOES!

Boys and Girls Give This Your Kind Attention!

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

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Builders' Hardware, . . . Paints Oils, Seeds. Carpenter and Machinist's Tools. Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

This Date in History—Sept. 13.

81—Titus, Roman emperor of Jerusalem, died near Reate, in the Sabine country; born 40, in September, 10, he led the army which conquered and destroyed Jerusalem, and the arch of Titus, erected in commemoration of that fact, is still standing.

1499—Columbus in great trouble; his sailors in a state of secret mutiny, and Portuguese vessels threatening to stop him. He was detained three months on the Canary Islands, refitting the Pinta, which the sailors had wantonly disabled, in the interests the slave trade, a cold style.

1520—Sir William Cecil, Lord Burleigh, statesman, born in Lincolnshire; died 1598. His unbiddable was really the administration of Queen Elizabeth, and he has been named "the most thoroughly English of all Englishmen before Palmerston."

1585—Phillip II of Spain died, and not a day too soon if historians tell the truth; born 1527.

1533—Michel Montaigne, eccentric lawyer and essayist, died at his chateau in Perigord; born there 1533; the eccentricity of his genius was so great that both Catholics and Protestants claimed him as their champion, but it is now considered that he was an agnostic.

1788—Battle of the Heights of Abraham; see schoolboy's declamation: "They fly! They fly! Who fly? The French," etc.

1806—Charles James Fox, parliamentary orator and long the opponent of William Pitt, died at Chiswick; born in London 1749; he was talented and dissipated, but immovable in his political principles.

"Not to It."

Down in the green orchard, cool and shady,
A hammock swings dreamily to and fro,
And in it is sitting the daintiest lady,
The sweetest that ever was known.
His glances with fond admiration are laden;
He whispers his love in her willing ear;
Now, would you believe it! That frivolous maiden
Once listened to me in the same way last year.

Yes, listened and promised her love to me only,
And therefore I can't say I relish this show.
Perhaps I'm a fool, but I feel rather lonely,
For I'm "not in it" today, don't you know.

Down in the green orchard, cool and shady,
A hammock swings with a gentle crash.
Then all in a heap falls the dainty young lady,
And yonder her lover lies flat on his back;
His features a startled expression are wearing,
His fashions attire bears many a stain.
He's spitting out gravel and mentally swearing,
He never will swing in a hammock again.
And as for the maid, she's the picture of sadness,
And he for myself, I do nothing but crow.
And inwardly chuckle with satisfied gladness,
For I'm "not in it" today, don't you know.

—Mary G. Heckle in Puck.

1892			September.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full	6	4:03 a.m.	New	20	3:16 p.m.
Third Quarter	13	7:50 a.m.	First Quarter	29	1:19 a.m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 1601, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Tuesdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Muhlenfeld building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH W. CRANE, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article,

A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,

to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

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furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

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North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furman" hot water heating boilers.

New Marble and Granite Works.

We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.

J. E. Townsend, Manager.

No. 30 SOMERSET STREET.

Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

STATE REPUBLICANS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CONVENTION AT TRENTON YESTERDAY.

Ex-Congressman John Kean for Governor.—Presidential Electors.—Platform Adopted.—The Largest Convention Ever Held.

All the little booms have been "laid away in camphor," said ex-candidate Frank Murphy yesterday afternoon, and John Kean is the nominee of the Republican party for Gover of the State of New Jersey.

The largest and most enthusiastic convention the party has ever seen guided it to the choice of its standard bearer.

As is chairman of the Republican State Committee it became Mr. Kean's duty to call the convention to order, and, like the orderly business man that he is, he set the ball rolling promptly on the minute. His function ended, however, when on behalf of his fellow-committeemen he had nominated ex-Senator Henry M. Nevius of Monmouth for temporary Chairman. The convention not only consented that the one-armed Monmouth veteran should preside over the preliminary proceedings, but through the Committee on Organization kept him in the chair till the nominations had made and the love feast of candidates that followed it had come to a close.

Jolly Y. Foster, J. Herbert Potts, and "Gus" Barber were the Secretaries from start to finish. The noise they could create was spent, after the usual fashion, in oiling the wheels of the convention with Committees on Organization, Rules and Resolutions, and the throng rushed to the hotels pell-mell for dinner.

The convention had scarcely reassembled before Gen. Sewell, who sat at the head of the Camden delegation, arose and suggested that a roll call by counties be made.

Atlantic had no nominations to present; neither had Bergen, but she showed her preference plainer than words could have revealed it by "yeilding to Union."

Blacksmith Kilbride of Burlington made a speech for the gallant Gen. Burd Grubb.

When Hudson was named ex-Judge R. B. Seymour spoke for Grubb. No response were made as the list proceeded till Mercer suggested that Frank A. Mc Gowan would furnish a campaign like a whirlwind, with the success of a tornado.

All Trenton was on hand to receive that tornado, and the tornado came the moment it had been dropped. Then the storm blew over.

And quality Union was called. Then applause swooped down from the galleries to the floor where the delegates sat, perched for a moment in a box, as William C. West, a new man in politics, ecilmbed to the platform.

"If you want strength you must find it in Union," was one of the hits of his not over attractive address, "and the Hon. John Kean is Union man."

After a time the convention fell to balloting. On the first ballot Kean had 331 votes, after Sussex had flopped; Grubb had 178, McGowen had 85, Murphy had 56.

Kean had Camden's 31 votes solid, Union's 26, Bergen's 20, Cape May's 13, Passaic's 49, 4 in Atlantic, 16 in Cumberland, 14 in Gloucester, 20 in Hudson, 10 from Hunterdon, 17 in Middlesex, 25 in Monmouth, 13 in Morris, 5 in Ocean, 9 in Salem, 14 in Somerset, 17 in Sussex, and 9 in Warren.

A second ballot was ordered. There were breaks in Atlantic, Cumberland, Gloucester, Middlesex and then Morris tried to have the glory of scoring the nomination by changing sixteen votes and making it unanimous. She was allowed to make the change, but her motion was not put. It fell to Essex's lot, on Parker's motion, to make the nomination unanimous.

Gen. Grubb, Frank Murphy and Frank McGowan were sent out to bring the candidate in. Mr. Kean made a pleasant little speech of acceptance, and a love-feast followed. Grubb pledged his fidelity to the cause.

"Three years ago," he remarked, "we made the charge and fought the battle, broke in on the enemies' retrenchments, and took some prisoners." The audience remembered the fate of the ballot-box stuffers and broke into tumult.

The platform adopted was as follows:

The Republicans of New Jersey, through their representatives assembled in convention, reaffirm their adherence and undying devotion to the great principles of the Republican party, by which the Nation owes long years of unexampled prosperity in the past, and through which we look for its continued greatness and happiness.

We approve and endorse the declaration of principles as set forth in the platform adopted by the Republican National Convention at Minneapolis, June 8, 1892.

We reaffirm our belief in the doctrine of a high protective tariff as the true American policy, supplemented by reciprocity, inaugurated by the present Administration through the McKinley bill, which we unreservedly accept as the embodiment of the principles we have advocated in its every clause, or enunciated as tariff reform.

We repudiate the Democratic doctrine as expressed in the platform adopted by that party, that "Protection is not constitutional" and declare for the passage of such tariff laws exclusively for the purpose of revenue, and as are demanded by the American population on the one hand, and the conditions of production and industry in our country, the development of which has been so wonderful under the policy of agricultural products, and the increased earnings of wage earners, as shown by the census reports issued and published by Democratic officials, while, at the same time, commerce, instead of diminishing, as was predicted by Democratic orators, has grown even more rapidly.

We express our endorsement of the wise and able Administration of President Harrison, whose every official act has been characterized by every possible question, whose age and patriotic devotion to the interests of the people, whose courage, statesmanship, unswerving integrity, accuracy of judgment and action in every emergency have endeared him to the hearts of the man who never made a mistake. The Republicans of this State are eager to add more glorious future, and we would not change in battle array.

We denounce as utterly vicious and contrary to public policy the passage by the last Democratic Legislature, under the dictation of a Democratic Governor, with the connivance of the members of the Democratic State Executive Committee, of a bill to legalize an unconstitutional and unjust combination of corporations engaged in the production and carrying of coal, as the result of which the prices of this necessary article of fuel have been increased, and the business of consumers have been vastly augmented. We remind the people that this legislation affects not only the rights of wealth and the great industries of the State, but the comfort and prosperity of every household, and we call upon the Democratic Governor to withhold his approval of the proceeds of their daily toil.

Resolved, That labor and capital should be alike protected by the strong arm of legislation and prompt enacting as remedies for this, want, and, therefore, we pledge ourselves to secure peace, plenty, and prosperity to our people. We favor arbitration as a means of labor. We favor tenement house and factory inspection in the interest of health and morals. We favor the passage of an act providing for the proceeds of the sale of riparian lands to the school fund of the State.

We are opposed to an administration of the State Government for personal ends; to the subservience of the Legislature and the courts to executive dictation; to the abolition by the Legislature, under executive orders, of our home government; to the multiplication of public offices and the increase of patronage in the hands of the governor and political ends; to the appointment of public officers for a special organization to be paid to the party campaign fund; to the indiscriminate and wholesale pardon of convicts in the State prison in the interest of extravagance of the present State Administration; to the centralization of the power, money; in clothing the Governor with dictatorial powers by reason of a Democratic majority subject to executive control; to the creation of unnecessary offices and commissions for personal purposes, investing them with arbitrary power and placing them beyond the control of the people by the abolition of the veto power of the Senate of the Governor; to evasions and misconstructions of the Constitution by the Chief Executive to secure political and personal support; to the condemnation without trial by State officers and party leaders of race-track gambling, with all its attendant evils, while permitting the sale of the right of suffrage by false registry, ballot-box stuffing, and fraudulent count of votes, and to the general maladministration of public affairs within all these and other matters during the current Administration, have brought shame and disgrace upon the State.

We call attention to the thorough reform of these evils, and we appeal to all patriotic voters in the State to aid us in the re-establishment of a Government of which we shall not be ashamed.

Resolved, That we are in favor of the principle of home rule by all peoples everywhere; and we especially express our sympathy with the principle in the consummation from the colored voters of New Jersey, in convention assembled, in Trenton, on the 7th inst., when Hon. Warren H. Robinson of Camden he added to the Republican State committee, received by said convention.

The convention elected these gentlemen for Presidential Electors:

At Large—Ex-Senator Alexander G. Cattell and Frederick Frelinghuysen, son of the late Secretary Frelinghuysen.

First District—George Hires of Salem.

Second District—Samuel D. Boehling of Mercer.

Third District—Adolph Mack, President of the Batavia Woolen Mills.

Fourth District—Luther Kountze of Kountze Brothers, New York bankers, a resident of Morris county.

Fifth District—Donald McKay of the firm of Vermilye & McKay, New York bankers, a resident of Bergen county.

Sixth District—Frederick Kuhn of the Newark Kuhn Brothers.

Seventh District—George F. Perkins of Jersey City, a rich paper manufacturer in that city.

Eighth District—William F. Chamberlain of Bayonne.

JOHN KEAN, JR.

The Union County Candidate as Seen in Essex.

In a quaint old colonial house near Lake Ursinus, which crystal-like waters form the fountain head of the Elizabeth river, John Kean, jr., was born March 3, 1852. He studied first in the country district schools, and in 1870 was graduated from Yale College with high honors. He then began to study the intricacies of law in the office of Hon. Joseph P. Englis, Elizabeth. In 1879 he passed a creditable examination and was admitted to the bar as an attorney. He soon became a leader in connection with his many enterprises.

He soon began to aspire to a political life, and was nominated by the Republican ticket for the forty-eighth Congress. He was pitted against Miles Ross, whom Gen. John Kean, jr., had defeated in 1878 and 1880. Ross, 13,186; Kean, 13,196; Ross, 12,961. In 1886 he was again nominated with ex Governor Robert S. Green as his opponent, and defeated. In 1888 he was again nominated and defeated McMahon by a plurality of 627 votes. the figures being: Kean, 15,508; McMahon, 14,881. In 1889 (presidential year), he was once again nominated for Congress but was defeated by Congressman Heisenheimer.

Probably few men have more business care than Mr. Kean. He is president of the Elizabethtown Gas Company, president of the National Park Bank, president of the Elizabeth Water Company, a director in the Elizabeth Street Railroad Company and the Union Water Company, a large stockholder in the New Jersey Traction Company, a member of the Downtown Association, and other clubs of New York, a member of the Essex County Club of Orange, and the Elizabeth Athletic Association and Racquet Club. He is also largely interested in the Twin City, St. Paul-Minneapolis street railway syndicate.

Mr. Kean never was speechmaker, but his diplomacy and executive ability have never been questioned. Mr. Kean is a true-blue Jerseyman, and holds its growth and interests as sacred. With the younger element of voters he is extremely popular.

In his domestic sets Mr. Kean takes after his father, preferring to look after the merits of a charitable case and then quietly contributing handsomely. He is in the full tide of manhood and health, and a hard worker. Although employing a good many men in his various interests, he earns their confidence and respect by showing his recognition of man's individuality as a human being, not giving the laborer the benefit of the doubt.

Mr. Kean's father and mother are both alive, and reside in the old homestead. His father's sister is the wife of the ex-Postmaster-General Wm. Wilkins Kirk, while one of his sisters (Caroline) recently married W. E. Roosevelt, of Roosevelt & Company, New York, and another sister, deceased, was the wife of Assistant Secretary of State, George L. Rives, and another sister, Cleveland. Mr. Kean has never married. He believes that at no time in the history of New Jersey was the election of James L. Ward, was a Republican victory so likely.—Newark Advertiser.

Bicycling Notes.

"Bld" Bowman, of this county, E. A. C., has made a new mile record for himself. Yesterday on the Springfield, Mass., track he covered the distance in 2.14 1-5, having had a flying start. He made the quarter in 39 1-5 and passed the half in 1.06 3-5 and the third quarter in 1.40 4-5, which was the time he finish one watch registered 2.14. The judges were Messrs. A. O. Moffett and D. J. Canary of Springfield, and C. H. Trey of Chicopee. "Bld" was paced by Tom Hampton, Zimmerman and Salisbury feels proud of his accomplishment. His friends in this city feel jubilant over his new record, and predict great things for their favorite.

—Look out for the Werner Clothing House advertisement to-morrow.

THE TROUBLE ENDED.

THE READING RAILROAD SYSTEM MAKES PEACE WITH ITS EMPLOYEES.

At a Conference Between the Men and the Company in Philadelphia Yesterday the Differences were Amicably Adjusted.

THE NEWS of last Thursday stated that there would be no strike on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad system, though there was a rumor yesterday that the matter was not yet settled and the strike could be expected any moment should the conference, which was held yesterday not prove harmonious. Twenty-five committeemen, with Chief Arthur as their spokesman, conferred with President A. A. McLeod and General Manager I. A. Swoiger in the Reading's general office and the meeting was harmonious throughout. When it was explained that Engineer William Schaeffer, of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad, who was discharged for belonging to the order, had not signed a contract to renounce labor organizations, President McLeod ordered that he be reinstated. Engineers John Bowman and William Drakeford, of the same line, likewise will not be reinstated, for they violated their signed agreement with the company by joining the organization.

President McLeod promised the employees of the leased lines that they would not be disturbed, and as the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers has not been recognized on the main line for several years, the apprehensions of the leased lines men were soon dispelled. Membership in the Reading Relief association, on the leased lines will be optional with the employees and they can join what labor organizations they please. The main line employees, however, must abide by the old rules.

PERSONAL.

Mr. M. J. Cashin of this city is spending a week in New York.

Miss Kittie Parker of New York is visiting Mrs. W. W. Hall of West Front street.

Mr. Chas. D. Wadsworth of 35 Central avenue has returned from Washington, Conn.

Mrs. Depew and Miss Depew, of this city, are at the Kittatinny House, Delaware Water Gap for the remainder of September.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Patton and family of East Ninth street will return home to-morrow from Asbury Park where they have had a cottage all Summer.

Miss Lottie Tuttle of Baltimore is visiting Miss Minnie French on Craig place, Miss Tuttle is the daughter of the Rev. Dr. A. H. Tuttle, formerly pastor of the Methodist church in this city.

Mr. August Jacot of North Plainfield, who has been *chef* each season for many years past at the famous Surf House, Fire Island, left there a week ago when it was prepared to entertain on the island the passengers from the quarantined steamships, as did also about one hundred employes whom he had under him. The most tempting offers were made him to remain, but as he has a large interest in his own hotel it prudent to take any chances of spreading the cholera among them, or in this vicinity, and could not induce his help to remain, even if he himself had been willing.

Mr. Wm. C. Ayers of Second street, general agent in this vicinity of the property of the New Jersey Land Improvement Company, four years ago set out in his garden, late, a free stone peach tree. It was obtained from Denton, and last year it began bearing, yielding a large crop. This year the fruit is not so plenty, there being probably not more than a bushel beautiful fruit in reserve able for its size. A peach dropped off during the storm last night, and was found to weigh nine and one-half ounces and to have a circumference of nine and three-quarter inches. Mr. Ayers says it is only about the average of those on the tree.

Killed by a Policeman at Somerville.

James Hahn, a laborer of Raritan, was shot and killed by Policeman Gottlieb Stauch on the main thoroughfare of that town yesterday. A gang of toughs got in a fight on the street and the officer attempted to quell the disturbance. The men became abusive and the officer attempted to make arrests, when he was attacked by the crowd. He clubbed several on the head and then drew his revolver, and says it went off accidentally in the melee. Hahn was shot through the abdomen and sank to the pavement dead in a few minutes. Special Officer Corcoran arrested the policeman and four witnesses and took them before Justice Burns, who committed them to jail.

Fell Twenty Feet and is Uninjured

Patrick Kiely, of No. 12 Stelmer place, North Plainfield, while standing on a ladder at his residence was thrown from the gutter on the roof of his house, this morning, because dizzy and fell about twenty feet. He was picked up unconscious with the blood running from his nose and ears. Dr. Carman was called but Mr. Kiely had recovered consciousness before he arrived. He was uninjured except for a slightly bruised shoulder.

Eddie, his twelve year old son, who a few weeks ago had his leg fractured while trying to ride a bicycle, is doing very well.

Plans for the New Y. M. C. A. Building Approved.

Plans for the proposed Young Men's Christian Association Building were approved by the Building Committee at their meeting last evening. Estimates for the work were considered, but no further action can be taken until the Executive Committee matter is settled, as the building cannot be located until then.

IMPORTANT BUSINESS EXTENSION.

Edsall's to Have a Handsome Shoe Department.

Mr. M. C. Van Arsdale, as recently stated in THE NEWS has sold his interest in the shoe business of Doane & Van-Arsdale to the successful dry goods merchant, Mr. Seely Edsall. An archway will be cut through between Edsall's and the shoe store, thus making an elegant shoe department for the popular dry goods house. This is an important change in the right direction, and one which the citizens of Plainfield, doubtless will be glad to learn of. Mr. Edsall has displayed good judgment and his manly character is creditable for success in the line he is now growing and popular business. He has our best wishes in his new undertaking.

BREVITIES

—There will be a devotional meeting at 5.30 to-morrow afternoon in the W. C. T. U. rooms.

—A new reading room has been opened at Hope chapel in connection with the new bowling alley.

—The Scott Press Works Campaign club will organize at Republican headquarters this evening.

—There was a serious washout on the Lehigh Valley railroad near New Brooklyn last night, caused by the heavy rainstorm. That company's trains are today running over the Central's tracks.

—Patrick Murphy was arrested by Officer Kiely, last evening, for being drunk, disorderly, begging and ringing doorbells. He was sentenced to jail for ten days.

—The Street Railway Company have taken no steps yet toward extending their line, though the ordinance permitting them to do so was passed at the special of Common Council over a week ago.

—Elijah Robinson, colored, was arrested by Officer Lynch to-day on complaint of James Scott for attempted assault with a stone. He was given his choice of paying $5 fine or going to jail for ten days.

—It is expected that Mr. Herve W. Georgi of Brown University will be present and take charge of the prayer meeting this evening at eight o'clock at the Park avenue Baptist church. An interesting meeting is anticipated.

—A Newark paper recites in one column the run of a young man, who played the races with money obtained by forgery; and in the next column gives other young simpletons tips on these same ruinous and unlawful races. It is needless to characterize such a paper.

—The well known firm of Van Emburgh & White has this day changed hands, and Van Emburgh retires and Mr. M. J. Van Arsdale of the late firm of Doane & Van Arsdale, has associated himself in business with Mr. White—under the firm of White & Van Arsdale. They will continue the dry and fancy goods business. The firm is now making extensive alterations in the store, adding a large room in the rear, which will enable them to display their goods to a better advantage and when completed (which will be about Oct. 1st) will be the largest department store in this section of the State. Both members of the firm are very popular here and are sure to succeed and increase in prosperity.

Two Men Killed in a Wreck.

The four o'clock express from Philadelphia to New York on the Pennsylvania Railroad, met with an accident yesterday at Deans, a station near New Brunswick, which caused the death of a track walker and a brakeman of a freight train side tracked there. The chain of the brake of one of the cars of the express broke on a hill, and the express slowed it slightly. The rear track of the car next to the last ran into the open switch as the train rolled along at the rate of forty miles an hour, was wrenched from its fastenings, and flung out at the side of the track, killing him instantly. The track broke, and a part of it hit the brakeman, tearing away his right arm, and the fragments, flying back, broke the windows of the express train, and a number of the passengers were cut with the glass. One named T. Adams was cut severely enough to necessitate the attention of a surgeon when their train arrived at Jersey City an hour and three-quarters late. The end of the car which lost its track was prevented from falling to the track by the coupling uniting it to the next car, but both could have toppled over before the express came to a standstill had they not had their balance steadied by the light freight.

The express was filled with delegates returning from the Republican Convention at Trenton.

Board of Education Meeting.

The Plainfield Board of Education met in regular session in the High School building Monday evening. President Babcock and Messrs. Finch, Lounsbury and Frohsen were present.

Bills to the amount of $2,900 were presented.

An estimate for putting the school furnaces in order was submitted. The price was $100. It was referred to the proper committee.

A petition, asking for water hydrants in the vicinity of Irving school, was signed by the President in behalf of the Board, and will be presented to the Council at its next meeting.

Upon motion it was ordered that city water be placed in Franklin school building.

Upon suggestion of Principal Mazoe it was decided to purchase a book catalogue of the World's Columbian Exposition now being issued.

A photograph is to be taken of all the school buildings for the World's Fair.

Two new teachers will be employed to take care of the largely increased classes.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Cholera in New York

Four Deaths To-Day.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14. (Special.)—Four deaths from cholera occurred in New York to-day.

This dispatch was received at 4.30 o'clock this afternoon.

To Release the Normannia.

QUARANTINE, S. I., Sept. 14.—(Special.—The steamship Normannia will be released from Quarantine to-morrow and after being provisioned by lighters will put to sea.

The Majestic at Quarantine.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14, (Special.)—The steamer Majestic arrived at Quarantine this morning. She reports all well.

Wertz Will Probably be Nominated.

TRENTON, Sept. 14 (Special).—Wertz will probably get the nomination for Democratic Governor.

This Time, Fritts, 2:27.

Andrew Fritts, without previous training, won the one mile handicap race this afternoon at the Somerville fair in 2 minutes and 27 seconds. There were over fifty riders in the race, many of them ahead of him at the start. Geo. Mahon, with 120 yards and A. T. Hinrichs with 90 yards handicap finished far behind. The purse was a gold watch.

He also finished fourth in the one mile team race which was won by the Orange wheelmen in 2.44.

Columbian Celebration.

Last night the Young Men's Catholic Lyceum held an adjourned meeting to hear the report of the committee of ten appointed to make arrangements for the proposed Columbian celebration on Oct. 21st next. The committee reported progress, and stated that they had not decided on any definite plan, but that the entertainment would probably take the form of a lecture, singing of historical songs, tableaux and music. The lecture will be a history of the discovery, and a review of the intervening four countries.

The tableaux will represent familiar historical scenes incidental to the voyage and landing of Christopher Columbus. The exercises will be held in the Lyceum Hall, Rev. P. E. Smith was present and addressed the meeting. St. Mary's Parochial school will also observe the day by following the usual programme of the National Board of school representatives.

Protesting Against the Trolley.

The New York Board of Fire Underwriters have passed a resolution against the introduction of the Trolley system in the city of New York, and instructing the special committee on electricity to present such protest to the proper authorities.—Electrical World.

—A large party of the Elizabeth Republicans met John Kean, jr., at the Elizabeth station last evening, upon his return from Trenton.

—The mass meeting and banner raising at C. R. Grant Republican headquarters, North Plainfield, which was booked for Thursday night of this week, has unavoidably been postponed, to a date in the near future. Due notice of which will be given.

Repairs waste, maintains warmth.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Supplies energy, furnishes sustenance, and these in a degree done by no other food.

DEATHS.

VAIL—In this city, Sept. 14, 1892, David K. Vail, in his 83d year.

Funeral services from his late residence, 23 West Sixth street, Friday afternoon, Sept. 16th, 1892, at two p. m. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. Interment at Round Brook. 2&G14-9

WAS IT TRYING TO COMMIT SUICIDE?

A Train Stopped on Account of a Dog's Queer Action.

As the 7.15 train, westward bound, left the Fanwood station this morning the engineer noticed a little black dog run down the embankment and crouch between the rails in front of the oncoming train. As the train was not under full headway, the humane engineer, after fruitlessly endeavoring to scare the dog away by blowing the locomotive whistle, stopped the train.

The train hands and passengers, who immediately ran forward to ascertain the cause of the whistling and stoppage of the train, tried, by the free use of sticks, when coaxing failed, to get the dog from its dangerous position. Fearing rabies, probably, they did not dare lay hands on the animal and pull it away.

The dog could not be moved. It simply couched lower, showing its teeth, and took the blows in dogged silence.

Finally when everything failed the trainmen and passengers got back on the train, and, regretfully, the engineer, with a last tost of the whistle, started it forward.

The dog kept its head raised until the cow-catcher of the locomotive was within a few inches, when it lowered its head upon its paws, and the train passed over.

The dog, however, had crouched so low that it escaped all injury and the passengers, who were hanging out of windows and doors expecting to see the mangled body, were treated to the dog unhurt, in the same position.

The dog, which is a spaniel, is supposed to be the same one that was thrown from a train at the Plainfield station, Tuesday afternoon.

—Eighty-five years ago to-day Robert Fulton's steamboat, Clermont, started up the Hudson river as a packet between New York and Albany.

—Neuman Bros. receive daily a large shipment of selected canning and table peaches. Thursday there will be a special sale of choice fruits. Prices to suit everybody.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

We are making extensive preparations for our Fall Opening of our Millinery Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly as well and favorably known to the Trade of Plainfield.

GRANITE IRON WARE.

We shall continue our Special Sale of this excellent ware another week. There is Everything that housekeepers want, and you only pay about half the regular price.

A COMBINATION BARGAIN.

2½ yards 60-in. Damask Table Linen, 50	1.25
2 fine Damask Towels, 25	.50
3 yards Extra Heavy Crash, 13	.39
Total,	$2.14

You buy all these for $1.60. This is the best linen bargain every offered.

FALL DRESS GOODS.

Special Attention is called to our new line of Cross Goods. The finest assortment we have ever displayed, and our prices are right. That line of Storm Serges that we are selling for fifty cents will interest you.

White & VanArsdale

$500 LIFE INSURANCE Free of cost to ALL Customers that trade with

FRED. W. DUNN,

The Plainfield Grocer,

No. 18 North Avenue.

$500 Come and Get a Policy Free.

If You Don't!

Someone else WILL secure the bargains in ALMOST NEW FURNITURE to be auctioned At CAREY'S, corner Front and Grove streets, at Two o'clock p. m. sharp, on Friday, Sept. 16, 1892.

One Good Square Piano.

Parlor Bedroom Dining Suites, Extension Tables, Screens, Easy Chairs, Carpets, etc.

HORSES, HARNESS, WAGONS,

Terms Cash.

T. J. CAREY . . . . . Auctioneer.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, - - - SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

: Saturday Evening, Sept. 17th, :

A Great Production. GEORGE FECK'S Monster Melodramatic Spectacle,

UNDER THE LION'S PAW.

With a strong cast, new set of scenery, and introducing, in the Magnetic Scene, Col. E. D. Boone and Milli Carlotta, and their 7 Nubian Lions, including the children, in a Massive Steel Cage. Playing at one saw, playing ball, rolling hoops, drawing chariots, skipping rope, saying prayers, forming pyramids, and many other acts with human intelligence.

Seats on Sale at Central Pharmacy.

Cent-a-Word Column.

BOARDERS WANTED.

AT 19 Craig place, pleasant furnished rooms to let. Board. Arrangements for Fall and Winter can now be made. 10 2w

MONEY TO LOAN.

$2,000 TO LOAN on first mortgage. Address "M," care EVENING NEWS. 10 2w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A BOY, 16 years old, wishes situation to take care of a horse and do general work or go errands any place. Address No. 42 Chatham street, North Plainfield. 14 4

A HANDY workman wants employment at any work around gentlemen's places. Is competent and has references. Address "Charles," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 8tf

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of three. Call 53 Washington avenue, North Plainfield. 12 3

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A pet canary, last Thursday. Liberal reward for its return to 37 West Front street, Kittredge's barber shop. 12-3

FOR RENT.

HOUSE FOR RENT—140 East Front street, corner Richmond, finely situated, in thoroughly good order; furnace heat, bath, city water, etc. Apply next door. 14 4eod Front street. 7-5 weeow

FOR RENT—A seven-room house on South Second street, corner of Manson place. E. P. Garvin, P. O. Box 280. 9 6

FOR SALE.

CARRIAGES and Harness at cost, at Ryerson's, 33 Somerset street. 10 5

FOR SALE—425 Kodak; suitable for 100 exposures or glass plates; lens alone worth $25, in perfect order $70; just used one edition; will sell complete for $50. Address "Kodak," care of EVENING NEWS. 10tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Incorporated 1891; number of students during first year, 361. Largest law school in the United States except one "Dwight method" of instruction. Degree of LL.B. given after two years' course. Graduate course provided. Tuition fee, $100. Re-opens Oct. 3, 1892. Address George Chase, Dean. 9 2m eod

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 3-20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 14 3-3tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between John H. Doane and Edward White, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union and State of New Jersey, under the firm name of Doane & Van Arsdale, was dissolved on the 30th day of September, A. D., eighteen hundred and ninety-two; the said Morris C. Van Arsdale having sold his one-half part, right and interest in said partnership to Seely Edsall, of the City of Plainfield, County and State aforesaid. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edsall, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

Dated this 9th day of September, 1892.

JNO. H. DOANE,
MORRIS C. VAN ARSDALE,
SEELY EDSALL.

14 4

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between George L. Van Emburgh and Edward White, of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Van Emburgh & White, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

G. L. VAN EMBURGH,
EDWARD WHITE.

Dated September 14, 1892.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 14, 1892.

To Whom it May Concern:

Be it known that Mr. Edward White and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union, State of New Jersey, have this fourteenth day of September, 1892, formed a co-partnership under the firm name of White & Van Arsdale, for the carrying on of Van Emburgh & White, dealers in dry goods, notions, etc., which business will be conducted at the old stand, 19 and 21 West Front street, where they will be pleased to serve patrons and friends.

EDWARD WHITE,
of the late firm Van Emburgh & White.
MORRIS C. VAN ARSDALE,
of the late firm of Doane & Van Arsdale.

14 12

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
of Indiana.

For Vice-President,
WHITELAW REID,
of New York.

For Governor,
JOHN KEAN, JR.,
of Elizabeth.

Western Provincialisms.

That is both a humorous and suggestive article which E. W. Howe, of the Atchison Globe, writes in The Forum.

He says frankly that he believes industry, economy and good conduct will bring better rewards in a western town than in any other communities on the globe. At the same time it seems impossible for the inhabitants of the young western towns to realize the vital importance of honesty, simplicity and order. They are all on the boom. It is the boom business that hurts things throughout the whole west. Mr. Howe says, "I am an advocate of getting rid of boom values in men as well as in property."

He finds, too, that "a promise will bring more in the western market than in any other market in the world." The great need of western country towns is manufactories. The people themselves could establish these if they would, but oftentimes they do not, but merely sit still and clamor for "eastern capital." The particular insanity of western towns is going into debt and issuing bonds that posterity will have to pay for. "The county in which I live has paid more interest than it ever voted bonds, and the debt is still unpaid." Mr. Howe is of the opinion, however, that the real opportunities for money making in the west are better now than they ever were before.

Western social life is injured by an oppression that people ought to quit "society" as soon as they are married. "Western society is made up of young people who are always more or less uninteresting except from the standpoint of good looks." Further, the unrestrained liberty allowed between engaged couples and young people of the opposite sexes is dangerous and demoralizing. "Our parlors are too often trading places for men who use all their acts against the best interests of women and society."

Another peculiarity of western life is that nobody expects to live all his life in the locality in which he is at present. Mr. Howe's town the citizens threaten to move to a larger place near by, where they think they will be better appreciated. In that town the people threaten to move to Chicago, and in Chicago they threaten to go to New York. All seem somehow to forget that "making money is a matter of industry and saving, seldom of location."

Beautiful Trees.

In parts of the country where rain has been abundant this summer the trees have been unusually beautiful. Their foliage has been heavy and of a rich, dark green hue that is striking and uncommon. Oliver Wendell Holmes, who passed his eighty-third birthday Aug. 29, takes long drives every day. He says that his principal study during these drives is trees. He watches them as one might watch the opening of a flower, and notes the differences in those he passes during his drives. He observes that the elms about Boston are particularly fine. He has found one that measures sixteen feet around. These noble elms are a characteristic growth of the New England states, and can hardly be matched elsewhere.

But there are trees as fine of other varieties, one or more kinds for each portion of the Union. The varieties peculiarly adapted to soil and climate in a particular locality ought to be fostered as the New England people foster their elms. One of the first duties of the municipal authorities when a new town is laid out in the west should be to plant trees along the streets. In a few years they will be an attraction that will add 50 per cent. to the value of the property. The pioneers who planted fruit trees at the early settlement of Kansas were laughed at by some of the chumps who had not their enterprise. But now the tree planters are eating the fruit from their own trees, while the old chumps go without.

One of the strangest things about the planet Mars is the frequent and sudden changes of color that are manifest upon its disk. Recently while Professor Pickering was examining it through his telescope just before sunrise the snowy region about the planet's south pole was a brilliant green color. After sunrise this part became a bright yellow, while the rest of the disk changed to orange. Later the orange suddenly became a brilliant green. Last year upon one portion of this mysterious planet which was green a yellow spot appeared eleven days before the spring equinox. The spot enlarged till it covered a great portion of the disk. This season, seventeen days before the spring equinox, the yellow spot appeared again upon the green surface.

When you have your enemy down and at your mercy don't be too stiff. Make him your friend then and there.

LANDED ON FIRE ISLAND.

The Pest Ship's Passengers in a Haven of Rest at Last.

BARNARD'S INJUNCTION DISSOLVED

After Three Days of Privation and Suffering Senator McPherson Leads the Thankful Crowd Ashore—No Case at Cholera Has Yet Reached New York Cl.y.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The official bulletin of the New York board of health says that no case of cholera has yet appeared in this city, and the official report of *Dr. Jenkins* from the quarantine stations says that no new cases have been developed on the detained vessels and no deaths have occurred. So the situation may be said to be decidedly encouraging.

Another cause of satisfaction is the fact that at last the ill starred cabin passengers of the steamship Normania are on dry land. Their eventful transfer to Fire island ends a series of misfortunes and vicissitudes that is without parallel in the history of American tourists returning from summer visits to Europe. They would probably still be confined on a frail pleasure steamer, at the mercy of a raging storm, if a general term of the supreme court in Brooklyn had not dissolved the injunction forbidding them to land, and the action of the governor in sending troops to the island had not hastened the end of the inhuman mob.

As it was, for just three days, not only men, but frail women and delicate children, and many infirm persons, almost in the shadow of Liberty's statue—people who have unlimited financial means at command—have been in worse straits than the most abject pauper in this great land. Indeed, though concededly free from cholera infection, those well to do and influential American citizens found themselves in a condition to which that of the lowest outcasts in the steerage—save for the fear that they might become plague stricken—was preferable.

The inhumanity of the Long Island baymen who refused suppliant women and dependent children food and bed clothing was not more wonderful to see, than their cowardice in fleeing when announcement was made that troops were on their way to disperse them.

The Passengers Landed.

Senator McPherson, of New Jersey, enveloped in a heavy winter coat, was the first to jump on land from the tug from the Cepheus. He looked in delicate health, but said he felt pretty well, considering the strong pressure he had undergone. R. H. Thompson was the next to jump ashore, and then came A. M. Palmer, the well known theatrical manager. They were the committee of the passengers who did so much to get relief from the detention. They were marshaled up the gang plank to the hotel, where they registered as follows: *J. R. McPherson, in quarantine; A. M. Palmer, in exile; R. H. Thompson, at home.*

All of these men said the experiences of the passengers on the Cepheus were frightful and inconceivable to human mind. Children, women and the infirm suffered terribly for want of comfort and necessaries of life. Three women were very ill from approaching maternity and one child was born on the Cepheus.

The passengers from the Cepheus were then landed. They were a happy and delighted lot. The clambering and French waiters of the Surf hotel had American flags and waved them most vigorously while their prospective guests disembarked. The cheering was lusty and almost incessant, three cheers being proposed for Governor Flower and heartily responded to, the band joining in the demonstrations of delight by playing most vigorously.

The greatest excitement prevailed. Women who had so long borne up under the distressing circumstances, and had heroically endured all the hardships that have thus far attended the Normannia's eventful voyage, appeared to lose all self control in the joyous moment, and wept and shouted and jumped about like a number of school children.

The contagion of the spirit of good fellowship was everywhere evidenced, women embracing each other and men grasping each other's hands like comrades after a dentation of peace. Preceded by the band, which played lively martial and national airs, the crowd of passengers, grip sacks and other traveling equipments in hand, marched down the gang plank to the Surf hotel, waving hats, umbrellas and shawls in the air, and altogether acting more like so many insane patients than typutable and in many instances well known citizens.

Jenkins Served with a Writ.

Lawyer Roger M. Sherman served a writ of habeas corpus on Dr. Jenkins, requiring him to produce the Normannia's passengers before Judge Barnard in Brooklyn today. The writ is obtained in behalf of all the passengers, and the list is headed by A. M. Palmer. It requires Dr. Jenkins to show cause why the passengers should not be released.

Dr. Jenkins was asked what he proposed to do about the writ of habeas corpus. He said he should do nothing about it, having referred the matter to the corporation counsel, and would wait to hear from him. He said that he did not think that any court would order him to release the Normannia's passengers.

Hamburg Worse Again.

HAMBURG, Sept. 14.—The increasing best has lengthened the lists of sick and dying and has depressed again the reviving spirits of the people. The number of fresh cases has been 710, an increase of twenty-three, and the number of deaths 207, an increase of nineteen. In the cholera hospitals and barracks there are 3,138 patients, an increase of thirty-seven. Three-fourths of the patients are women and children from the poorest families, who have been weakened by lack of all proper nourishment. These people are so exhausted that they succumb to the plague easily.

Scotland Invaded.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—A laborer named McLeister is dead of cholera at Calder, in Lanarkshire, Scotland.

Leaves Amherst for Wabash.

AMHERST, Mass., Sept. 14.—Rev. George Stockton Burroughs, D. D., Ph. D., for seven years pastor of the Amherst college church and professor of Biblical literature at Amherst college, has announced his acceptance of the presidency of Wabash college, Crawfordsville, Ind.

American Protective League.

BOSTON, Sept. 14.—The injunction granted against the American Protective league was dissolved and the case dismissed from court.

CONNECTICUT DEMOCRATS.

Lason B. Morris Receives the Nomination for Governor.

HARTFORD, Sept. 14.—The Democratic state convention was called to order in Allyn hall by Clinton B. Davis. Senator John S. Seymour, of Norwalk, was selected as temporary chairman, and Congressman Robert J. Vance, of New Britain, was made temporary chairman. Mr. Vance made a brief speech, attacking the McKinley bill and the reciprocity features of the Republican policy. The mention of ex-Governor Waller's name in the speech evoked the first outburst of enthusiasm in the convention.

Ex-Governor Waller made a speech when he arose to nominate Lason B. Morris, of New Haven, for governor. Professor Simon E. Baldwin, of New Haven, seconded Judge Morris' nomination, which was made on a rising vote amid great applause. Ernest Cady, of Hartford, was nominated for lieutenant governor. *John J. Phelan, of Bridgeport*, for secretary of state; Marvin H. Sanger, of Canterbury, for treasurer, and Nicholas Staub, of New Milford, for comptroller, were then nominated by acclamation.

Presidential electors were then selected as follows by acclamation: Electors-at-large, E. C. Benedict, of Greenwich, and E. J. Hubbard, of Middletown. First district, State Senator Wilbur G. Foster, of Vernon; Second district, Elisha Leavenworth, of Wallingford; Third district, Thomas S. Marlor, of Brooklyn; Fourth district, Senator David M. Read, of Bridgeport.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

We declare for a constitutional convention initiated by an act of general assembly, first submitting to the electors the question whether a convention should be held or should not be held, and finally again submitting to the electors for their approval or disapproval the form of a constitution proposed by the convention; and we pledge ourselves to revise the state constitution so as to provide for the election of state officers by the greater number of votes cast, for the election of county commissioners by the people, for a just system of representation in the general assembly, and for such further reforms as will restore self government to Connecticut.

The platform, which demands among other things the removal of all tariff taxes on the raw materials out of which manufactured goods are made, was then adopted and the convention adjourned.

NEW JERSEY DEMOCRATS.

Judge Wurts Declines to Be a Candidate for the Governorship.

TRENTON, Sept. 14.—The Democratic state convention was called to order at noon, and the utmost enthusiasm prevailed among the delegates and the vast crowd of visiting politicians. Baker Bergen was made temporary chairman, the committees were appointed and a recess taken.

With regard to the gubernatorial nomination the fight is Bacon for E. C. Young, of Jersey City, against the field. In the field are General John A. Donnelly, of this city; John P. Stockton and Judge Lippincott, of Hudson, and ex-Chancellor Theodore Runyan.

Judge George T. Werts, who was a candidate of the Governor Abbett faction, wrote a letter yesterday to State Committeeman John Hone, of Monmouth, saying:

MY DEAR SIR—Referring to our conversation of Saturday last, in which you spoke of my probable nomination by the Democratic gubernatorial convention, I have this to say: That I would not accept the nomination if made. You may make such use of this as you deem fit.

In view of this letter the nomination of Werts is next to impossible.

MASSACHUSETTS REPUBLICANS.

William H. Hale, of Springfield, Gets the Nomination for Governor.

BOSTON, Sept. 14.—The Republican state convention to nominate state ticket and presidential electors met at 11 a. m. today in Tremont temple. Chairman of the State Committee Eben S. Draper called the assembly to order in a brief address, in which he urged hard work, the getting out of every vote and the avoidance of the danger from overconfidence. Hon. Charles H. Allen, of Lowell, the defeated candidate for governor last year, was made permanent chairman, and delivered a long address, devoted mainly to an attack upon the principles enunciated by the Democrats at Chicago, particularly with reference to the tariff and silver, and to the conduct of that party when in power.

Lieutenant Governor William H. Hale, of Springfield, was then nominated for governor by acclamation.

The contest over the lieutenant governorship is in progress and promises to be warm. The candidates are Roger Walcott, of Boston, a lawyer, who many named in 1884, returned to the party and was first president of the Republican club of Massachusetts; Francis W. Bird, of Lynn, a young manufacturer, always a party worker and *financial helper; Captain J. R. Adams*, the one armed sergeant-at-arms at the state house, and Hon. Samuel C. Darling, of Somerville.

M'KINLEY IN INDIANA.

The Apostle of Protection Presides at the Birth of a Tin Plate Mill.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 14.—Governor McKinley was sorely disappointed that the one day of all the year set for the big Elwood celebration, where he was to act as high priest at the birth of the infant tin plate industry, proved the most disagreeable of the season, with a continual torrent of rain coming down.

Not withstanding the downpour, the train bearing Governor McKinley and Chase from this city carried about 1,000 excursionists, and fairly large crowds greeted him at the towns on the way. When they arrived at Elwood they found 6,000 or 7,000 from other towns in the state had also braved the storm to see the works of the American Tin company and hear the apostle of protection.

About 2,000 people stood in the rain in front of the opera house and listened to the speeches addressed to Governor McKinley and Governor Chase, who were themselves without shelter, and later as many people as could be packed into the little opera house listened to a more lengthy address by Governor McKinley, devoted entirely to the tariff issue. He said many new and bright things in defense of his bill, and complimented Indiana upon the rapid growth of her industries in the past six years, and pointed to Elwood, now a town of 12,000 people from what three years ago was a village of 600, as a striking example of what he claimed the protective policy is doing for the country.

Aside from the tin plate plant Elwood has one of the largest glass works in the country, and it happens that all the industries of the town are of the protected class.

He predicted prosperity for the tin mill and prophesied that it would help to make American tin cheaper than imported tin ever was. After the speech he was taken through the works before leaving for home.

The company, of which A. L. Conger is president, has six mills, occupying three large buildings, in operation, employing 300 men. It produces about six carloads of plate a day.

NEW YORK'S REAPPORTIONMENT.

It Is Again Declared Unconstitutional by the Supreme Court.

BUFFALO, Sept. 14.—The general term of the supreme court handed down a decision affirming the opinion of Judge Ramsey, in which the assembly apportionment made by the last legislature was declared unconstitutional. Judge Macomber wrote a long dissenting opinion. Judges Lewis and Dwight each wrote opinions affirming the opinion of Judge Ramsey. All three judges are Republicans.

The majority opinion covers nearly the same ground as that of Judge Ramsey. Among *other things*, Judge Lewis holds that as the apportionment was made by the legislature of the legislature that made the enumeration the apportionment was clearly in violation of the constitution.

The provision of the constitution with reference to this matter are held to be mandatory and not advisory.

If, therefore, the extraordinary session of last winter had no power to make an apportionment no other extraordinary session of the present legislature can make a valid one. Unless this majority opinion is set aside by the court of appeals it will prevent the present legislature from being called in extraordinary session between now and election to make still another apportionment.

Governor Flower Surprised.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Governor Flower was considerably surprised today when he heard that the general term had sustained Judge Ramsey's decision in the apportionment case. "If the court of appeals should sustain the general term decision," said the governor, "an extra term of the legislature would be necessary."

THE MAINE ELECTION.

Chairman Manley Claims the State for the Republicans by Over 12,000.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 14.—Chairman Manley, of the Republican state committee, telegraphs Chairman Carter, of the national committee, as follows:

Our victory is growing. We have elected our governor *by over 12,000 majority over the* Democratic candidate; have carried every county in the state; have four-fifths of the members of the house, and the vote on congressmen gives us 14,000 plurality. J. H. MANLEY.

A dispatch from Portland says: A conservative estimate of the house to-day estimated in the First district, gives Reed for congress about 1,550 *plurality*. One hundred and thirty-one out of 151 legislative districts give 98 Republicans and 33 Democrats in the house. Last year the house had 110 Republicans and 41 Democrats. The senate will probably stand 29 Republicans and 2 Democrats. This indicates a Democratic loss in both branches.

A dispatch from Lewiston says that the returns to the Lewiston Journal show that 177 towns give Cleaves (Rep.), 40,445; Johnson (Dem.), 33,133; Hussey (Pro.), 949; scattering, 928. In 1890 the same towns gave Burleigh (Rep.), 37,301; Thompson (Dem.), 25,635; Clark (Pro.), 1,540; scattering, 723. *Republican plurality, 7,308, as against 12,279 in 1890.*

Walker by Acclamation.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 14.—Joseph F. Walker was unanimously nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Third district.

Collins for Governor.

GREAT FALLS, Mon., Sept. 14.—The Democratic state convention nominated for governor Timothy E. Collins, of Cascade.

Henry Cabot Lodge Renominated.

BOSTON, Sept. 14.—The Republicans of the Seventh congressional district renominated Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge by acclamation.

Hicks for Congress.

BEDFORD, Pa., Sept. 14.—Josiah D. Hicks was nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Twentieth district.

Elijah Morse Renominated.

BROCKTON, Mass., Sept. 14.—The Republicans of the Twelfth district renominated Elijah A. Morse for congress.

Van Voorhis Nominated.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 14.—John Van Voorhis was nominated for congress by the Republicans here.

FASHIONS

POPULAR STYLES.

The Newest Bodices Illustrated and Described—Country Gowns.

The blouse is being supplanted by a smarter kind of bodice. Here are two pretty models. The Spanish looking one is of black velvet, with vest and sleeves of accordion plaited soft silk. It has a sort of bib edged with lace, and lace frills at the edge of the sleeves. The sash is of soft silk.

SPANISH BODICE.

Bitten by an Enraged Dog.

MADAGAN, N. J., Sept. 14.—William Levine, a New York boy, was attacked by an enraged Newfoundland dog, which bit a piece of flesh almost six inches long out of his leg.

Liberal Catholic Congress.

BERNE, Sept. 14.—About two hundred delegates from various parts of Europe and America are attending the Liberal Catholic congress at Lucerne.

Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic,
Needs no turning.

The Rapid,
Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,
and
Lawn - Sprinklers.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
18 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

We Cannot Give You A
House and Lot,
But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as is consistent with first-class work and material.
Estimates furnished free of charge.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Painters and Decorators,
29 East Front street.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.
J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as
RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS,
PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC.
WINTER AND FALL BLANKS,
They also have a big stock of
PARLOR HEATERS,
New Styles. Very Cheap.

SCHOOL SHOES!
Boys and Girls Give This Your Kind Attention!
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET. The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.

COAL LUMBER
And Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

ARE YOU GOING TO EUROPE?
Tickets on any line, to or from any port, at rates as cheap as in New York. Prepaid tickets, and drafts for sale by Henry D. Morrison, agent, 11 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.
Tickets for any Steamer—All Lines.

THE BEE HIVE!
Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates.	75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black,	$1
The "Glady" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns	$1
8-Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates,	85c
Gents' Kid Gloves,	$1

Also a full line of
Fall Underwear.
Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of
W. Baker & Co.'s
Breakfast Cocoa,
which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

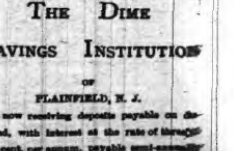
Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete eduscitio of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 ly

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Intelligence Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines and shrubs. 9 29 y

H. N. SPENCER,
No. 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Groceries at wholesale prices. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. W. G. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of seeds, including Early Rose potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Bags sanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Perfect for attending to vaults, cesspools, etc. Manufacturers of the Best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizer.
Office, 107 Park Ave. Telephone call 38.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS H. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7.30, 8.45, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.00 and 9.00 a. m., 12.00, 2.30 and 9 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8.45 a. m., 2.05, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.00 a. m., 2.00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9.00 to 10.00 a. m.
Mail closes at 8.30 p. m.

E. H. POPE, P. M.

PILING UP THE MURDERS

Outlaws Evans and Sontag Will Fight to the Death.

THEIR HANDS AGAIN BLOODLADEN.

The Train Robbers Shoot Three of the Sheriff's Posse Dead and Wound a Fourth While Desperately Resisting Capture and Make Good Their Escape.

VISALIA, Cal., Sept. 14.—The hunt in Tulare and Fresno counties after the fugitive train robbers, Evans and Sontag, which seemed to end at the outset, reached a climax today when three men were killed and one badly wounded by the desperate bandits. Chris Evans, John Sontag and George Sontag robbed the Southern Pacific train near Collis, Fresno county, on Aug. 4, and got away with about $2,500 in gold and silver coin.

Three days later the detectives secured clews that led them to Evans' house in Visalia, though they then did not suspect Evans. Their evidence pointed to the two Sontags, who had just come from Modesto, Miss. George Sontag was secured by strategem, but when the officers went to the house to get his trunk Evans and John Sontag opened fire and drove them away, badly wounding Deputy Witty.

Then followed one of the most remarkable chases on record. The robbers actually returned to their own house late at night, and, being surprised, killed young Oscar Beaver, who was on guard. They escaped to the mountains, and though they have been seen since at several places there has been no fight with them till today.

Riddled with Buckshot.

On Saturday night, Sept. 4, they stole a horse and buggy from Supervisor Ellis, who lives near Visalia. Two days later they left the stolen outfit at Howell's ranch, saying they were going to Sanger's Flat, where Evans has a mine and a ranch. On last Sunday the robbers narrowly escaped capture by a posse headed by an Arizona railroad detective named Victor Wilson, who has been on their trail for two weeks.

Wilson came upon a little camp in a secluded part of King's river, and was amazed to find the buggy robes and blankets stolen from Ellis' house a week before. This place is forty miles from Visalia. It was evident that the robbers had heard the posse coming, but had no time to remove traces of their presence.

Of course this discovery greatly stimulated Wilson's party, and they felt sure of the $2,500 reward offered for the bandits. They reckoned without old Evans' gun, however.

In the morning Mr Wilson and his men were riding past the house of Rancher Young, in Samson's Flat, they were fired upon by Evans and Sontag. At the first fire Victor Wilson, the leader, United States Marshal McGinnis, of Modesto, and Dickinson fell dead from their saddles, riddled with buckshot.

Al Whitty, a brother of the deputy who was so badly wounded by Evans at Visalia, was severely wounded, and the horse of Constable Warren Hill was shot from under him. The first work murderous that Hill was the only one of the five men who was able to jump to a place of safety.

Wilson Was Fearless.

The news came in by telephone, and the coroner and all after the murders Sontag and Evans seized the horses of the murdered officers and escaped, no one daring to molest them. The news of the killing caused great excitement here, and a large posse left at once for Samson's Flat, headed by Sheriffs Hensley and Kay and Detective Hughey.

Wilson, who was shot down in this cowardly way, was one of the best trailers of criminals on this coast. He was fearless and very expert in the use of weapons. If he had not been taken by surprise the bandits would have borne some marks of his skill.

Later details of the killing say that the five white men were accompanied by two Apache scouts, who had tracked Evans and Sontag to Samson's Flat. Just as the party spread in front of Young's house the door was thrown open and Evans and Sontag appeared with shotguns at their shoulders. They delivered a broadside from both barrels before the officers could draw their weapons. Then the bandits seized Winchesters and continued to pump lead into the posse. The Apache scouts jumped behind stones before the firing began and escaped unhurt.

The people of Samson's Flat and the neighborhood are greatly excited over the four murders, and have agreed to help the officers and shoot the bandits on sight. Without the aid of the miners and sheep herders the fugitives cannot escape.

A Murderer Lynched.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 14.—Thomas Allison, a notorious murderer, who killed two men here this city, and assassinated W. H. Brown, of George, at Mount Airy, three weeks ago, was taken from jail by an armed mob at the latter place last night and lynched.

Salvini to Visit Us.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The tragedian Salvini has enrolled a picked company and will shortly make a tour of the world, including a lengthy visit to the United States.

Judge Blodget in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Judge Blodget is here to stay until Oct. 1, during which time he will be engaged on the Behring sea arbitration case.

Steamers in Collision.

LISBON, Sept. 14.—The British steamer Montrose, and the Portuguese steamer Vega have put into this port badly damaged by collision.

Earthquake in Illinois.

ANNA, Ill., Sept. 14.—This city was visited by quite severe earthquake shock. Windows and dishes were rattled perceptibly.

The Kaiser Will Visit the Fair.

BERLIN, Sept. 14.—The Berlin Tageblatt announces that it has special knowledge that the kaiser will visit the Chicago World's Fair.

Loss of the Pitchburg Wreck.

BOSTON, Sept. 14.—An official of the Fitchburg railroad states that the pecuniary loss by Saturday's accident is $60,000.

Found in the Canal.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 14.—The body of Jeremiah Ryan, who had been missing since Friday, was found in the canal here.

The Weather.

The weather bureau says to be rainy and cooler, with strong winds.

MRS. HARRISON'S CONDITION.

It Is So Serious That Two Specialists Have Been Summoned to Loon Lake.

LOON LAKE, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Mrs. Harrison's condition is of such a serious character that additional medical aid has been summoned, and a diagnosis of her case will be made as soon as possible in order that the attending physicians may be fully prepared for emergencies. Dr. Gardner, the family physician of the president, who has been in constant attendance on the mistress of the White House since the inception of her illness, decided to call to his aid Dr. Dougherty, an eminent specialist of New York city. Dr. Trudeau, who is noted in the Adirondack regions as a specialist in pulmonary diseases, will also arrive here from Saranac Lake, and he, with Drs. Dougherty and Gardner, will hold a consultation at which they will discuss Mrs. Harrison's condition thoroughly, and inform the president and his family of what is their belief as to the true state of her health.

The president spends his time at the bedside of his wife. The president's party now consists of Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Dimmick, Private Secretary Halford and Lieutenant and Mrs. Parker.

A BRAND NEW PRINCESS.

The Seventh Child of the Emperor and Empress of Germany.

BERLIN, Sept. 14.—The German empress has been safely delivered of a daughter at the imperial palace at Potsdam. This is the seventh child of the royal parents, but the first six were all boys.

The Nordeutsch Allgemeine Zeitung says that many leading citizens had arranged that in case the seventh child should be a boy all Germans should stand godfathers. It is believed that the congratulations to the emperor will assume a special national form. The empress and infant are doing well.

Enticed to His Death.

HOUSTON, Fla., Sept. 14.—Two boys out gunning in the woods here discovered the body of James H. Meadows. It had apparently been there for three or four days. The buzzards had mutilated it almost beyond recognition. Meadows was enticed from his home late last Saturday night by J. B. Brown and Preston Johns, two neighbors, and he was last seen alive in their company. They deny all knowledge of the crime, but have been arrested.

Wanted to Crucify His Wife.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 14.—Joe J. Blankinship, a farmer of Monroe county, was put in the insane asylum here. He was divorced from his wife two twelve years ago, and since then he has become a religious lunatic. Sunday he tried to get his wife to let him crucify her for the sins of the children suffered. She refused, when the husband became violently insane and had to be put in custody.

Farmers Fight Over a Pig.

GREELY CENTRE, Neb., Sept. 14.—A pistol duel at ten paces between F. A. Gardner and Richard Halcom, farmers living near here, resulted in the death of the latter last evening. The shooting was commenced in Gardner's home and was the result of a quarrel over an old sow. The firing was done across the room. A number of shots were exchanged on both sides.

Whipped by White Caps.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 14.—Sevier county White Caps took George Stevens, a farmer, his mother, his sister Lizzie and a woman named Tilda Vest from their house, stripped them of their clothing and whipped them nearly to death. They were ordered to leave the county within two days under pain of death.

Gold Clubs' Convention.

DWIGHT, Ills., Sept. 14.—The convention of the Associated Brotherhoods of Gold Clubs met and will be in session until Friday. The address of Dr. Keeley to the delegates was received with great applause. Lieutenant Governor Bay, of Illinois, the Rev. N. J. Bobst, of Chicago, and others made short addresses.

Grand Duke Nicholas to Wed a Widow.

MOSCOW, Sept. 14.—The Grand Duke Nicholas is to marry an untitled widow. She is immensely wealthy and lives on the estate near the czar left her by her husband, who was a fur dealer. The grand duke will renounce all his special rights in order that he may marry her.

Silver in Texas.

SAN ANTONIO, Sept. 14.—A Mexican, while exploring an old mining shaft abandoned by the Spaniards a century or more ago, struck at a depth of fifty feet an inch vein of silver bearing ore, which, it is believed, will grow richer as the depth is increased.

Suffocated in a Well.

PLYMOUTH, Pa., Sept. 14.—Peter Ansler and John L. Davis, aged ten and eight years, were suffocated by gas in an abandoned well. Dave Jones and Willie Johnson were taken out unconscious.

Disappeared in Hade-Peath.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.—Leon Dupuy, of Paris, visited a coffee house in the lower part of the city night before last and has not been seen since. It is believed that he was murdered.

Death Ended His Vacation.

SYRACUSE N. Y., Sept. 14.—Leverett S. Baldwin, of Sackville, who has been spending the summer at Canonovia with his uncle, D. G. Ambler, was drowned in the lake.

The Behring Sea Case.

OTTAWA, Sept. 14.—The minister of marine is now engaged in preparing material for a counter case to the United States in connection with the Behring sea arbitration.

A Year for Embezzlement.

HARTFORD, Sept. 14.—Judge Carpenter sentenced W. R. Reavell to one year in jail for appropriating funds of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, of New York.

Shot at Her Dying Father's Side.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Sept. 14.—A. M. Zeigler fatally shot his wife because she delayed to live with him. Mrs. Zeigler was at the bedside of her dying father.

The War in Morocco Ended.

TANGIER, Sept. 14.—Ramam, the leader of the mountaineer insurgents, has concluded peace with the sultan and the rebellion is ended.

No Divorce for McKee Rankin.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—Arthur McKee Rankin, the actor, was denied a divorce from his wife, whom he sued on the ground of desertion.

The Famine Evacuated.

SIMLA, Sept. 14.—The Russian forces have evacuated the Pamirs. A large force has been ordered to remain permanently in Murshah.

In the Dog Days.

The Sprinkler—How's dat, Billy? Billy (with an ecstatic sigh)—Oh, don't talk ter me!—Life.

Shot His Partner.

BUFFALO, Sept. 14.—During a quarrel over money matters George Parish fatally shot his partner, Theodore Lopis. Parish escaped.

Two Men Killed.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—Engineer Finn and a man named Tuttee were killed in a railroad accident here.

The Most Economical System of Heating your House is to use the

RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.'S

PERFECT

HOT WATER HEATER

No noise, no smell, no dust, as easy to manage as a common stove, and FULLY GUARANTEED.

SOLD BY

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Plainfield, N. J.

FALL SHAPES

IN

DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis

5 West Front Street.

Everybody Likes Me.

ANTI-CHAP.

I contain no greasy or sticky substance I penetrate the skin: I eradicate spots and pimples: I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable: I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP SOAP in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

CAMPAIGN BANDS

now organizing for the Fall Campaign should write us for our Illustrated Catalogue and Special Prices.

Our Drums are usually for sale by your local Music Dealer. The success any other maker; you can see known by their tone and by your ear test them. Insist on having our instruments.

We make a specialty of entire sets for

DRUM & FIFE CORPS

Our Instrument Catalogue for more than 20 years, equitable for same quality of goods. Send your wants.

JOHN C. HAYNES & CO.

453-463 Washington St. 33 Court St., Boston, Mass.

Insist on having our Instruments

No. 104.

Beyond the Heat,

Above the sweltering Plains,

Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight

AT MIZZEN PEAK!

Build Your Home on Watchung Mountains Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence. Particulars of

J. T. VAIL, 40 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

V. L. PRAKES,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

232 West Front Street.

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, SYRACUSE, N. Y.

2d Hand School Books

Those having

Old School Books

which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in

Before September 5th.

We can make better allowances now than after school opens.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

The Plainfield Ice

and

Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & treas.
J. MONTOR, Gen. Supt.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,

Carpenter

and

General Jobber.

SHOP

35 Jackson Avenue.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS,

28 East Front Street.

First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 962.

PIERSON & GAYLE.

Carpenters and Builders.

W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 19 Vine street.

All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH.

PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.

Residence—Grandview avenue.

P. O. Box 813.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter & Builder.

Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Avenue.

P. O. Box 1288

Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

JACOB M. HIGGINS,

PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR

P. O. Box 251. Residence Lower street, near Howard.

S. P. HOFFMAN,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Dealer in all kinds of Lumber. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Second and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class Work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1564.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Dealer in all kinds of hard wood flooring, ceiling, siding, etc. Grand and Rogers streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, 2 Regent street.

Have You a Pencil?

If you are 21 years old $60.99 paid annually for fifteen years would entitle you to $1,000.

If 25 years old, $67.

If 35 years old, $67.10.

If 24 years old, $67.30.

"his sum of $1,000 is payable to the insured, if living, at the expiration of fifteen years, or at his death, if prior.

FOR A LIFE POLICY, of $1,000 the annual payments to continue during life, the payments for young men between 21 and 24 are between $18.00 and $30.

For catalogues and further particulars address Henry D. Morrison, 11 Somerset street, agent, THE NEW YORK MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J

by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

George - Bremmer,

No 28 SOMERSET STREET,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

The Manhattan Wine Room,

170 and 181 Somerset Street,

(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)

Frank Linke, Prop.

ESTABLISHED 1886.

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Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Stations in Brooklyn, foot of Jackson street. Sept. 13, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 2 57, 5 38, 6 14, 6 39, 6 59, 7 25, 7 50, 8 00, 8 18, 9 26, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32, 12 32, 1 32, 2 32, 3 32, 4 01, 4 32, 5 01, 5 32, 6 01, 6 32, 7 32, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 p. m. Sundays at 2 14, 2 57, 5 38, 6 14, 6 39, 6 59, 7 25, 7 50, 8 00, 8 18, 9 26, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 a. m., 12 32, 1 32, 2 32, 3 32, 4 32, 5 32, 6 32, 7 32, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 p. m.

Leave New York at 2 25, 3 25, 4 25, 5 25, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 Noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sundays at 2 25, 3 25, 4 25, 5 25, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 Noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Leave Newark 10 minutes later than New York. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 25, 7 39, 8 57, 9 45, 11 02 a. m., 12 32, 1 32, 2 32, 3 32, 4 32, 5 32, 6 32, 7 32, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 32 a. m., 1 32, 4 32, 6 32, 8 32, 10 32, 11 32 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6 10, 7 25, 8 42, 9 30, 10 47 a. m., 12 17, 1 17, 2 17, 3 17, 4 17, 5 17, 6 17, 7 17, 8 17, 9 17, 10 17, 11 17 p. m. Sunday at 8 30, 9 17 a. m., 1 17, 4 17, 6 17, 8 17, 10 17, 11 17 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 9 17, 9 20 a. m., 1 20, 4 25, 7 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 9 20 a. m., 4 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 35, 9 45, a. m., 1 59, 4 20 p. m. Sundays 8 32 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5 16 a. m. for Flemington, Junction, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Potsdam, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

6 05 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.

8 01 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Mauch Chunk.

11 03 a. m. way for Junction.

1 59 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4 55 p. m. way for Junction connecting for D. L. & W. R. R.

5 20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua. Pioneer car to Mauch Chunk.

8 32 p. m. Sundays for Junction.

7 59 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury and Lewisburg.

9 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 6 27, 8 05, 11 09 a. m., 4 02, 5 39 p. m. Sundays at 8 05, 11 09 a. m., 5 39 p. m. Ocean Grove at 6 55, 11 37 a. m., 4 30, 6 07 p. m. Sundays at 8 33, 11 37 a. m., 6 07 p. m. Arrive at Long Branch at 7 30, 12 10 p. m., 5 05, 7 00 p. m. Sundays at 9 07, 12 10 p. m., 7 00 p. m.

For Atlantic City 7 27 a. m., 1 05 p. m. For Cape May 7 27 a. m., 1 05 p. m. Sundays 8 05 a. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 6 45, 7 30, 8 45, 10 55 a. m. and 2 30, 4 15, 5 30, 7 15, 8 45, 10 55 p. m. Sundays at 2 30, 4 15, 5 30, 7 15, 8 45, 10 55 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 6 45, 7 30, 8 45, 10 55 a. m., 12 17 night. Sundays at 2 30, 4 15, 5 30, 7 15, 8 45, 10 55 p. m., 12 17 night.

For Trenton at 6 45, 7 30, 8 45, 10 55 a. m., 2 30, 4 15, 5 30, 7 15, 8 45, 10 55 p. m. Sundays at 2 30, 4 15, 5 30, 7 15, 8 45, 10 55 p. m.

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SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY MAJOR A. R. CALHOUN.

The Terrible Tragedy That Attended a Fool's Wedding at the Court of Empress Anna of Russia—The Rivalry and Revenge of Court Favorites.

The reign of Anna, empress of Russia, was distinguished for many extravagances, and she delighted in acts that were either barbarous or absurd. The empress had created a court fool or court jester. This fool, in 1740, was known as Prince Scherga. He was a deformed man of fifty, and he was to be married, without any desire on his own part, to a woman in the service of the empress.

A committee composed largely of her majesty's servants was appointed to provide the wedding arrangements and to prepare for the festivities which were to take place—in part at least—in a house which, together with its surroundings, was constructed entirely of ice on the banks of the Neva river, near the imperial palace. The colossal mansion of ice and all the furniture and ornaments were all of ice, and were to be lighted on the wedding night with particolored lanterns.

Among the principal members of the committee appointed to arrange for the festivities was Count Wolliuski, one of the favorites of the empress.

It was then the custom in Russia to keep the most celebrated national poet write verses in honor of a marriage at court.

The fool, the poet of St. Petersburg at this time was Tredjakowski, a nervous, sensitive man, who, with a high sense of honor, refused to degrade his muse by allying it with such buffoonery.

For this contumely the poet was stripped and given a hundred lashes on the bare back. He stiffly left him during the torture, but when he revived he was thrown into one of the St. Petersburg dungeons.

On the morning of the 6th of February, 1740, the entire population of St. Petersburg was astir early in order to witness the festivities of the fool's marriage. After the ceremonies were over, the poet, who had in some way escaped from the jail, appeared before the empress and her nobles, his face haggard and his garments covered with blood, and he threw himself at Anna's feet. Wolliuski, the favorite of the empress, had the man removed to the dungeon again, with orders to have the lashes doubled.

The empress was a nervous woman in ill health, and it was the duty of Wolliuski to devise new amusements for her. It was this design that induced him to arrange the fool's marriage.

Among the men in St. Petersburg who had a heart and who felt the outrage of the brutal conduct of Wolliuski was General Biren.

After the wedding Biren went to the jail, where he found the poet prostrated from his brutal torture, with one of his eyes gone, it having been cut out by the cruel lash.

Biren was a man of quiet manner and determined purpose.

Like all favorites, Wolliuski had many enemies in the capital, and these Biren determined to combine so as to bring about the overthrow of the man whom he regarded as a hypocrite and a monster.

It would seem that Wolliuski, through his spies, was made aware of the doings of

THE POET'S PUNISHMENT.

Biren, and determined to oppose them by a counterplot.

Biren was a great favorite with the empress, as he was with the people of the whole empire. He fully appreciated the contest on which he had entered and which had its origin in the fool's wedding, and he determined to destroy his rival or force him to explate the outrage on the poet with his own blood.

He brought his charges, fortified with incontrovertible evidence, and presented them to the empress in her audience chamber.

Anna glanced over the papers, saw their import and then asked:

"Is it not possible, Duke Biren, for you and Prince Wolliuski to become friends again?"

To which Biren replied:

"I have not entered on this struggle unadvisedly. This is a large world, but it is all too small to hold Duke Biren and Prince Wolliuski. Either he or I must fall!"

This sealed the fate of Wolliuski. From that minute he was a doomed man.

After a week's delay the empress again sent for Wolliuski and implored him to withdraw the charges. He sank on his knees at the foot of the throne, kissed her hand and replied:

"Your majesty, it is no longer a quarrel between Wolliuski and Biren. It is a fight between right and wrong. All powerful though you are, continue longer to conceal him in the shadow of your throne and that, too, will become insecure. Decide against me and in his favor and in one hour I leave St. Petersburg. I repeat, either Wolliuski or Biren must fall!"

Wedded though she was to her favorite, the empress was still more wedded to her throne. Against her will it may be, yet in obedience to the solicitation of her minister, she banned Wolliuski to be placed under arrest.

A commission was appointed to examine the charges against him. These had been prepared with such care that the commission, though many of them were friendly to Wolliuski, were one and all forced to bring him in guilty of high treason and conspiracy.

As the doomed man denied the accusations, he was put to the rack and on his bare back 100 lashes from the knout were laid exactly as he had ordered in the case of the poor old poet.

Biren was not naturally a cruel man, and now that his rival was at his feet he would have changed if possible the terrible sentence of the court. It was that Wolliuski should have his tongue torn out and then be impaled alive; that his accomplices in the conspiracy, which he had formed for his own aggrandizement, should be beheaded and quartered; that his three children should be banished to Siberia and that his estate should be confiscated.

The empress hesitated to sign the death warrant, but again Biren repeated his terrible words: "He or I!" With tears in her eyes Anna finally acceded to the duke's demands. She, however, lessened the severity of the death sentence.

On the morning of June 27, 1740, Prince Wolliuski, in the fifty-eighth year of his age, ascended the scaffold. His right hand was first cut off, and he was then beheaded. Such were the terrible consequences of a "fool's wedding."

A Female Patriot.

Although the Swedes and Norwegians are today as closely allied as the English and Scotch, yet but little more than a hundred years have passed since they were quite as bitter foes as were the people of our northern and southern states during our late war.

When Charles XII invaded Norway, early in the last century, the main part of his army advanced to Christiania, whence a detachment of cavalry was sent ahead to destroy the silver works at Konigsberg. On this expedition a party of 800 horsemen, commanded by Colonel Loewen, quartered for the night near Norderog, in the neighborhood of which a small detachment of Norwegians had been stationed to watch the movements of the enemy.

The Swedish commander put up at the parsonage, and soon after his arrival received information that the Norwegians were only three miles away and were ignorant of his approach.

Mrs. Anna Colbirsen, the wife of the clergyman, who was sick in bed at the time, happened to hear a conversation among her guests in which it was decided to attack the Norwegian forces before the break of day and then to move on Konigsberg.

This brave woman, whose heart was devoted to her native Norway, immediately resolved to sacrifice her countrymen to their danger. In order to avert suspicion from herself she paid the greatest attention to her guests, and while appearing wholly occupied in providing for their entertainment improved her information. She displayed equal apparent benevolence toward the comfort of the private soldiers, and on the pretext of getting some necessaries to complete their entertainment she dispatched a servant, as it were, to procure them.

The Swedish general in the meantime inquired of Mrs. Colbirsen the road to Stein, where he intended to station his troops, and was completely deceived by her answer.

He ordered his horses to be kept in readiness at the door, but she contrived to get the groom drunk, upon which she put the horses into the stable and locked the door.

Her next move was, under the plea of compassion, to obtain permission from the colonel to light a fire in the yard for the comfort of the soldiers. This fire she insensibly increased to such dimensions that it served as a beacon and gave the Norwegians, through the servant whom she had previously dispatched, the signal to advance.

Everything succeeded to her utmost wishes, and her courage and intrepidity were rewarded by the arrival of the Norwegian troops at her house without discovery. They took the Swedish colonel prisoner, and then cut to pieces or put to flight the whole of his force, upon which her countrymen sat down to the entertainment which Mrs. Colbirsen had provided for their enemies.

The next morning she went out in company with another woman to view the field of battle. She Swedes who had fled the night before had rallied and being still greatly superior in number to the Norwegians resolved to attack them; but being ignorant of the force of the enemy they sent out a reconnoitering party, which, falling in with the two women, the corporal rode up to them, and pointing his carbine at Mrs. Colbirsen demanded instant information as to the position and numbers of the Norwegians.

The companion fainted, but she boldly asked:

"Is it the order of your commander to shoot old women?"

The corporal, ashamed of his conduct, lowered his carbine, but persisted in his first question.

"As to their numbers," said Mrs. Colbirsen, "that you may see for yourself, as they are at this moment mustering behind the church in order to attack you. More I cannot tell you, not having counted them, but this I know, they are as numerous as the bees in the hives."

Upon hearing this the Swedes hurried back and told their countrymen, who fled in all directions; and such was their disorder that many were cut down by the farmers and others were lost in the woods.

A Gambler's End.

Fortunes have been acquired on the gambling table, but if so it has been the men who managed the bank and not those who played at the table who won them.

I recently learned of a somber and curious incident that happened a few years ago at the gaming tables of Monte Carlo.

A dark faced, middle aged man, who appeared to have ample substances in the little principality, resorted to the gambling salon day after day, played for a certain amount, invariably lost it and took his departure.

The fact that he was alone, that he never spoke to anybody nor seemed to observe anything going on beyond the limits of the table, those who noticed him to believe that he was eccentric, and that his quiet manner shadowed a romance in his past life.

One night when the lights burned brightly in the gambling hall, and the hum of voices in every European language could be heard, the mysterious man came in and sat down at his accustomed place at the table.

He opened his purse, took out ten pounds, the sum which heretofore he had invariably played for, and laid it down at his left hand.

Hitherto the luck had been against him, but now it would seem that fickle fortune turned her wheel in his favor.

He won on every bet. He doubled his bets until his winnings had accumulated to the sum of 1,000 ducats, or nearly 5,000 pounds, which the croupier pushed over to him.

The lucky gambler did not seem very anxious about the gold and notes. He remained quiet, with his head bent, and some one asked him if he wished to continue the play.

Instead of replying he laid his head on his extended right arm.

One of the servants of the establishment touched him on the shoulder to attract his attention to the unheeded winnings and to the croupier's question.

He remained strangely quiet and immovable. A doctor who was present came forward and laid his fingers on the extended wrist, then looking up at the anxious faces about him he exclaimed:

"My God, the man is dead!"

ALFRED R. CALHOUN.

She Earned a New Bonnet.

Early yesterday morning a very distingue looking lady came down Sixteenth street, walking very fast. Upon her head she wore a large, pink, flower shaped sunbonnet. Her dress was so well made and fashionable that every one had to take two or three looks to decide whether or not she was from the country or whether she was a city belle in disguise. She held her head down so that no one could see her face. A young man stood in the doorway of the People's bank building, and when she passed said:

"Go it, bonnets!" in a tone which he didn't intend for her to hear.

But she did, and in spite of herself she looked up for a second. To his consternation he recognized her as one of the society girls way up in the social scale. She recognized him at the same time, and covered with confusion she darted into the doorway and pulled off the obnoxious headgear.

"Don't you dare to tell any one. Call a carriage for me and send me home."

"What so earth?"

"Pegs made me," she said, nearly crying. "He said that girls were too proud nowadays, and that when mamma was a girl she wore a sunbonnet to church. He said I couldn't have another single dress or hat until I came down to his office all the way in a sunbonnet. I have done it, and he gave me thirty dollars. I didn't expect to see any one who would recognize me, and if you ever tell on me I'll never forgive you."

Jumping into the hack which had arrived, she rolled away, shaking her head at him through the window.

Needless to say, he told.—Denver Sun.

She Acquitted and Utilized the Manly Art.

"I have a friend who has a very pretty and exceedingly muscular wife," said Thomas A. Holt. "Like most handsome women, especially those who live in the smaller cities, she had been much annoyed by the rude staring and smirking of street corner loungers, and she determined to resent it in a vigorous and effective manner. Her husband is an expert boxer, and without saying anything about her plan she began to take daily lessons in the manly art. At the end of six months she had a muscle like a prizefighter. Then she girded up her health corset and went on the warpath for the gents masher.

She soon found a victim. A big fellow in a suit loud enough for a firebell gave her a prolonged stare of insolent admiration. She repaid him with her sweetest smile and he was quickly at her side. Then she read him a brief lecture, reached out with her left and caught one of his asinine ears and held him fast, while with her right she played a tattoo on his face that made it look like an underdone beefsteak, winding up the exhibition by knocking him into the street. It was not very ladylike perhaps, but it had a salutary effect on the masculine irresistibles of that town."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Beauty Women Like Style.

Mrs. Frank Leslie Wilde, who is a capable as well as a charming woman, goes in for all feminine fads of a new fledged belle and wears her Paris gowns with as keen satisfaction as though she had no other thoughts in her head than how to adorn her beautiful person. Amelie Rives Chanler is always beautifully gowned. Ella Wheeler Wilcox, though just a mite eccentric, never gets so far over the line as to leave the truly beautiful. Blanche Roosevelt, who is a wonderfully pretty woman, is always correctly attired in gowns just suiting her blond style to perfection. Mrs. Humphrey Ward, Miss Charlotte M. Yonge, Mrs. Burton Harrison and many others are living examples that brains are not incompatible with style.—New York Letter.

A Wise Precaution.

"For years," said a woman the other day, "I have never slept without putting that a couple of silk handkerchiefs hung near my toilet stands, and that the bowl was half full of water. When I was a young woman, not out of my teens, I was a hotel which took fire. I should have suffocated if my uncle, with whom I was traveling, had not thrown a wet silk handkerchief over my face. Thus protected, I followed him through the hall filled with choking smoke, and down the stairs to safety. I have taught the practice to my children, and it has become a habit with us all. You want good big ones, and they must be wetted thoroughly; then you may, if forced, endure the thickest smoke for a considerable time."—New York World.

Distance Covered in Dancing.

An average waltz takes one over or about three-quarters of a mile, a square dance when you count half a mile and a galop equals a good mile, at a run too. Count up for yourself how much the girl with a well filled programme traverses in an evening. Twenty dances is the average, you know. Of these about twelve are waltzes. There at once is nine miles. Three galops and she has done twelve miles. Five other dances at a half mile apiece, which is hardly a fairly big estimate, brings her close upon fifteen miles, to say nothing of the intermission stroll in the garden and the trips to the dressing room to renovate one's gowns and complexion.—Philadelphia Press.

Mrs. Washington's Housekeeping.

Edward Everett Hale says Mrs. George Washington was a model housekeeper. In a set of books kept expressly for that purpose Mrs. Washington made entry of housekeeping duties accomplished from day to day, and noted how she superintended the preparing of the supply of smoked meats for the plantation, how with her own hands she cut out the clothing of the slaves and so on. Letters of Lady Washington's daughter and others testify that after the death of her husband the hospitality of the Mount Vernon home was kept up.

Mrs. Langtry's Hot Bath.

I cannot recommend too strongly the use of the hot bath. The great beauty of Mrs. Langtry was her fine skin, and people who did not know credited her with taking a cold bath every morning, whereas the truth was that she took one as hot that for a few moments she could scarcely stand putting her foot in it, but into which she eventually got, and from which she went back to bed, where she took a cup of tea and a bit of toast, which formed her breakfast.—Mrs. Mallon in Ladies' Home Journal.

An Agent of Philanthropy.

The wholesale extent indeed of the influence of the "woman's clubs" in philanthropy can never be estimated until full shall be written to the story of humanity. To the women of club homes, more often than to any organization outside the church, the thought, "So many worlds, so much to do so little done, such things to be," and while life lasts and the need exists the power of the women's club will be felt for good and for philanthropy.—Dr. Julia Holmes Smith.

This Date in History—Sept. 14.

1776—Charles Lefebre-Desnouettes, Bonaparte's marshal, born in Paris; drowned near Chasse, Ireland, 1822.

1807—Fulton first assisted the Hudson in a steamboat.

1827—General Winfield Scott and his army entered the City of Mexico.

1851—James Fenimore Cooper, novelist and naval officer, died at Cooperstown, N. Y.; born 1789.

1852—The Duke of Wellington died; born in 1769.

1862—Battle of South Mountain, Md.; Federal losses, 443 killed, 1,806 wounded, 76 missing.

1890—The body of John Ericsson, transferred from the Baltimore to the authorities at Stockholm with imposing ceremonies.

1891—A train on the New York Central railway ran from New York to East Buffalo, 440½ miles, in 438 minutes, the fastest time ever made for a long distance.

The Echo of a Kiss.

The following interesting table of statistics is believed to possess a true scientific accuracy. It appears to be the record of a drummer, and may be considered authentic. He gave it the title which we have retained, meaning, apparently, what each girl said:

Boston Girl—Mr. Bunkerill, your conduct shocks me beyond utterance.

New York Girl—Thanks, awfully, don't you know.

Providence Girl—Oh, mamma!

Philadelphia Girl—Are you sure nobody saw us?

Baltimore Girl—Dear George!

Washington Girl—Well, I suppose I'll have to pardon you.

Pittsburg Girl—Oh, Harry!

Cincinnati Girl—What bad form!

Indianapolis Girl—Ah, there!

Chicago Girl—More! More!

Detroit Girl—Well, I declare!

Louisville Girl—Yum, yum!

St. Louis Girl—How shocking!

Nashville Girl—Oo! Oo!

Atlanta Girl—Golly!

New Orleans Girl—Oh, my!

Kansas City Girl—Break away, there!

Denver Girl—Gosh!

San Francisco Girl—Rats!

Texas Girl—Whoop la!

Every Girl—Oh, don't!—New York Sun.

How She Could Please Him.

Aunt—I want to do something to please you on your birthday, Charlie, but first I want to ask your teacher how you behave in school.

Charlie—If you really wish to please me, auntie, don't ask him.—Fliegende Blatter.

1892		September.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	6	4:08 P.M.	New Moon	20	8:16 P.M.
Third Quarter	13	7:50 A.M.	First Quarter	29	1:16 A.M.

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Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. The house has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and has had many improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the traveling public.

City Hotel,

Corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

SEELY EDSALL,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Invites the inspection of the Dry Goods Trade to his new stock of

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS

Novelties.

Henriettas, Sergos,

Cashmeres, Ladies' Cloth.

Black Goods a Specialty.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!

After the use of

Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.

Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child

SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP and BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Educational.

Harned Academy

RE-OPENED SEPT. 12,

with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.

The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harned, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.

Classes now forming in German and French. Special classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparations for college. Music. Weekly lectures.

E. N. HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN, 17 LAGRANDE AVENUE, Will Re-Open September 19, 1892. For particulars address the principals. S 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,

for YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN, will re-open on THURSDAY, SEPT. 15. For particulars address MISS E. E. KENYON, Principal. S 10 3m*

MR. A. VENINO, Teacher of Piano and Composition, will now resume instructions. For choice of hours and terms address P. O. Box 761, Plainfield. 10 1w*

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1098.

FRENCH LESSONS. Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Professors of Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson fire, write to Prof. L. Vimont, care of Misses Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 2 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Tuesday, Sept. 13.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to class. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

BEACH'S

Celebrated

PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

Also

HOME MADE White Bread. Gluten Bread. Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Lyddies, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPES and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice. Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Pastries for Sunday desert on or before Saturday morning.

M. R. BEACH,

51 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.

Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS.

Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.

A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR THE

FINEST ELGIN CREAMERY BUTTER.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

CLEARING OUT SALE

OF SUMMER CLOTHING!

AT

WERNER'S - CLOTHING - HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.

Don't fail to drop in and see our EXTRAORDINARY Bargains, as we must dispose of our Summer stock to make room for Fall and Winter goods.

20 Per Cent. OFF on

Refrigerators. . . Lawn Mowers, . . Ice Cream Freezers. . Hammocks. .

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware, . . . Paints Oils, Seeds. Carpenter and Machinist's Tools. Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION. 1875. Membership 138,000, 1892. Death benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.

Westfield Lodge, 301, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge-rooms, Monse Hall block.

Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.

RALPH A. FORT, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article,

A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,

to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

NEUMANN BROS.

BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

New Marble

and

Granite Works,

We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.

J. E. Townsend, Manager.

No. 30 SOMERSET STREET.

Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

THE PLACE TO BUY SECOND-HAND FURNITURE IS AT

MUSGRAVE'S,

37 Somerset street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box 1. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 2 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be clear and slightly cooler.

BREVITIES

—The Plainfield Seminary, of which Miss E. E. Kenyon is principal, opened its Fall term yesterday.

—A sixteen-year-old son of Daniel Howley of Junction, N. J., had both legs taken off by the cars at that place last night.

—The North Plainfield Democratic association will hold a regular meeting in their rooms on Somerset street to-night.

—John Jordan, for being drunk and disorderly, was arrested last night. This morning Justice Codington fined him $3.

—Several coal cars were wrecked at Bound Brook about ten o'clock last evening. This makes the seventh smashup on the Central road in about a week.

—An extensive assortment of new Fall and Winter dress goods of the latest fashions are now being shown at Edsall's. *He says the prices are guaranteed to be* lower than in New York.

—The case of Ross vs. Ben Steller on contract, came up before Justice Nash yesterday afternoon for trial, and resulted in a judgment for the plaintiff of $7 and costs, which were $9.75.

—Christopher Waldron of Bound Brook was arrested on East Second street yesterday afternoon for using profane language. He pleaded not guilty before Justice Codington and his trial was set down for next Thursday.

—There are at present in the New York port 101 steamships, 44 ships, 78 barks, 16 brigs and 279 schooners, representing many thousands of tons, and every flag known. This number is exceptionally large, both for steamships and schooners.

—There will be an important meeting of the Salvation Army at Elks' Hall this evening. They say it will be soul-stirring. Col. Evans, chief of the American staff, assisted by his wife, Major and Mrs. Evans, Staff Captain Welsh and others will take part.

—The many friends and admirers of "Joe" English will pay him a last tribute of respect by holding memorial services at Reform Hall on Sunday afternoon at four o'clock. One of the features will be a special rendering of songs embracing Mr. English's favorite hymns.

—The Peace street commissioners met at two o'clock yesterday afternoon in response to a call issued by Chairman Kane, to look over the maps and continue the work of preparing their report, they also went over the ground. Another meet again to-morrow.

—The annual convention of the Y. M. C. A. of *the Fourth District of New Jersey* will be held at Perth Amboy, Sept. 22d and 23d inclusive. Prof. H. W. Hazard and other Plainfielders will take part in the proceedings of the convention. For information at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

—The lions used in the production of "Under the Lion's Paw" next Saturday night at Music Hall arrived here last night and were *transferred* to Music Hall this morning. The unloading of the animals was witnessed by hundreds of people and created a great deal of excitement.

—A special meeting of the Plainfield Bicycle Club will be held next Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, p. m., to report on Carnival Committee and Gymnasium Committee *and take action on changing* the class night from Saturday to Wednesday. A Gymnasium Instructor will also be present to give an exhibition and drill.

—The headquarters of farce in New York just now is the Star Theatre, where the popular comedian, Roland Reed, is dealing out fun by the wholesale. "Lend Me Your Wife," the question through which the comedian reaches his audiences, is a pure farce and, unlike most such plays, taken from a French source, is perfectly clean. The fun is irresistible and wholesome.

—A large delegation of Christian Endeavorers will go from Plainfield this evening to attend the meeting of the Plainfield Local Union to be held in the First Presbyterian church at Dunellen. At least a hundred people will go in a special car from the Watchung Mountain Electric Railway Company at 7:15 o'clock. The stages will start on promptly at 8 o'clock. Efforts have been made to make this one of the best meetings of the union.

—Prof. Hicks predicted many good rains during this month, with cool weather; and thus far he has not been at fault. Warm days with electrical storms on the 14th, and 15th. The 18th to 21st is a decidedly stormy and warm period. The Sun will be squarely on our equator, with the Moon between us, on the 22nd, 23rd and 24th. The 26th *is the centre of two to three days of disturbances.* The month will end warm, with storms forming in the West.

—The British naval authorities are *saving money in a novel way* in connection with big gun practice. The Benbow has been practising a good deal with her 110 ton guns, and, as this gun throws a projectile weighing 1,800 pounds, the expense of each shot runs pretty high. So tubes have been placed in the bores of the big guns which fit as massed cartridges, while the big guns are themselves handled and aimed, if one shell is fired a number of these excellent hits have been made in this practice.

—The Educational classes of the Y. M. C. A., will be organized during the first week in October. The following branches will be taught: Mechanical drawing, (two classes), short hand (five classes), and English branches for foreign speaking young men. Vocal music will also be taught if a sufficient number desire the instruction. There are no fees nor assessments connected with these classes and the only charge will be a trifle over the price of a membership in the association, $2 a year, with the exception of the class in short hand in which members of which are charged $3 additional.

—There is now a prospect that Sousa's New Marine Band, the organization of which he has just completed, will receive great comment, will be heard in this city during its first concert tour this fall, and that it will receive a great deal of attention because Manager Blakely of New York, backed by a strong company of capitalists, has engaged the available talents, and considerably promises to show a band such as has not been heard in this country. It must needs be something unusual, as it is to furnish the world's Fair music, and Mr. John Philip Sousa, he is capable of such, as five years leading it, resigned his life position at Washington to become the conductor of this organization.

PERSONAL.

Mr. E. H. Hanigan of Craig place has returned from Asbury Park.

Mr. *Henderson of Philadelphia* is visiting relatives on Rockview avenue.

Mrs. Wm. G. de Rue of East Front street returned to-day from Ocean Grove.

Commissioner Robert Meeker and Mrs Meeker are spending a week at Lake Hopatcong.

Richard Vosseller and Alice Fitzgerald of Plainfield were married Wednesday by Rev. Mr. Martin.—Westfield Leader.

Prof. Peter E. Condo, of *Emily street* returned yesterday after an absence all Summer at Asbury Park, and Seymour, Conn.

An afternoon tea will be held on the grounds of the Hillside Tennis Club on Saturday of this week. This will be the last tea of the season.

Mr. C. H. Berbecker, a New York merchant, has rented Mr. M. Carty's house corner Fifth street and and Central avenue, *and will make Plainfield his home* after Oct. 1.

The announcement is made of the death, yesterday, of Richard Totten of Mt. Horeb, in the seventy-first year of his age. The interment will be at Cypress Hills, to-morrow.

Messrs. Simmonds and Huntington, winners of the recent tournament will meet Messrs. Edward S. Bleeker and Fred W. Walz on the courts of the Hillside Tennis Club on Saturday afternoon.

Mr. J. C. Carney and Miss Mary E. Jackman, both of this city, were married last week at St. Mary's church by the Rev. F. E. Smyth. Mr. D. McNamee was best man and Miss Dwyer was bridesmaid. Mr. Carney is a popular young man and *has the congratulations of his numerous* friends.

Mr. A. S. Fritts of the Harned Academy who was winner of the mile handicap at Somerville yesterday, also took second prize in the team race. In the team race he was with George Cotts of Newark, who recently won the one-hundred mile road race from Philadelphia to Newark, for second place, and the tie was decided by having them race *for a mile for points which Fritts won* easily. The prize was a silver medal.

The congregation of the First Church of Christ will dedicate their new Grove street chapel on the first Sunday in October. At the dedication of the new house of worship the Rev. J. B. Cleaver, founder of the church, will take prominent part, as will also the Rev. Dr. Tyler, pastor of the Church of the Disciples, New York. Mrs. James A. Garfield has been invited to participate, and has promised to join, if possible, in blessing the new structure.

Mr. F. P. Haffner is now the holder of the champion medal of the Middlesex Bowling Green Club, which he won last Saturday afternoon. The best score was Haffner 21, Dr. Linstedt 20, and the former defeated the champion of last season, H. Brewster Willis, by a score of 21 to 16. The club plays on Asbury's ground, Dunellen, Oct. 8, with the Dunellen Bowling Green Club for the Adam challenge cup, the latter having a practice game to-morrow afternoon.

The Elizabeth Journal says: The death of Mr. Edward Drake is announced as having taken place at his home in Illinois. He was the survivor of a family of twelve, nearly all of whom reached advanced years, and was a brother of Mrs. James S. Drake, who died in this city three years ago. The deceased was born near Plainfield, was a farmer by occupation, and resided there until he *removed to Illinois many years ago.* Among his children is Rev. Daniel Drake, a Baptist missionary, who recently returned from India, after spending several years there.

Mr. Samuel V. D. Burr of Central avenue tried an interesting experiment during his recent stay at Ocean Grove. He invested seven cents in a kite, such as schoolboys delight in, and during a strong breeze had it flown in the air. A *heavy stick* was then attached to the end of the string and the kite allowed to drag the piece of wood out to sea. Several days afterward he received a letter *from Mr. T. W. Staylor, of the Post Office* Department at Norfolk, Va., saying his kite had been found, still flying, at Bradford's Point Ferry, Princess Anne Co., Va., at nine o'clock a. m. September 5. It had traveled nearly four hundred miles in less than two days. Mr. Barr had put his address on the kite.

A Kindly Act Remembered.

On Friday evening last Captain Grant appreciated the kindly act performed Morrell and Doying of Summit, N. J., who were belated and without lamps, and took them in custody. The young men were well dressed and respectable appearing, but without money. They did not like the idea of being jailed over night and looked around for succor. Mr. J. J. Kenney met the captain on the way to his office, and informed some members of the Crescent League of the affair and they hastened to assist the benighted young men in their difficulty. Captain Grant asked the crowd who had gathered if any were willing to guarantee their *appearance in court the next morning.* Mr. C. E. Teel replied and put up the necessary guarantee. The young men departed and appeared the next morning. Tuesday Mr. Teel *was the recipient* of a handsome souvenir from the young men. It was a beautifully designed postage stamp case of the latest pattern, an appreciative letter accompanied the present, expressing gratitude for Mr. Teel's magnanimity.

—*Doane & Edsall is the new shoe firm* that claim the attention of buyers in the shoe line.

ANOTHER CHILD DEAD

FROM THE RESULT OF SCARLET FEVER.

Henry A. Nestor, of Pearl Street, Reported Ill by "The News" of Last Friday, Died Early this Morning—The Doctors Report no More Cases.

Henry A. Nestor, the six year old son of David and Frances Nestor of No. 40 Pearl street, died about half-past one o'clock this morning from acute nephritis, which is a form of kidney trouble.

This is the child that was stricken about a month ago with scarlet fever, as correctly reported in THE NEWS of last Friday.

The *article* mentioned did not exaggerate the case in the slightest degree. Our North avenue contemporary erroneously stated there was no truth in the report.

Dr. J. A. Ellis, the physician who attended the child throughout its illness, says the acute nephritis is directly caused by the scarlet fever and is one of the usual symptoms expected to follow that malignant disease, though the child had recovered *sufficiently* from the scarlet fever to go about the house before it was attacked by the kidney trouble.

The funeral services will be held at the residence of the family, No 40 Pearl street, on Saturday afternoon at half past two o'clock.

POLITICAL POINTS.

A New Republican Campaign Club.

At a meeting of Republican voters held in the Republican Association rooms on East Front street last evening a campaign club was organized for the purpose of marching under the banner of Harrison and Reid. It was unanimously decided to call the club the John Kean Guards of Plainfield, N. J. The following officers were elected: Adolph Kharman, chairman; Horace G. Adams, secretary; William Hardy, treasurer; T. Sherwood, captain; Frank Hand, first lieutenant; David C. Allen, second lieutenant.

After appointing the several committees and giving three cheers for the nominee for President, Vice President and Governor, the meeting adjourned to *meet again September 21, at eight* o'clock at Republican Headquarters. All Republicans welcome.

Political News.

The Republican voters of the Fourth Ward will meet at the Republican Association headquarters on East Front street on Friday evening to form a campaign Club.

A joint committee meeting of the Executive and Campaign Committees of the Republican Association will be held in the association rooms this evening. The two committees are composed of twelve voters, three from each ward, and meet to make definite plans for the campaign work.

During the rest of the campaign the Republican Association rooms on East Front street will be open every evening. The Executive Committee has been *re*open for the season by the Executive committee and will be furnished with a platform, sounding board, chairs, etc. A large mass meeting is soon to be held there.

Justice Werts is in a position where it will cost from $20,000 to $30,000 to say yes, to say nothing of loss of peace of mind and probable defeat after all.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending Sept. 13, 1892:

Blackford, S. C.	Klein, G. B.
Byrne, Annie	Lessel, Miss Cratrian
Bonkowski, Feliks	Mackey, Emma
Burke, Annie	McDermots, Mrs H
Chamberlain, Lillie	Moore, Mrs Lizzie
Collins, Wm	Moore, Miss Lillie
Cole, Silas	McLoughlin, Mary
Darwin, Hannah	Pike, Wm H
Dorcas, Eugene	Stephens, Miss Annie
Donahue, J J	Simonds, Matilda
Dwight, Richard	Whittney, Mrs
Gould, Mrs Wm	Wyckoff, Doreen
Hinch, Mr Easley	Whiting, E H
Jennie	Warner, Mr Amandes
James, G E (3)	Weeks, F A (3)

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. R. Force, Postmaster.

—A number of Plainfield sportsmen took part in several events at the eighth team contest of the New Jersey Trap Shooters' League which was decided yesterday on the grounds of the East Orange Gun Club at Harrison, N. J. The conditions of the main event were five men to a team, each to shoot at 25 live rocks under American Shooting Association rules They won the highest team score, scoring a total of 113 points.

—There will be a notable production in this city at Music Hall next Saturday evening, this event being the first performance on any stage of George Peck's new melodramatic spectacle entitled "Under Lion's Paw." The piece is booked in all the large cities of the country, and will be witnessed here by a delegation of managers from New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Several of the metropolitan dailies and all the dramatic papers will have correspondents on hand. The play has been in rehearsal since September 3rd and will be presented by a very strong cast. The scenery is all here and is magnificent. In the second act a cyclone visits Bad Rock and his trained lions appear; a realization menagerie test is used that covers the Music Hall stage from end to end, and which is said to be the most complete ever used for such a purpose. There are seven large drops and eighteen set pieces carried for the production beside the setting for the cyclone. The company numbers twenty people.

THE G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Many New Jersey Veterans will go to Washington.

The annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic will open at Washington, D. C., on September 19, and will last five days. The railroads have decided to charge one full fare for the round trip from all points. Barracks will be provided free for all Grand Army comrades who go as posts or detachments. Quarters in hotels and boarding houses may be secured by writing to the *secretary of the committee on accommodations at Washington*

About fifty posts from the Department of New Jersey have already signified their intention of being present. The parade will take place on Tuesday, Sept. 20, and will only be a counter-march on Pennsylvania avenue. All small New Jersey posts will be formed in provisional corps so that they can take part in the general parade; but Commander-in-Chief Palmer has decided to allow no organizations other than Grand Army in line.

Department headquarters of New Jersey will be in the National Fellow armory, on G street, near the Patent Office.

The official New Jersey department badge is made of bronze in the shape of a shield, on one side of which is the G. *A. R. badge, and on the other is the pro*file of Kearny. The ribbon is red and yellow and is attached to a bronze clasp, on which are the words "Washington, D. C., September, 1892." Arrangements are being made for the comrades to visit the battle-fields and camp grounds of the war. Committees will be stationed at Richmond, Fredericksburg, Winchester, Gettysburg, etc., to furnish information and direction to visitors.

All reunions will be held at the White Lot, immediately south of the Executive Mansion.

THE GREAT REVIEW AT WASHINGTON.

Half Rates by the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic will undoubtedly be the largest number of veterans ever assembled on a similar occasion, *and the review will be the most imposing* pageant ever witnessed in this country since the historic review of the army in 1865. It will be the event of a lifetime, as every veteran will there be to *large a gathering of old soldiers in any* city of the land.

In fact few every one may witness the grand spectacle the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Washington on sale at principal ticket stations on its system, September 13th to 20th, valid for return until September 22d, at one fare for the round *trip.* Ample facilities will be afforded for the prompt movement of all visitors.

—Insurance is the latest novelty for advertising. A. M. Griffen has bought $500,000 of life insurance for his customers, which he is giving away.

—Wm. Moore, charged with being drunk and disorderly, was sentenced by Borough Justice Crossley, this morning, to pay a fine of $5 or stay five days in jail.

—A party of Plainfield's young people will go to Bound Brook to-night on a pleasure ride. They will take supper and dance at a hotel and return. The stage to take them will start from the Y. M. C. A., building on Sixth street.

—Two special trains, well filled with veterans of the war, went through this city on their way to Washington, this morning. There will be another special *train to-morrow, one Saturday and eight*een on Sunday. Each train will have from eight to twelve cars.

—The Democrats will fling their banner *to the breeze on next Wednesday evening.* It will be stretched across North avenue from Hoagland Greenside to the Taylor building, on the opposite side of the avenue. Local and other speakers will address the audience on that occasion.

—Messrs. H. B. Newhall and O. B. Leonard, representing the Board of Health, and Councilman John Johnston *of the Street Committee*, on Tuesday afternoon inspected the raceway back of French's mill, and that part of the brook mentioned recently in THE NEWS as receiving sewerage from North avenue, *and will take action at the next meeting.* They intend to have the brook and raceway cleaned and lime plentifully used to disinfect where necessary. New street sewer also empties into the brook.

Ordinary rolled oats are full of dirt, specks, and insects' eggs.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Hornby's Oat. are clean. . .

DEATHS.

NESTOR—In North Plainfield on September 15, 1892, Henry A., son of David and Frances Nestor, aged 6 years, 11 months and 27 days.

Funeral services from the parents' residence, No. 40 Pearl street, on Saturday, September 17 at 2.30 o'clock.

13-2-1-&-C

TOTTEN—At Mt. Horeb, N. J., September 14th, Richard Totten, Sr., in his seventy-first year.

Funeral services from the residence of his son at Mt. Horeb, Friday morning, September 16, at nine o'clock. Interment at Cypress Hills. T. & C.

YAIL—*In this city, Sept. 14, 1892*, David R. Yail, in his 52d year.

Funeral services from his late residence, 61 West Sixth street, Friday afternoon, Sept. 16th, 1892, at two p. m. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. Interment at Bound Brook. TAC14-5*

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Four Men Injured in a Railroad Wreck.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 15. (Special.)—A serious wreck occurred last night on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Princeton Junction. Thousands of dollars worth of property was destroyed. Four men were so badly injured that it is thought they will die.

Two freight trains, running at a high rate of speed, collided, demolishing both engines and many cars, and piling the tracks high with wreckage. Traffic was delayed for over four hours. All of the injured men are employees of the railroad.

Ballot-Box Stuffers go to Prison.

JERSEY CITY, Sept. 15. (Special.)—Sheriff McPhillips of Hudson county, with a posse of constables, left Jersey City at 9 o'clock this morning on the Pennsylvania Railroad, having in charge nine of the convicted Jersey City ballot-box stuffers, who were sentenced a few days since by Judge Lippincott to fifteen months each in State prison.

A $100,000 Fire.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15. (Special.)—A fire this morning totally destroyed George Meyers carriage factory, in the rear of 225 and 227 East Thirty-sixth street.

The loss on stock and buildings is estimated at $100,000, partly covered by insurance.

Mrs. Harrison No Worse.

LOON LAKE HOUSE, Sept. 15. (Special.) The following bulletin was issued by Mrs. Harrison's doctors to-day: "Mrs. Harrison passed a restless night, but she *is better, if anything.*"

—The October number of the Forum will contain an article on the cholera, how it has been prevented and may be prevented, with a statement of preceding epidemics, by the eminent Dr. Lewis A. Sayre, who was Resident Physician of the Office of New York, when the disease came to that port in 1866.

Cent-a-Word Column.

BOARDERS WANTED.

PLEASANT rooms and good board at 35 West Fourth street. 8 87

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A BOY, 16 years old, *wishes situation to* take care of a horse and do general work on gentleman's place Address No 42 Chatham street, Plainfield. 14 2

A RANDY workman wants employment at any work around gentlemen's place, is competent and has references. Address "Cheap," care of New York News. 8 87

YOUNG girl wants a situation as chambermaid and waitress. Good references. Call 82 West Third street. 15 2

HELP WANTED.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wanted. References required. Wages $16. Mrs. Cruikshank, Broadway, corner Belvidere road. 15 3

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to sell split orders for grocery stock; expenses and salary to men who can leave home and work steady; also commission to local agents; work for farms and territory. Address E. G. Chase & Co., 1430 S. Penn st., Phila., Pa. 9 15 2m eod*

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two. Call 30 Watchung avenue, North Plainfield. 12-3

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Last evening, at the First Presbyterian church, corner of 6th street, a pair of gold spectacles. Please return to 80 East Front street. 15 2

LOST—A pet canary, last Thursday. A liberal reward for its return to 37 West Front street, Krietling's barber shop. 13-3

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A seven-room house on South Second street, corner of Manson place. E. P. Gavin, P. O. Box 390. 9 6

FOR SALE.

CARRIAGES and Harness at cost, at Ryerson's, 32 Somerset street. 10 5

FOR SALE—4x5 Kodak; suitable for 100 exposures or glass plates; 60 films and worth $28; entire outfit cost $70; perfect condition; will sell complete for $30. Address "Kodak," care of EVENING NEWS. 10tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

FLEEING from Cholera. If you want to send pleasant tickets to relatives and friends, on any line, call on H. D. Morrison, 11 Park place, corner of Somerset street. 15 2

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture Repository, 11 Somerset street. 15 2

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 1 29tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between John H. Doane and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Doane & Van Arsdale was dissolved on this ninth day of September, A. D. 1892, by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said late firm are to be received by the said Morris C. Van Arsdale, and all the said late firm's debts are to be paid by him. The said business will be continued at the old stand under the firm name and style of Doane & Edsall. All debts owing to the late partnership are to be collected by said Doane & Edsall; and all claims and demands on the late partnership are to be presented to them. (Doane & Edsall for payment.

JNO. H. DOANE,
MORRIS C. VAN ARSDALE,
Late Partners.

Dated this 9th day of September, 1892. 14 4

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Sept. 14, 1892.

We Know it May Concern.

Be it known that Mr. Edward White and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union, State of New Jersey, have this fourteenth day of September, 1892, entered into a co-partnership for the purpose of White & Van Arsdale, to succeed the firm of Van Emburgh & White, dealers in dry goods, notions, etc., which business will be continued at the same place, No. 18 West Front street, where they will be pleased to serve patrons and friends.

EDWARD WHITE,
of the late firm Van Emburgh & White.
MORRIS C. VAN ARSDALE,
of the late firm of Doane & Van Arsdale.
14 12

29TH YEAR OF THEIR CAREER

AS

AMERICA'S LEADING AMUSEMENT.

ADAM FOREPAUGH SHOWS.

Oldest, Largest, Richest Exhibition in the World.

J. T. McCADDEN, MANAGER.

Circus, Menagerie, Museum, Aviary,

Hippodrome, Genuine Moorish Circus, Caravan and Camp.

With the Historic Bible Spectacle, the

FALL OF NINEVEH.

Will Exhibit at

PLAINFIELD, FRIDAY, SEPT. 23.

The ends of the earth Brought together in one mighty Carnival of Pleasure and Feast of Knowledge for All.

200 Star Performers in the three rings and upon the two stages in the CIRCUS

The Wonders of Earth and the Marvels of Nature in the MUSEUM.

Perfect collection of Wild and Rare Beasts in the MENAGERIE.

Exciting and Funny Races of all kinds in the HIPPODROME

400 splendid steeds in the GRAND HORSE FAIR.

395 Moors and Bedouin Berbers (men, women and children) in the Moorish Caravan and Camp.

Surpassing all Earthly Splendors and Spectacular Display is the Fall of Nineveh. Rettig, author, designer and painter.

His presentation requires 1,000 men, women and children in the various characters $15c,000 in gorgeous costumes, $50,000 in special scenery, 30,000 in armour, swords, shields and spears 300 beautiful ladies in the Grand Ballet, Companies of Soldiers, Citizens, etc., all produced on the largest and best equipped stage in the world. 300 feet long and 55 feet wide. *Illustrating life and events in the first Great Metropolis of the civilized world.*

Excursions on all lines of travel. Consult your nearest station agent for rate and time schedules. Don't fail to see the Peerless Free Street Pageant on the morning of exhibition at 10 o'clock. Owing to the length of time necessary to prepare the Fall of Nineveh for exhibition nothing belonging to it will be seen in the free street parade. Two performances daily. Doors open at one p. m. and seven p. m., performance begins one hour later.

To accommodate those who wish to avoid the crowd about the ticket wagon, coupons numbered, actually reserved seats at the regular price, and admission tickets at the usual slight advance may be secured at Central Pharmacy.

Sunshine or rain all performances are given the same beneath the canopies of the specially prepared Water-Proof Tents. 10 13 15 17 19 21

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST. SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

: Saturday Evening, Sept. 17th, :

A Great Production. GEORGE PECK'S Monster Melodramatic Spectacle,

UNDER THE LION'S PAW.

With a strong cast, tons of scenery, and introducing, in the Menagerie Scene, Col. *E. D. Boone and Milli Carlotta, and their 7 Nubian Lions, frolicking like children,* in a Massive Steel Cage. Playing at see-saw, playing ball, rolling hoops, drawing chariots, skipping rope, saying prayers, forming pyramids, and many other acts with human intelligence.

Seats on Sale at Central Pharmacy.

SPECIAL SALE!

OF

1,000 pairs of Trousers

at

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE

30 West Front Street.

A GOOD CHANCE for BARGAINS.

Our New Stock of

Fall and Winter

Goods Just Received.

It will pay you to examine them.

The Latest Styles of Hats and Gentlemen's Furnishings.

A full line of Cloths for Clothing to Order.

Special Notices.

THE REPUBLICAN VOTERS of the Fourth Ward, and all of those interested in the election of Harrison and Reid, are requested to meet at eight o'clock, Friday evening, Sept. 16th, at Republican Rooms, over the City National Bank, to form a Fourth Ward Republican Club.

T. J. CAREY,
JOHN J. LOUTHSBURY,
J. C. MANCHESTER,
Committee.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between George L. Van Emburgh and Edward White, of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Van Emburgh & White, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

GEORGE L. VAN EMBURGH.
EDWARD WHITE.
Dated September 14, 1892. 15 4†

EDITORIAL NOTES

How Not to Begin.

If you want to write a newspaper letter about the progress of agriculture in the United States do not begin it, "It is said that he who makes two blades of grass grow where one grew before is the benefactor of the human race." That old chestnut was worn out about the time of the American Revolution. It never was much of a saying anyhow. If you want to report a horse race, do not begin by quoting that Bible passage about the strength of a warhorse's nostrils being terrible. Everybody knows it now. Neither begin by saying that the horse was known in Bible times and from the most ancient period of history. Nobody cares a fig whether he was known or not, or when he did or did not begin to be talked about. Do not commence either to give us any of those old gag anecdotes about the Arabian's love for his horse. We don't want to hear them.

A distinguished gentleman lately wrote a magazine paper on the present *status of higher education in the south.* Those who labored through the pages to find out what higher education in the south was like at present found that six or eight pages of the thing were taken up with describing education in the south before the war. Who but an antiquary cares a brass pin about what education in the south or north was like before the war? The living present is what we want now in everything. Only where the past will serve us of today either as an awful warning or as a good example have we time to read anything about it.

Avoid whatever you have to write about. don't fog in anything about the silvery moonlight shimmering upon the waters, or the green fields, or the ruins of an old cheese factory. We had enough of that a century ago. Never talk of golden sunlight, or fleecy clouds piled high, or the voice of the murmuring wind among the leafy trees. We've had enough of that too. Don't begin with *any hackneyed quotation to launch yourself off* with under any circumstance. You will go off anyhow. Plunge directly into your theme, the more abruptly the better. Say at once that No. 2 red wheat is eighty cents a bushel and then quit.

Alive While We Do Live.

Why not live forever? asks Dr. M. Maurice at the beginning of a learned paper in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Well, who wants to live forever? Eighty or a hundred years of taxpaying, brass bands, corns and presidential elections is enough to satisfy the most ardent admirer of life on this planet that there is not much in it.

A far more reasonable question than that asked by Dr. Maurice would be, Why not be well while we do live? There are a thousand reasons why man cannot live forever and ought not to if he could, but there is no satisfactory answer to the question why he should not have perfect health while he is alive. The persistent cold taking of the race, toothache, rheumatism, consumption and neuralgia are all wrong—so many life sucking excrescences that have grown up around the human body and hurry it to an untimely death after an agony of suffering indescribable. Disease is certainly wrong and unnatural. Nature never meant it, and there is no sense in it.

The remedies prescribed for disease grow more numerous year by year. So do the diseases. So far as we can judge, the human race, although life is longer on the average, suffers more physically than it did a thousand years ago. Where is the science which shall show us how to live all over while we do live, and not keep dying a little at a time for half a century?

The editor of Scribner's Magazine thinks the next change in our political machinery will be the exclusion of the "noisy crowd in the galleries" from the great nominating conventions. Then the sober—that is to say, sober minded—delegates who go in for principle as against enthusiasm in politics will be able to hear themselves think and follow out their best judgment. Not so, Mr. Editor. It is all very well for a magazine editor in his quiet, cozy sanctum to feel his head swim when he contemplates that crowd, but we don't want it abolished. Political conventions and all other conventions want the greatest possible airing. If a man's judgment and principles won't stand the test of hurrahs that raise the roof, they are not good for much. The line of course must be drawn between enthusiasm and rowdyism, but the enthusiasm must not be repressed. We have little enough of it left in this age of exhaustion and boil. And besides, as the editor himself admits, the shouting for a candidate does not mean his nomination.

All presidents complain of the grievous strain on them of persistent handshaking. Yet the strange thing about it is that they are all willing to endure the strain for another four years.

The news from Europe will no doubt seriously affect the watermelon trade. It is a pity, too, for this is the greatest watermelon year on record.

Labor should rule capital, but the laborer has no more right to rule the capitalist than the capitalist has to rule the laborer.

SIX FATAL CASES.

The Dread Cholera Forces Its Way Into New York.

NO OCCASION FOR A PANIC.

The Health Officials Say the Plague Is Completely Under Control.

Only After a Biological Examination, to Make Sure the Cases Were Genuine Asiatic Cholera, Was the Announcement Made That the Deaths, the First of Which Occurred Nine Days Ago, Were Occasioned by the Imported Scourge—No New Cases Have so Far Developed and the City Is in Good Condition to Isolate and Stamp Out the Germs.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Six deaths from Asiatic cholera among the inhabitants of New York city have occurred within eight days. That is the sum and substance of the announcement now made by the board of health of the result of the diagnoses, autopsies and germ cultures which have been going on since Charles McAvoy, a man of all work and most lately a butcher's helper of 879 Tenth avenue, who had had slight cramps in his legs a week ago Monday evening, died of cholera Asiatica on the following evening.

Each of the houses 768 Eleventh avenue, 318 East Forty-seventh street, 411 East Forty-sixth street and 1,764 Second avenue where the other victims were carried off in the fifth no later than last Tuesday, is quarantined by the physicians of the cholera squad, and so far infection has not gone forth from them.

None of the dead—there are at this writing no more sick—are immigrants newly arrived. McAvoy, the most recently landed of them all, had been in the country two years. None of the deaths belongs to the tenantilities among whom the outbreak of the disease was feared. The surrounding of none of them showed in the elements and appearance of the neighborhood by lovers to breed. None had, so far as known, come into contact with the cargoes of any ship discharged before the present rigid quarantine was instituted, though most of McAvoy's odd jobs were done about the docks; and William Wiegman, of 768 Eleventh avenue, who was the fourth victim and whose wife was the second, had two months before his seizure worked for a butcher who supplied the Hamburg-American company with meat.

Like in 1866.

The pest has in short repeated its sardonic tactics of 1866 and crept in by some porthole or embrasure impossible to guard when the sanitary garrison of the town was repelling it successfully at gateway and seaport.

From that epidemic of 1866 there are hopeful signs for the outcome of the so far isolated infection of today. The pest then was held in check at first, as it has been for the past nine days. Hot frost then been a near at hand as it now is there would have been no epidemic of 1866 to record. As other lesson of that time is that of the 1,3— and odd deaths due to the disease between April and November less than 800 were in the city proper. Blackwell's, Hart's and Randall's islands contributed 599 of the fatal cases.

So that the citizen of Manhattan island is in every year of his life far more liable to extinction from pulmonary disease, whose death rate is far higher, and which in grip seasons has run up nearly 300 a week, than he would have been to death from cholera had he lived in that year of the present generation when the Asiatic destroyer was at its worst.

Plain old native, everyday pneumonia will probably kill three to the much heralded foreigner's one between now and New Year's, even if the foreigner shows much more activity than he hitherto has done.

There is yet another lesson of the epidemic of 1866 which should be learned as much by rote as the succinct directions of the board of health. That is that among the things which predispose to cholera, the two commonest causes after "want" are "intemperance" and "fear."

Two cases among the crew of the Heligoland oil tank steamer without passengers, from Hamburg, were yesterday's addition to the pest roll at quarantine. The dreaded Bohemia has not yet arrived.

The Health Doctors Not Alarmed.

The report that actual cases of Asiatic cholera have existed in New York for the last week, in spite of daily official bulletins to the contrary, spreads a wet blanket over the doctors keeping the scourge from passing the corner gateway. The flash of encouragement which spread over the face of Health Officer Jenkins when told of the official admission made by the New York city board of health was certainly natural, and his instant exclamation, "I don't believe it got in by quarantine," simply voiced the belief of all who have been stationed here and watched the enforcement of quarantine regulations.

Medical Commissioner of the Health Board Dr. Bryant said, "I do not think that the disease will become epidemic. This, he says, is almost assured from the fact that no suspicious cases have occurred since yesterday. 'There seems to be little danger,' said he, 'so far, and the public need not be alarmed. Every precaution has been taken by the board of health to confine and crush the disease wherever it may appear."

Dr. Edson, of the bureau of contagious diseases, was also of the opinion that there will be no cholera epidemic here. "I think that its spread will be less than the typhoid fever," he said. "As to where the cholera came from, that is the question we are trying to solve. It is in the city and it must have come from some outside source. I must have passed some quarantine. I think that before twenty-four hours we will have run down the direction from which the disease came. There may be cases of sporadic cholera over the city, but I think the disease will be speedily overcome."

The details of the day at quarantine were few but important, viz.: The arrival of the tank steamer Heligoland, reporting two deaths at sea; a new case on the Scandinavia, arrival of the State of Nevada from Glasgow, the fifth ship amongst those to the twenty day rule of the treasury circular, and Dr. Jenkins' statement that in spite of cholera cases in the city there will be no diminution in the stringency of quarantine regulations.

Dr. Jenkins, in speaking of the cases in the city, said he was sure the health board would not have admitted the deaths were from cholera until a bacteriological examination had confirmed the diagnosis that the disease was of the Asiatic type. When it was suggested that perhaps the germs might have gained entrance to the city in baggage or effects of passengers entering before the present rigid quarantine had been established, the health officer said he was confident it had not.

The reason for his statement is that ever since he has been health officer all baggage and effects of Russian immigrants and of like suspected persons has been disinfected, and he has been particularly thorough since the typhus cases in the spring.

He was not inclined to lay much stress on Dr. Weber's belief that in a cholera period even ordinary diarrhea among members of a ship's crew was productive of a dangerous infection. In answer to a specific inquiry he expressed the opinion that it might perhaps be possible for a person escaping cholera to still convey the infection from a victim to a third party, provided the latter took the germs into the alimentary canal of the latter, but he deemed such a transmission as extremely unlikely.

Questioned as to the effect the existence of the cholera would have on the severity of quarantine regulations, the health officer said there would be absolutely no change in the present restrictions. He would not say whether or not he thought the Canadian border was the source of the disease in the city, saying, "It is not for me to throw blame upon anybody engaged in the work of barring out the disease."

The Quarantined Passengers.

The arrival of the State of Nevada, of the Allan line, from Glasgow Sept. 2 and Moville Sept. 3, is of special interest, as she is the first ship to bring immigrants which left port after the publication of the treasury circular. She brings 221 cabin and 55 steerage passengers.

Though the latter are not from an infected country, Dr. Jenkins says he will have to hold them for the full twenty days unless sooner released by cablegram from orders from Washington. The first and second cabin people will be treated according to the health regulations, as the previous cases, and will therefore not be detained longer than five days.

As to the disposition of passengers on the ships which have been detained, Dr. Jenkins said the Normannia's cabin people, having been off the vessel for five days, would be free to go tomorrow. This bronches the very important question of cabin detention necessary. To this the doctor said:

"The actual time of possible development after incubation varies from twenty-four hours to sixteen days, according to different authorities. We prefer to make the extreme limit five days among well people and ten days among those who have been exposed to infection.

"In the case of passengers remaining on *the infected ships*, ten days after the last case developing on board will be deemed a safe detention."

Governor Flower left his headquarters this morning to return on Friday night. Where Governor Flower is going he declines to say, but before going he had a conference with Dr. Jenkins. After the conference Governor Flower was interviewed and said: "The reports from quarantine are very encouraging. I will make arrangements so that the Normannia's passengers on Firelland will be released either tomorrow or the next day. It is now simply a question of transportation, which will be arranged for by Dr. Jenkins. No definite arrangements have yet been made for the removal of the Rugia's steerage passengers. The Sandy Hook quarters are not yet ready, but they will be Friday."

Troops on Fire Island.

Dr. Jenkins returned to quarantine shortly after the conferences. He did not care to talk, but said that he thought that everything was now under control and that he would be fully able to cope with any outbreak of the cholera that might occur, though he was not of the opinion that it would present itself in any more aggravated a degree than it had already done.

The Thirteenth regiment, 400 strong, returned to Brooklyn last night, leaving Companies F, H and I, 400 strong, at the request of Major Cochran, at Babylon in case of any renewal of hostilities at Fire island.

David B. Sammis, ex-proprietor of the Surf hotel on Fire island, said in relation to the transaction which has resulted in the establishment of a quarantine station on Fire island: "The state did not buy the Surf hotel and the 125 acres of land where the quarantine station has been located, nor did the state have anything to do with the transaction in any shape. The transfer was simply and solely between myself and Rossell P. Flower as individuals.

"I was paid $50,000 on account, and the purchaser has a certain time to complete the transaction. Governor Flower has not even yet acquired title to the property.

"The report that the sale of the property to Governor Flower was the result of a scheme to which myself and others were parties is entirely false. The papers specified there should be no commission paid on account of the sale."

On the statement of Sammis, that the state did not buy the property and does not own it, the Jolly authorities base their claim that the quarantine station is illegally located, and will try further legal measures to have it removed.

Better in Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Sept. 15.—There have been 62 fresh cases of cholera in the city, or the last twenty-four hours, and 24 deaths. It is fewer than the daily average for the previous two weeks. The deaths have numbered 345, or twenty-four hours ending yesterday. The highest have been 413. In the cholera hospitals and barracks 3,191 patients are under treatment. The mortality is mostly among the poorer women and children from the poorer quarters of the city. Among the families of merchants and the like the mortality is almost nothing, and it is observed that in the better parts of the city proper the infection has been practically stamped out.

The Cholera in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 15.—Dispatches from persons who have visited Novgorod, Kasan, Samara and Saratoff state that in each city there are between 300 and 600 fresh cases and between 100 and 200 deaths daily. In the Caucasus the daily number of fresh cases is 1,500, of deaths 700.

Hamburg Sends More to England.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The Hamburg steamer Portia has arrived at Gravesend, and some of cholera has been landed from the vessel. The schooner Elizabeth, which has arrived at Gravesend from Hamburg, is suspected of having cholera on board.

A Death in Berlin.

BERLIN, Sept. 15.—A bargeman from Hamburg died of Asiatic cholera in the Moabit hospital.

Sixty New Cases in Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 15.—There have been sixty fresh cases of cholera in this city and forty four deaths.

HER DEATH BED, MAYHAP

Mrs. Harrison's Present Illness May Terminate Fatally.

ALL THE FAMILY AT HER BEDSIDE.

The Mistress of the White House Is Too Ill to Be Moved to Washington—The Consultation of Doctors Gives No Hope to the President.

LOON LAKE, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Mrs. Harrison, the president's wife, is critically ill and it may even be that she is on her death bed. The attending physicians had a consultation at the president's cottage in regard to the condition of their patient, and the bulletin they afterward issued did not give any encouragement to the family to hope for improvement. The doctors taking part in the consultation were F. E. Gardner, of Washington; F. E. Doughty, of New York, and E. L. Trudeau, of Saranac. They made the following statement of Mrs. Harrison's condition:

Primary disease, pulmonary tuberculosis of right side, associated with nervous prostration. Recent complication, subacute pleurisy, with rapid effusion of water in the right side, necessitating two tappings, with some relief. Present condition, critical, on account of tendency to rapid accumulation of fluid. Removal to Washington at present impossible. Prognostication as to immediate future uncertain.

The president's family take no encouragement from their bulletins, and such of them as have been seen this morning make no effort to conceal their great alarm at the situation. The physicians advise them to hope for the best, but offer no real encouragement. They admit that they are uncertain as to the result, and have, so it is said, quietly intimated to the president the strong probability of a fatal result.

Palpably Discouraged.

The president is a most faithful companion and nearly leaves Mrs. Harrison's bedside. In fact he really shares the nursing of the invalid with the professional attendant. Mr. Russell Harrison and Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Harrison's son and daughter, are also in constant attendance. The former was summoned from New York as soon as the disease took a dangerous turn. Mrs. Harrison's grandchildren, Benny and Mary, were in a day or two. Mrs. Dimmick and Mrs. Parker, nieces of Mrs. Harrison, and Lieutenant Parker accompanied Mrs. Harrison after the latter's illness had been pronounced in their attention to her. The president's grandchildren, Benny and Mary McKee, are with their mother, but are purposely kept in ignorance of the true situation. They were

Private Secretary Halford is still here, and will remain with the president until he *goes to Washington. All hope for the best*, but all are palpably discouraged. Unless there should be a decided improvement in Mrs. Harrison's condition within the next few days, of which there is very little prospect present, the president will not return to Washington in time for the Grand Army encampment next week, if indeed he is not detained here for several weeks beyond that period.

Lieutenant Parker said, "The president will remain with Mrs. Harrison until she gets better, and has no other plans whatever." It is therefore presumed that he will stay here and his future movements are altogether contingent and indefinite.

One of Mr. Harrison's physicians has authorized the following statement of her case as an explanation:

The First Attack.

"She was first taken with a severe attack of the grip in Washington in the winter of 1890, followed and aggravated by severe bronchial and pulmonary troubles lasting some time. While at Cape May in the summer of 1891 she again had a heavy cold and the bronchial troubles reappeared. It was some weeks before this attack yielded to treatment. Last winter she had a second attack of the grip, which this time was followed by catarrhal pneumonia, lasting seven or eight days. After that she was troubled by a severe cough, followed in March last with a slight hemorrhage of the right lung, followed by a consolidation of the right apex.

"This consolidation has gradually increased up to the present time, accompanied throughout with nervous prostration. The conditions stated in the bulletin then issued, resulting in the development of effusions."

In conclusion the physician said that Loon Lake was selected as the best possible place for the treatment of her case, but that, as a matter of fact, there has been no real improvement in her condition since her arrival here in the early summer.

Dr. Doughty will remain here a few days to assist in the treatment of the case and will see that nothing is omitted that can possibly contribute to her comfort and possible recovery.

Mrs. Harrison realizes her critical condition, and the knowledge has tended to aggravate the nervous prostration from which she has suffered so keenly.

More of Ryder's Rascalities.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 15.—H. B. Ryder, the former American consul, now in prison under various charges of fraud, has confessed to a fraud not heretofore established in withholding the payment of a legacy. It is also claimed that he has confessed to stealing books from the Athenæum Reading club.

Not Like Sullivan Crowds.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.—Twenty-two hundred people were at the Academy of Music to-night to see James J. Corbett as the champion. The gathering was not to be compared to the receptions that have been given John L. Sullivan.

A Militiaman's Suicide.

READING, Pa., Sept. 15.—While crazed from typhoid fever, which he contracted at Homestead, John Bergner, a member of the National guard, committed suicide at Pine Grove by shooting himself.

Sayles Again Rejected.

BOSTON, Sept. 15.—At a meeting of the executive council the nomination by Governor Russell of Hon. Irving B. Sayles for savings bank commissioner was rejected for the fourth time.

First Death in the Printers' Home.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Sept. 15.—The first death at the Childs-Drexel Union Printers' home is Mastison, of Union No. 5, New York. The home has twenty inmates.

The Irish National League.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The proclamation of August, 1887, declaring the Irish National league to be a dangerous society, has been revoked.

A Quarter of a Million Loss.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 15.—The Union Transfer and Storage company's buildings and contents burned, with a loss of $250,000.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
of Indiana.

For Vice-President,
WHITELAW REID,
of New York.

For Governor,
JOHN KEAN, JR.,
of Elizabeth.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

At Large—Ex-Senator Alexander G. Cattell and Frederick Frelinghuysen.
First District—George Hires of Salem.
Second District—Ferdinand A. Bonting of Mercer.
Third District—Adolph Mack of Raritan.
Fourth District—Luther Kountze of Morris county.
Fifth District—Donald McKay of Bergen county.
Sixth District—Frederick Kuhn of Newark.
Seventh District—George F. Perkins of Passaic.
Eighth District—William F. Chamberlain of Bayonne.

$500 LIFE INSURANCE Free
of cost to ALL Customers that trade with
FRED. W. DUNN,
The Plainfield Grocer,
No. 18 North Avenue.

$500 Come and Get a Policy Free
The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail deciers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong Ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.
J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as
RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS,
PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC.
WINTER AND FALL BLANKS.
They also have a big stock of
PARLOR HEATERS,
New Styles. Very Cheap.

SCHOOL SHOES!
Boys and Girls Give This Your Kind Attention!
DOANE & EDSALL,
22 WEST FRONT STREET. The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

ARE YOU GOING TO EUROPE?
Tickets on any line, to or from any port, at as low rates as in New York. Prepaid tickets, and drafts for sale by Henry D. Morrison, agent, 31 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.
Tickets for any Steamer—All Lines.

Educational.
Harned Academy
RE-OPENED SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.
The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harriey, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.
Classes now forming in German and French. Special Classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation for college. Music. Weekly lectures.
E. N HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN,
17 LAGRANDE AVENUE,
Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
$ 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,
for
YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
will re-open on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
For particulars address MISS E. E. KEN-YON, Principal.

MR. A. VENINO,
Teacher of Piano and Composition, will now resume instructions.
For choice of hours and terms address P. O. Box 761, Plainfield. 10 1w*

ELOCUTION.
Dr. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 109.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures, classes or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Viroux, care of Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home to colaborers, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. List of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

We Cannot Give You A House and Lot,
But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material.
Estimates furnished free of charge.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Painters and Decorators,
29 East Front street.

CARRIAGES and HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessable at Any Time.
RYERSON,
33 SOMERSET STREET.

A Word to the Public!
OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.
Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. H. Boehm, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of stylish and tasty creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.
Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.
BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

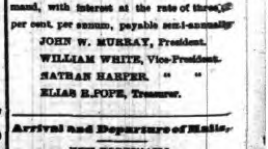
A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Or aches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operations of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 13 Ty

Miscellaneous Cards.
MRS. LINDSAY, Plainfield Ice Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grapevines, and shrubbery. 9 3m*

H. N. SPENCER,
No. 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Groceries and provisions. Cider, pure and sweet. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD DOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Wagons in operation. Our machine is improved and may be used for basements, cellars or sewerage, and is the best method for disinfecting. Leave orders at 160 East Lawn, Garden and Plainfield avenues.
P. O. box 694. Telephone—38 2E.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
ARRIVE—7:20, 9:45 a. m., 12:30, 2:45, 5:30 p. m.
CLOSE—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30 and 5 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.
ARRIVE—9:45 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
CLOSE—2:30 p. m., 5:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 5:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

WERTS AMID A TUMULT.

New Jersey Democrats Nominate the Judge for Governor.

THE OTHER CANDIDATES NOT IN IT.

There Was Only One Ballot Taken and the Convention Was in an Uproar—The National Democratic Committee Issues an Address on the Recent Elections.

TRENTON, Sept. 15.—The outcome of the greatest fight ever known in the ranks of the New Jersey Democracy was the nomination of the Hon. George T. Werts for governor. Taylor Opera house, in which the Democrats held the state convention, was for five hours and a half the scene of disorder, but through every moment of the time the Werts men were on top, and Shanker R. P. C. Young, of Jersey City, who was championed for the nomination by Senator McPherson, had no show. As for General Richard A. Donnelly, of Mercer, and Augustus W. Cutler, of Morris, they were not in it from the start.

When the convention reassembled the committee on permanent organization reported as follows: For chairman, Edward F. McDonald, of Hudson; secretaries, Edward Sharp, of Warren; Michael T. Barrett, of Essex; James Deshler, of Middlesex, and John J. Matthews, of Union. McDonald was elected by a vote of 11 to 9 over Speaker Bergen. This was first blood for Young. Chairman McDonald made a ringing speech. In the midst of his remarks, while pledging the loyalty of Hudson county to the nominee, whoever he might be, a small, piping voice in one of the galleries exclaimed, "Three cheers for Werts!"

Pandemonium broke loose. The cheers were first given, a tiger followed and hats and canes were waved frantically. Then some one started up the cry, "Werts, Werts, George T. Werts!" and for three minutes nearly every body in the convention was shouting the refrain.

The Platform.

The committee on resolutions reported a platform indorsing the Chicago platform and upholding and indorsing the Democratic administration of New Jersey. The state government is the most economical in the Union, and the pledge is renewed that no state tax shall be imposed during the Democratic regime. As an answer to the charges made against the present government, all the acts for the public benefit passed by the Democratic legislature last winter are cited.

The platform was adopted as read. The committee on credentials reported in favor of the Gorger delegates from Passaic. A minority report was also presented favoring the seating of both delegations, giving each a half vote. The minority report was rejected by a vote of 407 to 397, whereupon a great Werts demonstration was again made. The Werts banner was waved on the floor, and the cry, "Werts! George T. Werts!" was taken up. It was shouted for five minutes.

Nominations being declared in order, the first name to be presented was that of George T. Werts by the chairman of the Camden delegation. Judge Carroll, for Essex and Gloucester counties, nominated Werts. Judge Daly, for Hudson, nominated E. F. Young. Mercer, through W. Holt Apgar, nominated General R. A. Donnelly. Morris county nominated Augustus W. Cutler, of Morris. The roll-call then began.

Werts Nominated.

Prosecutor Winfield, bearing the credentials of Senator Brinckerhoff, of Hudson, seconded the nomination of Werts. The speech of Winfield was made the next move as an alternative, as he does not live in Brinckerhoff's precinct. He was allowed the floor, however, and amid the greatest confusion and excitement made a speech.

"Do you want to hold your job, Charlie?" shouted some one in the rear of the theater.

"I didn't know there were so many people from Hudson out of jail," retort d the prosecutor. The Hudson delegation took this as a deep insult, and demanded that the prosecutor be thrown out. The police present had some difficulty in restoring order, when upon the prosecutor proceeded and finished his speech.

Ex-Senator Edwards, of Hudson, read the Werts letter to State Committeeman Hone declining to stand.

A ballot was then ordered, and it resulted in the nomination of Werts amid such confusion that no figures were kept, a dozen counties going to Werts solidly before the result was announced. Hudson county refused to vote for Werts, and therefore his nomination could not be made unanimous. The result of the first and only ballot was: Werts, 376; Young, 276. The Donnelly and Cutler votes all went to Werts.

Before adjournment the following presidential electors were chosen: At large, Phillip Fichet, of Camden; Edward F. McDonald, of Hudson. First district, Charles Mann, of Camden; Second district, Thomas Fricsett, of Burlington; Third district, James Duffy, of Union; Fourth district, Theodore Simonson, of Sussex; Fifth district, James G. Morgan, of Hunterdon; Sixth district, Edward Balbeck, of Essex; Seventh district, Colonel E. A. Stevens, of Hudson, and Eighth district, Martin D. Cook, of Hudson.

Tired of Living.

PINE PLAINS, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Joseph Kenny, of Morristown, N. J., died from a dose of poison. After drinking the poison he remarked: "I am tired of living. I have lived myself."

Henry George at Gray Gables.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., Sept. 15.—Henry George, the apostle of free trade, Louis F. Post and Congressman Johnson, of Ohio, paid a visit to Grover Cleveland.

For the World's Fair.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 15.—G. E. Crane, of Chelsea, Mass., have bought the old whaling bark Palmetto and will fit her out for the World's fair.

Well Meant, but Awkwardly Put.

"So glad you haven't forgotten me, dear Lord Varicose. I was afraid you would after so many years!"

"Oh, no, Miss Peregreen. I never forget old faces!"—Du Maurier in Punch.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by William B. Collester, Esq., City Judge of the City of Plainfield, in the County of Union, to make the unpaid taxes assessed on lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate in the City of Plainfield, in the year eighteen hundred and ninety, the tax list of which was duly certified and appointed by the Common Council for that purpose, will on Thursday, the twenty-second day of September next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon of the said day, in Park avenue, in the city of Plainfield, sell the said lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate hereunder described, at public auction, for the shortest time for which any person or persons will agree to take the same and pay such taxes, together with the interests thereon, and costs, fees charges and expenses.

Blums, Jacob Jr., one-third of lot, 25 feet front, 200 W Front street	2 24
Blums, Joseph C., undivided of lot, 25 feet front, 200 W Front street	1 12
Brannon, James, house and lot, 30 feet, 17 Rose street	6 72
Bolce estate, of Cornelius, vacant lots, one acre, 35 to 39 Dunellen avenue	4 48
Bolce estate, of Cornelius, house and lot, 13 and 15 Dunellen avenue	156 80
Bundy, Jane, house and lot, 70 Elizabeth street	8 96
Bird, Jacob, house and lot, 12 George street	4 48
Cutler, 2 2-3 story brick stores, 25 and 27 W Front street	67 26
Cutler, Jno B., house and lot, 27 and 29 W Front street	67 20
Clapp, W. S., or wife, house and lot, 409 W Front street	4 48
Cook, Joseph, house and lots, 300 feet, 327 to 340 W Front street	67 20
Craig, James, 2 houses and lots, 200 ft., 25 to 29 Dellenbaugh avenue	200 80
Craig, James, 2 houses and lots, 16 to 20 Jefferson avenue	28 88
Cole estate, of Elias, house and lot, 40 feet, 29 and 31 Second street	39 60
Cole estate, of Elias, house, barn and farm (60) acres, 295 to 304 E Front st.	179 20
Collins, John E, vacant lot, 30 feet, 39 W Fourth street	4 48
Collins, Peter, house and lot, 30 feet, 61 W Fourth street	13 44
Corwin, Mary, house and lot, 30 feet, 62 W Fourth street	6 72
Casey, Patrick, house and lot, 10 feet, 21 to 25 W Third street	42 56
Craig, William, 2 houses and lots, 200 feet, 250 to 300 Dellenbaugh avenue	98 56
Chave, Mrs. Jno. G, vacant lot, Field avenue	2 24
Cash, Jeremiah, vacant lot, 207 South avenue	2 24
Cowen, Margaret, vacant lot, 3 0 feet, 83 Kensington avenue	5 60
Cuff, Lewis B, house and lot, east of Belvidere avenue	2 24
Darling, Wm. S., 3 lots, 23 to 27 Clinton avenue	6 72
Drew, Wm. H., 2 lots, 50 feet each, 40 and 51 Pemberton avenue	2 24
Drew, Wm. H. vacant lot, 50 feet, 52 Elizabeth street	1 12
Drew, Wm. H, 10 lots, 30 to 47 Elizabeth street	16 80
Drew, Wm. H, 3 lots, 236, 238, 242 Plainfield avenue	3 36
De Baud, estate of A, house and lot, 109 E Front street	37 84
Darling, Emma, vacant lot rear of Brown, 330 feet, Ravine Road	3 36
Darling, Emma, vacant lots, 500 feet, 177 to 196 Woodland avenue	11 20
De Zarella, H, house and lot, 50 feet, 84 E Fifth st.	40 32
Egan, Rachel, vacant lot 55 by 125 feet, 30 Netherwood avenue	2 24
Evans, estate Jno. H, house and lots, 3 acres, 70 to 312 Plainfield avenue	201 60
Flanagan, P J, vacant lot, 50 feet, 407 South Second street	1 12
Fisher, estate of Abram, house and lot, 30 feet, 39 W Third street	11 20
Fraser, Augustus, house and lot, 95 feet 12 to 16 Peace street	24 64
Flynn, Thos, barn, house and lot, 132 Terrill Road	8 96
Field, Mr, vacant lot, 50 feet, 350 W Sixth street	1 12
Gaige, Jno B, house and lot, 47 Cottage place	2 24
Hopper, ——, vacant lot, 50 feet, 27 S Second street	1 12
Houseman, Geo W, house and lot, 30 feet 19 W Third street	22 40
Harding, Geo B, house and lot, 42 feet, 156 W Third street	4 48
Harris, J T, vacant lots, 400 feet, 250 to 264 W Seventh street	13 44
Harris, J T, vacant lots, 375 feet, 213 to 235 W Seventh street	16 80
Huff, estate Rachel, house and lot, 84 Park avenue	22 40
Henderson, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 112 feet, 36 and 38 Rose street	2 80
Henderson, estate Rachel, 2 vacant lots 100 feet, 295 and 297 Arlington avenue	4 48
Henderson, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 5½ acres, Randolph Road	11 76
Hart, Carrie, 2 vacant lots, 50x150, 42 and 46 Netherwood avenue	4 48
Hart, Carrie, vacant lot, 50x150, Jackson street	2 24
Hart, Levi E, vacant lots, 125x150, 30 to 34 Netherwood avenue	6 72
Hewson, W, house and two lots, 53 and 57 Netherwood avenue	22 40
Hewson, Wm, 2 lots, 47 and 49 Netherwood avenue	4 48
Hewson, in or Mrs Noel, 2 lots and 4 lots in rear, 39 and 41 Netherwood avenue	6 72
Jones, Evan, or Margaret Cowan, 2 vacant lots, 198 feet, 242 to 248 E Second street	4 48
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 400 to 54 La Grande avenue	17 92
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 300 feet, 150 to be LaGrande avenue	22 40
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 450 feet, 170 to be LaGrande avenue	20 16
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 100 feet, 170 to be LaGrande avenue	6 72
Jones, Emma A, 6 feet, 235 and 236 La Grande avenue	4 48
Jones, Susan, vacant lots to Cedar Bro. L, 100 feet, 9 and 11 Putnam ave.	11 20
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 100 feet, 13 and 15 Putnam avenue	11 20
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 125 feet, 23 to 27 Putnam avenue	33 60
Jones, Emma A, 2 vacant lots, 88 x 132 feet, 31 Richmond street	11 20
Jones Emma A, 2 vacant lots, 150 feet, 1 to 5 Richmond street	13 44
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 400 feet, 5 to 15 Carlton avenue	17 92
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 450 feet, 10 to 16 Carlton avenue	17 92
Johnston, Wm, 5 vacant lots, 2 to 10 George street	11 20
Kenney, Miss, 2 lots, 50 feet each, 261 W Third street	4 48
Laing, estate of Sam'l D, house and lot, 55 feet, 63 W Second street	20 16
Laing, Thomas, house and lot, 30 feet, 96 and 97 South Second street	7 44
Lewis, Israel, story and lot, 10 Park avenue	28 00
Leonard, Wm J, 11 acres, ¼ of plot, 138 to 170 Plainfield avenue	36 96
Leonard, Cornelius B, 11 acres, ¼ of plot 138 to 170 Plainfield avenue	36 96
Lane, Mrs M M, vacant lot, 241 Field avenue	1 12
Lenan, Flora, house and lot, 60 feet, 14 to 18 E Front street	78 40
Littlestown, Mrs S C, house and lot, 92 E Front street	26 88
Laing, Sarah M, house and lot, 94 E Front street	22 60
Lee, Thomas, lot 1 acre or more, east of Belvidere avenue	2 24
Loomis & Rice, vacant lot, 40 feet, 12 Sandford avenue	8 96
Loomis & Rice, vacant lot, 60 feet, 16 Sandford avenue	2 24
Lorton, Mr, vacant lot, 40 feet, 14 Bay street	4 48
Madden, Wm, ½ owner house and lot, 471 West street	4 48
Molloy, patrick, house and lot, 30 feet, 79 West Second street	4 48
Mowrey, Mrs, house and lots, 132 feet, 175 to 179 South Second street	17 92
McCarthy, Michael, house and lot, 30 feet, 28 West Sixth street	2 24
McCarthy, Michael, house and lot, 40 feet, 14 Plainfield avenue	14 56
McCarthy, Charles, house and lot, 28 Plainfield avenue	11 20
McClelland, Andrew, vacant lot, 49 Grant avenue	4 48
McDonough, Peter W., house, lot and shop, 193 West Third street	16 80
Moe, Experience, house and lot, 100x140 feet, 56 and 58 West Fifth street	40 32
Melanthin, W. S., vacant lots, 175 feet, 325 to 329 West Fifth street	7 84
Mercein, Reginald F., house and lot, 30 feet, 240 to 242 West Sixth street	4 48
Molloy, Mrs. John P., house and lot, 182 Park avenue	4 48
Mitchell, John, joinery B. saums, and outs, 37 and 39 North avenue	134 40
Marsh, Estate Mitchell S., house and lot, 122 Madison avenue	56 00
Marsh, Anna O., house and lot, 127 and 129 Madison avenue	56 00
Marsh, Randolph, house and lot, 44 Plainfield avenue	20 16
Millspaugh, P. (formerly), one lot, 62 Pemberton avenue	1 12
Millspaugh, P. (formerly), vacant lot, 80 ft., 23 Cedar avenue	2 24
Millspaugh, Estate Mary, vacant lot, 40 ft., 2 and 4 East second street	11 20
Muliner, Jacob, house and lot, 50 ft., 21 East Third street	39 12
Mallard, Silas, house and lot, 30 ft., 31 West Front street	39 60
Martine, Estate D., house and lot, 100 feet, 180 to 186 Rose street	100 80
Martine, Alma M., house and lot, 120 feet, 19 to 31 Prospect street	44 80
Martine, Estate D., house and lot, 40 feet, 15 East Ninth street, back	15 68
Martine, Joseph E., brick house and lot, 20 feet, 9 East Ninth street	9 10
Martine, James E., brick house and lot, 200 feet, 2 East Ninth street	2 24
McCarthy, Mrs. Daniel, vacant lot, and 2 story house, 30 W Second street	39 73
Mabie, Alanson, house and lots, 125 feet, 1 and 15 East sixth street, back	15 68
O Neil, James and Michael, triangle lot 200 feet, 250 to 270 South second street	15 68
O'Malley, Rose, vacant lots 500 feet, 180 to 200 South street	24 64
Ott, Caroline C., vacant lot, 50 feet, 72 Elizabeth street	2 24
Ott, Caroline C., vacant lot and one-in three in rear, 62 and 72 Elizabeth street	5 60
Ott, Caroline C., two lots, 50 feet and 100 feet, 68 Elizabeth street	39 32
Ott, Caroline C., two lots, 50 feet each, 70 and 72 Elizabeth street	4 48
Peterson, Lewis, house and lot, 50 feet, 58 East Third street	19 44
Perkins, J. J. H., barn, house and lot, 100 feet, 27 and 29 Putnam street	78 40
Perkins, J. J. H., stone and wood lots and lot, 42 and 43 Putnam street	94 08
Prince, Eliz., vacant lot, 144 feet, Hillside avenue	2 24
Rogers, Marietta, house and lot, 50 Madison avenue	39 60
Runyon, Daniel J., vacant lot, 11 Elmwood place	4 48
Runyon, Daniel J., two vacant lots, 10 and 12 Elmwood place	8 96
Runyon, estate E. W., 10 vacant lots, 550 feet, on 678 south second street	11 20
Runyon, estate E. W., two vacant lots, 50 feet each, 601 and 609 South second street	2 24
Runyon, estate E. W., vacant lot, 79 feet, 645 West Front street	1 12
Runyon, estate of E. W., 8 vacant lots, 40, 50 to 60, 63 to 70 West Front street	4 48
Runyon, estate E. W., lot 80x150, 19 Rock avenue	2 24
Runyon, estate E. W., lot 25 feet, 95½ Elizabeth street	56
Reed, David or children, two vacant lots, 50 feet each, 213 and 217 East second street	8 96
Reed, G. R., vacant lot, 50 feet, 219 East second street	4 48
Rogers, Marietta, house and lot, 30 feet 54 East Sixth street	31 36
Rhodes, Mrs. Jane, house and lot, 80x126, 67 Netherwood avenue	22 40
Runyon, Walter C., two vacant lots, 100 125 each, 25 and 29 Netherwood avenue	4 48
Rice, C. J., and H. W., house and lot, 4 Orange street	25 88
Rice, Clarence J., vacant lot, 40 feet, 30 Bay street	4 48
Simpson, Robert, vacant lot, 7 Washington avenue	11 20
Smith, Ferdinand O., house and lots, 50 feet, 100 West Front street	39 60
Smith, James F., house and lot, 14 Elmwood place	24 64
Sanford, Estate John C., house and lot, 50 feet, 25 and 27 West Second street	44 80
Sanford, Estate Elizabeth, vacant lot, 276 West Third street	4 48
Schorb, Elizabeth, 2 story brick house and dwelling, 11 East Front street	64 40
Sauma, Markus, 2 story brick tenement, 21 and 23 East Front street, bal	78 05
Smalley, Samuel, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet each, 213 and 215 Arlington avenue	4 48
Smalley, Samuel, vacant lots, 150 feet, 30 to 34 Rose street	5 60
Smalley Samuel, vacant lots, 2 2-10 acres, Randolph Road	15 68
Smalley, Mary E., house and lots, 8½ acres, 342 to 352 Woodland avenue	22 40
Smalley, Wm. H., vacant lots, 1,405 feet front and 165 feet deep, 4 acres, Randolph road	15 68
Schoonmaker, F. A., brick house, and lot, 175 feet, 89 to 93 Putnam street	139 00
Smith, Henry W., vacant lot, 50 feet, 7 Harding avenue	1 12
Sage, Emily A., vacant lots, 100 feet, 19 and 21 Lake street	4 48
Sage, Emily S., vacant lots, 100 feet, 89 and 25 Highland avenue	4 48
Thorn, E. P., vacant lots, 300 feet, 352 to 360 West Front street	22 40
Thomas, Charles, house and lot, 7 Liberty street	16 80
Thomas, Charles, house and lot, 100 feet, 112 and 114 West Eighth street	56 00
Thompson, Mrs. G. A., vacant lot, 127 Madison avenue	6 72
Trustees M. E. Church, house and lot, 36 Liberty street	56 00
Thompson, Estate Daniel, 5 vacant lots, 4 to 12 South avenue	11 20
Thompson, Estate Daniel, vacant lot, 8 Hill street	5 60
Taylor, Henry, vacant lot, 36 feet, 326 West Fifth street	2 80
Unknown owner, vacant lot, 50 feet, 307 East Front street	2 80
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet, 239 and 281 East Second street	11 20
Unknown owner, 4 vacant lots, 200 feet, 3, 15 and 19 George street	22 40
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet each, 11 to 19 Raymond avenue	11 20
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 50 feet each, 7 and 11 Johnston avenue	4 48
Unknown owners, 4 vacant lots, 50 feet each, 18 to 24 Johnston avenue	8 96
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 50x150 feet each, 7 and 25 Jackson street	4 48
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 50x150 feet each, 29 and 31 Jackson street	4 48
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 50 and 50 Hillside avenue	15 44
Unknown owner, vacant lots, 300 feet, 30 to 47 Highland avenue	2 80
Unknown owner, vacant lots, 84 feet, 25 and 27 Rose street	49 28
Vreeland, Mary, house and lot, 75 feet, 51 and 53 West second street	15 68
Van Winkle, Jeremiah, house and lot, 3 Hillside avenue	11 20
Vetterlin, John, shop and lot, 7 Exchange place	4 48
Vail, Louis M., house and lot, 150 feet, 74 to 79 Dunellen avenue	17 92
Vail, Louis M., barn and lot, 150 feet, 80 to 84 Dunellen avenue	4 48
Vail, Louis M., vacant lot, 81 feet, 28 Main place	1 12
Voorhees, Perrine, vacant lot, 25 feet, 97½ Highland avenue	1 12
Wilkeshaire, estate Frances, house and lot house in rear, 130 West Front street	33 60
Wells, Wm. H., vacant lots, 450 feet, 265 to 269 West Sixth street	22 40
Wiley, Frazaria, house, barn and 10 acres, 50 to 57 East Front street	74 40
Woerner, C., ½ interest in vacant lot, 40 feet, 5 Liberty street	2 24
Ward, Patrick, vacant lot, 26 Lee place	4 48
Young, Rhoda Emma B., house and lot, 50 feet, 11 Elm place	39 60
Plainfield, N. J.	

Witness my hand this 11th day of July, A. D. 1892. T. W. NASH,
Special Policeman and Collector of Delinquent Taxes.

FALL SHAPES

IN

DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis

5 West Front Street.

Beyond the Heat,

Above the Sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight

AT MIZZEN PEAK !

Build Your House on Watching Mountains
Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence.
Lots for Sale Cheap.

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GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

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4-Button Lisle & Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates. 75c

Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black. $1

Tan "Glady" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns $1.

8 Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and plates, 85c

Gents' Kid Gloves, $1

Also a full line of

Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street

2d-Hand School Books

Those having

Old School Books

which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in

Before September 5th.

We can make better allowances now than after school opens.

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Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

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35 Jackson Avenue.

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Estimates furnished for work in or out of town

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Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.

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Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona.

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CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

Residence—64 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

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Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner main and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Shop on rear of store. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1151.

JOHN BERRMANN,

Stair Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Rear corner of Grant and Second streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. BERRMANN, 7 Regent street.

Have You a Pencil?

If you are 21 years old $65 00 paid annually for fifteen years would entitle you to $1,000.

If 22 years old, $67.

If 23 years old, $67.10.

If 24 years old, $67.20.

"This sum of $1,000 is payable to the insured, if living, at the expiration of fifteen years, or at his death, if prior.

FOR A LIFE POLICY, of $1,000 the annual payments to continue during life, the payments for young men both ages 21 and 24 are between $18.00 and $20.

For catalogues and further particulars address Henry D. Norton, 11 Somerset street, opp. P.O. THE NEW YORK MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

George - Bremmer,

No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

The Manhattan Wine Room,

179 and 181 Somerset Street,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)

Frank Linke, Prop.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and importer of the celebrated Export Ale and Porter: Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaeffer's Weimer Beer, and dealer in Imported Foreign Wines, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.

Wholesale Branch, 43 West Front street.

All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'

C. DICKINSON,

PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.

Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Agent for the American

Rambler Bicycles.

No. 13 Park avenue.

J. E. YOSE

Furniture Moved

To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.

PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.

Large covered trucks.

30 W. Second street.

Eugene Hoerster,

206 Grove Street,

North Plainfield.

Wholesale Dealer

in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS,
ETC.

Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,

No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELEE has just engaged an experienced and expert clothing Maker, who is now at work making the finest bloomers in this city. If you are fond of riding a wheel 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,

in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company; neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Sept. 13, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7 00, 7 45, 8 15, 9 04, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 2 15, 4 15, 6 01, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., at 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 15, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30 p. m. Passengers for Plainfield will take boats at foot of Liberty street.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 30, 8 17, 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 12 37, 1 56, 3 26, 4 46, 5 54, 7 08, 9 00, 10 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 12 37, 1 56, 3 26, 4 46, 5 54, 7 08, 9 00, 10 30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 15, 8 30, 9 17, 10 45 a. m., 1 37, 2 56, 4 26, 5 46, 6 54, 8 08, 10 00, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 10 45 a. m., 1 37, 2 56, 4 26, 5 46, 6 54, 8 08, 10 00, 11 30 p. m. Passengers for Somerville will take boats at foot of Liberty street.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 30, 8 17, 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 12 37, 1 56, 3 26, 4 46, 5 54, 7 08, 9 00, 10 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 12 37, 1 56, 3 26, 4 46, 5 54, 7 08, 9 00, 10 30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 15, 8 30, 9 17, 10 45 a. m., 1 37, 2 56, 4 26, 5 46, 6 54, 8 08, 10 00, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 10 45 a. m., 1 37, 2 56, 4 26, 5 46, 6 54, 8 08, 10 00, 11 30 p. m. Passengers for Plainfield

HIGHER EDUCATION.

WHAT LIBERAL THOUGHT AND BROAD MINDS MEAN FOR ALL.

Intellectual Growth Will Not Make Women Less but More Companionable. Bright Words from a Thoughtful Woman—A Joy to Wives and Mothers.

The advantages of what President Dwight calls "intellectual oneness" in married life are probably obvious to all; but I may say that they are the most obvious when we leave unhappy marriages out of sight, as very possibly due to other causes than intellectual disparity, and contrast happy married lives devoid of true companionship with happy married lives which include it. We have seen many happy marriages where there is no more intellectual kinship between the man and his wife than between him and his little children; but these are kinds and degrees of contentment, satisfaction and active enjoyment. Love which persists in spite of disparities, limitations and hindrances, and love which persists with full intellectual sympathy, true comradeship, genuine friendship, are very unlike in the measure of happiness they can bestow. As it is between wife and husband, so it is of course between mother and children. Many mothers who have no intellect at all and scarcely even a tincture of common sense are fondly loved by their intelligent sons; but does such love as this profit them or profit their sons, even in the way of happiness, half so much as the love between another mother and the sons who find her their intellectual equal, their intelligent companion, their most sympathetic friend?

The higher education, rightly pursued and really gained, is not an influence that will make woman pedants, prudes, prigs or blue-stockings, shrews, amazons or hard, cold, sexless masculine monstrosities. To be broad minded, clear minded, free minded, active minded is not of necessity, nor even of likelihood, to be strong minded. Indeed, the more a woman knows of life, the better she understands the past and present of the world and the experiences and conclusions of the greatest thinkers, the less likely she will be to confuse the masculine and feminine ideals or to underrate the latter in comparison with the former.

It is just now, superficial education of women which leads them to maintain that there is "no difference" between themselves and men, or that men's normal aspirations are lower than their own, and which consequently make them envy men and desire to step into their place. The really educated woman, the one whose mind really knows and thinks, can comprehend better than any one else the true meaning and glory of womanhood, the true importance of its peculiar responsibilities, the true value and charm of its peculiar privileges; for she alone is able to attach due appraisal to these things, and, more over, she has learned that the growth of civilization implies a progressive specialization of capabilities and efforts, and that the advancement of women has meant a steady departure from that primitive barbaric state where men and women were not much wildly differentiated than are male and female animals today. If she claims for herself the mind's right to a higher education it is first of all that she may be fitted to do work which a man cannot do, and so may help the world along in a way that is parallel, not identical with his.

Far from being unlucky as regards possibilities of intellectual cultivation, the women of America seem to me lucky above their brethren. They can develop themselves as individuals without thinking of wage earning, and if they must develop less quickly they have time in more than the needful proportion. Nor does this apply merely to the years of early preparation. Even the busy mother of a family, unless she is so poor that all the domestic work falls upon her own hands, has, at least as many free hours in the day as her husband; and although her day's work is at least as important and significant as his, it does not exhaust her brain as most kinds of money making do.

And when the minds of women interest and satisfy men as much as their bodies and souls, I think the fundamental, universal sentiment will persist and even develop, that the stronger kind will be better regulated and that the more foolish kind will decrease. Married men, I am sure, will be happier with their wives. Unmarried men will choose their wives more wisely; or, if the lightning of love still strikes at random, the bolt will more often be thrown by a sensible as well as a charming young woman. And when associating with women whom they do not think of by instinct as their toys they will see at once that they are today to feel that sentimentality is expected of them or is likely to be offered to them. And, once more, as it will be with men, so, conversely, it will be with women. Often today there is small common ground for that intimacy between men and women which nature prompts except sentimental ground. Widen the field of companionship and the danger of an undue cultivation of the sentimental tract will be decreased.

When women have taught men that they want and value real friendship, that they can be loyal, interesting and profitable friends in the same sense that men are to one another, yet always with that delicate flavor of difference which will make feminine friendship desirable, no matter how much masculine friendship may be at hand, then men will not be so ready to drop into the attitude of lovers or make-believe lovers. Yes there will be lovers enough, for this instinct is even more imperious than the instinct toward friendship. And once the lover is transformed into the friend, there will be a better chance of lifelong constancy.

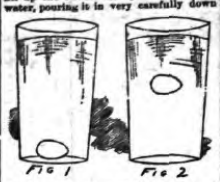
Did all the young girls feel about their schooldays the pressure of public opinion makes all boys feel, were it properly begun at as early an age as it is with boys, and were it systematically pursued in a way adapted to their physical characteristics, they would absorb it as easily, wear it as naturally, profit by it as generally as their brothers, and whatever their future life, whether devoted to the normal tasks of women or to more exceptional intellectual tasks, they would have received the best possible preparation for it.

Of course I do not mean that the higher education would make all women wise and sensible, useful, happy and charming, or that no woman can be these things without it. I only mean that if it were generally pursued all women would be much more likely to achieve such qualities than they are today. Nor do I mean that our new life has such well developed goals that our women should merely aspire to equal them. I mean that their minds are, at all events, better developed than their sisters', and that even a realization of equality would not found them as well as their sisters. My plea is indeed quite as much for our boys as for our girls, since it is a plea for the improvement of their mothers, sisters, wives and friends. Those who live to see a class of highly educated women with really "knowing and thinking minds" will see the usefulness and happiness of American women.—Mrs. G. Vas Denseelaer in Forum.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

The Magic Egg.

Take a pint of water and dissolve in it as much common salt as it will take up. With this brine half fill a tall glass, then fill up the remaining space with plain water, pouring it in very carefully down



the side of the glass or into a spoon to break its fall. The pure water will then float upon the brine, and in appearance the two liquids will seem as but one.

Now take another glass and fill it with water. If an egg be put into this it will instantly sink to the bottom as in Fig. 1, but if, on the contrary, the egg is put into the glass containing the brine it will sink through the plain water only, and float upon that portion which is saturated with salt, appearing to be suspended in a very remarkable manner, as in Fig. 2.

Little Brown Hands.

They drive home the cows from the pasture,
Up through the long, shady lane,
Where the quail whistles loud in the wheat field,
All yellow with ripening grain.

They find in the thick waving grasses,
Where the scarlet dipped strawberry grows,
They gather the earliest snowdrops
And the first crimson buds of the rose.

They toss the hay in the meadow,
They gather the elder blooms white,
They find where the dusky grapes purple
In the soft tinted autumn light.

They know where the apples hang ripest,
And are sweeter than Italy's wines;
They know where the fruit is the thickest
On the long, thorny blackberry vines.

They gather the delicate seaweeds,
And build tiny castles of sand;
They pick up the beautiful seashells—
Fairy barks that have drifted to land.

They wave from the tall, rocking tree tops,
Where the oriole's hammock nest swings,
And at nightfime are folded in slumber
By a song that a fond mother sings.

Those who toil bravely are strongest;
The humble and poor become great,
And from those brown handed children
Shall grow mighty rulers of state.

The pen of the author and statesman,
The noble and wise of our land;
The sword and the chisel and palette
Shall be held in the little brown hand.
—Philadelphia Times.

The Clever Raven.

Most animals are no match at all for the raven's cleverness. There was once a very poor hare that allowed herself to be completely bamboozled. The raven pounced at the leveret—as the baby hare is called—but the mother drove the rascal away.

But did the raven cease from troubling? Not a bit of it. He slowly retreated, encouraging the hare to follow him up, and pretending even that he was afraid of her. In this fashion he led the unhappy mother to a considerable distance from the young one, and then, all of a sudden—long before the hare had time to realize the danger of the trick—rose in the air, flew swiftly back, caught the leveret in his beak and bore it away.

A similar plan was adopted by some ravens that wished to steal food from a dog. They teased him till he grew so angry that he chased them from the spot, but the wicked birds turned sharply around, easily reached the dish before him and carried off the choicer bits in triumph.—Little Folks' Magazine.

An Interesting Experiment.

Suspend from the ceiling a thread that has been previously soaked in very salty water and let it dry. Then strike the farthest light finger ring and then announce that you are about to burn the thread, giving the company assembled to understand that you can perform the seemingly marvelous feat without the ring falling. This is easily done, the explanation being this: The thread burns, it is true, but the soaked in salt crystals are composed of minute crystals of salt, and their cohesion is strong enough to sustain their weight and that of the ring attached, provided the fastest ring is not too heavy.—St. Louis Republic.

The Very Worst.

Fanny's mother had company to tea. A gentleman with whom the child was a great favorite, and at whose request the little girl was allowed, contrary to the general rule, to have a seat at the table. During the meal Fanny, who found the little woman was unfortunate enough to tip over her bowl of bread and milk. The disaster was so appalling that she settled back in her high chair and gazed at what seemed to her utter ruin. At last, as if the full extent of the catastrophe had just dawned upon her, she drew a long breath and said, "Auntie, that was the best tablecloth too!"—New York Tribune.

Putting Them Away.

Grandmamma—Tommy, what are you doing in the pantry?

Tommy—Oh, I'm just putting a few things away, grandma.—H. C. Edwards in Harper's Young People.

A Thoughtful Boy.

Mother—When you play marbles, why in the world do you get down on your knees and drag yourself over the ground?

Little Son—'Cause I don't want to wear out my shoes.—Good News.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

First-class bar attached.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE,

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

Corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

SEELY EDSALL,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Invites the inspection of the Ir fy Goods Trade to his new stock of

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS

Novelties.

Henriettas, Sergas,

Cashmeres, Ladies' Cloth.

Black Goods a Specialty.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!

After the use of

Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.

Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child

SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Legal Advertisements.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, Executors of and Trustees under the Will of Manning Stelle, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Orphans' Court, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Tuesday, the second day of November next.

RANDOLPH M. STELLE,
FRANCIS E. MARSH.

Dated August 24th, 1892. 8 26 9

ESTATE OF EDWARD VAIL, DECEASED.

Pursuant to the order of George Y. Farrow, Surrogate of the County of Union, the day made, on the application of the undersigned, Executors of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscribers under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscribers.

EDWARD P. RANDOLPH,
MARLON N. VAIL,
Executors.

Dated June 28th, 1892. 7 14 9

White & VanArsdale

BEACH'S

Celebrated

PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

Also

HOME MADE White Bread, Gluten Bread, Breakfast Rolls All kinds of Cake, Pastry, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPES and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice

Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday dessert on or before Saturday morning.

M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

FASHIONABLE HANDIWORK.

Attractive Work That Is Popular with Amateurs.

Amateurs are applying carving to long bones for keeping tensile hats in, and also to coal boxes.

Castorography is used for the decoration of candela and lamp shades, and the light shining through gives it the appearance of carving in relief. It is also applied to cards, menus, photograph frames, etc. It is nothing more nor less than making a slight outline, first on paper or cardboard, then cutting the outline with the blade of a knife and raising the incised part by means of the back of the blade, so that it stands up in relief. It is a revival of a very old art which our grandmothers followed.

Brocade frames are particularly popular at present, and many are so handsome that they are given as wedding presents. The frame border is about two and one-half or three inches wide, of wood rounded toward each edge, convex style; over this brocade is stretched and glued at the back. A ribbon of about three inches wide is then tied in a smart bow at the top of one side, passed behind the border, brought out to the front lower down and finished off in a smaller bow. The frame is then backed and filled with glass by a professional hand. The frames are of various sizes, to suit photographs, and can be varied according to taste. They are quite easy to make.

Cocoanut shells, with a large piece cut of them, look well with a "pudding" pincushion covered in plush, stuffed and glued into the aperture, and tied up with several colored ribbons. Ferns planted in cocoanut shells grow well and look well, and may be used as hanging wall arrangements.

A new work, described by The Decorator and Furnisher, from which the foregoing notes are taken, is designed for the use of velvet or brocade, outlining it with silver or gold cord, and applying the colored glass jewels, especially the turquoise that were so fashionable for trimmings last season. Trimmings now discarded may be used for this purpose.

To Remove Grease from Glass.

Dissolve carbonate of soda in water, in the proportion of one of the former to ten of the latter, and let the liquid boil in a clean, untinned pot. Shake eight parts of quicklime in a covered vessel and add the hydrate thus formed to the boiling liquid, stirring it meanwhile. Great care must be exercised in using this caustic solution, says The Industrial World, and it must not be allowed to touch the hands; the glass must therefore be dipped in it by the aid of tongs or pliers. When the grease is dissolved the glass is to be well brushed and subsequently rinsed in water.

Cucumber Catsup.

Four dozen large cucumbers, six large onions sliced, sprinkle with salt, lay them in a colander, put a press on and let them remain over night. In the morning drain off, mince fine with a knife, put them to drain until quite dry. Mix them with half a cup of white mustard seed, half a cup of black mustard seed, one teaspoonful of cloves, one tablespoonful of ground black pepper, two of cinnamon, one of mace, one teacup of sugar. Mix all together with enough vinegar to cover. It is then ready for use, but is improved by age.

Peach Ice.

Select a dozen ripe peaches, to which allow two lemons and three pints of clarified sugar. Pare the peaches and press the pulp through a sieve; then add the clarified sugar, then the lemon juice, and freeze as for cream. When nicely frozen mix these roughly with the ice a meringue made of the well beaten whites of two eggs and four tablespoonfuls of sugar and set it away for an hour or two before serving.

A Window Arrangement.

The graceful arrangement of drapery for a French window, here depicted, will be suggestive to the home decorator. The French window with cathedral glass is shaded with two Italian stoles in pink silk, edged with fringe. A wide curtain in moss green brocaded silk is lined with pink, raised up with a cord and ponderous tassels, together with a large bow secured on the straight valance, wrought with raised arabesques in faint shades of silk, and relieved with gold and silver thread.

LOUIS XIII WINDOW.

On the right side falls a square panel similarly decorated and projecting a few inches from the straight band over a narrow curtain, which is allowed to peep straight, medieval chair in carved walnut wood, covered with tooled leather and framed with brass nails; large vase in marbled jasper, on a stand in bent iron work.

Cranberry Pie.

Scald the cranberries, sprinkle sugar on the lower crust, then put in a layer of berries; sprinkle with sugar, dot with small pieces of butter, pour in two tablespoonfuls of water and dredge lightly with flour. Twist narrow strips of paste and cross the top diamondwise. Bake in a moderate oven.

Was Shakespeare Mistaken?

Among anecdotes of Sir Edwin Landseer is the following, containing an interesting criticism on Shakespeare:

When the ladies had left the dinner table one spoke of Shakespeare, and Landseer remarked that even Shakespeare had made mistakes, for in "As You Like It" he makes "a poor sequestered stag" shed "big round tears." "Now," said Landseer, "I have made stags my especial study, and I know for a fact that it is quite impossible for them to shed tears."

If You Don't!

Someone else WILL secure the bargains in ALMOST NEW FURNITURE to be auctioned At CAREY'S, corner Front and Grove streets, at Two o'clock p. m. sharp, on **Friday, Sept. 16, 1892.**

ONE GOOD SQUARE PIANO.

Parlor Suites, Bedroom Dinngroom		Extension Tables, Buffet, Chairs, Carpets, etc.

HORSES, HARNESS, WAGONS,

Terms Cash.

T. J. CAREY.....Auctioneer.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.

Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,

Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.

A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR THE

FINEST ELGIN CREAMERY BUTTER.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

We are making extensive preparations for our Fall Opening of our Millinery Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly so well and favorably known to the Trade of Plainfield.

GRANITE IRON WARE.

We shall continue our Special Sale of this excellent ware another week. There is Everything that housekeepers want, and you only pay about half the regular price.

A COMBINATION BARGAIN.

2½ yards 60-in Damask Table Linen, 50	1.25
2 fine Damask Towels, 25	.50
3 yards Extra Heavy Crash, 15	.39
Total,	$2.14

You buy all these for $1.60. This is the best linen bargain every offered.

FALL DRESS GOODS.

Special Attention is called to our new line of 1892 Goods. This the finest assortment we have ever displayed, and our prices are right. That line of Storm Serges that we are selling for fifty cents will interest you.

1892		September.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	6	4:08 p. m.	New Moon	20	9:16 p. m.
Third Quarter	13	7:50 a. m.	First Quarter	29	1:18 a. m.

This Date in History—Sept. 15.

1499—Columbus early this morning set sail from the Island of Gomera, in the Canaries, but an unusual calm kept him in sight of land for three days.

1776—New York city taken by the British, as a result of the battle of Long Island.

1789—James Fenimore Cooper, novelist and naval officer, and historian, born at Burlington, N. J., died 1851.

1794—John Wilson, "Christopher North," born in Paisley, died near Princeton, N. J.; born in Scotland 1720.

1820—Portfirio Diaz, Mexican soldier and statesman, president, born in Oaxaca.

1860—Disastrous inundation in Germany; crops destroyed and many lives lost.

1861—Colonel Miles surrendered Harper's Ferry and 11,000 men, and was killed by a chance shot immediately after.

1890—The great engineering work of destroying the so called "Iron Gates" on the Danube was begun. Lockout of laborers at Northampton, England. Several railroad strikes; the strikers wrecked a train on the Hudson River railroad near Greenbush, N. Y.

Educational Note.

A student at Columbia college who had been leading a rather dissipated life wrote to his father, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany:

DEAR PA—I had the misfortune to be upset in a boat while out rowing on the Hudson river. I lost the beautiful watch you gave me. I would like some money to hire a man to dive for it. Your affectionate son, THOMAS.

The old gentleman, who was no fool, replied: "It's not worth while diving for it. It might as well be in soak in one place as another!"—Texas Siftings.

Yorick's Idea of It.

Little Yorick—Mother, why do you take the pips out of my lemonade? Will they kill me if I drink them?

Mrs. Yorick—Yes, my child.

Little Yorick—Trees would grow up inside me, I suppose?

Mrs. Yorick—Yes.

Little Yorick (with a smile)—My word, mother, wouldn't it be funny? When the angels came to take me to heaven they'd think they were carrying up an orchard.—Drake's Magazine.

He Wanted Environment.

The reporter had just come in from an assignment in a murder case. It was a rainy day and he had to cross a plowed field on foot.

"I see," observed the city editor, looking with some displeasure at his large and muddy boots, "you have brought the scene of the murder with you."—Boston Globe.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.

1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $38,000,000 since organization.

Wetumpaka Lodge, 3601, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m. in Western Union Telegraph Co. Mutes Hall Building.

Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS L. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.

RALPH A. CHET, Reporter.

Wetumpaka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article.

A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,

to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

NEUMANN BROS.

BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine ery repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

New Marble and Granite Works,

We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.

J. E. Townsend, Manager.

No. 30 SOMERSET STREET.

Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

THE PLACE TO BUY SECOND-HAND FURNITURE IS AT

MUSGRAVE'S,

37 Somerset street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Merrick, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 2 Somerset street, Look Box 1. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Weather.

BREVITIES

—The Republican Glee Club will meet for rehearsal to-morrow evening.

—Extra inducements are offered by the United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association.

—The Crescent League base ball team will play the West Ends to-morrow at Somerville.

—The New Jersey Cranberry Growers' Association has decided to ship one third of the crop this year to England.

—Don't forget Forepaugh's circus, Friday, Sept. 23d, is the date. Make no other engagements. Everybody is going.

—The two new fire-wagons which are being made for the fire department of this city will be on exhibition at Trenton fair.

—The Peace street commissioners met again at the office of E. E. Mulford this afternoon to continue the preparation of their report. They also went over the ground.

—"Telling Prices" is advertised in an another column at Edsall's for to-morrow, Saturday's trade. Look at the list of articles.

—Mrs. Horace Kimball wishes us to state that the Children's Home would be very glad to receive any fruits at this time of year that their friends may choose to send them.

—The first regular fall meeting of the the Dorcas Circle of King's Daughters will be held at the residence of the Misses Green on Park avenue next Monday afternoon at four o'clock.

—At a meeting of the Republican delegates of Somerset county, held in Trenton last Tuesday, H. Newton Spencer of North Plainfield was appointed as Committee on Permanent Organization.

—Mr. Bethel correspondent of the Unionist-Gazette says: The North Plainfield Township Committee deserve much praise for the manner in which they have repaired the roads in their township.

—A female hound, owned by Henry Voehl of Somerset street, this morning gave birth to ten unusually pretty pups. There are nine males and one female. They are all white, marked with large black spots and look very much alike.

—Memorial services will be held in Reform Hall Sunday afternoon in honor of "Joe" English, the well-known temperance lecturer, who recently died very suddenly. He was much interested in the Plainfield Reform Club when alive, and had many friends here.

—A team of horses belonging to Peter Seader of North Plainfield ran away at Somerville yesterday. They were attached to a stage in which were several Plainfielders. The horses went at headlong gallop for about half-a-mile before they were got under control. Nobody was injured.

—A team of horses, belonging to Yoseph the expressman, became frightened, while standing in front of Frank Linke's drug store, about half-past seven o'clock last evening, and ran away. They proceeded toward town at a mad gallop and were caught on Park avenue. No damage was done.

—Mr. W. H. Moffitt of Brooklyn is in town again, as may be observed by his big display of advertising in another column. People who remember his real estate transactions last year will not need to be told the reason for his second visit, and will have additional confidence in him. He is certainly a great man to sell real estate.

—At a recent meeting of the Somerset county Board of Assessors, the valuation of property in the county was read. The following is the statement for North Plainfield: Acres, 7,787; real estate, $2,045,070; personal estate, $393,350; total debt, $69,450; valuation taxable, $2,275,000; polls, 783; school tax, $6,836.09; county tax, $9,351.58.

—The Hillside Tennis Club tea, of tomorrow afternoon, will be presided over by Miss Walz, assisted by Mrs. Lewis Simpson, Mrs. John Bushnell, Miss Maxwell, the Misses Bushnell and Miss Huntington. Howard Beebe and Fred W. Walz will play Albert Simmonds and Alfred Huntington a match in doubles during the afternoon.

—The Street Committee of the borough Council met for a conference with representatives of the Plainfield Street Railway Company, in the Council chamber Wednesday evening, and to draw up a contract to be submitted to Council at its next meeting. Nothing was done however as Borough Counsel Reed was ill and unable to be present. There will be another meeting.

—"It was made by French," was the clinching argument of a man recently who was selling a second hand carriage. It proved valuable. The carriage was sold. Reputation for good work is an invaluable adjunct to permanent success. Send to reputation in advertising. Mr. French's advertisement in another column calls your attention to a chance for bargains.

Republican Mass Meeting.

There will be a big Republican mass meeting in the Crescent rink and a display of fireworks, next Tuesday evening, for which the association have been preparing by having the rink supplied with chairs, a stage and sounding board. Among the speakers will be Hon. Charles Emory Smith, ex-minister to Russia and editor of the Philadelphia Press. Hon. John Kean, Jr., is also expected to be present and make an address. The Glee Club choir will sing a number of their campaign songs.

The Advisory Committee met last night and announced a number of committees. The list, however, is to be revised.

WHERE IS YOUNG RAFFERTY?

A Boy's Mysterious Disappearance Causes Much Anxiety.

Thomas Rafferty, son of John Rafferty of Park avenue, a boy about 16 years of age, left home yesterday morning and has not been there since.

His parents and friends are very much alarmed at his continued absence, and apprehension of his safety are entertained.

He was seen on Mercer avenue about 1.30 p. m. yesterday, and a boy named McCaulley saw him about 2.30 p. m., at Grant avenue on the railroad. Others saw him at 4.30 on an east bound coal train in company with two strangers. His relatives have no further trace of him, and all efforts to locate him have proved unavailing, up to the present time.

Office Lynch and J. J. Kenney, who is the young man's uncle, went to Elizabeth last evening at ten o'clock and aroused the authorities there. They examined the inmates of city police headquarters without success. Other persons went to Somerville this morning and in company with Officer Manning Crow made a search of the fair grounds. Telegrams have been sent to different points and if the siddings of him are heard this afternoon a general police alarm will be sent out. There is apparently no cause for the boy's disappearance. He was not in the habit of being from home at night and railroad employees say he was never known to jump on cars. He had a round ruddy face, clean complexion, and was heavy for his age, weighing perhaps 140 pounds. He wore a peaked outing cap. He has a pleasant disposition and is well liked by every one who knows him.

PERSONAL.

Miss Kissam of this city is a guest of Mrs. Parry of Pluckamin.

Mrs. Margaretta Brewster of this city is visiting friends at Blackwell's Mills, N. J.

Mrs. Will Fenner of New York and Miss Ella Fenner of this city are visiting at Pluckamin.

Mr. J. Wesley Johnson of La Grande avenue had a brown gelding entered in a race at the 2.26 class at Somerville yesterday. Mr. Johnston has for sometime been using this animal as a road horse and merely enter him to see what he could do. At one time it seemed as if Mr. Johnston's horse would win.

The funeral services of the late Mr. Wm. R. Fields, father of Mr. James C. Field, formerly of this city, were held this afternoon at his home in Newark. Mr. Field died suddenly from heart failure last Monday night. He is a native of Somerset county and resided for many years between North Branch and Lamington.

Jesse Lawson, of this city, who read the address of the colored voters of New Jersey to the Republican convention on Tuesday last, said yesterday that "The Republican State Convention, having given the colored voter all that he asked, he is now on his mettle to do his full duty in the coming contest," and added: "The colored men know that they have a good and faithful friend in General William J. Sewell."

"A Walking for Dot Cake."

Last night that portion of the colored society that composes the 400 of this place, held a society event, that bears the time honored name of a "cake walk". The affair took place in T. A. B. Hall. It was under the auspices of Mr. Jim Cooper and Mr. Dwyett. Tickets of admission were 35 cents each, two tickets for 75 cents. This novel way of setting the price was the subject of comment, but the committee adhered to their original plan. The only deviation from the rule was made in the case of a gentleman and lady from New Brooklyn. Seventy-three cents was all they could raise, and the barriers were lowered so that they could enter into that blaze of fashion. One young lady in a charming costume laid 50 cents on the window for the purchase of a ticket. The ticket was handed out and a moment later 15 cents change was laid down. In the meantime the belle turned for a moments conversation, for which the colored cult of Plainfield are justly celebrated, when some low-bred person hailed the change.

Inside the scene was charming. Many colored notables were there with Plainfield's exclusive beauties. Although there was a social event of considerable importance in Bound Brook last night Mr. Eph Carmen honored the assemblage with his presence. Mr. Brown of North avenue was also there. The "walk" was a great success. The "favors" were, a pair of hose, second, a cake, and the third, one of Macy's 98 cent umbrellas, reduced from $2.50. The first prize was taken by Mr. J. Winfield Taylor, Jr., of New Brunswick, N. J., and Miss Hattie Lyons of Fairhaven, N. J. The cake was taken by Mr. Peterson and lady of Plainfield. There was some dispute as to the judges, and the entire absence of improved cutlery was one of the novelties of the occasion.

North Plainfield Democrats.

The North Plainfield Democratic Association held a regular meeting last evening at their headquarters on Somerset street. Routine business was enacted. Arrangements were made for the purchase of a net banner with portraits of the candidates. The Banner Committee were empowered to make arrangements for raising the banner and to invite speakers and have a mass meeting.

—The eastern parade of the Manhattan Athletic Club Wheelmen on September 17 will be participated in by all the New York, Brooklyn, and New Jersey clubs.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Henry George Ideas on Strikes and Arbitration.

[No. I.]

To the Editor of The News:—

URING strikes is astonishing how many people there are who put on a wise air and say, "Why don't they arbitrate?"

When a matter is to be arbitrated there's always the supposition that there is some injustice to be righted and that it may be adjusted by mutual concessions. But in the case, say, for example, of Mr. Frick and his Homestead workmen, there is absolutely no injustice done either by employer or employed, and consequently nothing to arbitrate. Mr. Frick, as a business man, is forced, for the protection of his business, to get his labor as cheaply as he can, or his competitors, with cheaper labor, would soon take away all his trade. The men want to sell their labor at a higher rate, and Mr. Frick refuses to buy.

It is even occasionally urged by some newspapers, whose editors ought to know better, that arbitration would be useful if the parties to it were compelled to accept the award of the arbitrators. This would be Socialism pure and simple, and, like all forms of Socialism, would only be tyranny or monopoly in disguise—a sugar-coated pill. Just imagine Mr. Frick being compelled to run his business, or any part of it, at the orders of so many arbitrators! Just think of any body of sane men who would agree to work at such wages as arbitration might see fit to dictate!

No sir! Capital is produced by labor, is useless *without* labor, and is not antagonistic to labor. The real cause of strikes is the strong pressure of unemployed men who are always *ready* to underbid any employed labor so long as such labor brings in more than the barest means of subsistence.

The remedy for all this lies in the taxation of unemployed land at its unimproved value. This would bring vast tracts of land, now held out of use, into cultivation instead of as at present, being shut up from motives of speculation. Hungry millions, yearning for the opportunity to work and live, are starving in sight of the fields they ought to be cultivating—of the lots on which their houses ought to be building!

But on this subject, too important for a single letter, I must refer my indulgent reader to a later communication.

To return to the question of strikes. They are bound in most cases to be a failure because the poor laboring man cannot wait, while the rich employer generally can. Another reason why strikes so often fail is that they are conducted without any specific plan and by men who seem not to grasp the situation, or who are willing, for a consideration, to sell out the interests they are supposed to defend.

Take for instance the railway strikes a year ago. Why did the strikers keep back freight alone? Why did they not begin with the mails and the passengers? Had they done so the strike would have had the only good effect strikes generally can have. It would have brought the whole labor question strongly home to the people at large and compelled them to more fully investigate both the causes of the strikes and their only remedy, the single tax.

Instead of this they pandered to what they call public "sympathy" by carrying the mails and passengers, and the strike proved a fizzle and public "sympathy" a piece of humbug.

No, sir, striking is only a temporary means of relief and at best a most disastrous one. It is better to look the whole question squarely in the face, as strikes are going to recur with increasing pregnancy, and with much more misery and loss to strikers themselves, their wives and their children!

Do you unionists, or only "scabs" you must recollect that every human being born on this earth has an equal right to live so long as he will work. God made the earth for man's use and he made it big enough to support in plenty all who are born on its surface.

Take the few mountainous islands of Great Britain, not as large as the State of New York, and they support easily a population of some 30 millions. Take Great Britain, about the same size as Japan, and it supports also some 30 million souls. Why then, in God's name, can our men not live in this great country? Because the land, the source of all we have, is held out of cultivation by speculators, while the men willing to work must starve or die.

You cannot keep cheap labor out of the country. You cannot stop the use of labor saving machinery. Trumps will be turned up. Prices will discriminate, and will grow poorer till you begin seriously to think, and when you have thought it all out, the remedy will gradually force itself to you and you will gladly accept it.

Socrates.

Princeton Theological Seminary Opens.

The Princeton Theological Seminary entered upon its eighty-first year yesterday. The matriculation of new students took place in Stuart Hall at 11 o'clock in the morning. Over 100 new students have applied for admission—more than ever before.

Wanted $10,000 for His Son's Life.

Michael Kearney yesterday brought suit in the Union county court for $10,000 damages against the Central Railroad Company for the death of his son, aged five years, who was killed at Elizabethport a few weeks ago. Kearney claims the company was culpably negligent.

"Uncle" Peter Wooden's Old Companion Gone.

"Uncle" Peter Wooden and his old horse have for many years been a very familiar sight along Somerset street. "Uncle" Peter is a very old man, and though he is said to have lots of money, one would never think so from his appearance. He is about eighty-six years of age and is not, nor never was, a dude. But we shall never again have the pleasure of seeing old "Uncle" Peter, tied to his horse's hair-r, meander northward to pasture, for "Uncle" Peter sold the faithful old animal yesterday to a young man named Green for the munificent sum of two dollars, fifty cents of which was paid then and there, the balance to remain to accumulate interest.

The new owner evidently did not know and appreciate the good points of "Uncle" Peter's old companion, for he forthwith endeavored to train the animal as for a race, by driving him at a break-neck speed, and suddenly accomplished his purpose. The antique relic, while sporting along West Third street, suddenly threw his head back with such force as to break his neck.

Chief of Police Grant was called to remove the carcass, but refused to do so, saying it was the duty of the Street Commissioner. The body was, however, dragged from the middle to the side of the street.

It is now a question whether "Uncle" Peter will be able to collect the $1.50, though he should sue through the courts.

Money Spent in Railroad Advertising.

[By Milton F. Platt in Printers Ink.]

It must be clear to the most ordinary mind that the value of newspaper columns as advertising mediums is fully demonstrated by the freedom with which they are used by the railroads of the country. To such an extent are the daily and weekly papers patronized that the railroad advertisement is really a prominent part of the publications themselves.

This is not a new feature, either.

Here are the sums spent annually by twenty-three companies.

Name of Company	Advertising Account.
Pennsylvania Eastern lines only	$200,120
Union Pacific	205,182
New York Central	180,700
Northern Pacific	135,048
Atchison System	111,870
Southern Pacific—whole system	99,410
Chicago & Northwestern	90,000
Illinois Central	87,500
Boston & Maine	86,667
Rio Grande Western	85,000
Denver & Rio Grande	84,288
West Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia	82,000
Chesapeake & Ohio	81,258
Fitchburg	74,998
Texas & Pacific	73,000
Pittsburg, Lake Erie & Western	72,500
Maine Central	71,911
Concord & Montreal	8,500
Housatonic	8,116
New York, Chicago & St. Louis	1,479
Evansville & Terre Haute	1,000
Iowa Central	181
Memphis & Charleston	122

The amount paid for advertising in each fiscal year for which reports are issued.

Railroads to Quarantine against Cholera.

In response to queries from the Mayor of Pittsburg and from others, Dr. Benjamin Lee, Secretary of the Pennsylvania State Board of Health, last night announced that stations of inspection will be established on the boundary line of the State as a precaution against the introduction of cholera.

Cities must establish their own stations at their own boundary line if needed. Thirty-nine points have been selected at which inspectors will be stationed in the event of the disease becoming epidemic. At present, however, it is considered that it is necessary to examine trains from the seaboard only bearing immigrants. The stations for this purpose will be as follows: Easton on the Central Railroad of New Jersey; Morrisville, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, opposite Trenton; Yardley, just above, on the Reading Railroad; Waverly, on the Lehigh Valley; State line, near Cumberland, Md., on the Baltimore and Ohio, and State line, Susquehanna county, on the Erie, and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Roads.

Funeral of the Rev. Dr. Brice.

The funeral of the Rev. Dr. Alexander L. Brice, the late Presiding Elder of the Elizabeth District, was held yesterday afternoon at St. James' Methodist Episcopal Church, Elizabeth. The Rev. Dr. Van Benschoten, Presiding Elder of the Newark District, officiated, assisted by several ministers. Nearly 150 ministers of the Methodist Episcopal Church were in attendance, and prior to the funeral they held a meeting in St. James' Church and adopted resolutions of esteem for the deceased. Addresses were made by the Rev. Dr. Cole of Newark, the Rev. Dr. Whitney of the Hackettstown Seminary, the Rev. Dr. Baldwin of the Missionary Society, and the Rev. Dr. E. W. Burr of St. James' Church. The pall bearers were the Rev. T. C. Mahone, the Rev. S. D. Decker, the Rev. Dr. Burr, the Rev. C. B. Mitchell of this city, the Rev. G. W. Smith, the Rev. W. L. Hoagland, the Rev. J. Montgomery, and the Rev. J. M. Meeker.

After Looking at This,

If you want a big bargain in a fine carriage—actually to be sold below cost—call at French's.

If you want a fine set of harness, don't fail to examine L. M. French's stock before buying elsewhere.

Look at Them—They will Stand

Examination—L. M. French's Repository, 16, 18, 20, 20 Somerset street.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE LATEST PLAGUE-CARRIER.

The Bohemian Reports Eleven Deaths

Quarantine, S. I., Sept. 15—(Special.) The Hamburg liner Bohemia which arrived last night, reports eleven deaths on the voyage and four persons sick.

No more deaths from cholera are reported on the plague fleet in the lower bay or on the islands.

The Cornerstone Laid To-day.

New York, Sept. 16. (Special.)—The ceremony of laying the cornerstone of the Christopher Columbus Monument took place to-day. There was a parade at 10 o'clock, after which the cornerstone was placed in position by Mayor Grant.

Commissioner of Charities Wahle delivered an address in behalf of the Committee of One Hundred, and at two o'clock the blessing was pronounced by Archbishop Corrigan.

A Race for 800 Lives.

New York, Sept. 15—(Special.)—The ferryboat South Brooklyn now lies sunk in twenty feet of water at her slip near the foot of Whitehall street after a very narrow escape from going to the bottom in midstream with her crowd of passengers.

A submerged obstruction was struck in mid-channel leaving a hole in the side of the ship which had just time to race to her slip before sinking.

The Official New York Bulletin.

New York, Sept. 16. (Special.—Official. The only suspected case of cholera in this city reported since the last bulletin is that of Edward Hoppe, 1625 Madison avenue, who died yesterday, and whose case is being investigated.

Somerville's Colored School Question.

The Somerville Board of Education held a meeting on Friday night, and decided to call a public meeting of citizens on September 23, to consider the matter of building a new school for the colored children. The necessity for some action was brought about by an application on the part of Rev. B. F. Wheeler, of the St. Thomas A. M. E. Zion church, for the admission of a colored girl, child of one of his parishioners, into the public schools. He made his application to Principal Haynes stating that the girl could learn no more in the colored school, and that she desired to continue her studies and graduate.

The Board recognizes the fact that they cannot refuse such a demand, and some action is necessary at once. It is said that the Board is almost unanimously in favor of erecting a new building.

Another Re-Union for Plainfield.

The next annual encampment of the New Jersey Association of Union Ex-Prisoners of War will be held in this city on Thursday, Oct. 13. Notices have been sent out asking Grand Army Post to send all the names of ex-prisoners of war in their respective localities that they may be personally invited.

MAN wants but little here below, but everybody wants

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

For breakfast.

DEATHS.

NESTOR—In North Plainfield on September 15, 1892, Henry J., son of David and Frances Nestor, aged 6 years, 11 months and 27 days.

Funeral services from the parents' residence, No. 40 Pearl street, on Saturday, September 17 at 2.30 o'clock.

18-9-T.&.S.

Fifty Cents Per Week.

Did you Ever Hear of Such an Opportunity?

EVERY WAGE WORKER IN PLAINFIELD CAN OWN A HOME.

Do not Miss this Great Offer.

The Great Clearance Sale of

50 UNSOLD LOTS,

Opposite Netherwood Depot. I will offer until OCTOBER 1st

$100 Lots for $90.

On Payment of

$5 Cash; Balance 50 Cents a Week.

$125 lots, $5 cash; balance 75c. a week.

$150 lots, $10 cash; balance $1 a week.

Lots in the immediate vicinity are selling from $300 to $500. My price for the 15 days only, $90 to $150 a Lot.

This Great Sale will commence on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17TH,

and will continue only for a few days. As there are only 50 lots, do not put it off. Come at once.

Sunday is Going to be Special Exhibition Day.

REMEMBER, 50 CENTS A WEEK.

Just think how easy you can put by this small amount.

Buy for a home. Buy for Investment.

Buy a Lot for your Children. It is a great Savings Bank.

Maps and full Particulars

WM. H. MOFFITT,

49 North Avenue.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Our Voters.

One finds from census bulletin 302 that there are 17,000,000 men twenty-one years old and over in this country. They would all be voters in the coming presidential election if all of them were citizens, but nearly a million of them have not yet been naturalized, so that there will be something more than 16,000,000 men who can vote for president this fall if they want to.

It is interesting to know that we have 18,000,000 fighting men in this fortunate country—that is to say, 18,000,000 men aged from eighteen to forty-five. We do not count in this calculation the hundreds of thousands of plucky old fellows above forty-five who would be sure to be in it if war should come. We have, however, 4,000,000 more voters than fighters.

It is rather startling to find that in five states of the Union more than half the voters are foreign born. North Dakota contains the most of these, 54.89 per cent. of her male population beyond the age of twenty-one being foreigners. When we add to this the fact that a majority of these do not possess a good working knowledge of the English language, the case will be better understood. Manifestly states with a population like this should bend all their endeavors to strengthening and upholding everywhere public schools in which English, and English alone, is taught.

More than a fourth of our voters were born abroad. That we have been able to assimilate all this heterogeneous mass with no more trouble than we have had is the proudest tribute that can be offered to Republican institutions. Nativity statistics of the voting population show that our swarms of immigrants move in two directions. By far the largest number go to the northwest. But there is a secondary movement toward the large cities of the east. These two—the vacant land of the west, the great city of the east—swallow the immigrant. It is hard to tell why so few foreigners go south. Even in Kentucky, on the borders of the north and west, only 5 per cent. of the voters are foreign born. Of negro voters there are in round numbers 1,800,000. Pennsylvania alone has 35,000, enough to hold the balance of political power in any election.

George William Curtis was not so old at the time of his death as, on account of the long time he had been before the public as a writer and lecturer, many supposed. He was only sixty-eight—younger than numbers of persons who are now doing some of their best work in political, literary and commercial fields. Mr. Curtis' first fame was literary. At a time when we had few first class authors in America he "Nile Notes," "Prue and I" and the satirical "Potiphar Papers" made a wide and deep impression. All the country read them and was charmed, young people most of all. He was the hero of the college girls' dreams. In 1853 he began to write for the Harpers, and at length became editor of The Weekly, and for forty years his strong and graceful utterances were among the most popular features of the Harper publications. It is interesting now to know that at the age of sixteen he was a member of the Brook Farm community, with Margaret Fuller, Emerson, Hawthorne and others who afterward became famous. The noblest, hardest task of literary life was paying off the heavy debt incurred when Putnam's Magazine failed. He had embarked his hopes and his fortune in it. If his early fame was literary, his later fame was political. As the head of the Independent, called by those who do not like it the Mugwump party, he will be most vividly remembered as to the later years of his life both by friends and opponents. A writer in the New York Evening Post says of him, "His gracious manners masked an iron will."

If the prize trotter went a mile in three minutes in 1818, and Flora Temple trotted a mile in 2:19¼ in 1859, and Nancy Hanks a mile in 2:07¼ in 1892, what will the record be in 1900? Professor Nipher, of Washington, has made a calculation along the mathematical curve of probabilities and finds that the prize trotter of 1900 will make his mile, or probably her mile—for the fastest trotters thus far are mares—in 2:04. By 2141 he calculates that the trotter will pass the runner and make a mile in 1:41. But perhaps the runner will develop a faster gait, too. Moreover, the professor did not count on the kite shaped track on which Nancy has already done her mile in 2:04¼.

Baggage, clothing, mail matter, etc., are fumigated on all ships arriving from Europe. Besides that, by proclamation of the president, all ships carrying immigrants are to be detained at quarantine twenty days after they reach our shores, before the passengers are allowed to land. This applies to all ships leaving port after the president's proclamation was issued, Sept. 1.

The queen of England must find it tough, this being obliged to endure both Gladstone and the hot weather at once. Even royalty does not oppose the will of the people by refusing to appoint a popular minister, though he may be as distasteful to it personally as holy water is supposed to be to Satan.

THE PLAGUE SPREADING.

Another Cholera Case Appears in New York City.

BROOKLYN AND NEW HAVEN FEARS.

Two Patients in Each City Believed to Be Suffering from the Disease—The Bohemians from Hamburg at Sandy Hook with Eleven Suspicious Deaths Aboard.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—The health inspectors have reported another case of cholera in the city. The victim, Mary Connity, nineteen years old, residing at 602 Second avenue, has been removed to St. John's Guild floating hospital at the foot of East Sixteenth street.

Mary Connity came to this city from Ireland six months ago. She remained with a family named Lyons, living at 602 Second avenue, until she secured employment seven weeks ago, when she entered the employ of Mrs. Maria Finn, who keeps a boarding house at 321 East Thirty-first street. Mrs. Finn has nine boarders, most of them in the theatrical profession.

The Connity girl frequently visited her friends, the Lyonses, and called there last evening. She remained until 9 o'clock and then went back to the boarding house. She soon complained of cramps in the stomach, and shortly afterward went to bed. She grew worse, purging and vomiting. A doctor was sent for, but he failed to respond.

By midnight the entire household was aroused and excited at the girl's condition. Mrs. Finn did not wish her to remain there and had her removed to the Lyons home, where Dr. Kane, who was called in, pronounced her a sufferer from Asiatic cholera. Dr. Dillingham, of the bureau of contagious diseases, visited the house and found the girl in the second stages of Asiatic cholera. He caused her removal to the hospital. Immediately upon her removal the work of fumigation and disinfection was begun, everything with which she had come in contact being destroyed. The same was done at the boarding house.

How the girl contracted the disease is a mystery and intense excitement prevailed in the tenement house from which she had been removed. No other case was reported from either the tenement or boarding house.

Two Cases in Brooklyn.

Two suspected cases of cholera were found in Brooklyn today. A young German girl, whose name could not be learned, residing at 536 State street, was one, and Simon Collins, of North Ninth street, Williamsburg, the other. The German girl died in a few hours. She had been in this country since last February. Both cases are being carefully investigated. It is said that the man Europeo ports are being landed in Brooklyn daily. The authorities have been notified and will make an investigation at once.

Mayor Grant, of New York, has issued a proclamation to the public in which he says the health department has shown entire competence to deal with the epidemic. He anticipates no spread of the epidemic and asks the people to have confidence in the provisions adopted by the board for the safety of the city. He also invites their aid in enforcing sanitary regulations for the maintenance of health.

The board of coroners have decided to cooperate with the health board in combating the disease, and all the coroners and their physicians are requested to be on duty every day, so as to meet all emergencies.

It was decided by the health board to send all immigrants who are sick on Ellis island directly to North Brother's island by boat, instead of through the city, as formerly.

The Hamburg-American Packet company paid the bill for furnishing the vessel New Hampshire and the steamboat Stonington, which amounted to $12,640.14. General Passenger Agent Boas says it has cost the Hamburg company about $1,500 a day to feed the Normania's passengers.

New York Is Not Scared.

It is not yet known how cholera made its entrance into the city, but one guess is that it was brought in by four Hungarian girls who were employed in a cigar factory, from Antwerp, and who had been living in the neighborhood where the first case appeared.

Down the bay the news was cheering. There were no deaths and no new cases on any of the quarantined ships nor on Swinburne island. The cabin passengers of the Normania will be transferred and set free at Hoboken today.

The passengers of the Rugia will be transferred to the old frigate New Hampshire and then landed on Fire island.

There is no alarm or excitement of any kind in the city over the few cases of cholera brought to light.

Eleven Deaths Aboard.

The steamship Bohemia, twelve days out from Hamburg, arrived at lower quarantine and anchored in the midst of the cholera fleet in the lower bay. She had no cabin passengers aboard, but there were 661 immigrants in her steerage. The ship was hailed just outside Sandy Hook, and the captain reported that there had been eleven deaths since leaving Hamburg.

The cause of death, he said, in every case was diarrhœa. He asserted that there had been no cholera aboard. The victims, he said, were all children under six years of age.

The captain declined to say whether there was any sickness aboard at the present time. Some of the passengers on the steamship shouted that they were all well and that there was no sickness on the ship. Other passengers who tried to talk were hustled away from the rail.

Hamburg a Little Better Off.

HAMBURG, Sept. 16.—There have been 698 fresh cases today, or 29 more than yesterday; 236 deaths, or 3 more than yesterday; 331 cases under treatment, 2 less than yesterday. In the cholera hospitals and barracks the number of patients has fallen to 1,300, the lowest number of the last six days' count. Two-thirds of the patients are women and children. The men now stricken, the physicians say, are those who have had little constitution to resist the disease. Many of them have been hard drinkers, and others have been weakened by privations, so as to become easily infected. Among people of normal health and habits the plague is believed to be at an end.

Cincinnati Under Quarantine.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 16.—Mayor Mosby and Health Officer Vredenburgh held a conference and as a result Cincinnati is under rigid quarantine. City police and physicians are stationed at Maysville, Ky., where they will meet the Chesapeake and Ohio trains at Loveland, Dayton and at every point where trains from the east can enter the city. The quarantine will include persons from infected points, foreign or otherwise. All railroads have been notified that no immigrants will be allowed to enter the city and if brought to the quarantine station they will be thrown upon the care of the road bringing them.

Two Supposed Cases in New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 16.—The city is greatly excited over two cases of what appears to be genuine Asiatic cholera. Two Italian brothers, Romeo and Natalie Romeo, residing on Hudson street, were attacked with all the symptoms of the dreaded disease and were removed to the hospital and isolated. That part of the city in which Hudson street is located is on low, marshy ground and is one of the most unhealthy sections of the city. The health authorities and hospital authorities maintain a rigid silence in regard to the cases.

Want Immigration Suspended.

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—Mayor Washburne received a message from Mayor Pingree, of Detroit, asking Chicago to unite with fifteen other cities in memorializing the president to suspend immigration for ninety days. The mayor sent the following reply: "After consultation with the state board of health I am prepared to join in a memorial to the president urging the suspension of immigration, not for ninety days, but until all danger of a cholera epidemic is passed."

Cleveland Puts Up the Bars.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 16.—The health board of this city has decided to establish strict quarantine regulations at once, and the director will be given dictatorial powers with regard to searching and holding trains, boats and travelers. Pickets will be stationed along the various railroad lines leading into the city, and quarantine camps will be established at Conneaut and Ashtabula. The railroad officials are cooperating with the city authorities in this matter.

A Suspected Case in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 16.—The sensational rumor that a girl had died of cholera in this city is in circulation. Miss Mamie Mecaide, a Russian, who arrived from Hamburg on two days ago, died at 1,157 East Lombard street. Two physicians attended her, and one of them insists that death was due to cholera; the other asserts that nephritic colic was the cause. Health Commissioner McShane is investigating the matter.

Closed Against New York.

PANAMA, Sept. 16.—In consequence of the outbreak of cholera in New York, all Colombian ports will be closed against vessels hereafter sailing from that city.

Candahar Demoralized.

SIMLA, Sept. 16.—Candahar is said to be completely demoralized by cholera.

Confessed He Danced.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 16.—David McAllister, Jr., the young preacher accused of dancing at a Fourth of July picnic at Bakerstown, was ordained by the United Presbyterian presbytery last night. He arose during the meeting and confessed that he had taken part in the dance. He asked forgiveness for the harm he had done the church, and was forgiven upon promising hereafter to obey the rules of the church. Upon motion he was also absolved publicly by the moderator before his ordination.

Reading Starts the War.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 16.—The Reading railroad has instructed its agents at various points, such as Pottsville, New Boston, Schuylkill Haven, etc., to handle no more Pennsylvania railroad coal cars, thus cutting off 5,000 to 10,000 tons of coal a day, much of which was used in Pennsylvania passenger engines, which will hereafter burn bituminous coal.

The Dalton Gang Captured.

PARIS, Tex., Sept. 16.—Deputy Marshal Sam Williams, of the Paris court, who has been for some time following the Dalton gang, noted for numerous train robberies, has captured Bob Olney, Grant Dalton, Sam Waigo and Three Fingered Jack in New Mexico. Rewards aggregating $55,000 were offered for the capture of these desperadoes.

Columbus Day in Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 16.—Superintendent of Public Instruction D. J. Waller, Jr., has issued a circular to school directors, superintendents and teachers of public schools throughout the state, requesting a general observance of Columbus Day, Oct. 21, in which he says a prominent feature should be the planting of Columbus trees.

It Was His Own Business.

LAUREL, Del., Sept. 16.—Benjamin McAlwine, aged seventy-two, was killed at Bridgeville yesterday by a train. Two weeks ago he had part of his coat torn off while crossing the railroad tracks. He was cautioned against his recklessness, and replied that it was his business exclusively.

Annexation Again.

TORONTO, Sept. 16.—The Dominion labor congress has decided to petition the Dominion government to submit to the people of Canada, for their vote by popular vote the questions of the detention of the colonial status, imperial federation, independence and annexation.

Iron Hall Finances.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 16.—Judge Taylor has issued orders calling upon the receiver of the Iron Hall here in New York to turn over all assets to Receiver Bailey here in order to participate in the final distribution.

Couldn't Find Marsh.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 16.—Detectives here have returned from Boston, having failed to trace there of Gideon W. Marsh, the fugitive Keystone bank president.

The Ballot Box Stuffers.

JERSEY CITY, Sept. 16.—Ten of Jersey City's election officers, convicted of ballot box stuffing, were taken from the Hudson county jail to state prison.

An Asylum for Harry Kernell.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 16.—Harry Kernell, the Irish comedian, is all broken up mentally, and his friends will put him in a private insane asylum.

A Murderer Lynched.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 16.—Thomas Allison, murderer of three men in Sullivan county, was taken from the Dotson jail by a masked mob and lynched.

Contractor Donnelly Dead.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 16.—Arthur Donnelly, the railroad contractor, who fell from a window of the Palace hotel, is dead.

All on Board Lost.

ALPENA, Mich., Sept. 16.—The schooner Thomas Parker went down in a gale and all on board were lost.

Four Dead and Six Dying.

DES MOINES, Sept. 16.—Four men were killed and six fatally injured in a railroad collision near here.

THE MAINE ELECTIONS.

The Democrats of the State Satisfied with the Results.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 16.—The following explains itself:

TO THE DEMOCRACY OF MAINE—Your committee tender you cordial congratulations on the result of the election held today. In spite of the most gigantic efforts of our political opponents, aided as they were by official patronage and by every means devised by the political machine, the Republican plurality of 18,809 in 1890 and of 10,000 in 1888 has been reduced below 6,000, and the Republican majority of 14,000 in 1890 and of 13,336 in 1888 has been reduced below 6,000—a net Democratic gain of more than 8,000.

A merry-mander of legislative districts, the most unfair in the history of Maine, has preserved the Republican party from great legislative losses. The grand result in Maine is due to the campaign of education and awakening interest in the people's cause. Your success in September will serve to inspire courage and determination to achieve the complete overthrow of the monopoly party in the state. Now for November.

JOHN B. DOSPASS,
Chairman Democratic State Committee of Maine.

DUDLEY NOT INDIFFERENT.

He Says He Never Felt a Greater Desire for Republican Success.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—The Washington Post publishes today an interview with General W. W. Dudley, of Indiana, in the course of which he says, replying to statements made that he was indifferent as to the result of the campaign:

Never in all my political experience have I regarded the issue between the political parties to be of greater importance than in this campaign. The result of the elections this year may fix for many decades to come governmental policies in many directions.

I have never felt a greater desire for the success of the Republican party than now, and should deem it a calamity if, by a mischance or by a lack of energetic co-operation on the part of any Republican, the Democratic should again acquire the control of the government. I shall give the ticket and the platform my hearty support, and to a quiet way do what I can to aid in the success of my party. The demands of my business here in Washington are such as to preclude the possibility of my taking an active part in the campaign.

Peck Takes It as an Insult.

ALBANY, Sept. 16.—The following correspondence explains itself:

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.
Charles F. Peck, Commissioner of Labor Statistics, Albany:

In accordance with your letter we will send to committee to be at your office Friday morning. Please wire as soon as possible whether we can count on your being there.

JOHN QUINCY,
Chairman Library Committee of the Democratic National Committee.

Mr. Peck sent in return the following:

To Josiah Quincy, Chairman, New York:

In view of assurances given in my letter of the 12th inst., to the effect "that I will be ready to meet such committee as I have designated on Wednesday or any day following this week," I consider your dispatch an insult.

CHARLES F. PECK,
Commissioner of Labor Statistics.

The Figures from Maine.

LEWISTON, Sept. 16.—The Evening Journal gives returns from 495 towns. The vote is: Cleaves, 37,310; Johnson, 34,936; Hussey, 3,318; Bateman, 2,934; Union Labor and scattering, 125. Republican plurality, 12,572. The remaining seventeen towns four years ago gave 533 Republican and 421 Democratic votes. Congressman Dingley's plurality in the Second district is 8,795.

Returns from the Third congressional district show Milliken's plurality to be 1,891; Cleaves' plurality in the district, 3,489. In 1890 Milliken's plurality was 3,515 and Burleigh's plurality 4,521.

Vermont's Complete Vote.

RUTLAND, Sept. 16.—Returns of the recent election have been received from the entire state. Fuller (Rep.) for governor has 39,190; Smalley (Dem.), 19,526; Allen (Pro.), 1,626. Fuller's plurality, 19,664, and majority, 18,014.

Heirs on the Stump.

CARROLL, Ia., Sept. 16.—Governor Boies received an ovation when he opened the Iowa campaign for the Democrats here before an immense audience that completely filled the public park.

In McKinley's Old District.

ORRVILLE, O., Sept. 16.—The Democrats of the Sixteenth congressional district nominated L. P. Ohliger to serve out the unexpired term of the late Congressman Warwick.

Wright by Acclamation.

HOLYOKE, Mass., Sept. 16.—The First district Republican congressional convention nominated A. P. Wright by acclamation.

Brickner Nominated.

CEDARBURG, Wis., Sept. 16.—The Fifth district Democratic convention nominated Congressman George P. Bricken.

Captain Bell Nominated.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Sept. 16.—Captain Martin Bell, of Kokomo, was nominated for congress by the Democrats.

The Army of the Cumberland.

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 16.—With General W. S. Rosecrans as president, the Society of the Army of the Cumberland is in session on the field of Chickamauga, where twenty-nine years ago, under the same leader, they fought 18 one of the bloodiest battles of modern times. Among those present are Generals Rosecrans, Wood, Baird, Carter, Morgan, Reynolds, Wiseman and Warner.

RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.'S
"PERFECT"
Sanitary Heating Furnace
WITH UPWARD RETURN FLUE
DOUBLE RADIATOR.
The Most Powerful and Durable Furnace Made.
FOR SALE BY
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Plainfield, N. J.

TELLING PRICES!
FOR SATURDAY'S TRADE.

Good Bleached Muslin, 7c.
Ladies embroidered silk handkerchief's 17c. Ladies' fast black hose, 8c., or 2 pair for 15c.
A 10c. yoke Toilet Soap for 5c., or 50c. doz. Heavy 4-4 Chenille Table Covers with fringe 95c.
6-4 Chenille Table Covers for $1.60.
The Best 50c. Corset (white and drab) in the world.
Unbleached Canton Flannel 8c, worth 15c.
Extra Fine White Blankets, 11-4, for $2.15.
10-4 Extra Fine White Blankets for $1. and one for 85c. Glass Toweling 10c., worth 12c
Calicos, 3c.
We will make an important notice about CARPETS next Mon'ay.
Buy your shoes in our Shoe Department, and get the Best at the Lowest Prices.
EDSALL'S.

LOOK HERE!
FIVE gallons of Best Kerosence Oil, 150 test, and patent can.
90c.
Headquarters for Sweet Potatoes!
50c. Basket (16 quarts)
United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!
J. A. DEMAREST, - - SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.
: Saturday Evening, Sept. 17th, :
A Great Production. GEORGE PECK'S Monster Melodramatic Spectacle,
UNDER THE LION'S PAW.
With a strong cast, tons of scenery, and introducing, in the Menagerie Scene, Col. E. D. Boone and Milli Carlotta, and their 7 Nubian Lions, frolicking like children, in a Massive Steel Cage. Playing at see-saw, playing ball, rolling hoops, drawing chariots, skipping rope, saying prayers, forming pyramids, and many other acts with human intelligence.
Seats on Sale at Central Pharmacy.

Cents-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A BRIGHT, colored man wishes a situation as coachman. Is competent and has references. Call at 32 Park avenue. 16 5

A BOY, 16 years old, wishes situation to take care of a horse and do general work on gentleman's place. Address 42 Chatham street, North Plainfield. 14 4

A HANDY workman wants employment at any work around gentlemen's place, is competent and has references. Address "Charles," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 8tf

A YOUNG girl wants a situation as chambermaid and waitress. Good references. Call 32 West Third street. 15 4

HELP WANTED.

A CHAMBERMAID and waitress wanted. References required. Wages $16. Mrs. Cruikshank, Broadway, corner Belvidere road.

WANTED—A competent stenographer, salary $40 per month. Apply at Law Office, 1 East Front street, Plainfield.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Last evening, at the First Presbyterian church, or on the street, a pair of gold spectacles. Leave return to 60 East Front street. 15 3

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap—Victor bicycle, in good condition; 54-inch; cushion tires; lantern. "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS 16 3

FOR SALE—4x5 Kodak; suitable for 100 exposures or glass plates; lens alone worth $38; entire outfit $20; perfect condition; will sell complete for $15. Address "Kodak," care of EVENING NEWS. 10tf

PIANO—First-class upright, for sale or rent. Great bargain. 98 East Front street.

WINDMILL for sale; with brass Pump, tower, etc., for one tenth its cost. T. H. Pittis, 134 Central avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 26 10

MISCELLANEOUS.

FLEEING from Cholera. If you want to send prepaid tickets to relatives and friends, on any line, call on H. D. Merrison, 21 Somerset street. tf

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Incorporated 1891; number of students during first year, 301. Largest law school in the United States except one "Dwight method" of instruction. Degree of LL.B. given after two years' course. Graduate course now added. Tuition fee, $100. Re-opens Oct. 3, 1892. Address George Chase, Dean. 8 6 2m eod*

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 3-20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 9 20tf

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only ice pass bringing Ice to Hoboken to its market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the best quality and at reasonable market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, south Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
R. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
THOS. WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

Beyond the Heat,
Above the sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight
AT MIZZEN PEAK!
Build Your House on Watchung Mountains
Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence.
Particulars of
J. T. VAIL, 40 North Avenue,
Plainfield, N. J.

CARRIAGES and HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessible at Any Time.
RYERSON,
33 SOMERSET STREET.

A Word to the Public!
OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.
Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. H. Bodine, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to please before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of stylish and tasty creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. A cordial invitation will be extended you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.
Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.
BOEHM'S
No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 98.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service.
Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
30 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for nut coal, which he confidently asserts will screen his coal more thoroughly than is possible by any other method of screening.
Lehigh and Honeybrook Coal.
In best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
Rough and Dressed Lumber.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Planing and Matching and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 7p

Miscellaneous Cards.
MRS. LINDSAY, Intelligence Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 30 tf
H. S. SPENCER, 4 and 73 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. W. G. C. pens, rubber stamps, etc. Full assortments of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes, Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

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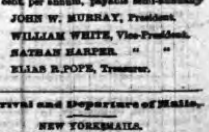
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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Steam tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved by the Board of Health. Patronage solicited; satisfaction guaranteed. Leave orders at the post Lawn, Garden and Field Fence.
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PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

SPECIAL SALE!
OF
1,000 pairs of Trousers
at
WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE
30 West Front Street.
A GOOD CHANCE for BARGAINS.
Our New Stock of
Fall and Winter
Goods Just Received.
It will pay you to examine them.
The Latest Styles of Hats and gentleman's furnishings.
A full line of Cloths for Clothing to Order.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
We are making extensive preparations for our Fall Opening of our Millinery Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly so well and favorably known to the Trade of Plainfield.

GRANITE IRON WARE.
We shall continue our Special Sale of this excellent ware another week. There is Everything that housekeepers want, and you only pay about half the regular price.

A COMBINATION BARGAIN.
3½ yards 60-in. Damask Table Linen, 50 1.25
1 doz Damask Towels, 25 .50
3 yards Extra Heavy Crash, 13 .39
Total, $2.14
You buy all these for $1.60. This is the best linen bargain ever offered.

FALL DRESS GOODS.
Special Attention is called to our new line of Dress Goods. In the finest assortment we have ever displayed, and our prices are right. That line of Storm Serges that we are selling for fifty cents will interest you.

White & VanArsdale

FALL SHAPES
IN
DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis
5 West Front Street.

V. L. PHARES,
GROCERIES, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:00, 9:00, a. m., 12:05, 3:00, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 1:15, 5:30p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS.
Arrive—8:40 a. m., 1:15, 5:30p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.

R. E. POPE, P. M.

CHINESE REGISTRATION.

The Powerful Six Companies Will Fight the Geary Law.

THEY SAY IT IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL

This Accounts for the Fact That in Spite of the Edict of the Treasury Department the Mongolians Here Have Refused to File Their Photographs as Ordered.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—The edict of the Six Companies that Chinamen in the United States must not obey the act of congress requiring them to register is likely to afford a test of the authority of those organizations over their countrymen. It is based not on a spirit of defiance to the government, but on the belief that the act is unconstitutional. This is a matter that the Six Companies will test in the courts as soon as possible, and meanwhile they propose to nullify its execution by calling upon the Chinese everywhere not to register.

Yet should the courts pronounce the act constitutional the unregistered might be left in a bad fix, because the penalty of nonregistration within the statute period is expulsion from the country. A good many Chinese who do not like the race discriminations made against them in the laws of the land would nevertheless rather submit to them than be expelled.

A good many, too, who may resent the rigid exclusion system must reflect that this exclusion is a good deal worse for their countrymen who want to come to America and can't come than for those who are already here and enjoying a monopoly of Chinese labor. At all events, the Six Companies evidently do not think it safe to rely wholly on the sympathy of their countrymen now here in their views, since they add a threat of disowning any who register, and of refusing to give them passes back to China.

The Position of the Six Companies.

Accordingly we find the old cry of imperium in imperio raised again on the Pacific coast, where this matter has its chief importance. The position of the Six Companies, however, is based on their record of aid to their countrymen for many years and on defense of the latter in their legal rights.

They doubtless think that they are entitled, in view of this history, at least to support in the present crisis.

It is fair to say that no suspicion is entertained that the opposition of the Six Companies to the registry provision is based on the belief that it will interfere with smuggling operations of their own. All the evidence goes to show that these associations are not engaged in the importation of labor from China, whether lawfully or unlawfully. They are really not companies, in the business sense of the term, not being engaged in trade or manufacture of any kind. If they were called mutual benefit societies the phrase would better express their character.

These six associations were established many years ago in San Francisco, and at that time every Chinaman on the Pacific coast was believed to belong to one of them. The original object of their foundation seems to have been that of providing the dead back to China and the performance of the preliminary rites for that purpose. The cost of the burial here, the embalming and the subsequent removal was so great that some such organization was required. The next step was naturally caring for the sick and the poor among their members. The difference in the districts or provinces which furnished emigration accounted for the formation of half a dozen such associations, each containing those who from their residence in China or other causes were most nearly allied.

Fourteen years ago, when the growing animosity of these associations had received various charges against them in congress or elsewhere, and among others that of being engaged in the coolie trade, the Six Companies made a reply declaring that they had "never directly or indirectly brought or caused to be brought one of our countrymen to this country under or by any contract, written or otherwise, as slave, coolie, laborer or in any capacity." They also disavowed having ever "let or hired one or any of our people to labor here in any capacity whatever; have never had, demanded, required or received one dollar of wages of the earnings of our people here."

Confident It Is Unconstitutional.

The proclamation now issued by the presidents of the six Chinese companies—Yong Wo, Ning Yung, Kong Chow, Yan Wo, Sam Yup and Hop Wo. It is probably conceded that the six benevolent associations without trade interests, although possessing undoubtedly more or less authority over their respective members. It was long a practice of the Pacific steamers to refuse to sell a passage ticket to a Chinaman unless he showed a receipt from the company to which he belonged for the fee, at that time fifteen dollars, to be on account of the burial and transportation privileges already spoken of.

The safe course would seem to be to test finally the constitutionality of the Geary law long enough before the expiration of the period named in it for registry to give all the Chinamen full opportunity to comply with its provisions, should the decision be other than the Six Companies now confidently expect.

This it should be very easy to do, because the limit for registration prescribed in section 6 of the Geary law is one year after its passage, and the date of its approval was May 5, 1892.

It may be noted here that although the bill, which was passed in the house under the suspension of the rules, originally contained an elaborate provision for a certificate of residence, the senate struck it out. Then the conference committee arranged the present provision as finally concurred in. By it no new "all Chinese laborers" in the country to apply to the collectors of internal revenue in their respective districts for certificates of residence within one year after the passage of the act.

Any Chinese laborer found without such a certificate after the year may be arrested and taken before a United States judge, who must order him to be deported from the United States. However, he may avoid the penalty by proving to the satisfaction of the judge that by reason of accident, sickness or other unavoidable cause he could not procure his certificate, or that having procured it he lost it. Any Chinese person other than a laborer who wants such a certificate may have it on application.

The Six Companies are very confident that they can show the unconstitutionality of this law, and hence their exhortation not to apply for certificates under it.

She Was 128 Years Old.

NORFOLK, Va., Sept. 16.—Mrs. Potter Whitehurst died here at the advanced age of 128 years.

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
of Indiana.

For Vice-President,
WHITELAW REID,
of New York.

For Governor,
JOHN KEAN, JR.,
of Elizabeth.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

At Large—Ex-Senator Alexander G. Cattell and Frederick Frelinghuysen.

First District—George Hires of Salem.
Second District—Ferdinand A. Roebling of Mercer.
Third District—Adolph Mack of Raritan.
Fourth District—Lutter Kountze of Morris county.
Fifth District—Donald McKay of Bergen county.
Sixth District—Frederick Kuhn of Newark.
Seventh District—George F. Perkins of Jersey City.
Eighth District—William F. Chamberlain of Bayonne.

Educational.

Harned Academy

RE-OPENED SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.

The School of Languages in charge of Prof G. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.

Classes now forming in German and French. Special classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation fo college. Music. Weekly lectures.

E. N HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
and
KINDERGARTEN,
17 LAGRANDE AVENUE,
Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals
8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,

for
YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
will re-open on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
For partic lars address MISS E. E. KEYSON, Principal. 8 10 2m*

MR. A. VENINO,
Teacher of Piano and Composition, will now resume instructions.
For choice of hours and terms address P. O. Box 761, Plainfield. 10 1w*

ELOCUTION
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1058.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson Tree, write to Prof. L. Virgo, care of Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At Home on Thursdays, from 2 to 5 P. M. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Best of references. No. 14 Somerset street

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

No Boats to Cholera Ports.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO AGENTS.

Please discontinue the sale of Prepaid ard Outward Tickets to and from all Continental Points until further advised.

Tickets to and from England, Ireland, Scotland and Scandinavian Points can be sold as usual.

The S. S. "Circassia," advertised to sail from Glasgow September 23d and from New York October 8th, has been withdrawn, and there will be no sailing on these dates.

Anchor Line.

$500 LIFE INSURANCE Free
of cost to ALL Customers that trade with
FRED. W. DUNN.
The Plainfield Grocer,
No. 18 North Avenue.
$500 Come and Get a Policy Free

We Cannot Give You A
House and Lot,
But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material.
Estimates furnished free of charge.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Painters and Decorators,
29 East Front street.

Legal Advertisements.

AN ORDINANCE
To change the name of North Richmond street.
The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:
Section 1. That the name of the street extending from the northwesterly line of East Front street to Green Brook and now known as North Richmond street be and the same is hereby changed to Norwood avenue, by which name it shall be hereafter known and designated.
Adopted by the Common Council September 6, 1892.
Approved by the Mayor September 7, 1892.
A. GILBERT, Mayor.
Attest:—F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE
For the repairing and permanent improvement of Hillside avenue.
The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:
Section 1. That the roadbed of Hillside avenue from Putnam avenue to Prospect avenue be forthwith repaired and spread with broken stone for the width of sixteen feet, that is to say, for the width of eight feet on either side of the centre line of said Hillside avenue, as now in public use, and at least six inches deep at the general expense of the city, to be paid for after first applying the direct contribution of property owners, out of the money raised for the improvement of streets as provided by the act of the legislature entitled "An act to authorize cities to make permanent improvements in the roadbed of the streets at the general expense." Approved May 18, 1864.
Sec. 2. That before any work shall be done under this ordinance, the property owners along the line of the proposed improvement shall deposit with the City Treasurer a sum equal to thirty cents per linear foot for the entire distance along Hillside avenue covered by this ordinance.
Adopted by the Common Council September 6, 1892.
Approved by the Mayor September 7, 1892.
A. GILBERT, Mayor.
Attest:—F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE
For the repairing and permanent improvement of East Sixth street.
The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:
Section 1. That the roadbed of East Sixth street from Franklin place to Richmond street be forthwith repaired and strewed with broken stone for a width of eight feet on each side of the centre line of said street and for a depth of six inches at the general expense of the city, to be paid for, after first applying the direct contribution of property owners out of money raised by taxes for the improvement of streets as provided by the act of the Legislature entitled "An act to authorize cities to make permanent improvements in the roadbed of the streets at the general expense." Approved May 18, 1864.
Section 2. That before any work shall be done under this ordinance, the property owners along the line of the proposed improvement shall deposit with the City Treasurer a sum equal to thirty cents per linear foot for the entire distance along East Sixth street covered by this ordinance.
Adopted by the Common Council September 6, 1892.
Approved by the Mayor September 7, 1892.
A. GILBERT, Mayor.
Attest:—F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

CORPORATION NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.
F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., September 7, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE
Authorizing the Plainfield Street Railway Company to extend the location of its tracks.
The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:
Section 1. That the Plainfield Street Railway Company be and is hereby authorized to extend the location of its tracks as follows: From the southwest side line of Park avenue on West Front street, through East Front street to Peace street, thence through Peace street to its intersection with the easterly side line of North avenue the track to be a single track to be laid in the centre of said streets with the necessary switches and turnouts on Peace street at the end of the route under the same restrictions as are provided with respect to the route heretofore located by ordinance, provided that said company upon the final adoption of this ordinance, and before exercising any of the rights or privileges granted hereby, shall, as a condition precedent, execute and file with the City Clerk a contract and a bond to be duly approved by the Corporation Counsel, which contract and bond shall be of like tenor and effect as specified in the conditions required in the original ordinance locating the tracks of said company, except that the contract and bond shall apply and relate to the extension hereby granted.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER,
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 212.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona.
P. O. Box 1288
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

JACOB M. HIGGINS,
PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR
P. O. Box 351. Residence Diner street, 98y near Howard.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence—84 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new 42d Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work: interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1044.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Plain Builder and hard wood manufacturer. Shop corner of Grand and Ingoldsby streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 2d Sergeant street.

THE BEE HIVE!

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates. 75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black, $1
The "Glady" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns $1
8 Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates, 85c
Gents' Kid Gloves, $1
Also a full line of
Fall Underwear.
Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

2d-Hand School Books
Those having
Old School Books
which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in
Before September 5th.
We can make better allowances now than after school opens.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 942.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

Sunshine Parlor Heaters; Improved Cylinder Stoves; Othello Ranges; Furnaces and Fire-place Heaters; Furnace Work and Plumbing; Hardware. Get a $500 Insurance, Free.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT STREET Telephone 6.

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

The Manhattan
Wine Room,
179 and 181 Somerset Street,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)
Frank Linke, Prop.
ESTABLISHED 1886.
Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaeffer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.
Wholesale Branch, 43 West Front street.
All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 15 Park avenue.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Bologna Maker, who is now at work making the finest bologna in this city. If you are fond of bologna stop at 17 West Front street and try some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the cheapest.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Sept. 12, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 2 27, 5 00, 6 14, 6 30, 6 50, 7 30, 7 45, 8 00, 8 15, 8 30, 8 45, 9 00, 9 15, 9 30, 9 45, 10 00, 10 15, 10 30, a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 15, 1 00, 1 45, 2 00, 2 15, 2 30, 2 45, 3 00, 3 15, 3 30, 3 45, 4 00, 4 15, 4 30, 4 45, 5 00, 5 15, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 4 14, 6 30, 8 00, 10 15, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 4 14, 6 30, 8 00, 10 15, 11 30 p. m. 12 01, 1 45 a. m.
Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 3 30, 7 15, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 30, 4 00, 5 30 a. m. Sunday, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 30, 4 00, 5 30 p. m. Sunday, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 30, 4 00, 5 30 a. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 39, 8 17, 9 45, 11 00 a. m. 12 37, 1 00, 3 05, 4 46, 5 40, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 8 30 a. m. 3 05, 5 40, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m.
Leave Somerville at 6 15, 7 17, 8 55, 10 23 a. m. 12 00 m., 1 37, 3 42, 5 21, 6 17, 7 07, 8 07, 9 07, 10 07, 11 07 p. m. Sunday at 6 52, 9 07 a. m. 5 21, 6 17, 7 07, 8 07, 9 07, 10 07, 11 07 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 8 15, 9 25, 4 00, 7 35, 9 05 a. m. 12 37, 1 00, 3 05, 4 46, 5 40, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 8 30 a. m. 3 05, 5 40, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7 35, 9 45, a. m. 1 00, 4 30 p. m. Sunday at 8 30 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
8 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua.
9 25 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch, Phillipsburg, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport and Tamaqua.
4 00 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch, Phillipsburg, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Mauch Chunk.
7 35 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Phillipsburg, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Mauch Chunk.
9 05 p. m. way for Junction.
10 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Phillipsburg, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.
1 00 p. m. way for Junction connecting for Dover and Rockaway.
5 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Phillipsburg, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua. Quaker car to Mauch Chunk.
8 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
9 30 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Williamsport and Sunbury.
8 30 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Scranton. 5 30 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 9 05 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua. 10 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 2 27, 8 05, 11 09 a. m. 12 01, 1 45, 4 05, 5 31, 7 09 p. m. Sunday 8 05, 11 09 a. m. 4 05, 5 31, 7 09 p. m. Sunday 8 05, 11 09 a. m. 4 05, 5 31, 7 09 p. m.
For Atlantic City 2 27 a. m. 1 00 p. m.
For Freehold 2 27, 8 05, 11 09 a. m. 12 01, 4 05, 5 31 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.
For Philadelphia at 2 15, 5 30, 8 05, 10 05 a. m. 12 01, 1 45, 4 05, 5 31, 7 09 p. m. Sunday 8 05, 10 05 a. m. 4 05, 5 31, 7 09 p. m. Sunday 8 05, 10 05 a. m. 4 05, 5 31, 7 09 p. m.
For Trenton 2 15, 5 30, 8 05, 10 05 a. m. 12 01, 1 45, 4 05, 5 31, 7 09 p. m. Sunday 8 05, 10 05 a. m. 4 05, 5 31, 7 09 p. m.
For Bordentown 2 15, 5 30, 8 05, 10 05 a. m. 12 01, 1 45, 4 05, 5 31, 7 09 p. m. Sunday 8 05, 10 05 a. m. 4 05, 5 31, 7 09 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 5 05, a. m. 12 01, 4 05 p. m. Sunday at 5 05 a. m. 4 05 p. m.
For Pittsburg at 5 05 a. m. 12 01, 4 05 p. m. Sunday at 5 05 a. m. 4 05 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen'l Supt. H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 45 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Conveyancers and Solicitors in Chancery. Notaries Public. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Engineer of the Famous Union County Roads. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney at Law, Master in Chancery, Solicitor in Chancery, Counsellor of Equity and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 20 West Front street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. Over new First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Office, corner Front and Somerset streets.

BROWN & HILL,
Sharpen and hale mowing machines, in order to do good work. No. 5 Seney Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Children's bicycles carefully repaired. Second hand wheels exchanged or sold.

AN AMERICAN CONSUL

HOW THE UNITED STATES IS REPRESENTED AT GLASGOW.

Consul Levi W. Brown, of Ohio, and His Interesting Family—Uncle Sam Provides Good Quarters at Glasgow—A Consul's Varied Duties.

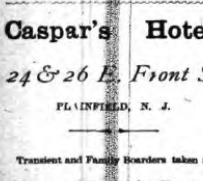
[Special Correspondence.]

GLASGOW, Aug. 25.—One of the first United States consuls to be appointed *during the present administration* was *Levi W. Brown*, of Wauseon, O., who now represents Uncle Sam at Glasgow. This is said to be one of the most lucrative offices in the gift of the government. This, however, is a slight mistake or the others must be poor indeed. With a salary of $6,000, the very least that could be done with the perquisites does not bring $7,000 a year.

LEVI W. BROWN.

There is one thing that may be truly said of this United States consulate, and that is the offices are the finest in appearance and most convenient of any in Europe. As a rule offices are shabby, dingy and most poverty stricken. Why should Uncle Sam *assign a man capable of representing* his country in a creditable manner and then give him an office which takes away the dignity of his position by its very ordinary appearance? Many a man has been appointed to a consulate who would in the proper sort of surroundings have commanded all the respect and recognition due to an important and great country. But with a very meager salary with which to do any entertaining and such a poor showing in the way of a consulate, the representatives of the United States cannot keep up with the pompous dignitaries of other countries.

The consulate at Glasgow, however, is in a very nice neighborhood, removed from the din and noise of the main thoroughfares and in a part of the city where rents are low. Nothing could be nicer than the situation of the building, which is on the corner of Wellington and Sandyford streets, both wide, clean, quiet streets. The building itself is a five story gray stone affair, very much like all the other buildings in Glasgow. Our consul has a suite of three rooms on the ground floor, all light, pleasant and comfortably furnished. Judge Brown had added furnishings which help greatly in making the reception room appear homelike and comfortable.



ESTHER STONE BROWN.

The government does not provide a residence for the consul, and if the rents in Glasgow were very high our consul on his meager salary would not be living in the fashionable part of the city. As it is, he has a nice three story house in the west end. This is about two miles from the office.

Judge Brown is to return to America on short business trip in a few days, and it is with the pleasure of a schoolboy that he thinks of it. When asked the other day if he intended to take an active part in the coming campaign, he said that was an undecided question.

Consul Brown was a member of the Republican state central committee of Ohio for several years. He was also a member of the state executive committee and chairman of its finance committee. He was probate judge in his county for three terms. He has also taken active part in church affairs, is a member of the M. E. church, and has been a lay delegate to every conference held since that provision has been incorporated into the church government. He was also a member of the general conference of 1880.

The judge is the firm friend of his party and a warm personal friend of both ex Governor Foraker and Senator Sherman. His hand is always extended to Americans, and as he himself says, "His latchstring is always out to his countrymen." Socially he and his family have been well received and have made many warm friends among *the Scotch people. The judge is a member* of the new club, which is nonpolitical.

Mrs. Brown, who was previous to her marriage a Miss Esther Stone, of New York state, enjoys the life in Scotland very much. The climate, which is particularly trying to most Americans, seems to agree with her perfectly. The whole family have enjoyed excellent health during their sojourn in Scotland, and that is saying a great deal, for there are a good many of them.

WILMA BROWN. WALTER BROWN. RUTH BROWN.

There are seven children, including the eldest son, Charles H. Brown, who is still in Wauseon. He has just graduated and will enter business. The next is Miss Wilma R. Brown, a charming young woman, who shines in Glasgow society quite as gracefully as she did in that of her native town. George Clayton Brown, who only arrived from Ohio last month, is the next son. He is very much pleased with the father's post, but will engage in some business in partnership with his elder brother in the course of a few months. Maynard Dalton is the next son. He is his father's deputy.

Albert M., a younger son, is attending the *Kelvinside academy* in Glasgow. This is an excellent school for boys, and his parents feel sure that they have a good example of what bright American boys are like. Walter Converse, although still a very small boy, bids fair to fill some high political position some day, for he is now a most perfect little diplomat. Ruth Armstrong Brown, the baby, a "bonny wee Scotch lassie," came as a New Year's gift to the family on Jan. 1, 1890. She is a beautiful child and the pride of the family as well as of all who know her.

The accompanying portrait of Levi W. Brown has been taken since he came to Glasgow. He has changed the cut of his beard. He formerly wore a longer beard without the mustache.

When he first came to Glasgow all the papers were writing about the arrival of the new consul, and a number printed his portrait made from photographs and sketches. A Dundee paper could get neither, so they published with their article a portrait of a typical Brother Jonathan, with a long hooked nose, thin, *angular features and the regulation chin whiskers*. The judge took it as a good joke and has kept the sketch, and when any one asks him for a photograph he hands that to them as a good likeness.

It was once said of Bret Harte, who was then president of Francis H. Underwood, the predecessor of the present consul, "that the only man that did not know the location of the United States consulate was the United States consul," as he spent so much time in London. That never could be said of the present consul.

The most interesting outing he has had was on the Fourth of July this year, when, together with three other consuls, their families and about forty others, he went to the battlefield of Bannockburn for a Fourth of July celebration. They had fireworks and a regular American day of it.

Maynard. George.
Albert. Charles.

A FEW MORE BROWNS.

Among the greatest trials of the Glasgow office is the trouble with the cattlemen, and in many cases their wives. On the ships coming into Glasgow with live stock, to every twenty-five head of cattle shipped from America there is one man allowed or provided for until they get to Scotland. Then he must get back. And in most cases they spend, lose or drink their money, then fly to the consul to get them home. This, however, is not the most trying case. The Americans bring their wives with them and desert them, very often taking this means of ridding themselves of them. Of course they apply to Judge Brown, and as this government makes no provision for them, very often he pays their passage home, not knowing whether he will ever be repaid or not.

SARA BLISS.

DIBDIN'S GHOST.

Dear wife, last midnight whilst I read
The tomes you so despise,
A specter rose beside the bed
And spoke in this true wise.
"From Canaan's beatific coast
I've come to visit thee,
For I am Tom Dibdin's ghost!"
Says Dibdin's ghost to me.

I bade him welcome, and we twain
Discussed with buoyant hearts
The tantalizing vital apportals
To bibliomaniac arts.
"Since you are fresh from t'other side,
Pray tell me what has been
That treasured books before they died,"
Says I to Dibdin's ghost.

"They've entered into perfect rest,
For in all one of those we've nursed
There are no anxious to molest.
No creditors to dun.
Their heavenly mansion here has no bounds
Besides that jasper sea—
It is a joy forever, Lowndes!"
Says Dibdin's ghost to me.

Much I rejoiced to hear him speak
Of biblio-bliss above,
For I am one of those who seek
What bibliomaniacs love.
"But tell me—for I long to hear
What doth concern me so—
Are we numbered next to that sphere?"
Says I to Dibdin's ghost.

"The women folk are few up there,
For 'twere not fair, you know,
That they should have what should share
Who vex us here below!
The few are those who have been kind
To bookmen while on earth.
They know our fads and didn't mind,"
Says Dibdin's ghost to me.

"But what of those who scoff at us
Where we would read in bed?
Or, wanting victuals, make a fuss
If we buy books instead?
And what of those who've dusted not
Our mothey pride and boast?
Shall they profanely be secured spot?"
Says I to Dibdin's ghost.

"To my dear wife will I recite
What things I've heard you say.
She'll let me read the books by night
She's not so bad by day.
For we together, by and by,
Would join that heavenly host—
She's fond of a row as well as I!"
Says I to Dibdin's ghost.
—Eugene Field in Chicago News-Record.

Ready for Hostilities.

Mrs. Silmdist—Did you pound the steak well?

Servant—Yes, mum.

"And steam the bread?"

"Yes, mum."

"Well, put some cologne in the butter and call the boarders to breakfast."—New York Weekly.

DELICIOUS APPLE JELLY.

An Excellent Recipe That Comes From Abroad.

A new suggestion which comes from abroad is worthy the consideration of our housekeepers. Every housekeeper knows that the flavor of apples is very delicate and that it readily takes on the flavor of almost any other fruit mixed with it. A quince preserve consists of half apples and half quinces in even more delicious than one made of quinces alone, because it is tenderer. Following out this suggestion, apple jelly is made with a due proportion of tangerine oranges thrown in, sufficient to give the jelly a rich orange flavor. To make this preserve, cut ripe Newtown pippins in small pieces, putting in the skins and the cores with-out seeds. To half a dozen large apples add a cup of water. Let the apples stew gradually until they are a soft pulp. Pour this apple sauce into a jelly-bag or sieve, and let it drain through gradually. Add to the apple juice the juice of tangerine or Mediterranean oranges. Boil the liquid obtained down for half an hour, until it is reduced about one-half. Add a pint of sugar to every pint of liquid measured at the beginning of the boiling. The preserves should form a delicate jelly by this time. If it does not, it will require longer boiling. While the jelly is boiling down, soak in brandy thin slices of orange, allowing three slices to every half-pint of jelly. When the jelly is poured into the marmalade jars, as it should be, put in each two or three slices of the oranges which have been soaked in brandy. Seal up the jars as soon as their contents are thoroughly cold. To seal them, lay pieces of clean white paper over them and then pieces of cotton-batting. Tie cotton-batting over the mouth of each jar and, finally, seal the whole up with round pieces of white paper as usual, using mucilage or the white of an egg for this purpose.

SWEET OIL.

Pure sweet oil is an excellent and mild laxative for young children.

To make leather air-tight and yet not injure its flexibility soak it thoroughly in sweet oil.

To clean papier-mache articles, wash first in warm water and soap, and polish with sweet oil.

For a burn take sweet oil and limewater (equal parts) mix, and keep the burn well covered with it.

If sweet oil is applied to the skin immediately after a blow or bruise, it will not turn black and blue.

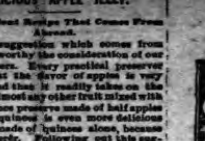
A remedy of great value for cats and dogs is sweet oil. Put two tablespoonfuls in their milk and they will rarely refuse to take it.

After sponging patent leather with warm water and letting it dry, while still warm rub just a little sweet oil in it, then rub it well out of it.

For a stiff neck, pains in the chest, etc., warm some sweet oil and rub on thoroughly with the hand, then cover with sheet wadding, the shiny side out. Wear it until you feel comfortable.

Sweet oil is a good remedy for poisonous bites, and must be taken internally (a half-cupful), and bathe the wound externally with it. For a horse give one-half pint to one pint internally and apply externally as well.—Good Housekeeping.

Pumpkin and Squash.



A very pretty fireplace and mantelpiece *for a small morning-room might be made* like the accompanying design. The fireplace itself is slightly on one side of the chimney, and has old-fashioned fittings with a knob on either side. A little screen at the top, of tabic panes framed in leaded squares, shows the flame as plainly as if it were made of glass. The other half of the chimney is taken up with a little store-closet, which is not heated by the fire, so one would think, the thickness of the brick proving an effectual protection. A couple of shelves above are devoted to cups and saucers. Some sketches of land and sea are next framed in a line with a larger one in the centre above, the rest of the mantel being devoted to bric-a-brac.

Macaroni.

A quarter of a pound of macaroni, one teaspoonful of butter, one gill of milk or cream, one tablespoonful of grated cheese. Boil the macaroni in water that has been salted in the proportion of a tablespoonful of salt to a quart of water. When it is tender take it out of the water and place it on a sieve, or in a colander to drain. Boil a gill of milk or cream and add to it a teaspoonful of butter rolled in flour; let it boil half a minute. Put your macaroni, after it is well drained, in a stewpan, pour this boiled cream over it, and add to it the grated cheese. Let it get very hot, but *do not let it boil*, and serve it.

Breakfast Cakes Without Milk.

Two teacupfuls of flour and water, two eggs and a saltspoonful of salt. Mix first half of the flour in half of the water, and when smooth or free from lumps add the remaining flour and water, and lastly the well-beaten eggs. Have gem-pans greased and hot; fill at once and bake in a hot oven. Eat hot.

Chocolate Custard.

Put one pint of milk and two tablespoonfuls of chocolate in a double boiler. Beat two eggs and one teacupful of sugar together until light, then add to the milk and stir one minute. Remove from the fire, add one pint of cream, one teaspoonful of vanilla, and, when cold, freeze.

This Date in History—Sept. 16.

1620—Queen Elizabeth born died 1715.
1796—Cardinal Duke of Yorkshire died in Aberdeen; born about 1725 in Dantzic; he was the last of the Stuarts.
1810—Great fire in Moscow kindled by Russians to drive out the French army; about half the city was destroyed, it has been almost annually since; the present houses in the street were built on the ashes of the old.
1835—Charles Crocker, railroader and millionaire, born in Troy, N. Y.
1850—Hiram Ketchum, lawyer, of New York, died, aged 78.
1858—Dr. Edward Bouverie Pusey, English clergyman and leader of High Church and Anglo-Catholic writings, died; born 1800.
1863—Junius Brutus Booth, actor, son of the famous actor of the same name, and brother of Edwin and John Wilkes, died.
1864—Famous yacht race; the Puritan beat the Genesta.
1890—The famous old Moorish palace, Alhambra, burned; loss, about $250,000.
1891—Floods in Spain drowned about 2,000 people.

Right in the Fashion.

She was a tall, angular woman of fifty, in a plain, straight walking-dress, heavy shoes and a black straw hat, with long streamers, and the youngest and smallest woman with her was pattered after her own model, evidently from the headwaters of the creek, and the city was a novelty to them. They were also an novelty to the city, and unconsciously attracted the attention of everybody on Woodward avenue as they sauntered along looking in the windows and giving vent to their delight in various exclamations. Finally a city girl passed them wearing the latest, and the elderly woman saw her. She gazed a moment in open-mouthed amazement and caught the other woman by the arm.

"By gravy, Sallie, do you see that?" she exclaimed.

Sallie's eyes followed her finger, and she nodded.

"We ain't up with the percussion, sir we?" she asked doubtfully, as she surveyed her attire.

Sallie shook her head sadly.

"Come on," exclaimed the elderly woman suddenly, and catching the young one by the hand she started for a genuine furnishing store across the street and went in with a whirl.

"Young man," she said to a clerk, "have you got any galluses for twenty-five cents a pair that'll fit me and Sallie here?"

Fifteen minutes later there were not two prouder women on Woodward avenue, and surely no two who were so much the observed of all observers.—Detroit Free Press.

1892	September.					1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	6	4:08 p. m.	New Moon	20	8:10 a. m.
Full Moon	13	2:50 a. m.	First Quarter	29	1:19 a. m.
Third Quarter	13	4 m.			

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
First-class bar attached.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family house.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
19 26 6m.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE.
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

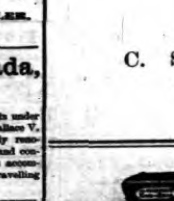
HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as
RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS,
PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC.
WINTER AND FALL BLANKS,
They also have a big stock of
PARLOR HEATERS,
New Styles. Very Cheap.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!
After the use of
Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.
Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child
SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

OUR BUSINESS IS
Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.
C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.



In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between John H. Doane and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union and State of New Jersey, under the firm name of Doane & Van Arsdale, was dissolved on this ninth day of September, A. D., eighteen hundred and ninety-two, the said Morris C. Van Arsdale having sold all his equal one-half right, title and interest in said partnership to Betty Edsall, of the City of Plainfield, County and State aforesaid. The business will hereafter be carried on at the old stand under the firm name and style of Doane & Edsall. All debts owing to the late partnership are to be received by said Doane & Edsall; and all claims and demands on the late partnership are to be presented to them (Doane & Edsall) for payment.

JOHN H. DOANE,
MORRIS C. VAN ARSDALE,
BETTY EDSALL.

Dated this 9th day of September, 1892. 14 4

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between Cornelius L. Van Emburgh and Edward White, of the *City of Plainfield*, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Van Emburgh & White, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

C. L. VAN EMBURGH,
EDWARD WHITE.

Dated September 14, 1892. 15 tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 14, 1892.

To Whom it May Concern:

Be it known that Mr. Edward White and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union, State of New Jersey, have this fourteenth day of September, 1892, formed a co-partnership under the firm name of White & Van Arsdale, to succeed the firm of Van Emburgh & White, dealers in dry goods, notions, etc., which business will be continued at the same place, No. 16 West Front street, where they will be pleased to serve patrons and friends.

EDWARD WHITE,
of the late firm Van Emburgh & White.
MORRIS VAN ARSDALE,
of the late firm of Doane & Van Arsdale.
14 19

BEACH'S
Celebrated
PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.
Also
HOME MADE White Bread. Gluten Bread. Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Cream pies, etc.
A fine lot of GREEN GRAPES and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice Cakes, after the article delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday desert on or before Saturday morning.
M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office—37 North avenue, with Woodbridge & Buckle.

SCHOOL SHOES!
Boys and Girls Give This Your Kind Attention!
DOANE & EDSALL,
22 WEST FRONT STREET. The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.

COME AND SEE
the Large Stock of
Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
ALSO
Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.
AT CAREY'S,
76, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.
Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.
MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS.
Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.
A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on
..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..
..Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks..
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1872. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 369, Knights of Honor, meets Thursday evening, 7:30 o'clock, at eight p. m. in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Masonic Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTINE, Dictator.
RALPH A. HUNT, Reporter.
Wetumpka Council, No. 56, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article.
A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,
to make
Delicious Iced Tea.
Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.
NEUMANN BROS.
BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, marble ay repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

New Marble and Granite Works,
We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.
J. E. Townsend, Manager.
No. 20 SOMERSET STREET.
Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

THE PLACE TO BUY
SECOND-HAND FURNITURE
IS AT
MUSGRAVE'S,
37 Somerset street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box 1. Telephone Call 6. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

BREVITIES

—The young ladies of Roselle have organized a bicycle club.

—The fire committee met in Chief Doane's office last evening.

—Guttman's band gave a free concert on the City Hotel porch last evening.

—The public and parochial schools of Raritan closed Wednesday for children's day at the Fair.

—The seventh annual reunion of the surviving members of the Ninth New Jersey Volunteers will meet at Elizabeth on Tuesday, the 27th inst.

—Mr. William A. Woodruff drove to Fanwood last evening. In crossing the county bridge his horse fell and was bruised, though not seriously.

—During the absence of Marshal Pangborn at the National Encampment of the G. A. R. next week the borough will be guarded by Mr. Van Horn.

—Mrs. Abram Vail of No. 40 East Third street has a tree in her garden which has borne a number of peaches ten and three-fourth inches in diameter.

—The Sunday-school and the Young Men's Class of the First Baptist Church will meet to-morrow afternoon at 2:30, instead of in the morning as heretofore.

—The rooms of the Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R., will be open to morrow afternoon so that members who intend going to Washington with them on Monday may arrange plans for their departure.

—The firemen of Bound Brook will have a parade on Oct. 21, (Columbus Day). There will be six visiting and three local companies in line. The citizens are going to decorate their building.

—John Cahill, an employee of Potter Press Works will be tried before Judge Codington next Saturday morning at ten o'clock on complaint of Kate Sheridan, for the support of a child of which she claims he is the father.

—The Republicans of Roselle held a rousing ratification meeting Thursday evening in their new headquarters. This evening they will hold a big demonstration, and raise a handsome banner. Hon. John Kean, Jr., the Republican candidate for Governor, is expected to be present.

—The number of people that visit White & Van Arsdale's store in a day and buy, shows that when they advertise a bargain they can look at their advertisement, and if you have not been there this week they urge you go to-night and take advantage of the inducements they are offering.

—The friends of the lamented temperance evangelist, Joseph English, are invited to attend a memorial service in his honor in the Hall on Sunday afternoon *at four o'clock*. A special service has been prepared for the occasion. Rev. Dr. Hoes, a Reformed man and probably other divines will deliver addresses.

—The Somerset County Board of Freeholders held their monthly meeting on Tuesday. Little business of importance was transacted. Collector Allen was authorized to borrow $50,000 in anticipation of taxes. The bid of Bowne of Plainfield, between Union and Somerset counties, was accepted. A large number of bills were ordered paid.

—The reason why the Plainfield Common Council did not insist upon the five per cent. of the gross earnings from the Plainfield Street Railway Co., when the latter recently asked permission to extend its tracks was because the franchise granted by the old combine prevented. The Council discussed the matter in caucus, however, to see if there was not some way that the city could get recompense for the use of its streets. It cannot until the expiration of five years. North Plainfield need not fall into such a trap.

—It is stated that, when the delegation of Reading employees called on President McLeod last week to protest against his attitude in regard to unions, he said to them: "When a man joins your organization do you not require that he should bind himself by solemn oaths to obey your regulations and the orders of the men in authority in your union? Now, in like manner I require that the men employed by the Reading company shall promise allegiance to it and obey the laws that have been made by those who are in charge of its welfare. This is the position I have taken, and from which I shall not recede."

—Thomas Rafferty, whose disappearance was reported yesterday, returned to his home last evening. He had been to Waverly, N. J. Having taken a train to that place, and being too late to return on Thursday was compelled to stay there over night. He was much surprised at the excitement caused by his departure. He had two adventures worthy of note. While at Waverly he caught a team of runaway horses and saved an aged lady, who was in the carriage, from injury. On his arrival in town, expressman Yose's team made an attempt to runaway, but were intercepted by young Rafferty and returned to the owner.

—There was plenty of excitement on Park and Stillman streets. Music Hall yesterday afternoon when Col. Boone was shifting the great lions that he uses in the production of "Under the Lion's Paw," from their wooden cages to the massive steel one that he uses in the play at night. The monsters growled, bruised, and it was a novel sight to see their master enter the cage, alone and unarmed, and put them in their dens. Each answers to his name and seems entirely subservient to the strong will of their keeper. The third act of the play is supposed to take place in the menagerie tent of the "Circus Royal," and it is in this scene that the lions are introduced. The cage that they are performed in is a massive affair and was made for Colonel Boone in Germany. It has been pronounced by steel experts to be fawless.

Specials to Washington.

Extra passenger traffic will be very heavy to-morrow and Monday on the Central Railroad transporting Grand Army men and visitors to the G. A. R. encampment at Washington. Train masters and others are making every effort to get the trains through promptly. It is said that eighteen special trains will pass through this city to-morrow. This is the largest number of specials the Central has ever run in one day on the main line.

W. C. T. U.

A very profitable and enjoyable day has spent by the members of the Union county Woman's Christian Temperance Union holding their annual convention yesterday in Rahway.

Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson of Plainfield was unanimously re-elected president; Mrs. Abel of Elizabeth, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Irving of Cranford, recording secretary; Miss G. T. Underhill of Rahway, Treasurer.

Nine Unions were represented by 55 delegates, and eight visitors from Middlesex county. Reports of superintendents showed much good work accomplished during the past year, in which Plainfield had a large share.

Miss Elizabeth Yates of Maine gave an eloquent address before a large audience (among whom were five clergymen) in the evening on the subject of "Woman's sphere."

PERSONAL.

Harry G. Adams has been confined to the house several days with malaria.

Mrs. Harry H. Brokaw of Duer street is spending two weeks with relatives in Somerville.

Mr. F. C. Hawley, formerly of Crescent avenue but now of New York will reside at 11 Second place after Oct. 1.

Mr. E. Hart Day returned from Maine to-day and has taken possession of his new house at 22 Sandford avenue.

Mrs. C. M. Pennington and Mrs. Odam of 138 Arlington avenue, have gone to spend a week with relatives in Newark.

Mr. J. C. Bates of Yonkers will make Plainfield his home after Oct. 1. He has rented Mr. J. B. Mills' house on Westervelt avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Sanford and Miss May Sanford of Sanford avenue and Miss Laura Sanford of Washington avenue have returned from a five weeks' trip through the Adirondacks and Canada.

Of Interest to Wheelmen.

Harry Wheeler, the Manhattan Athletic Club racer, will ride in the Boston A. A. road race on October 1.

MADE ALUMINUM BICYCLES.

W. H. Ratcliffe, a member of the Orange Machine and Manufacturing Company of 138 Essex Avenue, Orange, has succeeded in discovering a process whereby aluminium may be soldered. Using this process, the company is preparing to introduce into the market in the Fall a bicycle the greater part of which is to be made of aluminium. The extraordinary lightness of this metal is such that the Ratcliffe experts hope to bring the weight of a bicycle down to fifteen pounds and still have it strong and durable. Steel is to be used in the parts where the greatest wear comes or where great rigidity is required.

Interesting Railroad News.

The annual meeting of the American Association of Railway Clerks will be held in Philadelphia, beginning Sept. 20.

The statement of the Philadelphia and Reading Relief Association for the last month shows payments aggregating $15,030.20; on account of deaths, $6,170; on account of accident disabilities, $4,562.50, and on account of sick disabilements, $4,777.60. The total number of Reading men killed in death claims were paid, seven from accident and eleven from natural causes.

The Reading company has instructed its agents at transfer points, such as Pottsville, New Boston, Schuylkill Haven, etc., to handle no more Pennsylvania coal cars, thus cutting off from 5,000 to 10,000 tons a day, much of which was used in Pennsylvania passenger engines. They will hereafter burn bituminous coal. Pennsylvania collieries are using electric lights and have orders to work day and night.

The Railroad to New Brunswick.

The proposed electric railway between Raritan and New Brunswick is more than a chimerical scheme. It is said that good men are back of it. The proposition is to construct a road along the turnpike to Bound Brook, under the railroad at that place and from thence to New Brunswick on the north side of the river. It is proposed to have the track in the centre of the streets in the town but on the side of the road through the country. A spur is to extend to Chimney Rock for lumber business—Somerville Unionist-Gazette.

To Take Testimony in the Suit to Set Aside the Central Lease.

Chancellor McGill of New Jersey has appointed Herbert Knight master to take testimony in the suit against the Central Railroad of New Jersey to set aside the lease of that railroad to the Port Reading Railroad.

A preliminary injunction is in force until Mr. Knight begins taking testimony on Sept. 26th, at Trenton.

Republican Banner Raising.

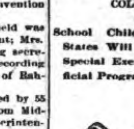
The North Plainfield Republicans are to swing a Harrison and Reid banner in front of Spencer's Hall next Friday evening, and have a meeting for speeches in the Sangerbund Hall as part of the programme. Gen. Farnsworth of the National Committee is one of the principal speakers.

—Mr. F. M. Hulett of West Front street is gaining success by deserving it. He is a very energetic business man, and this morning rented the second and third floors in the building of Mr. L. L. Manning on West Front street. The second floor is being fitted up to rent to music teachers and others for classes and musical purposes and will be nicely furnished. There will be two class rooms and a reception room. On the third floor he is having a stage built and the place is to be used for rehearsals, etc. One of the attractive features of Mr. Hulett's store is the show window in which some beautiful photographs are arranged.

PROGRAMME FOR OCT. 21

A GENERAL CELEBRATION OF COLUMBIAN DAY.

School Children in the United States Will All Take Part in the Special Exercises Given in the Official Programme.



IT IS now known to all readers that President Harrison has issued a proclamation naming Oct. 21 as the true anniversary of the discovery of America, and recommending its observance by suitable exercises in all the schools of the United States.

A uniform programme for every school in America, to be used on Columbus Day simultaneously with the dedicatory exercises of the World's Columbian exposition grounds in Chicago, will give an impressive unity to the popular celebration. Accordingly, when the superintendents of education last February accepted the plan for this national public school celebration, they instructed their executive committee to prepare an official programme of exercises for the day, uniform for every school.

The following programme has been prepared by the committee:

The schools should assemble at 9 a. m. in their various rooms. At 9:30 the detail of veterans is expected to arrive. It is to be met at the entrance of the yard by the color guard of pupils, escorted with dignity to the building and presented to the principal. The principal then gives the signal and the several teachers conduct their pupils to the yard, to drumbeat or other music, and arrange them in hollow square about the flag, the veterans and color guard taking places by the flag itself. The master of ceremonies then gives the command, "Attention!" and begins the exercises by reading the proclamation.

1. READING OF THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION. By the Master of Ceremonies.

At the close of the reading he announces: "In accordance with this recommendation by the President of the United States and the sign of our devotion to our country, let the flag of the nation be unfurled above this school."

2. RAISING OF THE FLAG. By the Veterans.

As the flag reaches the masthead the veterans will lead the assemblage in "Three Cheers for Old Glory."

3. SALUTE TO THE FLAG. By the Pupils.

At a signal from the principal the pupils, in ordered ranks, hands to the side, face the flag. Another signal is given; every pupil gives the flag the military salute—right hand lifted, palm downward, to a line with the forehead and close to it. Standing thus and repeating together slowly, "I pledge allegiance to my flag and the republic for which it stands; one nation indivisible, with liberty and justice for all." At the words "to my flag" the right hand is extended gracefully, palm upward, toward the flag, and remains in this gesture till the end of the affirmation, whereupon all hands immediately drop to the side. Then, still standing, the pupils sing standard, with a chord, all will sing "America"—"My country, 'tis of thee."

4. ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF GOD. Prayer or Scripture.

5. SONG OF COLUMBUS DAY. By Pupils and Audience.

Air—"Lyons."

Columbia, my land! all hail the glad day
When first to thy strand Hope pointed the way!
Hail him who thro' darkness first followed the flame
And planted thy banner, fair Liberty's name.

That land where the Mayflower of Liberty came.

Dear Country, the star of the valiant and free!
Thy exiles afar are dreaming of thee.
No fields of the Earth so enchantingly shine,
No air breathes such incense, such music as thine.

Humanity's home! thy sheltering breast
Gives welcome and room to strangers oppress'd.
Pale children of Hunger and Hatred and Wrong
Find life in thy freedom and joy in thy song.

The fairest estate the lowly may hold,
Thy poor may grow great, thy feeble grow bold,
For worth is the watchword to noble degree,
And manhood is mighty where manhood is free.

O union of States and union of souls!
Thy promise awaits, thy future unfolds,
And earth from her twilight is hailing the sun
That rises where people and rulers are one.

TERRON BROWN.

6. THE ADDRESS. "The Meaning of the Four Centuries."

A declamation of the special address prepared for the occasion by The Youth's Companion.

7. THE ODE. "Columbia's Banner."

A reading of the poem written for the occasion by Miss Dean Sprague.

Here should follow whatever additional ceremonies, patriotic addresses, or choice representations or chorals may be desired.

8. ADDRESSES BY CITIZENS AND NATIONAL SONGS.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Francis Bellamy, chairman, representing The Youth's Companion, Boston.

John W. Dickinson, secretary of the Massachusetts board of education.

Superintendent Ira Stoddard, superintendent of Rhode Island public schools.

W. R. Garrett, superintendent of public instruction of Tennessee.

Ferris S. Fitch, superintendent of public instruction of Michigan.

Joseph Jefferson as Rip Van Winkle.

Joseph Jefferson, the actor of actors, who is very favorably remembered by Plainfielders, is going to appear once again in Rip Van Winkle, but for five weeks only at the Star Theatre, New York, commencing Monday, Oct. 3rd. This will be an opportunity for those who have never seen Mr. Jefferson in this famous character, and for those who have seen him will undoubtedly be glad to see him again. This will be Joseph Jefferson's only appearance in New York this season.

—$5 for a pair of fine shoes for women, is the trade inducer Doane & Edsall advertise elsewhere.

NEW KNIGHT ERRANTS.

Bicyclers and Knights of the Table Round.

[Contributed.]

MAYBE the future poet laureate when he writes of the latter years of the nineteenth century, and depicts in verse the chivalry of these times, will be impressed by the close resemblance of bicycling to the tournaments of mediæval days, and will select that theme for his subject. When succeeding years cast a halo around those that have gone, when true romance and the merits of sublime action will have all the fascination of legendary tales, the coming Tennyson will embalm the feats of bicyclers in poetry. He will find Sir Galahad's and Launcelots a-plenty. The prophecies of latter day seers will be as marvelous as those of Merlin, and the fair Elaine and queenly Guinevere will be supplanted by Delsartian maidens dressed in short waists and divided skirts. The names of Springfield, and of Milburn will have become as romantic as that of Camelot and Astolat and the "meets" of the roadsters will take on the knightly grandeur of the jousts of old. Some bard will sing the praises of Pope, Zimmerman, Windle, the Murphys, Frank Martin and Captain Joe Haynes, that will excel in beauty, and elegance of simile, and of daring deeds, the achievements of King Arthur and the knights of his Table Round. This view of bicycling suggests the adoption of a more extended scope of athletic performance on the bicycle. The mere ride around a course to race against time will not satisfy the aesthetic young people who follow wheeling for all the glory that abounds in such a sport. Passing over these classic hills, through the valleys, the windings of the public roads, embowered on either side by "coolest foliage made musical with birds," jaunts to and from "cots," the trysting places of lovers, they all have in them romance reminescent of chivalrous times. Bicycling has all the elements of chivalry, noble youths, fair ladies, necessity of endurance, the "scrip" is handed down from Knights in the list, who went tilting forward, bent low, with spear in hand. Let bicycling go on, and every bicycler feel all the ardor of young life dwell in his efforts. Enrich the period with records of feats, and bicycling will be full of wondrous valor. Games should be introduced, the performance of which would add to the fame of bicyclers. Why should not the knightly errants of the bicycling fraternity seek for triumph in those mimic wars, the jousts"?

CHIV.

—Peter J. Demarest, the butter merchant of Roade street, New York, who was in jail at Elizabeth a few weeks ago on a charge of misusing part of the funds of his dead brother's estate, of which he was executor, was admitted to bail yesterday, his wife becoming his surety in $6,000. She also had to give an indemnity bond for $12,000 before Sheriff Hicks would release Demarest. It will be some months before the case comes up.

A good to-morrow morning's breakfast.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Every morning, for the matter of that, but we'll be content with to-morrow.

DEATHS.

VERMEULE—In this city, Sept. 16, 1892, Mrs. Susan R. widow of the late David Vermeule, in her 72d year.

Funeral services from her late residence, No. 9 Liberty street, Tuesday, Sept. 20th, at 5 p. m. 1t4

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

An Infernal Machine Sent to Gov. Flower.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17—(Special.)—Chief Inspector Steers has at Police Headquarters a mysterious box, which has been found to contain an infernal machine and which was received by Gov. Flower at his cabins headquarters in the Windsor Hotel a day or two ago. The nature of the contents was fortunately discovered before any harm was done.

The box was followed up by a letter, the contents of which indicated that it was inspired by the same disordered brain which planned the mysterious machine.

The manly stand taken by the Governor in resisting the mob at Five Island and in placing the unhappy passengers of the Normannia in the shelter provided for them by the State seems to be the only excuse for the sending of the box.

No New Cholera Cases.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17. (Special.)—Two more Hamburg line ships, the Fuerst Bismarck from Southampton, and the Suevia from Hamburg, arrived during the night. Neither has steerage passengers on board, and each reports all well on board. The Suevia will be detained. Two thousand emigrants are due to-morrow.

There are no new cases down the bay, nor has any appeared in the city.

The steamship Normiae's cabin passengers are to go to Fire Island for quarantine.

Fire in the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17. (Special.)—A disastrous fire occurred early this morning in the big machine shop at the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Besides the damage done to the building itself and the tools and machinery it contained, the wooden structure at the west end of the building in which the two 5,000 horse-power twin engines of the new cruiser Cincinnati were stored was burned to the ground.

Many Deaths from Cholera in Paris Daily.

PARIS, Sept. 17, (Special.)—Cholera broke out in Naples several days ago, and eight or ten deaths have occurred daily.

Cent-a-Word Column.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A T 219 Craig place, pleasant furnished rooms with board. Arrangements for Fall and Winter can now be made. 30 6 2w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A BRIGHT, colored man wishes a situation as coachman. Is competent and has references. Call at 32 Park avenue. 16 5

A BOY, 16 years old, wishes situation to work for board. Can do general work on gentleman's place Address No. 42 Chatham street, North Plainfield. 18 4

A MAN wants situation as coachman, wife will help at general housework. Is competent and understands care of horses and carriages. Address "Michael," care of EVENING NEWS. 17 3

A HANDY workman wants employment at any work around gentlemen's place. Is competent and has references. Address "Carter," care of EVENING NEWS. 17 3t

WANTED—A middle aged woman to act as house-keeper and companion. Must have highest references. Address "E. S. J.," care of EVENING NEWS. 17 3

HELP WANTED.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wanted. References required. Wages $16. Mrs. Cruikshank, Broadway, corner Belvidere road. 18 3

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to solicit orders for nursery stock; expenses and salary to men who are honest and work steady; also commission to local agents; write for terms and territory. Address R. G. Chase & Co., 1430 S. Penn St., Indianapolis, Ind. 8 12 2m eow

LOST AND FOUND.

$10 REWARD—For lady's watch lost in Washington Valley on Wheeler's Ice Pond S. Huntington, 19 Franklin place. 17 6

LOST—Last evening, at the First Presbyterian church, or in the street, a pair of gold spectacles. Please return to 60 East Front street. 18 3

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A fine new dwelling on Richmond street. Has been recently papered and painted throughout. Contains 9 rooms and will be rented for $25 per month until spring. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 17 4t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A six room house. Is rented for one year, $200. Terms easy. Address "Cheap," care of EVENING NEWS. 17 3

FOR SALE—Cheap—Victor bicycle, in good condition; 54-inch; cushion tires; lantern. "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS. 17 6

FOR SALE—4x5 Kodak; suitable for 200 exposures or glass plates; less alone worth $35; entire outfit cost $70; perfect condition; used only a few times. Address "Kodak," care of EVENING NEWS. 16 4t

PIANO—First-class upright, for sale or rent. Great bargain. 20 East Front street. 16 3

WINDMILL for sale; with brass Pump; 8 foot wheel; 20 foot tower. Call on H. H. Pitts, 124 Central avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 16 3t

MISCELLANEOUS.

TEETH from Chelsea. If you want to send prepaid tickets to relatives and friends in Europe, or any line, call on H. D. Meyer, 11 Somerset street. 17

LESSONS given on the piano to beginners. Terms $6. Address P. O. Box 772. 17 6

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 5 29tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 29tf

29TH YEAR OF THEIR CAREER AS AMERICA'S LEADING AMUSEMENT.

ADAM FOREPAUGH SHOWS.

Oldest, Largest, Richest Exhibition in the World.

J. T. McCADDEN, MANAGER.

Circus, Menagerie, Museum, Aviary, Hippodrome, Genuine Moorish Circus, Caravan and Camp.

With the Historic Bible Spectacle, the

FALL OF NINEVEH.

Will Exhibit at

PLAINFIELD, FRIDAY, SEPT. 23.

The ends of the earth Brought together in one mighty Carnival of Pleasure and Feast of Knowledge for All.

200 Star Performers in the three rings and upon the two stages in the CIRCUS.

The Wonders of Earth and the Marvels of Nature in the MUSEUM.

Perfect collection of Wild and Rare Beasts in the MENAGERIE.

Exciting and Funny Races of all kinds in the HIPPODROME.

400 splendid steeds in the GRAND HORSE FAIR.

35 Moors and Bedouin Berbers (men, women and children) in the Moorish Caravan and Camp.

Surpassing all Earthly Splendors and Spectacular Display is the Fall of Nineveh. Resting, amber, designer and painter.

Its presentation requires 1,000 men, women and children in the various characters $150,000 in gorgeous costumes, $50,000 in special scenery, $30,000 in armour, swords, shields and spears, 200 beautiful ladies in the Grand Ballet, Companies of Soldiers, Citizens, etc., all produced on the largest and best equipped stage in the world, 300 feet long and 55 feet wide, illustrating life and events in the first Great Metropolis of the civilized world.

Excursions on all lines of travel. Consult your nearest station agent for rate and time schedules. Don't fail to see the Peerless Free Street Pageant on the morning of exhibition at 10 o'clock. Owing to the length of time necessary to prepare the Fall of Nineveh for exhibition nothing belonging to it will be seen in the free street parade. Two performances daily. Doors open at one p. m. and seven p. m., performance begins one hour later.

To accommodate those who wish to avoid the crowd about the ticket wagon, coupon numbered, actually reserved seats at the regular price, and admission tickets at the usual slight advance may be secured at Central Pharmacy.

Sunshine or rain all performances are given the same beneath the canopies of the specially prepared Water-Proof Tents.

10 12 15 17 19-21

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, - - - SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

TO-NIGHT!

A Great Production. GEORGE PECK'S Monster Melodramatic Spectacle,

UNDER THE LION'S PAW.

With a strong cast, tons of scenery, and introducing, in the Menagerie Scene, Col. E. D. Boone and Milli Carlotta, and their 7 Nubian Lions, frolicking the children, in a Massive Steel Cage. Playing at sea-saw, playing ball, rolling hoops, drawing chariots, skipping rope, saying prayers, forming pyramids, and many other acts with human intelligence.

Seats on Sale at Central Pharmacy.

After Looking at This,

If you want a big bargain in a fine carriage—actually to be sold below cost—call at French's.

If you want a fine set of harness, don't fail to examine L. M. French's stock before buying elsewhere.

Look at Them—They will Stand

Examination—L. M. French's Repository, 16, 18, 20, 22 Somerset street.

TELLING PRICES!

FOR SATURDAY'S TRADE.

Good Bleached Muslin, 7c. Men's muslin shirts, linen bosoms and cuffs, 43c
Ladies embroidered silk handkerchiefs 12c. Ladies' fast black hose, 8c., or 2 pair for 15c.
A 10c. calm Toilet Soap for 5c., or 50c. doz. Heavy 4-4 Chenille Table Covers with fringe
6-4 Chenille Table Covers for 61.65. 25c.
The Best 50c. Corset (white and drab) in Unbleached Canton Flannel 9c., worth 12c.
the world. Extra Fine White Blankets, 11-4, for $2.15.
10-4 Extra Fine White Blankets for $1. and one for 85c. Glass Toweling 10c., worth 12c
Calicos, 5c.

We will make an important notice about CARPETS next Monday.

Buy your shoes in our Shoe Department, and get the Best at the Lowest Prices.

EDSALL'S.

$40 for ONE PAIR of Shoes,

If the shoes are made of leather, is a price out of all reason.

DOANE & EDSALL are selling Shoes for women, fine fitting, long wearing, different widths, at ONLY

Two Dollars a Pair.

Doane & Edsall, 22 West Front Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Don't pretend anything that is not so.

An electrical flatiron has been invented whose designer claims for it that it will heat in two minutes and keep hot till the ironing is all done.

A German has devised a self acting brake which will instantly stop a vehicle when the horse tries to run away. The driver has only to touch a spring beneath his feet, when the brake is liberated and acts immediately. The arrangement is so simple that the wonder is nobody thought of it before.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

[Notices of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday (or earlier) to insure the same day.]

A meeting will be held as usual at Washington ville on Sunday evening.

The weekly meeting classes will meet at the W. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 2:15 p. m.

Park Place Chapel, Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Preaching at 7:45 p. m. by Rev. A. Hyde.

Another interesting meeting may be expected at the 7th Pleasant school house to-morrow evening.

Warren Station Mission, Sunday-school at 2:30. Preaching service at 7:45. Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

Monroe Avenue Chapel, Sunday-school at three p. m. At eight p. m. the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, rector of Holy Cross church will preach.

St. Peter's German Lutheran, congregation will hold services to-morrow in Warren Station chapel at 10:30 a. m., the Rev. Jacob Schenk, pastor.

Services at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Clinton avenue, Evons, at eleven o'clock a. m. The Rev. William O. Embury will officiate. Seats free.

Services in St. Joseph's church to-morrow will be held as follows: Mass at 8:30 and high mass at 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m., and vespers at eight p. m.

Park avenue Baptist church, Sunday Sept. 18, preaching 10:30 a. m. by Rev. Geo. E. Allen of Red Bank, N. J. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. No evening service.

First Congregational, Morning Service 10:30 and 7:30. Lord's supper at 11:45. Sunday-school at 3:30 p. m. Ladies meeting Wednesday at three p. m. All are welcome.

In the Trinity Reformed church tomorrow the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Scherooz, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The Sabbath-school will meet at 9:15 a. m.

There will be live singing, short talks by young men and hearty singing at the Y. M. C. A. meeting at 4:15 p. m. These meetings are full of interest and all men are invited.

The services of the A. U. M. P. church will be as follows: Sunday-school at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Class meeting at 2:30 p. m. All are welcome. Rev. L. L. Lovejoy, pastor.

Services at St. Mary's church. First mass at 7:30 a. m. Second mass at 8:30. Third mass at 10:30. Vespers at 3:30. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m., and evening service at eight p. m.

Crescent avenue church, Rev. W. R. Lambuth, D. D., pastor. Services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m., and eight p. m. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. All seats free in the evening service.

Members of the Reform Club and their friends are invited to attend the meeting of Washington's Legion of Honor society holden every Sunday at Reform Hall at nine a.m., and four p. m.

All Souls' church, Park avenue. Unitarian services at 10:30 a. m., 7:30 p. m. All seats are free. The pastor, Rev. Robert Collyer, will preach. The Sunday-school will meet at 11:45 a. m.

The usual services will be held to-morrow (Sunday) in the W. C. T. U. rooms Sunday at 9:15 a. m., and four p. m. There will be the usual praise services this evening at eight o'clock.

Church of the Holy Innocents, Dunellen, Rev. C. N. Phelps, rector. After a vacation of two months the church will be reopened on Sunday next (Aug. 11) at the usual hour, 3:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, rector. Celebration *of the Holy Communion* at eight a. m. Sunday-school at 9:45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Afternoon service at 4:30 p. m.

Services in the German church, Craig place, North Plainfield, will be held tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. only. None in the evening. Sunday-school and preaching service Wednesday at 7:45 p. m. Sunday-school at 9:15 a. m. Holy communion next Sunday.

Congregational church, West Seventh street. Rev. C. L. Goodrich pastor. Morning service at 10:30., with Sunday-school following. Junior C. E. at 3 p. m. Senior C. E. society's usual Sunday service will be a Whittier evening. There will be an address on Whittier by the pastor.

Church of our Saviour, Netherwood, Rev. S. P. Simpson. Holy communion at 7:30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at 4.15 p. m. Evening prayer at five p. m. Two services to-day. Rev. Mr. Simpson will preach at the church at 10:30 a. m.

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Rodman, rector. Fourteenth Sunday after the Holy Trinity. Early celebration of the Holy Communion at 7:30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany, and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Daily even-song at five p. m.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor, Rev. J. Dr. Chas. S. Mitchell will preach at 11 a. m. Subject: "How to Spend Sunday." Epworth League at 6:30 p. m., and Epworth League at seven p. m. The pastor will preach at 7:45 p. m. His subject: "The New Nativity."

Services in the First Presbyterian church, Sunday, Sept. 18. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Regular preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., by Rev. Dr. John Hall, sr. In the evening his subject will be: "Why I am a Presbyterian." Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor at seven p. m.

Services in Hope chapel Sunday Sept. 18. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Song service and sermon at 7:45 p. m. Col. Bryant of New York city will deliver an address on temperance at the session of the Sunday-school. Col. Bryant and Mr. John Jaeger will speak in the evening.

First Baptist church—10:30 a. m., and 7:45 p. m., preaching by the Rev. Dr. D. J. Yorkston. 2:30 p. m., the Sunday-school and young men's Bible classes will meet; Wednesday, the regular church prayer meeting; and Friday, prayer meeting of the Young People's League. Both meetings at eight p. m. Strangers will be especially welcome.

CLARKSON IN COMMAND.

The Republican Clubs' League Re-elects Him President.

HILL TO STUMP NEW YORK STATE.

An Important Conference of Democratic Leaders to Shape the Campaign—Elkins Speaks in West Virginia—Chairman Manley on Maine's Elections.

BUFFALO, Sept. 17.—The convention of the National League of Republican Clubs at its final session decided to meet next at Louisville on the second Wednesday in May. The platform, which is an indorsement of the Republican party, was adopted without debate and the election of officers was then held.

General James S. Clarkson was re-elected president by acclamation. A. B. Humphreys, of New York, was re-elected secretary, and W. S. Lounsbury was re-elected treasurer.

General Clarkson received an ovation and in a short speech said that as a good soldier he obeyed orders and accepted the presidency of the league with thanks.

At this point Whitelaw Reid entered the hall amid great cheering. He was escorted to the platform and said:

Notice was served upon me that no speech was expected, and I was not even about to adjourn for dinner. I shan't detain you now, therefore, except to thank you and to congratulate you, after making the people of Buffalo for their hospitality, adjourned amid cheers and music by the band.

A meeting of the College Republican clubs was very enthusiastic. President Burke's address was followed by five minute speeches by John L. Dodge, of Harvard university, and others. A resolution was then adopted indorsing the Minneapolis platform and the resolutions passed by the National league, and the meeting adjourned.

The Mass Meeting.

At the mass meeting last night the entrance of Whitelaw Reid while the band was playing a national air was the signal for general enthusiastic cheering. When the candidate for vice president was introduced there was much cheering, in which the college men took a conspicuous part. Mr. Reid was frequently interrupted by cheers, and at the conclusion of his remarks was very enthusiastically applauded. He spoke as follows:

There is one vital question in this campaign. Are the people so dissatisfied with their present prosperous course that they are ready to invite sickness, and prostration at 10:30 a. m., and 2.45 p. m. The Sabbath-school will meet at 9.15 a. m.

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The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, rector. Celebration *of the Holy Communion* at eight a. m. Sunday-school at 9:45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Afternoon service at 4:30 p. m.

Services in the German church, Craig place, North Plainfield, will be held tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. only. None in the evening. Sunday-school and preaching service Wednesday at 7:45 p. m. Sunday-school at 9:15 a. m. Holy communion next Sunday.

Congregational church, West Seventh street. Rev. C. L. Goodrich pastor. Morning service at 10:30., with Sunday-school following. Junior C. E. at 3 p. m. Senior C. E. society's usual Sunday service will be a Whittier evening. There will be an address on Whittier by the pastor.

Church of our Saviour, Netherwood, Rev. S. P. Simpson. Holy communion at 7:30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at 4.15 p. m. Evening prayer at five p. m. Two services to-day. Rev. Mr. Simpson will preach at the church at 10:30 a. m.

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Rodman, rector. Fourteenth Sunday after the Holy Trinity. Early celebration of the Holy Communion at 7:30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Daily even-song at five p. m.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor, Rev. J. Dr. Chas. S. Mitchell will preach at 11 a. m. Subject: "How to Spend Sunday." Epworth League at 6:30 p. m., and Epworth League at seven p. m. The pastor will preach at 7.45 p. m. His subject: "The New Nativity."

Services in the First Presbyterian church, Sunday, Sept. 18. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Regular preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7.45 p. m., by Rev. Dr. John Hall, sr. In the evening his subject will be: "Why I am a Presbyterian." Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor at seven p. m.

Services in Hope chapel Sunday Sept. 18. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Song service and sermon at 7:45 p. m. Col. Bryant of New York city will deliver an address on temperance at the session of the Sunday-school. Col. Bryant and Mr. John Jaeger will speak in the evening.

First Baptist church—10:30 a. m., and 7.45 p. m., preaching by the Rev. Dr. D. J. Yorkston. 2:30 p. m., the Sunday-school and young men's Bible classes will meet; Wednesday, the regular church prayer meeting; and Friday, prayer meeting of the Young People's League. Both meetings at eight p. m. Strangers will be especially welcome.

COMMISSIONER PECK ARRESTED.

He Is Accused of Burning the Originals of His Report.

ALBANY, Sept. 17.—Warrants have been issued for the arrest of Charles F. Peck, the commissioner of the bureau of labor statistics, and for his stenographer, Elbert Rogers, charging them with destroying public documents, which is punishable by imprisonment for not more than five years nor less than one. The warrants were issued by Judge Landon on the applications of District Attorney Eaton and ex-Senator Norton Chase. The warrants were served last night. Mr. Peck told a United Press representative that he anticipated this step.

The interview with the committee appointed by the Democratic general committee to examine into the figures of the report was one of the most stormy ever held in any public office in the history of the capitol. The committee, consisting of Nelson Smith, E. Ellery Anderson, J. Schoonmaker and E. F. McSweeny, presented a set of questions asking for proof of each of the assertions contained in the summary of the report.

Mr. Peck refused to allow them to see the reports, claiming that he had pledged his word of honor that they should not be shown, but they might look at the tables of figures which were kept in the office. He refused to recognize Mr. Anderson, and when that gentleman spoke he turned his back and placed his fingers in his ears. At one point of the interview Mr. Anderson called him an "impudent pup," and Mr. Peck said he took it whence it came. At the close of the interview the gentlemen of the committee made a hurried inspection of a number of the tables.

Mr. Peck says he will rot in jail before he allows any of them to see the reports. He was interviewed as to his idea of the situation, and said that he considered it the culmination of the fight between the mugwumps and anti-Hill men against Senator Hill and his friends, and that it was all they could expect in the future. Judge Gutmann is quoted as saying that the prosecution have the charred remains of the reports.

It is charged that the documents were consumed on Sunday night by Janitor Denslow for two dollars. The papers were taken from the capitol to Mr. Peck's house in an express wagon last week. Albert Rogers, a clerk in Mr. Peck's office, made the contract with Denslow to burn a lot of papers that Mr. Peck did not want any longer."

MRS. HARRISON'S CONDITION.

It Is Slightly Better, but Still Critical. Another Operation Performed.

LOON LAKE, Sept. 17.—Mrs. Harrison's condition is slightly improved, but still most serious. The doctors made another examination, and after informing those in the presidential cottage of the result came to the hotel, where Dr. Doughty made the following official announcement of the result of their examination and of the operation of tapping which they performed:

The examination by the doctors showed an increase in the fluid in the pleural cavity, and it was found necessary to perform another operation.

From this statement it will be seen that Mrs. Harrison is still in a critical condition. She is by no means on the road to recovery, but danger of death is not so imminent as it was a few days ago. Her fate is hanging in the balance. The physicians will make no predictions concerning her chances of recovery.

The president is more hopeful and cheerful and is constantly at his wife's bedside. Messages of sympathy are pouring in from all over the country.

Kernell Buried His Money.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 17.—The finding of a roll of bills amounting to $400 buried in the sand in the rear of Comedian Harry Kernell's cottage by his little son gives color to the story that while in a fit of delirium tremens Mr. Drew hid his savings—$10,000—from a Philadelphia bank and hid it, so that neither he nor his family can find it.

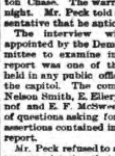
Both Sent to Prison for Life.

HARTFORD, Sept. 17.—Walter Albrecht, twenty-six years old, and Agnes Dillon, twenty-two, of New Britain, were each sentenced to state prison for life for an outrageous assault on Mrs. Smith and Miss Van Benschoten, two old ladies at Kensington, in the town of Berlin.

Dr. Torsey Dead.

KENT'S HILL, Me., Sept. 17.—Rev. Henry P. Torsey, D. D., LL. D., for about forty years president of the Maine Wesleyan seminary, is dead. Dr. Torsey was one of the leading educators of the country.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies —OR— Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa, which is absolutely pure and soluble.



It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

Beyond the Heat,

Above the Sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight

AT MIZZEN PEAK !

Build Your Home on Watchung Mountains
Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence.
Particulars of
J. T. VAIL, 49 North Avenue.
Plainfield, N. J.

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
26 West Front Street.

TO BAR OUT THE GERMS.

Mayor Grant Asks the President to Suspend Immigration.

NO NEW CHOLERA CASES IN GOTHAM.

Dr. Jenkins Says the Disease Is Also Stamped Out in Quarantine—No Fears That It Will Spread and No Anxiety Is Felt—Normannia's Passengers Freed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—With no new cases of cholera reported to the board of health, the cordon for checking the plague is certainly reassuring.

The members of the board of health regard the day's record as one that should allay the fears of the most timid. No secondary cases have appeared in the houses where the plague found victims. In the case of Edward Hoppe, who died Thursday morning, the bacteriological examination has not yet been completed, and the cause of death is therefore not yet fully established. If this case is a genuine one it is sporadic and is in a closely neighborhood, where infection can be easily guarded against.

The patient at the floating hospital, Mary Connerty, the nineteen-year-old Irish girl who was attacked by the disease, is still alive, although very sick.

The health board have not succeeded in establishing the medium of contagion in any of the cases as yet, except in that of the Lesinger child. In this case the origin of the disease has been traced to the effects of the four girls who came from Antwerp on the Friedland, and spent several days at the home of the Lesinger family.

In order that the girls might be held under observation, they were arrested by order of the board and sent to the Willard Parker hospital, where they can be watched.

Mayor Grant to the President.

After receiving reports from all the city officials having the sanitary condition of the city in charge, and conferring at length with the heads of the various city departments, Mayor Grant decided that it would be advisable to request the president to stop immigration from infected European ports entirely for the present. The following message was accordingly sent to President Harrison:

Hon. Benjamin Harrison:

DEAR SIR—As the mayor of the city of New York I deem it my duty to call your attention to the present condition of sanitary affairs in this city. While there is no cause for alarm in the present condition and while everything is being done by the authorities to prevent the spreading of the cholera, every reasonable precaution should be taken to *prevent its further* introduction into this community. I therefore request you as president of the United States to exercise such authority you possess to prevent further immigration for the country until all fear of the introduction of cholera shall have disappeared. I am, with great respect, very truly, HUGH J. GRANT, Mayor.

No New Cases in Quarantine.

Dr. Jenkins, the health officer, in an interview at Fort Hamilton this morning, said: "There were no new cases of cholera except those which came in on the Bohemia. This is very encouraging and is to me evidence that the disease is about cleaned up. I think that we have done remarkably well, and our record shows that while our facilities have been most inadequate for handling so many infected ships, and while there has never been a time when ships have piled in here with infections cases on board as they have during the past few days, we have succeeded in keeping the cholera down."

When asked if Fire island and Sandy Hook would be retained for permanent quarantine quarters Dr. Jenkins said: "As to Sandy Hook that is government property and I do not know about its use. We will hardly use Fire island for the present, but I do not think it will be a permanent addition to our present quarantine station. It would be better to locate another in the lower bay or to connect Hoffmans and Swinburne islands by piling and crib work filled in with ballast. This would give from five to eight acres of available ground, and would enable us to put up a comfortable pavilion for cabin passengers and others for steerage, and we could then take care of 3,000 or 4,000 people easily."

New York Not Scared.

The official report of Dr. Walsh, of Dr. Jenkins' staff, on the latest pest arrival, the Bohemia, is as follows:

Ten cabin passengers, 653 steerage, 77 crew. Had 32 sick during the voyage and 11 deaths; 4 sent to the hospital. Left Dr. Walsh on board to superintend fumigation and disinfection. This vessel, as well as the Scandia, had previously been disinfected with creolin and carbolic acid, both evidently powerful for the purpose.

The passengers of the Normannia have all been released from Fire island and landed in New York city. They were a happy lot when they found themselves free in the metropolis.

There has not been a single case of genuine cholera discovered on Staten Island, it remains to be seen, however, how the new cases, and the health officers say that there is no danger of the infection getting ashore through the sanitary lines that are now established.

New York city is free from alarm and the citizens are apparently unconcerned over the situation. Confidence is placed by many full faith in the cleaning of the officials.

Brighter in Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Sept. 17.—The total cholera cases number 897, or eleven fewer than yesterday. The deaths number 318, or ten more than yesterday. There have been 546 burials, or fifteen more than yesterday. The hospitals and cholera barracks are breaking up, the inmates of the hospitals and barracks there are practically no patients. All the patients now under treatment are of the dregs of the city's population.

Indianapolis Watchful.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 17.—The state board of health authorized the Indianapolis board to enforce a rigid quarantine against all trains from New York.

Baltimore Not Infected.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 17.—Miss Mencide did not die from cholera, but from nephritic cholera. Investigation proves there is no cholera in the city.

No Cholera in Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 17.—The health department reports that there is absolutely no cholera in Brooklyn.

Chief Leflin Dead.

MAYSVILLE, Ky., Sept. 17.—Chief of Police Leflin died suddenly from heart troubles.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Worth a Guinea a Box.

Taken as directed they will quickly restore Females to complete health. For a Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Disordered Liver, Constipation and Headache, and all Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Sick Headache, Wind in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fullness after meals, Dizziness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c., these Pills, when their use is persevered in, will be found to act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the human frame, and in a short time will restore females to complete health. They promptly remove any obstruction or irregularity of the system. For Females in every condition of life these Pills are invaluable. Every Lady should have a box in her possession, and before commencing to take them should read the printed instructions which are with every box. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicine. Price 25 cents in boxes. Beecham's Pills are sold in the United States.

Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating, of all druggists. Price 25 cents in boxes. Sold by J. C. Hubbard.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

We are making extensive preparations for our Fall Opening of our Millinery Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly so well and favorably known to the Trade of Plainfield.

GRANITE IRON WARE.

We shall continue our Special Sale of this excellent ware another week. There is Everything that housekeepers want, and you only pay about half the regular price.

A COMBINATION BARGAIN.

2½ yards 60-in. Damask Table Linen, 50 1.25
2 fine Damask Towels, 25 .50
3 yards Extra Heavy Crash, 13 .39
Total, $2.14

You buy all these for $1.60. This is the best linen bargain every offered.

FALL DRESS GOODS.

Special Attention is called to our new line of 1 ress Goods. 'Tis the finest assortment we have ever displayed, and our prices are right. Our line of Storm Serges that we are selling for fifty cents will interest you.

White & VanArsdale

FALL SHAPES
IN
DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis
5 West Front Street.

$500 LIFE INSURANCE Free
of cost to ALL Customers that trade with

FRED. W. DUNN.

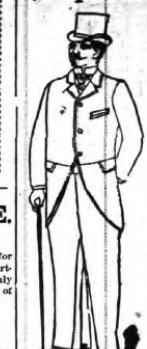
No. 18 North Avenue.

$500 Come and Get a Policy Free

Everybody Likes Me.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

SPECIAL SALE
OF
1,000 pairs of Trousers



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WERNER'S
CLOTHING
HOUSE
20 West Front Street.

A GOOD CHANCE for BARGAINS.

Our New Stock of
Fall and Winter
Goods Just Received.

It will pay you to examine them.

The Latest Styles of Hats and gentleman's furnishings.

A full line of Cloths for Clothing to Order.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong Ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with Ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

We Cannot Give You A House and Lot,

But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material.

Estimates furnished free of charge.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Painters and Decorators,
29 East Front street.

Educational.

Harned Academy
RE-OPENED SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and scientific studies.

The School of Languages in charge of Prof. D. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.

Classes now forming in German and French. Special Classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation for college. Music. Weekly lectures.

E. N. HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S
SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
and
KINDERGARTEN,
17 LAGRANDE AVENUE,
Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
S 31 1m*

H. SPENCER,
76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and seedsman. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old, in barrels or 40 gallons. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of fresh wholesale seeds. Early potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.,
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Residence, 9 Spruce street. Our Superintendent has had charge of the Board of Health Odorless Excavating for nineteen years. Satisfaction guaranteed or no pay. Also Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers.
P. O. Box 699. Telephone call 38.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departures of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:00 a. m., 11:00, 5:00, 8:00 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12:30, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—9:40 a. m., 1:15, 6:30p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

*Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CARRIAGE and HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessible at Any Time.
RYERSON,
33 SOMERSET STREET.

A Word to the Public!

OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.

Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. H. Boehm, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to please before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of stylish and tasty creations of the millinery art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.

Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private parties.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating machine for cleaning coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND PENNSYLVANIA COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 13 Ty

Miscellaneous Cards.

MR. LINDSAY
Intelligence Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. S 20 y

H. SPENCER,
76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and seedsman. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old, in barrels or 40 gallons. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of fresh wholesale seeds. Early potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

COAL LUMBER
And Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

THE G.A.R. ENCAMPMENT

Vice President Morton Will Officiate for the President.

A PROMPT RESPONSE TO THE CALL

The Programme, It Is Hoped, May Now Be Carried Out in Full—A Hot Contest Over the Commandership—Sanitary Precautions Are Needed in the Capital.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—President Harrison's place at the G. A. R. national encampment next week will be taken by Vice President Morton. That the president will not be present, owing to the serious illness of Mrs. Harrison, was made known definitely to the committees, and arrangements were at once begun to bring the vice president to Washington. In response to a telegram John Joy Edson, chairman of the executive committee, today received the following from Vice President Morton at his country place, Rhinecliff, N. Y.:

"Will leave for Washington Sunday and will hold myself in readiness for any required duty during the encampment."

As far as possible the vice president will represent the president, and except possibly the reception to the veterans at the White House, it is believed the programme arranged for next week will be carried out. The vice president will be present at the dedication of Grand Army place, Monday, and at the reception and concert at the pension bureau, and will review the parade from the president's stand. It is hoped that the reception at the White House, which was to be one of the events of the week, may yet be arranged.

The streets are filling up rapidly with the expected visitors. A few of the G. A. R. posts have come in, but the bulk of the arrivals are attracted by the immense gathering expected. Adjutant General Pfisterer was the first grand encampment official to put in an appearance. He arrived to supervise the preliminaries and make things ready for General Palmer, grand commander, who will be here Sunday. The greater number of visitors and delegates will reach Washington that day.

The Next Commander.

The contest over the election of a grand commander in chief promises to be the most interesting feature of the encampment, and it will not be settled from present appearances without something of a struggle. The avowed candidates are Colonel Charles P. Lincoln, deputy commissioner of pensions; General Weisert, of Wisconsin, and General Hurst, of Ohio. Colonel Lincoln would seem to have got a "black eye," as it were, in the action of the district department last night, when it was voted to present the name of Captain J. M. Pipes for senior vice commander in chief. Since 1882 this office, by courtesy, has been given to the department entertaining the encampment.

Of course the election of Colonel Lincoln as grand commander would put Captain Pipes out of the ring, and his friends expect the sentiment in favor of doing away with the custom of choosing the senior vice commander in chief to aid them in bringing it about. They are quite sanguine of success, asserting that he has already a sufficient number of delegates pledged to elect him. Other members of the district department expect General Weisert to be elected. He was chosen senior vice commander under General Alger at Milwaukee and was an unsuccessful candidate with Colonel Lincoln against General Palmer at Detroit last year.

That the next encampment will go to Indianapolis seems to be conceded. Chicago has withdrawn any claims she may have had and will support Indianapolis. The only other city so far named is Denver, and it is said she enters now for the purpose of getting a good position to fight for the encampment of 1894.

Sanitary Precautions Necessary.

The appearance of cholera in New York occasions great uneasiness among the citizens of Washington in view of the fact that 250,000 strangers, coming from all parts of the country, will be crowded together here next week. Every arrangement has been made for the comfort of the guests, but the sanitary conditions will not be perfect and would be favorable to the rapid spread of the disease should it appear here during the encampment.

The camp is on low ground, with only temporary sewerage, and the school houses which will be occupied are not provided with the conveniences of dwellings. The authorities speak lightly of the danger and they will do well to take greater precautions than they have yet taken.

Federal authorities will do all they can to help preserve the healthful surroundings of the veterans during their visit. Secretary Foster said that he does not think there is any danger to the encampment from cholera. He said that he did not regard the situation in New York as very serious, believing that the disease would not be allowed to spread. He did not think there was reason to apprehend its appearance here, nor that it would in any way interfere with the encampment.

Murder and Suicide.

BELFAST, Me., Sept. 17.—At Belmont Samuel Moody, aged forty-two, married, shot Fannie Nichols, aged twenty-six, and then himself. Both are dead. Jealousy is the supposed cause.

Colonel Ahl Drops Dead.

CARLISLE, Pa., Sept. 17.—Colonel Daniel V. Ahl, railroad king, politician, business man and well known throughout the state, fell dead at Newville from heart failure.

The Confederate Attorney General Dead.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 17.—Thomas H. Watts, ex-governor of Alabama and attorney general in the Confederate cabinet, died here after several weeks' illness.

The Souvenir Half Dollars.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Director General Davis, Mint Director Leech and Engraver Barber are in conference to select the design for the souvenir half dollar.

An Oil Factory Burned.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 17.—The Occidental Oil company's factory on Imlay street, between Verona and William streets, South Brooklyn, was destroyed by fire.

A Yacht Destroyed.

NUBBLE REEFS, Me., Sept. 17.—The cutter yacht Iva, belonging to Tracey Peck, Jr. (Yale, '95), ran ashore on the rocks and was totally destroyed.

Two Men Suffocated.

TORONTO, Sept. 17.—Robert Hamilton and Frank Harper were found dead in their bedroom with two gas jets turned on.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be fair and hazy, with about the same temperature.

Fifty Cents

Per Week.

Did you Ever Hear of Such an Opportunity?

EVERY WAGE WORKER IN PLAINFIELD CAN OWN A HOME.

Do not Miss this Great Offer.

The Great Clearance Sale of

50 UNSOLD LOTS,

Opposite Netherwood Depot. I will offer until OCTOBER 1st

$100 Lots for $90.

On Payment of

$5 Cash; Balance 50 Cents a Week.

$125 lots, $5 cash; balance 75c. a week.

$150 lots, $10 cash; balance $1 a week.

Lots in the immediate vicinity are selling from $300 to $500. My price for the 15 days only, $90 to $150 a Lot.

This Great Sale will commence on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17TH,

and will continue only for a few days. As there are only 50 lots, do not put it off. Come at once.

Sunday is Going to be Special Exhibition Day.

REMEMBER, 50 CENTS A WEEK.

Just think how easy you can put by this small amount.

Buy for a home. Buy for Investment.

Buy a Lot for your Children. It is a great Savings Bank.

Maps and full Particulars

WM. H. MOFFITT,

49 North Avenue.

THE BEE HIVE!

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladi s' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates	75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black,	$1
The "Gladys" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns	$1
8 Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates,	85c
Gents' Kid Gloves,	$1

Also a full line of

Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street

2d Hand School Books

Those having

Old School Books

which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in

Before September 5th.

We can make better allowances now than after school opens.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST

and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address

NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders' Cards.

Daniel Hulick,

Carpenter

and

General Jobber.

SHOP

35 Jackson Avenue,

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS,

28 East Front Street.

First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER,

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 962.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters

and Builders.

W. J. Pierson, No. 16 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.

All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH.

PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.

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Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Sept. 13, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 14, 5 37, 6 08, 6 14, 6 39, 6 59, 7 26, 7 50, 8 00, 8 12, 8 27, 8 51, 9 05, 9 32, 10 04, 10 25, 11 09, a. m.; 12 01 noon, 12 45, 1 02, 1 41, 2 30, 3 02, 3 30, 4 04, 4 51, 5 04, 5 25, 6 00, 6 39, 7 08, 10 13, 11 38, p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 4 14, 6 04, 8 02, 11 11, 12 52 a. m., 12 58, 1 45, 2 30, 3 15, 7 02, 7 52, 8 38, 10 07, p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 4 00, 5 15, 7 45, 8 40, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, a. m.; 12 00 noon, 1 30, 2 30, 3 45, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 15, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 15, 10 00, 11 30, p. m., 12 30, 1 00 night. Sunday, 4 00, 7 15, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 00 m.; 1 00, 2 30, 4 00, 5 30, 6 30, 7 00, 9 00, 10 00, p. m.; 12 00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 38, 8 20, 6 58, 7 30, 8 00, 8 48, 9 05, 10 04, 10 37, 11 00, a. m.; 12 00 noon, 12 55, 1 05, 1 40, 2 15, 3 00, 3 51, 4 05, 4 46, 5 06, 5 30, 6 10, 7 06, 8 00, 9 13, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 8 01, 8 57, 11 42 a. m., 12 38, 1 42, 2 30, 3 54, 4 28, 5 45, 10 07, p. m. Leave Newark at 6 15, 7 12, 7 50, 8 50, 10 05, 11 38, a. m.; 12 08, 1 22, 2 25, 3 28, 4 05, 4 35, 5 30, 6 10, 7 26, 8 45, 10 05, 11 26 p. m. Sunday at 7 00, 8 30, 10 15, 11 48 a. m., 1 15, 2 40, 4 16, 5 40, 6 58, 7 56, 9 30, 10 39 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 38, 8 17, 9 42 a. m., 1 20, 4 26, 6 00 p. m. Sunday at 9 42 a. m., 6 00 p. m. Arrive Somerville at 6 08, 8 47, 10 12 a. m., 1 50, 4 56, 6 30 p. m. Sunday at 10 12 a. m., 6 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 45, a. m., 1 20, 5 20, 6 00 p. m. Sunday at 9 45 a. m., 5 20 p. m. Arrive Easton at 9 30, 11 55 a. m., 3 50, 7 40 p. m. Sundays 5 20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 45, a. m., 1 20, 5 20 p. m. Sundays 5 20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 37 a. m. for stations to High Bridge connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.

8 12 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R., Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9 52 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R., Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Scranton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Tamaqua, Shamokin, (parlor car to Mauch Chunk).

4 20 p. m. for Flemington.

5 15 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

8 20 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8 45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, and Scranton. 8 20 a. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, 5 20 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

6 35 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 2 07, 6 05, 11 10 a. m.; 4 05, 4 06, 11 59 p. m. Sundays, 2 07, 6 05, 11 10 a. m.; 4 05, 4 06 p. m. Ocean Grove 9 30 a. m. and 2 30 p. m. Arrive at North Amboy 2 07, 6 05, 11 10 a. m.; 4 05, 4 06, 11 59 p. m. Sunday 2 07, 11 10 a. m.; 4 06 p. m.

For Atlantic City 2 07, 11 10 a. m., 4 06 p. m. For Cape May 2 07, 11 10 a. m., 4 06 p. m.

For Tuckerton 2 07, 11 10 a. m., 4 06 p. m. For Beach Haven 2 07, 11 10 a. m., 4 06 p. m. For Sea Girt 2 07, 6 05, 11 10 a. m., 4 06, 11 59 p. m. Sundays 2 07, 11 10 a. m., 4 06 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 2 07, 5 20, 7 40, 10 05 a. m., 12 01, 1 20, 4 06, 5 40, 7 30, 11 59 p. m. Sundays at 2 07, 7 40, 10 05 a. m., 12 01, 4 06, 7 30, 11 59 p. m.

For Trenton at 2 07, 5 20, 7 40, 10 05 a. m., 12 01, 1 20, 4 06, 5 40, 7 30, 11 59 p. m. Sundays at 2 07, 7 40, 10 05 a. m., 12 01, 4 06, 7 30, 11 59 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 4 05, 5 20, 7 40, 10 05 a. m., 12 01, 1 20, 4 06, 5 40, 7 30, 11 59 p. m. Sundays at 2 07, 7 40, 10 05 a. m., 12 01, 4 06, 7 30, 11 59 p. m.

Through cars to Baltimore and Washington at 4 05, 5 20, 7 40, 10 05 a. m., 12 01, 1 20, 4 06, 5 40, 7 30, 11 59 p. m. Sundays at 2 07, 7 40, 10 05 a. m., 12 01, 4 06, 7 30, 11 59 p. m.

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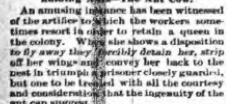
Science Progress.

CURIOUS HABITS OF ANTS.

The Queen a Prisoner in State—Slave-holding Ants—The Ant Cow.

An amusing instance has been witnessed of the artifice to which the workers sometimes resort in order to retain a queen in the colony. When she shows a disposition *to fly away they forcibly detain her, strip* off her wings and convey her back to the nest in triumph. A prisoner closely guarded, but one to be treated with all the courtesy and consideration that the ingenuity of the ant can suggest.



SLAVES IN ATTENDANCE ON THE QUEEN.

The peculiar habit of some ants is their disposition to furnish their own habitation with slaves at the expense of neighboring communities. They assemble in large numbers and set out on marauding expeditions, capturing nests by assault and carrying off the slaves and young in the teeth of opposition, to be brought up in *their own colony, to work for their captors.*

Another curious and interesting habit of some ants is their cultivation of the ant cow, an insect from which they obtain a kind of honey. The cows are not admitted to the habitation of the ants, but have a separate establishment built for them by *their masters, who rear their young with* as much care as they bestow on their own. The ant-cow destroys the milk that it yields from the sap of plants which it sucks, and its master frequently depends almost en-

ANT MILKING AN ANT COW.

tirely on it for food supplies for itself and young. The liquid sometimes flows spontaneously from the cow, but the ant can obtain it whenever needed by a process of *milking.*

Sir J. Lubbock has made some interesting experiments pointing to the fact that ants by some means or other contrive to recognize their kindred after long periods of separation.

Bodies at the Bottom of the Sea.

There is a common notion that a human body or even a ship will not sink to the bottom of the profounder abysses of the oceans, but will on account of the density of the waters at a great depth remain suspended at some distance above the surface *of the earth. A writer in Scribner's* Monthly explains that this is an error. No other fate awaits the drowned sailor or his ship than that which comes to the marine creatures who die on the bottom of the sea. In time their dust all passes into the great storehouse of the earth, even as those who receive burial on land. Hardest parts of the skeleton are quickly taken again into the realm of the living, and even those more resisting portions of the body in time are in large part appropriated by the creatures of the sea floor, so that before the dust returns in the accumulating water to the firm, set earth, it may pass through an extended cycle of living forms.

The Finest Mother of Pearl.

The most beautiful mother of pearl, unless that of the abalone be excepted, is obtained, according to The Manufacturers' Gazette, from the nautilus, which is a cephelion and related to the cuttle-fish. Occupying only the mouth of its dwelling, the latter is composed of a series of empty chambers, each of which the animal has *successively lived in and vacated as it* grew bigger, building up behind it at each move a wall of purest pearl. These vacant rooms of pearl are all connected by a pneumatic tube, which enables the creature to so control the air supply to its house as to make the domicil lighter or heavier *as will, in order to ascend or descend in* the water. The shell is too thin to bear grinding, and so muriatic acid is used to remove the outer coat and disclose the exquisite nacre beneath.

The Brutal Dove.

Naturalists are aware of the sentimental error which typifies gentleness in the dove and have often remarked its ferocity, according to a correspondent of Science, who supports this idea by the following evidence:

About twenty-one years ago a mature male dove flew into the house of Mr. Paul Closius, of Chicago and soon became quite domesticated. Old Tom, as he is called, was rescued from the great fire of the following October, and later was given a female mate, which he pecked to death.

Thinking that it might be an instance of incompatibility, he was given another, which he tormented, neglected and abused until she also perished. This instance also confirms the belief that doves are long lived.

Teak Wood for Shipbuilding.

Teak wood is known to be undoubtedly superior to all other woods for shipbuilding purposes. The Industrial World tells that this superiority is due to the fact that teak wood contains an essential oil which prevents spikes and nails driven into it from rusting. This property is not possessed by any other wood in the world, and furnishes an explanation of the fact that ships built of teak are practically indestructible. Some have been known to last 200 years, and when broken up their beams were as sound as when first put together.

To Restore Old Oak.

To revive old oak furniture first wash it with warm water and a little soap, to get all dust and dirt off; then make a mixture of beeswax and turpentine, and with a piece of green baize well saturated with *this rub hard and long. It will take a* long while to do, but with plenty of "elbow grease" the articles will be returned to their primal state.

A Pioneer in Carpet Dodging.

Once their was a woman in the interior of this state who set out wondering what she could do to make money. With her eyes riveted on the floor she thought over all the various things that women did. Then, so curiously the mind works, she found herself absorbed, as if it was the most inconspicuous, while he exchanges the small talk of the day? If the man himself had the fascination to walk with you and talk as he walked by your side. If he is in too great a hurry to do that he has not time to keep you standing. If what he has to say is important the sidewalk is not the place to tell it. If it is not he has no right to ask you to put yourself in danger of being cut in two by a baby cab while he utters soft nothings. No young lady of good taste will allow a man to monopolize her in that way. If her male acquaintance does not value her enough to walk with her he is not worth the trouble of posing as a sidewalk image for his benefit.

The habit is not an agreeable one when extended to our own sex exclusively. In a hot day in summer or a cold day in winter, who has not stood wearily like a melancholy stork to hear some account of a friend's troubles, with the thermometer up in the nineties or down to zero. It is a wonder that there are not more of us turned into Daphne's nymphs after such rooted experiences.—Detroit Free Press.

A Milk Laboratory.

Boston has a milk laboratory where *infants' food is prepared according to the* physician's prescription, as accurately as drug prescriptions are filled at a pharmacy. The milk comes from a herd of cows carefully selected as to breed and systematically fed, so that the milk will have as nearly as possible an unvarying percentage. The milking is done in vessels of glass, kept exquisitely clean, is cooled rapidly and taken to the laboratory. There the air is changed and kept pure by a large fan that keeps up a "constant outward current of air." The cream is freed with white tiles and by means of a separator an unvarying 16 per cent. cream can in a short time be obtained from the milk. A large sterilizer into which steam is introduced exposes the milk to a high or low temperature according to requirement. The elements used to make up the prescription are the cream, clean skimmed milk, cream of a "stable percentage," and sugar obtained from milk sugar and distilled water.

The cost of food prepared in this way is said to be very moderate, and after the physician's prescription is filled all that the nurse has to do is to warm it before giving it to the babe.—New York Post.

Are Our Girls Getting Taller?

"Have you noticed," said a gibed youth in Hyde park, "how much taller the girls have been these last few seasons than formerly?" The remark was just, and though it did not seem to the critic like a reason for the change is obvious enough. These tall girls, with their graceful figures and free movements, have had an education in gymnastics which has developed them to a point of physical perfection of which their mothers never dreamed. A recent critic complained that little women had gone out in fiction, and perhaps this has happened, because to a great extent the little woman has gone out in real life.

So much the better, for though in statistics, and perhaps in courting days, there is something fascinating in the heroine's bird-like flutterings, in her nestling timidly in the hero's protecting arms or standing on tiptoe to fasten a flower in his buttonhole, the charming fairy was apt, if you only knew it, to become an invalid in maturer life, and spent half her time upon the sofa. The lady who reclines at a soda fountain also vanished from fiction, at least as an interesting and attractive character, and to die of consumption is no longer romantic. Health is in fashion—in the park and elsewhere.—London Hospital.

A Shelf for Borrowed Articles.

No one likes to send for something which has been loaned—it is a rebuke which it is unpleasant to give as well as to receive. This experiment of a woman in this connection may be of use to some others. A certain shelf in a certain closet was given up to borrowed articles. The moment one came into the house it was put there. If its use was immediate, it was returned to the shelf after such use, and a constant inspection kept the receptacle clear of such articles as had served their borrowed purpose. Nothing borrowed was ever lost, and everything was promptly returned, by being easily accessible at the opportune moment. Children in particular are apt to be careless borrowers and lenders. Such a shelf is a valuable object lesson in a family of young people, and in their way many elders who need profit by it as well.—Her Point of View in New York Times.

A Clever Woman and Her Age.

A level headed woman who has bidden goodby to the first bloom of her youth, but is making out extremely well on the aftermath, has *successfully* solved the problem of ignoring all other women's inquiries with regard to her age.

"Whenever a woman has the cheek to ask me what my age is," she explained, "I always beam upon her and immediately exclaim, 'Oh, my dear girl, I am a great deal older than you are—a whole year at least.' And then the woman can find time or breath for another question, I add, 'And by the way, what is your exact age, dear?' The woman, taken by surprise, lies heroically or stammers out something unlike, 'I am out at least five years younger than I would have dared to make myself."—New York Evening Sun.

A statistical item of interest to women is that women today are two inches taller on an average than they were twenty-five years ago. The cause is found in the exchange of the embroidery needle for the tennis racquet, the oar and the gymnastic apparatus of the school and college.

A very simple and strong cement may be made for glass and earthenware by diluting the white of an egg with its bulk of water. Beat up thoroughly, then bring to the consistency of thin paste with powdered quicklime. It must be used immediately or it will lose its virtue.

The lady or dressmaker who has pricked her finger hitherto at her sewing need suffer in this wise no longer, for an india rubber protector has been introduced that can be worn with comfort on the first finger of the left hand.

To keep polished steel from rusting after cleaning, or when not in use, take a cloth with a little sweet oil on it and wipe the steel over, so that the surface may have a very light but warm coating of oil.

The learned societies across the ocean seem to be recognizing the fact that there is lack of reason and want of sense in confining their fellowship to members of a single sex.

GOOD HEALTH

EQUIPOISE OF THE BODY.

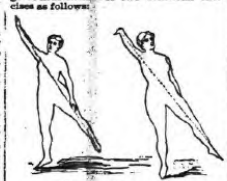
Exercises That Lengthen the Body and Improve the Shape of the Waist.

There are very few mature bodies which have not some slight deformity, yet most of such irregularities may be remedied if not removed by the persistent use of the right kind of exercises. Each case needs special treatment, but there are certain exercises which will establish the equipoise of the body, and this helps to remove all kinds of angularities and misplacements. In the two exercises given the entire body and all the limbs are used to the best advantage, because while there is hardly an acquired defect which will not be remedied, where there are so such defects the body will be given "ease" and muscular balance.

Two extremes are noticeable in the movements of the American people. Their manner of motion is most inclined to be "jerky" and spasmodic, showing an inability to control the nervous and muscular force, and at the same time these people lose great amounts of energy by wasting power not needed.

The other extreme is noticed less frequently in the languid and devitalized movements of some people. This loss of nervous force comes from some form of illness or is the result of heredity. The muscles and nerves are intimately connected, for "the muscle obeys the nerve, and its degree of contractility depends upon the degree of irritability of the nerve."

A writer in Country Gentleman, whom we quote in the foregoing paragraphs, gives illustrations of two beneficial exercises as follows:



ELONGATING EXERCISES.

No. 1 shows what is called an elongating exercise, and this is the forward position, taken in this manner: Raise the right arm and left leg in such a way that a diagonal line starting from the wrist, passing through the center of the body, would end in the toe of the opposite foot. The body must be held erect, and all the weight thrown upon the *right foot. Raise the* left leg and swing it back by throwing force into the thigh. The right arm is raised and thrown up and out, with palm forward. Then while the balance of the body is firmly maintained, push with the extended arm some imaginary object, *putting force into the entire body, with the* exception of the left arm. If really pushing against something, this would not assist one, and consequently should not be taxed. The weight of the body must be carried over toward the extended hand slowly and as far as possible and retain a balance.

In No. 2 the left leg is thrown out forward diagonally and with force, while the right arm is thrown back with the palm held up. Both of these exercises must be taken very moderately, without any "jerky" movements, and when practicing them it is best to hold one position as long as you can without feeling any strain—say for half a minute—and then reverse to the other position. These exercises, while tending to lengthen the body, will greatly improve the shape of the waist, making it more round and supple.

ETIQUETTE

PRACTICAL NOTES.

Useful Information on a Variety of Everyday Matters.

From Harper's Bazar are gleaned the following helpful items:

Teach your little girls to courtesy when they are presented to an older person.

Have the wedding breakfast on a table in the dining room, and serve it to the guests *standing, as few rooms are large* enough to seat so many. The feast consists of bouillon, croquettes, salads, sandwiches, ices and sweets. The wedding cake is a rich fruit cake put up in small white boxes like shapes and given away as souvenirs.

No cash is necessary in acknowledgment of the invitation to a church wedding. If the bride had desired a call from you she would have sent you an "at home" card.

The spoon remains in the saucer except when in actual use.

You should not ask a man to enter the house after your return from theater. Certainly thank a man for any attention that causes him trouble. If you desire the man to call upon you next day ask him to do so.

Send your acceptance to the lady to whom you are indebted for the invitation. If you are in mourning, your bordered cards explain your regret sufficiently.

Surely a girl need not take a man's arm unless she wishes to do so. Many girls prefer to walk independently.

Send a note of congratulation to your friend on receiving cards announcing her marriage.

The groom at a quiet home wedding should wear gloves matching those worn by the bride, either gray or tan, as best suits her traveling dress. The gloves should be worn during the ceremony.

There is only one way to serve coffee at dinner—in small cups after the dinner. Artificial flowers are in the worst possible taste for table decoration.

There is no such title as "Mrs. Dr." At table serve the ladies of the family before the man guest.

A man need not naturally ask permission of a girl before writing to her, and of course the first letter would come from him.

Dr., or Doctor, is better for a calling card than the more professional M. D. When a man leaves cards for himself and wife, he leaves separate cards; as, if calling upon a man and wife he leaves two of his own and one of his wife's. The Mr. and Mrs. card is of little use now, except to send with a wedding gift or something of that sort.

This Date in History—Sept. 17.

1409—Columbus still in sight of the most westward of the Canary Isles and chasing all the extraordinary coins; the sails flapping idly, and the crew was unruffled. In the histories the date is Sept. 5, old style.

1630—Philip IV of Spain died.

1759—Condorcet, French mathematician, born; died 1794.In prison, to which he had been sent by the Jacobins.

1796—Samuel Prout, English painter, born in Plymouth; died 1852.

1858—Ancient Quintus Curtius Lamar, now Justice of the United States supreme court, born.

1862—Battle of Antietam; Federal losses, 12,469; Confederate, about 9,500.

1871—Mont Cenis tunnel opened.

1875—British ship Cimbria wrecked off St. Vincent; 12 lives lost.

1890—Crisis in Portugal on account of troubles with England; the cabinet resigned.

A Difference of Opinion.

What constitutes the point of a joke is largely a matter of opinion. A German on day expressed himself as being somewhat offended because an American gentleman had asserted that his Teutonic countryman could not as a rule appreciate American jokes.

"Try one on me!" said he defiantly, and the American accordingly told him the story of the two "cut wads" which was so high that it took two men to see to the top. One of them saw as far as he could, and then the second began to look at the spot where the first stopped seeing.

The recital did not raise the ghost of a smile upon the German's face, and the other said to him:

"Well, you see, the joke is lost on you. You can't appreciate American humor."

"Oh, but!" said the German, with the frankness characteristic of his countrymen, "that is not humor—that is one lie!"—Tit-Bits.

Robbie's Thanks.

Little Bob has been missing the comforts of home, especially in the culinary department, while away from home on an outing. The other evening in the midst of prayer Bob said with devout earnestness:

"Oh, Lord, I thank thee that we have a good cook—in Washington."—Washington Post.

For a Peculiar Constituency.

"Alfred, dear," said the poet's wife, "does your poetic license allow you to rhyme 'frozen' with 'dozen?'"

"No, usually. But this is for The Deaf and Dumb Magazine, see? And as long as it looks all right, that is enough."—Indianapolis Journal.

1892 September. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon 6 p.m. | New Moon 20 p.m.
Third Quarter 13 7.56 a.m. | First Quarter 29 3.16 a.m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

First-class bar attached.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 26 6m.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE,

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

Corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as

RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS,
PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC.
WINTER AND FALL BLANKS,

They also have a big stock of

PARLOR HEATERS,

New Styles. Very Cheap.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!

After the use of

Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.

Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child.

SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors,

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between John H. Doane and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union and State of New Jersey, under the firm name of Doane & Van Arsdale, was dissolved on this ninth day of September instant, by mutual consent, and the said Morris C. Van Arsdale having sold all his equal one-half right, title and interest in said partnership to Ebenezer Edsall, of the City of Plainfield, County and State aforesaid. The business will hereafter be carried on at the old stand under the firm name and style of Doane & Edsall. All debts owing to the late partnership are to be received by said Doane & Edsall; and all claims and demands on the late partnership are to be presented to them. Doane & Edsall for payment.

JNO. H. DOANE,
MORRIS C. VAN ARSDALE,
EBENEZ EDSALL.

Dated this 9th day of September, 1892. 14 4

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between George L. Van Emburgh and Edward White, of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Van Emburgh & White, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to said late partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

G. L. VAN EMBURGH,
EDWARD WHITE.

Dated September 14, 1892. 15 tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 14, 1892.

To Whom it May Concern.

Be it known that Mr. Edward White and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union, State of New Jersey, have this fourteenth day of September, 1892, formed a co-partnership under the firm name of White & Van Arsdale, to succeed the firm of Van Emburgh & White, dealers in dry goods, notions, etc., which business will be continued at the same place, No. 18 West Front street, where they will be pleased to serve patrons and friends.

EDWARD WHITE,
of the late firm Van Emburgh & White.
MORRIS VAN ARSDALE,
of the late firm of Doane & Van Arsdale.
14 12

BEACH'S

Celebrated

PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

Also

HOME MADE White Bread. Gluten Bread. Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Crullers, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPES and CRAB APPLE JELLY. Sweet cider made and extra nice.

ANY of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday dinner on or before Saturday morning.

M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—37 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

LOOK HERE!

FIVE gallons of Best Kerosence Oil, 150 test, and patent can.

90c.

Headquarters for Sweet Potatoes!

50c. Basket (16 quarts)

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail, 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

COME AND SEE

the Large Stock of

Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store

76 WEST FRONT STREET,

ALSO

Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.

AT CAREY'S,

76, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.

Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,

Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.

A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on

..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..
..Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks..

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.

1878. Membership 138,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization.

Wetumpka Lodge, 3401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m. in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall Building.

Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VANALSTINE, Dictator.
RALPH FAY PORTER, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article,

A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,

to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

NEUMANN BROS.,

BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

New Marble and Granite Works.

We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.

J. E. Townsend, Manager.

No. 20 SOMERSET STREET.

Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

THE PLACE TO BUY SECOND-HAND FURNITURE IS AT

MUSGRAVE'S,

27 Somerset street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 42. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

TWO UNIQUE SERMONS.

DELIVERED AT THE METHODIST CHURCH YESTERDAY.

The Rev. Dr. Mitchell Tells His People in the Morning "How to Endure Prosperity," and at Night, "How to Endure Adversity.

Yesterday morning a large congregation in the Methodist Episcopal church listened to the pastor preach from the text, Philippians 4:12, "I Know How to Abound." His subject was, How to Endure Prosperity." *He said many sermons had been preached on how to endure adversity, but who ever heard a sermon on how to endure prosperity? It is a common notion that every man should know how to use prosperity if he only possessed it. Men are more anxious to know how to become rich than they are to know how to use riches.*

Many a man wants advice as to how he may bear up under great trial, but no man is inquiring how he may bear his prosperity.

It is easy to know how to use riches when it is to cast them away and turn ascetic. A man like Francis H. Root, of Buffalo, who died last week, who spends his great wealth for the good of his fellows, is a nobler Christian than any monk that ever lived.

I am not here to advise you to throw away your riches, but to warn you of the dangers and responsibilities of wealth, and point out to you the privileges they involve.

It is more important to know how to be anything in the best way than it is the power of to do. To know how to use a blessing is of more importance than the mere possession of it.

The speaker illustrated and enforced *his position by referring first to the man* who abounds in wealth, and showed how he was to endure that kind of prosperity. If a man's riches do not make him more helpful to his fellows, more sympathetic, more generous, and refined in his nature, he does not know how to be rich. The man of wealth must learn the lesson that all he has he merely holds in trust for God. That he is not a partner but a mere agent for God, and that the day is coming in which he must give an account of his stewardship.

The next point was, how to endure the prosperity of such knowledge. Many a man has much knowledge but no wisdom. The incident was told of a German scholar whom the pastor met in college, who was a graduate of Heidelberg, and had gone to the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Leipsic, who coached the students for their examinations. He was a learned man, but had no practical sense. Could not hold a professorship. He had a good memory and could retain facts, but he lacked common sense, and made a failure of life. He did not know how to use his knowledge.

The speaker next showed how many a man had been spoiled by popularity, and had been ruined by their desire to be known as "hail-fellows well met." They cared more for man's opinion than for God's opinion. The true way to bear the prosperity of a multitude of friends is to love the friendship of God; His love shed in the heart, and then that love will hallow all the other loves and friendships.

Lastly, the speaker dwelt upon the abundance of grace, and showed how the Christian life was to be spent as a recipient of special divine favor and blessing. Many people seem to think that religion is one thing for getting and another for using them happy. It does make men happy, *but it does more. It sends them out to* do good to others. The steam is not for the boilers, but for the cylinders and the the revolving wheels. The blessing is not for sinning, but for service. Prayer is service for God and men. Special spiritual strength and enjoyment are no more to be squandered on one's self, than money is for the gratification of mere selfish desires.

In the evening, Dr. Mitchell took up the other side of the question and showed how we are to endure adversity. He showed that the true philosophy of life was to regard your lot as God-appointed, the place you occupy as the one to best develope your character and work out your salvation. He knows best what place will be most effective in developing you. We should not attempt to belittle our sphere by comparing it with others. The man who is deprived of natural riches may gather strength of moral fibre from the struggle. He will learn sympathize with his needy brethren, and he learns how to trust and confide in God. In such a way God leads us to give further outline of this unique sermon. In closing the pastor enforced the necessity of being right where you are. It may not feel much like it. We may not always feel like doing the right thing, but we should always do the right thing because it is right and it is our duty to do. On that dark day in 1789 when the cannon were lighted and the guillotine went to roost at midday, the Connecticut legislature was in session at Hartford. When the question came on, the House of Representatives adjourned. It was proposed to adjourn in the Senate. Col. Davenport arose to oppose adjournment, and said, "Either the Day of Judgment is approaching, or it is not. If it is not, there is no need of adjournment, if it is approaching, I want to be found at my post of duty. I therefore move that candles be brought." I like the ring of a man like that. Let us do our duty, though the heavens fall, whether we feel like it or not.

THE BICYCLE CLUB CARNIVAL.

Arranging for an Athletic Meet, Parade and Smoker in October.

At a meeting of the Plainfield Bicycle Club, in the club house Saturday, it was decided to have a bicycle meet around October 14. It will be called "The Plainfield Bicycle Club Carnival." The programme included an afternoon parade, races at the fair grounds and a gay smoker at the club house. Captain Marsio, Geo. Mahon and A. T. Heinrich composed the committee. Two more members will be added.

After the meeting Mr. Allen, a young athletic instructor, gave an exhibition drill in the gymnasium.

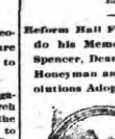
—"Under the Lion's Paw" was exhibited at Music Hall, Saturday evening, to an appreciative audience.

—Edsall announces to-day to make and line carpets free of charge, and a splendid assortment of beautiful styles to select from. He also advertises a special list of seasonable articles at "cut" prices which he says he will guarantee to be far better bargains than are usually advertised as such.

MEMORIAL SERVICES.

IN HONOR OF THE LATE JOSEPH ENGLISH.

Reform Hall Filled Last Evening to do his Memory Honor—President Spencer, Dean Rodman, Rev. Mr. Honeyman and Others speak—Resolutions Adopted.



VERY ONE who remembers the good work and pleasant personality of the late "Joe" English, felt deep sympathy at learning of his death. The memorial service in his honor at Reform Hall, last evening was well attended.

President Spencer occupied the chair, *and in a few well-chosen remarks introduced* Dean Rodman as the first speaker. He dwelt at length upon the unselfishness and hopefulness of the deceased and related many of his other virtues. He told how deceased had devoted the last twenty-five years of his life to what he considered the grand work of rescuing men from the haunts of vice that they might live sober Christian lives.

Rev. Dr. Honeyman was then introduced, and said that the more intimately he became acquainted with Joseph English, the more he became impressed with his unassuming Christian character as a devoted man of God.

President Spencer, in a brief speech, said he recognized his noble traits of character, and as a slight tribute of respect presented the following:

The Plainfield Reform Club, at this Joseph English Memorial service, held at Reform Hall, Sunday, September 18th, 1892, in grateful recollection of his work as one of the chief organizers and most steadfast friends,

Resolved, That an all-wise and over-ruling Providence, having removed from our midst our esteemed friend and co-worker in this great cause of moral reform, Joseph English,

Resolved, That in the death of Joseph English, this club, and the community at large, sustained an irreparable loss, and the temperance cause one of its ablest and most unselfish workers;

Resolved, That Joseph English, an Irish lad of humble parentage, was endowed by his Creator by God, with the gifts to reach the hearts of men. His tact, his kindly disposition, his large heart, overflowing with wit and humor, characteristic of his race, developed in him the wholesouled philanthropist and Christian gentleman, and thousands of men, women and children, will live in grateful remembrance of his noble work, which created happy homes, where desolation had been wrought by intemperance;

Resolved, That we tender to the afflicted family of deceased our heartfelt sympathy in this hour of their great bereavement.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in all the daily papers, and that a copy be engrossed and forwarded to the family.

H. N. SPENCER, Chairman.
W. VANDERBEEK,
W. H. CORNUTOR,
R. P. W. ELLIAS,
J. VOSS,
Ex. Com.

Mrs. Opdyke, President of the W. T. A. S., was then introduced, and spoke in a very feeling manner of the services of Mr. English and attributed his success in a great measure to the unselfish motives of Mrs. English.

PERSONAL.

A Glee Club from New York were the guests, for several days, of Miss Agnes Fitzgerald of Somerset place, North Plainfield.

Miss Josie Pritts of Somerset street, North Plainfield, has returned from a few days visit in the upper part of New York State.

Mr. James Mooney of Grove street is convalescent from an attack of typhoid fever, with which he has been confined for five weeks.

Mrs. P. Minturn Smith of Madison avenue returned Saturday from Liberty, Sullivan county, N. Y., where she has been spending the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Phillips of New York have returned from Newport, Saratoga and Long Branch where they spent the Summer, and are now at the Albion for a few weeks.

Dr. D. O. Adams of Grove street started to-day for a month's hunting trip in the Adirondacks. The doctor makes this trip every Fall, camping out in the woods many miles from any sign of civilization.

Mr. John H. French of French Brothers, Saturday afternoon sold a lot 70x100 feet on corner of Seventh street and Spooner avenue to Mr. H. M. Bliech of New York, who proposes to erect a $6,000 house, and locate here.

Mr. Leland of Grandview avenue returned Saturday from Massachusetts where he was visiting a brother who recently invented a type-setting machine and formed a stock company with $1,000,000 capital.

Miss Millie Ferguson of New York, and Miss Daisy Mitchell of Philadelphia, both of whom were formerly residents of this city, returned to their homes to-day after a pleasant visit at the home of Miss Minnie French, on Craig place.

F. X. Schoonmaker of this city completed his third week of campaign work by addressing a mass meeting at Oswego, N. Y., Saturday evening. His work this week will consist of a tour in Connecticut, commencing at Ansonia this evening.

Mrs. Sarah A. Boice, widow of Cornelius Boice, died yesterday of paralysis of the heart, at No. 75 East Front street, in the eighty-first year of her age. The funeral services will be held from her late residence on Thursday afternoon, Sept. 22, at three o'clock.

Simmonds and Huntington Win.

Saturday afternoon Messrs. Albert Simmonds and August Huntington defeated Messrs. Howard Beebe and Fred Wells in a five set game of lawn tennis by winning three out of the five sets.

THE GIANT CRESCENTS.

THEY KNOCK "EX-GIANT" SHARROTT OUT OF THE BOX

And Win Saturday's Game from the West Ends in the Second Inning.—Ex-Giant "Jocko" Fields takes out of the Game.—Score, Nine to Two.

"And the Love Feast that they longed for never came" to the West Ends Saturday, because the Crescents had on their batting clothes, and made one "ex-Giant," at least, feel very small.

Somerville, it is said, was to be the scene of much hilarity Saturday evening. Brass bands were engaged and every preparation made for a big love feast, with invited guests from Elizabeth and Westfield. But, there came from the "Colorado of-the-East" some heavy-hitters, and all their long-cherished hopes and fond dreams of brass bands, parades and love feasting were "knocked higher than a kite."

The game started off with the West Ends in the field. When the two "ex-Giants," Sharrott and Fields, loomed up as the battery, the Crescent aggregation had very little hopes that their team would win. Little did they think then that after two innings "Phenom Jack" would be no more. Yet such was the case. Failing to score in the first inning, the Crescents came to the bat in the second, prepared to "find" Sharrott, and the way they fell upon his curves is told by the score, for when the inning ended the Crescents had piled up eight runs, and the pleasure of knocking the mighty Sharrott out of the box.

Anderson went in to twirl the leather for the West Ends in the next inning, and pitched a steady, effective game. Only one run was made off him in the remaining seven innings, making the Crescents' total nine runs.

Gore and Sharrott were the only West Enders (or "ex-Giants") to cross the rubber for Somerville during the entire game.

Sneeden pitched for the Crescents, and although wild at times—giving eight men their base on balls—he was very effective with men on bases. He did well at the bat, too, scoring two of the nine runs.

Catcher Fields was called down by Manager Hess at the end of seven innings, and Kennedy took his place. "Jocko" had been playing very "rocky" ball, and the change should have been made earlier in the game to have been beneficial.

Centre Willie Murphy was injured while base-running in the second inning, and McDonald, formerly of the Albany team, took his place. The score:

CRESCENT.

	AB	R	BH	SB	SD	PO	A	E
Hofford, c....	5	0	0	0	1	6	0	0
Murphy, l.f..	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Turner, r.f....	5	0	1	0	2	0	0	0
Daley, 3b.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	7	1
Leidy, s.s.....	5	1	2	0	0	6	0	0
Brady, 2b.....	4	2	2	1	1	6	4	1
Bonner, s.s....	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Jones, 1b.....	3	0	1	1	0	6	0	0
Sneeden, p....	4	2	1	0	0	0	1	0
McDonald, l.f.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total.....	9	9	5	3	5	27	10	1

CRESCENT.

	AB	R	BH	SB	SD	PO	A	E
Carbonell, c.f	3	0	0	2	1	3	0	0
Sharrott, p.s.s	3	1	1	0	1	0	2	0
Harkins, 1b.	5	0	0	0	1	11	0	0
Gore, r.f.....	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Fields, c.....	3	0	0	0	0	7	1	0
Farrell, 2b...	4	0	2	0	0	3	1	2
Ryman, l.f....	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Murray, s.s...	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Cadmus, 3b...	*1*	*0*	*0*	*0*	*0*	*1*	*1*	*0*
Anderson, p..	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Kennedy, c....	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Total.....	32	2	5	4	3	30*	15	4

* Turner out for running out of line of base.

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Crescents.....	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—9
West Ends.....	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Earned runs—Crescents, 3; West Ends, 1. Two base hits—Jones, Brady, Farrell, Murray. Sacrifice hits—Harkins, Farrell. Stolen bases—Crescents, 5; West Ends, 2. Left on base—Crescents, 6; West Ends, 5. Double play—Brady and Jones. Passed balls—Hofford, 1; Fields, 1. Time 2.05. Umpires—Sullivan and Hopkins.

By winning Saturday's game the Crescents are again tie with the West Ends for first place.

The West Ends manager, anticipating the pennant and to make as much money out of Plainfield's enthusiasm as possible, doubled the prices. This badly caused much unfavorable comment.

BREVITIES

—Two drunken men created a disturbance on Warren street, Saturday evening.

—The Wheelmen's Division of the Republican Association will have a drill in the Crescent Rink on Wednesday evening.

—The Glee Club of the Republican Association held a rehearsal in their rooms on East Front street Saturday evening.

—The Fall Convention of the Union County C. E. Union will be held in the First Presbyterian church, Rahway, Thursday Sept. 29.

—The Union County Sunday-School Association will hold their annual convention in the Presbyterian church at Rahway on Oct. 13.

—After mass was said in St. Joseph's church, North Plainfield, the Rev. Jas. McKennan offered a prayer asking that we be saved from the pest.

—A convocation of clergymen of the Diocese of New Jersey will meet in the Church of the Holy Cross to-morrow, at 11 a. m. The Bishop of the Diocese will also be present. The Rev. E. P. Miller of Perth Amboy will preach. Afternoon session will commence at three p. m. Service in the evening at 7.30 p. m.

OFF TO WASHINGTON.

VETERANS GO TO MEET OLD COMRADES IN NATIONAL REUNION.

Winfield Scott Post, No. 75, G. A. R., Accompanied by the Women's Relief Corps, Guttman's Band and a Number of Friends, Start this Morning.

OR several days there has been unusual commotion among members of Winfield Scott Post, No. 75, G. A. R., the Women's Relief Corps and their friends, for the time was fast growing nigh when they would go to Washington, either to take part in, or to witness, the National Reunion of the G. A. R. The commotion reached its height this morning, and for more than an hour before train time, the veterans, the women, the musicians, the friends and the onlookers were bustling about the streets, the post headquarters, and the depot, where, two special cars were in waiting. The G. A. R. men were strolling to the five rooms, while Guttman's band made music in the street below.

At about twenty minutes after nine, Winfield Scott Post, headed by Guttman's band, marched to the depot, where with the Women's Relief Corps and many friends, they entered.

The cars were attached to the Royal Blue train which left this city at ten o'clock.

The following officers and members of the Post went:

Officers, 1892—Wm. C. Smith, Commander, P Co., 2d N. J. Cav.; Chas. V. Stephens, Senior V.-Commander, K Co., 1st N. J. Vet. Engineers; *John Emmons, Junior V.-Commander*, A Co., 31st N. J. Vols.; Geo. W. Moore, Adjutant, F Co., 13th N. J. and K Co., 33d N. J. Vols.; Jacob Cox, Quartermaster, B Co., 1st N. J. Vols.; Edward Wyllie, Jr., Surgeon, D Co., 1st N. J. Vols.; John S. Goodwin, Chaplain B Co., 11th N. J. Vols.; Isaiah L. McVoy, Officer of the Guard, B Co., 11th N. J. Vols.; Wm. Hand, Office of the Guard, B Co., 11th N. J. Vols.; Israel Compton, Sergeant Major, C Co., 26th N. J. Vols.; C. P. Bechtel, Quartermaster's Sergeant, L Co., 12th Penn., Vol. Cav.; Samuel C. Terry, Inside Sentinel, H Co., 7th N. J. Vols.; Wm. Burke, Outside Sentinel, H Co., 20th N. J. Vols.

Members—Conrade Atwood, Alpaugh, William M. Bell, 21st N. J. and A Co., 1st Mass. Art.; Beguin, Tell E. Ball, B. Co., 1st N. J. Vet. Engineers; Bogart, Joseph N., D Co., 31st N. J. Vols., and G Co., 33d N. J. Vols.; Bird, George W., H Co., 9th N. J. Vols., and I Co., 9th N. J. Vols.; Brewer, Isaac L., I Co., 3d N. J., Vols.; Burke, John, E Co., 11th N. J. Vols.; Compton, Comrade; Callaway, Wm. H., U. S. Del Cav.; Codding, Tom Job, I Co., 5th N. J. Cav., and I Co., 1st Harris Cav., Coddington, J. W., G Co., 1st N. J. M.; Conrad, W. H., B Co., 6th N. J. Vols.; Doane, T. O., B Co., 11th N. J. Vols., and B Co., 20th V. R. C.; Dobbins, M. C., D Co., 28th N. J. Vols.; Drake, Henry C., C Co., 28th N. J. Vols., and G Co., 33d N. J. Vols.; Eick, Garret, K Co., 33d N. J. Vols.; Ellis, Comrade, I Co., 8th Penn. Cav.; Graves, Chas., I Co., 26th N. J. Vols.; Huntington, James H., A Co., U. C. Vols.; Hill, Wm. Herbert, Joseph B. E Co., 18th N. J., and C Co., 9th N. J.; Johnson, Henry T., A Co., 184th N. J. Vols.; Knight, Abram R., I Co., 44th N. J. Vols.; Lloyd, James K. Co., 30th N. J. Vols.; Lodow, Wm. H., B Co., 35th N. J. V., and C Co., 73d N. Y. V.; Lewis, James M., E Co., 31st Regt., N. J. Vols.; Mattox, W. F., Co., 1st N. J., and C Co., Ind. Battalion, N. Y. Vols.; Mattison, W. E.; Moore, Wm. H., D Co., 23d Ills. Vols.; *Moore, Samuel*, I Co., 26th N. J. Vols.; Pangborn, Wm., K Co., 14th N. J. Vols.; Perry, Albert G., F Co., 33d Penn. Vols.; Prewster, M. R.; Pope, Christopher, D. C Co., 146th Regt., N. J. V.; Rothenhausen, Chas., A Co., 26th N. J. Vols.; Stryker, Comrade, Springer, S. H., Sliker, Wm. H., C Co., 30th N. J. Vols.; Unangst, Josiah, F Co., 129th Regt., Pa., Vols.; Weaver, John W., B Co., N. J. V., 1st; Westphal, Charles, A Co., 7th N. Y. Vols.

The members of the Women's Relief Corps who accompanied the post were: Mrs. Hulbert Smith, Mrs. A. L. Smalley, Mrs. S. A. Summers, Mrs. M. C. Dobbins, Mrs. James Lloyd, Mrs. Andrew Cox, Mrs. Henrietta Moore, Mrs. Wm. Moore, Mrs. Henry Prescher, Mrs. E. Brewster, Mrs. E. Morse, Mrs. Charles Westphal, Mrs. A. Corwin, Mrs. Schneider, Mrs. Woodruff, Mrs. J. A. Goodwin, Mrs. Isaac Brokaw, Mrs. E. King, Mrs. S. E. Kline, Mrs. J. C. Drake, Mrs. E. Redden, Mrs. W. E. Mattox, Mrs. W. W. Coriell, Mrs. S. E. Angleman, Mrs. J. M. Mills, Mrs. Isaiah McVoy and Mrs. C. B. Stephens.

They will be joined at Trenton by Mrs. Jennie D. Atwood, who is the leading State officer.

The members of the band who went to Washington were: N. B. Guttman, leader, Frank Manchester, Frank Combs, Wm. Titsworth, Whitney Frasee, Maurice Borreusen, Harry Byer, David Uren, George Martin, E. Curtis, E. Schierholtz, James Hewitt, Henry Moss, Adolph Kahrman, Philip Hapenny, Geo. Zeiss and Daniel Dunsmore.

Among the friends who also went along were Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Spencer, Mrs. D. L. Smalley, Mrs. M. C. Dobbins, Mrs. J. Goodwin, Mr. and Mrs. Woolston, Mrs. Keller, M. H. Brokaw Col. Julius Scott, and others.

Mrs. John Truell, of Central avenue, who is a member of the Woman's Relief Corps of Nevada, and herself a veteran of the war, for she accompanied her husband, who was an officer, for more than two years in the field, was also one of the party.

A majority of those who go from this city will stop at The Hamilton, 1345 Q street, N. W. Washington, D. C.

—Don't fail to attend the Republican mass meeting at the Crescent Rink, to-morrow evening. Hon. John Kean, Jr., the Republican candidate for Governor, and Hon. Charles Emory Smith, ex-minister to Russia, will speak. There will be fire-works and singing by the Glee Club.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A SUSPECTED CASE IN ELIZABETH.

Nurses and Patients Taken from the Hospital.

ELIZABETH, Sept. 19. (Special.)—A case of suspected cholera is in the hospital here. John Cusick, a pole, employed in some chemical works on Staten Island Sound, was admitted to the hospital here yesterday suffering from what the physicians are inclined to think is Asiatic cholera. The hospital authorities telegraphed the New York Board of Health to send a cholera expert to diagnose the case. A number of the nurses and patients left the building this morning. The hospital will be quarantined.

Another Cholera Steamer.

QUARANTINE, S. I., (Special.)—The Hamburg-American Packet Company's steamship Bohemia has the yellow signal hoisted, denoting either new cases of cholera on board or that other deaths had taken place.

Injured in a Sham Battle.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 19. (Special)—A distressing accident occurred Saturday afternoon on the United States cruiser Philadelphia during the bombardment, *which considerably shortened the sham* battle.

During the manoeuvres a shell exploded, blowing the block off and the entire load from the breach of a gun.

The charge and a portion of the shell entered the left breast, tearing away the flesh and shattering the ribs of Capt. Martin F. King.

Another gunner standing alongside of him was badly injured by wadding entering his neck and face, tearing away his arm and mangling him horribly.

Police News.

Ab. Cook was arrested Saturday for being drunk and disorderly and fined $6.

John McNamara for being drunk and disorderly and creating a disturbance in French's lane, was arrested Saturday *night and fined $10.*

John Carl was arrested for being drunk and disorderly and causing disturbance in the Salvation Army barracks. This morning sentence was deferred for a week.

A drunken woman was arrested by Officer Lynch this morning. When she becomes sober she will have a hearing.

—Reserved seats for the appearance of the Marie Gurney English Opera Company at Music Hall, Wednesday evening, were placed on sale this morning.

—Coal at 86 per ton strikes the pockets of the Democratic voters as well as all others. They are made to suffer for electing their own candidates. The men who work in the mines get no better wages on account of the higher prices, and yet the Republicans are called monopolists.

SOME oatmeals, I am told, are bitter.

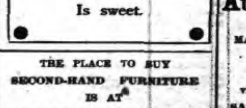
H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Is sweet.

THE PLACE TO BUY SECOND-HAND FURNITURE IS AT

MUSGRAVE'S,

37 Somerset street.



DOICE—On Sunday, September 18, of paralysis of the heart, Sarah A. Boice, widow of Cornelius Boice, in the eighty-first year of her age.

Funeral services from her late residence, No. 75 East Front street, Thursday, Sept. 22, at three p. m.

VAN WINKLE—Winifred, infant daughter of Nicholas and Winifred Van Winkle, yesterday.

Funeral services from residence of her parents, Warrenville, N. J., Tuesday at 2 p. m.

VERMEULE—In this city, Sept. 16, 1892, Mrs. Susan B., widow of the late David Vermeule, in her 73d year.

Funeral services from her late residence, No. 9 Liberty street, Tuesday, Sept. 20th, at 3 p. m. 17-9

29TH YEAR OF THEIR CAREER AS AMERICA'S LEADING AMUSEMENT.

ADAM FOREPAUGH SHOWS.

Oldest, Largest, Richest Exhibition in the World.

J. T. McCADDEN, MANAGER.

Circus, Menagerie, Museum, Aviary,

Hippodrome, Genuine Moorish Circus, Caravan and Camp.

With the Historic Bible Spectacle, the

FALL OF NINEVEH.

Will Exhibit at

PLAINFIELD, FRIDAY, SEPT. 23.

The ends of the earth Brought together in one mighty Carnival of Pleasure and Feast of Knowledge for All.

200 Star Performers in the three rings and upon the two stages in the CIRCUS.

The Wonders of Earth and the Marvels of Nature in the MUSEUM.

Perfect collection of Wild and Rare Beasts in the MENAGERIE.

Exciting and *Funny Recke of all kinds in the HIPPODROME.*

400 splendid steeds in the GRAND HORSE FAIR.

35 Moors and Bedouin Berbers (men, women and children) in the Moorish Caravan and Camp.

Surpassing all Earthly Splendors and Spectacular Display is the Fall of Nineveh. Revised, author, designer and painter.

Its presentation requires 1,000 men, women and children in the various characters $150,000 in gorgeous costumes, $50,000 in special scenery, $30,000 in armour, swords, shields and spears, 240 beautiful ladies in the Grand Ballet, composed of Soubrettes, Classic, all produced on the largest and best equipped stage in the world, 300 feet long, and 80 feet wide, illustrating life and events in the first Great Metropolis of the civilized world.

Excursions on all lines of travel. Consult your nearest station agent for rate and time schedules. Don't fail to see the Peerless Free Street Pageant on the morning of exhibition at 10 o'clock. Owing to the length of time necessary to prepare the Fall of Nineveh for exhibition nothing belonging to it will be seen in the free street parade. Two performances daily. Doors open at one p. m. and seven p. m.; performance begins one hour later.

To accommodate those who wish to avoid the crowd about the ticket wagon, coupon numbered advance reserved seats at the regular prices, and admission tickets at the usual slight advance may be secured at Central Pharmacy.

Sunshine or rain all performances are given the same benefit. Canvas covers of the specially prepared Wales-Proof Tents. 10 15 16 17 19 21.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

The Marie Gurney English Opera Company

Will Give a Revival of

H. M. S. PINAFORE.

Wednesday Evening, Sept. 21st.

Reserved Seats—85, 50 and 75 Cents. Now on sale at Central Pharmacy.

CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!!

MADE AND LINED FREE.

A splendid assortment of Beautiful Styles to select from. Give your order now, and we will make them up and hold them until wanted.

Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portieres, Poles, Art Squares, Smyrna Rugs, all at New York Prices.

SPECIAL "CUT" PRICES.

Elegant white embroidered Handkerchiefs, the original price 25c. Fancy hemmed stitched Handkerchiefs 5c. Foster Paul Kid Gloves, 89c warranted; usual price $1.25. Embroidered silk Handkerchiefs, 17c; worth 25c. Our 50c. all silk gloves, colored, 25c. A good 25c. Corset for 10c. Good bleached muslin at 5c; worth 8c. Our 50c. Table Linen 33c. Our 40c. Table Linen 25c. Our 50c. Colored Damask 39c. 40 inch striped Hose 25c.; usual price 45c. Ladies' fast black Hose, 2 pair for 15c., worth 25c. Our $4 @ $1.25 Linen Napkins for 89c. A good white 10-4 Blanket, 75c.; worth $1.

They are guaranteed unusually attractive Bargains, and the quantities are limited. Come Quick and secure them before they are gone.

EDSALL'S.

Autumn Excursion

TO

MAUCH CHUNK, GLEN ONOKO,

and the

FAMED SWITCHBACK,

via Central Railroad of New Jersey.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24,

A special express train will leave Plainfield at 8.37 a. m.; returning arrive in city about 9 p. m.

Fare for round trip only $1.75; Switchback tickets at half rates if purchased on excursion train.

Tickets will be good to return for Sept. 26 or 28 on payment of $1 to agent at Mauch Chunk. 19 21 23

SPECIAL SALE!

OF

1,000 pairs of Trousers

at

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE

20 West Front Street.

A GOOD CHANCE for BARGAINS.

Our New Stock of

Fall and Winter

Goods Just Received.

It will pay you to examine them.

The Latest Styles of Hats and Gentlemen's Furnishings.

A full line of Clothe for Cloaking to Order.

FALL SHAPES IN DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis

5 West Front Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The Witches' Anniversary.

There is one anniversary this year that as yet has had little notice taken of it, though it is one of the most remarkable in history. This September witnesses the 200th anniversary of the hanging of a large number of so called witches in Salem, Mass. The year 1645 seems to have been the one in which the first suspicion of the presence of witches haunted the imagination of New England settlers. The accusations and trials gradually increased in number and severity until the year 1692 saw the tragic culmination of the witch business in Massachusetts.

The first execution for witchcraft was that of Margaret Jones, hanged in 1648 at Charlestown. The law under which this was done was the ancient statute of King James I., which declared that "if any person be a witch; that is, hath or consulted with a familiar spirit, they shall be put to death." Another law provided that if any person attempted by sorcery to discover hidden treasure or stolen goods he was to suffer imprisonment and the pillory, and for a second offense to be put to death. A much more preventive of these uncanny doings has been the simple march of human intelligence on to the time when it is the fashion to laugh at anybody for a fool who resorts to "sorcery" and gets fleeced, as he deserves.

During the four months ending with September, 1692, twenty-two persons suffered death in Massachusetts colony for witchcraft. Nineteen were hanged at the fearsome old town of Salem, and two had died from ill treatment and exposure in prison. Giles Corey met the awful fate of being pressed to death under heavy stones. I like to think that even now, the victim was laughing at the fool and the great weight that he would have placed upon his aged body. On the first day in which the sacred numbers of the law were invoked—the second "three days of darkness"—there were to be eight; only till he died, Giles Corey was to endure two days.

On September 22 eight persons were hanged to one man at Salem for being witches. It is a record that Rev. Nic. Noyes, pastor of the church in Salem, attended to the eight stiff, stark bodies upon the tree and remarked, "What a sad sight it is to see eight firebrands of hell hanging there!"

Prize Fighting and Culture.

It is quite the right thing to speak of the brutality of prize fighting, for it is the custom of times to deteriorate what is made over in the same way as prize fighters do—by matching their physical strength and skill and fighting to a finish. But the drunkenness, gambling and other evils that go along with human prize fighting are unknown among the quadrupedal champions and their friends, and in this respect man is lower than the brutes. Still there is one side of it that most people lose sight of. Prize fights, bad as they are, awaken a general interest in bodily culture and set us to thinking some of the means that go to perfect the race physically. If, leaving out the prize fighting, we could have some of the exercises and the robust and wholesome regimen and diet that bring the prize human brute into prime condition, it would be a good thing for the race.

The Americans, at least the Irish-Americans, have the physical championship of the world. The whole race of Americans can become and in time ought to become as beautiful and strong as the ancient Greeks, with an added Christian soul besides.

The death of George William Curtis and of Whittier within a week of each other removes almost the last members of the original abolition party. Parker Pillsbury yet lives, and Lucy Stone and Miss Sarah Holley, who taught a school for colored children in Virginia, though Lucy Stone and Miss Holley are much younger than Whittier was. "Snow Bound" will remain the most remarkable of Whittier's long poems. On the very spot in Danvers, Mass., which has been the poet's home of late years, lived Rev. George Burroughs, hanged as a witch 200 years ago this September. Whittier never was in Europe. His world was New England, particularly Massachusetts, and to his Meissonier like studies of his own locality he owes the force and exactness of his historical poems. If he had traveled like Longfellow, perhaps his power as a strictly New England bard would have been weakened. But most of all he will be known as long as the American republic stands as the poet of freedom. This was the fame he himself desired.

At a Tammany celebration recently Congressman Bryan, of Nebraska, declared that the election of United States senators ought to be taken from the state legislators and put directly into the hands of the people, and that furthermore the time was coming when this would be done.

Even if cholera should visit all parts of the country it will not cause so many deaths as grip did, and not nearly so many evil consequences.

They do not call it a prize fight any more. They say "athletic carnival" now.

THE CRISIS HAS PASSED.

No More Danger from the Cholera in New York Harbor.

THE PLAGUE VIRTUALLY ROUTED.

So New Cases in the City, and Dr. Jenkins Is Satisfied and Confident—New Brunswick, N. J., Frightened Over a Suspected Case That Ends Fatally.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—The following bulletin has been issued by the health department today: "No cases or suspected cases of cholera have appeared in this city since the last bulletin. No deaths from cholera since Tuesday, Sept. 13. Number of deaths between Sept. 6 and Sept. 18, five. There is no good reason to believe that the diagnosis of the attending physicians was incorrect in the case of Peter Callahan, who died Sept. 10, a suspected case of cholera, and the death is therefore entered in the list from of vital statistics as from diarrhea and exhaustion."

The latest report from Swinburne and Hoffman islands and the ships in the lower bay is as follows:

"Dr. Abbott has just returned from the ships. He reports all vessels O. K. He brought from the steamship Bohemia the body of a child which died after a few days illness. No diagnoses; will hold an autopsy and report as soon as possible. Our patients are improving rapidly. One case of measles in our hospital. Census at 12 p. m.: Admitted dead, 3; transferred to convalescent ward, 1; transferred to sick ward, 2; total sick, 11; suspects and convalescents, 25. Names of dead: Emil Laskevsky, aged two years, from steamship Bohemia; Topsy Hadowitski, aged two years, steamship Somalia; Nigo Gurty Kellywich, aged one year, steamship Wyoming."

This report, while it shows no new cases, gives three deaths on different steamers and no particulars in regard to them, and there are no means of learning at present whether these deaths were due to cholera or not.

Dr. Jenkins Contented.

Dr. Jenkins, the health officer, says: "I am very contented now because in a week more we may expect to be out of the woods, with the bulk of our hard work completed, more than satisfied with our efforts to check the disease. It is a fact that most of the sickness having been among the steerage people, the stoppage of immigration has been much in favor of the extermination of the scourge by giving us for the last week some chance to attend to the many on our hands.

"What we have most to fear now—the danger in cargoes from infected ports, particularly where goods are inclosed in wool sacks or similar covering slight indeed compared with the danger of introducing infection by means of the poison. On the steamer Bohemia, on the eight stiff, stark bodies upon the tree and remarked, "What a sad sight it is to see eight firebrands of hell hanging there!"

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days. Manager Wall telegraphed to Dr. Jenkins asking him to suggest the governor to indefinitely keep the troops here. In compliance with the health officer's request, Governor Flower, who is now in Albany, immediately telegraphed Captain Cochran, of the Thirteenth regiment, to remain here until further orders. The governor also telegraphed Colonel Austen, at *New York*, of the condition of affairs, and Colonel Austen accompanied by forty-five men, arrived here on the yacht Wa Wa Yanda, which has been placed at the disposal of the military.

The situation at Babylon and Islip is quiet, but the citizens, however, are in a feverish mood and evidently awaiting further developments at Fire Island. They are just as belligerent as they have been ever since the trouble started, but equally as muddled in regard to what they shall do individually or as a town as they have been from the first day of the trouble. At Bay Shore a meeting was held which was attended by a large and enthusiastic crowd. Speeches on the situation and what it called for were made by several speakers. It was finally decided to organize what was designated as an "emergency body" in case of further trouble, to be prepared for what the future may bring forth. The *names of nearly 500 men were enrolled* in this body.

Sandy Hook Quarantined.

Quarantine was officially declared at Camp Low, Sandy Hook, when the passengers stepped ashore from the quarantine steamer William P. Letcher.

There were 335 passengers on board the Fletcher, most of whom were Germans, with scattering batches of Russian Hebrews, Italians and Scandinavians. All expressed themselves as very much pleased with the treatment and quarters there, as they far surpassed those that they endured at Hoffman island. They speak highly of the German officers at Hamburg and claim that their actions were of the grossest character.

The police boat Patrol, with Dr. Jenkins, Major Gorman and Lieutenant Bryans, Samuel Grant, emigrant commissioner, and Quarantine Commissioner Allen on board, arrived at the quarantine ground simultaneously with the Fletcher. General Hamilton took the party in charge and showed them round the camp.

A second batch, consisting of 375 passengers, arrived later in charge of Dr. Walser, the United States expert, and Third Officer Lange, of the Normannia, who has been in quarantine from the beginning, and will remain there until after the quarantine is over. The majority of this load were passengers from the Rugia composed of Greeks, Germans, Turks, Armenians, Italians, Roumanians, Bohemians, Poles and Russian Hebrews. They were immigrants pure and simple.

General Hamilton notified Secretary of the Treasury Foster immediately upon the arrival of the first boat load of immigrants that he had declared Camp Low quarantined and expected him to do so officially at night.

The mayor's party was particularly interested in the hospital at Camp Low. After seeing it all expressed great satisfaction with the equipment and the masterly manner of its construction. Mayor Grant particularly was earnest in his praise of General Hamilton.

Dr. Jenkins said: "I do not think the hospital will ever be occupied by cholera patients. Whoever is quarantined here on account of cholera or other disease cannot but be well protected. It is complete for the purpose, as are all the departments, and I feel much relieved to know that the condition of the detained passengers will be improved. The sanitary conditions are perfect."

A Case in New Jersey.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Sept. 19.—This city is greatly excited over a case of cholera which appeared in a house in a thickly settled part of the city. James Cain, a thirty-five years of age, who resides with his mother at No. 12 John street, was attacked with severe cramps. Dr. W. S. Baldwin, who was immediately called, at once pronounced the case to have all the symptoms of Asiatic cholera, and his opinion was later confirmed by Dr. H. B. Baldwin, president of the board of health, also by Drs. A. V. Clark and F. M. Donohue.

Carr died about twelve hours after being attacked. The body was examined by a representative of Dr. Cyrus Edson, of New York, and will be buried in an antiseptic blanket. The house has been thoroughly fumigated, and Carr's brother, who is an infant in a boat running between New York and this city. A special meeting of physicians and citizens was called to provide means to fight the scourge.

Consul Ashby Reprimanded.

PANAMA, Sept. 19.—The prefect of police in Colon stopped both United States Consul Ashby and United States Inspector of Customs Vopham near the Colon docks, and in the presence of a crowd charged them with violating the quarantine which had been placed upon the steamship Newport. The prefect spoke very sharply to Mr. Ashby, admonishing him that his conduct was beyond excuse and threatening him with deportation as punishment for his contempt of the authorities and the governor's proclamation. Mr. Vopham was taken to jail, but was subsequently released at half past 8 in the evening.

Hamburg's Condition.

HAMBURG, Sept. 19.—There have been 66 fresh cases of cholera in this city and 301 deaths, or exactly three fewer than yesterday. In the hospitals and cholera barracks there are 3,031 patients. The burials have numbered 330. The suffering among the families of the unemployed is severe.

The Crisis Passed.

LOON LAKE HOUSE, N. Y., Sept. 19.—The president has received a dispatch from Secretary Foster, of the treasury department, saying that the crisis in the cholera situation was passed and that the disease was well under control.

Charleston Reconsiders.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 19.—The board of health has rescinded the order requiring New York steamers to be quarantined for five days.

Spreading in Cracow.

VIENNA, Sept. 19.—The cholera is spreading in Cracow. Twelve more deaths are reported.

One Dead, the Other Dying.

BOSSE TERRE, Mo., Sept. 19.—Peter Richardson and Hiram Featherstone, who had had a long standing grudge against each other, fought. Richardson was shot dead and Featherstone received a mortal wound.

The Egyptian Question.

PARIS, Sept. 19.—The Earl of Rosebery, British minister of state for foreign affairs, is expected to arrive in Paris shortly to confer with M. Ribot as to the relations of England and France in Egypt.

Three Persons Drowned.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—By the capsizing of a rowboat in the lake Joseph Zeller and two women were drowned.

GREETED BY OLD GLORY

Washington in a Blaze of Bunting for the Old Veterans.

ENCAMPMENT EXERCISES OPENED.

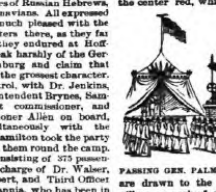
Vice President Morton Reviews the Initial Parade and Officiates at the Dedication of Grand Army Place—The Department Commanders in Session.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—When the preliminary exercises of the twenty-sixth annual encampment of the National Grand Army of the Republic incident to the dedication of Grand Army place, on White Lot, began today shortly after noon the city presented a more attractive appearance than ever before in its history.

The first thing to attract the attention of the Grand Army visitors is the waving Stars and Stripes. No matter which way they move the glorious emblem of the United States and bunting of all colors meet *their eyes.*

The decorations all over the city are elaborate and artistic. The state, war and navy building is elaborately decorated with the national flag. The executive mansion is also handsomely decorated.

From the roof of the portico hang festoons of bunting, while from the shield in the center red, white and blue streamers



PASSING GEN. PALMER'S REVIEWING STAND.

are drawn to the base of the supporting pillars, on each of which is a shield bearing the emblem of one of the army corps. Over the main doorway hangs a large painting of a G. A. R. badge surrounded by flags. In the East room the curtains have been replaced by the United States flags, the presidential portraits remaining undecorated.

The numerous granite columns of the treasury buildings are each wrapped with a large United States flag. Each space of the cornices bears a military device outlined in electric lights. The marble exterior of the interior department forms an imposing background for the decorations, which are unique.

An Unique Display.

The postoffice department, however, takes the front rank in the decorations. On the F street side of the building are flags and streamers, and in the center is a likeness of President Lincoln, surrounded by those of Generals Grant and Sherman on either side. The Seventh street side of the building is similarly adorned with the portrait of General Logan, while over the main E street entrance a likeness of General Sheridan is enfolded in the national colors. Nearly all the rooms on the main floor have undergone a change, and the bright colors present a striking contrast to the usual work-a-day appearance about the building.

One of the most important features of the decorations will be the illumination of Pennsylvania avenue. At intervals have been placed skeletons of the corps badges and other familiar emblems, accompanied by the names of prominent battles and distinguished soldiers and sailors. These, will flash out with all the intense brilliance of incandescent lights, a display unique in its conception and extent. One that will attract the most attention is an immense G. A. R. badge which stands on the corner of the treasury grounds at the head of the avenue, and will be visible its entire length from the Capitol.

The president's stand is located on Pennsylvania avenue directly in front of the treasury department. It is handsomely decorated and will accommodate 500. The stand for Grand Commander Palmer is in front of the Arlington hotel and is much larger than that reserved for the president. Across the streets traversing Pennsylvania avenue are long lines of flags, in the center of which is a shield bearing the name and coat of arms of one of the states. The river front is robed in flags and pennants.

Vice President Morton Acts.

Directly opposite the eastern end of Grand Army place stands Albaugh's Opera house, where the sessions of the grand encampment proper will be held. The inside of the opera house is a blaze of colors. The balconies are hung with broad widths of garnet plush, embroidered and silver fringed, festooned with drapery of brown silk. Over and behind the gas fixtures are set pieces representing armorial trophies in steel, highly polished and reflecting the light from spear and helmet. The boxes are draped and decorated and flags are hung in their rear.

The walls are decorated with bunting flags and shields, but in a most artistic manner. Over the top of the stage is a mass of flags and shields, and from this as a focal point radiate a dozen broad streamers beneath the ceiling to the opposite walls, making strikes of red and blue against the ceiling. The exterior of the building is festooned and draped in a most elaborate manner. Rows of bunting hang in front of the windows and bands of bunting bespangling the walls.

The parade of the veterans to Grand Army place was an imposing one and was led by Brevet Major General E. A. Carr, U. S. A., commanding.

The veterans were reviewed by Vice President Morton, General Carr and a distinguished gathering of officials, and when White Lot was reached and the veterans were massed in solid phalanx the dedication exercises were begun. Vice President Morton made a short address, which was loud y cheered. He was followed by Grand Commander in Chief Palmer, who received an ovation and delivered an eloquent address.

After the dedication the veterans dispersed and at 2 o'clock the meeting of the department commanders was called to order by General Palmer, and at the same time the meeting of the board of directors of the National Women's Relief corps was begun.

The encampment promises to be the most successful one yet held.

The Kaiser's Narrow Escape.

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—Emperor William was thrown from his horse during the maneuvers near Ankian and narrowly escaped being crushed by the horse.

What Boecher Left.

DETROIT, Sept. 19.—Eccentric Lathe Boecher is dead. He leaves $2,000,000 and a son.

FASHIONS

Many country gowns are composed of fine cheviot in delightful shades of gray dashed with a blue tint, being made with a plain skirt, and a coat with close fitting back and loose front, showing the frilled

BLUE SILK BODICE.

blouse or the least waistcoat. These blouses are of shot silk or of satin, with good sized wafers over them, navy blue with white, or buff with black being particularly fashionable. Other gowns, especially serge ones, are made to close at the waist with *two little straps*, so that they can be worn close fitting, or open with the blouses. Some have revers and cuffs of white cloth braided with navy blue braid.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be cloudy, warm and more sultry.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

We are making extensive preparations for our Fall Opening of our Millinery Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly so well and favorably known to the Trade of Plainfield.

GRANITE IRON WARE.

We shall continue our Special Sale of this excellent ware another week. There is Everything that Housekeepers want, and you only pay about half the regular price.

A COMBINATION BARGAIN.

2½ yards 60-in. Damask Table Linen, 50	1.25
2 fine Damask Towels, 50	.50
3 yards Extra Heavy Crash, 13	.39
Total,	$2.14

You buy all these for $1.00. This is the best linen bargain every offered.

FALL DRESS GOODS.

Special Attention is called to our new line of Dress Goods. The finest assortment we have ever displayed, and our prices are right. That line of Storm Serges that we are selling for fifty cents will interest you.

White & VanArsdale.

$500 LIFE INSURANCE Free of cost to ALL Customers that trade with

FRED. W. DUNN.

The Plainfield Grocer,

No. 18 North Avenue.

$500 Come and Get a Policy Free.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies LOOMIS & RICE 49 B'DWAY

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Complying with general request,

BEECHAM'S PILLS

will in future for the United States be covered with

A Tasteless and Soluble Coating,

completely disguising the taste of the Pill without in any way impairing its efficacy.

Price 25 cents a Box.

New York Depot, 365 Canal Street.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A BRIGHT, colored man wishes a situation as coachman. Is competent and has references. Call at 33 Park avenue. 16 5

A MAN wants situation as coachman, wife will help at general housework. Is competent and understands care of horses and carriages. Address "Michael," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-2

A HANDY workman wants employment at any work around gentlemen's place. Is competent and has references. Address "Charles," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 St

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general housework 74 East Sixth street. 19 2

WANTED—A middle aged woman to act as housekeeper and companion. Must have highest references. Address "E. S. J.," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-2

LOST AND FOUND.

$10 REWARD—For lady's watch lost in Washington Valley, near Wilson's Ice Pond. S. Huntington, 12 Franklin place. 17-2

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A fine new dwelling on Richmond street. Has been recently papered and painted. Has all modern improvements and will be rented for $25 per month until spring. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-tf

TO LET—Partly furnished house; fine location; three minutes' walk from station; in exchange for gentleman's board. Apply to J. W. Johnson, 3 La Grande avenue. 19 4

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A six room house. Is rented for one year at $252. Terms easy. Address "Owner," care of EVENING NEWS.

FRESH Jersey cow, three years old, for sale. 49 Putnam avenue 19 3

FOR SALE—1 cheap—Victor bicycle, in good condition; self-inking cushion stamp lantern. "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS 16 3

FOR SALE—4x5 Kodak; suitable for 100 exposures or less; has been in use; cost when new $25; entire outfit cost $70; perfect condition; will sell complete for $30. Address "Kodak," care of EVENING NEWS. 16 3

PIANO—First-class upright, for sale or rent. Great bargain. 93 East Front street. 16 5

WINDMILL for sale; with brass Pump, 20 feet of pipe and rods complete. Cost $70. H. Pittis, 124 Central avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 16 19

MISCELLANEOUS.

FLEEING from Cholera. If you want to send prepaid tickets to relatives and in Europe, on any line, call on H. D. Moore, 111 Somerset street. tf

LESSONS given on the piano to beginners. Terms $6. Address P. O. Box 772. 17 8

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Incorporated 1891; number of students during first year, 381. Largest law school in the United States except one "Harvard method" of instruction. Degree of LL.B. given after two years' course. *Graduate course now added.* Tuition fee, $100. Begins Oct. 3, 1892. Address George Chase, Dean. 8 6 2m sod*

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 8-23tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 23tf

WANTED TO RENT—In the First Ward, a moderate sized house, with improvements, furnished or unfurnished. Address stating location and price, "First Ward," EVENING NEWS. 19 3

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

CARRIAGES and HARNESS

of Every Description.

STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

Accessible at Any Time.

RYERSON,

33 SOMERSET STREET.

A Word to the Public!

OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.

Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. H. Boehm, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the largest *variety of stylish* and tasty creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. As inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.

Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 West Front Street.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL. NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions *for* pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

60 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND SHELLED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.

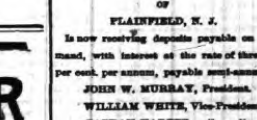
Plain plate and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 7y

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY, Fashionable Dress Maker, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 6 30 y

H. M. SPENCER, Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter, 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and tinsmith. Groceries and provisions. Cider and vinegar 4 years old. Agent for Acme Refrigerator. W. 25. C. C. rots, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes. Cabbage, late cucumber, celery, lettuce, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Trees taken in operation. Our apparatus is approved by the Board of Health. Orders by telephone 2466 to Clinkenberg, Manufacturers of the Best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizer.

P. O. box 668 Telephone call 29.

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

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Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:05, 8:40, 10:05, 11:05, 2:05, 5:20 p. m.; Closes—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 5:30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m.

Close—7:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.

Mail opened at 5:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

SCHURZ ON THE TARIFF

He Says It Is but an Incident in the Pending Campaign.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY SCORED.

Cleveland's Election Advocated and Harrison's Nomination Done need as an Officeholders' Machine Production—The Federal Elections Bill Fiercely Assailed.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 19.—The first important utterance of Carl Schurz on the issues of the political campaign since the nominations were made was given out for publication yesterday. It was in the form of a letter addressed to the Cleveland and Stevenson clubs of Kings county.

Early in August Alexander E. Orr, Joseph C. Hendrix, R. R. Bowker, William G. Low and other well known citizens of Brooklyn united in a request to Mr. Schurz to address them together with the members of the Cleveland and Stevenson campaign clubs of this city. This invitation Mr. Schurz has been unable to accept on account of ill health, but in his letter of regret he views at length the political situation.

In the outset of his communication Mr. Schurz says that while not underestimating the importance of the tariff he regards it as "only a part of a far more comprehensive question which is not merely economic, but political in its nature, and concerns the general working, in fact, and moral vitality of our democratic system of government."

Coming then to the political situation as he sees it, Mr. Schurz says that there is a school of pessimists growing up who whenever anything goes wrong are ready to declare democratic government a failure.

"I do not mean," he says, "that insignificant and ridiculous class of poor beings who affect to be ashamed of calling themselves Americans, ape the customs of foreign aristocrats and run after foreign titles. They are simply snobs."

Mr. Schurz then briefly describes in a general way the evil effects of the use of money in elections and the dangerous tendency of machine politics to defeat the will of the people. These, he says, may be illustrated by the history of both political parties, but they have now come to their most dangerous development in the Republican party.

The Tariff.

Mr. Schurz says he doubts not that many honorable men entertain the protective theory, and he does not wish to deny that the rank and file of the protection party may not very largely consist of perfectly honest and patriotic people, meaning only to benefit the country by the policy they support. Then he says, after going over the whole field of protection and tariff reform:

While the high protective policy is not the only source of political corruption, it is in its present development the most insidious and most powerful promoter of it, and it will inevitably, in the very nature of things, if continued, produce a state of political demoralization in the highest degree dangerous to the vitality of our free institutions. What I do mean to say is that the Republican party, however great its history and however honest and well meaning many of its leaders and the bulk of its rank and file may be, by the natural working of its high tariff policy becomes the greatest engine of political corruption on a grand scale that this country has ever seen.

Mr. Schurz then discusses the present condition of the Democratic party and says of its candidate:

I certainly do not pretend that Mr. Cleveland is the ideal man or the greatest statesman of all times. He no doubt has his limitations, weaknesses and shortcomings. But he possesses in uncommon measure those qualities which are especially desirable in a public servant charged with great responsibilities. He has a conscience. He has a will. He has a patriotic heart. He has a clear head. He has a strong sense of right.

He has a good knowledge of affairs. He is a party man, but not a party slave. He is true to duty regardless of personal interest. This is not only the judgment of his friends but also of his opponents, who in a campaign like this wish they might not have to admit it. There is today no public man in America so widely and well known and so generally and sincerely respected as Mr. Cleveland is. Even those politicians of his own party who opposed his nomination had to respect him for those very qualities on account of which some of them thought him objectionable as a president.

Harrison's Nomination.

The work of the Chicago convention is then briefly described, and the nomination of Mr. Cleveland characterized as the result of a spontaneous uprising of the people all over the country. Returning again to the Republican party, Mr. Schurz says he is glad to acknowledge that Mr. Harrison's private character is excellent and that he would be the last man to attack it.

But he says the president set the entire office holding machinery in motion to secure his nomination. "The renomination of General Harrison," says Mr. Schurz, "has been one of the most scandalous exhibitions of the misuse of official power ever beheld in this country—the culminating triumph of a system corrupt in itself and tending to demoralize the whole body politic."

In conclusion he says:

If the Republicans carry the election there will be constant changes in the direction of higher duties, and a restless economic condition in consequence, for no high protective tariff ever lastingly satisfied its beneficiaries. If the Democrats win the utmost we may expect will be the removal of duties from most of the articles usually considered as raw material and a corresponding abatement of duties on the finished product, and perhaps some reductions to prevent the formation of trusts and monopolies. This will be a movement in the right direction, but nothing like a sudden and violent revolution.

The Federal Elections Bill.

Mr. Schurz then denounces the federal elections bill, and says that the negro question was on its way to a solution by a division of the negro vote when the measure was sprung on the country. He denounces the measure as a most iniquitous one and says:

It took upon the force bill as one of the most reckless, most cruel, most revolting partisan contrivances ever devised. I know the Republicans are not unanimous in favor of the force bill is an issue in this campaign. Mr. Harrison himself tries to evade it in his letter of acceptance by an adroitly soft spoken requirement of a commission of inquiry. But no well informed and prudent man will be deceived. The Republican platform substantially indorses the measure.

Almost every prominent Republican of influence has been a strenuous advocate of it; among the most strenuous President Harrison himself. They have been made unanimous in the obvious current of public opinion against it, but not one of them has openly, unequivocally declared that he will not vote to force it. No, they may be sure the party, as it is led today, will do anything—it will recoil from nothing, however desperate—to keep itself in power. There is not the slightest shadow of a doubt in my mind that the Republican party, if it keeps the presidency and gets sufficient strength in the two houses of congress, will make the force bill the law of the land, whatever the consequences may be. Only its defeat can surely save us from this fate.

Fifty Cents Per Week.

Did you Ever Hear of Such an Opportunity?

EVERY WAGE WORKER IN PLAINFIELD CAN OWN A HOME.

Do not Miss this Great Offer.

The Great Clearance Sale of

50 UNSOLD LOTS,

Opposite Netherwood Depot. I will offer until OCTOBER 1st

$100 Lots for $90.

On Payment of

$5 Cash; Balance 50 Cents a Week.

$125 lots, $5 cash; balance 75c. a week.
$150 lots, $10 cash; balance $1 a week.

Lots in the immediate vicinity are selling from $300 to $500. My price for the 15 days only, $90 to $150 a Lot. This Great Sale will commence on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17TH,

and will continue only for a few days. As there are only 50 lots, do not put it off. Come at once. Sunday is going to be Special Exhibition Day.

REMEMBER, 50 CENTS A WEEK.

Just think how easy you can put by this small amount.

Buy for a home. Buy for Investment.

I buy a Lot for your Children. It is a great Savings Bank.

Maps and full Particulars

WM. H. MOFFITT,
49 North Avenue.

COME AND SEE
the Large Stock of
Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
ALSO
Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.
AT CAREY'S,
76, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

We Cannot Give You A **House and Lot,**

But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as is consistent with first-class work and material.
Estimates furnished free of charge.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Painters and Decorators,
29 East Front street.

Beyond the Heat,
Above the sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight
AT MIZZEN PEAK!
Build Your Home on Watchung Mountains
Tot most Summit, and Enjoy Existence.
Parcelars of
J. T. VAIL, 49 North Avenue.
Plainfield, N. J.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office—97 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

Educational.

Harned Academy
RE-OPENED SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies
The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Hubert, M. L., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.
Classes now forming in German and French. Special Classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparatios fo college. Music. Weekly lectures.
E. N. HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
and
KINDERGARTEN,
17 LAGRANDE AVENUE,
Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,
for
YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
will re-open on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
For particulars address MISS E. E. KENYON, Principal.
8 10 3m*

MR. A. VENINO,
Teacher of Piano and Composition, will now resume instructions.
For choice of hours and terms address P. O. Box 591, Plainfield. 10 1w*

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1369.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield. Weekly and fortnightly. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Virioux, care of Messrs. Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Lessons by the hour or quarter. Address or residence, No. 12 Somerset street.

THE BEE HIVE

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladi s' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates	75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black,	$1
The "Gladys" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns	$1
8 Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates,	85c
Gents' Kid Gloves,	$1

Also a full line of
Fall Underwear.
Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

2d Hand School Books
Those having
Old School Books
which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in
Before September 5th.
We can make better allowances now than after school opens.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete educatio of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel forms tion and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
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Carpenter
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SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
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PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, Box 15 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 313.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Fvons.
P. O. Box 1228
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

JACOB M. HIGGINS,
PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR.
P. O. Box 351. Residence Duer street, near Howard.
98y

S. F. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1644.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Rogers avenue, North Plainfield.
J. HERRMANN, 6 Bogert street.

Sunshine Parlor Heaters; Improved Cylinder Stoves; Othello Ranges; Furnaces and Fire-place Heaters; Furnace Work and Plumbing; Hardware. Get a $500 Insurance, Free.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

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Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

George - Bremmer,
NO 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

The Manhattan Wine Room,
179 and 181 Somerset Street,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League,)
Frank Linke, Prop.
ESTABLISHED 1886.
Wholesale and Retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. N. Shaeffer's Weimer Beer, and Lemler in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.
Wholesale Branch, 43 West Front street, All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
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C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
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JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles,
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J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
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Eugene Hoerster,
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Wholesale Dealer
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FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
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Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Cologne Maker, who is now at work making the finest colognes in this city. If you are fond of cologne stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : : NOT A SCHEME TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Sept. 13, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 2 37, 5 26, 6 14, 6 26, 6 59, 7 26, 7 56, 8 00, 8 35, 9 25, 9 56, 10 30, 10 56, 11 22, 11 59, a. m.; 12 00 noon, 12 56, 1 06, 1 41, 2 26, 3 04, 4 04, 4 15, 5 05, 5 45, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 59, p. m.; Sunday, 2 14, 2 14, 4 04, 5 26, 6 14, 6 26, 6 59, 7 26, 7 56, 8 00, 8 35, 9 25, 9 56, 10 30, 10 56, 11 22, 11 59, a. m.; 12 00 noon, 12 56, 1 06, 1 41, 2 26, 3 04, 4 04, 4 15, 5 05, 5 45, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 4 00, 5 00, 7 15, 7 30, 8 45, 9 30, 10 00, 11 30, a. m.; 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 15, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 45, 8 00, 9 15, 9 30, 10 00, 11 30, p. m.; Sunday, 4 00, 5 00, 7 15, 7 30, 8 45, 9 30, 10 00, 11 30, a. m.; 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 15, 4 00, 5 30, 6 00, 7 00, 9 00, 10 00, p. m.; 12 15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 10, 8 27, 9 42, 11 08 a. m.; 12 37, 1 59, 3 18, 5 03, 6 48, 8 16, 9 54, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 8 48, 9 42 a. m.; 2 03, 8 28 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 42, a. m., 1 59, 5 03 p. m. Sunday at 8 48, 9 42 a. m.; 2 03, 8 28 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 42, a. m., 1 59, 5 03 p. m. Sunday at 8 48, 9 42 a. m.; 2 03, 8 28 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8.15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Shamokin and Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

9.42 a. m. for Junction connecting for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Shamokin.

1.59 p. m. for Junction connecting for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Shamokin.

5.03 p. m. for Junction connecting for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Shamokin.

8.28 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Shamokin.

8.48 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Shamokin.

9.42 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Shamokin.

2.03 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Shamokin.

8.28 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 8.27, 9.03, 11.09 a. m., 1.59, 5.03 p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.27, 9.03, 11.09 a. m., 5.03 p. m. For Perth Amboy 8.27, 9.03, 11.09 a. m., 1.59, 5.03, 8.28 p. m. Sundays 8.27, 9.03, 11.09 a. m., 5.03 p. m. For Keyport 8.27, 9.03, 11.09 a. m., 1.59, 5.03, 8.28 p. m. Sundays 8.27, 9.03, 11.09 a. m., 5.03 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 8.15, 8.20, 9.42, 10.45 a. m., 1.59, 5.03, 8.28 p. m. Sundays at 8.48, 9.42 a. m., 2.03, 8.28 p. m. For Philadelphia, Broad Street Station, at 7.10, 9.42 a. m., 1.59, 5.03 p. m. Sundays at 8.48, 9.42 a. m., 2.03, 8.28 p. m.

Leave Trenton 8.15, 9.20, 9.42, 10.45 a. m., 12.37, 1.59, 5.03, 8.28 p. m. Sundays at 8.48, 9.42 a. m., 2.03, 8.28 p. m. Leave Bristol 8.35, 9.40, 10.03, 11.05 a. m., 12.57, 2.19, 5.23, 8.48 p. m. Sundays at 9.08, 9.59 a. m., 2.23, 8.48 p. m.

Leave Baltimore and Washington at 7.40, 9.15, 11.15 a. m., 1.27 night. Sundays at 7.40, 9.15 a. m., 1.27 night.

E. W. OLDEN, Agent. H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt. Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 25 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners Supreme Court. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to Sewerage and Drainage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney at Law, Master in Chancery, Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds, Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 33 West Front street.

CLARK & REID,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Office corner Front and Second streets.

CRANE & MANNING,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Notaries Public and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

BROWN & HILL,
Shorthand and typewriting, in connection with their regular practice, in court and office. No. 3 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Hand hacks stand scorned wash for them.

The Curiosity Shop

CONCERNING SUPERSTITIONS.

Walter Besant's Notes on a Few Connected with Birds and Sailors.

Of superstitions there is no end. Here, however, I have noted down a few connected with birds and sailors. That is to say, the birds hold the same superstitions as the sailors, only the other way about. The magpie considers it unlucky to see a sailor. The kite, on the other hand, thinks it lucky to see a sailor, but a raven would fly a dozen miles to escape seeing a sailor, and a swallow crossing the sea despairs of getting safe to shore again if it passes a ship. A flight of *earliews presages east wind.* Many gulls show that herrings are about; when gulls congregate get herrings they eat shooting stars. No one must kill an albatross. If you want to know the direction of the wind you must catch a kingfisher and hang him up to the mast, when *he turns his breast to meet the breeze.*

A shorter way is to compare the flag with the compass, and not to trouble about catching the kingfisher in fact, I never knew any one who had ever caught a kingfisher. When a sailor is drowned, his soul goes into a stormy petrel, and would have a very good time indeed if there were any tom about. Lastly, do you know where sea birds—such as puffins, shags and the like—are bred? Out of eggs, you think. Nothing of the kind. They are bred in the decaying timber of wrecked ships; they grow in the wood like fungi; when the proper time arrives they drop off into the sea; the moment they touch it the water they receive life. All these notes I find in a piece of paper. I do not know where I found them, but I judge by the appearance of the paper and its companion-sheets, I should say it was fifteen years ago at least, and where I found or was told these interesting facts I do not remember.

Beauty Among American Indians.

Science has directed attention to the power of beauty in developing the race toward a certain standard of physical perfection, and it notes some interesting facts presented by Dr. R. W. Shufeldt in a pamphlet on Indian types of beauty. Dr. Shufeldt begins with the suggestive remark that men of the lower type of development cannot perceive the beauty in the women of the higher type nearly so readily as the men of the higher type can recognize the comeliness in the women of the lower. This is as we might expect; the education in the elements of the beautiful being principally a result of development.

Dr. Shufeldt inserts a number of photographs of Indian beauties, an inspection of which will satisfy any one that the opinion which in their own tribe awards them the palm for good looks is justified by all standards. The same fact is borne out by Mr. Power in his work on the Indians of California. He calls attention to the attractive appearance of the maidens of several tribes reputed among their own people as beauties.

While in all stages of civilization there are false and abnormal standards of the beautiful—notably one among ourselves—there is also a gradual and certain tendency toward that ideal of physical form which the keen artistic sense of the ancient Greeks recognized as the perfection of corporeal symmetry. Whatever it is you can see in any degree it is sure to be recognized. As Novalis says in one of his apothegms, "Beauty alone is visible."

The Mass of Lot XIII.

In a chatty article in The North American Review, by Signor Giovanni Ameali, we are told that Leo XIII dines at 1 o'clock in the old Roman style. The dinner is composed *of a soup, generally pate d'Italie, a roast,* a vegetable, very often fried potatoes and fruit. Pius IX was very fond of boiled meat, which was served to him daily in a triple form—boiled chicken, boiled beef and boiled mutton. This plate is banished from Leo's table, as well as bacon and cheese. *The only wine served is old Bordeaux.* The pope is very apt to glance over the journals at meal times. He dines alone generally, waited upon, in addition to the valet, by his secular secreto, or carver, Commendatore Giulio Sterlini. This official is a gentleman of refined tastes and artistic culture, owning a good collection of pre-Raphaelite pictures. An invitation to take coffee and milk after the pope's mass is considered a great honor, and is only extended to those who have heard the mass and received the holy communion from the pope's hands. It has lately been granted to the ex-Grand Duchess of Tuscany and to the Princess Borghese. Aldobrandini, Altieri and Ludovisi. The same favor is shown sometimes to the nephews of the pope. In all cases the visitors sit at a small table placed next to the pope's.

Highest Mountain Railway of the World.

The new mountain railway from Brienz to the summit of the Brienzer-Rothhorn, which is now open to tourists, is not only the highest in Europe, but the highest in the world, according to The Swiss Verkehrs Zeitung, which gives the following table of the comparative elevation above sea level of the principal mountain railways: Brienzer-Rothhorn, 2,289 meters; Central Pacific, 2,169; Pilatus railway, 2,070; Rigi railway, 1,750; Monte Generoso, 1,639; Murren railway, 1,641; Bremner railway, 1,367; Canadian Pacific, 1,812; Arlberg, 1,816; Vesuvius, 1,188; St. Gotthard railway, 1,155; Brunig, 1,004; Einsiedeln, 894; Jura Simplon (at Tavannes), 761. All these are more than 2,000 feet above the sea.

Strange Effect of Diving.

One of the strange effects of diving, as recounted by an intrepid pearl diver, is the invariable bad temper felt while working at the bottom of the sea; and, as this usually passes away as soon as the surface is reached, it may be supposed to be due to the *pressure of air* inside the dress, affecting the lungs and through them the brain. A diver often becomes so angry at some imaginary wrongdoing on the part of those in the boat above that he gives the signal to be pulled up, "with the intention of knocking the heads off the entire crew," *only to forget what he came* up for when the surface is reached.

A Gigantic White Oak Tree.

The largest white oak tree of white oak probably that was ever sawed to order and shipped to New York, is stated by The Recorder to have been 30 inches square and 50 feet long and measured 3,750 feet, board measure. It weighed 22,500 pounds, railroad standard weight for green oak timber. The tree measured over 8½ feet in diameter fifty feet from the ground. Another piece of the same tree 40 feet long and 30 inches square and 50 feet long was shipped in two cars which came from Ohio.

Our Young Folks

NAPLES.

A City Noted for Its Picturesque and Interesting Surroundings.

Naples, as older readers may know, is a famous city of southern Italy and capital of the province of Naples. It is built partly at the base, partly on the slopes of two crescent shaped acclivities on the beautiful bay of the same name. Naples is one of the chief centers of the commerce and industry of Italy, and is also famous among the cities of the world for its beautiful scenery, the softness of its climate and the clear atmosphere.

FISHER BOY OF NAPLES.

The surroundings of Naples are not only noted for their beauty of scenery, but are highly interesting. They contain the tomb of Virgil, the disinterred towns of Herculaneum and Pompeii, the volcano of Vesuvius and the Roman remains of temples, palaces and tombs.

The beauty of the Bay of Naples has long been famous. This bay is about twenty miles across. A striking feature of Naples is its singular population and the publicity in which *life is passed.* The inhabitants swarm in the thoroughfares, where venders, purchasers and idlers interminale and dazzle with the brilliant variety of their costumes.

Not the least picturesque in this throng are the hardy and industrious fishermen who live on the sunny shores of the bay. The children of the fisher folk are set early to work. They need and wear little clothing, for the weather is generally warm. The lad in the picture is carrying two of the wicker traps used for catching fish. On his breast he wears a little charm which his mother has doubtless given him, and which they both believe will keep him safe from danger, for these simple fisher folk are very superstitious. The language which the fisher lad speaks and in which he sings popular Neopolitan songs is the native patois, a corrupt dialect of Italian and Spanish.

Audubon's Tame Turkey.

Audubon, the great naturalist, succeeded in rearing a wild turkey that became very tame. Still love of freedom was inborn, and it had to be allowed to roam at its own sweet will in the woods near its owner's house. It spent the whole day in the forest, returning home only at night. At last it forgot to come back. Some time afterward Audubon went a-hunting and saw in the distance a splendid wild turkey, on which he set his dog. To his surprise, however, the bird did not fly away nor did the dog seize it when he drew up to it, but instead turned his head toward his master. When Audubon approached he at once identified his missing pet. The turkey and the dog, too, had recognized each other as old friends. So they all went home together.

What the School Bell Says.

It is wonderful what unlike things
The school bell says to the boys when it rings!
For instance, the laggard, who drags along
On his way to school, hears this sort of thing:

Oh—hum!
Why did I come?
Study till time—
Books are a bore!
Oh, how I wish
I could go fishing and fish!
See! There's the brook,
Here's line and hook.
What's that you say?
Hurry up—do!
Oh—hum—ho!
Speed—I go,
Study till four,
Books are a bore!

Then the boy who vows to be faithful and true,
Who does what his parents think best he should do,
Comes bravely along with satchel and books,
The breeze in his whistle, the sun in his looks,
And these are the thoughts that well up like a song
As he hears the old bell, with its faithful ding-dong:

Cling, clang, cling—
I'm so glad I could sing!
Heaven is blue,
Duty to do!
Birds in the air,
Everything fair,
Even a boy
Finds study a joy!
When my work's done
I'm ready for fun.
Keener myolay
For the hours of the day.
Cling, clang, cling—
I'm so glad I could sing!

Those are the songs which the two boys heard,
When the school bell was ringing, word for word.

Which do you think was the truer song?
Which do you hear as you're trudging along?
Don't be a laggard—Far better, I say,
To work when you work, and play when you play!

—Journal of Education.

Where Will They Turn Up Next?

"There!" said grandpa at last,
Tearing up some letters fast—
"I have read you all quite through
This is what becomes of you!"

A JACK-IN-THE-BOX.

To the basket then stepped he,
Oh, so neat and orderly!
Went to refse the lid, when—"Bo!"
Up sprang doll and I, you know.

Grandpapa is clever—yes;
But he says he asked to guess
Where we two shall turn up next.
He'd be really quite perplexed.

Directs.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable † Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

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Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

☞ First-class bar attached.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK H. MILLER.

18 28 6m.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

Corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

After Looking at This,

If you want a big bargain in a fine carriage—actually to be sold below cost—call at French's.

If you want a fine set of harness, don't fail to examine L. M. French's stock before buying elsewhere.

Look at Them—They will Stand

Examination—L. M. French's Repository, 16, 18, 20, 22 Somerset street.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as

RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS,
PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC.
WINTER AND FALL BLANKS.

They also have a big stock of

PARLOR HEATERS,

New Styles. Very Cheap.

$40 for ONE PAIR of Shoes,

If the shoes are made of leather, is a price out of all reason.

DOANE & EDSALL are selling Shoes for women, fine fitting, long wearing, different widths, at ONLY

Two Dollars a Pair.

Doane & Edsall, 22 West Front Street.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

The Most Economical System of Heating your House is to use the

RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.'S PERFECT HOT WATER HEATER

To notice, no soot, no dust, no easy to manage as a common stove, and FULLY GUARANTEED.

SOLD BY

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Plainfield, N. J.

Legal Advertisements.

PREROGATIVE COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY.

In the Matter of the Estate of Job Male, deceased, } Order to Limit } Creditors.

Upon application made to me for that purpose, by John S. Harrison and Elias R. Pope, administrators of the estate of Job Male, late of the City of Plainfield in the County of Union in this State, deceased, I do hereby on this seventh day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, order that said John W. Harrison and Elias R. Pope as such administrators, do give notice to the creditors of the estate of said deceased, to bring in their debts, demands and claims against the same, under oath within nine months from the date of this order, and that the giving of this order in five of the local public papers in the County of Union for the space of two months successively, shall be notice to the like effect to the "The Plainfield Evening News," one of the newspapers of this State, such notice to be given and advertised within twenty days from the date hereof, and to be continued for two months. ALEX. T. McGILL, O.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Pursuant to the order of Elias R. Pope, administrators of the estate of Job Male, deceased, by direction of the Ordinary of the State of New Jersey, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said Job Male, to bring in their debts, demands and claims against the estate of the said deceased, under oath, within nine months from the date of this order, or they will be forever barred of any action therefor against the said administrators.

JOHN W. J. HARRISON,
ELIAS R. POPE,
Administrators.

Dated Sept. 7th, 1892. 9 16 sw 9t

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.

1872. Membership 138,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $3,000,000 since organization.

Wyanoke Lodge, 3691, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at clerk's office. Wyanoke Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.

Immediate relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VANARSDLYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. POST, Reporter.

Watchung Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

THE HOUSEHOLD

CANNING FOOD.

The Preservation of Small Fruits, Vegetables and Meats.

It is well known that the destruction of germs and the exclusion of air are requisites in the preservation of food by the process of canning, and Miss Maria Parola states in The Ladies' Home Journal that if these be properly attended to no preservative need be added, except to give a flavor. Some substances require long exposure to a high temperature before all the germs are destroyed, while others need only to be heated to the boiling point, and then be boiled for a minute or two. Nearly all small fruits are easily preserved by thoroughly heating after their canning. The larger kinds require a longer time for the heat to penetrate every part. Some vegetables, such as peas, beans, corn, etc., require a long exposure to a high temperature. Meats are still more difficult to keep, and it is the practice to add a chemical to the water in which the cans stand that the temperature may be raised to a degree even higher than that of boiling water.

The essential things in canning fruit are to have the jars and covers hot, *fruit boiling* hot. *The jars also should* stand perfectly level; fill them with fruit and juice, passing a silver knife between the can and the fruit that all the spaces may be filled with the juice. Now pour in strup until it runs over the top of the jar; seal at once. When the jars are cold set them in a cool, dry, dark place. Fruit is always better flavored when sugar is put with it; the amount is a matter of taste.

To preserve fruit strups prepare the fruit as for jellies. Strain the juice and put on to boil. To each pint of juice add half a pound of sugar; boil for fifteen minutes, stirring well; bottle and seal while boiling hot.

Peeling Tomatoes.

The skin of the tomato is very tough and disagreeable, and its presence in a tomato salad is a decided drawback to that dainty dish. The ordinary process of peeling is, however, attended with much difficulty, so that it may be of interest to our readers to know a better method, especially when tomatoes are to be peeled in large quantity for canning. Drop the tomatoes into boiling water, remove after a few seconds' immersion, and the skin will come off without any trouble whatever. The reason of this, of course, is that the heat of the water acts on the skin and causes it to expand before it has time to affect the fruit itself, hence the skin becomes detached and can be peeled off without great difficulty.

Care of Carvers.

Fine carvers should be treated with the same respect as fine razors. They should be laid always by themselves. On no account should the edge of one carver touch that of another carver, nor should it touch any other hard substance.

A carver must always be sharpened on its steel before it is offered for use, unless a contrary direction be given, when it necessary should be taken without delay to the shop of a careful workman to have the edge renewed.

It is safest to replace carvers in their own cases. When they are laid in a drawer it is well to keep each one in its own simple case of heavy gray flannel.—Good Housekeeping.

For Polishing Floors.

For polishing floors The Industrial World recommends to throw permanganate of potash crystals into a pail of boiling water, and apply the mixture as hot as possible to the floor with a large fat brush. If the stain produced is not dark enough, apply one or two more coats, as desired, leaving each wash to dry thoroughly before applying another. If it is desired to polish the surface with beeswax, a coat of size should be applied to the boards before staining, as this gives depth and richness to the color. After three or four days polish well with a mixture of turpentine and beeswax. A few cents will cover the cost of both size and permanganate of potash.

Corn Fritters.

Remove the corn from the cob. Use a sharp knife, and shave off the tops of the kernels. Scrape off what remains, using the back of the knife for this purpose. Cold boiled corn may be used or the fresh corn uncooked. Take two cups of corn pulp, two eggs, one cup of sweet milk, one-half level teaspoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of melted butter. Make with flour a batter stiff enough to fry like griddle cakes. Have the griddle hot to begin with; fry a nice brown, and serve immediately. If the griddle is hot and they stick to it, add a little more flour to the batter.

Compote of Peaches.

Peaches or apricots are peeled, cut in half and (the stones being removed) put into the pan with a little white wine and sugar; blanch the kernels of half a dozen stones, add them to the fruit; boil not less than five and not more than ten minutes, lift one with a strainer, strange neatly on a dish, and proceed as usual. The syrup can then be boiled down till the necessary reduction has taken place. Pour a little over the fruit, the rest in the dish, and serve either just hot or quite cold.

Spiced Grapes.

Stem and wash wild grapes and boil till soft, then pass through a coarse sieve, says California Fruit Grower. To every ten pounds of pulp add half as much sugar, an even tablespoonful of cinnamon, a heaping teaspoonful each of cloves, spice and pepper, a grated nutmeg and two quarts of vinegar. Boil slowly till it is as thick as catchup ought to be, then bottle.

Art Pottery, Bric-a-brac, Etc.

Glit tracery is found on nearly all glass.

There are rainbow hued glasses, vases and dishes of every sort.

Chippendale glass is in tall, slender, angular pieces, with delicate gold tracery.

Vases of glass bubbles surmounting one another, as delicate and iridescent as soap bubbles, are new.

Flowers in all the new pieces are to be arranged in small nosegays or a few out flowers only in each, but there are many little branching cups.

A centerpiece of green *glass has a central* dish for fruit. Around it are arches of clear crystal, and between them are flower receptacles with several branches of pale green glass.

Pale green glass is the mode. It is of every sort. Large flower shaped bowls are mounted on brass and are drawn wheelbarrow style. Between the handles of the barrow is a branching glass design for flowers.—Jewelers' Circular.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!

After the use of

Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.

Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child.

SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

LOOK HERE!

FIVE gallons of Best Kerosence Oil, 150 test, and patent can,

90c.

Headquarters for Sweet Potatoes!

50c. Basket (16 quarts.)

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.

Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS.

Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.

A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on

..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..
..Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks..

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

None Such Condensed Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between George L. Van Emburgh and Edward White, of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Van Emburgh & White, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

GEORGE L. VAN EMBURGH,
EDWARD WHITE.

Dated September 14, 1892. 15 tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 14, 1892.

To Whom it May Concern:

Be it known that Mr. Edward White and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the city of Plainfield, County of Union, State of New Jersey, have this fourteenth day of September, 1892, formed a co-partnership under the firm name of White & Van Arsdale, to succeed the firm of Van Emburgh & White, dealers in dry goods, notions, etc., which business will be continued at the same place, No. 18 West Front street, where they will be pleased to serve patrons and friends.

EDWARD WHITE,
of the late firm Van Emburgh & White.
MORRIS C. VAN ARSDALE,
of the late firm of Doane & Van Arsdale.
14 19

BABY : LAUGHS

when mamma uses

ANTI-CHAP.

For children and infants. There is no preparation so cleansing and healthful for the little ones as Anti-Chap.

Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with

ANTI-CHAP POWDER.

Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

BEACH'S

Celebrated

PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

Also

HOME MADE White Bread. Gluten Bread. Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Crullers, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPES and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice.

Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday dinner on or before Saturday morning.

M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article,

A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,

to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

NEUMANN BROS.

BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furnace" house heating boilers.

New Marble and Granite Works,

We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay.

Call and examine work and get prices.

J. E. Townsend, Manager,

No. 20 SOMERSET STREET.

Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. | T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. | 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," | TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1892. | PRICE TWO CENTS.

Borough Republicans, Take Notice!

A special meeting of the U. S. Grant Republican Club, of North Plainfield, will be held Wednesday evening, Sept. 21st, at eight o'clock, in Spencer's Hall.

All members are urgently requested to be present. The question of forming a marching club will then be decided, and other business of importance will be acted upon.

All Republicans of the Borough not now members are cordially invited to attend and enroll their names.

BREVITIES

—In Tennessee there is a fifteen-year-old girl preacher.

—A New York firm is manufacturing a self-winding clock.

—A macadam road from Matawan to New Brunswick is talked of.

—There will a regular meeting of the Plainfield Camera Club this evening.

—A Sacramento toboggan-slide, just invented, is an iron flume circling a post.

—The Plainfield Cricket Club was defeated by the Newark Club on Saturday afternoon.

—In Philadelphia it is against the law to throw peanut shells, scrap paper and such things into the street.

—New Jersey people lose about $800,000 by the collapse of that pernicious insurance institution, the Iron Hall.

—Street Commissioner Robert Mosker and wife returned Saturday from a weeks stay at Lake Hopatcong.

—The U. S. Grant Republican Club of North Plainfield will raise a Harrison and Reid banner Friday evening.

—The Park Club of North Plainfield will open its Fall and Winter season of festivities this evening with a German.

—The largest farm in the world is said to be in Louisiana. It is 100 by 25 miles and embraces 100,000 acres. It cost $50,000 to fence it.

—Bridget Courtney, who was arrested yesterday for being drunk and disorderly, this morning paid the $8 fine imposed by Judge Codington.

—Mr. F. M. Hulett has now on hand over 5,000 copies of the latest music published, and is constantly receiving new music as fast as it is printed.

—*Edward Wilson was arrested by Officer* Frederickson last evening for being drunk and disorderly, and was this morning sentenced to forty days in the county jail by Judge Codington.

—The Borough Democrats will hold an important political meeting at their headquarters, on Somerset street, and the Plainfield Democrats will, on the same evening, swing a banner on North avenue.

—New Jersey furnished to the Union army during the rebellion 26,814 men. Of these, 2,588 were killed in battle and 5,136 died in the service from disease *and other causes, thus making a total of* 7,724 lives given by our State to the cause of union.

—The Plainfield cricket eleven have had a most successful season. They have engaged in thirteen games to date and have won all but three. Next Saturday they close their season with a game against the Elizabeth Cricket Club, in Elizabeth.

—The base ball season of the Central New Jersey League has ended. Plainfield Crescents and Somerville West Ends are tie for first place and the pennant, but as they two clubs cannot agree *on terms for* playing off the tie the situation will remain as it is.

—A special meeting of the U. S. Grant Republican Club will be held in Spencer's Hall to-morrow evening at eight o'clock. The question of forming a marching club will be discussed and important business acted upon. All Republican voters are invited to be present.

—It is given out at the Philadelphia and Reading shops in Pottsville, Penn., that the management of that company has decided to paint all its main and tributary lines of railroad, and all engines black, with white lettering, in the same style as the old Lehigh Valley cars are painted.

—The new play, "H. M. S. Pinafore," which will show here to-morrow night has just come from the Criterion, Brooklyn, N. Y. The cast includes Madame Journal, the original Buttercup, Mr. Richard Lansmere from the Olympia Theatre, London. Mrs. Elaine Gryce of the Dyleaster English Opera Co., and a powerful cast.

—Along the Central Railroad of New Jersey, from Somerville east, are to be seen some of the most costly and artistic passenger stations in America. At least a dozen of these have been built within the past year, and the style of architecture is handsome. The stations at Somerville, Plainfield, Elizabeth, Eighth street and Bayonne, are especially artistic and beautiful, and one not completed at Netherwood promises to be in line with the others.

—Brown Van Fleet, the twelve-year-old Somerville boy, who, while visiting relatives in Raritan two weeks ago, sucked a lemon drawn one of his broncchial tubes during a fit of coughing, died Sunday morning from suffocation. The only hope Doctors Wyman and Hecht had for the boy, during his suffering, was that nature might aid in the removal by dislodging the bean, or that the bronchial tube would expand, and thus prevent suffocation. The doctors will hold a post mortem examination.

—Mr. E. A. Embury has kindly consented to teach a young men's singing class at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, provided a sufficient number of persons join in the instruction. A $2 membership in the Association will entitle to the privileges of this, and all other classes in the Association with the exception of short hand, for which there will be an extra charge of $3. Mr. Embury, who was formerly a pupil of Dr. Messiter, of Trinity church, is a teacher of about twelve years experience in the training of male voices. Classes for boys to be held in the afternoon, will also be organized. All interested in the formation of these classes are requested to leave their names as soon as possible at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

PERSONAL.

Mr. John Higgins died at one o'clock this afternoon, of consumption, at his home on West Third street.

Mrs. Frank Manchester of Arlington avenue started to-day for Newark where she will visit for week with relatives.

Mr. George Kyte of Fanwood started last evening for Washington to view the national encampment of the G. A. R.

Mr. Addison Conkling of East Front street is expected home the latter part of this week from the Adirondack mountains.

Mrs. V. Borton Hart of Broadway has returned from Washington, D. C. Her daughter, Miss Hart, is visiting friends at Black Rock, Conn.

The marriage of Miss Catherine St. J. Mathews to Edwin P. Cox took place in Grace church on Saturday evening. Rev. E. M. Rodman tied the nuptial knot.

Mr. Antoni Marioushek of Dunellen and Miss Margaret Sell of Fanwood were united in marriage last Sunday by Justice V. W. Nash at the residence of the bride's parents at Fanwood.

Mr. Ralph Opdyke of Broadway returned last Wednesday from Chicago, where he has been in business for the past two years. He has, for the past six month's, been preparing to enter the medical school of the New York University this fall.

Mr. E. L. Walz, Jr., chairman of the business meeting of the Bicycle club held in that building Saturday, by the authority given him at the meeting, has appointed the necessary two members to the Carnival Committee. The committee is now composed of Captain Martin, Messrs. George Mahon, A. T. Hinrichs, T. S. Burr and Andrew Fritts.

Messrs. George Henry and Harry Johns of this city have formed a copartnership under the firm name of Henry & Johns, Building Movers, and have for their headquarters, No. 71 East Third street. They have had fourteen years' experience and are well known here. They guarantee to move brick or frame buildings with care, and take orders at any point accessible to the railroad, as elsewhere advertised.

Base Ball Games High.

The following statement of receipts and expenditures of the Crescent League Base Ball management indicates that Plainfield will not support base ball games. The attendance throughout the season, with two or three exceptions, has been far below what was expected. The league of managing a ball team comes high, for, besides all the kind things that have been said of him during the season, Mr. Reed will have the pleasure of making good the deficit of $540, unless there are enough people who appreciate his efforts to provide entertainment for them, will make up a purse to relieve him, as the club treasury is depleted.

Following is the statement:

Games played at home	28
Games played away	13
Prevented by rain or cancelled	5—46
Games won	24
Games lost	11—41

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid players	$4,568.68
Guarantees	600.00
Umpires	196.00
Janitor, grounds	170.75
Suits, shoes, etc	219.56
Account of rent	75.00
New stand, etc	173.88
Police and gate tenders	59.00
Ice, Bath	30.00
Traveling expenses	170.86
Telegrams	28.10
Advertising, meals and sundry expenses	484.99
Total disbursements	$4,568.21

RECEIPTS.

Total gate receipts	$4,160.54	
Sale of season tickets	62.00	
Subscriptions for ball suits	98.00	4,320.54
Cash shortage		$829.57
Sum yet to pay, rent of grounds, etc, etc		500.00
Total deficit		$540.57

Total paid players	$2,568.68
Average per game	85.80
Average per man per game, 16 men	5.36
Total attendance	14,092
Average attendance	502
Largest attendance at league games	6,567
Average at league games	774
Average at other games	345
Largest attendance at any game	1,356
Smallest	107

A Child Strays from Home and Causes Much Excitement.

The two-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. George Ball of Linden avenue, strayed away from home shortly after eleven o'clock this morning and caused its parents considerable worry. They notified acting marshal Van Horn, and a search was made for several hours. The child was found about one o'clock on Somerset street, near Front street by George Van Nest who promptly took it home.

How Israel Jones Avoided Running Into a Girl.

Israel Jones, the Park Club janitor, while riding his bicycle on West Front street yesterday, collided with a little girl. He was going rather fast and did not see the child until he was within a few feet of her. He then put on his brake so hard that he was thrown over the bicycle handles, and striking on his back was covered with mud. The child was uninjured.

A Boy Grasps a Live Wire.

Charles Hill, Jr., a ten-year-old boy living in Dunellen, took hold of a live electric light wire Saturday evening receiving a very severe shock and badly burning his hand. He was unable to let go of the wire and had not a gentleman nearby cut the wire with an ax the shock might have proved fatal.

Republican Mass Meeting To-Night.

A rousing time is anticipated at the Republican mass meeting at the Crescent Rink this evening. The next Governor of New Jersey will be there.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Ex-Mayor Place on the Political Situation.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—As the war which the Free Trade Democracy is waging against the McKinley Tariff is being waged with quaker guns, I think the citadel of Protection is safe against Free Trade attack. Never for an hour since I became a voter have I lost an interest in the great principles of the Republican party. And at this time I have but little fear, except from Republican apathy, of the re-election of President Harrison. I do not believe it is in the political nature of affairs that such a transition will take place, for we see on all sides, and in every part of the country, business success, because of the wise Republican legislation of the Fifty-first Congress. The people are not all fools. Nor are a majority of them tools. A party which gave the country such men for its chief magistrates as Lincoln, Grant, Hayes, Garfield and Harrison, has a hold upon the true, loyal, patriotic American voter. The only question then is there was an evidence of a breaking away from true patriotism and love of country, was in 1884, when a few misguided Republicans lost their heads and voted for Grover Cleveland. When later they stood appalled at the extent of the political disaster they had helped to bring about, they resolved to right that wrong. God sparing their lives to do it. So, in 1888, the time came, and they did right that wrong, and they aided Grover Cleveland to step down and out of the position, as chief magistrate of this nation, he was using, with all his power, to destroy American industries and degrade American labor. Four years of Grover Cleveland was enough for them, and today, these same men, and thousands more like them are fighting in the ranks of the party which made the McKinley tariff a verity.

The contest this Fall, as in 1880, '84, and '88, revolves largely around one common object, as the all absorbing—Shall Republican Protection to American industries and American labor continue. We are asked by the Free Traders to join them in breaking down the barriers to home protection and home labor, that Europe may do our manufacturing. Grover Cleveland and he want a tariff for revenue only. His satellites revolving around him go farther and say, Protection is unconstitutional, and they ask the laboring man to turn from high to low wages; that the Sugden Club was brought into existence by magwump and Democratic papers, gain the glory of tearing up by the roots the tree of Protection, which is flourishing so greatly in this country to-day.

I do not believe that a majority of the people of the prosperous world will for *one moment favor Free Trade. I do* not believe that the mechanics and laboring men of the North propose to so vote, that they will come to empty flour barrels and wretched homes. I do not believe that the Irish-American or the German-American, who left their own countries of Free Trade and from which they suffered—will very largely vote to renew these conditions to themselves here and now. If they do, their coming has been in vain. I do not believe the business men who have so recently established upon a firm foundation, based upon the wise financial policy of the Republican party, propose to vote for Grover Cleveland, and who stands upon a platform committed to a policy which will bring about a serious change and probably distruction or business and debasement of our currency. I have great faith in the wisdom, in the loyalty, in the patriotism, and the honesty of the American people, and I do not believe they propose to turn from all these attributes to embrace the weak, the vacillating, the destructive policy, of the Democratic party, as represented by Grover Cleveland. That party was tried from 1884 to 1888, and a trail of disasters followed in its wake, and it left behind it then a ruin of sixty millions of people. Not having learned anything since then, the present sixty-five millions of people want to let well enough alone. The Gray Gables candidate, in my judgment, is again doomed to defeat. CHARLES PLACE.

BISMARCK ON PROTECTION.

He Declares that the Progress of the United States has been Mainly due to the Protective System.

"The success of the United States in material development is the most illustrious of modern times. The American nation has not only successfully borne and suppressed the most gigantic and expensive war of all history, but immediately afterward disbanded its army, *found em*ployment for all its soldiers and marines, paid off a debt, and established pensions for all the unemployed of Europe as fast as they could arrive within its territory, and still by a system of taxation so indirect as not to be perceived, much less felt. Because it is my deliberate judgment that the prosperity of America is due to the protective system alone. Now I urge that Germany has now reached that point where it is necessary to imitate the tariff system of the United States.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending Sept. 20th, 1892:

Adome Caroleia
Beach, Mr
Brough, Mrs
Bolles, G G
Clatou, Maggie
Hall, Harry
Johnson, Cornelia
Kirskeman, L
Kelly, John
Kelly, Mrs G H
Kiley, Patrick
Lyons, E
Llewellyn, Miss D(2)
McConnell, Andrew
McCann, Miss Mary
McCarthy, Miss M
Parker, Miss L (4)
Parker, Miss L M (2)
Rice, Thomas
Thomsen, David
Welsager, Mrs Mary

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. B. PORD, Postmaster.

THE SMALL BOYS' PARADISE.

His Greatest Happiness is Found in the Circus.

"The elephant will walk around and the band begin to play" on Friday, Sept. 23, when the Adam Forepaugh Shows will exhibit here, and the small boy is consequently in the seventh Heaven of delirium. We are all more or less small boys for enjoyment at the circus. "Circus" is the most comprehensive term in this connection for the Forepaugh "circus" is not only a circus, which includes the great Valdis slack wire, the double revolving trapeze act, but says it has also a genuine Moorish Circus Co., a menagerie, a museum, an aviary, an equescurriculum, a hippodrome, a great street parade and a spectacle—The Fall of Nineveh. With all those features, save the spectacle, the public is already more or less familiar, and it has been like something beautiful. A semblance of a spectacle. But, judging from reliable newspaper reports, The Fall of Nineveh is a spectacle upon such a scale of real magnificence that it might fairly be said that the real, genuine thing in the way of a spectacle had not before been seen. The fall of Nineveh is the production of Rettig, the World famous decorator and originator of *the great out-door exhibition*: "The Fall of Babylon," "Rome Under Nero" and several others of like worth. The Fall of Nineveh is his latest and greatest work, and is the first of his mammoth, original spectacles to be shown in connection with a tented exhibition. Great interest attaches to the coming of the Adam Forepaugh Shows and the Fall of Nineveh, and all boys and girls, old and young, will want to see them.

STATE NEWS

An intoxicated Polander fell from a street car in Elizabeth and was nearly killed.

The seventh reunion of the Ninth New Jersey Volunteers will be held in Elizabeth on next Tuesday.

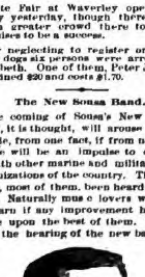
William Lyons, a brakeman living in Elizabeth was run over by a train at Rome, N. Y., and killed.

State Fair at Waverley opened formally yesterday, though there was a much greater crowd there to day. It promises to be a success.

For neglecting to register or muzzle their dogs six persons were arrested at Elizabeth. One of them, Peter J. Fraub, was fined $20 and costs $1.70.

The New Sousa Band.

The coming of Sousa's New Marine Band, it is thought, will arouse musical people, from one fact, if from no other. There will be no comparison to compare it with other marine and military band organizations of the country. The latter have, most of them, been heard at their best. Naturally music lovers will want to learn if any improvement has been made upon the best of them. The test is in the hearing of the new band now



brought out by Sousa. If accounts are true, it would seem that the youngest of all the great military band organizations is early destined to outstrip its seniors, for already it is said to be in reality a wonderful body. Manager Demarest says: "It is astonishing how quickly I gathered together such a body of acknowledged artists from all quarters of the globe and get them at work in earnest, drilling as one man. The inference is that before any rumor of the new organization ever was spread abroad or any information was given out about it whatever, the managers of the new band had decided that all his lines laid and his Yankee wits were at work. The scheme was almost complete before it was suspected and it was a rattling of dry managerial bones on two sides of the Atlantic at once after artful leagues falling out of divers organizations, and there was a flocking of notables at the Blaine & Sprague headquarters in New York. Then the fact dawned upon myriads of managers that a new and prodigious undertaking was fairly on foot."

Meeting of Naval Veterans of the United States and Baltimore.—Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The naval veterans of the United States will hold a re-union at Baltimore September 15th to 18th inclusive, and for this occasion the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all points on its lines at one fare and one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold and good going September 15th to 18th, and for return to October 19th inclusive, and will permit a stop-off at Philadelphia and Harrisburg and at stations between Harrisburg and Baltimore.

—Seven-eighths of the bread used in London is made of American wheat.

—Bicyclers are now obeying the ordinance requiring them to carry lighted lanterns. Though twenty were arrested in one week recently, none have been caught since.

—"Why is it," said a resident of East Third street recently, "that contractors and builders are allowed to occupy two-thirds and more of the street and sidewalk where they are erecting buildings? The permit given to them by the Street Commissioner allows them to use a part of the street and specifically states that they must have a light on the obstruction at night, but some contractors seem to utterly disregard the permit and openly violate the ordinance regarding the obstruction of streets. Surely the citizens have some rights that these violators of the law are bound to respect."

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

TWENTY-TWO YEARS SENTENCE.

The Penalty the Anarchist, Berkman, Must Pay.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 20th, (Special.)—Alexander Berkman, the anarchist who attempted to assinate H.C. Frick, Superintendent of the Carnegie Iron Works during the Homestead trouble was tried and found guilty to-day and sentenced to twenty-one years in the Penitentiary and one year in the work house.

A. BERKMAN.

Probably Not Cholera After All.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J. Sept. 20. (Special.)—The scare over the supposed cholera case here has subsided. None of the other people in the building where Carr died show any symptoms of the disease, and when it is remembered that Carr died after a day's debauch, during which he drank heavily at the saloons he visited, it it doubted that his death was caused by anything else than cholera morbus as might occur at any time to persons addicted to drinking intoxicating liquor.

No Cholera at Elizabeth.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 20. (Special.)—Dr. Jacobi of New York has been here and made an examination of the supposed cholera case in this city, and pronounces it simply an aggravated case of cholera morbus.

Major-General Ullmann Dead.

NYACK, Sept. 20. (Special.)—Major-Gen. Daniel Ullmann, who was the first to organize colored troops in the war of the rebellion, and took the first colored brigade South, died here this morning of old age.

Gen. Ullmann was born in Wilmington, Del., April 28, 1810. He was descended from several generations of bankers in Strasburg, Alsace; was one of the founders of the Union Club, of New York. In 1856 he was the candidate of the American party for Governor of New York. He served three years in the civil war, and retired with the rank of Major-General.

An Accident Delays Brooklyn Bridge Cars.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—(Special)—The cable which carries the cars over the Brooklyn Bridge got displaced shortly after eight o'clock this morning stopping for an hour the operation of the road. A pin of the balance car, as the heavy weight rolling on an incline plane, which carries the slack of the cable, is called, became displaced. The accident caused many thousand people to walk across the bridge.

Webster's Second Trial Begun.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20. (Special)—The second trial of Burton C. Webster, the slayer of Charles E. Goodwin, was begun to-day in the Court of Oyer and Terminer.

Serenade.

My love, may the Goddess of night,
Touch with tippoes, thy beautiful eyes;
May sweet sleep, that gem of God's blessings,
Enshroud thee until the sun rise.

May thy dreams be of him who most loves thee,
Of him who is leader and true;
Or thy love, who, this moment, salutes thee,
With a kiss, which he throws, love, to you.

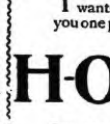
May thy waking be sweet as the morning,
Thy pleasures more bright than the day;
May the sun which discloses thy beauty,
Pour a blessing on thee with each ray.

JNO. L. ANDERSON.

YOUR grocer wants to sell you one package

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Buy another; or keep from buying, if you can.



BOICE—On Sunday, September 18, of paralysis of the heart, Sarah A. Boice, widow of Cornelius Boice, in the eighty-first year of her age.

Funeral services from her late residence, No. 75 East Front street, Thursday, Sept. 22, at three p. m. 19-3

CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!!

MADE AND LINED FREE.

A splendid assortment of Beautiful styles to select from. Give your order now, and we will make them up and hold until wanted

Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, Poles, Art Squares, Smyrna Rugs, all at New York Prices.

SPECIAL "CUT" PRICES.

Elegant white embroidered Handkerchiefs, 9c; original price 25c. Fancy hemmed stitched Handkerchiefs 9c. Foster Paul 5 hook Kid Gloves, 81 warranted; usual price $1.25. Embroidered silk Handkerchiefs, 17c; worth 25c. Our 50c. all silk gloves, colored, 49c. A good 65c. Corset for 50c. Good bleached muslin at 7c; worth 9c. Our 50c. Table Linen 43c. Our 65c. Table Linen 35c. Our 15c. colored band, do. 40 Ladies' striped Hose 25c.; usual price 45c. Ladies' fast black Hose, 2 pair for 15c., worth 25c. Our 3-8 $1.25 Linen Napkins for 98c. A good white 0-4 Blanket, 75c; worth $1.

They are guaranteed unusually attractive Bargains, and the quantities are limited. Come Quick and secure them before they are gone.

EDSALL'S.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, - - - SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

The Marie Gurney English Opera Company

Will Give a Revival of

H. M. S. PINAFORE.

Wednesday Evening, Sept. 21st.

Reserved Seats—35, 50 and 75 Cents. Now on sale at Central Pharmacy.

After Looking at This,

If you want a big bargain in a fine carriage—actually to be sold below cost—call at French's.

If you want a fine set of harness, don't fail to examine L. M. French's stock before buying elsewhere.

Look at Them—They will Stand

Examination—L. M. French's Repository, 16, 18, 20, 22 Somerset street.

Central Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A BRIGHT, colored man wishes a situation as coachman. Is connected and has best references. Call at 32 Park avenue. 16 5

A HANDY workman wants employment at any work around gentlemen's place. Is competent and has references. Address "Charles," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 8tf

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A good cook, washer and ironer. Must be well recommended. Call between three and six p. m., 117 Madison avenue. 20 3

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to solicit orders for nursery stock; expenses and salary to men who can leave home and work steadily; no commission. To local agents; write for terms and territory. Address R. G. Chase & Co., 1490 S. Penn St., Philad., Pa. S 12 7m eodw

WANTED—A girl for general housework 74 East Sixth street. 19 2

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A fine new dwelling on Richmond street. Has been recently papered and painted. Has all modern improvements and will be rented for $25 per month. Apply Spring. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-tf

TO RENT—Four rooms, with water 112 Jackson avenue. 25 5*

TO LET—Partly furnished house; fine location; three minutes' walk from station; in exchange for gentleman's board. Apply to J. W. Johnson, 3 La Grande avenue. 20 2

UNFURNISHED house to let Dr. Boone 81 Front street. 20 2w

FOR SALE.

COLUMBIA Century bicycle for sale, cheap. New last April. Address "Bevier," care of EVENING NEWS. 20 2

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—The large building, 81 and 83 Somerset street. For particulars, inquire on the premises. 9-20-tf

FRESH Jersey cow, three years old, for sale. 49 Putnam avenue. 19 3

FOR SALE—Cheap—Victor bicycle, in good condition; 54-inch; cushion tires; lantern. "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS 16 3

FOR SALE—425 Kodak; suitable for 100 exposures or glass plates; has some worth $38; entire outfit cost $70; perfect condition; will sell complete for $30. Address "Kodak," care of EVENING NEWS. 10tf

FLOUR AND FEED at low prices, L. Heyniger, 81 and 83 Somerset street. 9-30-tf

PIANO—First-class upright, for sale or rent. Great bargain. 90 East Front street. 20 1

WINDMILL for sale; with brass Pump, tower, etc., for one inch its cost. H. Pittis, 124 Central avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 16 10

MISCELLANEOUS.

A NORTH German lady desires pupils, all either beginners or advanced, for the study of German language. Apply to or address, Miss M. C., 36 Myrtle avenue, North Plainfield. 20-4

FLEEING from Cholera: If you want to send prepaid tickets to relatives and friends in Europe, on any line, call on H. D. Morrison, 11 Somerset street. tf

LESSONS given on the piano to beginners. Terms $2. Address P. O. Box 972. 17 6

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, repaired and sold. Call Furniture room, 11 Somerset street. 9-20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 19 3tf

WANTED TO RENT—In the First Ward, a moderate sized house, with improvements, furnished or unfurnished. Address stating location and price, "First Ward," care EVENING NEWS. 19 3

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given. That the partnership lately subsisting between George L. Embargh and Edward White, of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Van Embargh & White, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

GEO. L. VAN EMBURGH,
EDWARD WHITE.

Dated September 14, 1892. 15 6f

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 14, 1892.

To Whom it May Concern:

Be it known that Mr. Edward White and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union, State of New Jersey have this fourteenth day of September, 1892, formed a co-partnership under the firm name of White & Van Arsdale, to succeed the firm of the late firm of Van Embargh & White, dealers in dry goods, notions, etc., which business will be continued at the same place, No. 18 West Front street, where they will be pleased to serve patrons and friends.

EDWARD WHITE,
of the late firm of Van Embargh & White.
MORRIS VAN ARSDALE,
of the late firm of Doane & Van Arsdale.
14 12

HENRY & JOHNS,

Building Movers,

14 Years' Experience.

Brick or Frame Buildings

RAISED AND MOVED WITH CARE.

Contracts taken at any place accessible by rail.

Residence—71 East Third Street.

Plainfield, N. J. 20 3

SPECIAL SALE!

OF

1,000 pairs of Trousers

at

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE

30 West Front Street.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR BARGAINS.

Our New Stock of

Fall and Winter

Goods Just Received.

It will pay you to examine them.

The Latest Styles of Hats and gentleman's Furnishings.

A full line of Cloths for Clothing to Order.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Give Us Good Roads.

E. P. Powell, in The New England Magazine, has added his plea to the cry of those who are demanding good roads in all parts of our country. He says that American farmers have at present two great tasks before them—one to get rid of Asiatic invaders in the shape of weeds and insects, the other to get good roads. He is inclined to agree with the general verdict of foreigners that our railroad management is the best in the world, while our earth roads are the worst. "Our shame is that we are driving our horses in the Eighteenth century, while our steam engines run in the Nineteenth."

The present system of road management and of road working or ruining was never intended by the fathers to be anything more than a makeshift, he says. Farmers are losing heavily through their stubborn and mistaken stinginess in adhering to the wretched old system of road maintenance that was in vogue when men carried their grists to mill in a bag on horseback. In actual dollars and cents improved roads will add greatly to their productive capital. Their annual actual loss under the present system amounts to far more than the taxes for good roads would be. Upon a clay road a load for two horses is 1,400 pounds; upon a macadamized road it is 2,100 pounds.

The first step toward a good road of any kind is drainage, for that produces a solid bottom. To secure this the best engineers dig three ditches four feet deep along the highway—one under each side and another under the center. These are connected by cross sections, all are stoned or tiled, and the water is carried into sewers or streams. Even the common dirt road, the bugbear and eyesore, may be vastly improved by this simple ditching. Farmers themselves know how to construct the ditches. Without these ditches underneath a highway the more gravel there is put into a mudhole the deeper the mud will be. The next step in common road improvement is to make the gravel covered driveway wide enough for at least two teams to breast, so there will be less wearing into ruts.

The best road of all, however, and the one which should be the ultimate aim everywhere, is either the telford or the macadam stone road. The macadam well laid will meet our needs.

Political Progress.

Twenty years ago the "spoils system" was in full force. Every office under the government was virtually used for purposes of bribery. It was looked upon first place as a reward for fidelity to party, and the salary attached to it was afterward assessed for contribution to the party funds. The sense of decency of the people has since grown, and with it this abomination. No party manager can now try the meanest "trick" of the smaller office-holders for political purposes. The result has been a considerable increase in the efficiency of the public service, and a greater interest is now kept in view where formerly there was little thought of anything save how to make an office-holding yield as much advantage as possible to the holder.

Therefore the sun do move" politically is the conclusion of the editor of The Popular Science Monthly. He thinks, however, that it ought to move still more. The next step on the road of political progress will be the getting rid of the idea that a government is a sort of earthly providence—to do everything for everybody. We have too much of the paternal government idea hanging about us still, the editor thinks. We shall never know how great a people we are till we take our industrial and commercial activities into our own hands and instruct our legislators in particular that it is no part of their duty to make us wealthy and prosperous.

As to the government itself, a "higher standard of public duty and a nobler tone of public life would be at once established if the governing power were to be made free from all dependence on and entangling alliance with private interests."

That was a good letter the owner of Maud S and Sunol wrote to Malcolm Forbes on the victory of Nancy Hanks. "As to the trotting record, no one can expect to hold it all the time. I have held it off and on for the last twenty-five years, and it is scarcely necessary for me to add that when I do not hold it myself it is gratifying to me to know that it is held by a gentleman like yourself." Especially to be noted is Mr. Bonner's allusion to the bicycle sulky: "The sudden change in sulky wheels is really wonderful. I do not think that any one yet knows to what extent the rubber tires and ball bearing axles will revolutionize all harness records."

Observe this from George MacDonald: "To know one person who is positively to be loved will do more for a man's moral nature—yes, for his spiritual nature—than all the sermons he has ever heard or can hear." It seems so easy a thing, too, within reach of everybody, to become a person who can be positively trusted.

A woman of some means who answered a matrimonial advertisement married the advertiser and was very quickly robbed of all she had. She will know better next time.

A western man says he always envies a fat person when he sees him laughing. There seems to be so much of him having a good time.

HILL A DEMOCRAT STILL

The Senator Addresses a Monster Meeting in Brooklyn.

GREETED BY A CYCLONE OF CHEERS.

His Opening Declaration That He Was a Democrat Still Loudly Applauded, but the Dramatic Climax to His Address Seemed to Set His Audience Wild.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 20.—There was a great outpouring of Democrats in this city last night. The Academy of Music could not accommodate the crowd that rushed to secure good positions from which to take in every action of Senator David B. Hill in the delivery of an address that has been awaited anxiously by all Democrats. There were 10,000 in and around the building, and on the stage sat 400 people, among whom was every prominent Democrat of Brooklyn in town and many of the leading lights in the political arena of the large sister city.

It was about 8 o'clock when the speakers and the entertaining committee made their appearance. They were greeted with cheers, which lasted while they walked down to the stage and took their seats. When the applause ceased the meeting was declared opened by Chairman Thomas E. Pearsall, of the campaign committee. The most striking sentence delivered by him in his short address was as follows:

Democrats everywhere in the state of New York are at peace among themselves and never more thoroughly united than at this hour. Let all Democrats join in making the majority for Cleveland and Stevenson the largest ever given to the state ticket.

Mr. Pearsall introduced as chairman of the evening William J. Coombs, whose distinction lays in the fact that he ran for congress in a Republican district having 4,000 majority and was elected. Mr. Coombs said that the first speaker of the evening needed no more introduction than the phrase, "He is a Democrat." Cries of "Hill, Hill!" here greeted him, and he sat down while New York's senator arose and stood with smiling features as the audience showered applause upon him.

The senator's voice was low and calm as he began, but gradually he warmed up, and before a minute had passed he had attered a phrase that carried wild applause with it. This was when he said that before the Democratic national convention in Chicago he was a Democrat and was a Democrat still. Senator Hill spoke in part as follows:

Senator Hill's Speech.

I am reminded of the fact that it was in this edifice upon a memorable occasion in 1885 that I had the honor of expressing to the Intrepid Democracy of Kings county the sentiment, "I am a Democrat," and under the existing political situation I know of no more appropriate place or presence than here to declare that I was a Democrat before the Chicago convention, and I am a Democrat still.

Your cordial invitation to unite with you in the opening of this campaign could not well be declined, and I was accepted with pleasure, coming as it did from a Democratic organization embracing those who during all my political life have been among my staunchest and truest friends.

The national Democratic convention of 1892 has passed into history with its record, its triumphs and its disappointments. The wisdom of its action is not now to be questioned. It was the court of last resort established by party usage as the final arbiter to determine the conflicting interests and claims of candidates, states and sections, and its decision will be accepted with loyal acquiescence by every true and patriotic Democrat who recognizes the necessity of party organization and discipline and respects the obligations which he assumes in its membership.

From this time forward imperative duties are imposed upon us. Factional appeals should now cease, the spirit of resentment should be abandoned, state pride should be subordinated to the general good, real or fancied grievances should be dismissed, personal ambition should be forgotten and individual disappointments should be forgotten in the great emergency which demands from us all the exhibition of a wider, broad and lofty patriotism.

Permit me to repeat what I had the honor of expressing to the Tammany society on July 4 last, before the echoes of our national convention had scarcely died away, as follows: "The course at the present time is plain. In the approaching struggle the Democracy of New York should present a solid front to the common enemy. Loyalty to cardinal Democratic principles and to regularly nominated candidates is the supreme duty of the hour." I reiterate those sentiments now.

Political parties are a necessity under our system of free government, but parties can exist and accomplish successful results without unity of action. Without a conference in the conclusions of the majority and vigorous cooperation under competent leadership to secure the common object. To this end individual preferences and personal opinions must give way to the judgment of the party councils, the party platform. In all its essential particulars, must be deemed to be the infallible guide, and the party's candidates are our candidates and are entitled to our fealty.

There is no place in honorable American politics for the political guerrillas who do not attach themselves to either of the great political armies, but who, while swearing allegiance to neither, criticise them both and fight first upon one side and then upon the other. I am not assuming to offer suggestions of duty to this class of people, but to every loyalist in the Democrat to Democrats who are anxious to subserve the interests of their country, and believe that such interests can best be subserved by the success of the Democratic cause.

The Tariff.

Senator Hill then compared the two great political parties, stating that the fundamental difference between them was that the Democratic party believed in a strict and the Republican party in a loose construction of the federal constitution. He then went into a long argument on the tariff question, quoting Judge Miller, of the United States supreme court, and Judge Cooley, both on constitutional law to prove that the Democratic platform was right in asserting that the federal government has no constitutional power to frame and collect tariff duties except for the purposes of revenue only, and went on to say:

The Mills bill of 1888 and the separate tariff bills passed by the present Democratic house of representatives indicate in a general way the Democratic position. They show:

First—That the necessaries of life should be substantially free.

Second—That luxuries should bear the heaviest burdens.

Third—That there should be free raw materials for the benefit of our manufacturers.

Fourth—That the tariff upon manufactured articles should as a general rule be larger where similar articles are manufactured in this country than where they are not.

Fifth—That no tariff imposed upon all manufactured articles other than those which for good reasons are placed on the free list) should equal the difference between the rate of wages paid in this country and those paid in Europe for labor in the cost of their production.

President Harrison in his ingenious letter of acceptance endeavors to place our party in a false attitude by calling attention to the fact that while on platform in 1884, readopted in 1888, contained an express plank upon the question of the equalization of wages, yet it was omitted in 1892, and asserts that we have changed our position. The difference with him. There has been no change. It is not always practicable to place in a platform the details of proposed legislation.

The platforms of 1884-8 were elaborate and lengthy and it was desirable to simplify them. General principles were stated in 1892 rather than particulars as in 1884. There is no conflict between them. There was no necessity for the repetition of that plank, as the party's position upon it had been evidenced by the Mills bill, which had not been passed before the national conventions of 1884 and 1888 were held. Parties are to be judged as much by their records as by their platforms. We are not now upon our platform of 1892, but upon the Mills bill, which was the latest general Democratic legislation upon the tariff subject. That bill was as good an exposition of our principles as any elaborate platform could possibly be.

If I were asked to define as concisely as possible the whole Democratic policy, I should state it substantially as follows: "We favor a tariff for revenue only, limited to the necessities of the government, economically administered and so adjusted in its application, as far as practicable, as to prevent unequal burdens, encourage productive industries at home and afford just compensation to labor, but not to create or foster monopolies." These are the cardinal principles upon which the details of all tariff legislation should be based.

"Juggling with Figures."

Our opponents profess to be much disturbed because we have in our platform denounced "Republican protection" as a fraud. What else is it? It is a fraud for these conclusive reasons:

First—It is secured by a palpable abuse of the taxing power of the government.

Second—It enures to the benefit of the few at the expense of the many.

Third—It is based upon favoritism of the worst species.

Fourth—It tends to create fictitious prosperity to be followed by subsequent business depression.

Fifth—It is deceptive in its promises and unsatisfactory in its results.

Sixth—Its principal beneficiaries constitute a privileged class and their importunities for governmental aid lead to public scandal and demoralization.

The Harrison defeat of 1888 brought a Republican president and a Republican congress into power, and two years later, as a reward to those beneficiaries who had so largely contributed to their success, our opponents passed what is known as the McKinley bill or the high tariff bill. I do not intend to discuss the details of that measure now, as you have heard me frequently upon that subject.

The McKinley bill has not ruined the country, nor has it benefited it. It has increased the burdens of the taxpayers and added many of the monopolies of the land. There is no satisfactory evidence that it has increased our prosperity in any degree or advanced the wages of a single workingman.

Skillful statisticians capable of juggling with figures may assume to have more information than we possess, and may figure out a different result, but I can safely assert that it is the general understanding of the people that the McKinley bill has not increased wages either in New York or elsewhere. We are not seeking power upon the "calamity" issue, but with all good citizens we rejoice in the prosperity of the country and trust that it may continue, but we insist that the country has been prosperous, not because of the McKinley law, but in spite of it.

"Public Office Is a Public Trust."

Senator Hill then said there was another issue in this campaign of equal if not greater importance than the tariff—that of the Federal elections bill, to the message of which the Republican party stood committed. The senator then entered into a lengthy argument, denouncing the measure and its author, and asserting that the Democratic party stood at all times for free, honest and fair elections everywhere. State issues were then briefly touched upon, and Mr. Hill concluded his speech in these words:

Fellow citizens, I need not urge you to the performance of your full share in this campaign. Kings county was never known to falter in its duty. The interests involved demand the greatest sacrifices and our highest and best efforts. It is the welfare of the old Democratic party, which we all love so well, which is at stake.

I plead not for individuals, but for the cause. In a great contest like this men are nothing, but principles are everything. Our candidates represent our principles, and our principles cannot prevail without the election of our candidates. The contest may be a severe one, but the much more glorious will be the victory if we win.

You need have no uneasiness—"the old guard" will do its duty. Look out for the raw recruits. I believe that a large majority of the people of this country are convinced of the rightfulness of Democratic principles and want them to prevail. But the election will not win itself, and there must be complete organization. I repeat the injunction I uttered before the Democratic state convention at Albany and St. Patrick's day, "Let our duty to organize, organize, organize."

With this motto inscribed upon our banner, "Public office is a public trust," supplemented by the other sentiments which I have endeavored to present to you tonight, "No public taxation for private purposes" and "No force bill," let us close up our ranks and buckle on our armor for the fight, with the determination to do all in our power for the triumph of our party and the election of our honored standard bearers, Cleveland and Stevenson.

A Hurricane of Applause.

Silence reigned almost throughout the entire length of Senator Hill's speech. Only at long intervals was he interrupted by applause. His description of President Harrison's message was exceedingly clever, his refutation of the statistics of Commissioner Peck's new figments report, his reminiscences of Henry Cabot Lodge and John I. Davenport anent what is now known as the Davenport force bill, and his assurance that the Democrats of the country would never give Mr. Davenport the "more favorable" opportunity he wished to again introduce the bill, all tickled his auditors and were of genuine interest that caused perfect storms of applause.

The excitement in the audience was noticeable as the senator drew near the close of his address. He had spoken for an hour and not once had he mentioned the name of Grover Cleveland. He had called to his assistance in defending his attack on the tariff bill quotations from Cleveland's message of 1887, but in each instance referred to the ex-president as "he." The anxiety of his auditors was plainly apparent. The excitement increased as the senator stated that the "old guard" would do its duty, and a perfect hurricane of applause, yells and cheers broke loose. After one grand sentence of deepest meaning, he closed with the names "Cleveland and Stevenson."

The senator's tact and ingenious way of bringing such a climax to his address was recognized by the enthusiastic audience by its rising en masse and cheering him to the echo. It also brought Congressman Breckenridge, who followed, with a theme on which to open a most eloquent and forcible address. Congressman Breckenridge made a long and forcible speech. Among other things he said:

There has been a period of unusually party peace through the state of New York. The Empire State has been a single question of doubt as to what the old guard would do under all circumstances.

In closing Congressman Breckenridge said, "I welcome the success of the Democratic party, because it gives to my opponents, as well as to my children, a destiny where confidence springs out of love and prosperity is based upon justice."

The speech of the silver tongued orator from the Blue Grass state was enthusiastically received, and the meeting adjourned after a brief speech by Lieutenant Governor William F. Sheehan.

CAPTURED BY THE VETS

Our Grand Army Heroes in Full Control at the Capital.

THE FIGHT FOR PALMER'S MANTLE.

Colonel Lincoln, of the Department of the Potomac, Leads in the Commandership Race—Indianapolis Not So Sure of Holding the Next Encampment.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The city is in a perfect vortex of excitement over the Grand Army encampment, and the bright uniforms, the blaze of colors, the music of numerous bands and the jostling, good natured throngs to be found everywhere only serve to add spice to the effervescent scene. Some idea of the crowds brought to the city may be gained from a knowledge of the fact that the train on the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad was run in twenty-seven sections, some sections comprising fourteen coaches.

The Mary Logan eadets gave a brilliant drill after the dedication services at Grand Army place, in Grant tent, and Eberley's band serenaded Governor Tuttle, of New Hampshire, at the Riggs House. The governor responded from the balcony.

A meeting of department commanders was held yesterday afternoon, at which the details of the great parade were discussed. The estimates of the number of men that each department would have in line, as furnished by the department commanders, aggregate between 65,000 and 70,000. To march in double column of twelves, as arranged by Commander in Chief Palmer, this number of men will require seven hours to pass a given point. General Palmer had to overrule the local committee in making this arrangement for marching, and his action was unanimously approved by the department commanders.

It was decided to furnish two carriages to each department for the orphan members who cannot march, so that they will not be altogether shut out of the parade.

The Color Line.

The council of administration of the national encampment held a meeting, which was largely attended. The accounts of Adjutant General Phisterer were examined and approved, and the action of Commander in Chief Palmer in the matter of the color line between posts in Louisiana and Mississippi indorsed. The color line question is likely to come up again in the national encampment. Contesting delegations based upon that were considered at a meeting of the committee on credentials, held subsequent to the adjournment of the council of administration. The committee voted to recommend the seating of delegates in accordance with the action of the Detroit encampment and of Commander in Chief Palmer.

A Presentation to Palmer.

The foundation of the monument to General Crook, to be erected by the Society of the Army of West Virginia in Arlington cemetery, was dedicated. Ex-President Hayes presided and made a brief address.

Mrs. Noble, wife of the secretary of the interior, assisted by her sisters, the Misses Halstead, and several visiting ladies, gave a reception to the members of Ransom Post, G. A. R., and John W. Noble camp, Sons of Veterans, of St. Louis, and later these organizations serenaded the secretary at his home on K street.

Commander in Chief Palmer was presented last night with a magnificent golden badge of beautiful design and exquisite workmanship and sparkling with gems. The token cost over $1,000 and, on principle cannot prevail without the election of our candidates. The contest may be a severe one, but the much more glorious will be the victory if we win.

You need have no uneasiness—"the old guard" will do its duty. Look out for the raw recruits. I believe that a large majority of the people of this country are convinced of the rightfulness of Democratic principles and want them to prevail. But the election will not win itself, and there must be complete organization. I repeat the injunction I uttered before the Democratic state convention at Albany and St. Patrick's day, "Let our duty to organize, organize, organize."

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Victoria for Godmother.

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—It is reported that the emperor has asked his mother to request that Queen Victoria come to Berlin to be godmother at the christening of the baby princess

No Subpœnas Served.

BUFFALO, Sept. 20.—Superintendent Morgenstern returned to Buffalo without having served subpœnas on the soldiers who shot Michael Broderick.

Want Their Wages Increased.

READING, Pa., Sept. 20.—The employees of the Reading iron company are signing a petition for a 15 per cent. increase in wages

Fifty Cents Per Week.

Did you Ever Hear of Such an Opportunity?

EVERY WAGE WORKER IN PLAINFIELD CAN OWN A HOME.

Do not Miss this Great Offer.

The Great Clearance Sale of

50 UNSOLD LOTS,

Opposite Netherwood Depot. I will offer until OCTOBER 1st

$100 Lots for $90.

On Payment of

$5 Cash; Balance 50 Cents a Week.

$125 lots, $5 cash; balance 75c. a week.
$150 lots, $10 cash; balance $1 a week.

Lots in the immediate vicinity are selling from $300 to $500. My price for the 15 days only, $90 to $150 a Lot. This Great Sale will commence on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17TH,

and will continue only for a few days. As there are only 50 lots, do not put it off. Come at once. Sunday is going to be Special Exhibition Day.

REMEMBER, 50 CENTS A WEEK.

Just think how easy you can put by this small amount.

Buy for a home. Buy for Investment.

Buy a Lot for your Children. It is a great Savings Bank.

Maps and full Particulars

WM. H. MOFFITT,
49 North Avenue.

COME AND SEE
the Large Stock of
Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
ALSO
Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.
AT CAREY'S,
76, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

BEACH'S
Celebrated
PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.
Also
HOME MADE White Bread Gluten Bread. Breakfast Rolls All kinds of Cake, Crullers, etc.
A Souffle of GREEN GRAPE and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice
Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday dessert on or before Saturday morning.
M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

We Cannot Give You a
House and Lot,
But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material.
Estimates furnished free of charge.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Painters and Decorators,
309 East Front street.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
of Indiana.

For Vice-President,
WHITELAW REID,
of New York.

For Governor,
JOHN KEAN, JR.,
of Elizabeth.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
At Large—Ex-Senator Alexander G. Cattel and Frederick Frelinghuysen.
First District—George Hires of Salem.
Second District—Ferdinand A. Roebling of Trenton.
Third District—Adolph Mack of Raritan.
Fourth District—Luther Kountze of Morris county.
Fifth District—Donald McKay of Bergen county.
Sixth District—Frederick Kuhn of Newark.
Seventh District—George F. Perkins of Passaic.
Eighth District—William P. Chamberlain of Burlington.

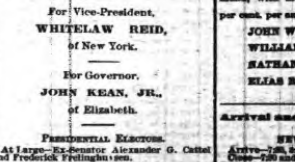
CARRIAGES and HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessable at Any Time.
RYERSON,
28 SOMERSET STREET.

A Word to the Public!
OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.
Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. H. Boehm, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of styles and tasty creations of the millinery art ever assembled in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.
Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.
BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service—Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
98 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for kindling and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order.

Miscellaneous Cards.
MRS. LINDSAY, Intelligence Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines and shrubs.
H. N. SPENCER, 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and tea dealer. Groceries and provisions. Choice vinegars 7 years old. Ammunition. W. G. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of canned goods, plain and retail. Seed potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.
PLAINFIELD
CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:05, 8:05, a. m., 11:05, 2:05, 5:05, 7:05, 8:05, 10:05 p. m.
Close—7:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:30, 6:30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8:05 a. m., 1:35, 6:05 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

PHILADELPHIA MAILS.
Arrive—7:05, 8:05, a. m., 12:05, 5:05, 7:05, 8:05, 10:05 p. m.
Close—7:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:30, 6:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

RADZIWILL GOES CRAZY.

The Famous Prince Suddenly Becomes a Raving Maniac.

HE SHOOTS AT EVERYBODY IN SIGHT

Two Servants in His Hotel Wounded and the Guests Stampeded—Overpowered by Streams of Water from Fire Hose and Put in an Asylum—The Pet of Royalty.

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—The Berliner Tageblatt announces in a dispatch from Lodz, Russia, that Prince Anton Radziwill, adjutant general of the emperor's military household, head of one of the oldest and noblest families of Germany and one of the czar's few German favorites, became violently insane on Sunday morning and hunted with firearms everybody who approached him.

Early last week, The Tageblatt says, the prince and General von Werder were invited to join the czar's hunting party at Spala. They arrived with their body servants at Lodz on Saturday evening and took apartments at the Grand hotel. During the evening the prince seemed to be in his usual health and spirits, chatted with General von Werder until late, drank moderately, and retired shortly after midnight after wishing his comrade a hearty good night.

The prince's apartments were on the floor above General von Werder's. Shortly after daybreak on Sunday morning the whole house was aroused by shots and shouting. The guests who ran from their rooms saw the prince, with a fowling piece in his hand and two revolvers in his belt, firing right and left at everybody in his sight. Two servants already lay in their blood at the head of the grand stairway. The prince had shot both on sight, one in the neck and the other in the breast.

The Hotel in a Panic.

Guests, servants and landlord were stampeded. They fled to the street, shouting for help, while the prince, having exhausted his fowling piece, pursued them to the door firing from his revolvers. The prince emptied his revolvers and returned to his room for more cartridges. The police, who had been summoned, started up stairs to intercept him on his way down, but when he appeared, firing and shouting as he came, they beat a very hasty retreat.

The chief of police, knowing of the prince's friendship with the czar, feared to let his men return his fire. He called out the fire brigade, and while the prince was loading up with more cartridges had the hose carried up to the head of the stairway. When the prince came out for another attack four jets of water struck him. The prince was floored, but got back into his room and kept up fire on the men holding the hose until his cartridges were exhausted. A company of soldiers who had been summoned entered the room just after the prince had been floored by a jet of water, overpowered him after a desperate struggle and bound him.

In the afternoon the prince was sent to a private asylum. Emperor William and the czar receive daily reports as to his condition. The cause of his sudden madness is a mystery. He is sixty years old, and throughout his long court life has been universally esteemed for kindness of heart and nobility of character.

The Grand hotel was partially flooded by the firemen, and the walls near the apartments occupied by the prince are full of bullet holes. The two wounded servants, although severely injured, may recover.

The Prince's Career.

Prince Anton Radziwill has been the personal adjutant of the three rulers of the German empire. His family is connected closely with the house of Hohenzollern. About a century ago a Hohenzollern married a Radziwill, and the first and only woman loved by Emperor William I was the Princess Charlotte Radziwill. On account of his affection for this princess the old emperor selected Prince Anton Radziwill to be his personal adjutant.

Despite the hatred and intrigue of Prince Bismarck, Prince Anton Radziwill maintained his place at court and in the love and esteem of the old emperor.

In his last years Emperor William I was rarely seen unless accompanied by his favorite. The old adjutant was unselfish in his devotion to his sovereign, and won the reputation of being the only man at the German court who did not abuse his popularity for personal aggrandizement. He has always been amiable and honorable and influential in his close relations to his man sovereign, and for many years has been one of the most notable figures in Berlin. He married a grandniece of Talleyrand, who earned for herself the reputation of the prudest and most revengeful woman in Berlin society.

A Costly Exhibit for Chicago.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—A statue in solid silver, eight feet in height, costing $50,000 and standing upon $250,000 worth of gold compressed into a pedestal, will be one of the exhibits at the World's fair coming from Montana. The pedestal will represent the largest lump of gold ever seen.

Sullivan Got $6,000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—A check for $6,000.37, representing Sullivan's share in the proceeds of the benefit last Saturday night at Madison Square, was handed to his manager, Frank Moran. Manager Moran left here to join Sullivan in Providence.

Shot by an Employee.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 20.—Dennis Sullivan, the superintendent of the Coney Island and Brooklyn railroad, was shot and probably fatally wounded by Frank Gately, an employee of the road.

A Village in Ruins.

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—Trarbach, a village of 2,000 inhabitants in Rhenish Prussia, was destroyed by fire. Scores of families are camping without shelter in the fields.

German Army Finances.

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—The new military bill will add 60,000 men to the army. The total additional expenditure, it is believed, will not fall short of 160,000,000 marks.

Bold Bank Robbers.

DEXTER, Kan., Sept. 20.—Two masked and armed men entered the Watkins bank, took $5,000, remounted their horses and fled.

Woolen Mills Burned.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Clayton & Redman's big spinning mills and the Crabtree Woolcombers' mills were burned at Bradford.

Silver Purchases.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The treasury despatch purchases $80,000 ounces of silver at from $0.8870 to $0.8900.

MORE CHOLERA PRECAUTIONS.

The Treasury Department Issues a Circular of Instructions.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—With a view of preventing the entrance of vessels from infected ports into the smaller ports of the United States where quarantine restrictions are insufficient the treasury department has issued the following additional circular:

It having been shown that by reason of stringent quarantine restraints at the larger ports upon the seaboard, infected vessels or vessels from infected ports, either belonging to regular lines or known as tramps, may seek entry at smaller ports where quarantine restraints are insufficient. It is hereby ordered that collectors of customs at smaller ports on the seaboard and at ports where local law or financial provision is insufficient shall maintain constant watchfulness with regard to said vessels, and impose the necessary quarantine restraints upon the same, reporting in each instance to the marine hospital bureau.

Collectors at the above mentioned ports, after consultation with the local health authorities, will report to the supervising surgeon general of the marine hospital service regarding such assistance as may be required to insure thorough inspection and disinfection of said vessels prior to entry, with recommendation of appointment, if need be, of a properly qualified medical inspector.

CHARLES FOSTER, Secretary.

A "Suspect" in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—A man named Louis Weinhagen, a coachman was found suffering from supposed cholera in Mrs. Gunther's big boarding house, 4 and 6 Extra place. Weinhagen had recently come from Bay Shore, L. I., where the Schlemmer family had been staying during the summer months. A few days ago he was taken with the usual cholera symptoms and the health board was notified and Weinhagen was removed to the reception hospital.

A report received from the hospital indicates that it may be a genuine case of cholera. His case will be watched for further developments. The boarding house from which Weinhagen was taken contains 250 men. The house was thoroughly fumigated and a physician from the health board was placed in charge.

Other than this there is no cholera sickness in the city and matters at quarantine are progressing even more favorably than anticipated.

Two Cases at Sandy Hook.

CAMP LOW, SANDY HOOK, N. J., Sept. 20.—Asiatic cholera has struck this camp. Francesco Moreno, an Italian passenger on the Normannia, who arrived here and who was thought to have cholera morbus, died. It is announced that a widow, the mother of four children, was suddenly attacked by the scourge, and her little ones were immediately isolated. It is singular that both these parties were Normannia's passengers, who have been quarantined for eighteen days.

Hamburg's Death List.

HAMBURG, Sept. 20.—The total numbers of cholera cases up to date has been 16,470, of which 8,110 have ended in death. The number of fresh cases has been 621, or eighty-seven less than yesterday. The number of deaths, 187, or thirty-seven fewer than yesterday; the number of burials, 222, or thirty-seven less than yesterday. In public institutions there are 2,000 cholera patients, or ninety-two fewer than yesterday.

A Suspected Case in Salem.

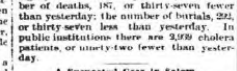
SALEM, Mass., Sept. 20.—A case of Asiatic cholera is reported at a Polish boarding house on Derby street. The authorities are investigating.

New Cases in Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—There have been twenty fresh cases of cholera and eight deaths in the city, and in the suburbs eleven fresh cases and seven deaths.

Two Cases in Antwerp.

ANTWERP, Sept. 20.—Two fresh cases of Asiatic cholera were found here today.



TRAVELING DRESS.

A Sensible Traveling Costume—A "Smart" One Illustrated and Described.

A sensible traveling dress is neat and simple in style with an easy fitting bodice, and is made of soft woolen material that does not show the dust—gray and fawn

TRAVELING COSTUME.

are, perhaps, the best two shades. The gown shown in the right hand sketch, however, is of neither color, but is made of one of the new spotted serges. It has a trim, loose fitting jacket and a check lined waistcoat, fastened with pearl buttons, worn over a tucked shirt. The dress is blue with red spots, and the tie and waistcoat are in the same shades. The serges with white, yellow or light blue spots are very pretty.

In new stuffs for tailor made travelling and sporting dresses tartans, shepherds' plaids, diagonal serges with colored spots and all kinds of rough surface materials are expected to be fashionable, but the chief novelty predicted is shot serge. There are novel effects in striped stuffs, and the new vicunas and habit cloths have come out in beautiful shades of terra cotta. Tartan silk blouses will, it is said, be much worn with serge skirts. The favorite skirt for practical purposes just now has a 5-inch bath and braid. The latter are not a pretty adjunct, but they prevent the skirt slipping at the waist and help to keep the bodice in its place.

Romance and Reality.

THE HOUSE PROGRESS WANTED.

THE HOUSE THE ARCHITECT THOUGHT WOULD BE GOOD.

THE COMPROMISE.

THE HOUSE HE GOT AND CAN'T AFFORD TO LIVE IN. THE MORTGAGE IS OMITTED.
—Harper's Bazar.

New York's Hotelmen.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 20.—The fifth annual meeting of the New York State Hotel association is in session here.

Odd Fellows' Convention.

PORTLAND, Or., Sept. 20.—The sovereign grand lodge of Odd Fellows is in session in this city.

FALL SHAPES
IN
DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis
5 West Front Street.

The Plainfield Ice
and
Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

Educational.

Harned Academy
RE-OPENED SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.
The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. HARRISON, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.
Classes now forming in German and French. Special Classes for evenings. Private lessons. Entering Preparatory to college. Music. Weekly lectures.
E. N. HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S
SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
and
KINDERGARTEN,
17 LAGRANDE AVENUE,
Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,
for
YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
will re-open on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
For particulars address MISS R. E. KEN YON, Principal.
8 10 2m*

MR. A. VENINO,
Teacher of Piano and Composition, will now receive pupils at his residence.
For choice of hours and terms address P. O. Box 781, Plainfield. 10 1w*

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberta, P. O. Box 1008.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures. Also or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson free, write to Prof. G. Tyrosse, care of Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Through instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens 19 Sept., Sept. 19.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons, either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 143 Somerset street.

THE BEE HIVE!

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates. 75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black, $1
The "Gladys" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns $1
8-Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates, 85c
Gents' Kid Gloves, $1
Also a full line of
Fall Underwear.
Louis Callman.
40 West Front Street.

2d-Hand School Books
Those having
Old School Books
which they wish to Exchange, will please bring them in
Before September 5th.
We can make better allowances now than after school opens.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders' Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 982.

PIERSON & GAYLE.
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 16 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH.
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 212.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evons.
P. O. Box 1208
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

JACOB M. HIGGINS,
PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR
P. O. Box 351. Residence Lower street, 9 8 87 near Hemlock.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—64 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARPOTT,
Stone, Builder and hard wood shingle maker. Shop corner of Grand and Hopper streets. Work guaranteed.
J. HERRMANN, 2 Hopper street.

Sunshine Parlor Heaters; Improved Cylinder Stoves; Othello Ranges; Furnaces and Fire-place Heaters; Furnace Work and Plumbing; Hardware. Get a $500 Insurance, Free.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT STREET Telephone 6

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

The Manhattan
Wine Room,
179 and 181 Somerset Street,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)
Frank Linke, Prop.

ESTABLISHED 1886.
Wholesale and Retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballantine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Poling Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaeffer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.
Wholesale Branch, 43 West Front street.
All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Pologna Maker, who is now at work making the finest bologna in this city. If you are fond of Bologna stop at 112 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 9 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 94. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-Table in effect Sept. 13, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3 14, 3 27, 4 26, 6 16, 6 29, 6 59, 7 26, 7 56, 8 00, 8 25, 9 27, 9 31, 9 48, 9 52, 10 04, 10 27, 11 04, 11 27 a. m., noon, 12 03, 1 07, 1 30, 2 00, 2 25, 3 01, 3 14, 3 43, 3 54, 4 04, 4 26, 4 29, 5 02, 5 25, 5 59, 6 16, 6 29, 7 14, 7 40, 8 10, 8 40, 9 10, 9 40, 10 10, 11 15, 11 27 a. m. 12 38, 1 42, 2 40, 3 18, 7 01, 7 10, 8 20, 10 01, p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 6 40, 8 00, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 a. m., 12 40, 1 40, 2 40, 3 40, 4 40, 5 00, 5 40, 6 00, 6 40, 7 00, 7 40, 8 00, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. 12 40, 1 00 night. Sunday, 4 30, 7 30, 8 45, 9 00, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, p. m., 12 15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 28, 6 28, 6 39, 7 30, 8 03, 8 05, 9 05, 10 27, 11 00, 11 40 a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 35, 1 41, 2 36, 3 15, 4 01, 5 45, 5 51, 6 54, 7 39, 9 39, 10 15, 11 25 p. m. Sunday, 5 45, 6 30, 7 30, 8 45, 9 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 25, 8 17, 9 48, 11 00 a. m. 12 27, 1 56, 3 35, 4 46, 5 48, 6 56, 8 24, 9 56, 10 45 p. m. Sunday at 7 45, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m. 12 30, 2 30, 4 30, 6 30, 8 30, 10 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 7 30, 9 34, 11 18 a. m., 2 05, 3 28, 9 14, 9 56, 10 10, 11 34 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 8 17, 9 48 a. m. 1 28, 3 35, 5 28, 8 24, p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 8 24 a. m. 2 05, 9 56, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 35, 9 48, a. m., 1 39, 5 28 p. m. Sundays 8 24 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m. for Flemington, Bound Brook, Allentown, Roseling, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 10 a. m. for stations to High Bridge connecting with Belvidere Branch at High Bridge.

8 17 a m for Flemington, D L & W R R Junction, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9 48 a. m. for Lake Hopatcong, High Bridge Branch, D L & W R R, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

11 05 a. m. way for Junction.

1 39 p m for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

4 05 p. m. way for Junction connecting for D L & W R R.

5 28 p m for Flemington, High Bridge Branch Branch, Belvidere, Bangor, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua, parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

8 30 p m for Flemington.

11 40 p m for Flemington, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 8 37, 9 05, 11 00 a. m. 1 04, 4 18, 5 51 p. m. Sunday 9 00 a. m. 4 00 p. m. For Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Long Branch, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head, Toms River, Seaside Park and Tuckerton, 8 37, 9 05 a. m. 1 04, 5 51 p. m. Sunday 9 00 a. m. 4 00 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 3 15, 5 28, 8 05, 10 05 a. m. 12 10 noon, 1 39, 3 35, 4 46, 5 48, 6 56, 8 24, 9 56, 10 45 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 7 30, 9 34, 11 18 a. m. 2 05, 3 28, 9 14, 9 56, 10 10, 11 34 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia at 4 15, 6 20, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00 a. m. 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. 12 00 night. Sunday at 9 00 a. m. 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. 12 00 night.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen'l Pass. Agt. H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 68 SOUTH AVENUE. Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.,
Resident Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to sewerage, grading and sewers. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Counsellor at Law and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 28 West Front street.

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WOMAN'S WORLD.

FLATS EXCLUSIVELY FOR WOMEN IN THE LARGE CITIES.

The ordinary boarding housekeeper has for fifty years been the terror of wage earning women. If she took the woman boarder at all she did it with such a give-him-a-cold-potato-and-let-him-go air that the working girl felt painfully her helplessness. She was made to understand that men were in all cases preferred to her, and that if men could be had to fill the landlady's rooms the landlady would not hesitate a moment about turning the girl into the street. It seemed in truth that the boarding housekeeper was the natural enemy of her sex. Well, the tables are being turned now. Working women have at last found a way to circumvent the enemy. Blessed be the man who invented flats and the modern apartment house!

Working women, from those in literature and art to those who are clerks in large stores, and progress in factories, have found out that by putting their little funds together from two to four of them can rent a flat of their own and have that which every natural woman's heart yearns for, a home, with or without a man in it, as the case may be, but in any event a home. Girls have discovered that they have only to keep out of naturals, do as they would be done by, and not let their tongues wag too freely, and they can live together in happiness and harmony and make for themselves the daintiest, brightest of homes.

Every year by the hundreds they are deserting the forbidding old boarding house, where they were only tolerated, not welcomed, and taking little flats and making homes. Bless them, how they do enjoy it! They can have their friends come to see them, they have their own passkeys and go and come as they please, and no spiteful gabble assails their ears. These hated words, self respecting women always pay their rent and are neat, businesslike and quiet. And now comes in the sweet revenge. It is coming to be that if house agents can rent flats to respectable working women they prefer them greatly to families or bachelors. They do not smoke or have pet parties, and they do not wear out stairs and wood work.

In London builders who see the signs of the times are constructing apartment houses "for women only." In New York an agent thinks himself very lucky if he can fill a flat house with refined, quiet women who earn their own living and mind their own business.—Womankind.

The First Quarrel.

Watch beginnings. There is always a point where the watering wedge breaks in, and after this the progress of disintegration is easy. It is the first quarrel which makes possible the next, and after one or two fights and reconciliations, those who love each other, it may be devotedly, grow accustomed to strife and no longer feel horror stricken at the bare mention of it. The little rift is not more than a handbreadth, but may widen and broaden, until alienation and distress and the wreck of all household happiness follow the first tiny fracture of peace.

In the union of husband and wife, which is the most intimate and confidential relationship on earth, there must be something more than mere superficial admiration, the one for the other. These two have pledged to one another a lifelong consecration. Nothing can affect one without equally affecting the other. For weal or woe they have joined hands, and to the whole outside world they present a united front.

And yet, if testimony could be taken, it would be found that many married people have not been perfectly happy during the early years of wedlock. There has been friction. There has been disappointment. The little rift has been suffered to open the way for estrangement.

"We decided," said a man whose long life has been singularly tranquil and satisfactory—"we decided, my wife and I, when we were married, that we would never let the sun go down on any lack of peace between us. We would ask one another's pardon if necessary, but we would never quarrel. One or the other should always give up a point on which both could not agree, and whatever else came to us we resolved to keep discord."

Beware of the little rift.—Harper's Bazar.

Women Do Too Much.

We pour life too full and strain the measure. A quart pot will not hold three pints, neither will fifty years hold the concerns of seventy. More than half of a homekeeping woman's time is spent in worrying, and a good share of the other half in preparing food. As though the stomach were the immortal part of us! Take one-quarter of the time a woman devotes to making pies, preparing puddings, putting up preserves, icing cakes and frying doughnuts, and let her devote it to rest and recreation, and she would not look like a shred of parchment paper at forty.

It is the nonessentials that kill us. We must learn to simplify before we can escape the doom of premature age. Nature never intended us to live as we do. If she had meant us to eat puff pastry she would have grown it on some of her trees. She has provided simple food in the shape of cereals, fruits and vegetables. If we conformed ourselves more closely to her established order of diet, we should be a happier and a hardier race. The only thing that is ever going to solve the domestic problem is simplification, and the sooner we begin to simplify, both in the manner of our living and in what we expect of those who serve us, the better it will be for mistress and maid.

We talk much of the good and faithful servants of two or three generations ago. Did our great-grandmothers require their meals served in courses, and an extra plate for everything from bread and butter through to sauce and cheese? A dinner of fifty years ago was served all in one course, and the mistress helped both in the serving and the removal. Now, she sits with her face on an electric bell under the table, and requires as complete a paraphernalia of service as appertains to the house of a grand duke.—Chicago Journal.

Woman and Love.

Can a woman love twice with the same intensity? is a question often asked, but seldom answered. There seems to be as many sides to the question that an answer all at once would be quite impossible, but viewing it as any other problem, weighing every phase and looking at it calmly and dispassionately, there comes more than one reply to the interrogation, and it resolves itself into this, "Yes and no."

Woman may love with equal intensity at different periods in her life, but the love will be of an entirely different character. To begin with, many women imagine the fancy of a moment to be the lasting regard of a lifetime, and for the time being they will be as much in earnest, suffer as keenly and feel as deeply as though they were really in possession of the genuine sentiment. Therefore when years go on and they meet a man who inspires a true, earnest and affectionate feeling of affection, the world wonders at the second outpouring of feeling, and considers her either fickle or capable of more than one great love in a lifetime.

So few women know their real sentiments until they are in the neighborhood of thirty that it is no wonder that the man who pleased the girl of seventeen has no attraction for the woman whose tastes has changed, whose mind has broadened, while he, a man at the time her early fancy was attracted, remains as he was, while she progresses far beyond him.

Love, lasting and enduring love of the right type, comes but once and comes to stay; but fickle, fleeting fancy can so disguise itself that no one could discover it was not the genuine article until the passing years proved to the unhappy woman her mistake.—Philadelphia Times.

Judgment of Their Own Sex.

The assertion that women are hard upon each other is almost without foundation. There are two classes of women who are prone to be severe in their judgments of their sisters. To the first belong those who, owing in part perhaps to temperament and part to force of environment, have never come face to face with a genuine temptation, and hence find it impossible to understand how another can be tempted. To the second class belong those who, goaded by a consciousness of their own shortcomings, are always on the alert to detect in others evidence of similar weaknesses. But while representatives of these two classes are to be found in every community and in every grade of social life, they are, happily, in the minority.

The world, thank God, is full of true women, tender, pitying, mother hearted women, who are always mindful of the sisterhood of women and who at all times stand ready to rebuke the slanderer, to plead the cause of the oppressed and to urge gentleness and forbearance toward the weak and erring. Never in the world's history have the relations between women been so cordial and beneficent as now. The women who

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. | T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box 1. Telephone Call 42. Printing of All Kinds. | 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," | WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1892. | PRICE TWO CENTS.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

A SPECIAL MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

All but Two of the Councilmen Present—The Assessor's Tax Duplicate Accepted—2's Engine House Property Sold for $8,000—Will be Rebuilt on East Second Street near Peace.

A special meeting of the city Common Council was held in the Council chamber on Park avenue last night o'clock last evening. Councilmen Bird, Case, Erickson, Fisk, Frazee, Gallup, Marsh, See and Weber were present. President Ginna and Councilman Johnston were absent.

Mr. Marsh was elected president pro tem.

The assessor's tax duplicate for the current year was read by Clerk Runyon and accepted.

A communication was read from Geo. H. Babcock offering $4500 for the lot on West Front street, on which No. 2's Engine House is situated, and $2300 for the building itself, subject to mortgage. The offer was accepted and the mayor and clerk authorized to execute the necessary papers.

A communication from J. Fred MacDougall was read, offering for sale, the lots Nos. 2 and 3 East Second street, east of Peace street, size 74x150 feet, for $2500, upon which to build an engine house. The offer was accepted.

Mr. Fisk moved that the Fire and Building Committee be authorized to take charge of the necessary arrangements and detail of re-building Engine House No. 2. So ordered.

The meeting adjourned at 8.30.

BREVITIES

—Republicans! Don't forget the meeting to be held in Spencer's Hall at eight o'clock this evening.

—Special prices throughout every department in Wm. & VanArdale's previous to the opening up of their 25x75 feet extension.

—It was rumored yesterday that there was a case of cholera in Plainfield. A News reporter investigated the story and found it untrue.

—The Young Ladies Mission Circle of the Methodist church will hold its first meeting Thursday afternoon at four o'clock in Vincent chapel.

—The jury on the case of the Somerville policeman, Gottlieb Stauch, who shot and killed James Hahn last Tuesday, gave a verdict yesterday of justifiable homicide.

—Constable Moffett yesterday served summons in the cases of Hand vs. Mc Ilvain and Hand vs. Gaskill. The trials are set down for Sept. 27 at two p. m., before Justice Nash.

—A large and very old elm tree on Somerset street opposite the Crescent League ball grounds was cut down yesterday. *It fell across the road and* blocked the way for several hours.

—Bridget Coleman who was fined $6 only yesterday for being drunk and disorderly, was again arrested last night by Officer Cooney, and brought before Justice Cochinan this morning on a similar charge. She was sentenced to forty days in the county jail.

—A letter received from Marshal William N. Pangborn says the G. A. R. and other friends are all well. Their train was delayed on the road by a hot box, and the car had to be left on the road, the passengers all crowding into the other car. In one car there were 107 people.

—A committee of the borough council will meet in the council chamber this evening and confer with representatives of the Plainfield street railway for the purpose of drawing up a form of contract for extending the street railway into the borough by way of Somerset street, and continuing it to Johnston's Drive.

—The Prohibitionists of Plainfield held an informal meeting in Mr. Fountain's office on Park avenue last evening and appointed a committee to obtain a large room. The Prohibition Club was organized, nearly all the people present, about thirty, signed their names. A large sum of money was subscribed and they will preside raise a banner. There are only a few more weeks before election and if the prohibitionists intend to get a banner to raise they will have to hurry up.

—The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will observe the World's W. C. T. U. programme, Thursday afternoon, Sept. 22 at 3.30 in their rooms. Many interesting articles will be read appropriate to the occasion. Tea will be observed in all parts of the world where exists a Union, and there are nearly one hundred in foreign lands. Every member is requested to be present to-morrow, and bring a friend. Delegates to our State convention will be elected, at the close of the meeting.

—"Why on earth do you want to leave the U. S. Marine Band and undertake to organize a new one?" asked a naval officer of Sousa when the latter sent in his letter of resignation to President Harrison. "Well," replied Sousa, "the government band is a fine band and all that, but it is just good enough to make me want a great deal better one, and I'll have it in less than six months. That's why I resign." Sousa, the great March band, and Mlle Marcella Lindh, soprano Sig. Galassi, baritone, will appear at Music Hall, Sept. 26.

Plainfield Public School Celebration.

Prof. Henry M. Maxson had a conference yesterday with the principals of all the schools. It was decided not to have any elaborate school celebration on Columbus Day but to observe the day very much as they have been accustomed to do on Author's birthdays.

Each building will have exercises, with all the pupils assembled in the chapel, on the morning of the day. The official programme will furnish the facts for use of the exercises, but it will be added to and changed as is necessary to suit the need of each school.

A GREAT MASS MEETING

PROBABLY TWO THOUSAND PEOPLE IN THE CRESCENT RINK.

To Greet Hon. John Kean, Jr., the Republican Candidate for Governor, and Hear Hon. Charles Emery Smith Speak.—Mayor Gilbert Presides and Also Speaks.—Much Enthusiasm.

The Republicans held a glorious meeting last evening to ratify the nomination of ex-Congressman John Kean, Jr., for Governor on the Republican ticket. The meeting was held in the Crescent Rink, which was tastefully decorated for the occasion. Pictures of the candidates, American flags, and banners with mottoes being among the decorations.

Many ladies were noticed among the large audience present.

Outside there was a display of fireworks.

It was the second meeting of the campaign, the first having been held in Music Hall to ratify the nomination of Benjamin Harrison for President and Whitelaw Reid for Vice President, and the Republican platform of Protection and Reciprocity.

There were several overtures by the full brass band, before the meeting began, and songs by the Campaign Glee Club, the singing evoking applause, which was well deserved.

While the club was singing, the Hon.

JOHN KEAN, JR.

entered, and this was the signal for a fresh outburst of applause, especially as he ascended the platform.

Mr. John Ulrich called the meeting to order at 8.30 and Mayor Gilbert was on Mr. Ulrich's motion, chosen chairman, making a speech full of true Republicanism. He was frequently interrupted by applause.

In the course of his remarks he said that a few days ago he received in the mail a circular showing the amount of money on deposit in the United Kingdom, since 1883, and from curiosity referred to similar statistics for this country. He found that the United Kingdom had in 1892 48 millions of dollars on deposit, and in 1892, 570 millions of dollars, an increase of 122 millions of dollars.

The deposits of the people in the United States in 1883 amounted to 986 millions of dollars, and in 1892, to 1776 millions, an increase of between 700 and 800 millions, or from 500 to 600 millions more than England's increase in the same time.

Does not that speak far more for American Protection than for England's Free Trade, especially when hundreds of thousands of her wage-earners are unemployed, while ours are employed at good wages, and are prosperous?

After the band played a welcome, the glee club again sang and the audience vigorously applauded. A list of vice presidents was read by Mayor Gilbert and approved by the audience.

Hon. Chas. Emory Smith, editor of the Philadelphia Press, and ex-Minister to Russia, was introduced as the speaker of the evening, and spoke for nearly an hour, vigorously presenting the issues so familiar to all. It is a good story that never grows old.

He referred to the administration of President Harrison as among the most brilliant in history, opening a new epoch and new departure. The re-election of President Harrison, he claimed, will bring forth new prosperity, and that he is surely to be re-elected.

Incidentally the name of James G. Blaine was mentioned, and evoked the wildest applause of the evening.

A few random paragraphs here and there will give an idea of the speaker's style. His speech was full of just such nuggets.

"When the people lose their reason, woe to thee, said the Demagogue to the Patriot. Ah, but woe to the people recover their reason, woe to thee, said the Patriot."

"We elected Benjamin Harrison because of the party and its principles. The Republican party is the party of Lincoln and Grant, of Union, Liberty and Prosperity. Our doings to-day are the records for to-morrow. We appeal to the country, not for what we have done, but for what we are doing. President Harrison is a President for history.

Reviewing the party's great turning points, Mr. Smith said:

"A protective tariff is to protect our labor on what we make at home. Then we extend reciprocity to whatever we cannot produce. The Democracy want to give all we have away for nothing and get nothing in return.

"We are opening a new epoch in our history by the twin principles of Protection and Reciprocity."

"Jefferson declared our political independence of Europe."

"Monroe bought Louisiana, thus opening up the Mississippi and its opportunities to the West."

"Lincoln freed the slaves, and Harrison gave us Reciprocity."

"By reciprocity our exports in one year to Cuba alone have increased from $6,000,000 to $10,000,000."

"Our exports to Germany have increased in five months to $13,000,000. Germany quickly applied herself of Reciprocity to hold our markets, and Austria, Italy, France and Spain have followed suit."

Our Democratic adversaries denounce Reciprocity as a sham. They might as well say sham Emancipation, sham Prosperity."

"The Democratic party has taken up Free Trade even when Lord Salisbury himself declares it a failure."

Mr. Smith said:

The following extracts are taken from a speech delivered at the Annual Conference of the Home Counties Division of the National Union of Conservative Associations held at Hastings, England, on Wednesday, May 18, 1892, by the Marquis of Salisbury, Prime Minister of England. The language quoted is an exact reprint of a verbatim report of the speech as it appeared in *The London Times*, weekly edition, of Friday, May 20, 1892. Lord Salisbury spoke as follows:

"We cannot look abroad into the territories occupied by the great industries of this country without a feeling of sorrow and misgiving. It is painful to think that the men who should be working with their capitalists—who should enable them to work in order not only to promote their own well-being and the industry of the class that depend upon them, but the prosperity of this mighty Empire—are so divided that *industry is paralyzed and misery stalks abroad. I* really wish that some means of appeasing this war could be found. I earnestly desire that such a state of labor could be established as would give to the laborer sufficient for his maintenance and comfort (cheers), and sufficient for the cultivation of his moral and intellectual being (cheers).

"Every nation is trying how it can get the greatest possible protection for its own industries, and, at the same time, the greatest possible access to the markets of its neighbors. I want to point out to you that what I observe is that while A is very anxious to get a favor of B, and B is anxious to get a favor of C, *nobody cares two straws about getting the commercial favor of Great Britain.* What is the reason of that? It is that in this great battle *Great Britain has stripped herself of the weapons by which the battle is to be fought.* The weapon with which they all fight is admission to their own markets.—that is to say, A says to B, 'If you will make your duties such that I can sell in your market, I will make my duties such that you can sell in my market.' But we begin by saying, "We will have no duties on anybody," and we declare that it would be contrary and disloyal to the glorious and sacred doctrine of Free Trade for any duty on anybody for the sake of what we can get by it (cheers.) *It may be noble, but it is not* business. I could offer no more inquire to fill the office of a counsellor to the public mind, I should ask you form your own opinions with reference to traditions or denunciations—not to care two straws what you have been told—but to *form your opinions according to the dictates of common sense.* I would impress upon you that if you intended, in this conflict of commercial treaties, to hold your own, you must be prepared, if need be, to inflict upon the nations which injure you the penalty which is in your hands, that of refusing them access to your markets (loud and prolonged cheers, and a voice, "Common sense at last)." There is a reproach in that interruption, but I have never said anything else (laughter.) But there is a great difficulty. *The power we have would cease to complain of it in the United States, and what we want the United States to furnish us with mostly are articles of food* which cannot be produced by the people and *materials necessary to our manufactures, and we cannot exclude one or the other without* serious injury to ourselves. *Now, I am not the least prepared, for the sake of wounding other nations, to inflict any dangers or serious* wound upon ourselves. You cannot raise the price of food or of raw material, but there is an enormous mass of other articles of importation from other countries, besides the United States, which are mere matters of luxurious consumption (cheers) and if it is a question of wine, or silk, or spirits, or gloves, or lace, or anything of that kind, I should not like the least risk from diminishing the consumption and interfering with the comfort of the excellent people who consume these articles of luxury, for the purpose of maintaining our rights in this commercial war, of insisting on equal rights of access to the markets, of our neighbors (cheers). This is very heterodox doctrine, I know I should be excommunicated for maintaining it (laughter)."

"Yes, when Great Britain is about to abandon Free Trade, the Democratic party proceeds to adopt it."

"Lord Dundreary, who, being at a loss for a subject when speaking to his lady love, said, 'Does your brother like cheese?'"

"But I have no brother," said she.

"Well," said Lord Dundreary, "if you had a brother do you think he would like cheese?"

We have no free trade, and don't want it. The Democratic party thinks we would like it if we had it.

A specimen of Democratic inconsistency as shown by ex Gov. Hill's speech in Brooklyn Monday night, Mr. Smith said it reminded him of the Frenchman's idea of an American cocktail.

Zee 'American, he puts in a little sugare to make it sweet, a little lemon to make it sour, a little schnappe to make it strong, and a little water to make it weak, a little brandy to make it hot and a little ice to make it cold—all one big contradictions.

Now that's just like the Democratic party. It has

A little Tammany to make it strong,
A little Mugwump to make it weak,
A little sugar to make it sour,
A little anti-snapper to make it sour,
A little of Charles A. Dana to make it hot, red-hot.
And a little of David B. Hill to make it cold.

He compared Hill and his speech to a snake, and said:

He wriggles in and wriggles out
And leaves the reader still in doubt,
Whether the snake that makes the track
Is wriggling ahead or wriggling back.

Our factories, beginning only 20 years ago have increased by Republican Protection at a greater rate than those of England by its Free Trade.

Since 1861 England has declined from $60,000,000 in her silk manufactures alone and $11,000,000 exports, to $5,000,000 in silk manufactures and $55,000,000 imports, while the United States has increased in the same time from $12,500,000 to $68,000,000 in silk manufactures alone.

After showing how we had increased in other industries in the same ratio, he said, to show the general prosperity of the country, that while England was increasing in wealth from thirty thousand millions in 1850, the United States had increased from 16 thousand million in 1850, to 64 thousand millions in 1890, and the deposits of our own workingmen are three times as much as those of England's.

Labor Commissioners of the States of New York, Massachusetts and Indiana, all Democrats, have sworn by statistics that, under Republican Protection, the wages of the wage-earners and general prosperity have increased, and the same was shown by that recent Congressional Special Commission, all Democrats, including Carlisle himself.

Then we have that Free Trade English Commission appointed to investigate and compare English and American wages and Taxes. Its report was published in the London Times, and presented the best argument I have seen to show how the workingman is benefitted by Protection:

The commission dividing receipts and taxes into one hundred parts found that in England 55 parts went to Labor.
" 21 " " Capital.
" 13 " " Government

Total..100

While
In the U. S. 72 parts went to Labor.
" 28 " " Capital.
" 5 " " Government

Total..100

England, France and Germany are twice as populous as the United States, yet the United States has earned with the last few years as much as all combined.

Under a Protective tariff the United States has earned as much within a few years as all the nations of the earth since Christianity began.

Governor Hill says it is wrong to levy duty or to do any act to increase the wages of the workingman, and Republican doctrine is just the opposite. We believe in legislating for the prosperity of all our people, and the workingman most of all, because he needs it most.

The concluding speech was made by the popular gubernatorial nominee, Mr. Kean, who showed himself to be in full accord with his party in its desire to wipe out the Democratic ring which has control of our State, and has worked so much iniquity and hardship upon the people.

The people all stood up as the band played "Hail, Columbia" and before dispersing many went up and shook hands with Hon. to be Governor Kean, and Hon. Mr. Smith.

The meeting was a great success.

FIRE AT WESTFIELD.

Foreman Hensel's Trained Horse Failed in the Emergency.

A three-story frame dwelling in Westfield caught fire about seven o'clock last evening and burned to the ground. The building was owned by Edward Sandford and occupied by a newly married couple named Hensel. The fire originated in a lot of rubbish in the attic and was discovered while the occupants were at supper. The furniture was nearly all saved. A trunk containing all Mrs. Bennett's money, jewelry, wedding presents and valuable papers was in the attic and were destroyed. There was but little insurance on either house or furniture.

Foreman Hensel of the fire department kept a horse in a barn on a lot adjoining the engine house. For the past six months he has been training the animal every night to rush to the fire engine and stand in position while the drop harness was adjusted. Last night's fire was the first since the training began. So Foreman Hensel, with great coolness and deliberation, unharnessed the valuable animal of his horse, and at the same time hurry the chemical engine to the scene of the conflagration. This was a mistake in the program, ran several miles in an opposite direction, neglecting to wait for the engine, which after the excitement and delay was taken to the fire in the old-fashioned way. Though the burning building was by far gone to be saved, a house near by, occupied by an aged couple named Ledger, was saved.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. A. M. Gillem and daughters of Duer street are expected home from Bedminster, N. J., to-morrow.

Mr. Stephen Cahoone and family of Broadway are expected home on Friday from Jamestown, R. I., where they have been during the Summer.

The first society event of the season was a sunerprised german at the Park Club last evening. It was given by Miss Cooley of Rockview Terrace. Mr. Clarence Murphy lead. About thirty young people were present. Messrs. Rogers and Conde furnished the music.

Invitations were issued yesterday to the wedding of Miss Nettie B., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James P. Homan, to Mr. Samuel Wakeman Clark, to take place on Tuesday evening, October 4, at seven o'clock in the Methodist Episcopal church. The bride will be married at the home of the bride's parents, No. 6 West Fifth street from 6 to 7 o'clock and until half-past nine o'clock.

Forepaugh's Circus.

It is learned upon good authority that the fourteen immense bestreaded under which the Adam Forepaugh shows and the sublime Biblical Spectacle, The Fall of Nineveh, are to be scientifically waterproof, so that the audiences are dry and comfortable, no matter how hard it may be raining outside.

As if they were an avalanche, sweeping everything before Adam Forepaugh Shows and the sublime spectacle, The Fall of Nineveh, are approaching this way, to charm the young, edify the old and impart entertainment and instruction to all ages. They will be here on Friday, Sept. 23.

Borough Republicans, Take Notice!

A special meeting of the U. S. Grant Republican Club, of North Plainfield, will be held Wednesday evening, Sept. 21st, at eight o'clock, in Spencer's Hall.

All members are urgently requested to be present. The question of forming a marching club will then be decided, and other business of importance will be acted upon.

All Republicans of the Borough not now members are cordially invited to attend and enroll their names.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Muscle Alone Won't Get a Diploma.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Sept. (Special.)—*The Faculty of Wesleyan University has* sent forth the edict that no student who failed to pass his last examination and is now conditioned will be allowed to hold or participate or take any part in any of the athletic contests. The edict has a very depressing effect upon college athletics.

Terrible Railroad Accident.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 21. (Special.)—The Chicago Express crashed into a freight train on the Fort Wayne road at Shreve, Ohio, this morning. Nine persons were killed, three seriously injured and others slightly hurt.

Talmage Home Again.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21—(Special) Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage arrived on the "City of Paris" at 7.30 o'clock this morning.

FIRE HYDRANTS SATISFACTORY.

Used at the Elm Place Fire this Morning.

About five o'clock this morning fire was discovered in a shed in the rear of the house at No. 6 Elm Place occupied by C. T. Baird. Alarm "fifteen" was sounded and Gazelle Engine Co. No. 1; Zephyr Hook and Ladder Co., and Alert Hose Co., responded, the call being in their district. The engine was not used, the hose being attached for the first time to the city fire hydrants, with very satisfactory results. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss will not exceed $200.

Bicycle Race To-morrow.

To-morrow afternoon at half past three fourteen colored wheelmen will start from a point on South avenue near Richmond street, on a twenty-five mile handicap road race over the Fanwood-Scotch Plains course. The entries are: Charles Vanderveer, Edward Martin, Buddy Howard, John Scudder, Thomas Paterson, William Burton, Joseph Bolden, Walter Carter, General J. Lee, John H. Cary, Samuel Conway, William Jones, Forest Jones and Pid Randolph.

The first two winners of the race will receive handsome silver medals, one being for the first man in, and the other for the best time made. Other prizes which will be donated by merchants of this city, will be awarded to successful contestants. Mr. J. Hervey Doane will announce the handicaps this evening.

—Mr. L. M. French is after the carriage and harness trade of this vicinity. He offers the best inducements to secure it —quality—variety—cheapness. Watch his advertisements.

—The New Jersey State Republican Committee met at its headquarters, 45 *Montgomery street, Jersey City, yesterday* and elected Franklin Murphy of Newark, chairman in place of John Kean, Jr., who resigned to accept the nomination for Governor.

It creates the energy that makes the wheels go round and round.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

DEATHS.

BOICE—On Sunday, September 18, of paralysis of the heart, Sarah A. Boice, widow of Cornelius Boice, in the eighty-first year of her age.

Funeral services from her late residence, No. 23 East Front street, Thursday, Sept. 22, at three p. m. 19-3

HIGGINS—John D. Higgins, Died Sept. 20th, '92., aged 38 years, 2 months, 16 days.

Funeral from his late residence, 215 West Third street, Friday Sept. 23rd at nine a. m., and at St. Mary's church 9.30 a. m. Friends and relatives are invited to attend. 21-2

29TH YEAR OF THEIR CAREER AS AMERICA'S LEADING AMUSEMENT.

ADAM FOREPAUGH SHOWS.

Oldest, Largest, Richest Exhibition in the World.

J. T. McCADDEN, - - - MANAGER.

Circus, Menagerie, Museum, Aviary,

Hippodrome, Genuine Moorish Circus, Caravan and Camp.

With the Historic Bible Spectacle, the

FALL OF NINEVEH.

Will Exhibit at

PLAINFIELD, FRIDAY, SEPT. 23.

The ends of the earth Brought together in one mighty Carnival of Pleasure and Feast of Knowledge for All.

300 Star Performers in the three rings and upon the two stages in the CIRCUS.

The Wonders of Earth and the Marvels of Nature in the MUSEUM.

Perfect collection of Wild and Rare Beasts in the MENAGERIE.

Exciting and Funny Races of all kinds in the HIPPODROME.

400 splendid steeds in the GRAND HORSE FAIR.

35 Moors and Bedouin Herbers (men, women and children) in the Moorish Caravan and Camp.

Surpassing all Earthly Splendors and Spectacular Display is the Fall of Nineveh. Rettig, author, designer and painter.

Its presentation requires 1,000 men, women and children in the various characters and 1,000 horses in the costumes, $50,000 in special scenery, $30,000 in armour, swords, shields and spears. 200 beautiful ladies in the Grand Ballet, Companies of Soldiers, Chariots, etc., all produced on the largest and best equipped stage in the world, 500 feet long and 75 feet deep. Nothing like it and events in the first Great Metropolis of the civilized world.

Excursions on all lines of travel. Consult your nearest station agent for rate and time schedules. Don't fail to see the Peerless Free Street Pageant on the morning of exhibition at 10 o'clock. Owing to the length of time necessary to prepare the Fall of Nineveh for exhibition nothing belonging to it will be seen in the free street parade. Two performances daily. Doors open at one p. m. and seven p. m.; performance begins one hour later.

To accommodate those who wish to avoid the crowd about the ticket wagon, coupon numbered, actually reserved seats at the regular price, and admission tickets at the usual slight advance may be secured at Central Pharmacy.

Sunshine or rain all performances are given the same beneath the canopies of the specially prepared Water-Proof Tents. 10 13 15 17 19 21

WHO WILL BE PRESIDENT?

GUESS AGAIN!

Guess all you want to. Just now it is a subject for guessing. But when you want Carriages or Harness, don't Guess. It is too risky. When you buy, your purchase should have not only quality, but reputation. And for an unexcelled variety of fine goods, the leading place is L. M. French's, 16, 18, 20 and 22 Somerset street.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, - - - SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

The Marie Gurney English Opera Company

Will Give a Revival of

H. M. S. PINAFORE. TO-NIGHT!

Reserved Seats—35, 50 and 75 Cents. Now on sale at Central Pharmacy.

Stillman Music Hall!

Musical Event Extraordinary!

Monday Evening, September 26.

Sale of seats now open at Central Pharmacy. Appearance of the greatest military band in America,

SOUSA'S NEW MARINE BAND,

Composed of 50 of the highest class Artists and Soloists, directed by the distinguished director and composer.

JOHN PHILIP SOUSA.

Recently resigned from the United States Marine Band to form the new organization of which he is the great conductor. A Military band of such a standard as to be accepted as the World's Fair Dedicatory Ceremonial at Chicago. At this brilliant Military Concert will appear two famous vocalists, Miss Marcella Lindh, Soprano, and sig. Antonio Galassi, Baritone, both of highest operatic fame in America and Europe.

PRICES—$1, 75c. and 50c.

THE BLAKELY STENOGRAPH.

Mr. D. Blakely, Manager.

HENRY & JOHNS,

Building Movers.

14 Years' Experience.

Brick or Frame Buildings

RAISED AND MOVED WITH CARE.

Contracts taken at any place accessible by rail.

Residence—71 East Third Street, Plainfield, N. J. 20 3

Autumn Excursion

TO

MAUCH CHUNK, GLEN ONOKO,

and the

FAMED SWITCHBACK,

via Central Railroad of New Jersey.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24.

A special express train will leave Plainfield at 9.25 a. m.; returning arrive in city about 9 p. m.

Fare for round trip only $1.75; Switchback tickets at half rates if purchased on excursion train.

Tickets will be good to return on Sept. 29 or 30, on payment of $1 to agent at Mauch Chunk. 19 21 23.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

95 per Year in Advance. | T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box 1. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. | 10 Cents per Week. Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1892. | PRICE TWO CENTS.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

A SPECIAL MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

All but Two of the Councilmen Present—The Assessor's Tax Duplicate Accepted—2's Engine House Property Sold for $8,000—Will be Rebuilt on East Second Street near Peace.

A special meeting of the city Common Council was held in the Council chamber on Park avenue at eight o'clock last evening. Councilmen Bird, Case, Erickson, Fisk, Frazee, Gallup, Marsh, See and Weiler were present. President Ginna and Councilman Johnston were absent.

Mr. Marsh was elected president pro tem.

The assessor's tax duplicate for the current year was read by Clerk Runyon and accepted.

A communication was read from Geo. H. Babcock offering $4500 for the lot on West Front street, on which No. 2's Engine house is situated, and $3300 for the building itself, subject to mortgage. The offer was accepted and the mayor and clerk authorized to execute the necessary papers.

A communication from J. Fred MacDonald was read, offering for sale, the lots Nos. 29 and 31 East Second street, east of Peace street, size 74x150 feet, for $3300, upon which to build an engine house. The offer was accepted.

Mr. Fisk moved that the Fire and *Building Committee be authorized to* take charge of the necessary arrangements and detail of re-building Engine House No. 2. So ordered.

The meeting adjourned at 8.30.

BREVITIES

—Republicans! Don't forget the meeting to be held in Spencer's Hall at eight o'clock this evening.

—Special prices throughout every department at White & VanArsdale's previous to the opening up of their 25x75 fete extension.

—It was rumored yesterday that there was a case of cholera in Plainfield. A News reporter investigated the story and found it untrue.

—The Young Ladies Mission Circle of the Methodist church will hold its first meeting Thursday afternoon at four o'clock in Vincent chapel.

—The jury in the case of the Somerville policeman, Gottlieb Stauch, who shot and killed James Hahn last Tuesday, gave a verdict yesterday of justifiable homicide.

—Constable Moffett yesterday served summons in the cases of Hand vs. McInnis and Laire vs. Gaskill. The trials are set down for Sept. 27 at two p. m., before Justice Nash.

—A large and very old elm tree on Somerset street opposite the Crescent Avenue ball grounds was cut down yesterday. It stood across the road and blocked the way for several hours.

—Bridget Coleman who was fined $6 only yesterday for being drunk and disorderly, was again arrested last night by Officer Cooney, and brought before Judge Codington this morning on a *similar charge. She* was sentenced to forty days in the county jail.

—A letter received from Marshal William N. Pangborn says the G. A. R. and their friends are all well. Their train was delayed on the road by a hot box, and the car had to be left on the road. The passengers all crowding into the other car. In one car there were 107 people.

—A committee of the borough council will meet in the council chamber this evening and confer with representatives of the Plainfield street railway for the purpose of drawing up a form of contract for extending the street railway lines in the borough, by Delevan of Somerset street, and continuing it to Johnston's Drive.

—The Prohibitionists of Plainfield held an informal meeting in Mr. Fountain's store on Park avenue last evening and appointed a committee to obtain a large tent. The Prohibition Club was organized and nearly all the persons present, about thirty, signed their names. A large sum of money was subscribed and they will probably raise a banner. There are only a few more weeks before election and if the prohibitionists intend to get a banner to raise they will have to hurry up.

—The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will observe the World's W. C. T. U. programme, Thursday afternoon, Sept. 22 at 3.30 in their rooms. Many interesting articles will be read suggestive to the occasion. This day will be observed in all parts of the world where existed a Union, and there are nearly one hundred in foreign lands. Every member is requested to be present to-morrow, and to be a friend by Delegates to our State Convention will be elected at the close of the meeting.

—Why on earth do you want to leave the U. S. Marine Band and undertake to create a new one?" asked a naval officer of Sousa when the latter sent in his letter of resignation to President Harrison. "I'll tell you," replied Sousa, "the government band is a fine band and all that, but it is just as easy for me to make me a good deal better one, and I'll have it in less than six months. That's why I resign." Sousa, the new Marine Band, and Mlle Marcella Lindh, soprano Sig. Galassi, baritone, will appear at Music Hall, Sept. 26.

Plainfield Public School Celebration.

Prof. Henry M. Maxson had a conference yesterday with the principals of all the schools. It was decided not to have any elaborate school celebration on Columbus Day, but to observe the day very much as they have been accustomed to do on Author's birthdays.

Each building will have exercises, with all the pupils assembled in the chapel, on the morning of the 21st. The programme will furnish the foundation for the exercises, but it will be added to and changed as is necessary to suit the need of each school.

A GREAT MASS MEETING

PROBABLY TWO THOUSAND PEOPLE IN THE CRESCENT RINK.

To Greet Hon. John Kean, Jr., the Republican Candidate for Governor, and Hear Hon. Charles Emery Smith Speak.—Mayor Gilbert Presides and Also Speaks.—Much Enthusiasm.

The Republicans held a glorious meeting last evening to ratify the nomination of ex-Congressman John Kean, Jr., for Governor on the Republican ticket. The meeting was held in the Crescent Rink, which was tastefully decorated for the occasion. Pictures of the candidates, American flags, and banners with mottoes being among the decorations.

Many ladies were noticed among the large audience present.

Outside there was a display of fireworks.

It was the second meeting of the campaign, the first having been held in Music Hall to ratify the nomination of Benjamin Harrison for President and Whitelaw Reid for Vice President, and the Republican platform of Protection and Reciprocity.

There were several overtures by the full brass band, before the meeting began, and songs by the Campaign Glee Club, the singing evoking applause, which was well deserved.

While the club was singing, the Hon.

JOHN KEAN, JR.

entered, and this was the signal for a fresh outburst of applause, especially as he ascended the platform.

Mr. John Ulrich called the meeting to order at 8.30 and Mayor Gilbert was on Mr. Ulrich's motion, chosen chairman, making a speech full of true Republicanism. He was frequently interrupted by applause.

In the course of his remarks he said that a few days ago he received in the mail a circular showing the amount of money on deposit in the United Kingdom, since 1883, and from curiosity referred to similar statistics for this country. He found that the United Kingdom had in 1883 448 millions of dollars on deposit, and in 1892, 570 millions of dollars, an increase of 122 millions of dollars.

The deposits of the people in the United States in 1883 amounted to 986 millions of dollars, and in 1892, to 1740 millions, an increase of between 700 and 800 millions, or from 500 to 600 millions more than England's increase in the same time.

Does not that speak far more for American Protection than for England's Free Trade, especially when hundreds of thousands of her wage-earners are unemployed, while ours are employed at good wages, and are prosperous?

After the band played a welcome, the glee club again sang and the audience vigorously applauded. A list of vice presidents was read by Mayor Gilbert and approved by the audience.

Hon. Chas. Emory Smith, editor of the Philadelphia Press, and ex-Minister to Russia, was introduced as the speaker of the evening, and spoke for nearly an hour, vigorously presenting the issues so familiar to all. It is a good story that never grows old.

He referred to the administration of President Harrison as among the most brilliant in history, opening a new epoch and new departure. The re-election of President Harrison, he claimed, will bring forth new prosperity, and that he is surely to be re-elected.

Incidentally the name of James G. Blaine was mentioned, and evoked the wildest applause of the evening.

A few random paragraphs here and there will give an idea of the speaker's style. His speech was full of just such nuggets.

"When the people lose their reason, woe to thee, said the Demagogue to the Patriot. Ah, but when the people recover their reason, woe to thee, said the Patriot."

"We elected Benjamin Harrison because of the party and its principles. The Republican party is the party of Lincoln and Grant, of Union, Liberty and Prosperity. Our doings to-day are the records for to-morrow. We appeal to the country, not for what we have done, but for what we are doing. President Harrison is a President for history."

Reviewing the party's great turning points, Mr. Smith said:

"A protective tariff is to protect our labor and what we make at home. Then we extend reciprocity to whatever nation favors us. The Democracy want to give all we have away for nothing and get nothing in return.

"We are opening a new epoch in our history by the twin principles of Protection and Reciprocity."

"Jefferson declared our political independence of Europe."

"Monroe bought Louisiana, thus opening up the Mississippi and its opportunities to the West."

"Lincoln freed the slaves, and Harrison gave us Reciprocity."

"By reciprocity our exports in one year to Cuba alone have increased from $5,000,000 to $15,000,000."

"Our exports to Germany have increased in five months to $18,000,000. Germany quickly availed herself of Reciprocity to hold our markets, and Austria, Italy, France and Spain have followed suit."

Our Democratic adversaries denounce Reciprocity as a sham. They might as well say sham Emancipation, sham Prosperity."

"The Democratic party has taken up Free Trade even when Lord Salisbury himself declares it a failure."

Mr. Smith said:

The following extracts are taken from a speech delivered at the Annual Conference of the Home Counties Division of the National Union of Conservative Associations held at Hastings, England, on Wednesday, May 18, 1892, by the Marquis of Salisbury, Prime Minister of England. The language quoted is an exact reprint of a verbatim report of the speech as it appeared in *The London Times*, weekly edition, of Friday, May 20, 1892. Lord Salisbury spoke as follows:

"We cannot look abroad into the territories occupied by the great industries of this country without a feeling of sorrow and misgiving. It is painful to think that the men who should be working with the capitalists—who should enable them to work in order not only to promote their own well-being and the industry of the class that depend upon them, but the prosperity of this mighty Empire—are so divided that *industry is paralyzed and misery stalks abroad. I deeply* wish that some means of appeasing this war could be found. I earnestly desire that such a state of labor could be established as would give to the laborer sufficient for his maintenance and comfort (cheers), and sufficient time for the cultivation of his moral and intellectual being (cheers).

"Every nation is trying how it can get the greatest possible protection for its own industries, and the result is that the greatest possible access to the markets of its neighbors. I want to point out to you that I observe in that while A is very anxious to get a favor of B, and B is anxious to get a favor of C, *nobody ever has anxious about getting the com-* *mercial favor of Great Britain.* What is the reason of this? It is that in this great little *Great Britain has stripped herself of the weapons by which the battle has* to be fought. The weapon with which they all fight is admission to their own markets.—that is to say, A says to B, 'If you will admit our goods duties such that I can sell in your markets, I will make my duties such that you can sell in my markets.' C says, 'Admit my goods, and I will levy no duties on anybody,' and we declare that it would be contrary and diametrically opposed to well-ascertained principles of free trade to levy any duty on anybody for the sake of what we can get by it. We say, 'We will not do it, it is *not business* (loud cheers). If I may aspire to be the office of a counsellor to the public mind, I would say to you, 'Your own opinions without reference to traditions or dogmas ought to be brought to bear upon whether you are orthodox or not—but to *form your opinions according to the dictates of common sense.* I would impress upon you that if you intended, in this conflict of commercial treaties, to hold your own, you must be prepared, if need be, to inflict upon the nations which injure you the penalty which is in your hands, that of refusing them access to your markets (loud and prolonged cheers, and a voice, "Common sense at last)." There is a reproach in that interruption, but I have never said anything else (laughter). But there is a great difficulty. *The power we have most reason to complain of is the United States, and what we want the United States to* forbid us with mostly regard to *food essential to the feeding of the people, and raw materials necessary to our manufactures, and we cannot retaliate one or the other without serious injury to ourselves. Now, I am not in the least prepared, for the sake of wounding other nations, to inflict any danger or serious wound upon ourselves.* You cannot raise the price of food or of raw material, but there is an enormous mass of other articles of importation from other countries, besides the United States, which are mere matters of luxurious consumption (cheers); and if it is a question of wine, or silk, or spirits, or gloves, or lace, or anything of that kind, I should not in the least shrink from diminishing the consumption and interfering with the comfort of the excellent people who consume these articles of luxury, for the purpose of maintaining our rights in this commercial war, and of insisting on our rights of access to the markets, of our neighbors (cheers). That is the orthodox doctrine. I know I should be excommunicated for maintaining it (laughter)."

"Yes, when Great Britain is about to abandon Free Trade, the Democratic party proceeds to adopt it."

"Lord Dundreary, who, being at a loss for a subject when speaking to his lady love, said, 'Does your brother like cheese?'"

"But I have no brother," said she.

"Well," said Lord Dundreary, "if you had a brother do you think he would like cheese?"

We have no free trade, and don't want it. The Democratic party thinks we would like it if we had it.

Speaking of Democratic inconsistency as shown by ex-Gov. Hill's speech in Brooklyn Monday night, Mr. Smith said it reminded him of the Frenchman's idea of an American cocktail.

"Take a little sugar to make it sweet, a little lemon to make it sour, a little schnapps to make it strong, and a little water to dilute it with. Bring it briskly to a boil and a little ice to make it cold—all one big contradiction."

Now that's just like the Democratic party. It has

A little Tammany to make it strong,
A little sugar to make it sweet,
A little lemon to make it sour,
A little of Charles A. Dana to make it hot, red-hot
And a little of David B. Hill to make it cold.

He compared Hill and his speech to a snake, and said:

He wriggles in and wriggles out
And leaves the reader still in doubt,
Whether the thing is going on the track
Is wriggling ahead or wriggling back.

Our factories, beginning only 30 years ago have increased by Republican Protection six times more than those of England by its Free Trade.

Since 1861 England has declined from $60,000,000 in her silk manufactures alone and $11,000,000 imports, to $8,000,000 in silk manufactures and $55,000,000 imports, while the United States has increased in the same time from $12,500,000 to $65,000,000 in silk manufactures alone.

After showing how we had increased in other industries in the same ratio, he said, to show the general prosperity of the country, that while England was increasing in wealth from thirty thousand millions in 1820 to forty thousand millions in 1850, the United States had increased from fifteen thousand millions in 1850, to 64 thousand millions in 1890, and the deposits of our own workingmen are three times as many as those of England's.

The Labor Commissioners of the State of New York, Massachusetts and Indiana, all Democrats, have sworn by statistics that, under Republican Protection, the wages of the wage-earners and general prosperity have increased, and the same was shown by that recent Congressional Special Commission, all Democrats, including Carlisle himself.

Then we have that Free Trade English Commission appointed to investigate and compare English and American Receipts and Taxes. Its report was published in the London Times, and presented the best argument I have seen to show how the workingman is benefited by Protection:

The commission dividing receipts and taxes into one hundred parts found that in England 76 parts went to Labor,
21 " " " Capital,
3 " " " Government
Total..100

While
In the U. S. 72 parts went to Labor,
23 " " " Capital,
5 " " " Government
Total..100

England, France and Germany are twice as populous as the United States, yet the United States has earned with the last few years as much as all combined.

Under a Protective tariff the United States has earned as much within a few years as all the nations of the earth since Christianity began.

Governor Hill says it is wrong to levy duty or to do any act to increase the wages of the workingman, and Republican distress is just the opposite. We believe in *legislating for the prosperity* of all our people, and the workingman most of all, because he needs it most."

The concluding speech was made by the popular gubernatorial nominee, Mr. Kean, who showed himself to be in full accord with his party in its desire to wipe out the Democratic ring which has control of our State, and has worked so much iniquity and hardship upon the people.

The people all stood up as the band played "Hail, Columbia!" and before dispersing many went up and shook hands with the hon. Governor Kean, and Hon. Mr. Smith.

The meeting was a great success.

FIRE AT WESTFIELD.

Foreman Hensel's Trained Horse Failed in the Emergency.

A three-story frame dwelling in Westfield caught fire about seven o'clock last evening and burned to the ground. The building was owned by Edward Sandford and occupied by a newly married couple named Bennett. The fire originated in a lot of rubbish in the attic and was discovered while the occupants were at supper. The furniture was nearly all saved, but everything in the attic of Bennett's money, jewelry, wedding presents and valuable papers were in the attic and were destroyed. There was but little insurance on either house or furniture.

Foreman Hensel of the fire department kept a horse in a barn on a lot adjoining the engine house. For the past six months he has been training the animal every night to rush to the fire engine and stand in position while the drop harness was adjusted. Last night's fire was the first since the training began, so Foreman Hensel, with great coolness and deliberation, undertook to show the abilities of his horse and at the same time have the steamer in action in the case of conflagration. Now, in training his horse, Foreman Hensel had overlooked the fact of not having a fire, and so the horse, thinking there was a mistake in the program, ran several miles in an unmanageable manner, refusing to wait for the engine, which after the excitement and delay was taken to the fire in the old-fashioned way. Though the burning building was too far gone to be saved, a house near by, occupied by an aged couple named Ledger, was saved.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. A. M. Gilliem and daughters of Duer street are expected home from Bedminster, N. J., to-morrow.

Mr. Stephen Cahoone and family of Broadway are expected home on Friday from Jamestown, R. I., where they have been during the Summer.

The first society event of the season was a subscription german at the Park Club last evening. It was given by Miss Cooley of Rockview Terrace. Mr. Clarence Murphy lead. About thirty young people were present. Messrs. Rogers and Conde furnished the music.

Invitations were issued yesterday to the wedding of Miss Nettie B., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James P. Homan, to Mr. Samuel Wakeman Clark, to take place on Tuesday evening, October 4, at seven o'clock in the Second Episcopal church. There will be a reception at the home of the bride's parents, No. 6 West Fifth street from half-past seven until half-past nine o'clock.

Forepaugh's Circus.

It is learned upon good authority that the fourteen immense tents under which the Adam Forepaugh shows and the sublime Sells Brothers' Circus, Pall of Nineveh, are given are actually waterproof, so that the audiences are dry and comfortable in the most severe storm, and may be raining outside.

As if there were a nirvanche, swooning, climax before Adam Forepaugh Shows and the sublime spectacle, The Pall of Nineveh, are appreciated the way, to charm the senses, edify the old and impart entertainment and instruction to all ages. They will be here on Friday, Sept. 23.

Borough Republicans, Take Notice!

A special meeting of the U. S. Grant Republican Club, of North Plainfield, will be held Wednesday evening, Sept. 21st, at eight o'clock, in Spencer's Hall.

All members are urgently requested to be present. The question of forming a marching club will then be decided, and other business of importance will be transacted.

All Republicans of the Borough not now members are cordially invited to attend and enroll their names. 21-2

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Muscle Alone Won't Get a Diploma.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Sept. (Special.)—The Faculty of Wesleyan University has sent forth the edict that no student who failed to pass his last examination and is now conditioned will be allowed to hold or participate or take any part in any of the athletic contests. The edict has a very depressing effect upon college athletics.

Terrible Railroad Accident.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 21. (Special.)—The Chicago Express crashed into a freight train on the Fort Wayne road at Shreve, Ohio, this morning. Nine persons were killed, three seriously injured and others slightly hurt.

Talmage Home Again.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—(Special) Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage arrived on the "City of Paris" at 7.30 o'clock this morning.

FIRE HYDRANTS SATISFACTORY.

Used at the Elm Place Fire this Morning.

About five o'clock this morning fire was discovered in a shed in the rear of the house at No. 6 Elm Place occupied by O. T. Baird. Alarm "fifteen" was sounded and Gazelle Engine Co. No. 1, Zephyr Hook and Ladder Co., and Alert Hose Co., responded, the call being in their district. The engine was not used, the hose being attached for the first time to the city fire hydrants, with very satisfactory results. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss will not exceed $200.

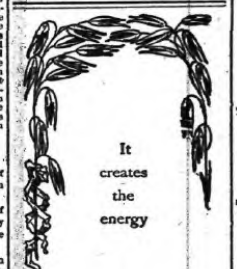
Bicycle Race To-morrow.

To-morrow afternoon at half past three fourteen colored wheelmen will start from a point on South avenue near Richmond street, on a twenty-five mile handicap road race over the Fanwood-Scotch Plains course. The entries are: Charles Vanderveer, Edward Martin, Buddy Howard, John Scudder, Thomas Paterson, William Burton, Joseph Bolden, Walter Carter, General J. Lee, John H. Cary, Samuel Conway, William Jones, Forest Jones and Pid Randolph.

The first two winners of the race will receive handsome silver medals, one being for the first man in, and the other for the best time made. Other prizes which will be donated by merchants of this city, will be awarded to successful contestants. Mr. J. Horvey Doane will announce the handicaps this evening.

—Mr. L. M. French is after the carriage and harness trade of this vicinity. He offers the best inducements to secure it in quality—variety—cheapness. Watch his advertisement.

—The New Jersey State Republican Committee met at its headquarters, 45 Montgomery street, Jersey City, yesterday and elected Franklin Murphy of Newark, chairman in place of John Kean, Jr., resigned to accept the nomination for Governor.



DEATHS.

BOICE—On Sunday, September 18, of paralysis of the heart, Sarah A. Boice, widow of Jeremiah Boice, in the seventy-first year of her age.

Funeral services from her late residence No. 22 East Front street, Thursday, Sept. 22, at three p. m. 19-3

HIGGINS—John D. Higgins, Died Sept. 20th, '92, aged 38 years, 3 months, 16 days.

Funeral from his late residence, 215 West Third street, Friday morning, at nine o. m., and at St. Mary's church 9.30 a. m. Friends and relatives are invited to attend. 21-2

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The presentation requires 1,000 men, women and children in the various characters $150,000 in gorgeous costumes, $50,000 in special scenery, $30,000 in armour, swords, shields and spears. 200 beautiful ladies in the Grand Ballet, Companies of Soldiers, Cuirassiers, a perfect reproduction of the largest and most equipped stage in the world, 800 feet long and 55 feet wide, illustrating life and events in the first Great Metropolis of the civilized world.

Excursions on all lines of travel. Consult your nearest station agent for rate and time schedules. Don't fail to see the Fearless Free Street Pageant on the morning of exhibition at 10 o'clock. Owing to the length of time necessary to prepare the Fall of Nineveh for exhibition nothing belonging to it will be seen in the free street parade. Two performances daily. Doors open at one p. m. and seven p. m., performance begins one hour later.

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H. M. S. PINAFORE.

TO-NIGHT!

Reserved Seats—35, 50 and 75 Cents. Now on sale at Central Pharmacy.

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Monday Evening, September 26th.

Sale of seats now open at Central Pharmacy. Appearance of the greatest military band in America.

SOUSA'S NEW MARINE BAND.

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Recently resigned from the United States Marine Corps, and assumed the position of leading director of this great enterprise. A military band organized first. In four to succeed at the World's Fair Dedicatory Concerts at Chicago. As this brilliant Military Concert will appear two famous vocalists. Miss Marcella Lindh, Soprano and sig. Antonio Galassi, Baritone. Both of highest operatic fame in American and European cities.

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Plainfield, N. J. 20 2

Autumn Excursion

TO

MAUCH CHUNK, GLEN ONOKO,

and the

FAMED SWITCHBACK,

via Central Railroad of New Jersey.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24,

A special express train will leave Plainfield at 6.27 a. m., returning arrive in city about 9 p. m.

Fare for round trip only $1.75 (Switchback tickets at half rates if purchased on excursion train).

Tickets will be good to return on Sept. 25 or 26 on payment of $1 to agent at Mauch Chunk. 19 21 23

EDITORIAL NOTES

When one tries not want to do a thing. It is always easy to find very strong and sound reasons for not doing it.

Next year our mails will be carried to a British and a French port and also to Buenos Ayres under the American flag.

London is not a good place for American tourists this summer, with its epidemics of cholera and scarlet fever and the cholera cloud ready to burst upon it any moment.

If the remaining country fairs, the fall harvest picnics and the fall political conventions want to have a crowning attraction to bring gate money, let them get James Corbett to drive Nancy Hanks around the ring, thus showing off at one view the two greatest animals in the world.

A private letter from Hamburg declares that the ravages of cholera in that city are greatly exaggerated in the American newspapers. While there are many deaths and funerals night and day, the harrowing scenes described in our papers are many of them evolved from the correspondent's brilliant imagination.

When a human being, a city or a country demands plenty of water and uses it, it is proof of an advanced stage of civilization. This proof the republic of Costa Rica is now giving. The general government has donated 12,000 acres of the public lands to be sold, the proceeds to go to perfecting the water supply of Costa Rican cities.

Just So.

The following valiant onslaught of the New York Sun on the ragged, filthy paper money in circulation in such quantities is to be commended:

Those old, ragged, dirty, malodorous one and two dollar bills that are in circulation ought all to be burned up by the secretary of the treasury just as soon as he can get hold of them. They would be disagreeable objects to all cleanly people who handle them. Suppose that the holders of them must be able to get new and clean bills in exchange for them at the banks. Retail dealers can do good service in helping the community to get rid of these filthy bank notes, especially the savings banks can render like service. So can the business establishments that pay out large sums every month in wages. All our currency ought to be nice in every way.

A Wastebasket Wail.

It is not often the wastebasket side of a newspaper office has a chance to tell its story, but if it did the public would find frequently that the richest part of the myriad newspaper contributions are those that never get into print. Eleanor Kirk's idea has a corner devoted to this, the suppressed side. The department is headed "The Unavailable." Here an occasional gem that has gone the pitiless rounds in all the newspapers of Christendom hits the basket, but its lustre is usually passed. Ohio came next with ex-President Hayes marching with Negroes, and then came New York.

Sickles' Crutch.

At the head of the Empire state's column was seen "Old Dan" Sickles' crutch, and the crowd rose to its corner, seated in a wastebasket, as if the spirit of the mutilated old Third corps had lodged in the throat of every narrator. The general, looking as genial like Prince Bismarck before the hand of age had bowed him, stood and left and snarled his cheers with Celerian Rosecrans, who sat opposite him in the carriage.

While the number of New Yorkers was slightly less than that of the Pennsylvania their appearance was more military, owing to the fact that the department marched in the form of a division, 12,451 strong, divided into six brigades, each with a general commanding and staff. With helmets and flowered jackets, contrasted in many places for the time honored blue cap or hat and loose sack coat, gave the department an aspect more soldiery to modern eyes than that of the Keystone department, headed old Third corps had lodged in the throat of every narrator. The general, looking as genial like Prince Bismarck before the hand of age had bowed him, stood and left and snarled his cheers with Celerian Rosecrans, who sat opposite him in the carriage.

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In front of the St. Lawrence county contingent marched the gigantic General Carter, one of the three brigadier heroes of Fort Fisher. Chapin post, No. 2, of Buffalo, got quite as much applause as General Sickles' baroueche, the cause for it being the twenty tattered regimental battle flags which it guarded on its march. Seward post, of Auburn, had a drum major four feet high, two of the four feet consisting of his white bearskin busby.

Now the contest begins to march by, its first two posts bearing respectively the heroic names of Commodore Foote and General Sedgwick. The Natmeg state makes a big showing for its size, and its Yankee notion of putting a big red, white and blue scarf in the waist belt of every man is one of the prettiest of the whole turnout. Connecticut whisks its 2,000 men past in fifteen minutes and then comes Bunker Hill.

Ben Butler's Reception.

It is Bunker Hill in reality that leads the Massachusetts department, wherein Commander Smith is at the head of 8,000 men, drilled and set up as well apparently as when they came from their first camp of instruction. The first platoon bears high on a standard a wooden model of the historic shaft and a big gilt letter on the breast of each of the first ten men spells "B-U-N-K-E-R H-I-L-L."

Down the line, with his picture going before him on a banner borne by Post 42, of Lowell, sits in a carriage General B. F. Butler, bowing, smiling, drinking in once more the music of his soldiers' cheers, of those who were with him at New Orleans. There is a halt as "Old Ben" is driven back, and standing in their ranks and resting on their canes, as of old they rested on their muskets, the 1,000 warriors cheer as their determined commander were riding their lines in the strength of his prime, ready to lead them "to —— if Governor Andrew says so." Butler's reception, as he was driven back along the splendid line of the old Bay state, was the dramatic feature of the parade.

New Jersey followed Massachusetts, the first post, one from Trenton, bearing a fine banner, the gift of the Women's Relief corps, and the next post carrying a huge hornet's nest and an inscription signifying that its bearers were in war time the occupants of such a nest.

The Grand Illumination.

The order in which the departments after New Jersey marched was Department of Maine, Department of California, Department of Rhode Island, Department of New Hampshire, Department of Vermont, Department of Virginia, Department of Maryland, Department of Nebraska, Department of Iowa, Department of Michigan, Department of Indiana, Department of Colorado and Wyoming, Department of Kansas, Department of Delaware, Department of Minnesota, Department of Missouri, Department of Oregon, Department of Kentucky, Department of West Virginia, Departments of South Dakota, Washington, Alaska, Arkansas, New Mexico and Utah, Department of Tennessee, Departments of Louisiana, Mississippi, Florida, Montana, Texas, Idaho, Arizona, Georgia, Alabama, North Dakota, Oklahoma and Indian Territory, Department of the Potomac and National Association of Naval Veterans.

Night was even more glorious than the day. Shortly after dark the thousands who lined the avenue while the parade was in progress repaired to the vicinity of the monument. There the elaborate display of fireworks provided was made. It was a magnificent show, in some respects unequaled, and was worthy of a place in the programme of the day's exercises.

Succeeding the fireworks display there was an electric illumination on a scale never before attempted in this country Pennsylvania avenue, from the Capitol to Seventeenth street, was ablaze with colored lights. Every available dynamo in the city, public and private, was brought into requisition.

Commander Palmer's Speech.

The national encampment proper was opened for business at noon today in Albaugh's Opera house. A thousand delegates were in their seats when General Palmer, commander in chief, rapped for order. It was only a moment before also late silence reigned, and then General Palmer delivered his annual address. He said:

COMRADES—The national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic brings together representative soldiers from all over the broad land. There is scarcely a battlefield of that great civil conflict but has its representative here today. Within its ranks are men of all political parties and religious creeds. The difference in rank which the army reflected are lost in the equalities of a free and common citizenship. The denominating thought is patriotism. Its principles appeal to patriots of every name and party. It is peculiarly befitting that we should meet once more in the beautiful capital city of the nation, where the representatives of 60,000,000 people gather to enact our laws, and to look backward over the path surmounted and forward to the growing great years of a redeemed land.

Rightly it is named the Grand Army—grand in the justice of the majestic cause for which it fought; grand in the splendid manliness and its chivalry; grand in the valor of the fortitude and the heroism which shone through all its career of defeat and victory; grand in the fidelity with which the citizens obligations were discharged by the soldiers' memories. It still sustains the principles it carried to victory. Grand because it saved the life of the nation, kept the country undivided, the flag unsullied and assured us a commanding place among the nations of the earth.

These annual gatherings of men who rendered loyal, devoted and patriotic service to their country in the hour of peril, if they serve no other purpose, will impress upon the minds of the rising generation a profounder and deeper sense of the perils through which we passed to preserve the unity of the nation. We need no desire to boast of our services in the past. We cherish no feelings of animosity or revenge against the men of the south. I know I speak the sentiments of every true soldier when I say whatever pride we have in the past is made sweet and glorious by the fact that the battlefield, we joyfully laid it aside upon one side and gladly merged the title of soldier into a greater one—that of American citizen.

A Protest Against "Sneers."

The precepts of this great order appeal to the patriotism of every man who wore the Union blue. Every Union soldier should give it his influence and support and wear at all times the badge of loyalty, the bronze G. A. R. button. This order should protect itself from "sneers" at the old veteran; it is the honorable mark of the republic. It should attention to the fact that men still live who deserve to be remembered with whatever belongs to the proud title of liberty and country.

During my official term I have visited twenty five departments, responded to numerous invitations to attend reunions and encampments, requiring months of time and labor, traveling nearly 6000 miles, and my only regret is that I was unable to attend the encampments at which they met on the same date, and the places of meeting were too far apart to reach them in time. And well understanding I have given up nearly the entire year to the work of the order I feel that my efforts have been but feeble to serve all my comrades and do justice to the great office.

During my visit to the department encampment in Augusta, Me., I met many ex-Confederate soldiers from whom I received a cordial greeting, and I believe that those who were present in the field have a greater love of justice and right than those who remained in the rear in the hour of danger, and I was glad to take by the hand any brave Confederate soldier who accepted the generous terms of the surrender at Appomattox, and today respect the flag of the nation as the emblem of a reunited people and a reunited country.

It is not my province to be called upon to govern nearly half a million men. Disputed questions are constantly arising in which both parties claim they are right. It has been my desire to deal justly with all questions that came before me, having no other object in view than the good and welfare of the order and the observance of its laws. There will be more or less frictions, if there be no actual discord, but it is the duty of the commander in chief to enforce the decree of the national encampment, and if friction and irritation result therefrom he cannot be justly blamed.

Memorial Day Memories.

I cannot speak with too much fervor of the beneficent work done by the loyal women in the lowly veterans and their families. As the veterans reach nearer the end of life's journey they become more feeble and need the care of some friendly hand, and the noble women who by their acts of love and devotion to suffering humanity among the wounded and a great number since—merit our grateful acknowledgments and unbounded praise.

With Memorial Day comes the expression of a nation's gratitude for the brave men who suffered death that their idols might seal the unity of the nation. The ceremony of strewing the early flowers of spring upon the graves of the men who laid down their lives for their country is a lasting one.

All strife ceases upon this day consecrated to patriotism, and blind ambition hails in its headlong career to pause at the graves of the nation's heroes and contemplate the greatness of the cause for which they offered up their lives.

If there is anything that softens the heart and intensifies patriotism it is to stand at the graves of the men who sacrificed their lives for their country. The American people honor the Union soldier, not because he slew so many of the foe, but because he gave up even life itself to the performance of a duty. So long as the observance of the day is kept in all its genuineness and purity, not given up to frivolity and amusement, it will impart to all a truer sense of the obligations resting upon us. Keeping what the living and the dead have sown, we now enjoy the priceless blessings of peace and prosperity to life and property.

When General Palmer concluded his address he was cheered again and again by the boys in blue, and when the applause died out the reports of officers were declared in order.

OLD HEROES IN SESSION

Palmer Opens the Encampment and Delivers His Address.

THE PARADE WAS A GRAND SUCCESS

Over a Quarter of a Million Persons Review the Procession of Sixty Thousand Veterans, Which Took Seven Hours to Pass a Given Point.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Over the broad avenue made sacred to them by the march, nearly a generation ago, before their beloved generals, with nearly thrice the number of comrades, the gray old soldiers who had saved the flag in 1861 and had made it forever respected in 1865 marched again yesterday, led by the survivors of the valiant old Sixth Massachusetts, the first to reach the goal in the patriotic race of 1861. The grand parade meant much to the veterans, but it produced also a deep impression upon all who witnessed it as the more than 60,000 heroes, some aged and bent, swung proudly by for seven long hours.

A pleasing feature of the march was the choral tribute by school children of the district at two points, a colored girls at the corner of Third street and the avenue and 500 white girls at the corner of Fifteenth street. All hands ceased playing as they passed these points, and the children sang patriotic airs and old army songs.

The long department march in the air 3,000 cornstalks, some of them nearly six inches in diameter, and each man had an ear of corn strapped to his back.

The citizens' committee led the parade and the old guard of the city and the Grand Army battalion of Albany marched Commander in Chief Palmer, who was followed by his official staff and aids. The Sixth Massachusetts veterans, the "first defenders," marched next as escort to the Grand Army. They were followed by the United States marine band, detached from The Department of Illinois held the right of line and came next. Wisconsin's veterans had with them "Old Abe," the war eagle of the Eighth Wisconsin.

Pennsylvania's Showing.

Then comes Pennsylvania, and it seems from the military splendor of her coming that the Keystone state has got on a war footing and is quite ready to fight Gettysburg over again with aid from the other states of the north. Commander Boyer has a yellow headquarters' flag all to himself, and behind him and his staff comes the old Logan battalion of Albany marched Commander in Chief Palmer, who was followed by his official staff and aids. The Sixth Massachusetts veterans, the "first defenders," marched next as escort to the Grand Army. They were followed by the United States marine band, detached from The Department of Illinois held the right of line and came next. Wisconsin's veterans had with them "Old Abe," the war eagle of the Eighth Wisconsin.

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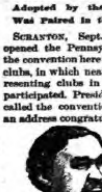
BLACK AGAIN IN CHARGE.

Re-elected President of Pennsylvania's Democratic Clubs.

THE FIRST GUN OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Resolutions Indorsing the Chicago Platform and Cleveland and Stevenson Adopted by the Convention—Blaine Was Paired in the Recent Election.

SCRANTON, Sept. 21.—The Democrats opened the Pennsylvania campaign with the convention here of the state Democratic clubs, in which nearly 1,000 delegates, representing clubs in all parts of the state, participated. President Chauncey F. Black called the convention to order. He made an address congratulating the society upon its growth and the fact that the educational methods of conducting campaigns were so fruitful as to result in great benefit to Democracy, not only in Pennsylvania, but throughout the entire country. Judge Gunster, of Lackawanna, responded with an address of welcome, and then President Black announced his readiness to receive nominations for temporary officers. Congressman Abermeth was then chosen temporary chairman by acclamation. He thanked the convention for the honor conferred, and by unanimous consent the chair was directed to appoint the several committees, and a recess was taken.



C. F. BLACK.

Black Re-elected President.

After recess the committee on organization reported the following officers: For President—Chauncy F. Black, of York. Vice Presidents—W. J. Brennan and Levi B. Duff, of Allegheny; John H. Ward and D. M. Dunwoody, of Philadelphia; W. L. Butler, of Dauphin; W. H. Reilly, of Lancaster; W. F. Shepherd, of Schuylkill; E. T. McNaills, of Cumbria; T. J. Burk, of Blair; Alexander Archer, of Westmoreland; C. G. Roland, of Lackawanna; Benjamin Harris, of Montour; George McDonnell, of Lazerne, and W. E. Ritter, of Lycoming. Secretary—Major J. D. Worman. Treasurer—E. P. Kisner.

The committee on permanent organization of the convention reported James D. Stranahan for president, thirteen vice presidents and six secretaries. The report was adopted, and Mr. Stranahan was escorted to the chair. He made a brief address and asked for further business of the session.

The Resolutions.

The committee on resolutions reported, reaffirming the faith of the Democracy of Pennsylvania in the platform of the national and state conventions, indorsing the nominations of Cleveland and Stevenson and of the state ticket, applauding the previous administration of ex-President Cleveland and the administrations of Governor Pattison and congratulating the American people upon the result of the elections in the southwest and in the New England states. The resolutions were adopted.

Chairman Monaghan, of the committee on convention, reported the following delegates to the national convention: J. Marshall Wright, of Lehigh; H. D. Grier, of Berks; Bernard McKenna and O. K. Gardner, of Allegheny; Bernard J. McGrann, of Lancaster; F. H. Coyle and Maurice F. Wilhere, of Philadelphia; J. H. W. Howard, of Dauphin; E. D. Ziegler, of York, and C. I. Baker, of Montgomery. The report was adopted, as was also that providing several amendments to the constitution.

After selecting Allentown as the next place of meeting the convention adjourned.

At night a mass meeting was held in the convention hall at which Attorney General Hensel, James W. Beck and other prominent men made addresses.

Blaine Was Paired.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 21.—The following will appear in this morning's Kennebec Journal:

BAR HARBOR, Me., Sept. 20.

To the Editor of the Kennebec Journal:

It has been stated by many journals that I did not vote at the last election. My voting place is Augusta. It would have taken three days to go 350 miles of travel to get there, register and vote. Instead of doing that a Democratic friend "paired off" with me, and I thus saved my vote and a good deal of time too.

Very respectfully, JAMES G. BLAINE.

RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.'S
"PERFECT"
Sanitary Heating Furnace
WITH UPWARD RETURN FLUE
DOUBLE RADIATOR.
The Most Powerful and Durable Furnace Made.
FOR SALE BY
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Plainfield, N. J

We are about to Begin
A SERIES OF Special Sales of DOLLS.
The Greatest Bargains ever seen in Plainfield.
WATCH OUR WINDOWS
A. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."
BEECHAM'S PILLS
CURE
SICK HEADACHE,
Disordered Liver, etc.
They Act Like Magic on the Vital Organs, Regulating the Secretions, restoring long lost Complexion, bringing back the Keen Edge of Appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the whole physical energy of the human frame. These Facts are admitted by thousands, in all classes of Society. Largest Sale in the World.
Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating.
Of all Druggists. Price 25 cents a Box.
New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A BRIGHT, colored man wishes a situation as coachman. Is conversant and has references. Call at 32 Park avenue 16 5

A HANDY workman want employment as any workman want gentlemen's places, is competent and has references. Address "Charles," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 8f

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework, or young girl to assist. 65 Grandview avenue

WANTED—A good cook, washer and ironer. Must be well recommended. Call between three and six p. m., 717 Madison avenue. 20 3

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—A fine new dwelling on Richmond street. It has been recently papered and painted. Has all modern improvements and will be rented for $25 per month until spring. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-6f

TO RENT—Four rooms with water 112 Jackson avenue. 20 5*

TO LET—Partly furnished house; fine location; three minutes' walk from station; in exchange for gentleman's board. Apply to J. W. Johnson, 3 La Grande avenue. 19 4

UNFURNISHED house to let Dr. Boone 81 Front street 20 3w

FOR SALE.

COLUMBIA Century bicycle for sale cheap, New last April. Address "Rover," care of EVENING NEWS. 20 3

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—The large building, 81 and 83 Somerset street. For particulars, inquire on the premises. 9-20-4f

FRESH Jersey cow, three years old, for sale. 99 Union avenue 19 3

LOUR AND FEED at low prices. L. Heyniger, 81 and 83 Somerset street. 9-20-4f

PIANO—First-class upright, for sale or rent. Great bargain. 93 East Front street. 16 5

WINDMILL for sale; with brass pump, tower, etc., for one tenth it cost. H. Pittis, 134 Central avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 5 10

MISCELLANEOUS.

A NORTH German lady desires pupils, either in private families or schools, for study of the German language. Apply to or address Miss M. C., 36 Myrtle avenue, North Plainfield.

LESSONS given on the piano to beginners. Terms $6. Address P. O. Box 772 17 8

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Incorporated 1890; chartered 1891; opened during first year 381. Largest law school in the United States except one. "Dwight method" of instruction. Degree of LL.B. conferred after two years course. Graduate course now added. Tuition fee, $100. Next term opens Oct. 3, 1892. Address George Chase, LL.D., Dean. 9 6 2m eod

OLD FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought at old sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-23tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's 5 23tf

WANTED TO RENT—In the First Ward, a moderate sized house, with improvements. Furnished or unfurnished. Address stating location and price. "First Ward," care EVENING NEWS. 19 3

COAL and WOOD.
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—37 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

SPECIAL SALE!
OF
1,000 pairs of Trousers
at
WERNER'S
CLOTHING
HOUSE
30 West Front Street.
A GOOD CHANCE
for
BARGAINS.
Our New Stock o
Fall
and
Winter
Goods Just Received.
It will pay you to examine them.
The Latest Styles of Hats and Gentlemen's Furnishings.
A full line of Cloths for Clothing to Order.

Everybody Likes Me.

ANTI-CHAP.
I contain no greasy or sticky substance I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimples; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable; I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.
All druggists sell me at 25 cents.
Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP SOAP in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

$500 LIFE INSURANCE Free
of cost to ALL Customers that trade with
FRED. W. DUNN,
The Plainfield Grocer,
No. 18 North Avenue.

$500 Come and Get a Policy Free

CAMPAIGN BANDS
now organizing for the Fall Campaign should write us for our Illustrated Catalogue and Special Prices.
Our Drums are usually for sale by your local Music Dealer. Do not accept any other make than the Ludwig, and buy by our card inside the drums.
We make a specialty of entire uniforms for
DRUM & FIFE CORPS
Our business reputation for more than a half century is behind all that we can send your way.
JOHN C. HAYNES & CO.
Manufacturers of Band Instruments,
33 Court St., Boston, Mass.
Insist on having our Instruments
No. 194.

PLAINFIELD
CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Pure water in use at all times. Health Office. Is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Manufacturers of Low Cost Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers
P. O. Box 600 Telephone call 20.

CARRIAGES
and
HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessible at Any Time.
RYERSON,
33 SOMERSET STREET.

A Word to the Public!
OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.
Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. H. Boehm, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to please the public. Our invitation, the largest variety of stylish and tasty creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices are low as the lowest.
Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.
BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 20.
Carriages for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for rent.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service—horses for ladies' driving.
A GOOD HORSE, RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't.
60 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his new power coal elevator. Mechanical screen for run coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver clean coal if possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DARESED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for turning, sawing and planing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 7y

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY, Intelligence Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of fine maple trees, grapevines and shrubs. 9 20y

H. S. BENNUM,
No. 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and provisions. Groceries and provisions. Vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. W. G. C. C. rice, yokey stoneware, etc. Full assortment of fancy groceries. Potatoes, potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD
STEAM DYE WORKS
Ladies' and Gents' Garments Cleaned, Dyed and Repaired.
Feathers Cleaned, Dyed and Curled.
Carpets Cleaned and Laid.
Lace Curtains Cleaned and Stretched.
Gents' Clothing Cleaned and Repaired.
Ladies' Dresses Cleaned and Repaired.
Kid Gloves Cleaned.
Shawls Cleaned and Dyed.
Orders left at 19 East Front street, or at the Works, Somerset street, will receive prompt attention.
Telephone Call No. 20.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest as the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.
NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 9:05, 9. m., 11:00, 3:00, 5:05 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 1:15, 5:30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.
Arrive—9:05 a. m., 1:15, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 5:05 p. m.
Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:05 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 5:30 p. m.
E. R. POPE, P. M.

LOOK HERE!
FIVE gallons of Best Kerosence Oil, 150 test, and patent can.
90c.
Headquarters for Sweet Potatoes!
50c. Basket (16 quarts)
United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail, 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

COAL LUMBER
And Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

HEALTH OFFICERS CLASH

A Disagreement Over the Sandy Hook Quarantine Station.

JENKINS SNUBBED BY HAMILTON.

The Surgeon General of the United States Refuses to Give Up a Cholera Victim to the New York Authorities—No New Cases Discovered in the Metropolis.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The clash between the state and the government officials over the handling of immigrants from cholera ships has reached a climax at last. United States Surgeon General Hamilton has refused to turn over to Dr. Jenkins the body of Francisco Moreno, the patient who is said to have died of cholera at Camp Low Sandy Hook, N. J. Dr. Jenkins desired to have an autopsy made and the cause of death determined by a bacteriological examination. The refusal to deliver the body made Dr. Jenkins indignant, and he has now decided to land no more passengers at Camp Low. Dr. Jenkins made a statement to the representatives of the press in regard to the affair. He said:

"I sent Dr. Abbott to Camp Low to obtain the body in order that an examination might be made which would remove all doubt as to the cause of death. Dr. Abbott reported to me that Dr. Hamilton refused to deliver the body, although he admitted that one patient died of cholera. His refusal was conveyed in language more forcible than polite, although he was approached with politeness."

Dr. Jenkins said that he would do nothing further as to the removal of the body, as Sandy Hook is not under his jurisdiction being outside of the state. He said that Dr. Hamilton has absolute control of the people placed under his charge and can release them, landing them at Ellis Island without waiting for Dr. Jenkins' permit. Continuing, he said, "As the case now stands, I have turned over to the United States government officials all the passengers at Camp Low, and they are responsible for whatever happens to them or for the spreading of the disease, if they are permitted to take it ashore."

"Did you not understand that Camp Low was to be placed at your disposal for the accommodation of any passengers you saw fit to send there?" "Yes, and I do not think they have the power to refuse any passengers I decide shall go there."

"Will you send any more there when they have room for them?" "Well, I do not at present feel disposed to send any more there."

New Cases on the Bohemia.

Dr. Walser was asked by a United Press representative in regard to the reported outbreak of cholera at Camp Low. He is inclined to discredit the report. He said: "I examined nearly all of the passengers before they were transferred from Hoffman Island to Camp Low and found no traces of cholera among them. What the trouble is I think, is just this: These people, who have lived upon nothing but black bread, cabbage and potatoes, come here and are fed on roast beef and things they are unaccustomed to and glut themselves. They have been half starved, and this eating so much would naturally bring on diarrheal trouble. Some of these immigrants have told me that last winter they lived on nothing but cabbage and potatoes."

Four new suspected cases of cholera have been discovered on the Bohemia in the lower bay. Until the report was received stating that these suspects had been removed to swinburne Island the day was one of the quietest and most hopeful since the first appearance of cholera. These new cases occurred in two different families and, as the other members of each family have been in contact with them, there will probably be other new cases from the Bohemia. All four of the cases are severe ones. They were taken to the hospital at once and their quarters on the ship were disinfected.

There were no deaths and the reports from the other ships and Hoffman Island are most encouraging.

No additional cases of cholera have been reported in New York city. One death was reported as "suspicious," but there was no conclusive reason to think it was of cholera. Four cases of illness suspected to be cholera were reported from the detained immigrants down the bay. Otherwise the city and all its surroundings continue to be free from any suggestion of the plague.

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

BEACH'S

Celebrated

PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

Also

HOME MADE White Bread Graham Bread Breakfast Rolls All kinds of Cakes, Pastry, Fruit Cakes, Fancy Crullers, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPE and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice. Any of the above articles delivered at your residence Order Puddings for Sunday dessert on or before Saturday morning.

M. E. BEACH,

61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street

We Cannot Give You A House and Lot,

But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material. Estimates furnished free of charge

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

Painters and Decorators,

29 East Front street.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies —OR— Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa,

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

Keyser's Fine Confections.

Full Assortment Always Fresh.

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

Cor. Front and Grove Street.

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Harned Academy

RE-OPENED SEPT. 12,

with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.

The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.

Classes now forming in German and French. Special classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation for college. Music. Weekly lectures.

E. N. HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN,

17 LAFRANDE AVENUE,

Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.

For particulars address the principals

8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,

for

YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,

will re-open on

THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.

For particulars address MISS E. S. KEYSOR, Principal. 8 9 3m*

MR. A. VENINO,

Teacher of Piano and Composition, will resume instructions.

For choice of hours and terms address P. O. Box 761, Plainfield. 10 1w*

ELOCUTION

In Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mrs. Alberti, P. O. Box 169.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainment in French literature. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. VIDOUX, care of Messrs. Hathaway and Newton, 11 La Grange avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S

Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School, Thorough instruction in English and French. At home on Mondays, from 2 to 5 p. m., 16 Crane street, North Plainfield. School reopens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,

Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 14 Somerset street

THE BEE HIVE

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates. 75c

Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black, $1

The "Glady" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns $1

8-Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates, 85c

Gents' Kid Gloves, $1

Also a full line of

Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, south Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

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H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST

and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address

NO. 87 DUER STREET.

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Daniel Hulick,

Carpenter

and

General Jobber.

SHOP

35 Jackson Avenue,

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS,

28 East Front Street.

First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town

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John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER,

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 961.

PIERSON & GAYLE.

Carpenters and Builders.

W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.

All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,

PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.

Residence—Grandview avenue.

P. O. Box 213.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter & Builder,

Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona.

P. O. Box 1228

Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

JACOB M. HIGGINS,

PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR

P. O. Box 351. Residence Duer street, near Howard.

9 8y

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Residence—34 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Second-class work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1561.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grant street and Sagetown streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, 9 Sagetown street.

Sunshine Parlor Heaters; Improved Cylinder Stoves; Othello Ranges; Furnaces and Fire-place Heaters; Furnace Work and Plumbing; Hardware. Get a $500 Insurance, Free.

A. M. GRIFFEN.

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George - Bremmer,

No 28 SOMERSET STREET,

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or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

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PIPTONIZED Beef, Iron and Wine

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Large covered trucks.

30 W. Second street.

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Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

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Wines, Liquors, etc.

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NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Polagon Maker, who is now at work making the finest sausages in this city. If you are fond of Lobogna stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A

CASH DISCOUNT,

in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

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Successors to

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Dealers in

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62 to 69 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Fifty Cents Per Week.

Did you Ever Hear of Such an Opportunity?

EVERY WAGE WORKER IN PLAINFIELD CAN OWN A HOME.

Do not Miss this Great Offer.

The Great Clearance Sale of

50 UNSOLD LOTS,

Opposite Netherwood Depot. I will offer until OCTOBER 1st

$100 Lots for $90.

On Payment of

$5 Cash; Balance 50 Cents a Week.

$125 lots, $5 cash; balance 75c. a week.
$150 lots, $10 cash; balance $1 a week.

Lots in the immediate vicinity are selling from $300 to $500. My prices for the 15 days only, $90 to $150 a Lot. This Great Sale will commence on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17TH,

and will continue only for a few days. As there are only 50 lots, do not put it off. Come at once. Sunday is going to be Special Exhibition Day.

REMEMBER, 50 CENTS A WEEK.

Just think how easy you can put by this small amount.

Buy for a home. Buy for Investment.

Buy a Lot for your Children. It is a great Savings Bank.

Maps and full Particulars

WM. H. MOFFITT,

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the Large Stock of

Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store

76 WEST FRONT STREET,

ALSO

Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.

AT CAREY'S,

76, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Sept. 12, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 16, 4 27, 5 38, 6 34, 7 20, 8 00, 7 20, 7 50, 7 58, a 00, 8 12, 8 27, 8 31, 8 45, 9 02, 10 00, 10 27, 11 08, a. m. 12 09 noon. 12 51, 1 02, 1 42, 2 03, 2 31, 3 04, 3 34, 4 05, 5 01, 5 34, 6 02, 6 34, 7 02, 10 12, 11 30, p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 4 16, 6 01, 8 05, 11 08, a. m. 12 09, 1 02, 4 05, 6 34, 7 02, 10 12, 11 30, p. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., 2 00, 4 00, 5 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, p. m. Sunday, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30 p. m. 12 15 night. Sunday, 4 00, 7 30, 9 00, 10 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 15, 4 00, 5 30, 6 00, 7 00, 9 00, 10 00 p. m., 12 15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 20, 6 20, 6 50, 7 20, 8 05, 8 50, 9 05, 10 05, 11 27, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 05, 1 05, 1 35, 2 05, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 05, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 10 05, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 8 05, 8 50, 11 05 a. m., 12 05, 1 05, 4 45, 5 45, 7 45, 8 45, 10 05, 11 30 p. m. Leave Somerville, 6 15, 7 15, 7 45, 8 15, 8 55, 9 15, 10 15, 11 37, 11 10 a. m., 12 10 noon, 12 15, 1 15, 1 45, 2 15, 2 55, 3 55, 4 55, 5 15, 5 55, 6 55, 7 55, 8 55, 10 15, 11 40 p. m. Sunday, 8 15, 9 00, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 4 55, 5 55, 7 55, 8 55, 10 15, 11 40 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 20, 6 20, 6 50, 7 20, 8 05, 8 50, 9 05, 10 05, 11 27, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 05, 1 05, 1 35, 2 05, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 05, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 10 05, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 8 05, 8 50, 11 05 a. m., 12 05, 1 05, 4 45, 5 45, 7 45, 8 45, 10 05, 11 30 p. m. Leave Bound Brook, 6 15, 7 15, 7 45, 8 15, 8 55, 9 15, 10 15, 11 37, 11 10 a. m., 12 10 noon, 12 15, 1 15, 1 45, 2 15, 2 55, 3 55, 4 55, 5 15, 5 55, 6 55, 7 55, 8 55, 10 15, 11 40 p. m. Sunday, 8 15, 9 00, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 4 55, 5 55, 7 55, 8 55, 10 15, 11 40 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 8 17, 9 42 a. m., 1 35, 5 25, 6 30, 7 30 p. m. Sunday at 11 50 a. m., 6 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 42, a. m., 1 35, 5 25 p. m. Sundays 9 30 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Myerstown, Lebanon, Manch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

1 10 a. m. for stations on High Bridge Branch, connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.

4 17 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R., Easton, Bangor and Manch Chunk.

4 50 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R., Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Shamokin, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

11 00 a. m. way for Junction.

1 00 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4 05 p. m. way for Junction connecting for D. L. & W. R. R.

4 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua. (parlor car to Manch Chunk.)

6 32 p. m. for Flemington.

8 00 p. m. for Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

9 40 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield, at 2 37, 8 50, 11 00 a. m., 1 05, 4 05, 5 05, 7 30, 11 00 p. m. (express) Ocean Grove 5 40, 11 45 a. m., 6 30 p. m. For Asbury Park, Long Branch, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Bay Head, Point Pleasant, Beach Haven, 2 37, 8 50, 11 00 a. m., 1 05, 4 05, 5 05, 7 30, 11 00 p. m. Sunday 8 00, 11 45 a. m., 6 30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 2 37 a. m., 1 05 p. m. Leave Plainfield 2 37, 8 50, 11 00 a. m., 1 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

Leave Plainfield at 8 15, 9 00, 9 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. 12 01 night. Sunday at 9 40, 11 15 a. m., 8 00, p. m. 12 01 night.

Leave Trenton 6 15, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. 12 01 night. Sunday at 8 00, 10 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. 12 01 night.

Leave Baltimore and Washington at 2 05, 3 40, 4 30, 5 15, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. 12 01 night. Sunday at 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. 12 01 night.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Supt. H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

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SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY MAJOR A. R. CALHOUN.

The Strange, Weird Tale of the Man with a Brazen Mask—His Life Was a Mystery, and Death Did Not Reveal His Secret.

He called himself Pedro Chalesa, but whether that was his real name or not I am not prepared to say. I am inclined to think, however, that it was assumed. He died a few days ago, and therefore I feel that I can speak of him as I have long wanted to without hurting his feelings.

I owed my first acquaintance to this remarkable man to a casual introduction which a common friend gave us one morning as we were walking in the postoffice for the mail to be distributed. I then noticed a dark yellow metallic appearance about his face and mentioned it to my friend as we walked away with our letters.

"Ah!" he answered; "then you did notice it? That man, my dear fellow, wears a brass mask—wears it continually."

I expressed a very decided doubt as to the truth of this statement.

"It is a fact," said my friend solemnly; "the mask is artfully fitted to his face that you must look very closely to detect the line of jointure. And it is so ingeniously constructed with springs and hinges that it does not give him the least trouble in eating or in talking."

"But why does he wear it?" said I, still incredulous. "Are his features so hideous that he dare not show them?"

"On the contrary," said my friend, "they are surpassingly beautiful. I suppose we have few models, even in the loftiest conception of art, that can at all compare with them."

"Have you ever seen his face?"

"No, I never saw it myself."

"Do you know any one who has?"

"NOW, TAKE OFF YOUR MASK."

My friend hesitated and finally said that he could not just then call to mind any one who had actually seen it, or how such an impression could have prevailed among the few friends of the man with the brazen mask.

One Sunday I went into a strange church at the other end of the town. The usher gave me a seat directly behind a man with peculiar yellow hair, whom I soon discovered to be the remarkable man with the mask. I guessed the whole plot of the sermon from its beginning to end, and spent my time in a critical examination of this mysterious person.

I had every opportunity for close inspection, but I failed to detect the faintest trace of any line between the mask and the flesh. I concluded that the false covering extended far enough up for the jointline to be hidden in his hair. Just as I had reached this conclusion a puff of air agitated his hair and I saw to the roots, and to my surprise he likewise appeared to grow directly out of the mask.

The man sang, and when he joined in the hymn it sounded as if his throat and lungs were brass also.

I became intensely interested in this singular man. I made inquiries about him, but no one seemed to know what his business was or where he lived or who his relatives were if he had any.

One scene in which the man with the brazen mask was a principal actor comes vividly back to me after the lapse of years.

I was out fishing one beautiful June day, and had anchored my boat under a shelving rock which was curtained by a dense mass of foliage. I was dreaming rather than fishing, when my meditations were broken into by the sound of voices directly overhead.

I soon discovered that the speakers were a man and woman, and though their voices were low it was evident that they were very much in earnest.

The woman said:

"Now, take off your mask, and if you love me let me see your real features."

The man in the brazen mask was silent. The woman repeated the request earnestly, and I knew by a sound in the leaves that she was making an attempt to pull the mask off.

"Lola," said the man solemnly, "I have no mask. You see me as I am."

The girl laughed merrily and seemed to be making another attempt to remove the mask.

Meanwhile I had climbed up the bank and could now see them through a leafy covert.

"My dear Lola," said the man as he warded off her hands, "I tell you the solemn truth—I wear no mask."

The girl looked at him in amazement. His face or mask was much paler than usual, but still had the brassy glow.

"Then," said the girl, after a pause, "I cannot wear your ring." And she drew it from her finger and handed it to him.

He received it on his forefinger, and with a twirl of his thumb sent it over his shoulder into the water.

"Let us go," she said, rising.

"First," said the man, "promise me that you will not reveal what I have just told you."

"I promise," she replied.

Then, like two people anxious to be apart and forever, they hurried through the bushes and were lost to my sight.

The man with the brazen mask—for as such he was known, whether his declaration to the contrary were true or not—did not take his tender disconfiture greatly to heart. It is said he prospered in nearly everything he undertook. Those who knew him well declared that he was a man of superior education and decided genius.

The only mourner at his funeral was an old black servant.

With a few friends who were in attendance I passed around the coffin to take a last look at the remains. As I did so I heard one lady whisper to another:

"Why did they not take off his mask before they laid him out?"

I looked down at the dead face. There was the same metallic luster and the same yellow hue. But I wondered how it was that the mask had taken on the wrinkles and hollowness which the last illness had brought upon the face.

Early Rising.

An English author, Leigh Hunt, I think, was, like many men who are neither English nor authors, very fond of lying in bed in the morning, and the temptation to indulge this habit was doubly great when mornings came so cold that he could scarcely get his nostrils like unto those of steam.

The adage about the early bird catching the worm was well refuted by the boy who said, "Huh! it served the worm right for getting up so early."

But Hunt's story of his effort to cultivate physical energy, as nearly as I can recall it, was very funny, and those who are inclined the same way themselves will be best able to appreciate it. He says:

"I determined to conquer the habit of lying in bed in the morning, and entered into a conspiracy with my valet against myself. Two hours in the morning, when all is quiet and the mind bright, means a great deal to a literary man.

"I shall never forget the morning when this experiment was to be tried. I looked forward to it much as a convicted man must to his execution. Indeed I thought so much of it during the night that it was not till near morning that I got to sleep.

"On opening my eyes the first thing that meets them is my breath, rolling forth like the smoke of a cottage chimney. I then see the curtains of my own valition; that monstrous dsiped John calls me. What a horribly harsh voice that fellow has, to be sure.

"I turn my eyes sideways and see the window all frozen over. Think of that! Then John comes over to the bedside and says:

"'Good morning, sir.'

"'Good morning,' I groan. 'I say, John, isn't this a very cold morning?'

"'Very cold, sir.'

"'Unusually cold, isn't it?'

"Here the servant's wit and good nature are put to a considerable test, and the inquirer lies on thorns for the answer.

"'Why, sir, I think it is,' he says.

"Good creature! There is not a better nor a more truth telling servant going. I clutch myself and say:

"'John, I'll get up. Bring me some hot water.'

"Here comes a final interval between John's departure and the arrival of the hot water. My how I should like to turn over and go to sleep again—I feel absolutely hungry for sleep. But I can wait a few minutes—that's a comfort, and I draw the clothes up about my chair.

"The hot water comes.

"'Is it quite hot, John?'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'Ah! perhaps too hot for shaving; I must wait a little

"'No, sir; it is just right.'

"There is an otherwise propriety and an officious zeal of virtue a little troublesome.

"'Oh, my shirt! John, you must air my shirt, it gets very damp this weather.'

"'Yes, sir.'

"Here another delicious five minutes. I would give ten guineas if I could conscientiously sleep right straight ahead for one hour. But no. I must be resolute. John comes back.

"'Oh, the shirt, John. Weren't you pretty quick about it? Well, I think the stockings had better be aired too.'

"'Very well, sir.'

"John goes out again, and I mentally curse the man who first invented shaving.

"John comes back. There is no longer any excuse that I can give to secure another five minutes in that cozy bed. I get up with a shudder, look at my watch and exclaim as I sneak back into bed again:

"'John, I should have been up an hour ago, was the understanding; but bless me, the time we have wasted. It is now a quarter to 8. That will do, but don't let this happen again. Tomorrow I must be up at 7 promptly.'

"Then I send John from the room, hop into bed, and, ye gods! how I did sleep till 10 o'clock."

Paul Jones.

The English of Revolutionary days had no reason to love the name of Paul Jones. Indeed he was hated as much as he was feared, and the writers of that day affected to sneer at the gallant American tar as a renegade and rebellious Scotchman.

Even up to this time, when Americans are about to erect a too long deferred monument to his memory, English writers picture Paul Jones as a bearded pirate, with a savage face, a desperate eye and a big belt stuck full of pistols.

A recent English writer has, however, done manly justice to the memory of our young naval hero of Revolutionary days. In a fair review of the life of Paul Jones this writer tells a story which is as new as it is quaint.

During his explorations in British waters Commodore Jones, with his two vessels, one of them captured from the enemy, went around to the Frith of Forth, and the sight of his white sails created the greatest consternation in the town of Kirkcaldy and spread terror among the people of Fifeshire.

While the people crowded the shore, watching the dreaded ships, an eccentric old Presbyterian elder was pushing through the crowd, carrying an old armchair, which he jammed down in the sands close to low water mark, the tides coming in.

Impressed by the old dominie's manner, the people forgot their dread of the ships in their curiosity as to what he would do next.

Closing his eyes and raising his hands to the sky the preacher began to pray after this fashion in a loud and fervent voice:

"Dinna send, O Lord, this vile pirate to strip the puir folk o' Kirkcaldy, for ye ken they are a' puir enough as hae nathing to spare.

"The puir women are maist frightened oot o' their wits, an if ye'll but listen ye kin hear the bairns shrieking after them.

"Dinna send, for in a jiffy, and ye ken what he'll do? He'll burn their houses, tak awa their duds, even to their vera sarks, and ye ken but the blind villain will tak their lives!

"I canna thole; I canna thole. I hae lang been a faithfu' servant to ye, O Lord, but gien ye winna turn the wind about and blaw this scoundrel oot o' our gate, I'll nae star a fut, but will jeost set here till the tide comes in and droons me.

"Hae there's my hase, O Lord, and yer free to tak yer will o' it!"

Luckily for the worthy minister, the wind changed and the dreaded Paul Jones disappeared from the Firefirth coast.

ALFRED R. CALHOUN.

Charging Up the Damage.

Assistant Librarian (recording the condition of a book just returned)—Page sixty-three, a hole.

Young Fop at a Leaf—Page sixty-four, a leather hole—exchange.

FOR THE HOUSEKEEPERS.

LITTLE HINTS AND HELPS IN THE ART OF HOME-MAKING.

Dainty Bureau Covers—An Old-Fashioned Dessert—To Good Starch—Soap Lime Water in the House — Veal Loaf—To Restore Coffee Flavor.

Plain book muslin makes the daintiest kind of bureau and toilet table covers. If the room where it is used is pink or blue the muslin is stamped with a bold conventional design of wild roses, which are to be embroidered in the simple long and short stitch or with button-hole edges in shades of pink. The leaves are outlined in dull green and the whole cover colorwashed coarsely with fine silk in pink or blue, according to the tining, which may be of pink or blue silesia. The cover should be cut exactly the shape of the bureau itself and have a plaited frill to hang over the edge.

An Old-Fashioned Dessert.

Lemon-honey is a quaint, old-fashioned dessert, which is suitably served in custard cups, either by itself, or with a frosted meringue. To make the honey, stir the yolks of six eggs into the juice of four eggs into a pound of granulated sugar. Add the juice of three lemons and the grated rinds of two, and a scant two ounces of butter. Set the pan containing these over a slow fire or in a double boiler, and when the mass thickens and looks clear like honey, take it off the fire, pour it into custard cups and let it cool. Spread on the frosted meringue, stir the whites of two eggs to a stiff froth and add nearly a cup of powdered sugar, flavored with a little lemon juice. Spread this frosting over the lemon-honey in the custard cups, and set them in the oven till the frosting is slightly brown. Or, if you prefer, make a soft meringue by adding three tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar to the beaten whites of two eggs, with a teaspoonful of lemon juice. Spread this meringue in the same way the frosting was put on, remembering that it is a mistake to make it perfectly smooth. It should be arranged lightly so that there are many little hillocks. Set the cups of lemon-honey, after they have been spread with the soft meringue, into a rather quick oven, but leave the door open to insure the meringue rising slowly as it will. In twenty minutes, if the temperature of the oven has been what it should be with the door open, the meringue will rise, and will be cooked through, but will not be browned in the slightest degree. This is as it should be. No meringue should be heavily browned, as this creates a tough, little crust and injures its delicacy.

Use Good Starch

The best quality of starch costs so little that there is no reason why any other should be used. Besides, less is required, so that even on the principle of economy, the best is the cheapest in the long run. For very fine articles, there is a superior quality of rice starch, which is probably the best that can be obtained. Next to this, and the most desirable for general use, would be potato starch; though a greater degree of stiffness could be secured from the use of that made from wheat. But very little starch is now in the exception, being confined to bosoms, collars and cuffs, and even for these an excellence of finish and perfection of treatment is very much more important than excessive rigidity. The common flour starch, which is so much used for fine purposes, is quite unsuitable for delicate articles. It is very liable to give a yellow hue or to sour, and it once tainted can only be washed out and restored to its purpose at time and patience.—Good Housekeeping.

Keep Lime Water in the House.

Lime water is a good thing to keep in the house. It is put up in an easy manner by putting a layer of the unslacked lime in a wide-mouthed jar and fill it with cold water.

Add to your stomach is corrected by adding a little lime water to the drinking water. A teaspoonful of lime water added to a glass of milk corrects the tendency which milk has to coagulate in the stomach, forming a hard indigestible mass. For this reason it should be added to the milk fed the little children, and babies bottle should be rinsed with it. As a mild disinfectant there is nothing safer or better.

Veal Loaf—(To be Eaten Cold.)

Chop fine enough cold veal to make one quart. Soak one pint of stale bread crumbs in one pint of stock for two hours. Add this to the minced veal. Season with a heaping teaspoonful of pepper, one generous tablespoonful of salt, one-fourth of a tablespoonful each of thyme, sweet marjoram and summer savory. Now add half a cupful of melted butter and two well-beaten eggs. Butter a deep baking pan and pack the mixture into it. Cover with buttered paper and then place the pan in another, which should be partially filled with hot water. Bake in a slow oven for two hours. Let the loaf cool in the pan in which it is baked. Turn it out on a flat dish and garnish with parsley. It should be cut in thin slices with a sharp knife.—Maria Parloa, in Good Housekeeping.

To Restore Coffee Flavor.

Housekeepers often notice that in damp weather in the summer the coffee becomes tasteless and insipid. Many do not consult the books, but they are cause and effect. In closets and on store shelves the kernel will become tough and doughy just as crackers are affected. An old housekeeper says the flavor is restored by keeping the breakfast coffee over night in the warming oven, and the dinner coffee all day in the same place. Put the ground coffee in a bowl, cover close and let the slow heat of the back oven draw out the oil.

Paint for Kitchen Floor.

A paint for kitchen floor that dries quickly can be made as follows: Dissolve three ounces of gold glue in three quarts of soft water; heat and strain till the glue is perfectly dissolved, then remove and stir in three pounds of yellow ochre, with a whitewash brush apply a thick coat of this to floor. It will soon dry, then with a paint brush give a coat of linseed oil. For a lighter shade use half white lead.

This Date in History—Sept. 21.

1537—Edward II of England murdered.
1780—Benedict Arnold's plot discovered.
1776—Great fire in New York; Trinity church and 400 buildings burned.
1778—Louis Bonaparte, brother of Napoleon and father of the late 3rd emperor of the French, born; died 1846.
1780—Joseph Rodman Drake, poet, died; born 1795.
1826—Sir Walter Scott died; born 1771.
1841—Mutiny on board the Somers.
1851—Boilers of steamer James Jackson exploded near Shawneetown, Ills., and 80 persons were killed or drowned.
1854—Right Rev. Dr. Garland, Roman Catholic bishop of Georgia, died at Savannah.
1938—William Warren, actor, died in Boston.

Keeping Cool.

Robert Simson, professor of mathematics at the University of Glasgow, was one of those old geniuses who do so much for the amusement of humanity. It was one of his peculiarities always to count his steps when he stirred away from his comfortable bachelor quarters. Even if a friend accosted him he did not lose his reckoning. To prevent such a catastrophe he kept repeating the number of the last step he had taken.

Once while the professor was on his way to some gathering a gentleman who knew him by sight, but was unaware of the habit above mentioned, stopped him. The worthy geometrician had just taken his 573d step.

"I beg your pardon, professor," said the gentleman; "one word with you, if you please."

"Most happy—573," was the answer.

"Oh, no," said the inquirer, surprised, but courteous, "merely one question."

"Well," added the professor—"573."

"You are very too polite," said the stranger; "but knowing your acquaintance with the late Dr. B——, and for the purpose of settling a dispute, I have taken the liberty of inquiring whether I am right in saying that he left £500 to each of his nieces?"

"Precisely," replied the professor—"573."

"And there were four nieces, were there not?"

"Exactly—573."

The stranger stared at the professor as if he thought him mad, muttered unconsolably "573," made a hasty bow and passed on.

Professor Simson saw the man's mistake, or thought he did, and cried after him, taking another step at the same instant, "No, sir, only four—574."

"Poor fellow!" thought the inquirer as he turned away, "he certainly has gone crazy."—Youth's Companion.

Hotels.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

First-class 'bus attached.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family house.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 28 6m.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

Corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, electric ity repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furnum" house heating boilers.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

$40 for ONE PAIR of Shoes,

if the shoes are made of leather, is a price out of all reason.

DOANE & EDSALL are selling Shoes for women, fine fitting, long wearing, different widths, at ONLY

Two Dollars a Pair.

Doane & Edsall, 22 West Front Street.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as

RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS,
PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC.
WINTER AND FALL BLANKS,

They also have a big stock of

PARLOR HEATERS,

New Styles. Very Cheap.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, That the partnership heretofore existing between George L. Van Emburgh and Edward White, of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the name of Van Emburgh & White, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

G. L. VAN EMBURGH.
EDWARD WHITE.

Dated September 14, 1892. 15 tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 14, 1892.

To Whom it May Concern:

Be it known that Mr. Edward White and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union, State of New Jersey, have this fourteenth day of September, 1892, formed a co-partnership under the firm name of White & Van Arsdale, to succeed the firm of Van Emburgh & White, dealers in dry goods, notions, etc., which business will be continued at the same place, No. 18 West Front street, where they will be pleased to serve patrons and friends.

EDWARD WHITE,
of the late firm Van Emburgh & White.
MORRIS VAN ARSDALE,
of the late firm of Doane & Van Arsdale
14 19

SPECIAL NOTICE.

We are making extensive preparations for our Fall Opening of our Millinery Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly as well and favorably known to the Trade of Plainfield.

GRANITE IRON WARE.

We shall continue our Special Sale of this excellent ware another week. There is Everything that housekeepers want, and you only pay about half the regular price.

A COMBINATION BARGAIN.

2½ yards 60-in. Damask Table Linen, 50 1.25
2 fine Damask Towels, 25 .50
3 yards Extra Heavy Crash, 13 .39
Total, $2.14

You buy all these for $1.60. This is the best linen bargain ever offered.

FALL DRESS GOODS.

Special Attention is called to our new line of Fall Goods. The finest assortment we have ever displayed, and our prices are right. That line of Storm Serges that we are selling for fifty cents will interest you.

White & VanArsdale

Beyond the Heat,

Above the Sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always Blow, and life is a delight

AT MIZZEN PEAK !

Build Your Home on Watching Mountains Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence. Particulars of

J. T. VAIL, 40 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!!

MADE AND LINED FREE.

A splendid assortment of Beautiful Styles to select from. Give your order now, and we will make them up and hold until wanted.

Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portieres, Poles, Art Squares, Smyrna Rugs, all at New York Prices.

SPECIAL "CUT" PRICES.

Elegant white taghoni wool Hand-kerchief, 7c; colored prize 25c. Fancy hemmed stitched Handkerchiefs 5c. Four Paul & hook 8 kid Gloves, $1, warranted; usual price $1.25. Embroidered silk Handkerchiefs, 17c; worth 25c. Our 50c all silk gloves, colored, 40c. A good 6½c Corset for 37c. Good bleached muslin at 7c; worth 9c. Our 50c. Table Linen 42c. Our 40c. Table Linen 35c. Our 50c. colored bord. do. 40. Ladies' striped Hose 23c, usual price 45c. Ladies' test black Hose, 2 pair for 15c., worth 25c. Our $1.25 Linen Napkins for 89c. A good white 10-4 Blanket, 79c; worth $1.

They are guaranteed unusually attractive Bargains, and the quantities are limited. Come Quick and secure them before they are gone.

EDSALL'S.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!

After the use of

Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.

Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child

SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.

Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,

Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.

A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on

..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..
..Ice Cream Freezers.. ..Hammocks..

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1875. Membership 238,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization.
Plainfield Lodge, 369, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Tuesdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $702; sick benefits per week $6.

LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. WEST, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

FALL SHAPES

IN

DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis

5 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article.

A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,

to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

NEUMANN BROS.

BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

New Marble

and

Granite Works,

We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.

J. E. Townsend, Manager.

No. 30 Somerset Street.

Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

THE PLACE TO BUY SECOND-HAND FURNITURE IS AT

MUSGRAVE'S,

27 Somerset street.

1892 September. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full	6	4:08 p. m.	New	20	2:10 p. m.
Third Quarter	13	2:32 a. m.	First Quarter	29	3:15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Long Box 1. Telephone Call 58. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Stillman Music Hall!

TO-NIGHT!

Thursday, Sept. 22,

In Consequence of the

Enormous Success

of the

Marie Gurney Opera

Company,

H. M. S. PINAFORE

will be repeated

TO-NIGHT!

Popular Prices—75, 50, 35 and 25c.

Republicans, Attention!

The Republican voters of the Fourth Ward, and all those who are interested in the election of Harrison and Reid, are requested to meet in Republican Headquarters, on Front street, Friday evening, Sept. 23, at eight o'clock, to form a Fourth Ward Republican Club.

T. J. CASEY,
J. C. LOCKWOOD,
J. C. MANCHESTER. } Committee.

BREVITIES

—The Y. P. S. C. E. will hold an important meeting at New Market to-night.

—Williams, the druggist, advertises something that will interest all lovers of candy.

—Forepaugh's Circus will be on the old base ball grounds on La Grande avenue to-morrow.

—A wooden awning has been placed under the railroad bridge at Central avenue, covering the sidewalk.

—Street Commissioner Meeker reports that the macadamizing of Farragut avenue is finished in a very satisfactory manner.

—The 127th year at Rutgers College at New Brunswick was auspiciously begun yesterday morning. The freshman class numbers 104.

—The agricultural fairs are now on, wherein agriculture is entirely obscured by the trotting horse, the rampant politician and the brazen fakir.

—William Farrier of New Market was recently awarded the contract for building a new bridge at South Plainfield. The price submitted was $13,000.

—The colored wheelmen's fifteen mile handicap road race is postponed from to-day until next Thursday. The entries will be reopened until Monday evening.

—A special meeting of the "Wheelmen's Division" of the Republican Association is to be held in the Crescent Rink to-night at 7:30 o'clock, to transact important business.

—White & Van Arsdale announce the opening of their millinery department, under the direction of Miss Hattie Daly, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29th, 30th and Oct. 1st.

—The first rehearsal of the Melopoia Choral Society will be held in the Casino Tuesday evening, October 4. The concerts for 1892-93 will be on December 30, February 22 and May 3.

—A tennis tournament for ladies will be given by the Hillside Tennis Club on Saturday, October 8rst. Ladies' singles only will be played and entries may be handed to Mr. Howard W. Beebe on or before Thursday, September 29th. Entrance fee $1.

—The Republican voters of the Fourth ward and all those who are interested in the election of Harrison and Reid are requested to meet in Republican Headquarters on Front street, Friday evening, September 23, at eight o'clock, to form a Fourth Ward Republican Club.

—The horses to be used in "The Police Patrol" at Music Hall, next Wednesday evening, were originally employed by the Chicago Police Department and drew the patrol wagon for the Desplaines Street station during the period of the Anarchist troubles in that city. It was the horse conducted at the Haymarket riot when they dashed through the unruly mob that they received the title of "The White Patrol."

—The North Plainfield Electric Light Company had twelve incandescent electric lights, two of which were blue and two red, arranged across Somerset street last evening, in order that the Republican banner which is to be raised Saturday evening may be seen at night as well as in the day time. The electric light company is very generously donating these lights to the U. S. Grant Club and proposes to treat the Democratic club in a similar manner should they desire to have a banner.

—The North Plainfield electric light station has three engines operating three dynamos. One supplies the private lighting and another the public lighting of Dunellen. The third engine and dynamo furnish North Plainfield with its public lighting and a portion of its private lights. One of the journals on this third engine became overheated last evening about a quarter to ten o'clock. It appears that the oil cup had become clogged. The hot box fairly smoked, and it became necessary to shut off the lights and stop the engine until the journal could be cooled. Pails of water were thrown upon it, the oil cup cleaned and filled with fresh oil, and the engine started again, but for fifteen minutes there were no lights. A new dynamo has been erected for private lighting and to guard against such a mishap, and only awaits belting to be started up. After which provision will be made against such accidents, which occur in all stations.

SHOT AT BY BURGLARS.

MR. RALLI'S HOUSE ROBBED YESTERDAY.

He Discovers the Thieves and Exchanges Shots with Them.—They Escape with Booty.

Thieves entered the home of Constantine P. Ralli, on Belvidere avenue, Netherwood, early yesterday morning and stole twelve dollars in money, two overcoats and a felt hat.

They pried open a first-story window on the North side of the house with the sharp end of an old rusty rie, which was afterward found, and entered the reception room. Mr. Ralli heard somebody moving about the house, and at first thought it was one of the servants who had risen early, but noticing his door open, which he had closed upon retiring, he got up to look about and immediately missed the roll of bills and a pocketbook containing his commutation ticket which had been on the dressing case. He heard the men, of whom he thinks there were two, walking about downstairs, and then procured his revolver. Soon after he noticed the men pass between the house and the barn, though it was very dark, and he shot at them. They shot back and rusted off.

There was a gold watch and some valuable jewelry on the dressing case, and plenty of silverware near by, which was left untouched. The pocketbook containing the ticket was found in the lower hall.

As they had firearms Chief of Police Grant thinks they were professionals, and thinks they boarded the 3.38 train from this city, which stops at Netherwood station. There is as yet no trace of the thieves. One of the overcoats taken was made of very peculiar cloth, being similar to coachman's cloth but of a very light weight and color. Mr. Ralli bought it while in Europe recently. It is thought that the coat may lead to the discovery of the criminals.

The house was also entered in 1889 and diamonds, jewelry and clothing valued at $800 were stolen.

A gang of drunken men, apparently strangers, have been carousing for a week past in a field by the railroad in that vicinity, and it is thought by some that they may have had a hand in it.

Obstacle to the Proposed Extension of Broadway.

In the matter of extending Broadway to the mountain there were several objections filed to the assessment made by the commissioners specially appointed to assess benefits. Only one of these objections was filed within the time required by law. This was by a New York lawyer named Hughes, who thereby, on the points made, had it within his power to stop the whole proceedings.

He owned two valuable lots on Mountain avenue. Mr. Henry D. Morrison, who was in favor of the extension, provided the people favored it, quietly bought him out—secured the lots as an investment—so that the only legal objection in this direction was thereby removed.

Now there is a new and serious objection. A number of those assessed consider it unfair to throw so large a proportion of the expense on the abutting owners, regarding the street as a public improvement of benefit to the entire township.

They propose to resist the opening in the courts on technical grounds, claiming that the commissioners were only empowered to assess benefits and damages from the township line at Greenbrook to Grandview avenue. Instead of this they went to Johnston's drive, and thus invalidated the entire assessment, necessitating a new set of commissioners. These objectors are willing that the improvement shall proceed after a more equitable assessment has been made, but not as at present.

PERSONAL.

Policeman Thomas McCue has recovered from a two weeks illness.

An informal reception will be held Saturday evening at the residence of Mr. W. Lord on Woodland avenue.

Mrs. Swaney and daughter and Mrs. Pond and daughter of Brooklyn are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Cleaver of Scotch Plains.

Mr. Andrew J. Gavett of West Fifth street returned this morning from a two weeks business trip at Olean, N. Y., and Bewickley, Pa.

Weather Signals for North Plainfield

Richard Boice, the proprietor of Hughes hotel, on Somerset street, has been appointed by the U. S. Weather Signal Service Bureau at Washington as "clerk of the weather" for North Plainfield. He will display the signals every day from the peak of the new liberty pole which is to be erected in a few days by the North Plainfield Electric Light Company.

A Painful Accident.

Michael Powers of Somerset street, while sawing kindling wood on a circular saw, which is run by horse power, about half past seven o'clock this morning, had the thumb and index finger of his right hand almost completely cut off. Dr. Hodges dressed the wounds. The first joint of the finger will have to be amputated.

The Cholera Scare Did Them Good.

The New Brunswick Home News says:

Our little cholera scare on Sunday may yet turn out to be a blessing in disguise. It has certainly given a strong impetus to sanitary measures on the part of householders, that was much needed.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Henry George Ideas of Taxation of Land in Cities.

No. II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Having told what we Henry George men think of strikes, let me tell you something about the occupation and taxation of land in cities.

Suppose there is a vacant lot near you, dear reader, covered with weeds. If you choose to pick the golden rod or buttock growing on it, no one will interfere with you. But, if you dare to turn this unproductive lot to a useful purpose, by planting it with vegetables, you will at once have to pay rent to the landholder or get out. So long as it remains useless to the poor devils who would be glad to use it, it is all right, but the moment you want to turn it to any good use, pay up or get out. Am I right?

Or, let me put it another way: A man opens a restaurant (or any other business) and begins to make a living out of it. Then he takes a lease for, say, three years. His business increases, he will soon be laying by money, for he works hard and makes lots of friends. At the end of three years he says to his landlord, "I will take the store for three years more." "Certainly, but you will have to pay me twice the rent. You are making too long of money for me to afford to pay."

The unfortunate tenant has to pay this extortioner a rent which almost drives him out of business, while the landlord smokes his cigar and waits for the poor tenant who rents his place, and from whom he extorts the last penny, as if he were doing him a great favor by letting him remain at even so high a rent as he now pays.

Now, if the unoccupied land were taxed at its real value, the owner of the first lot I speak of could not afford to keep it idle, to the injury of the community. He would either have to sell it or use it.

In the case of the restaurant keeper, under the single tax, if the landlord raised the rent he would have to pay a correspondingly higher rate of taxes and he personally would not be a gainer.

All over the country, and in every city, are to be seen vacant lots. The holders of these lots toil not, neither do they spin. They allow the community to increase their value for them by building round their vacant property, and, when the value becomes high enough, they sell, having done nothing whatever themselves to earn the increased value they receive.

Now, if these vacant lots had been taxed at their just value, year after year, the holders would have got tired of holding and would have sold years ago. The community would for that time have been receiving a large income withheld from them by the fact of the lot unused, the city would have the more compact, rendering transportation cheaper and communication more easy, and rents would be lower.

I was asked by a real estate agent the other day to negotiate the sale of some land. He asked for $10 a front foot. I said "Surely the seller can't make much out of it at that price!" "Oh yes," he said, "the property is taxed but he has almost no taxes to pay. *If it weren't for that he would have had to sell years ago.* And so this land is kept idle, houses would have been built long ago lies idle because the assessors have not put a tax on its real value. The real estate has to pay increased taxes on their occupied land because so many vacant lots are scarcely taxed at all.

While a landlord keeps a lot vacant, to the community generally, he is not taxed anything to speak of, but the moment a buyer builds a house on that lot he is taxed heavily. If a community, he is heavily taxed. I think a little reflection on the part of my readers will show that these things are so. They are all wrong. The cart is before the horse.

I will write you soon a letter about the single tax in the country, the principle being the same as in the cities, but the working somewhat different, and I feel assured that if you do not agree with Henry George's theories you will at least take a fresh look from a ground of more some food for very serious reflection.

SOMERS.

A Liberty Pole for North Plainfield.

Chas. P. Sebring, while having some trees in Stelle's woods, on Park avenue near the city line, cut and trimmed for use as electric light poles, recently, procured one which is seventy feet long, almost straight and without any flaw. He considers it one of the finest natural poles ever grown in this part of the country. It is too long and too nice for a common electric light pole and the North Plainfield Electric Light Company has decided to erect it in front of Hughes's Hotel in a few days for use as a liberty pole. For that purpose it is now being painted white, and the base is receiving a heavy coat of tar. Mr. Sebring has procured a large copper ball, covered with gold leaf, to cap this giant of the forest, together with the necessary trimmings. A large American flag will wave from the top of the pie on all auspicious occasions.

Named for Congress.

The Republicans of the second congressional district have named John L. Gardner as their candidate, and the North Division Republicans have nominated Benjamin F. Howey.

The Republican voters of the third Congressional District, composed of the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Somerset, are requested to meet in their several wards and townships and elect delegates to represent them in a district convention, to be held in the assembly room, Masonic Hall, New Brunswick, N. J., Wednesday, Sept. 28, 1892, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating a Republican representative to Congress.

The basis of representation will be one delegate for each 100 Republican votes cast at the last gubernatorial election and one for each fraction thereof exceeding fifty, provided however, that each ward and township shall be entitled to at least one delegate.

H. M. S. Pinafore Again To-Night.

The opera of "Pinafore" was presented at Music Hall last evening in a very charming manner. This opera was very popular and had enormous runs at New York theatres a dozen years ago, and much of the catchy music of recent operas has been taken from Pinafore and but slightly altered. The company will exhibit at Music Hall again this evening, and from here will go to Dover.

POLITICAL POINTS.

THE U. S. GRANT CLUB MEETS.

Preparing for Active Political Work this Fall.

The U. S. Grant Republican Club met in Spencer's Hall, North Plainfield, last evening.

The business of the meeting was merely preliminary.

President Fountain occupied the chair, Secretary Martin read the minutes of the last meeting which were approved.

The executive committee reported that all arrangements had been made for Friday evening. Then there arose some discussion about postponement. Mr. Hegeman thought that some other night would be better. Finally it was decided to leave the entire matter in the hands of the chairman of the executive committee.

On motion of Mr. Martin the executive committee was instructed to see about uniforms, and also how many members could be secured for a marching club.

It was moved and carried that the clubroom be opened every night until the end of the campaign, for the use of members.

Regular weekly meetings will be held every Monday night.

A committee of two will meet with a Plainfield committee and arrange about uniting forces.

Messrs. Place and Hegeman were appointed as the committee.

Messrs. Spencer, Goodwin and Polhemus were appointed as a music committee.

The Wheelmen's Division in Training.

The Wheelmen's Division of the Republican Club had a drill in the Crescent Rink last evening. At the meeting tonight they will discuss the new campaign suits and means of paying for them. The suits recommended will consist of a white helmet with torch on top, white canvas Norfolk jacket trimmed with blue pleats and white leggings. Each suit will cost $2.50.

The Outlook in New Jersey.

The Democrats evidently see the handwriting on the wall. Even the liquor dealers, usually considered shrewd politically, are deserting them if we may believe their organ, The Wine and Spirit Gazette, in the last issue of which appears the following:

If all signs do not fail, New Jersey is likely to become a Republican State this year. The liquor dealers of the State are going to administer some wholesome discipline to the Democratic party. The relief so often promised them by the Democrats has never come. Not one of the pledges given by the party leaders before election has been redeemed, and the patience of the men in the trade has at last become exhausted.

The liquor dealers of New Jersey have two grievances. One is the breach of promise given them by the Democratic party to have the obsolete disorderly house law repealed, and the other is the failure of the last Democratic Legislature to reduce the $200 liquor license fee. In both respects the Democrats have failed to keep faith with the trade. It is true the liquor men had a number of their own representatives in the Legislature last Winter, but the action of these men has been a sad disappointment to the dealers. Everywhere in New Jersey trade circles the remark is heard: "Oh, these fellows were Democrats for revenue only. They have done our business no good."

It looks now as if the Republicans would get a chance next Winter of knocking in Trenton. It is possible that the Democratic National ticket may be saved and that Cleveland will carry the State, but the present aspect of affairs justifies the prediction that the Democratic State and Legislative tickets will be knifed right and left by the liquor dealers.

The Democratic leaders have aided the coal combine to raise the price of coal, have combined the Schedule C part to provide money for new offices for heelers, ballot-box stuffers and the like, taking their money so as to deceive the people into the belief that there was no increase in taxes, robbing us of the money intended to the better education of our children. These things alone are enough to insure defeat. But there is a fraud of corruption in the wake of the Democracy everywhere in the State. The liquor-dealers—the old allies of the Democratic party—what is to come and want to help in kicking them down to be in with the victors, if their organ can be relied upon.

What Sousa will Bring.

Sousa is full of enthusiasm over his new Marine Band. Rehearsals had not proceeded far in New York, when the band was first brought together, before Sousa declared he would in due time show America the finest military band in the world—the one that could not be surpassed in Europe. Its playing is said to be marvelous, skilled to the utmost and finished to the highest degree. Manager Blakely, who has handled such affairs for many years and is a thoroughly competent judge, confirmed Sousa's judgment that the band of the new Marine Band, declaring it to be the finest collection of musicians he had ever known in a band organization. While in Europe during the Summer Mr. Blakely heard Marcella Lindh in Berlin and secured her for the next tour by Sousa's new Marine Band, and also secured Galassi, the famous baritone of so many Patti opera seasons. They will all appear at Music Hall next Monday.

Another Game for the Pennant.

The managers of the various teams of the Central New Jersey Base Ball League, at a recent meeting held in Elizabeth, decided that the West Ends of Somerville and the Crescents of this city shall play a game next Saturday afternoon on the Plainfield grounds to decide the tie for the pennant. The players will receive the entire cash proceeds of the game.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A Bench Warrant for Peck.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 22, (Special.)—When the Court of Sessions for Albany county met this morning at 10 o'clock, there was an expectant throng to see Labor Commissioner Peck arraigned. He did not appear, however, nor having arrived in the city.

At 11 o'clock District Attorney Eaton practically admitted that the sealed and yet unopened indictment was against Mr. Peck by asking the Court to issue a bench warrant for Mr. Peck, whom he believed to be in town.

The court granted the request, but up to 11 o'clock Mr. Peck had not been seen in the city.

A Millionaire's Son Kills Himself.

CASS CITY, Mich., Sept. 22. (Special.)—After a week's wild debauch, Harold Beckwith, the only heir of his father's estate of $1,000,000, yesterday afternoon committed suicide by drowning himself in a bathtub in the Beckwith home. The son was 27 years old, was a student at Harvard and had travelled extensively in Europe.

The Situation at Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Sept. 22—(Special.)—Wednesday: New cases, 518; deaths, 181; burials, 216; in hospitals, 2,791.

Court News.

Geo. W. Harling and Wallace Peterson, two colored men, were arrested for being drunk and disorderly and using profane language. Harling was fined $5 and Peterson $3.

James Sloin and John Sheehan were arrested last night upon complaint of Chief Grant for fighting on Liberty street, last Monday. They were paroled until this morning, and changed their plea of not guilty to guilty. Judge Codington reserved his decision until Saturday.

Sarah Keach was arrested yesterday by Officer Lynch for being drunk and begging on the public streets. She was sent to the county jail for thirty days.

Christopher Waldron, when brought up for trial before Judge Codington this morning, changed his plea of not guilty to guilty. He was charged with using profane and indecent language. The judge reserved his decision until Saturday morning, to see whether or not the defendant could give a plea for clemency.

William Lee, formerly third baseman of the Crescent League base ball team, was arrested by Policeman Giese this morning on complaint of Chief Grant for selling beer without a license last Saturday and Sunday at 304 West Third street. He plead not guilty and trial was set down for next Thursday at ten a. m.

Handled Live Electric Wires With Impunity.

Herbert Chamberlain, an expert lineman of the telephone company, attracted much attention while putting up the colored lights for the Republican banner, on Somerset street, last evening. He was suspended in a sort of trapeze over the middle of the street and handled the electric light wires, through which the current was passing, with impunity. Had he been standing on the ground the current would probably have killed him, but being suspended in the air there was no ground connection for the current. Even trolley wires would not have shocked him.

It creates a miracle . . . of energy . . .

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

At a still greater miracle of cost.

HENRY & JOHNS,

Building Movers.

14 Years' Experience.

Brick or Frame Buildings

RAISED AND MOVED WITH CARE.

Contracts taken at any place accessible by rail.

Residence—71 East Third Street, Plainfield, N. J. 29 3

DEATHS.

HIGGINS—John D. Higgins, Died Sept. 20th, '92., aged 28 years, 2 months, 16 days.

Funeral from late residence, 315 West Third street, Friday, Sept. 23d at nine a. m., and at St. Mary's church 9:30 a. m. Friends and relatives are invited to attend. 21-2

A MAN IN RAGS

IS HANDICAPPED IN

THE RACE FOR SUCCESS.

CLOTHING FROM ONE

DOLLAR UP MAY BE

BOUGHT AT C. SCHEP-

FLIN & CO'S., 70

WEST FRONT STREET.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

A. Y. PEARSON'S BIG REALISTIC PRODUCTION, With its Wealth of Scenery and Realistic Features,

THE POLICE PATROL,

Presented precisely in every detail just as advertised.

Wednesday Evening, September 28th.

The Great Police Station Scene. Haymarket Square, Chicago, at Night. The Great Patrol Stable. The Terrible Struggle. The Alarm and Quick Hitch. The White Patrol. Positively the Grandest Production of the age.

Cent-a-Word Column.

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK—But a few left of those lots at $90. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COMPETENT woman wants work by the day. Laundry work or cleaning. Address "B. C.," Plainfield P O 22 3

A RESPECTABLE widow wants situation to take care of children and do light housework. Call at 67 West Second street. 22 3

A HANDY workman wants employment at any work around gentlemen's place. Is competent and has references. Address "Charles," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 3tf

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK—But a few left of those lots at $90. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

HELP WANTED.

BOY wanted in grocery store in Scotch Plains. T. Cleaver. 21 3

WANTED—A German teacher for a class of people. To meet once a week. Address application, giving all particulars, to C. Felbar, 247 West Third street, Plainfield, N. J. 21 3

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to solicit orders for nursery stock; expenses and salary to men who can leave home and work steadily; also commission to right men; write for terms and territory. Address R. G Chase & Co., 1430 S. Penn St., Phila., Pa.

WANTED—A good cook, washer and ironer. Must be well recommended. Call between three and six p. m., 117 Madison avenue. 20 3

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK—But a few left of those lots at $90. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A fine new dwelling on Richmond street. Has been recently papered and painted. Has all modern improvements and will be rented for $25 per month until Spring. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-tf

TO RENT—Four rooms, with water 112 Jackson avenue. 20 5*

TO LET—Partly furnished house; fine location; three minutes' walk from station; in rented for $25 per month until Apply to J. W. Johnson, 3 La Grande avenue. 19 4

UNFURNISHED house to let. Dr. Boone 81 Front street. 20 3w

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK—But a few left of those lots at $90. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

FOR SALE.

COLUMBIA Century bicycle for sale cheap. New last April. Address "Rover," care of EVENING NEWS. 20 6

FOR SALE—A good milk route. Will be sold cheap. Address "M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 22 3

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—The large building, 81 and 83 Somerset street. For particulars, inquire on the premises. 9-20-4f.

FLOUR AND FEED at low prices. L. Heyniger, 81 and 83 Somerset street. 9-20-tf

WINDMILL for sale; with brass Pump, tower, etc., for sale cheap. Inquire of H. Pittis, 134 Central avenue, Plainfield, N.J. 15 10

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK—But a few left of those lots at $90. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

MISCELLANEOUS.

A NORTH German lady desires people, either beginners or advanced, for the study of the German language. Apply to or address M. C., 50 Myrtle avenue, Plainfield. 20-4

FRUIT canned to order. Empty glass cans or jelly glasses taken in exchange. Address Box 195, Dunellen, N. J. 22 3

LESSONS given on the piano to beginners. Terms $6. Address P. O. Box 772. 17 3

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 3-20tf

SECURE your turkey for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 29tf

V. L. FRAZEE.

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

95 West Front Street.

Stillman Music Hall!

Musical Event Extraordinary!

MONDAY EVENING,

SEPTEMBER 26th.

SALE OF SEATS NOW OPEN AT CENTRAL PHARMACY.

Appearance of the greatest military band in America,

SOUSA'S

New Marine Band,

JOHN PHILIP SOUSA.

Recently resigned from the United States Marine Corps for the express purpose of taking charge of this great enterprise.

A Military Band Without a Rival.

En tour to appear at the World's Fair Dedicatory Ceremonies at Chicago. At this brilliant Military Concert will appear two famous vocalists.

Mlle. Marcella Lindh,

SOPRANO;

Sig. Antonio Galassi,

BARITONE.

Both of highest operatic fame in America and Europe.

PRICES—$1, 75c. and 50c.

THE BLAKELY SYNDICATE.

Mr. D. Blakely, Manager

We are about to Begin

A SERIES OF Special Sales of DOLLS.

The Greatest Bargains ever shown in Plainfield.

WATCH OUR WINDOWS

A. W. RAND,

94 West Front Street.

Kuyler's

Fine Confections.

Full Assortment. Always Fresh.

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

Cor. Front and Grove Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

A paper in Germany, the Frankfort Zeitung, says, "The rapid development of the material power of the United States menaces the continuation of the economic and intellectual supremacy of Europe." You bet it does.

At first it was thought the kite track helped Nancy Hanks to break the record, but when on the regulation track at the Minnesota state fair she beat the kite track time, knocked the remaining little fraction off and made her mile in 2.07, then it became evident that nothing but the little mare, the bicycle sulky and Doble's driving did it. It is exceedingly interesting to note in connection with this event that Professor Nagler's mathematical calculation of the speed to be reached by the trotter in 1893 was exactly 2.07.

Acids are death to the cholera bacillus, say Dr. Koch and several other experts. There is sufficient acid in the secretions of a healthy stomach to destroy the bacillus. Sulphuric acid is one of the best preventives and disinfectants known. If the acid theory of rheumatism is true—that it comes of acid in the blood—then rheumatic persons will be the ones least apt to get cholera. Some of the best physicians of the day believe that diluted sulphuric acid taken in lemonade in the proportion of twenty drops to a tumblerful will surely prevent and even check cases of cholera if precautions as to absolute cleanliness and healthful food are observed.

The Greatest Society of All.

The editor of The Popular Science Monthly fears that in the multiplicity of societies and clubs, benevolent and otherwise, we may be tempted to forget one society that is greater than all the rest, one which might be called the Society of Human Endeavor.

We all belong to that. We were initiated into it when we were born. We must be members of it till we die. Its requirements are that each of us shall do all the good he can to everybody who comes in his way—

Helping, when you meet them,
Lame dogs over stiles.

The society does not require that we shall always give money in charity. Its kind of beneficence demands that we shall be helpful to mankind in the way that will help mankind most, showing them how to take care of themselves, how to be honest and clean, and to do as they would be done by. We can help them most by being and doing these things ourselves.

That we are as good as we are, that we know how to take care of ourselves, is owing only to the fact that strong and high members of this great human society who went before us and lived and died in the right path showed us the way by their example. What these noble past masters in the brotherhood of humanity gave to us we owe to those members who are all around us to give to them.

The Silent Sufferer.

S. E. Hibbert, a writer in the Washington Post, calls attention to one element in the labor troubles that has been lost sight of altogether by both "fighters and writers." This is the great public that takes no direct part in the contest. The merchant, the grocer, the milkman, the butcher, and the butcher and above all the women and children are the ones that suffer most from this grim fight. The tradesmen and families are the real taxpayers of a community, and on these the heavy task of making good the losses caused by brutal anger on one side and brutal arrogance on the other will fall. So far the public has been the silent sufferer. Mrs. Hibbert is of opinion that it will not always continue to be the patient beast of burden that must take the kicks and starvation which workmen and capitalists are engaged in a Kilkenny cat fight for what each side calls a great principle.

This silent sufferer, the public, is certainly beginning to lose sympathy with both cats. It would not shed a tear if the alleged many-millioned individuals who employ mechanics should come to bankruptcy and be obliged to work for their living watering street car horses at a dollar a day. No more will it draw out its sympathetic handkerchief at the funeral of a striker who was trying to stone a nonunion man to death and get shot. It asks both sides to be decent and stop this thing here and now. It has had enough of it.

To this silent sufferer two things are clear. The first is that an employer should treat his workingmen exactly as he, if he were in their place, would want under their circumstances. The second is that no man or body of men has the right to prevent by violence any individual from working for what wages he pleases. In so far as either side violates one of these principles the silent sufferer will set itself dead against that side.

There is danger of the fight degenerating into a general war between persons who own property and those who own nothing. Capitalists owe it to their own safety to consent to arbitrate with their workmen in case of misunderstanding.

High mightiness is not a good thing on either side just now. At any rate, if these wretched troubles go on the silent sufferer will ere long conclude that this is the best country in the world to get out of. Then where will both sides be?

PINNED DOWN IN FLAMES

Eleven Killed and Many Injured in a Railroad Collision.

FIENDS DITCH A TREASURE TRAIN.

Four Lives Lost and Thirty Persons Badly Injured in a Futile Endeavor to Rob an Express Car of $1,000,000—A Posse Hunting for the Frightened Wreckers.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 22.—Eleven people were killed and a large number seriously injured in a collision on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad near Shreve, O. Five passenger cars were burned up and the two engines and a number of freight cars were demolished in the collision.

The cause of the collision was the neglect of orders upon the part of the freight train crew. The passenger train was speeding past Shreve with a supposed clear track. The freight had been ordered to lay on a siding at Wooster to allow the express to pass. For some unknown reason the order was disregarded and the freight pulled out and was under full headway, and the flash of the headlights was the first warning received by the engineers.

Devoured by Flames.

The crash was terrific as the trains came together. The engines reared high in air, and then, hissing furiously and with scalding water pouring from every seam and rivet, they fell into the ditch alongside the track. The freight cars telescoped one another until little but a jumble of wood and iron remained. It seemed almost a miracle that any number of the passengers in the first coaches could have escaped death. As it was, eleven of the six hundred or so aboard were killed and a large number were more or less seriously injured.

The postal car took fire, and the flames of the wreck, rising high into the air, and the shrieks and groans of the injured made a scene that almost unnerved the stoutest hearts in the corps of rescuers. Fortunately water was near at hand, and by pails and buckets the flames were checked in a measure, while many passengers pinioned in the wreck were rescued. It was impossible to get some of the unfortunates out, however, before the flames swept down upon and devoured them before the eyes of those helpless to aid them.

The Dead and Injured.

The Killed—N. S. Allen, postal clerk; T. E. Glenn, brakeman; W. E. Hammond, fireman; George B. Mann, postal clerk; Charles Smith, fireman; J. T. Patterson, postal clerk; I. E. Rose, postal clerk, two names from Edgville, Pa., and one lady and child from Alliance, O.

The Injured—J. Bradley, engineer; Frank Burt, engineer; Joseph Ade, postal clerk, Istalo; O. Starker, Pittsburg; D. R. Biggs, Miamisburgtown; W. H. Brown, Huntington, Ind.; M. Armstrong, Noblesville, Ind.; J. Ernest, Millvale, N. J.; John Lucor, Massillon, O.

DITCHED BY WRECKERS.

Four Killed and Thirty Injured in an Attempt to Secure $1,000,000.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 22.—Four lives were sacrificed and thirty people badly injured in a smashup on the Atchison railroad, as the result of a carefully premeditated attempt on the part of a band of robbers to loot the Missouri Pacific express from Denver and San Francisco. There was $1,000,000 or more in bullion and specie in the express car of the train, the gold having been shipped by the Mexican Central railroad and its destination being Boston. The attempt failed of its main purpose, however, the express car being buried so deeply beneath passenger coaches that the treasure could not be got at.

The wreckers had misplaced a rail so as to ditch the train. Engineer Scott anticipated it, and seeing that the train could not be stopped in time he threw the throttle open, hoping that he might be able to jump the break in safety and avert the impending calamity. The embankment at this point is about eight feet high and the engineer's hope was not realized. The engine plunged over it, following the course prepared by the wreckers. The train was made up of thirteen cars, and all except three sleepers plunged headlong over the embankment. Most of them were overturned and smashed almost literally to splinters.

From the track above the trainmen and passengers in the coaches that had not left the track heard out of the pit of death below the cries and the groans of the injured and the dying. Fortunately the wreck did not take fire, and the work of rescuing the imprisoned people below was comparatively easy. Among the first taken out was Engineer Mayer, who had been fearfully scalded by escaping steam, but was otherwise apparently uninjured. He was perfectly conscious, and lived long enough to tell what he had seen and done.

Those killed were: Frank Baxter, express messenger; Thomas Chadwick, fireman; Edward Mayer, engineer; I. Bloomenthal, express guard, and an unknown man.

No efforts were made to take any of the money. There is no doubt that the robbers were hiding in the grass and were frightened away when they saw the extent of the wreck, which they had not anticipated. Several posses are scouring the country for the miscreants who caused the wreck, and if found they will be summarily dealt with.

Caused by a Green Switchman.

BUFFALO, Sept. 22.—As an engine was backing down with a train of freight cars in the Central repair yards a switchman threw the wrong switch, which let the train upon the repair track. It collided with a string of cars being repaired. Five repairmen were at work under the cars. John Klein and O. Dege were instantly killed. The three others, Frank Pope and Joseph and Ludwig Nowicki, were cut and bruised, but not seriously injured. The switchman who caused the accident was a green hand, on since the strike.

Firemen Colwell Killed.

LANCASTER, Pa., Sept. 22.—A collision occurred on the Mountjoy branch of the Pennsylvania road near Florin. Fireman William Colwell, of Philadelphia, was killed. Engineer Samuel I. Tilly jumped down a twenty foot embankment and was severely injured in the legs. Engineer Jacob Michaels and his fireman, Harry Neal, of the Philadelphia express, jumped and escaped serious injury. None of the passengers was hurt.

Consul Ryder's Disgrace.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 22.—The preliminary investigation in the case of ex-Consul Ryder was concluded, and Ryder is held on several charges of fraud and embezzlement.

Old Conductors Discharged.

OTTAWA, Sept. 22.—Another wholesale dismissal of old Canadian Pacific railway conductors has just taken place. No reasons were given.

A BAD OUTLOOK AT SANDY HOOK.

The Quarantined People May Have to Go Cold and Hungry.

CAMP LOW, SANDY HOOK, N. Y., Sept. 22.—With pestilence and starvation in view the outlook for the inhabitants of the quarantine station is anything but pleasant. The managers of the southern branch of the New Jersey Central railroad have notified General Hamilton that hereafter his camp would be carried by their trains.

Before the general received from this news a telegram came from Secretary Howe, of the state board of health of New Jersey, saying that the authorities of the state could render no help because of the terror of persons in towns near Camp Low. This action puts the camp in a bad plight, for there is barely enough coal and ice on hand to last twenty-four hours, but officials here do not believe that the public will sanction this shutting off of necessaries.

No New Cases in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The result of the examination of Louis Weinbagen, of Fourteenth street, proves that he has the true Asiatic cholera. He is still at the reception hospital. Simon Knox, of the steamship City of Nevada, who died on ship board on the 18th, also had the Asiatic cholera. The Nevada has been ordered to quarantine.

The latest bulletin of the board of health says no new cases have been discovered in the city. It having been represented to the department that in the markets of this city people hesitate to purchase fish and other articles of food from apprehension that cholera germs may be contained therein, the board of health reiterates the statement already made that there is no danger from the use of fish, meat and all other proper articles of food or drink, provided they are thoroughly cooked.

The Plague in Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—Thirteen fresh cases of cholera and seven deaths have been reported. Mr. and Mrs. Kernaghan and their four children have died here of cholera within the last forty-eight hours. They were the first English people in the city to succumb to the disease.

A Steady Decline in Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Sept. 22.—The fresh cases of cholera have numbered 513, or sixty-four fewer than yesterday; the deaths, 181, or eight fewer than yesterday; the burials, 216, or forty-six fewer than yesterday. In the hospitals there are 2,791 patients, or 246 fewer than yesterday.

It Was Genuine Cholera.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 22.—Dr. H. R. Baldwin, president of the board of health, has received the bacteriological report of Dr. Edson, of New York, on the case of James Carr, who died here a few days ago. The report says that he died of genuine Asiatic cholera.

Spinners Want an Advance.

LOWELL, Mass., Sept. 22.—The Mule Spinners' association voted to ask for an increase in wages in all the Lowell mills.

His Last Encampment.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Michael Guthman, of Post 21, Philadelphia, died from peritonitis in the Citizens' hospital here.

FASHIONS

New Autumn Hats.

A hat suggestive in its bloomless condition of the autumn is depicted in the cut. It has a Tam o' Shanter crown of deep yellow velvet, and a round, slightly turned up brim of black straw, and it is tied round the crown with black satin ribbons arranged at one side into rosettes and ornamented with two black quills, with a black osprey standing erect.

A DENBEASON HAT.

Another hat—and one that could not fail to be becoming to any woman, be she ever so difficult to suit—is of tan brown straw, turned up at each side, lined with coarse white lace, and caught at the back with small pink rosettes. The crown is of medium height and bound with a broad band of brown velvet and a narrow fold of pale pink satin, while in the front are two widespread double bows of the brown velvet and the pink with a paste buckle clasped in the knot in the center, seeming to hold in their place two large wings of a very superior order, with every shade of pink and brown visible on their outstretched feathers.

Incoming Styles.

There is a tendency to exaggerate the width of the shoulders, and most of the new coats are being made with short triple capes. The sleeves of gowns are made enormously full at the top, but are not raised high above the shoulders, as formerly. The second flounce is going to limbo, and is only worn now for driving. Waistcoats are as much worn with open jackets as they were last year. Among some new patterns of vestings, the smartest is a lightish blue cloth, with a red and white fancy check. Then there are shepherd's plaids in red and black, and brown and red, and some "horse cloths" in new shades.

Watteau Plaits.

The newest are simply brought up in a point between the shoulders and not caught down at the waist, so that the figure is seen. Others, again, have this same point of material secured under the apparent slashings of a smartly jacket. Some, again, form two box plaits on either shoulder, while some come in a heavy double box plait from the neck. They are generally becoming, and it is a style that has added a great deal to the picturesque element in dress this year, and rarely has been more varied or more generally effective.

THE HOOSIER CITY WINS

Indianapolis to Have the Next G. A. R. Encampment.

THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE ORDER.

According to the Reports Presented to the Meeting the Names of 409,446 Veterans in Good Standing Appear on the Rosters—Finances in Good Condition.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—After General Palmer had read his address to the encampment of the G. A. R. the annual reports of the adjutant general, quartermaster general, inspector general, judge advocate general and surgeon general were submitted, all but that of the advocate general being in pamphlet form, ready for distribution.

John Taylor, quartermaster general, reported receipts amounting to $80,960.77; expenditures, $80,256.16; balance on hand, $7,548.79; assets, including United States bonds and supplies, $29,158.35.

The Grant monument fund amounts to $11,578.62, of which $229.16 was received since the last encampment.

The report of Inspector General John F. Pratt contained the following summary of the condition of the Grand Army at latest receipt of reports and statistics from department inspectors: Total number of posts, 7,694; total number of post members in good standing, 391,509; number of musketes owned by posts, 30,058; number of posts having relief funds, 2,008; total amount of relief funds, $476,505; total amount expended for relief, $310,448; total amount of post funds in hands of quartermasters, $839,370; total amount of property other than quartermasters' and relief funds owned by posts, $1,342,188; number of posts having camps of Women's Relief corps, 2,562; number of posts having camps of Sons of Veterans, 2,013; posts which have not been inspected, 891.

The Total Membership.

It is probable that an estimated average of twenty members each would be correct. This would give 17,820, which, added to the 391,509 reported, will show a total in good standing of 408,864. Oklahoma has in addition four posts and 532 members, making a grand total of 7,644 posts, with a membership in good standing of 409,446.

Adjutant General Phisterer in his report recommended that the installing officer of a post be also its inspector, and that a revision be made of the rules and regulations, service books and forms and returns, with a view to simplifying them as much as possible. He also gave an account of the difficulties attending the effort to organize the Department of Louisiana and Mississippi, after the action of the last national encampment, which was finally accomplished by ex-Department Commander S. A. Badger. The department now contains seventy-three posts recognized by the commander in chief.

Joseph V. O'Neal, judge advocate general, reported decisions delivered by him during the year.

Committees were then appointed on the commander in chief's address, on credentials, on resolutions, on the reports of the several staff officers and on rules and regulations.

Sympathy for Mrs. Harrison.

Junior Vice Commander T. S. Clarkson, of Omaha, offered the following resolution. It was seconded by ex-President Hayes and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, By the members of the twenty-sixth national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, assembled from the 50 states of the union, that the deepest sorrow and heartfelt sympathy is hereby extended to Comrade Benjamin Harrison in the deep affliction which has kept him from our midst, with the earnest hope and prayer that his noble wife, that true American woman, may be spared to him and to us for even greater opportunities for good.

Comrade Allen, of the Department of Virginia and North Carolina, announced that he had in his possession a large number of letters written by inmates of Libby prison that had never been forwarded to their destination, and that he would be glad to distribute to the assistant adjutant generals of the various departments the letters written by soldiers now living within their limits.

A large number of resolutions and communications were offered by delegates, which went to the committee on resolutions without action. Among them was one from the Department of Louisiana and Mississippi, requesting the establishment of a soldiers' home in the south. Another was from ex-Commander in Chief Beath, of Pennsylvania, in regard to the publication of the census of veterans taken by the census bureau.

The Pension Bureau.

Reports were made by the two committees—one appointed by Commander Palmer and one by his predecessor—on "systematic plan of teaching the lessons of loyalty to our country and our flag." Comrade Merrill, of Massachusetts, was chairman of one committee and Comrade Milner, of Kansas, chairman of the other. The two reports were recommitted, with instructions to consolidate them.

The report of the pension committee (Comrade Augustus C. Hamlin, of Maine, chairman) was presented. No meeting of the committee has been held. Its affairs having been conducted by correspondence. The petition of the comrades of Missouri to increase the clerical force of the pension bureau was laid before the committee by pensions. The commissioner explained the workings of his office to Chairman Hamlin, who says it appears that all is working that can be done. Generally he approved. The report was approved.

A committee representing the Union Veteran Union, now in session in this city, was introduced to the encampment. It was through Chairman Bond, of the District of Columbia, extended greetings to the G. A. R. Commander Palmer appropriately responded.

Greetings were also received by letter from the Women's Relief corps, Ladies of the G. A. R. and Sons of Veterans. Committees were appointed to convey to these bodies the greetings of the national encampment.

Indianapolis Wins.

Governor Chase, of Indiana, ex-department commander, asked the encampment then to determine the location of the encampment of 1893, as he was compelled to leave the city. He presented the name of Indianapolis.

General J. R. Carnahan, also an ex-department commander, was expected to present the claims of the Hoosier capital in extenso, but on motion of a delegate from Ohio the arrangement by acclamation accepted the invitation from Indianapolis, without waiting to hear further in regard to it or for any other city to be named. The date of the meeting will be fixed by the council of administration after conference with the citizens. The encampment then adjourned.

Fifty Cents Per Week.

Did you Ever Hear of Such an Opportunity?

EVERY WAGE WORKER IN PLAINFIELD CAN OWN A HOME.

Do not Miss this Great Offer.

The Great Clearance Sale of

50 UNSOLD LOTS,

Opposite Netherwood Depot. I will offer until OCTOBER 1st

$100 Lots for $90.

On Payment of

$5 Cash; Balance 50 Cents a Week.

$125 lots, $5 cash; balance 75c. a week.
$150 lots, $10 cash; balance $1 a week.

Lots in the immediate vicinity are selling from $300 to $500. My price for the 15 days only, $90 to $150 a Lot. This Great Sale will commence on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17TH,

and will continue only for a few days. As there are only 50 lots, do not put it off. Come as soon. Sunday is going to be Special Exhibition Day.

REMEMBER, 50 CENTS A WEEK.

Just think how easy you can put by this small amount.

Buy for a home. Buy for Investment.

Buy a Lot for your Children. It is a great Savings Bank.

Maps and full Particulars

WM. H. MOFFITT,
49 North Avenue.

LOOK HERE!

FIVE gallons of Best Kerosene Oil, 150 test, and patent can.

90c.

Headquarters for Sweet Potatoes!

50c. Basket (16 quarts)

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail, 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

COME AND SEE

the Large Stock of

Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

ALSO

Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.

AT CAREY'S,

75, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

COAL LUMBER
And
Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

We Cannot Give You A
House and Lot,
But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material.
Estimates furnished free of charge.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Painters and Decorators,
209 East Front street.

$500 LIFE INSURANCE Free
of cost to ALL Customers that trade with
FRED. W. DUNN,
The Plainfield Grocer,
No. 18 North Avenue.
$500 Come and Get a Policy. **Free**

A Word to the Public!

OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.

Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. H. Boehm, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of stylish and tasty creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in the line, and our prices are low as the lowest.

Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't.
90 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for nut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver coal better than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL. In best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for TURNING and MICROBE SAWING, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 ly

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY, Intelligence Office, 24 West Front street. Girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines and shrubs. 9 29 y

H. N. SPENCER, 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. W. G. C. C. rock, yellow tomatoes, etc. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD
CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our operating is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention given to the application of fertilizers of the Coe Sons, Garden and Field Fertilizer Co. Telephone call 22.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:45, a. m., 12:05, 5:30, 8:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 12:05 and 5 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:30 a. m., 1:55, 8:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 4:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

POLITICAL HAPPENINGS.

The Tillman Ticket Carries the Day in South Carolina.

THE CHICAGO PLATFORM IGNORED.

But the Principles of Jefferson Are Indorsed and the Electors Must Pledge Themselves to Vote for Cleveland and Stevenson—Judge Werts Will Accept.

COLUMBIA, Sept. 22.—Governor Tillman and his ticket have been nominated and the state Democratic convention has adjourned with but little of the excitement that was anticipated. The proceedings were cut and dried in the Tillmanite caucus. The conservatives stood no show whatever in the convention, and the 256 followers of Governor Tillman simply took the bit beneath their teeth and galloped through.

There was a squabble among the Tillmanites in caucus as to whether they should nominate D. A. Townsend or W. C. Benet for attorney general. The caucus took a recess to allow the convention to assemble, but after being in the convention less than two hours they took a recess and went back to the caucus. This was repeated and finally the Tillmanites decided they would nominate Townsend. The convention then reassembled and Governor Tillman and the present state officers were renominated.

A hot fight occurred over the adoption of a platform. The minority of the committee on resolutions on behalf of the conservative element submitted a report strongly indorsing the national Democratic platform adopted at Chicago. This was rejected by the Tillmanite majority by an overwhelming vote. The following was then adopted as the platform of the South Carolina Democracy:

The Platform.

We, the representatives of the Democratic party of South Carolina in convention assembled, do reaffirm our allegiance to the principles of the party as formulated by Jefferson, exemplified and illustrated by his successors in leadership, and indorsed by our people in the recent primary election; and we pledge our local support to the nominees of the national Democracy, Cleveland and Stevenson.

We denounce as unpatriotic and infamous the attempts which have been made to injure the credit and honor of the state both at home and abroad.

The people of South Carolina, conscious of their ability and integrity, are determined that every just obligation of the state should be honorably and promptly discharged. We hold it premium that upon this one subject there is no difference or division of sentiment among the sons of the state. The bonded debt of the state is small. Her resources are large and ample. In her phosphate deposits alone the state is rich, and since the litigation in regard thereto has been adjusted the receipts from phosphate royalty for the past two months is nearly sufficient to meet the interest on the debt and eventually to pay the debt itself. We earnestly recommend to the legislature to set apart by law any excess of phosphate royalty, after paying annual interest on the state debt as a sinking fund, to be placed at interest and sacredly kept and used for the purpose of paying the principal on the state debt.

A country delegate spoke for the Tillmanite platform, and asked the delegates whether they proposed to say "Me, too," to whatever the national Democratic platform said. He said the city chaps had been dictating long enough, but the farmers and laborers were beginning to think and act for themselves.

Colonel John C. Haskell urged the convention not to defy the national Democratic platform that was opening the way to justifying independentism. "We must bow to the national platform or we are independents," said he. Colonel Haskell was loudly cheered when he said, "God grant that we may never more hear of independentism in this state."

To Bridge the Chasm.

The following presidential electors were nominated.

At Large—Earnest Gary, of Edgefield, and J. W. Stokes, of Orangeburg. First district, J. C. Tracey, of Colleton; Second district, T. S. Williams, of Colleton; Third district, J. H. McCalla, of Abbeville; Fourth district, Lewis B. Walker, of Spartanburg; Fifth district, J. T. Brice, of York; Sixth district, D. W. Nettles, of Clarendon; Seventh district, Joseph S. Hart, of Berkeley.

A resolution was adopted to the effect that the electors be required to file written pledges that they will support the nominee of the Democratic party.

In accepting the nomination Governor Tillman made a very conservative speech, over which the Tillmanites went wild. He characterized the feeling in the recent campaign as having been malignant in its intensity. One of the most bitter and exciting issues of the campaign had been whether he should return home with the stigma of being unworthy or whether he should receive the plaudits of the people. He had nothing harsh to say against the opposition. He said that for those who fought him he could say, "We extend you the right hand of brotherly love and friendship, in the hope that we may bridge the chasm if it may be done.

Werts Will Accept.

JERSEY CITY, Sept. 22.—Judge Werts said that on Monday next he will announce his decision as to his acceptance or declination of the Democratic nomination for governor of New Jersey. He sent word to Senator Barrett, of Essex county, chairman of the notification committee, that he would receive the committee Monday afternoon at his home in Crescent avenue, Jersey City.

What the decision will be the judge declined to say, but a gentleman in the front rank of the Democratic state leaders and who possesses Judge Werts' confidence assured a reporter that he will accept the nomination.

Elector Kennedy Not Eligible.

KINGSTON, Sept. 22.—Dr. David Kennedy, who is the elector on the Democratic ticket for the Eighteenth district, is affected by the provision of the United States statutes that bank directors are not eligible on the national ticket.

Allison Will Make Speeches.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Sept. 22.—Senator Allison will not attend the international silver congress in London, but will make Republican speeches in Iowa during the campaign.

He Is Not a Citizen.

OMAHA, Sept. 22.—J. J. McIntosh, Democratic candidate for congress in the Sixth Nebraska district, has withdrawn, finding that he is not a citizen.

Gardner for Congress.

TOMS RIVER, N. J., Sept. 22.—The Second congressional district Republican convention nominated Hon. John J. Gardner for congress.

George Fred Williams Again.

BOSTON, Sept. 22.—George Fred Williams was renominated for congress by the Democrats.

The Evidence.

She—Are you sure you didn't lose that letter I gave you to mail last week?

He—Yes. I knew you'd think so, and I've kept it in my pocket to protect myself.—Life.

BARDSLEY'S ANSWER FILED.

He Still Maintains That He Is Innocent of Embezzlement.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 22.—The separate answers of ex-City Treasurer John Bardsley and Edward Magill, Bardsley's assignee for the benefit of creditors in the bill in equity brought by the city, was filed in common pleas court No. 1. The bill was one of a number filed by the city in an attempt to trace the money of the municipality from the tangle in which John Bardsley left the affairs of the city treasury.

Bardsley admits in his answer that while acting as city treasurer he used certain funds of the state to purchase stocks and bonds as investments to hold until such time as he would be required to make settlement with the commonwealth. In conclusion Bardsley states:

"I deny that I handled large sums of money, and I aver that every dollar received by me and paid into the city treasury has been properly accounted for and the comptroller of the city of Philadelphia has reported the city funds intact. I admit that I did receive from the commonwealth of Pennsylvania $430,000 school funds, but I aver that I returned this money to the commonwealth and the same did not go into the treasury of the city of Philadelphia. I also admit that there is a small balance of school funds for the year 1890 still due the city."

The answer of Edward Magill sets up practically the same averments as made by Bardsley himself.

The Fair Dedication.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—The council of administration of the World's fair is still hard at work on the problem of shortening the programme for the dedicatory exercises, and it has been practically decided to omit the dedicatory ode, which consists of 20,000 words. The question of the orations has been definitely settled. Chauncey M. Depew and W. C. P. Breckenridge are to be the orators. Their orations will be delivered on the same day and will be co-equal in dignity.

Well! What Next?

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Provident Bounty association, to insure against twins and triplets, with a good capital and reputable directors, has been started. A prospective father pays five pounds for a policy. If twins come he receives fifty pounds, if triplets, seventy-five pounds.

Harrington to O'Brien.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—In addressing a meeting of the National league in Cork Timothy Harrington said: "In America William O'Brien stated that he could settle the trouble on every Irish estate. I appeal to him now to save Ireland from the misery of evictions."

Sues for a Sermon Fee.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Sept. 22.—The Rev. G. W. Switzer, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church in Michigan City, has sued the family of a late parishioner for ten dollars for the sermon he preached at the funeral.

Princeton Opened.

PRINCETON, N. J., Sept. 22.—The first term of the 146th session of the college here was formally opened by President Francis Landey Patton, who presided at the regular opening exercises in Marquand chapel.

Tampered with the Pay Rolls.

ANSONIA, Conn., Sept. 22.—John J. Hadlon, bookkeeper for the Derby Silver company, was arrested for stealing $4,100 in tampering with the pay rolls. He is married, very popular and prominent.

Russia Threatens Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 22.—A note has been received from Russia menacing the Turkish government for its course in regard to Bulgaria, and intimating that the consequences may be serious.

Wybrants Olpherts Dead.

DUBLIN, Sept. 22.—The death of Wybrants Olpherts, notorious as the central figure in the fiercest eviction campaign ever waged in Ireland, is announced from Folkenagh.

Mrs. Harrison About the Same.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The condition of Mrs. Harrison is about the same. Dr. Gardner, her physician, said that she was resting easily and was none the worse for her trip.

Tin Plate Mill Destroyed.

IRONDALE, O., Sept. 22.—The Irondale Tin mills' entire plant was destroyed by fire. It includes the iron mill which was recently added to roll steel sheets for tin.

Railroad Men Strike.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Sept. 22.—Every operator and dispatcher on the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern railway, about 200 men, struck for higher wages.

"Lord Beresford" Again.

ALBANY, Sept. 22.—Lord Beresford, whose real name is said to be La Salle, is under arrest here on a charge of blackmail preferred by his father-in-law.

Prince and Singer Wed.

BERLIN, Sept. 22. — Prince Henry of Hesse, uncle of the reigning Grand Duke of Hesse Darmstadt, was married to the well known singer Milena.

The Pan-Presbyterian Alliance.

TORONTO, Sept. 22.—The Pan-Presbyterian alliance commenced its ten days' session in this city, with Professor Blaikie, of Edinburgh, in the chair.

A Passenger Rate War.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The indications are that the railroads in the Trunk Line association are about to enter upon one of the most stubborn passenger rate wars in the history of the organization.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between Edward L. Van Emburgh and Edward White, of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Van Emburgh & White, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

E. L. VAN EMBURGH,
EDWARD WHITE.

Dated September 14, 1892. 15 tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 14, 1892.
To Whom It May Concern:

Be it known that Mr. Edward White and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union, State of New Jersey have this fourteenth day of September, 1892, formed a co-partnership under the firm name of White & Van Arsdale, to succeed the firm of Van Emburgh & White, dealers in dry goods, notions, etc., which business will be continued at the same place, No. 18 West Front street, where they will be pleased to serve patrons and friends.

EDWARD WHITE,
of the late firm Van Emburgh & White.
MORRIS VAN ARSDALE,
of the late firm of Doane & Van Arsdale.
14 12

Educational.

Harned Academy

RE-OPENED SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities for a thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.

The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the Individual Method.

Classes now forming in German and French. Special classes for evenings. Private lessons. Entering. Preparation for college. Music. Weekly lectures.

E. N. HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S
SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
and
KINDERGARTEN,
17 LAGRANGE AVENUE,
Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,

for
YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
will re-open on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
For particulars address MISS E. E. KENYON, Principal. 8 0 2m*

MR. A. VENINO,
Teacher of Piano and Composition, will now resume instructions.
For choice of hours and terms address P. O. Box 761, Plainfield. 10 1w*

ELOCUTION
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 109.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lessons, write to Prof. L. Vrooy, care of Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grange avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School, Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 7 Grove street, South Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street

SPECIAL SALE!
OF
1,000 pairs of Trousers
at
WERNER'S
CLOTHING
HOUSE
30 West Front Street.

A GOOD CHANCE
for
BARGAINS.
Our New Stock o
Fall
and
Winter
Goods Just Received.
It will pay you to examine them.
The Latest Styles of Hats and gentleman's furnishings.
A full line of Cloths for Clothing to Order.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

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BENJAMIN HARRISON,
of Indiana.

For Vice-President,
WHITELAW REID,
of New York.

For Governor,
JOHN KEAN, JR.,
of Elizabeth.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

At Large—Ex-Senator Alexander G. Cattel and Frederick Fraughton.

First District—George Hires of Salem.

Second District—Ferdinand A. Roebling of Mercer.

Third District—Adolph Mack of Raritan.

Fourth District—Luther Kountze of Morris county.

Fifth District—Donald McKay of Bergen county.

Sixth District—Frederick Kuhn of Newark.

Seventh district—George F. Hopkins of Jersey City.

Eighth District—William F. Chamberlain of Bayonne.

THE BEE HIVE!

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates.	75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black,	$1
The "Glady" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns	$1
8-Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates,	85c
Gents' Kid Gloves,	$1

Also a full line of

Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

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VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete educatio of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
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Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

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MASONS and BUILDERS,
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First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
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MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 943.

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Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.
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P. O. Box 213.

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Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Byram.
P. O. Box 1238
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

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PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR
P. O. Box 381. Residence Duer street, 98 y near Howard.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new Old Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1344.

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Stair Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Regent streets, North Plainfield.
J. HERRMANN, Regent street.

Sunshine Parlor Heaters; Improved Cylinder Stoves; Othello Ranges; Furnaces and Fire-place Heaters; Furnace Work and Plumbing; Hardware. Get a $500 Insurance, Free.

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13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

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Bicycle Repaired
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NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J
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George - Bremmer,
NO 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

The Manhattan
Wine Room,
179 and 181 Somerset Street,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)
Frank Linke, Prop.
ESTABLISHED 1886.
Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballantine's celebrated Ale, Ale and Porter; Philip Bauer's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaefer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.
Wholesale Branch, 43 West Front street.
All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
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WILLIAMS'

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
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JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
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No. 15 Park avenue.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Cologne Maker, who is now at work making the finest bouquets in this city. If you are fond of cologna stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
62 to 66 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Sept. 12, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7 14, 8 37, 9 46, 11 26, 6 26, 6 39, 7 26, 7 39, 7 56, 8 00, 8 15, 8 37, 9 21, 9 46, 9 52, 10 05, 10 26, 10 46, 11 26 a. m., 12 05, 12 26, 12 46, 1 26, 1 46, 2 26, 2 46, 3 26, 3 46, 4 05, 4 26, 4 46, 5 26, 5 46, 6 26, 6 46, 7 26, 7 46, 8 26, 8 46, 9 26, 9 46, 10 26, 10 46, 11 26 p. m. Sunday, 7 14, 8 37, 9 46, 11 26 a. m., 12 26, 12 46, 1 26, 1 46, 2 26, 2 46, 3 26, 3 46, 4 26, 4 46, 5 26, 5 46, 6 26, 6 46, 7 26, 7 46, 8 26, 8 46, 9 26, 9 46, 10 26, 10 46, 11 26 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 00, 12 45, 1 00, 1 45, 2 00, 2 45, 3 00, 3 45, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 15, 5 30, 5 45, 6 00, 6 15, 6 30, 6 45, 7 00, 7 15, 7 30, 7 45, 8 00, 8 15, 8 30, 8 45, 9 00, 9 15, 9 30, 9 45, 10 00, 10 15, 10 30, 10 45, 11 00, 11 30, 12 15, 1 00 night. Sunday, 4 30, 7 15, 7 45, 8 00, 8 15, 8 30, 8 45, 9 00, 9 15, 9 30, 9 45, 10 00, 10 15, 10 30, 10 45, 11 00, 11 30, 12 15, 1 00 night. Express trains.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 8 17, 9 42, 11 10 a. m., 12 37, 1 00, 2 42, 4 20, 4 55, 5 15, 5 30, 6 04, 6 35, 7 45, 7 54, 8 20, 9 05, 11 12 p. m. 12 42 night. Sunday at 8 45, 9 42 a. m., 11 18 a. m., 2 05, 5 05, 7 54, 8 20, 9 05, 11 14 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8 18, 9 17, 9 42 a. m., 1 59, 5 05, 6 35 p. m. Sunday at 5 05, 6 35 p. m.; 7 08, 9 05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 8 18, 9 42, a. m., 1 59, 5 32 p. m. Sundays 5 05 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 18 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Phillipsburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 10 a. m. for stations to High Bridge connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.

9 17 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

9 42 a. m. for Junction connecting for Dover, Rockaway and Hackettstown.

5 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Phillipsburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua. Quaker car to Manch Chunk.

6 35 p. m. for Flemington.

7 45 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

8 20 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9 05 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Phillipsburg and Scranton. 5 30 a. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua, etc. 7 08 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

9 05 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 8 18, 9 00, 11 09 a. m., 1 59, 4 05, 5 30, 6 35, 7 45, 8 20 p. m. Sundays, 9 00, 11 09 a. m., 4 05 p. m. Ocean Grove 8 47, 11 55 a. m., 4 53, 6 45, 8 05 p. m. Sundays, 11 55 a. m., 4 53 p. m. Asbury Park 8 55, 11 59 a. m., 4 01, 5 58, 8 09, 7 09 p. m. Sunday 8 59, 11 59 a. m., 4 57 p. m. Atlantic City 9 37 a. m., 1 05 p. m. For Freehold 8 18, 9 00, 11 09 a. m., 1 59, 4 05, 5 30 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 4 15, 4 38, 5 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 02 noon, 2 40, 4 38, 5 40, 7 10, 10 45 p. m. Sunday at 4 15, 4 38, 5 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 02 noon, 2 40, 4 38, 5 40, 7 10, 10 45 p. m. Leave Philadelphia at 8 35, 9 40, 11 20 a. m., 1 35, 3 35, 4 40, 7 05, 8 35, 11 20 p. m. Sunday at 8 35, 9 40, 11 20 a. m., 1 35, 3 35, 4 40, 7 05, 8 35, 11 20 p. m.

For Trenton at 5 15, 6 38, 7 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 37, 1 59, 3 40, 5 40, 6 40, 8 10, 10 45 p. m. Sunday at 5 15, 6 38, 7 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 37, 1 59, 3 40, 5 40, 6 40, 8 10, 10 45 p. m. Leave Trenton at 8 35, 9 40, 11 20 a. m., 1 35, 3 35, 4 40, 7 05, 8 35, 11 20 p. m. Sunday at 8 35, 9 40, 11 20 a. m., 1 35, 3 35, 4 40, 7 05, 8 35, 11 20 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 5 05 a. m., 2 10, 4 13, 5 34 p. m. 1 17 night. Sunday at 5 05 a. m., 2 10, 4 13, 5 34 p. m. 1 17 night.

Leave Baltimore and Washington at 8 05 a. m., 12 01 noon, 3 40, 7 20, 10 30 p. m. Sunday at 8 05 a. m., 12 01 noon, 3 40, 7 20, 10 30 p. m.

J. H. OLDEARDEN, Gen'l Pass. Agt. E. F. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt. Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

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Counsellors at Law, Commissioners, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Civil Engineer of the Plainfield Union County Water Supply Co. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds, and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 29 West Front street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners to Take Affidavits in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG & MARSH,
Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioners. Office, 2 Park place, Plainfield, N. J. Money to loan. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Second streets.

BROWN & HILLS,
Bleaching and hair cutting parlor, in Potter's House, No. 2 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Hard water does not discolor hair after shampooing. Use ours.

FAMED SANTA MARIA.

COLUMBUS' FLAGSHIP COMPARED WITH MODERN SAILING VESSELS.

The Wonder to the Mariner of Today Is How the Navigator Crossed the Ocean in His Little Caravel—A Facsimile for the World's Fair.

Spain is now in the midst of a series of fetes in commemoration of the discovery of America which will last till late in October. On the 3d of August, date of the sailing of Columbus from Palos, the jubilation began, and of all the sights the exact reproduction of the flagship of Columbus, the Santa Maria, excited most amazement. Among the sailors in the vast gathering there was a loud chorus of astonishment and unbelief. Almost unanimously they declared that such a ship had not done the thing—it was impossible.

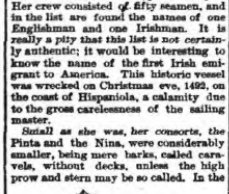
THE NEW SANTA MARIA.

It is indeed hard to believe that the little caravel of 240 tons at the outside could have made such a voyage, and when one compares it with the large sailing vessels of today he may well be incredulous. With the achievements of steam and practical science we are tolerably familiar, but the fact then (though sailing vessels antedate written history, the progress therein since 1492 is as great as in anything else) comes to one as a great surprise. Compare the little Santa Maria with, for instance, the magnificent Shenandoah, the American four masted bark and queen of all sailing vessels, which a few months ago went from San Francisco to Liverpool with 5,002 tons of wheat on board.

Consider first the big sailer. The Shenandoah, commanded by Captain Murphy, was one of the five which left the Bay of San Francisco last year on the famous race around the Horn. They sailed at high tide, of necessity, as they drew twenty-seven feet of water. The weight of wheat aboard, 5,002 tons, was the greatest cargo of the kind ever placed in a vessel and equivalent to 166,733 bushels, or the crop of an average agricultural county. An adequate description of the Shenandoah would fill a column. Suffice as she is, she "makes sail by steam," as sailors say—that is, the sails are pulled into place by a little donkey engine, and of all glorious sights to the seaman's eye there is none more glorious than to see her swell from bare poles to full rig of snowy sails in less than five minutes.

The Santa Maria might have been placed on the deck of the Shenandoah without adding perceptibly to her weight of cargo. She was a decked vessel, and while the Spanish historians do not deal in exact measurements they are so minute in details of her capacity that her size is known. Captain Gustavus W. Fox, after a very careful calculation, declares that her length was "68 feet over all and 57 feet along her keel," with 20 feet beam and 10½ feet in depth. Her crew consisted of fifty seamen, and in the list are found the names of one Englishman and one Irishman. It is really a pity that this list is not certainly authentic; it would be interesting to know the name of the first Irish emigrant to America. This historic vessel was wrecked on Christmas eve, 1492, on the coast of Hispaniola, a calamity due to the gross carelessness of the sailing master.

Small as she was, her consorts, the Pinta and the Nina, were considerably smaller, being mere barks, called caravels, without decks, unless the high prow and stern may be so called. In the



THE SHENANDOAH.

center such a vessel was absolutely open and in no respect superior to the fishing craft and other light coasting vessels of today. That men should have been willing to dare the passage of the stormy Atlantic in such craft gives us a high idea of their courage, and as a matter of fact only Columbus, Las Casas, the Pinzons and two or three other mad enthusiasts were willing. The crew consisted chiefly of desperate characters compelled to take the trip. Many were released from prison to go, and some had been condemned to death and volunteered as a bare chance for life.

Our astonishment is but slightly mitigated when we read that Columbus did not ask for large vessels, for there were many in the Spanish ports larger than these. He firmly believed that the voyage would be comparatively short and the sea where he was going always smooth, and he particularly requested such vessels as would enable him to run close in along the shores and sail up the rivers. On his third voyage, when he actually reached South America, he complained of the size of his vessel, which rendered coast exploration difficult.

The Spanish authorities declare that the Santa Maria of 1892 is an exact reproduction in every detail of that of 1492. It has the same old fashioned shape, the same primitive masts, rigging and sails, and even the same armament of falconets and mortars, halcords and arquebuses. The cabin of the commander is furnished in the style of the Fifteenth century, and its table is littered with maps, documents and nautical instruments of the period. Finally, its masthead are decorated with the royal standards of Castille and Leon, in exact imitation of the flags which Columbus planted in the New World on Oct. 12, 1492. The vessel is manned by an excellent crew, obtained from among the fishermen and sailors of Cadiz and San Fernando, and placed under the orders of a detachment of officers of the royal navy.

The opening of the Spanish fetes, on Aug. 3, the war vessels of all nations were at Huelva to salute the new Santa Maria on her first voyage down the river, and her entrance into the Bay of Cadiz was greeted by deafening salvos. As there was almost a dead calm, however, she had to be taken in tow by a gunboat, which marred the representation somewhat. Later, however, she sailed out beautifully on the route taken by Columbus, and returned to receive renewed salutes. At this naval congress of nations the fact was humorously commented on that Columbus took with him for interpreter a scholar who knew Latin, Greek, Hebrew, Arabic, Coptic and Armenian, a general holiday for this day in honor to the discoverer and their appreciation of the great achievements of the four completed centuries of American life.

Columbus stood in his age as the pioneer of progress and enlightenment. The system of universal education he is in our age the most prominent and salutary feature of the spirit of enlightenment, and it is peculiarly appropriate that the exercises be made by the people the center of the day's demonstration. Let the national flag float over every school house in the country, and the exercises be such as shall impress upon our youth the patriotic duties of American citizenship.

In the churches and in the other places of assembly of the people let there be expressions of gratitude to divine Providence for the devout faith of the discoverer, and for the divine care and guidance which have directed our history and so abundantly blessed our people.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 21st day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and seventeenth.

EDNA DEAN PROCTOR.

City of America on Oct. 21. The lyric is the result of months of labor, and will take permanent rank as one of the foremost poems ever written on America.

THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

He Recommends the General Observance of Columbus Day on Oct. 21.

Whereas, By a joint resolution, approved June 29, 1892, it was resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, "That the president of the United States be authorised and directed to issue a proclamation recommending to the people his observance in all their localities of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America, on the 21st of October, 1892, by public demonstrations and by suitable exercises in their schools and other places of assembly;"

Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, president of the United States of America, in pursuance of the aforesaid joint resolution, do hereby appoint Friday, Oct. 21, 1892, the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America by Columbus, as a general holiday for the people of the United States. On that day let the people so far as possible cease from toil and devote themselves to such exercises as may best express honor to the discoverer and their appreciation of the great achievements of the four completed centuries of American life.

Columbus stood in his age as the pioneer of progress and enlightenment. The system of universal education is in our age the most prominent and salutary feature of the spirit of enlightenment, and it is peculiarly appropriate that the day be made by the people the center of the day's demonstration. Let the national flag float over every school house in the country, and the exercises be such as shall impress upon our youth the patriotic duties of American citizenship.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 21st day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and seventeenth.

Benj Harrison

By the President: JOHN W. FOSTER, *Secretary of State.*

A HOSPITAL NURSE.

WHAT A WOMAN WHO DESIRES TO BECOME ONE SHOULD DO.

Application to the Superintendent of a Training School Is the First Step—The Period of Probation—Advantages for Young Women of Intelligence.

Many comprehensive and exhaustive articles appear from time to time on the life and work of trained hospital nurses, but as yet little has been said concerning their preliminary instruction, either practical or theoretical, and still this is not the least interesting phase of the nurse's career. Not so many years ago convalescing patients were of some service in their stronger moments, and some of these, having acquired a thoroughness of care and a practical efficiency, were employed as regular nurses.

Oftentimes there was an extreme scarcity in the number of nurses, and it is related that a tour of the "employment" offices of the city has been made, and the more respectable of the applicants for positions selected as assistants to the nurses. In time, when experience and intuitive knowledge of the art of caring for the sick had perfected their practical training, they were graduated into the ranks of nurses, and some of the more adept became head nurses and superintendents of nurses.

But this was an octave or more of years ago. This was during a regime when the supply was not nearly equal to the demand and when charitableness did not walk hand in hand with intelligence and culture. The training school for nurses, however, has at once and for all time put an end to the practical training only, and now the trained nurse is a mistress of theory, both surgical and medical. This is especially true of the City hospital. The training school at this institution is the largest in the country, and its popularity and recognized worth are attested by the 700 applicants for the forty vacant places of one year.

Until recently there were two methods of managing the nurses' training schools. There were corporative organizations, some of which were independent of, but the greater number attached to, some hospital having wards for the sick, and there were training schools combined under one management, generally the trustees or managing board of the hospital.

The Boston City Hospital Training school is controlled by the trustees of the hospital, like all other departments of the hospital service. The superintendent of the hospital has the general supervision of all matters relating to the school, its course of work and study, lectures and discipline.

The superintendent of nurses has the immediate charge of all the nursing in the hospital, of all nurses employed in the wards and also the instruction and management of the nurses in the training school. All female nurses in the hospital are connected with the school. This should for all time silence those who speak of the inability or want of care of the hospital nurses. At the present day there is no one, not even the regular physician, more alive to the emergencies and dangers of a situation than a professional or trained nurse. As a well known physician has said, "Professional nursing implies intelligence."

It will no doubt interest the public to know what the nurses of this school become from and what constitutes their method of training. In the first place the applicants are natives of every civilized country. The rich often apply in person, but the preliminary correspondence is usually carried on by letter. According to the prospectus of the school the most desirable age for candidates is from twenty-three to thirty-five years. They must be of sound health, and they should send with their application a certificate from a physician certifying to the fact. They should also send a brief personal history, and give the name and address of three responsible persons, not of their own kin, who know of their good character and capabilities.

Then a *letter is sent* to the applicant, in which she is requested to write a personal letter stating age, height, weight, health, strength, educational advantages, family history and still this is not the least interesting phase of the nurse's career. Not so many years ago convalescing patients were of some service in their stronger moments, and some of these, having acquired a thoroughness of care and a practical efficiency, were employed as regular nurses.

Oftentimes there was an extreme scarcity in the number of nurses, and it is related that a tour of the "employment" offices of the city has been made, and the more respectable of the applicants for positions selected as assistants to the nurses. In time, when experience and intuitive knowledge of the art of caring for the sick had perfected their practical training, they were graduated into the ranks of nurses, and some of the more adept became head nurses and superintendents of nurses.

But this was an octave or more of years ago. This was during a regime when the supply was not nearly equal to the demand and when charitableness did not walk hand in hand with intelligence and culture. The training school for nurses, however, has at once and for all time put an end to the practical training only, and now the trained nurse is a mistress of theory, both surgical and medical. This is especially true of the City hospital. The training school at this *institution is the largest* in the country, and its popularity and recognized worth are attested by the 700 applicants for the forty vacant places of one year.

Until recently there were two methods of managing the nurses' training schools. There were corporative organizations, some of which were independent of, but the greater number attached to, some hospital having wards for the sick, and there were training schools combined under one management, generally the trustees or managing board of the hospital.

The Boston City Hospital Training school is controlled by the trustees of the hospital, like all other departments of the hospital service. The superintendent of the hospital has the general supervision of all matters relating to the school, its course of work and study, lectures and discipline.

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It will no doubt interest the public to know what the nurses of this school become from and what constitutes their

Hotels.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS

Fine Livery Stable attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE,

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the traveling public.

City Hotel,

Corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine work repairing.

Agent for the celebrated "Farman" house heating boilers.

Beyond the Heat,

Above the Sweltering Plains,

Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight

AT MIZZEN PEAK!

Build Your House on Watching Mountains Against Summer, and Enjoy Existence.

Caretakers of

J. E. VAIL, 49 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WHO WILL BE PRESIDENT?

GUESS AGAIN!

Guess all you want to. Just now it is a subject for guessing. But when you want Carriages or Harness, Don't Guess. It is too risky. When you buy, your purchase should have not only quality, but reputation. And for an unexcelled variety of fine goods, the leading place is E. M. French's, 16, 18, 20 and 22 Somerset street.

$40 for ONE PAIR of Shoes,

if the shoes are made of leather, is a price out of all reason.

DOANE & EDSALL are selling Shoes for women, fine fitting, long wearing, different widths, at ONLY

Two Dollars a Pair.

Doane & Edsall, 22 West Front Street.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as

RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS,
PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC.
WINTER AND FALL BLANKS,

They also have a big stock of

PARLOR HEATERS,

New Styles. Very Cheap.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Legal Advertisements.

EXECUTORS' SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, Executors of and Trustees under the will of Thomas Stelle, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the second day of November next.

RANDOLPH M. STELLE,
FRANCIS S. MARSH,
Executors.

Dated August 24th, 1892. 8 26 9

ADMINISTRATOR OF EDWARD VAIL, DECEASED.

Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, Executors of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscribers under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscribers.

EDWARD F. RANDOLPH,
MAHLON N. VAIL,
Executors.

Dated June 28th, 1892. 7 14 9

Special Announcment

The opening of our Millinery Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly, will take place Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29th, 30th and Oct. 1st.

GRANITE IRON WARE.

We shall continue our Special Sale of this excellent ware another week. There is Everything that housekeepers want, and you only pay about half the regular price.

A COMBINATION BARGAIN.

2½ yards 60-in. Damask Table Linen, 50 1.25
2 fine Damask Towels, 25 .50
3 yards Extra Heavy Crash, 13 .39
Total, $2.14

You buy all these for $1.60. This is the best linen bargain ever offered.

FALL DRESS GOODS.

Special Attention is called to our new line of Fine Goods. 'Tis the finest assortment we have ever displayed, and our prices are right. That line of Storm Serges that we are selling for fifty cents will interest you.

White & VanArsdale

BEACH'S

Celebrated

PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

Also

HOME MADE White Bread. Gluten Bread. Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Crullers, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPE and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice

Any of the above articles delivered at your residence Order Puddings for Sunday dessert on or before Saturday morning.

M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!!

MADE AND LINED FREE.

A splendid assortment of Beautiful Styles to select from. Give your order now, and we will make them up and hold until wanted

Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, Poles, Art Squares, Smyrna Rugs, all at New York Prices.

SPECIAL "C" PRICES.

Elegant white embroidered Handkerchiefs, 19c; original price 25c. Fancy hemmed stitched Handkerchiefs 5c. Fancy Pearl 5 hook Kid Gloves, #1, warranted; usual price $1.25. *Embroidered silk Handkerchiefs*, 12c; worth 20c. *Our 5c. all silk gloves*, colored, 40c. A good 63c Corset for 50c. Good bleached muslin at 7c; worth 9c. Our 50c. Table Linen 42c. *Our 42c.* Table Linen 35c. Our 50c. colored bord. do. 40. Ladies' striped Hose 25c.; usual price 45c. Ladies' fast black Hose, 2 pair for 15c., worth 25c. Our 5-8 $1.25 Linen Napkins for 99c. A good white 0-4 Blanket, 79c; worth $1.

They are guaranteed especially attractive Bargains, and the quantities are limited. Come Quick and secure them before they are gone.

EDSALL'S.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!

After the use of

Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.

Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child

SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.

Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,

Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.

A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on

..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..
..Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks..

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

This Date in History—Sept. 22.

1499—Columbus, 400 years ago today, being then about 200 leagues west of the Canary Islands, observed the variation of the needle, the first recorded observation of this phenomenon. On the variation was nearly 6 degs. to the west of north, whereas the pilots were greatly alarmed at it. Columbus was agreed that the sailors should be kept in ignorance of the progress of the vessel.

1555—Stephen Dolet, of Orleans, strangled to the Spaniards.

1609—John Biddle, "Father of English Unitarianism," died in prison; he was prosecuted and imprisoned in turn by Presbyterians, Independents, Cromwell and the government of Charles II; born 1615.

1761—George III and his queen crowned at Westminster.

1776—Nathan Hale, "Martyr of Liberty," executed in New York city.

1835—Thomas Hart Benton, statesman, born in Whitehall, Va.; elected senator from Wisconsin in 1851 and 1857.

1862—Theodore Winthrop, soldier and author, born at New Haven; killed at Big Bethel, Va., June 10, 1861.

1865—Jefferson Davis issued his warning proclamation of emancipation, to take effect Jan. 1, 1863.

1889—Rapid rush into Oklahoma, the newly acquired lands being this day opened to settlement. S. V. White ("Deacon") & Co. Wall street operators.

The Line of Least Resistance.

His mother had called and found the young husband in tears.

"Why, what does this mean?" was her highly original remark.

"Just this," he wailed. "I have been basely deceived. I thought her everything angelic once, but I know better now. Oh, if you had only have seen her this morning charging around the house with her suspender husband in tears and howling like a maniac for her collar button you might appreciate my woe. To think that I have married a brute!"

And the disillusioned young man bowed his head in his hands and sought surcease of sorrow in sobs.—Indianapolis Journal.

Wanted a Small One.

Little Boy (enviously)—I wish I had a Bible like that.

Good Minister (with pocket edition)—Do you, my son, and why?

"I like that because it's such a tiny little one."

"And why do you want a little one?"

"Cause it won't take so long to read, of course."—Good News.

1892	September.					1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	6	4:06 p.m.	New Moon	20	8:16 p.m.
Third Quarter	13	7:50 a.m.	First Quarter	29	1:19 a.m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 301, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS J. VAN ALSTYNE, *Dictator.*
RALPH A. POST, *Reporter.*
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

FALL SHAPES

IN

DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis

5 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article.

A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,

to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

NEUMANN BROS.

BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

New Marble and Granite Works,

We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.

J. E. Townsend, Manager.

No. 30 SOMERSET STREET.

Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

THE PLACE TO BUY

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE

IS AT

MUSGRAVE'S,

27 Somerset street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box L. Telephone Call 63. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week. Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Republicans, Attention!

The Republican voters of the Fourth Ward, and all those who are interested in the election of Harrison and Reid, are requested to meet, in Republican Headquarters, on Front street, Friday evening, Sept. 23, at eight o'clock, to form a Fourth Ward Republican Club.

T. J. CAREY, } Committee.
J. C. MANCHESTER. }

Autumn Excursion

TO

MAUCH CHUNK, GLEN ONOKO,

and the

FAMED SWITCHBACK,

via Central Railroad of New Jersey.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24,

A special express train will leave Plainfield at 9.27 a. m.; returning arrive in city about 9 p. m.

Fare for round trip only $1.75; Switchback ticket at half rates if purchased on excursion train.

Tickets will be good to return on Sept. 25 or 26 on payment of $1 to agent at Mauch Chunk. 19 21 23

BREVITIES

—The September term of the Somerset court will open next Tuesday. The calendar bids fair to be a light one.

—The Jersey City Street and Water Commissioners took the preliminary step Wednesday toward securing a new supply of water for the city.

—William Kenney was arrested yesterday afternoon by Policeman Lynch for being drunk and disorderly and to-day sentenced to sixty days in the county jail.

—Henry Nischuitz an employee of French's mills, found a pocketbook containing $1.25. A lady soon claimed it and gave him a slight reward.

—A dozen members of the John Kean, Jr. Guards have ordered expensive Pioneer suits with large Shako hats. The rest of the guards will have less pretentious suits.

—The Presidential and Vice-Presidential candidates of each of the two great political parties will probably be present on the occasion of the dedication of the World's Fair, in Chicago next month.

—It is now being confidently asserted by those who have gathered knowledge from experience that the chances of there being any epidemic of cholera any where in this country this Fall or Winter are very remote indeed.—New Brunswick Home News.

—The horses used in "The Police Patrol" were originally used by the Chicago Police Department, and when they drew the patrol wagon for the Desplaines street station during the period of the anarchists troubles in that city.

—A large pane of plate glass size 86x108 inches is being put in the window of the Dime Savings Institution by the New York Plate Glass Insurance Co. to replace the previous one which was mysteriously broken one night about a month ago.

—The Cleveland & Stevenson Democratic Club held meeting in their rooms last evening, and appointed Mayor Saunders, R. Lewissen and Levi Lane a committee to purchase a banner, and make arrangements for a mass meeting, and banner raising. As usual, there was a row.

—The New Brunswick Home Newssays: We are indebted to W. D. Horne, Ph. D., the chemist of this city, for an analysis of the city water. The result is reassuring, because it shows that the water can be freely used for drinking and domestic purposes without suspicion of harm. The public will thank Prof. Horne for voluntarily and gratuitously making the analysis.

—The Forepaugh Circus trains arrived at 6.30 o'clock this morning. When near Singing Springs, Pa., enroute for this city, one of the cars left the rails and two cages, one containing a large bear and the other several antelopes, rolled down an embankment. The cages remained intact and the animals sustained only a few bruises. Another car was wrecked at Raritan.

—The expert accountants who two months ago examined the books of city officials, when making their report to the mayor, remarked that the street commissioner had the best kept set of books of any city official. He is the only street commissioner who has ever kept a set of books recording his work, and was not required to do so. He has a separate ledger account with every street and can tell at a moment's notice any item of expenditure, no matter how small, and always knows where his men are at work, when they begin, and when they leave.

—For Sousa's new Marine Band over 300 applications were sent in, many of them coming from persons prominent in some of the greatest bands in Europe. A director of Sousa's fame and the standing of Manager Rhodes will naturally draw the highest class of artists to the new organization. To select 50 of the very best out of 300 prime artists is a no small task for Sousa to perform, but he finally accomplished and got the best. The musical board directed by Sousa, Mlle. Marcella Lindhand Sig. Galassi, baritone,will appear in the grand concert at Stillman Music Hall next Monday evening.

An Unneighborly Neighbor Blamed.

Mr. David Lowrie of Dunellen had about twenty-five chickens poisoned one day last week by a mixture of strychnine and chopped pigeon liver in the garden adjoining his farm, a few feet from the line fence. The chickens ate the food and shortly after dropped dead. Mr. Lowrie says he is positive that the poison was placed near his fence by a neighbor who has not been on very pleasant terms with his family.

The Jewish New Year.

The year 5,653 of the Jewish calendar began Wednesday evening. Orthodox Hebrews will celebrate the new year by keeping festival until Friday night. As the new year comes down in every quarter of the globe turn their faces to the East, give thanks for past mercies, and ask the divine blessing for the coming year. The chief celebration was in the synagogue to-day.

Struck by a Passenger Train.

A young man, about seventeen years old, from Flemington, had his left leg cut off below the knee by a passenger train at the Somerville station at 12.30 o'clock to-day. He had been jumping on and off a freight train, and not seeing the passenger train jumped in front of it and was struck.

WHEN A CIRCUS COMES.

BROTHER HAYSEED AND THE SMALL BOY HAVE A GAY TIME.

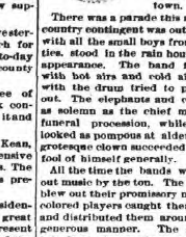
Crowds Stand Hours in the Rain Awaiting the Parade—The Usual Fun-Making, Animals, Music and Noisy Calliope.

NAKES, lions, glitter and boom! Our friend Hayseed and the small boy are in clover. Why? The circus has come to town.

There was a parade this morning. The country contingent was out in force, and, with all the small boys from three counties, stood in the rain hours waiting its appearance. The band filled the air with hot airs and cold airs. The man with the drum tried to pound its life out. The elephants and camels looked as solemn as the chief mourners in a funeral procession, while the riders looked as pompous at aldermen and the grotesque clown succeeded in making a fool of himself generally.

All the time the bands were grinding out music by the ton. The white player blew out their promissory notes and the colored players caught them on the fly and distributed them around in a very generous manner. The strains went into drug stores, through banks, rambled into lawyer's offices, climbed church steeples and then went into the hotels to rest. The small boys yelled and friend Hayseed looked on in open-mouthed wonder.

This afternoon and to-night they will go to the circus tent, get a front seat and in trying to watch both rings at one time will become so cross-eyed for two or three days that they can't tell a bicycle from a yellow dog.



Everyone who can will take in the circus. There may be the same old clown and jokes as in the misty past to make the people laugh, the daring horse back ride in the thrilling bare-back act may contort on a padded stand the stars of a small skating rink, while the fiery steed is going at the rate of a mile in twenty-three and a half minutes—but, it's fun! The gray-bearded patriarch will go with his descendants on the thread-bare excuse that "Jonnnie wanted to see it."

The small boy will go somehow, even if it is alone. The peanut man and the fakirs will clamor and yell and friend Hayseed and the small boy will be in the seventh heaven of delight for a few short hours. Then the circus will come every day, and Forepaugh's is a good one and the tents are water-proof.

AGAIN WITHOUT A PASTOR.

The Illness of Rev. Mr. Miller's Wife Causes His Withdrawal.

The Directors of the First Presbyterian church received word yesterday from their pastor-elect, the Rev. Henry T. Miller, of Chicago, that Mrs. Miller's illness has taken a more serious form and her physicians insist upon her immediate removal to California. This being the case Mr. Miller withdraws his acceptance of the call of the church, and requests that his furniture, which had been forwarded to this city, be returned to Chicago. Mr. Miller expected to commence his work in Plainfield last Sunday, but was called back to Chicago while on his way here, to arrange for the disposition of his own behalf and for the First Presbyterian church, which is again without a pastor.

A Joke on Chief Grant.

In the circus parade this morning was a clown dressed up to imitate a farmer. He drove about in an old buck-board wagon in which were a few empty milk cans labeled "Butter milk fresh from the cow." He rang an old cow-bell and shouted his wares. Chief of Police Grant saw him driving about in the rear of the parade, and thinking him a genuine farmer made him get one side and wait until the parade had passed. The joke was enjoyed immensely by the clown and the onlookers, but Chief Grant took the matter in all seriousness.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Edward Munday of North Plainfield starts for Red Bank Monday where he has accepted a permanent position.

Messrs. Charles Smith and Nief Apgar, the well known crack shots of this city, will take part in the Peekskill Gun Club's Tournament to be held in Peekskill on the three last days of next week.

LOCAL WATER SUPPLY.

CORPORATIONS CONTROLLING THE SAME IN UNION COUNTY.

Extracts from the Charters of the Three Original Companies and Explanations of their Purport.—Plainfield May Yet Supply Water for all the County.

There are in Union county three chartered water companies. The oldest one is called the "Elizabethtown Water Company," by act passed in 1854, and supplement passed in 1870. No. 2, "The Plainfield Water Supply Company," was chartered in 1869. No. 3, the "Union Water Company," 1870. In order that the powers of these charters may be generally understood, quotations are here made from each.

The Elizabethtown act says: "The said Company are hereby authorized and empowered to do any and all lawful acts necessary and expedient to procure water for the domestic and public uses of the citizens of the City of Elizabeth, and places adjacent thereto; and it shall be lawful for the said company, by its officers, agents, or contractors, to enter upon and hold the same for reservoirs, conduits and all other purposes necessary for the works hereby contemplated, and to take and use such water as they may need, subject to the provisions in law now in force or hereafter provided."

The Plainfield charter, Section 6, reads: "That the said Water Supply Company are hereby authorized and empowered to take water from any lake, pond, stream or spring within the county of Union or adjoining counties, except that the rights of owners damaged thereby be legally obtained or paid for, as herein after provided, and to store and convey such waters by means of acqueducts, pipes, mains, reservoirs and other appliances, through the lands, streets and roads of the town or village of Plainfield and adjoining towns, and also to take and hold any land or other property, and to exercise any powers not inconsistent with the laws in force relative for carrying into full effect the purposes of this act.

The Union Water Company, Section 8, reads thus: "That to enable the said corporation hereby created to exercise and carry into effect the object and purposes thereof, they are hereby authorized and empowered to take and use the water from the Rahway river, at or near Crauford, in the county of Union."

Section 7 reads as follows: "That if the water now contemplated to be used by the said Corporation for the purpose aforesaid, shall, by reason of the increased demand thereof, be insufficient to supply the demand, it shall be lawful for the said Corporation, and they are hereby empowered, to procure an additional supply of water from other sources, etc."

Section 5 reads as follows: "That if any person shall * * * * * * or shall wilfully cause to be cast or cause to put into the reservoir or any of the works or structures of said Corporation, or into the Rahway river, or any source for which the said Corporation shall take water for the purpose authorized by this act of injurious matter, anything that may render, or is calculated or liable to render, the said water offensive, impure or unwholesome, the person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and being thereof convicted shall be punished by fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or imprisonment in the County Jail not exceeding six months, or both, provided such criminal prosecution shall not in anywise impair the right of action for damages which the said Corporation are hereby authorized to bring an action and recover for damages by reason of, or for any such injury aforesaid, by and in the name of the said Corporation, in any court in this State having jurisdiction of the same."

It appears that the privileges conferred by the several charters above referred to are substantially the same except as relates to the Rahway river.

The Elizabethtown charter provides for the taking of water from any source "doing no unnecessary damage to private property," and "subject to such compensation as is hereinafter provided."

The Plainfield charter authorizes the taking of water from any source "except the Rahway river."

The Union Water Company charter gives authority to take and use the water from the Rahway river at or near Crauford.

Until its charter the Plainfield Water Company may erect its pumping station stand pipes and such other appurtenances as may be necessary to obtain a water supply, and having secured these, it may proceed to lay its pipes looking to the distribution of its water within the territory limited by its charter, to wit: In Plainfield and adjoining townships.

At the time of granting this charter the adjoining town was Westfield.

The Company acting in concert can control water privileges sufficiently for distributive purposes from Dunellen to Fanwood.

Such charters as we are now considering contemplate that the profits shall be derived solely from tolls collected from the use of the distributing pipes.

The Union Water Company, of all the three companies, is the only one, and the only one that by the express provisions of its charter is permitted, to get its supply from the Rahway river.

The charter of the Union Water Company not only gives authority to take and use the water of the Rahway river, but makes it a condition precedent to getting water from any other source, that additional water from said river, and from the source contemplated be not sufficient.

It is a dangerous charter if the river is of any benefit to the town. Those possessing the charter can prevent other companies having land in the river, and cause the removal of those already laid to it.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Republican Committees.

The Republican Campaign Central Committee of Plainfield, N. J., for 1892, Hon. John Ulrich, chairman; Ernest R. Ackerman, Vice-president; Joseph B. Coward, secretary; J. Fred MacDonald, treasurer; and in the Republican Association rooms last evening and appointed the following committees:

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

First Ward—J. Fred MacDonald, Joseph B. Coward, Dr. O. L. Jenkins.
Second Ward—William R. Codington, G. Arthur Bayuon, Hon. John Ulrich.
Third Ward—Ernest R. Ackerman, William T. Kirk, John W. Murray, Jr.
Fourth Ward—Fred G. Lounsbury, John C. Manchester, Tunis J. Carey.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

First Ward—William G. E. See, Robert A. Meeker, William Northrup.
Second Ward—Stephen A. Gleim, Charles B. Corwin, Geo. D. Patten.
Third Ward—Elias R. Pope, Charles J. Fisk, Edward L. Finch.
Fourth Ward—Edward B. Clark, E. Wood Titsworth, Townsend Rushmore.

SUB COMMITTEES.

Under resolution of General Committee the chairman of the Executive Committee is a member ex-officio of all committees.

Committee on Ways and Means—J. F. MacDonald, E. R. Pope, C. B. Corwin, J. C. Manchester.

Committee on Public Meetings—J. B. Coward, G. D Patten, T. J. Carey, J. W. Murray, Jr.

Committee on Public Speakers—E. R. Ackerman, W. G. E. See, C. A. Baynon, T. Rushmore.

Committee on Nominations for Officers of Public Meetings—C. B. Corwin, Dr. O. L. Jenkins, E. B. Clark.

Reception Committee—E. R. Ackerman, W. R. Codington, Dr. O. L. Jenkins, E. B. Clark.

Committee on Clubs—W. G. E. See, C. A. Baynon, W. T. Kirk, T. Rushmore.

Finance Committee.—W. T. Kirk, T. Rushmore, W. G. E. See.

Committee on Registration and Naturalization—E. R. Pope, T. J. Carey, J. B. Coward, George D. Patten.

Committee on Printing—T. J. Carey, C. A. Baynon, R. A. Meeker, E. R. Pope.

Committee on Rooms—J. F. MacDonald, J. W. Murray, Jr., W. R. Codington, J. C. Manchester.

Committee on Campaign Literature—Dr. O. L. Jenkins, E. L. Finch, S. A. Ginna, F. C. Lounsbury.

Committee on Fireworks I. Rushmore, J. W. Murray, Jr., C. A. Baynon, Dr. O. L. Jenkins.

Committee on Music and Glee Club—W. R. Codington, R. A. Meeker, E. L. Finch, E. W. Titsworth.

Committee on Bonfire (Boom)—J. B. Coward, W. R. Codington, C. J. Fisk, I. Rushmore.

These committees will take charge and push the many branches of campaign work.

Republican Club Matters.

The Wheelmen's Division of the Republican Association held a meeting at the Crescent Rink last evening to select a club uniform, and talk over means of paying for same. About forty members were present. The uniform selected consists of a white helmet with torch, a white Norfolk jacket with blue plaits, and white leggings. The suits will cost $2.50 each. Robert Meeker was appointed to wait upon the City Executive Committee for aid sak for city uniforms. The cost will be $150, and the members will raise $60 and the Executive Committee will pay the balance.

There are eighty-two active members in the club.

The next meeting will be held on Tuesday evening when the uniforms will be on hand for a full dress drill. When parading, the wheelmen's commands will be given by bugle.

There will be another big mass meeting in the rink on Thursday evening, October 5, and probably a big out-door torch-light parade on the same evening, in which visiting clubs are expected to take part.

The John Kean, Jr., Guards held a drill in the rink last evening. They have petitioned the Executive Committee for very elaborate uniforms to cost $5.50 each. The Guards will meet in the rink every Friday.

After October 6, there will be mass meetings in the rink every Thursday evening.

THE READING DEAL TO BE LEGALIZED.

If the Democrats win Control of the State Again.

Some results of the trip abroad of President George B. Roberts of the Pennsylvania Railroad come to the surface. It is said that as a direct outcome Mr. Roberts had a long and earnest conference with President McLeod of the Reading system, in his Philadelphia office, which has brought about peace between the two companies. It comes from trustworthy sources that the English shareholders of the Pennsylvania agreed to support President Roberts with the distinct understanding that the company should stop fighting and roll up more dividends.

The conference between the heads of the two corporations as a consequence resulted in an agreement that all the pending suits against the coal combine should be withdrawn, and that Pennsylvania shall be supplied with a million tons of coal each year. The supply, it is understood, is to be drawn from the Jersey Central allotment. Under this plan of peace, it is further stated that Reading will abandon its plan to New Jersey and get a legalizing statute for the lease of the Jersey Central.

Pronounced Genuine Asiatic Cholera.

The *Newark Evening News* in a despatch from New Brunswick says: Dr. H. R. Baldwin, president of the Board of Health, has received the bacteriological report of Dr. Edson of New York in the case of James Carr. It declares that his death was clearly from Asiatic cholera. No additional cases have broken out in this city.

Dr. Baldwin says: "There is no cholera in New Brunswick."

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Crushed and Killed by a Panic-Stricken Crowd.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23, (Special.)—Fire and panic caused an appalling catastrophe this morning at 27 Ludlow street.

Four women are known to have been killed and a dozen or more other persons so seriously injured by being trampled upon by a fear-maddened crowd that some of them will probably die.

The building where this horror took place is now principally occupied as a temporary meeting place for Jewish congregations, who are now celebrating the religious feasts of Rosh Hashonah, the Jewish New Year.

A Train Delayed for Two Hours by Frogs.

LITTLE FALLS, Minn., Sept. 23—(Special)—A pest of frogs has come about this town.

For days the streets and sidewalks have been covered with them. A train on the Little Falls & Dakota road was delayed two hours on account of them. The frogs are so thick on the track that hundreds are crushed, and the rails become slippery. The reptiles are all hopping in a north westerly direction.

Zimmerman Out Done.

INDEPENDENCE, Ia., Sept. 23. (Special.)—The cyclone cyclist, Johnson, beat the world's flying start mile record here, doing the trick in the wonderful time of 1.56 5-5 before an immense audience.

A Large Male Chorus Formed Last Night.

"The Mendelssohn Male Chorus" was organized last evening in the First Baptist church Sunday school room. The following officers were elected:

President—E. C. Pease.
Secretary—E. S. Hunt.
Treasurer—W. H. Henderson.
Director—Wm. McClymont.

The chorus numbers about twenty-five, divided as follows:

First Tenors—G. O. Stevens, J. D. Moore, E. B. Reder, L. L. Bond, Henry Williams, Wm. M. Miner, W. F. Smith.
Second Tenor—W. O. Chapman, E. Roe, M. D. VanArsdale, W. P. Henderson, E. C. Pease.
First Bass—E. S. Hunt, Geo. Westervelt, Oscar Sorrell, Harry Williams, W. B. Gilbert, Charles Anderson.
Second Bass—W. G. Pitman, B. T. Berry, F. Custer, C. Eggleston, J. A. Cran.

The first rehearsal will be next Thursday evening in the First Baptist church, when there will begin practice on a cantata, entitled "The Desert" by F. David.

They will rehearse every Thursday evening, and give two concerts during the Winter. The first is to be in December.

Application for membership may be sent to the secretary or musical director.

Y. M. C. A. Winter Classes.

The Educational Department of the Young Men's Christian Association will open for the season of 1892-3 on October 4th. On that evening there will be a general meeting to which all young men who desire to enter any of the classes in such subjects as mechanical drawing, bookkeeping, shorthand and singing, are cordially invited to come. There will be a fine address by the Rev. Charles R. Mitchell, and afterwards an opportunity will be given for enrollment in all the classes.

Let every young man who would like to improve his position in life, go to the association rooms that evening. He will be cordially welcomed, and told the advantages of each class explained to him.

W. C. T. U.

A World's Woman's Christian Temperance Union meeting was held in the W. C. T. U. rooms yesterday. After devotional exercises led by the president, Mrs. Tomlinson, Mrs. Fornald read a letter from Miss Willard, the world's W. C. T. U. president. A solo entitled, "Some Glad Day" was most impressively sung by Mrs. W. D. Patton. Miss Mair read a selection from the "Union Signal." Delegates to the State Convention were elected, and a resolution was adopted to hold memorial services in honor of a lamented associate, and co-worker, the late Mrs. Helen M. Eaton, on Sunday, October 2d.

—Mr. Musgrave is making a specialty of stoves. See advertisement.

—Don't fail to read the bargains offered by the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association to-day.

After all, this is the best test—

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Is it a perfect food for everybody? It is.

Stoves! Stoves!

at

MUSGRAVE'S

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE STORE

35 and 37 Somerset street.

United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association

LEADING CASH GROCERS,

29 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

SELL GOODS CHEAPER THAN YOU CAN BUY THEM ELSEWHERE.

5 gals. Best Kerosene Oil, 150 test, and can, 90c. Fine Dairy Butter, 25c.
5 " " " " 85c. New Crop Teas, (all kinds), 35c lb.
1 " " " " and can, 25c. Choice Rio Coffee, 20c lb.
1 " " " " 20c. Sweet Potatoes, 50c basket. (15 quarts).
Granulated Sugar, 5½c lb. Mason's Fruit Jars, (1 qua t) 65c. doz.
Cut and Powdered Sugar, 5½c lb.

If you want a very nice fat 14 colored, we have them, 11c. lb.

Headquarters for Fruits and Vegetables

OF ALL KINDS.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, Sole Lessee and Manager.

A. Y. PEARSON'S BIG REALISTIC PRODUCTION, With its Wealth of Scenery and Realistic Features,

THE POLICE PATROL,

Presented precisely in every detail just as advertised.

Wednesday Evening, September 28th.

The Great Police Station Scene. Haymarket Square, Chicago, at Night. The Great Patrol Wagon. The Terrible Struggle. The Alarm and Quick Glitch. The White Patrol. Positively the Grandest Production of the age.

Cent-a-Word Column.

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK.—But a few left of those lots at $50. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COMPETENT woman wants work by the day. Laundry work or cleaning. Address "B. C.," Plainfield P. O. 22 3

A RESPECTABLE widow wants situation to take care of children and do light housework. Call at 67 West Second street. 22 3

WANTED—A situation for cook or laundress. Apply to 17 Lake street. 20-3

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK—But a few left of those lots at $50. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

HELP WANTED.

BOY wanted in grocery store in Scotch Plains. T Cleaver. 21 3

WANTED—A German teacher for a class of pupils. To meet once a week. Address application, giving all particulars, to C. Feltar, 247 West Third street, Plainfield, N. J. 22 3*

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK—But a few left of those lots at $50. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—A fine new dwelling on Richmond street, has been recently papered and painted. Has all modern improvements and will be rented for $25 per month until spring. Address "H. D. M." care of EVENING NEWS. 17-tf

TO RENT—Furnished or unfurnished house with all conveniences, handsomely finished in hard wood. Perfect order. 7 rooms, stable, grounds, ten minutes walk from station. Moderate rent. 146 East Front street. 20 3

UNFURNISHED house to let. Dr. Boone 81 Front street. 20 2w

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK—But a few left of those lots at $50. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

FOR SALE.

COLUMBIA Century bicycle for sale, almost new. Apply April, Address "Rover," care of EVENING NEWS. 20 6

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—The large building, 81 and 83 Somerset street. For particulars inquire on the premises. 9-20-tf

FOR SALE.—One curtain Rockaway. Can be seen at J. F. Homan's carriage factory, 39 and 31 Somerset street. 22 2

FOR SALE—A good milk route. Will be sold cheap. Address "M," care of EVENING NEWS. 22 3

FLOUR AND FEED at low prices. L. Heyniger, 81 and 83 Somerset street. 9-20-tf

WINDMILL for sale, with Iowa Pump, tower, etc., for one-tenth its cost. P. H. Pitts, 134 Central avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 16 10

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK—But a few left of those lots at $50. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

MISCELLANEOUS.

A NORTH German lady desires pupils, either beginners or advanced, for the study of the German language. Apply to or address, Miss M. C., 36 Myrtle avenue, Plainfield. 20-4

FRUIT canned to order. Empty glass cans or only 40c per dozen in exchange. Address Box 193, Dunellen, N. J. 22 2

LESSONS given on the piano to beginners. Terms $6. Address P. O. Box 772. 17 3

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Incorporated 1891; number of students during 1891-92, 381. Largest law school in the United States giving one year's night school of instruction. Degree of LL.B. given after two years' course. Graduate course now added. Tuition fee, $100. Session Oct. 3, 1892, to May 31, 1893. George Chase, Dean. 9 6 9m eod*

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 East Second street. 20 3m

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 20tf

WANTED TO BUY—A 50x180 feet lot, size. Address "Builder," care of EVENING NEWS. 23 3

YOUNG lady wants furnished room; down stairs preferred. 83 East Front street. 23 3

Stillman Music Hall!

Musical Event Extraordinary!

MONDAY EVENING,

SEPTEMBER 26th.

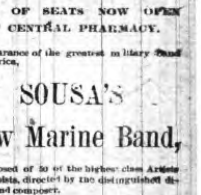
SALE OF SEATS NOW OPEN AT CENTRAL PHARMACY.

Appearance of the greatest musician and bandmaster in America,

SOUSA'S

New Marine Band,

Composed of 50 of the highest class Artists and Soloists, directed by the distinguished director and composer,



JOHN PHILIP SOUSA.

Recently resigned from the United States Marine Corps for the expr ss purpose of taking charge of this great enterprise.

A Military Band Without a Rival.

En tour to appear at the World's Fair Dedicatory Ceremonies at Chicago. At this brilliant Military Concert will appear two famous vocalists.

Mlle. Marcella Lindh,

SOPRANO;

Sig. Antonio Galassi,

BARITONE.

Both of highest operatic fame in America and Europe.

PRICES—$1, 75c. and 50c.

THE BLAKELY SYNDICATE.
Mr. D. Blakely, Manager

Special Announcement

The opening of our Millinery Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly, will take place Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29th, 30th and Oct. 1st.

GRANITE IRON WARE.

We shall continue our Special Sale of this excellent ware for a few days longer. Everything that housekeepers want, and you only pay about half the regular price.

A COMBINATION BARGAIN.

2½ yards 60-in. Damask Table Linen, 50 1.25
½ dz. Damask Towels, 25 .50
3 yards Extra Heavy Crash, 12 .39

Total, $2.14

You buy all these for $1.60. This is the best linen bargain ever offered.

FALL DRESS GOODS.

Special Attention is called to our new line of Dress Goods. 'Tis the finest assortment we have ever displayed, and our prices are right. That line of Storm Serges that we are selling for fifty cents will interest you.

White & VanArsdale

EDITORIAL NOTES

A man named Boston Corbett killed Wilkes Booth in 1865. In 1892 another Corbett whips the man from Boston and gains as great fame as the first Corbett did.

If the world had too much cotton last year, what will it do this year with an increase of 15 per cent. in the cotton crops of Egypt and an increase of over 300,000 bales in America?

Pennsylvania appropriates $6,000,000 a year for her excellent public schools. Meantime the labor troubles at Homestead, which began early in July, will cost the state not less than $325,000.

Congressman Oates, in The North American Review, calls attention to the fact that the best paid skilled workmen at the Homestead mills received as much as $280 a month, and large numbers of the skilled laborers got $200 a month. Common laborers got fourteen cents an hour.

The cremation at Swinburne Island—one of the quarantine islands—of the bodies of those who died of cholera on the ships in New York harbor will meet the approval of every intelligent man. It is not a pleasant subject to think about or write about, but it is not unknown that corpses buried at sea are devoured by fish. If the pestilential corpses had been brought to land and buried, infection would have been almost sure to follow if they had been conveyed far out to sea and thrown overboard, they might have been washed ashore or been devoured by food fishes. Either contingency is sickening enough to contemplate.

Municipal Gas Works.

Skipping over the "Spectro-Heliograph in Astro-Physical Observations," also the book which will contain forty chemical titles in twenty-four languages, we come to a part of the deliberations of the Rochester scientific congress in which the public is much interested. A paper was read by Professor Edward W. Bemis on the ownership of gas works by cities themselves instead of by private corporations.

The professor finds that facts are wholly in favor of municipal ownership. Public sentiment has now set so powerfully in favor of honesty and economy in government offices that it seems entirely wise and safe for towns and cities to take on themselves the ownership and operating of the gas works. Professor Bemis finds that nearly all the chief cities in Virginia, that fine old Democratic stronghold, own their gas works and operate them. Many other cities, particularly in the west, do the same and like the plan better the longer they try it. The professor's paper further made the statement that where municipal ownership had been tried most of the cities had already paid for gas works out and out from the net earnings. Some have been so favored by improving with the system that they have gone further and erected municipal electric light plants for the streets and for public buildings desiring this illuminant.

American Grandees.

If our American aristocracy is one of wealth then some figures published by the New York Tribune will show how many members of the nobility we have in our republic. According to The Tribune estimate there are 4,047 persons in the country worth from $1,000,000 anywhere up to $10,000,000. The further statement that 1,103 of these American aristocrats live in New York city will surprise nobody. The Tribune calls its pamphlet containing the millionaire information the "American Peerage." The south, one is sorry to see, has very few people belonging to the new aristocracy. All the southern states together have only 186 of our American lords. The Christian Union calls attention to the fact that the real estate of New York city alone is worth "as much as all the real estate between the Potomac and the Rio Grande." The Tribune adds further to this the information that the millionaires of New York city could buy up all the property in the former slave states.

Texas, the whooping young state of the southwest, has the most millionaires of any southern state—they number barely forty-seven. Mississippi has only two, North Carolina nine, and the richest of these owns no more than $6,000,000, which is not much of a fortune as fortunes are reckoned now. Still it would make one feel comfortable against rent day. There is one state in the Union which enjoys what under the circumstances is as good a distinction as that of being a poor man in congress—she has not a single millionaire. That is South Dakota. But the way her citizens are hustling she will not long be thus distinguished.

One notable example of a whole community of millionaires has been passed over by the writers and everybody but the census takers. These are the Economites in western Pennsylvania. Thirty-five old people of this community own property estimated as worth as high as $40,000,000, nearly all accumulated by agriculture, particularly the sale of wine and cider. The quality which gave the community its name has added greatly to the united wealth. All this vast property is practically controlled by the "Spectro-Heliograph in Astro-Physical Observations," also the book which will contain forty chemical titles in twenty-four languages, we come to a part of the deliberations of the Rochester scientific congress in which the public is much interested. A paper was read by Professor Edward W. Bemis on the ownership of gas works by cities themselves instead of by private corporations.

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WEISSERT IN COMMAND

Unanimously Elected Palmer's Successor in the G. A. R.

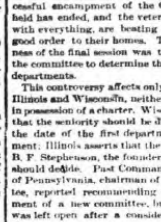
LINCOLN REFUSED TO OPPOSE HIM.

The Most Successful Encampment Ever Held Comes to an End—The Color Question Was Not Brought Up—The Life Membership Question in State Quo.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The most successful encampment of the G. A. R. ever held has ended, and the veterans, satisfied with everything, are beating a retreat in good order to their homes. The first business of the final session was the report of the committee to determine the seniority of departments.

This controversy affects only the states of Illinois and Wisconsin, neither of which is in possession of a charter. Wisconsin claims that the seniority should be determined by the date of the first department encampment; Illinois asserts that the statement of B. F. Stephenson, the founder of the order, should decide. Past Commander Wagner, of Pennsylvania, chairman of the committee, reported recommending the appointment of a committee to confer, but the matter was left open after a considerable discussion.

The report of the committee to which was referred the adjutant general's report was presented. The report recommended the adoption of the adjutant general's recommendations that the installing officer of a post should make the *annual inspection* and that the per capita tax for grand encampment purposes be increased to 2 cents. Then came the report of the committee on rules and regulations, making a number of recommendations upon requests for changes submitted by various departments. The committee reported adversely upon the suggestion from the Department of Arkansas to change the regulation defining the right to wear the emblem of the G. A. R., and the requests of the Departments of Missouri, Oregon and of the Potomac that "no person be entitled to wear the badge or button of the G. A. R. unless a member in good standing in the G. A. R." was approved.



A. G. WEISSERT.

The committee reported adversely upon the recommendation of the adjutant general that the rules and regulations be revised, which was adopted.

Palmer's Actions Approved.

In connection with this report the question of abolishing life memberships in the national encampment came up. The Department of Ohio recommended that past national and state commanders be given seats as honorary members without votes. The majority of the committee reported adversely upon this proposition, and the report stated that Comrade Phillips, of Ohio, "under instructions from his department, dissented from the views of the majority." It had been expected that this question would cause a considerable discussion, but the position of the Ohio department found few supporters. The report of the committee was adopted by an overwhelming majority on a rising vote, there being less than twenty in opposition outside of Ohio.

Past Commander in Chief John P. Rea, of Minnesota, from the committee on the commander in chief's address, reported heartily commending the patriotic sentiments and spirit of devotion so eloquently expressed in the address of the officer.

It would be well in the judgment of the committee to have it read in every post of the land. While it regretted certain publications, the committee was unable to see how the commander in chief, having the records of the Department of Louisiana and Mississippi before him, and a due regard to the honor of the G. A. R., could have taken any other action, and his heroic measures are approved. The committee also approved the recommendation that a receptacle be appointed in the Grant tomb at New York for the roster of the G. A. R. In addition it suggested that the encampment cause to be prepared a suitable testimonial to the retiring commander in chief (General Palmer) in recognition of his service. All of the findings and recommendations of the committee were accepted by the encampment.

The Color Question Ignored.

The very emphatic indorsement given Commander in Chief Palmer by the committee, and the decisive vote by which the recommendations of the committee were approved, apparently gave a quietus to the reported determination of some delegates *to offer a resolution censuring him on account* of the Louisiana and Mississippi case. At least no such resolution appeared and the color line question was ignored.

The report of the committee on the report of the judge advocate general was submitted, and as it approved all of his decisions it was adopted without question.

Delegate Milner, of Kansas, from the committee on teaching patriotism in the public schools, reported recommending that the commander in chief issue a circular requesting teachers in all schools to set apart the first day of each school year for inculcating the principles of patriotism.

After some discussion the report was approved, with an amendment that the circular of the commander in chief ask for one day's exercise in the year, leaving the teachers free to select the date.

Past Commander in Chief Beath, of Pennsylvania, reported from the committee on the Grant memorial that a contract had been made with Franklin Simmons, the American sculptor in Rome, for a marble statute of Grant, the cost to be covered by the city of Washington at a cost of $9,000.

Before proceeding with the election of officers Junior Vice Commander T. S. Clarkson, of Omaha, on behalf of the entire membership of the G. A. R. in the United States, presented to Past Commander in Chief General Wheelock Veazey a *striking oil painting* of himself incased in a handsome gilt frame. The response from Comrade Veazey was very touching and appreciative.

Weissert Elected.

Next came the election of officers. When the order was announced Colonel S. P. Lincoln, of the Department of the Potomac, who had been prominently named as a candidate for the office of commander in chief, addressed the encampment, withdrawing the name as a candidate. He said that he had assurances from over 400 of the 600 delegates present that they would support him, but he thought he had a right to aspire to the position. But recognizing the sentiment of the encampment in favor of General Weissert, he was perfectly willing to step aside, and he asked that the election of General Weissert be made unanimous. Colonel Lincoln said that he was not a believer in the "sliding scale," and his name *would not be used in connection with the* office of senior vice commander.

Past Commander Kimball, of Massachusetts, moved that General Weissert be declared elected by acclamation, but that was declared out of order. General Weissert was then formally placed in nomination by Benjamin F. Bryant, of La Crosse, past commander of the Department of Wisconsin, performed the same service for General Weissert at the encampment at Detroit last year. General S. H. Hurst, of Ohio, was also named for the position, and the roll call was begun. Before it had proceeded very far, however, the name of General Hurst was withdrawn, whereupon General Weissert's election was made by acclamation. The general came forward and returned his thanks to the encampment for the honor bestowed upon him.

The election of a senior vice commander brought into prominent view the factional fight that has raged within the ranks of the Department of the Potomac for the past year. In this controversy were involved the continuance of life membership in the national encampment, the troubles of the Woman's Relief corps in the department, and *incidentally the continued existence* of the custom by which the office of senior vice commander was given by courtesy to the department entertaining the national encampment.

Colonel Lincoln's friends favored the abolition of the latter custom, and the friends of Captain J. M. Pipes, who had secured from the department an instruction to the delegates to support him for the position of senior vice commander, desired its continuance. The Lincoln forces were led by General S. S. Burdett, past commander in chief, while the Pipes men had Commander Wagner as their leader.

A Precedent Gone to Smash.

The controversy waxed so warm on the floor of the encampment, and there seemed to be such little possibility of an agreement, that Past Commander Wagner, of Pennsylvania, moved that R. H. Warfield, of San Francisco, be elected senior vice commander. The motion was seconded by Colonel Lincoln and by Captain Pipes, and the latter stating that he had been indorsed for the position by a majority of the encampment to which he belonged, Past Commander Wagner's motion was adopted and Warfield declared elected senior vice commander. This breaks a line of precedents extending over a period of ten years.

For the office of junior vice commander Peter B. Ayars, of Wilmington, Del., received 349 out of the 649 Votes cast and was elected. For surgeon general Dr. W. C. Weyl, of Danbury, Conn., was elected.

For the place of chaplain in chief there were four candidates—J. H. Fraser, of Tennessee, D. H. Lazar, of Kansas, E. H. Haggerty, of Missouri, and W. H. Gotthelf, of the District of Columbia. Dr. Lowell was the favored candidate and was elected.

The committee on seniority of departments was then discharged from further consideration of the matter at its own request, and the subject referred to a new committee consisting of Comrades Beath of Pennsylvania, Dowling of Ohio and Freeman of New York, to report at the next encampment. Upon the occasion of the encampment Comrade Woods, the first adjutant general of the Department of Illinois, made a statement giving a history of the order in that state from its foundation.

A Loving Cup for Alger.

At this point a delegation of ladies from the Woman's Relief corps, headed by Mrs. Annie Wittenmeyer, and another from the Army Nurses' association, headed by Mrs. E. S. Tolman, appeared and were invited to seats on the platform. The ladies named extended the cordial greetings of their respective organizations to the G. A. R., to which Commander in Chief Palmer feliciously responded.

A committee was appointed, consisting of Comrades Tanner of New York, Duffield of Michigan and Kountz of Ohio, to prepare suitable resolutions upon the death of General H. W. Barnum, of New York, which, together with a portrait of the deceased are to be inserted in the official proceedings of this encampment. Comrade Beath is chairman of a committee appointed to perform a similar service for the late Adjutant General McClelland, of Pennsylvania.

Comrade Cramer, of Maryland, representing a committee of the G. A. R., on behalf of the members of the organization presented to ex-Commander in Chief Alger an immense silver loving cup, very handsomely engraved, which was accepted by General Alger in an appropriate speech.

The committee on resolutions reported to the encampment a large number of resolutions and propositions which had been referred to them, recommending that a large majority be laid upon the table, which was done. Among the resolutions reported favorably by the committee and adopted were the following:

Resolutions Adopted.

Asking congress to pass a law giving the same right of precedent in appointments to all honorably discharged soldiers that is now given by law to soldiers discharged for disability; recommending that the edition of the official records of the rebellion published by congress be increased from 11,000 to 50,000 copies (a similar resolution has been passed by the Society of the Army of the Cumberland); commending the action of Commander in Chief Palmer forbidding any G. A. R. post to march under the Confederate flag; authorizing the commander in chief to issue a circular commending the Veterans' Protective association's bureau of information in connection with the World's fair in case he shall find it worthy of commendation, declaring it to be inexpedient for the national encampment, G. A. R., to *express an opinion upon the subject of* opening the World's fair on Sunday, it being a subject upon which the members are divided; favoring the establishment of a soldiers' home in the Marine Hospital building in New Orleans; requesting that the census of veterans of the war and their postoffice addresses be published immediately; asking congress to provide for the erection of a monument to the private soldiers of the army; asking the secretary of war to provide a flagstaff at Fort Sumter, from which the national flag shall float the same as at all government posts; advising the council of administration to call the meeting of the next annual encampment not later than the first week in September, 1893; expressing the thanks of the encampment to the Old Guard of Washington, who served as guards during the sessions of the encampment.

Senior Vice Commander Duffield, of Michigan, offered a resolution, which was adopted, returning the thanks of the encampment to the citizens of Washington for the generous hospitality of the reception given to the veterans, which more than exceeded the pledges made by the committee at Detroit.

A resolution of thanks to Commander in Chief Palmer for the faithful and intelligent discharge of his duties was offered by General W. H. Gibson, of Ohio, and adopted by a rising vote, followed by three cheers.

The Officers Installed.

A proposition to accept a conveyance of the encampment to the Andersonville prison grounds, now owned by the Georgia department, G. A. R., was referred to the incoming administration.

This having exhausted the business of the encampment, the installation of officers-elect for the ensuing year took place, Comrade Beath, of Pennsylvania, the ranking past commander in chief, administering the obligation.

After the new commander in chief had been installed he was asked if he could name his personal staff for the year. He answered that at present he was prepared *to name but one—E. S. Gray, of Milwaukee*, to be adjutant general. Comrade Gray then came forward and was inducted into office by Comrade Beath. Comrade Gray was adjutant general to Commander in Chief Fairchild, and is now adjutant general of the Department of Wisconsin.

The new commander in chief then assumed the gavel and declared the twenty-sixth national encampment, G. A. R., adjourned sine die.

The New Officers.

A. G. Weissert was born at Canton, O., Aug. 17, 1844. He attended the schools at Racine, Wis., the state of his adoption. Graduating from the Racine high school, he entered the University of Michigan. He was distinguished in his studies and bore off the degree of LL. D. He was admitted to practice in Wisconsin, and was winning fame at the Milwaukee bar when the war broke out. As soon as the tocsin sounded he enlisted in the Eighth Wisconsin infantry, the "Live Eagle" regiment of history, and shared its fortunes till the battle of Nashville. There he was grievously wounded, receiving a bullet just over the knee, which he still carries.

Convalescing sufficiently to rejoin his regiment, he did so on crutches. After four years' gallant service he was brevetted captain from the date of the battle of Lake Chicot, Arkansas, June 6, 1864, for meritorious service in that fight and at the battle of Nashville, on the 15th of November following, and for extraordinary bravery throughout the Red River expedition. He refused the tender of a West Point cadetship by reason of his wound.

*He joined the Grand Army of the Repub*lic at Madison, Wis., in 1866, and has filled creditably every position from comrade and officer of the day to department commander. He has since been called upon to administer Wisconsin's affairs. He was chairman of the executive council of the citizens' committee that made the twenty-third national encampment at Milwaukee a success, and contributed to the work of throwing the senior vice commandership to the encampment city, the hero of today received the prize. At the Detroit encampment he received the second highest number of votes for the office to which he was today elected. In the capacity of senior vice commander he visited all the departments of the east in company with Commander in Chief R. A. Palmer. Just now he is a member of the F. B. Wolcott post, No. 1, Milwaukee.

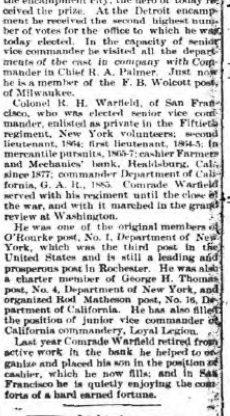
Colonel R. H. Warfield, of San Francisco, who was elected senior vice commander, enlisted as private in the Fifteenth Fairfield, New York volunteers, second lieutenant, 1864; first lieutenant, 1864-5. In mercantile pursuits, 1865-7; cashier Farmers and Mechanics' bank, Reading, Pa., since 1877; commander Department of California, G. A. R., 1885. Comrade Warfield served with his regiment until the close of the war, and with it marched in the grand review at Washington.

He was one of the original members of O'Rourke post, No. 1, Department of New York, which was the third post in the United States and is still a leading and prosperous post in Rochester. He was also a charter member of George H. Thomas post, No. 4, Department of New York, and organized Rod Matheson post, No. 16, Department of California. He has also filled the position of junior vice commander of California commandery, Royal Arcanum.

Last year Comrade Warfield retired from active work in the bank he helped to organize and placed his son in the position of cashier, which he now fills; and in San Francisco he is quietly enjoying the comforts of a hard earned fortune.

FASHIONS

Autumn Toilette.



The illustration shows a simple yet stylish garment of dotted foulard for fall wear in the country. The skirt is plain; loose blouse waist, with full sleeves to elbow. Wide belt of velvet laced at the back. A smart little jacket of cloth or velvet, with cuffs of same material. White straw hat trimmed with white lace in form of acorn leaves.

Hardt Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Comptroller Hepburn has permanently assigned William M. Hardt to the city of Philadelphia as national bank examiner.

Mrs. Harrison Improved.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The condition of Mrs. Harrison is, if anything, slightly improved, is the verdict of Dr. Gardner, her physician.

Mascagni Recovers.

VIENNA, Sept. 23.—Mascagni, the composer, who was taken ill during a performance of "Cavalleria Rusticana," has recovered.

Fifty Cents Per Week.

Did you Ever Hear of Such an Opportunity?

EVERY WAGE WORKER IN PLAINFIELD CAN OWN A HOME.

Do not Miss this Great Offer.

The Great Clearance Sale of

50 UNSOLD LOTS,

Opposite Netherwood Depot. I will offer until OCTOBER 1st

$100 Lots for $90.

On Payment of

$5 Cash; Balance 50 Cents a Week.

$125 lots, $5 cash; balance 75c. a week.
$150 lots, $10 cash; balance $1 a week.

Lots in the immediate vicinity are selling from $300 to $500. My price for the 15 days only, $90 to $150 a Lot. This Great Sale will commence on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17TH,

and will continue only for a few days. As there are only 50 lots, do not put it off. Come at once. Sunday is going to be Special Exhibition Day.

REMEMBER, 50 CENTS A WEEK.

Just think how easy you can put by this small amount.

Buy for a home. Buy for Investment.

Buy a Lot for your Children. It is a great Savings Bank.

Maps and full Particulars

WM. H. MOFFITT,
49 North Avenue.

A MAN IN RAGS

IS HANDICAPPED IN THE RACE FOR SUCCESS. CLOTHING FROM ONE DOLLAR UP MAY BE BOUGHT AT C. SCHEFFLIN & CO'S, 70 WEST FRONT STREET.

COME AND SEE
the Large Stock of
Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
ALSO
Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.
AT CAREY'S,
76, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

COAL LUMBER
And Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office—27 North avenue, with Woodson & Buckle

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

We Cannot Give You A House and Lot,
But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material. Estimates furnished free of charge.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Painters and Decorators,
309 East Front street.

$500 LIFE INSURANCE Free
of cost to ALL Customers that trade with
FRED. W. DUNN,
The Plainfield Grocer,
No. 18 North Avenue.

$500 Come and Get a Policy. Free

A Word to the Public!
OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.

Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. R. Boehm, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to please the public, for inspection, the largest variety of stylish and tasty creations of the milliner's art, ever exhibited in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.

Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 28.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
56 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operations of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen, the use of which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
Upper Lehigh and Honeybrook Coal in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
HOUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at shortest notice.

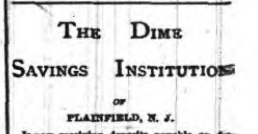
Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 13 7y

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY, Intelligence Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines and cut outs. 9 20 1y

H. N. SPENCER, 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and feedsman. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. W. G. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, celery, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.



JONES & CO.,
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Water mains in operation. Our system is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Masonry, sewers of the Best Laws, Gardens and Fields Fertilized.
P. O. box 666 Telephone call 98.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HASPER, " "
ELIAS B. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7.20, 8.40, a. m., 12.05, 2.05, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.00 and 8.30 a. m., 12.30, 5.30 and 9 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8.40 a. m., 2.05, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 5.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 8.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 5.30 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

BATHED IN BABY'S GORE.

A Crazed Father Offers Up His Child as a Sacrifice to God.

HE SLASHES THE TOT WITH A RAZOR

After Cutting the Little One's Throat He Leaves His Face with the Hot Life Blood. The Madman Attacks His Aged Mother and Nearly Kills Her Also.

MORRISTOWN, Pa., Sept. 23.—Maddened by the delirium of typhoid fever, William Lock, a huckster of Harmonville, a small town near here, on Tuesday beat his mother nearly to death, and last night cut the throat of his infant son while laboring under the belief that he had been commanded by God to sacrifice the child's life.

For the past few weeks he has been suffering from typhoid fever. On Tuesday last, while delirious from the disease, Lock sprang from his bed, and rushing to the room occupied by his aged mother began to beat her about the head and shoulders with a heavy cane.

The frightened woman's appeals for mercy and screams for help only caused the maddened man to shower his blows on her with increased fury. Neighbors, attracted by Mrs. Lock's cries, came to her assistance and succeeded in overpowering Lock and dragged him back to his room.

His Mother Dying.

A physician was summoned, and he found that Mrs. Lock had a number of cuts and bruises about her head and shoulders, and her left arm was broken in two places while shielding herself from the rain of blows that fell upon her.

The shock and fright left Mrs. Lock greatly exhausted, and although still alive it is improbable that she will long survive. After this terrible experience a male nurse was procured to attend to Lock. The murderous instinct seemed to have left him and no further outbreaks were apprehended.

The fever stricken man, however, rudely and horribly dissipated this belief last night. Suddenly springing from his bed, he ran to a window overlooking a porch roof. Clambering out, he strode along until he came to a window opening into a room occupied by his wife and two small children.

Leaping through the window, Lock went directly to the crib in which lay sleeping his nineteen-months-old boy. The maniac perceived his purpose. His terrified wife screamed for help, arousing Christopher Brown, a boarder, and throwing the household into a panic.

Rushed in Baby's Blood.

Lock walked to the mantelpiece, and taking a razor from it went back to the crib, and raising the frightened child in his arms stepped through the window upon the porch roof. Holding the child up in the air, Lock cried: "If I cut your throat you will be an angel. Jesus has commanded me to wash my face in your blood."

The shrieking and agonized mother turned away her head, unable to watch the butchery of her babe, as Lock, with one sweep of the keen steel cut his boy's throat from ear to ear. Laying the bleeding form of the child upon the roof, Lock stooped, and plunging his hands into the warm blood raised them to his face and washed it in the crimson fluid.

The screams of the madman's wife and the other inmates of the house had brought to the neighbors, and they finally succeeded in overcoming the unfortunate man after a desperate struggle. He was taken to jail at Conshohocken, where he will be held to await the action of the authorities.

CHOLERA STAMPED OUT.

No Fears of Any New Cases Developing in New York City.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The cholera has been successfully handled at quarantine here, and the disease is now virtually stamped out. There is no fear that any new cases will develop, but the board of health will continue on the alert.

No suspected cases have been reported, and President Wilson, of the health board, thinks the outlook brighter than ever. At present there are only seven houses under quarantine. They are 411 East Forty-sixth street, 318 East Forty-seventh street, 14 First street, 14 Mott street, 63 Cherry street, 15 Morris street and 11 Second street.

A Suspected Case.

BOSTON, Sept. 23.—Jason S. Bailey lies nearly at the point of death at his home on Corey street, West Roxbury, from what some of his neighbors claim is cholera, but what his physicians say is hemorrhage of the bowels.

Hamburg Doing Well.

HAMBURG, Sept. 23.—There have been but 423 fresh cases, or ninety fewer than yesterday, and 159 deaths, or twenty-two fewer than yesterday. There have been 291 burials, and 2,777 patients are under treatment in hospitals.

The West Indies Closed.

CURACOA, Sept. 23.—The consul of The Netherlands declares that a quarantine of forty days has been ordered against all vessels coming from New York and northern Europe.

Hill to Speak in Buffalo.

ALBANY, Sept. 23.—Senator Hill will leave here on the Empire state express at 11:20 o'clock Saturday morning for Buffalo, where he will speak that night. Lieutenant Governor Sheehan will accompany him.

The Passenger Rate War.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The six dollar passenger rate from New York to Buffalo made by the Erie has been met by the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western and the West Shore.

Hear Not a Candidate.

BOSTON, Sept. 22.—Hon. Sherman Hoar has written a letter positively refusing to allow his name to go before the Democratic state convention as a candidate for lieutenant governor.

Black Diphtheria.

NEW-HAVEN, Sept. 23.—There have been several cases of fatal diphtheria during the past few days, and black diphtheria, the most malignant form of that disease, has broken out.

Thayer for Congress.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 23.—At the Third congressional district Democratic convention State Senator John R. Thayer was nominated for congress by acclamation.

Mob Rule in St. Thomas.

PANAMA, Sept. 23.—Fierce labor riots are reported from St. Thomas, in the West Indies, and a mob has possession of the city.

Putting It Delicately.

"I hope you appreciate the fact, sir, that in marrying my daughter you marry a large hearted, generous girl."

"I do, sir (with emotion), and I hope she inherits those qualities from her father."—Brooklyn Life.

THE CRONIN MURDER CASE.

Martin Bourk, Sick in Joliet, May Expose the Dark Mystery.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—New and interesting developments are expected in the Cronin case. The rumors of a confession which were so prevalent when O'Sullivan was on his deathbed have been again revived by the news that Martin Bourk is very sick in the Joliet penitentiary. It is intimated that Bourk may expose the whole plot and that his attorneys are endeavoring to induce him to remain silent. On the other hand the friends of the murdered man are urging the dying convict to clear the mystery that surrounds Cronin's death, and expect the ringleaders in that dark plot to be brought to justice.

Patrick McGarry and James Boland, who have ever since the discovery of the crime spent time and money to bring to light the real murderers, called upon Bourk in the prison infirmary yesterday.

Their visit was not unprofitable, and although neither will give the details of the conversation it is plain that they consider the end of their labor not far off. Bourk has weakened, but whether he will tell all he knows is another question.

"We are nearer our goal than we ever have been since the death of Dr. Cronin," said Patrick McGarry to a reporter this morning. "My conversation with Bourk yesterday was confidential, and I cannot at present give the details. In a little while everything will be ready, and we will have something to tell the public. New facts in the case were discovered, and we expect soon to lay the whole plot bare. Bourk has given us valuable information. We are after the real criminals, not their poor dupes who are dying in the penitentiary. I cannot now state the nature of our talk, but its effects may soon be seen. This matter is not going to be dropped until the whole history of it is discovered."

OVEJOY ARRESTED.

The Homestead Strikers Retaliate on the Secretary of the Carnegie Company.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 23.—Secretary Lovejoy, of the Carnegie Steel company, was arrested by Constable Walls on a warrant issued by Alderman King, charging Mr. Lovejoy with aggravated riot and assault and battery. Mr. Lovejoy entered bail at the alderman's office in the sum of $2,000 for court.

The charges were made by Burgess McLuckie, of Homestead. Informations on the same charges have been made against Messrs. Frick, Phipps, Corey, Dovey, McConnell, Leishman, Curry, Potter and Childs. As soon as they heard that warrants for their arrests had been issued they all appeared and gave bail.

Bills were also returned against the following members of the Pinkerton agency: Robert and William Pinkerton, John Cooper, C. W. Biddell, Fred Primer, W. H. Burke and F. W. Himes. The informations were alike in all cases.

Husband and Wife Killed.

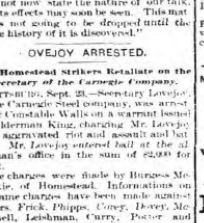
COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 23.—Frank Walters his wife and a team of horses were killed by a train while trying to pass the Woodward street crossing.

Red Star Line Service.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23.—The International Navigation company has decided not to withdraw the Red Star line service from Philadelphia.

Killed in an Explosion.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 23.—Jacob Keatley and Oliver Brown were killed by a boiler explosion in a cannery at Clayton.



The Most Economical System of Heating your House is to use the

RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.'S

PERFECT

HOT WATER HEATER

No noise, no smell, no dust, as easy to manage as a common stove, and FULLY GUARANTEED.

SOLD BY

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Plainfield, N. J.

FALL SHAPES

IN

DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis

5 West Front Street.

None Such Mince Meat

CONDENSED

Makes an everyday convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between George L. Van Emburgh and Edward White, of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Van Emburgh & White, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

G. L. VAN EMBURGH,
EDWARD WHITE.

Dated September 14, 1892. 15 tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE. Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 14, 1892.

To Whom it May Concern:

It is known that Mr. Edward White and Mr. G. L. Van Emburgh of the City of Plainfield, County of Union, State of New Jersey, have this fourteenth day of September, 1892, formed a co-partnership under the firm name of White & Van Arsdale, to succeed the firm of Van Emburgh & White, dealers in dry goods, notions, etc., which business will be continued at the same place, No. 18 West Front street, where they will be pleased to serve patrons and friends.

EDWARD WHITE,
of the late firm of Van Emburgh & White.
MORRIS VAN ARSDALE,
of the late firm of Doane & Van Arsdale
14 19

Educational.

Harned Academy

RE-OPENED SEPT. 12,

with increased facilities thorough and enticing course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.

The school of languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.

Classes now forming in German and French. Special classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation for college. Music. Weekly lectures.

E. N HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN, 17 LAGRANDE AVENUE, Will Re-Open September 19, 1892. For particulars address the principals. s 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,

for YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN, will re-open on THURSDAY, SEPT. 15. For particulars address MISS E. E. KENYON, Principal. s 0 3m*

MR. A. VENINO, Teacher of Piano and Composition, will now resume instructions. For choice of hours and terms address P. O. Box 761, Plainfield. 10 1w*

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1044.

FRENCH LESSONS. Instruction and entertainment in French lectures, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Voyer, care of Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 141 Somerset street.

BEACH'S

Celebrated

PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

Also

HOME MADE White Bread. Gluten Bread. Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Crullers, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPE and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice.

Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday desert on or before Saturday morning.

M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

Have You a Pencil?

If you are 21 years old $66 90 paid annually for fifteen years would entitle you to $1,000.

If 22 years old, $67.

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If 24 years old, $67.30.

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Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

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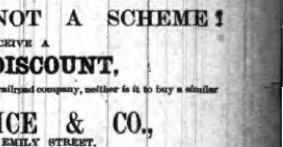

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Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Sept. 18, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7 14, 7 37, 8 08, 9 14, 9 38, 10 08, 10 37, 11 08, 11 37 a. m.; 12 08 noon; 12 37, 1 08, 1 41, 2 08, 2 37, 3 08, 3 37, 4 08, 4 37, 5 08, 5 37, 6 08, 6 37, 7 08, 7 37, 8 08, 8 37, 9 08, 9 37, 10 08, 10 37 p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 4 14, 6 08, 8 08, 10 08, 11 38 p. m. Additional trains leave Plainfield at 2 08, 10 07 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 15, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 00, 11 30 a. m., 2 00, 5 00, 10 30 p. m. Additional trains leave New York at 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 15, 4 00, 5 30, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 p. m., 12 15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 38, 6 28, 6 50, 7 30, 8 05, 8 48, 9 22, 10 04, 10 37, 11 08, a. m.; 12 00 noon, 12 35, 1 08, 1 41, 2 08, 2 37, 3 08, 3 37, 4 08, 4 37, 5 08, 5 37, 6 08, 6 37, 7 08, 7 37, 8 08, 8 37, 9 08, 9 37, 10 08, 10 37, 11 38 p. m. Sunday, 8 01, 8 48, 11 42 a. m., 12 35, 1 41, 2 08, 3 08, 4 08, 5 08, 6 08, 7 08, 8 08, 9 08, 10 07 p. m. Leave Newark at 6 25, 7 25, 7 50, 8 30, 9 05, 9 48, 10 22, 11 04, 11 37 a. m.; 12 08, 12 37, 1 08, 1 41, 2 08, 2 37, 3 08, 3 37, 4 08, 4 37, 5 08, 5 37, 6 08, 6 37, 7 08, 7 37, 8 08, 8 37, 9 08, 9 37, 10 08, 10 37, 11 38 p. m. Sunday, 9 01, 9 48, 12 42 a. m., 1 35, 2 41, 3 08, 4 08, 5 08, 6 08, 7 08, 8 08, 9 08, 10 07 p. m. Leave Newark for Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Jamesburg and Bordentown change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6 15, 7 16, 8 17, 9 46, 11 05 a. m.; 12 37, 1 56, 3 56, 5 46, 6 56, 8 56, 10 34 p. m. Sunday 10 46 a. m., 5 56, 7 56, 9 56, 11 15 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 45, 7 46, 8 47, 10 16, 11 35 a. m.; 1 07, 2 26, 4 26, 6 16, 7 26, 9 26, 11 06 p. m. Sunday at 11 15 a. m., 7 26, 9 26, 10 45, 11 54 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BARTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 8 17, 9 49 a. m., 1 50, 3 56, 5 46, p. m. Sunday at 9 46, 4 26 p. m. Leave Barton at 7 10, 9 45, a. m., 1 30, 5 20 p. m. Sunday 5 20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 45, a. m., 1 30, 5 20 p. m. Sunday 5 20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 37 a. m. for stations to High Bridge connecting with D. L. & W. R. R. trains.

8 17 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R., Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9 46 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge branch, D. L. & W. R. R., Allentown, Bethlehem, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Scranton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

11 05 a. m. way for Junction.

1 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

5 20 p. m. way for Junction connecting for D. L. & W.

6 56 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Bangor, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua. (parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

8 56 p. m. for Flemington.

11 06 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

8 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9 46 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

6 56 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Scranton, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 6 37, 8 05, 11 09 a. m., 1 01, 4 01, 5 51 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8 05 a. m., 5 51 p. m. Sunday (Ocean Grove only) 8 37 a. m. Leave Long Branch at 6 30, 7 45, 10 50 a. m., 1 02, 3 50, 5 40 p. m. Sunday 5 00 p. m. Leave Ocean Grove at 6 40, 7 55, 11 00 a. m., 1 12, 3 50, 5 40 p. m. Sunday 5 00 p. m.

For Atlantic City 8 37 a. m., 1 02 p. m. For Cape May 8 37 a. m. For Sea Isle City 8 37 a. m. For Wildwood 8 37 a. m., 1 02 p. m. For Anglesea 8 37 a. m., 1 02 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 3 15, 6 30, 7 45, 10 40 a. m., 2 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 30, 7 00 p. m. Sundays at 3 15, 7 45, 10 40 a. m., 4 00, 6 30, 7 00 p. m. Additional trains for Philadelphia at 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 15, 4 00, 5 30, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 p. m., 12 15 night.

Leave Philadelphia at 3 15, 4 15, 8 35, 10 40 a. m., 12 00 m., 2 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 30, 7 00 p. m. Sundays at 3 15, 8 35, 10 40 a. m., 4 00, 6 30, 7 00 p. m. Additional trains leave Philadelphia at 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 15, 4 00, 5 30, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 p. m., 12 15 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 3 15, 8 35, 10 40 a. m., 12 00 m., 2 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 30, 7 00 p. m. Sundays at 3 15, 8 35, 10 40 a. m., 4 00, 6 30, 7 00 p. m. Additional trains for Washington at 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 15, 4 00, 5 30, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 p. m., 12 15 night.

J. R. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Supt. H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

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BROWN & HILLS, Electric and hot air drying parlor, in connection with their steam laundry, 9 SOUTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Both heads shaved connected with the above.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

Royal Children of Portugal.

Queen Amelia is always interested in Americans and all that pertains to our country. She is a remarkably beautiful woman. Her children—two fine boys, aged respectively five and three—are "raised" similar to other children. They have their governess, they have their lessons, they play, ride, drive, and are altogether the most natural boys. They are both blondes—blue eyed fair boys—in which they resemble their grandfathers on both sides. Their father, King Charles I., is also a thorough blonde, looking more like a German than the typical Portu-

LOUIS PHILIPPE AND HIS DOG.

guese. The oldest boy, or crown prince, is named Louis Philippe Marie Charles Amelio Ferdinand Victor Emanuel Antoine Laurent Michel Raphael Gabriel Gonzague Xavier Francois d'Assisi, after his great grandfather of France. I hear your little readers say, "What a big name for such a little boy!"

When the crown prince was born—March 21, 1887, at Lisbon—there was great rejoicing in the land. The king, whose coronation took place Dec. 28, 1850, was so elated that a series of banquets was given in honor of the baby's arrival. The fair famed comely service of Portugal was used for the first time at these great feasts.

On Nov. 15, 1889, came the little Prince Manoel, which is the Spanish for Emanuel, a brother and playmate to Louis Philippe. He is a beautiful baby and has his mamma's sunny social disposition and sweet manners.

Victor Emanuel is the youngest, being a namesake of his great-grandfather, the late Victor Emanuel of Italy. The princelings are well bred boys, polite, intelligent and quite models in behavior.—Cor. New York Mail and Express.

Allie's Code of Signals.

Little Allie was very ill, so ill that the good doctor had left strict orders that she must not talk. Her mamma, a very sensible woman, knew that it would distress her little girl not to be able to communicate her wants and desires, so she arranged a code of signals by which the little girl could make known her wants. To wiggle the first finger meant water; the second finger, milk; the third, gruel, and the fourth, that she wanted her dolly laid upon the pillow by her side.

This idea was very pleasant to the sick one, and for a short time every member of the family was able to answer Allie's finger wigglings without committing mamma. The little girl was very weak, and her life had been despaired of, but the good doctor said she would recover if her appetite would only return. One day I'r mamma, who was sitting by her side, saw a thin little thumb wiggling vigorously.

What did the thumb mean? Surely the thumb had been overlooked.

"What is it, dear?" whispered her mamma, bending over her.

"Meat," came from Allie's lips.

When the doctor came in a few minutes afterward and was told all about it, he said: "Give her a tiny bit of meat. She will get well now."

And she did, but she never forgot the code of signals.—New York Mail and Express.

A Gentleman.

I knew him for a gentleman
By signs that never fail;
His coat was rough and rather worn,
His cheeks were thin and pale—
A lad who had his way to make,
With little time for play—
I knew him for a gentleman
By certain signs today.

He met his mother on the street;
Off came his little cap.
My door was shut; he waited there
Until I heard his rap.
He took the handle from my hand,
And when I dropped my pen,
His sprang to pick it up for me,
The gentleman of ten.

He does not push and crowd along,
His voice is gently pitched;
He does not fling his books about
As if he were botched.
He stands aside to let you pass,
He always shuts the door,
He runs on errands willingly
To forge and mill and store.

He thinks of you before himself,
He serves you if he can,
For in whatever company
The manners make the man.
At ten or forty 'tis the same,
The manner tells the tale,
And I discern the gentleman
By signs that never fail.
—Margaret Sangster in Harper's Young People.

A Sketch from Nature.

Little Miss Facing—both ways—and her dog, Double-or-Quits.—Punch.

Helping Mamma.

Mamma was finding some trouble in removing the pinfeathers from the chicken, and little three year-old Ruth was helping, announcing her success with, "See, mamma, I got a hairpin!"—Youth's Companion.

ZIMMERMAN'S GREAT MILE.

FASTER THAN WAS EVER TROTTED ON A CIRCULAR TRACK.

He Covers a Mile in 2.06 6-5—But Twenty-Two Years Old—He Has Been Riding a Wheel for Five Years—Has Won About $7,000 This Year.

Arthur Alexander Zimmerman, a member of the New York Athletic Club, made a phenomenal record on a safety bicycle at Hampden Park, Springfield, Mass., on the morning of September 9, covering a mile in 2 minutes 6 4-5 seconds. Zimmerman appeared on the track fresh and smiling for the effort. Baker and Hess carried him to the half mile in 1 minute 3 1-5 seconds. Then S. A. Nelson, of the Springfield Bicycle Club, and William Taxis paced him the last half mile, each making a quarter. The timers hardly believed their watches as they figured the time at 2 minutes 6 4-5 seconds, one-fifth of a second faster than Nancy Hanks's trotting record over a circular track. The crowd present went wild when the result was announced.

A. A. ZIMMERMAN.

The famous record-breaker is a resident of Freehold, N. J. He is twenty-two years old, and has been riding a bicycle for the past five years. Only for the past season, however, has he displayed any unusual speed. Zimmerman's first appearance on the path was upon the old-style Star bicycle, and on that type of wheel he was regarded as being invincible. The first noteworthy performance of Zimmerman's was his defeat of W. W. Windle, at Peoria, two years ago, he being the first rider to down Windle while the latter was in his prime.

While in England this year Zimmerman succeeded in creating a number of new records. He lowered the quarter-mile English record to 30 seconds and the half-mile world's record there to 1 minute 15 seconds. At the Hartford, Conn., races two weeks ago he rode a quarter of a mile in the wonderful time of 27 seconds, and the half mile in 1 minute 14-5 seconds. In some trials at Springfield on September 8 he created new world's records for the three, four and five miles. The records for these distances were previously held by F. J. Osmond, of England.

Zimmerman's prizes won this season are valued at about $7,000. He has only been riding a safety bicycle a little over a year.

Woman is sometimes consistent; she will die for the man "whom there is no living with."—Exchange.

A MODERN ROMANCE.

How the Light of the Moon, a Lover and a Detective Got Mixed.

The sun had sunk to rest on his couch of western hills curtained with draperies of purple clouds. One by one the gentle stars twinkled into life and the silver rim of the young moon shone in the deep blue of the eastern sky. Murmuring wavelets lapped the pebbly beach and a breeze sweet as the sigh of love stole over the calm land and whispered dreams to every listening ear.

In the garden of the great mansion on the hill the tinkling fountain sang a gentle melody and flowers freighted the warm air with dreamy fragrance. It was a night to make day an unwelcome intruder.

Softly the lattice gate swung open and a vision of loveliness stole in. Under the shadow of the spreading locust trees she glided past the grape arbor and on to the rustic bench beneath the great elm at the end of the inclosure. Her breath came in great, deep sighs; she halted now and then with finger on lip and listened for a moment, then passed on again.

She turned her great eyes toward the grove at the left. She was looking for some one whose coming would make her heart beat quicker. Hark! A stealthy step! She heard it and started. A gold light came into her eyes, the blood rushed to her cheeks. She half rose, then sank back and waited.

He was coming now and in a few moments she would bid goodby to her dear home, leave her loving parents and trust her life to him who had captured her trusting heart. Now that the time had come she almost regretted her rash promise. But she did love him so!

He was very close to her now, and she sat with downcast eyes waiting for his kiss.

"Please, miss!"

With a shriek she sprang to her feet. The voice was not his.

"Please, miss," he repeated with a warning gesture. "Mr. Montgomery Searles won't be here this evenin. He's in jail for disturbing society under false pretenses. Fine evening, miss. Goodby."

And the detective strode away and left her to her thoughts and the perfume of the flowers and the tinkling lullaby of the fountain.—Detroit Tribune.

Tennyson's Blunder.

Poets, carried away by the enthusiasm of composition, are sometimes guilty of misstatements. Shortly after the publication of one of Tennyson's famous poems the laureate received a suggestion from the distinguished arithmetician, Babbage. Mr. Babbage's somewhat startling letter read:

DEAR SIR—I find in a recently published poem from your pen the following unwarrantable statement:

Every moment dies a man,
Every moment one is born.

I need hardly point out to you that this calculation, if correct, would tend to keep the sum total of the world's population in a state of perpetual equipoise, whereas it is a well known fact that the said sum total is constantly on the increase. I would therefore take the liberty of suggesting that in the next edition of your excellent poem the erroneous calculation to which I refer should be corrected as follows:

Every moment dies a man,
And one and a sixteenth is born.

I may add that the exact figures are 1,167, but something must of course be conceded to the laws of metre. I have the honor to be, sir, Yours obediently, C. BABBAGE.
—Youth's Companion.

THE PEARY EXPEDITION.

The Safe Return from a Successful Trip to Greenland.

Lieut. Robert E. Peary, U. S. N. and his party were left Brooklyn, N. Y., June 6, 1891, on the steam whaler Kite to explore North Greenland, arrived at St. Johns, N. F., a few days later to complete trip all safe and sound, with the exception of John M. Verhoeff, of Louisville, Ky., who lost his life while on a journey along the coast.

Lieut. Peary's expedition, taken all in all, has been one of the most brilliant ever undertaken in the Arctic regions and on applying at St. Johns Lieut. Peary had the satisfaction of telegraphing the Navy Department as Washington as follows:

United States Navy claims highest discoveries on Greenland west coast, independence Bay, 82 degrees N. latitude; 34 degrees W. longitude, discovered July 4, 1892. Greenland ice caps ends south of Victoria Inlet.

The highest point heretofore attained on the east coast is about 75 or 77 degrees and was made by Holeboll, a German.

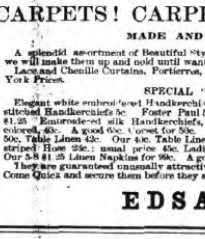
The utmost praise is accorded to Lieut. Peary's brave wife, who was the first white woman known to have braved the dangers of a winter in Greenland.

The work of the expedition has fulfilled a belief which Lieut. Peary has held for six years. In 1886 he made his first journey on the inland ice, starting from the head of Pakitsok fiord, in 69 degrees 30 minutes north latitude.

With a Danish companion he traveled 100 miles inland on Skiez, or Norwegian snowshoes, dragging a sledge, and attained an elevation on the constantly rising ice cap of 5,000 feet above the sea.

This journey convinced him that the inland ice offered "the quickest, safest and most economical means of reaching and exploring the unknown coasts of Greenland, of determining its interior relief and of locating its northern terminus."

Peary originated this theory. Some writers on Arctic matters thought it plausible, but some of the leading authorities were of the opinion that its practicability was doubtful. Nonsen, in traveling across Greenland only 200 to 300 miles, had experienced a great deal of difficulty floundering in the soft snow. Peary's proposition, however, was believed, involved a round trip journey of at least 1,200 miles. Gen. Greely expressed the opinion that the inner ice cap ended at 82 degrees N. lat., or further south, and therefore could not be made available for sledging to the north coast.



LIEUT. ROBERT E. PEARY, U. S. N.

No obstacle or unfavorable opinion, however, could deter Peary from testing the value of his theory as soon as he could get arrangements for spend a year in North Greenland. He was at last able to set out on his proposed explorations early in June last year.

He has discovered that the coasts of Greenland trend more rapidly than they was supposed, and he has traced the coast a sufficient distance to the east and southeast toward Cape Bismarck, the highest point hitherto known on the east coast, to enable map makers to outline with approximate accuracy the outline of the northern coast of the great island, thus definitely fixing the northern limits of the coast lines and determining the outline of the entire island.

Lieut. Peary named his winter quarters Red Cliff House. The name was undoubtedly derived from a mountain a mile to the east of the house, whose striking red color made it a prominent landmark. The house was small, but this conspicuous red mountain side would attract any relief party to the right place.

The beginning of the winter of the expedition comfortably housed in a room, with thirty-one reindeer, half a dozen seals, four walruses and several hundred birds in the larder.

In the middle of April Lieut. and Mrs. Peary, with a native driver, on a sledge drawn by thirteen dogs, started on a tour of the islands and coasts to the north and Inglefield Gulf. The trip lasted seven days. Every settlement in the gulf was visited. Twelve new glaciers were discovered.

The most notable accomplishment of the whole expedition was undoubtedly the journey begun on May 19 by Lieut. Peary and Mr. Astrup starting from McCormick Bay to discover the northernmost boundary of Greenland. They accomplished a journey of over 1,200 miles, surrounded by numerous dangers, at times struggling through soft snow 5,000 feet above the sea, and for many days harrassed by storms, fogs and steep ice slopes. On July 4 they reached the northern coast.

On July 7 they came to the inland ice again. The land here was almost free from snow and ice and is a reddish brown in color. Flowers, insects and musk oxen abounded.

The homeward journey was begun on July 9. When crossing the great interior plateau, which lies at a level of 5,000 feet above the sea, the travelers were in the throes for eight days.

When within one day's march of McCormick Bay, Peary and Astrup were met by the relief expedition sent out by the Philadelphia Academy of Sciences under command of Prof. Heilprin.

In boldness of conception and execution, in results obtained, and in the neatness of the resources with which to attain the results, the Peary-Astrup journey stands almost unparalelled in the annals of Arctic discovery and outranks the brilliant achievements of Nonsen in his first crossing of Greenland.

On the north Greenland coast Peary found no traces of human beings. It has been a favorite theory with some scientific men that the east coast derived its population from the migration of people living on the northwest coast. There is no evidence whatever to substantiate this unlikely theory, and it is probable that the remains of Eskimo huts found on the shores of Robeson Channel, in Grant Land, indicate the most northern limit of human occupancy.

This Date in History—Sept. 23.

J. SEVIER.

1496—A bason and a water vessel covered about the floor of Columbus, arousing great enthusiasm and confidence among the natives, but the variation of the needle caused much alarm among the sailors. Columbus they were then near 300 leagues west of the Canary Islands, and the wind was onward very rapidly.

1570—Hugh Latimer, bishop of Salisbury, famous Protestant reformer in reigns of Edward VI and Elizabeth, died at Whitehirr, born 1485.

1620—Queen Mary, consort of William III, died of smallpox.

1720—Herman Boerhaave, Dutch medical author, died at Leyden; born near there 1668.

1748—John Setter, pioneer, soldier, hero of King's Mountain, governor of "Free Allen" (original of Tennessee), born in Rockingham county, Va.; died 1811.

1790—John Andre arrested near Tarrytown, N. Y.

1820—Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry died in Port Spain, Isle of Trinidad; born 1785.

1836—Mme. Malibran, nee Maria Felicia Garcia, singer, died in Manchester, England; born 1808.

1862—George Frederic Pentecost, evangelist, born in Albion, Ills.

1865—Vinnie Ream (Hoxie) born at Madison, Wis.; she "executed" Lincoln in stone.

The Confession.

They swung upon the garden gate;
'Twas near the close of day;
He blushed and stammered, 'd'ye see,
"There's something I would say."

"There's something I would say, my dear."
He gently took her hand;
"I feel that I must speak it out, I hope
That you will understand."

She looked into his manly face,
Her gaze was strong and clear—
"You need not tell me what," she said,
"I'll understand you, dear."

"Then I'll speak out," he gently said;
"I hope you will not mind,
But I—shoo! The cat's in, dear,
Your necktie's up behind."
—Clothier and Furnisher.

Youthful Thirst for Knowledge.

North Side Youngster—Where are you going, auntie?

Visiting Relative—To the dyshouse, Hollo.

(Eagerly.) "Can I go along?"

"Certainly."

(On the way.) "Auntie, how many dead folks will we see there?"—Chicago Tribune.

1892	September.					1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	6	4:08 a. m.	New Moon	20	8:10 p. m.
Third Quarter	13	7:50 a. m.	First Quarter	29	1:10 a. m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.

1873, Membership 138,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $38,000,000 since organization.

Wetumpka Lodge, 3401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Tuesdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Muse Hall Building.

Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. FORT, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

Fine Livery Turnout attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE,

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
South Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine ery repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" hone heating boilers.

Beyond the Heat,

Above the Sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight

AT MIZZEN PEAK!

Build Your Home on Watching Mountain Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence.
Particulars of
J. T. VAIL, 40 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WHO WILL BE PRESIDENT?

GUESS AGAIN!

Guess all you want to. Just now it is a subject for guessing. But when you want Carriages or Harness, Don't Guess. It is too risky. When you buy, your purchase should have not only quality, but reputation. And for an unexcelled variety of fine goods, the leading place is L. M. French's, 16, 18, 20 and 22 Somerset street.

$40 for ONE PAIR of Shoes,

if the shoes are made of leather, is a price out of all reason.

DOANE & EDSALL are selling Shoes for women, fine fitting, long wearing, different widths, at ONLY

Two Dollars a Pair.

Doane & Edsall, 22 West Front Street.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS, PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC. WINTER AND FALL BLANKS,

They also have a big stock of

PARLOR HEATERS,

New Styles. Very Cheap.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

SPECIAL SALE!
OF
1,000 pairs of Trousers
at
WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE
30 West Front Street.

A GOOD CHANCE for BARGAINS.
Our New Stock o
Fall and Winter
Goods Just Received.
It will pay you to examine them.
The Latest Styles of Hats and gentleman's furnishings.
A full line of Cloths for Clothing to Order.

We are about to Begin

A SERIES OF
Special Sales
of
DOLLS.
The Greatest Bargains ever shown in Plainfield.
WATCH OUR WINDOWS
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

Fine Confections.
Full Assortment. Always Fresh.
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
Cor. Front and Grove Street.

V. L. FRANKE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
95 West Front Street.

CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!!
MADE AND LINED FREE.

A splendid assortment of Beautiful Styles to select from. Give your order now, and we will make them up and hold until wanted
Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, Poles, Art Squares, Smyrna Rugs, all at New York Prices.

SPECIAL "CUT" PRICES.

Elegant white embroidered Handkerchiefs, the original price 25c. Fancy hemmed stitched Handkerchiefs 5c. Foster Paul 5-hook Kid Gloves, $1, warranted; usual price $1.25. Embroidered silk Handkerchiefs, 15c.; worth 25c. Our 50c all silk gloves, colored, 35c. A good 63c. corset for 50c. Good bleached muslin at 7c; worth 9c. Our 50c. Table Linen 35c. Our 65c. colored bord. do. 49. Ladies' striped Hose 25c.; usual price 45c. Ladies' fast black Hose, 9 pair for 25c., worth 25c. Our 5-8 $1.25 Linen Napkins for 98c. A good white 10-4 Blanket, 79c; worth $1.

They are guaranteed unusually attractive Bargains, and the quantities are limited. Come Quick and secure them before they are gone.

EDSALL'S.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!
After the use of
Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.
Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child

SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.
Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.
MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS.

Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.

A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on
..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..
...Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks..
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE!

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates.	75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black,	$1
The "Gladys" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns	$1
8-Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates,	85c
Gents' Kid Gloves,	$1

Also a full line of
Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article,
A Select 50c. Formoses Oolong Tea,
to make
Delicious Iced Tea.
Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.
NEUMANN BROS.
BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

New Marble and Granite Works,
We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.
J. E. Townsend, Manager
No. 80 SOMERSET STREET.
Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 68. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.—Republican Convention.

The Republican voters of the Third congressional District, composed of the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Somerset, are requested to meet in their several Wards and Townships and select delegates to represent them in a District Convention, to be held in the Assembly room Masonic Hall, New Brunswick, N. J.,

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1892,

at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating a Republican Representative for Congress.

The basis of representation will be one delegate for each 200 Republican votes cast at the last gubernatorial election, and a fraction of two thirds thereof exceeding fifty, provided, however, that each city and township shall be entitled to at least one delegate.

JOSEPH H. T. MARTIN,
HENRY M. NEVIUS,
CHARLES PLATT,
Congressional Committee.

BREVITIES.

—Sousa's program is promised to appear Monday.

—One of the chimneys on the depot is being made higher.

—Ex-Congressman John Kean, Jr., will be forty years old, March 4th.

—The Park avenue Baptist church has extended a call to Rev. C. B. Richardson of Brooklyn.

—Judge Codington, this morning, fined Jacob Sheehan and John Sloin $5 each, for fighting last week.

—Three new newspapers will be published in Bayonne to-day. They are *The Sun*, *The Advertiser*, and *The Democrat*.

—Railway is advertising for bids for the lighting of its streets. No less than 200 incandescent lights or fifty-four 2,000-c. p. are lights will be required.

—Frank Nelson and John Kline, both colored, were arrested last night, on the circus grounds, by Policeman Lynch, for being drunk and disorderly. Nelson was fined $3 this morning, and Kline $5.

—Mr. Alfred B. Nelson, civil engineer for the Plainfield Street Railway, has opened an office at No. 2 East Front street and is now prepared to do all engineering line in a satisfactory manner.

—President McLeod of the Reading has been in New York for the past day or two. He had confidential talks with J. Pierpont Morgan and President J. Rogers Maxwell of the Jersey Central on Thursday.

—White & VanArsdale call particular attention to a line of sheetings that they are offering at cut prices, and in their house furnishing goods department they are giving special inducements. See advertisement.

—Mary Shaw was arrested on a charge of using violent and indecent language a week ago. As the evidence brought out at the trial this morning was very conflicting, Judge Codington deferred sentence for one week.

—If the Democratic nominee for Governor accepts the nomination it will be Werts for him, for running against such a Kean Republican he will scarcely get out, and judge that the King Democracy is not so sharp as it needs to be.

—From an elevation on the farm of the late Isaac Beemer, near Libertyville, one season not long since, a plowman while resting his horres counted 63 teams that were also turning the soil of oats on farms within the range of his vision.

—As if the human family did not have trouble enough with cholera and other divers diseases, along comes a scientist and says the sun will cease to shed its effulgent rays in about 10,000,000 years. How true it is that "troubles never come singly."

—Several young men on one of the belted trains last evening, after waiting a long time, hired a carriage at Westfield and drove home. Before they had proceeded more than a mile, the trains proceeded and reached this city much earlier than the impatient young men.

—The new switch tower in the Jersey City yard of the Jersey Central is rapidly nearing completion. When completed the entire yard will be equipped with the interlocking switch system, and the services of all switchmen will be dispensed with. They will probably, however, be transferred to other department.

—The opportunity of purchasing real estate and of paying for it at the rate of fifty cents a week, is seldom offered. That is what that energetic real estate man, Mr. Wm. Moffit, is doing, however, and says, naturally, he is having great success. His advertisements in the certa-a-word column and his big advertisement on page two of to-day's News will give prospective buyers all desired information.

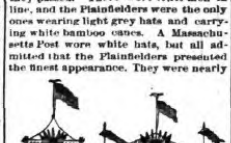
Bradstreet's reports 174 failures in the United States during the week, against 165 in the preceding week, and 250,179, 180, and 160 in the corresponding weeks of 1891, 1890, 1889, 1888. The Middle States had 47; New England, 26; Southern, 23; Western, 43; Northwestern, 14; Pacific, 12; Territories 6. Canada had 27 against 18 for the previous week. In 82 per cent of the failures the capital was $5,000 or less.

—Mr. D. F. Godown, a carpenter, residing on Somerset street, while working on the residence of Councilman Charles J. Fisk, on West Seventh street, yesterday, stepped on a nail. It entered the right foot and made a painful wound. The nail was withdrawn but Mr. Godown was taken to his home. His foot was bathed in turpentine, and though able to limp about he will be unable to do any work for several days.

—A novel spectacle of a steam vessel being stoked with bank notes was witnessed recently at a Mediterranean port. Forsy-five sacks of the apparently valuable paper were forced into the furnace of the vessel's boiler under the eyes of the stokers, who seemed to desire to possess themselves of at least a handful of what they regarded as inoffensively styled "rum fuel." The notes were cancelled documents of the Bank of Algiers, whose manager watched the combustion.

The Boys in Blue are Home Again and Joyous.

The members of Winfield Scott Post of Plainfield who attended the Grand Encampment returned to-day, and are enthusiastic over their reception at Washington. Others say that their appearance was so conspicuously fine that they were applauded all along the line as they passed. There were 70,000 men in line, and the Plainfielders were the only ones wearing light grey hats and carrying white bamboo canes. A Massachusetts Post wore white hats, but all admitted that the Plainfielders presented the finest appearance. They were nearly



all big, solid, men, six footers, and with thorough military discipline. They took a full brass band—Guttman's—with them, and the band also got lots of applause. The band helped to give eclat to the boys, as many of the Posts ahead and after the Plainfield Post were provided with only drum corps. An enterprising photographer taking snap shots along the line, selected the Post for a special view as the men went marching by.

The Post is profuse in expressions of gratitude to Mrs. Isaac Brokaw of North Plainfield, who secured in Washington exceptionally fine quarters for them.

The Post was absent five days, and think those were about the most glorious five days they ever spent.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Frank L. C. Martin, besides being captain of the Plainfield Bicycle Club, is also an active member of the Union county Roadsters and the Somerville Wheelmen.

Leo Datt, formerly of this city but now of Seattle, has installed an electric light plant, an air compressor and Burleigh drills at the Johnson mine, near Granite, in Snohomish county, Wash.

The fishes at Pasque Island are doubtless holding a jubilee meeting. Mr. A. B. Dunlap has returned. And without a stock of fish stories. He says, however, that although he was fishing all of this year, he captured an unlimited amount of small ones. Mr. Dunlap is now at 113 Broadway.

The Doylestown, Pa., Democrat says: The Democrat office was visited, on Wednesday, by Charles H. Scherrem-horn, of Plainfield, N. J., brother of Beatty Scherrenhorn, clerk of the Quarter Sessions. Himself and wife are spending a few days in Doylestown, the guests of his brother. Mr. S. was born in Hatboro, from there he went to Newtown, and thence to New Hope, where his father died. The son then stepped across the Delaware and became a Jerseyman. He has charge of the telegraph operators at the Plainfield station. Mr. and Mrs. Scherrenhorn are expected home to-day.

New Mail Boxes.

Postmasters at all free delivery offices may now supply such citizens as may wish to purchase them boxes to be attached to the fronts of their residences to which mail will be delivered by the carrier and from which matter to be mailed will be regularly collected. Choice will be given in four styles of boxes, all of which have been approved by the Postmaster General, after a practical trial in Washington and St. Louis. This is a good move and will save much of the time of letter carriers, as well as be a great convenience to the public.

Union County Christian Endeavor Union.

A meeting of the Union County Christian Endeavor Union will be held Sept. 29th, at the First Presbyterian Church, Rahway. The program of the evening will consist of an address by Rev. R. Marshall Harrison, D. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., on "Some Essentials to Success in Christian Endeavor," a paper on "The Advantage of Junior Work" will be read by Miss L. J. Herron of Cranford. Good music will be a feature of the meeting.

Revival Meetings.

The Gospel meetings held at 4:15 p. m., under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. are being attended by an old fashioned revival spirit.

At last Sunday's meeting two young men confessed conversion at the close. Special invitation is extended to all men to attend to-morrow's meeting.

Smothered by a Bed Quilt.

Susie, the ten months' old daughter of George Schlee, of No. 246 Burnet street, New Brunswick, fell off a bed yesterday afternoon. Failing she was wrapped tightly in the down quilt which covered her and was smothered to death.

—Rolla Engine Company of Elizabeth won the prize at Hazleton, Pa., recently for being the best equipped company that took part in the annual parade of the State Firemen of Pennsylvania.

—The Health Board reports that the general health of the city is exceptionally good, and only two mild cases of measles, one of which is in the eastern and the other in the western part of the town, and a few rheumatic cases are on the inspector's docket.

—On account of the games of the Riverside Athletic Club Cyclers, of Newark, which will be held at Waverly on Oct. 15th, the Plainfield Bicycle Club were refused permission to hold their proposed races on that day. The entire celebration has therefore been postponed until next Spring.

TWO RAILROAD WRECKS

ADDED TO THE MANY RECENT ONES.

Four Coal Cars Derailed near the Plainfield Depot.—A Passenger Car Derailed at Roselle.—Traffic Delayed.—Trains Stalled for Miles.

While engine No. 857 was pulling a train of empty coal cars from track No. 4 to track No. 2, at the switch just East of Peace street, about five minutes of six last evening, one of the cars in the middle of the train became detached from the front section and jumped the track. The momentum of the rear section forced three more cars off the track and the four cars were upset across the two main tracks, delaying all trains for a long time. The debris was not cleared up until half past eight o'clock. The train men had not proper tackle or would have been able to clear the tracks sooner.

A passenger train on the Newark branch of the C. R. R. of N. J. was derailed at Roselle between six and seven o'clock last evening. The car did not turn but stood across the main tracks. Trains to Newark were delayed several hours.

There was also a rumor of a wreck on the railroad at Somerville but the story proved untrue.

Passenger trains were standing on the tracks all the way from Westfield to this city.

Literary Notes.

The October number of "Romance," the second in that magazine's notable series of special issues, illustrating the fiction of different nations, will be a special German number. More than half of its contents will be translated from the German, and the publishers claim that no such collection as it has ever before been afforded American readers to see, grouped in a single issue of a magazine, so many and characteristic specimens of the work of the best story-writers of that nation.

The fact that Hans S. Beattie should have written any book will be a surprise to all but a few of his friends. A young man who has been brought to the notice of the public first as the secretary of the Honorable William C. Whitney, then successively as Deputy County Clerk, Surveyor of the Port of New York under the Cleveland administration, and, recently, as Commissioner of Street Cleaning; one of the organizers of the New York Democracy, and an active worker in its ranks during the greater portion of its existence, the associate of politicians, sagacious adroit and all that is good in their methods, could hardly have been expected to give the time and attention to the study of the questions of which the book treats. We understand that the novel is founded on fact, and that the writer, during the months of leisure which followed the author's separation from the Department of Street Cleaning. To have done so much work in as brief a space, furnishes the strongest evidence that political questions are not, in the least, exclusively occupied the writer's mind.—*Ex.*

The book is entitled "Joshua Wray" and is published by the United States Book Company.

Part of a Collegiate Education.

The opening cane rush at Rutgers College of New Brunswick to decide the supremacy of the fresh men and sophomore classes took place on Neilson Field at about midnight Tuesday night. The rush was one of the pluckiest ever fought here, and at the end of ten minutes the sophomores had twelve hands on the cane while only five freshmen grasped the stick. The rush was witnessed by many outside the colleges and furnished a great amount of excitement. Several men fainted, and at one time as many as six lay on the ground in danger of being trampled on.

Many of the men went prepared for the fray in foot ball jackets. Others who wore good clothes, had them torn from their backs. A great amount of blood was spilled, but none of the rushers were badly punished. Only a few serious injuries were reported, but those also escaped without bleeding noses and swelled joints were exceptions. The freshmen are anxious for another rush, and because they had their numbers may vanquish the sophs. The latter will soon issue the customary proclamation forbidding freshmen to wear high hats or canes until after the Spring vacation.—*Home News.*

—Edsall will announce some splendid bargains in his advertisement Monday. He says the $2 shoes offered in his shoe department are unexcelled by any other house, and advises purchasers to buy a pair and be convinced.

—The Crescent League base ball team and the West Ends of Somerville are playing a game of base ball this afternoon to decide who shall possess the pennant, a banner for the benefit of the Crescent team will be played next Saturday. It is not known yet who their opponents will be.

—The Socialistic Labor Party will endeavor to organize a branch in this city. They have rented Reform Hall for Sept. 28th, for the purpose of holding a mass meeting. Daniel DeLeon, formerly of France, Job D. Keim, the Socialistic candidate for Governor of New Jersey; and Thomas Dalley, the party's candidate for State Treasurer, will deliver addresses.

—The *Engineering World* says: The American Engine Company's Works at East Bound Brook, N. J., furnish an interesting illustration of a thoroughly equipped plant. Everything about is complete in every detail. The buildings are shortly to be lighted by electricity, each machine having two incandescent lights placed over it, arranged with portable wires so that all parts of the machine can be lighted. Tramways connect various points throughout the buildings. The machine shop is particularly well equipped and especially fitted for the manufacture of the ingenious form of engine which this company is putting upon the market. The plant was erected at a cost expense of about $400,000.

The Health Board's Circular.

The following circular of sanitary precautions recommended by the Board of Health of Plainfield, N. J., is being distributed by the police:

All householders should see to it that no form of decomposable matter is kept on or about the premises.

Be careful that all kitchen slops are conveyed away and not made to become a part of any ash heap.

Place all garbage in some suitable receptacle, and have the refuse removed not less than twice a week.

Don't forget the sink in the kitchen. Keep it free from unsavory odors by washing it with soda or potash dissolved in boiling water and pour the liquid down the waste pipe.

Do not allow dirty water to be thrown upon the ground in the vicinity of your well.

Be careful that your drinking water and ice, used therein, are of an undoubtedly pure character.

Never permit the servants to throw slops of any kind into the privy vaults. Once in a while throw quicklime in the vaults, or air slaked lime.

Insist upon cleanliness in and about the horse stables and cow yards. Avoid the accumulation or offensive heaps of manure or foul storage pits, always maintaining proper drainage and pure air.

The Board insists upon systematic prevention of unsanitary carelessness, and requests any citizen knowing of unsanitary back yards, or the existence of other deleterious nuisances, to notify the Health Inspector, H. M. Dunham, at his office, No. 9 Somerset street, or any member of the Board of Health.

GEORGE H. BOCKEFELLOW, President.
OLIVER B. LEONARD, Secretary.
GEORGE H. ANCHOTT, M. D.
LEMUEL W. SERRELL.
HERBERT B. NEWHALL.

A Pocket Fire Escape.

A correspondent of the American Architect describes the successful working of a novel fire escape. If the invention is what it appears to be, it is very ingenious and likely to prove of great benefit to mankind. A public trial of it was made from the top of the new Masonic Temple at Chicago.

The escape as here shown consists of a metallic tape one-quarter of an inch wide and a thirty-second of an inch thick, running to a leather belt which is fastened to a web belt passing about the waist.

The reel is provided with a brake by means of which the person can control the speed of his descent. There is also an automatic brake to keep a required tension on the tape, and thus prevent a sudden drop. The end of the tape is provided with a thumbscrew, which can be fastened to the window sill or any object in the room. In appearance the machine is like a fisherman's reel and is about twice the size of a spool of thread.

The beginning of the experiment seemed perilous in the extreme. The inventor fixed the thumbscrew, fastened the web belt about his waist, and stepped off apparently into space from the twentieth story.

At first he descended slowly, then faster and faster, till it seemed as if he must have lost control over the little machine, the slender tape of which could scarcely be seen and at any time looked no larger than an ordinary cord. Then the descent was suddenly arrested, and then descended again, rapidly and jerkily at times, until he came to the scaffolding where were several workmen. There he took three men on the "escape" with him, and thus dropped to the ground.

How Sleep Approaches Us.

It is said by scientists to be a fact that all our senses do not slumber simultaneously, but that they fall into a happy state of insensibility one after another. The eyelids take the lead and obscure sight; the sense of taste is the next to lose its susceptibility; then follow smelling, hearing and touch, the last named being the lightest sleeper and most easily aroused. It is curious that, although the sense of smell is one of the first to slumber, it is the last to awake. Hearing, after touch, soon regains consciousness. Certain muscles and parts of the body begin to sleep before others. Commencing with the feet, the slumberous influence works its way gradually upward to the centre of nervous action. This will explain the necessity of having the feet comfortably warm before sleep is possible.—*Scientific American.*

Sayings by Gail Hamilton.

Bashfulness is constitutional.
Good breeding is good sense.
Awkwardness may be ineradicable.

It is the first duty of a woman to be a lady.

Wildness is a thing which girls cannot afford.

No art can restore the grape its bloom. Bad manners in a woman are immorality.

Delicacy is a thing which cannot be lost or found.

Ignorance of etiquette is the result of circumstances.

Familiarity without confidence, without regard, is destructive to all that makes women exalting and ennobling.

—Forepaugh's circus attracted about 7,000 people yesterday afternoon and evening, who seemed well pleased with the performance. There was a very heavy shower during the exhibition of the Fall of Nineveh and many who sat under defective portions of the tent were wet. All tents and circus paraphernalia were hurriedly packed up immediately after the performances and the trains and wagons all left town about half-past three o'clock this morning.

—Manager Demarest offers at Music Hall, Wednesday of next week, what he terms "an elaborate prodiction of Scott Marble's dramatic picture of police life called "The Police Patrol," "in one act," he says, "the interior of a police patrol barn is shown with the horses standing in their stalls, the wagon in place, and everything in readiness for the alarm. When the bell sounds the horses dash under the swinging harness, are hitched and off the stage in less than five seconds. In the following act, Haymarket Square, Chicago, is shown with the policemen's monument marking the spot where on that fatal May day the Anarchists cast the bomb which cost the lives of so many brave officers. In this scene the officer has arrested his prisoner, who with the assistance of a pal escapes, the confederate, however, being secured by the quick arrival of the patrol wagon in answer to the call from the street box. The play is made up of such exciting and realistic scenes as those mentioned and in reality unfolds a tale of murder which some years ago completely baffled the police departments of the entire country. The cast is a clever one and contains many names of prominence."

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A Law Case about $20,000,000 Settled.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 24, (Special.)—A case of litigation over the Denver Water Works, involving $20,000,000 was settled yesterday by an order filed by Judge Caldwell of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Judge Caldwell gave decision without leaving the bench. The case, which has already caused much discussion in various parts of the country, was over the water works of Denver and Omaha. Both plants were owned by the American Water Works Company, a New Jersey corporation.

The directors and officers differed as to the policy to be pursued, and three receivers were appointed, one in New Jersey, one in Colorado and one in Nebraska. The case came up on a motion of E. Hyde Rust, the New Jersey receiver, that the entire property be turned over to him and the other receivers discharged, and it was so ordered.

They Resent the Kaiser's Remarks.

London, Sept. 24. (Special.)—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Paris says that Count Augustus Bismarck and Count Bismarck Bohlen have resigned their posts in the German army owing to Emperor William's alleged offensive remarks about the Bismarck family.

—Manager Demarest about Sousa says: "There is one fact that stands out badly in connection with Sousa's New Marine Band and one that should have due consideration. If John Philip Sousa could accomplish such remarkable things as he did with the cheaply paid members of the United States Marine Band, what can he not accomplish now with the high-priced and famous artists whom Manager Blakely has provided for and who have been chosen from among the very first performers of two world? This is a point in question. In the new Sousa band there are at least half a dozen of the most distinguished performers in the world. Their superiors do not exist. With such an organization and money plentiful behind it to secure further what we may be desired in any direction, at what ever cost, what, truly, may not director Sousa achieve with his new band before the present season is far advanced? Two famous vocal artists, Marcella Lindh, soprano, and Signor Galassi, baritone, are with the band and will appear at the grand concert at Music Hall, Sept. 26th."

HERE is the secret of its unparalleled success.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Matchless quality. Without a rival and without a peer.

ALFRED B. NELSON,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 2 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Office in White building. Expert years with Parsons, Klapp, Brinckerhoff & Douglas, of New York. All work guaranteed. 9 24 1y

SAMPLES BY MAIL OF
WALL PAPER BARGAINS
At Less than Manufacturers' Prices TO CLOSE OUT 1500 Rooms.
Pretty PAPERS, 5c. Roll.
HANDSOME GILT PAPERS, 6c. Roll.
4 to 10 Inch Borders, 1c. Yard.
Gilt Borders, 2c. Yard.
4 to 10 Inch Borders, 2c. Yard.
Gilt Borders, 3c. Yard.
Ceiling Decorations, 5c. Yard.
Gilt Ceiling Decorations, 10c. Yard.
Embossed Gilt Ceiling Decorations, 15c. Yard.
Gilt Embossed Ceiling Decorations, 20c. Yard.
Embossed Gilt Ceiling Decorations, 25c. Yard.
Gilt Embossed Ceiling Decorations, 30c. Yard.
Embossed Gilt Ceiling Decorations, 35c. Yard.
Gilt Embossed Ceiling Decorations, 40c. Yard.
Embossed Gilt Ceiling Decorations, 45c. Yard.
Gilt Embossed Ceiling Decorations, 50c. Yard.
Embossed Gilt Ceiling Decorations, 55c. Yard.
Gilt Embossed Ceiling Decorations, 60c. Yard.
Embossed Gilt Ceiling Decorations, 65c. Yard.
Gilt Embossed Ceiling Decorations, 70c. Yard.
Embossed Gilt Ceiling Decorations, 75c. Yard.
Gilt Embossed Ceiling Decorations, 80c. Yard.
Embossed Gilt Ceiling Decorations, 85c. Yard.
Gilt Embossed Ceiling Decorations, 90c. Yard.
Embossed Gilt Ceiling Decorations, 95c. Yard.
Gilt Embossed Ceiling Decorations, $1.00 Yard.

Cent-a-Word Column.

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK.—But a few left of those lots at $90. Don't delay, see them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST.—Some weeks ago, a portion of a gold chain. Supposed to have been lost on Mountain road, back of North Plainfield, toward Sterling. A reward will be paid for its return to EVENING NEWS office for owner. 22 3

BOARDERS WANTED.

FIRST-CLASS board for young married couple, with care of horse and carriage. Box 91, Dunellen, N. J. 24 3

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COMPETENT woman wants work by the day. Laundry work or cleaning. Address "B. C.," Plainfield P. O. 22 3

A RESPECTABLE widow wants situation to take care of children and do light housework. Call at 67 West Second street. 22 3

WANTED—A situation for cook or laundress. Apply to 17 Lake street. 22 3

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK.—But a few left of those lots at $90. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

HELP WANTED.

BOY wanted in grocery store in Scotch Plains. T. Cleaver. 22 3

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to solicit orders for nursery stock; expenses and salary. Men who can leave home and work steadily; also commission to local agents; write for terms and territory. Address R. G Chase & Co., 1440 S. Penn St., Phila. Pa. 8 12 2m eod*

WANTED—Two girls, cook and laundress; chambermaid and waitress. Protestants preferred. Call, with references, at 526 Park avenue. 24 4

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 47 West Fifth street 24 3

WANTED—A woman as cook and laundress. References required Apply at 40 West Eighth street. 24 4

WANTED—A German teacher for a class of pupils. To meet once a week. Address applications, stating all particulars, to C. Felbar, 247 West Third street, Plainfield, N. J. 23 3*

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK—But a few left of those lots at $90. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A fine new dwelling on Richmond street. Has been recently papered throughout, and has modern improvements and will be rented for $25 per month until Spring. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-tf

HANDSOME 12 room residence to rent, furnished or unfurnished. Has been refinished in hard wood. Perfect order, 7 bedrooms, stable, grounds, ten minutes walk from station. Moderate rent. 146 East Front street. 23-3

TO RENT—Four rooms, with water 113 Jackson avenue. 20 5*

UNFURNISHED house to let. Dr. Boone 81 Front street. 20 2w

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK—But a few left of those lots at $90. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

FOR SALE.

CARBONITE heaters; portable, safe, clean; no pipe. A. M. Griffen. 24 3*

COLUMBIA Century bicycle for sale, cheap. New last April. Address "Rover," care of EVENING NEWS. 20 3

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—The large building, 81 and 83 Somerset street. For particulars, inquire on the premises. 9-20-tf

FOR SALE—One curtain Rockaway. Can be seen at Plainfield carriage factory, 29 and 31 Somerset street. 23 3

FOR SALE—A good milk route. Will be sold cheap. Address "M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 22 3

FLOUR AND FEED at low prices. L. Heyniger, 81 and 83 Somerset street. 9-20-tf

OPEN FIRES, basket grates, wood hooks and fenders. 24 3

TREES, shrubs and greenhouse plants at Denton's Hillside avenue nurseries. 24 2

WINDMILL for sale; with brass Pump, tower, etc., for one tenth its cost. T. H. Pitts, 124 Central avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 16 10

ONLY 50 CENTS A WEEK—But a few left of those lots at $90. Don't delay. See them at once. Call up Sunday, which is special exhibition day. Maps and circulars. W. H. Moffitt, 49 North avenue. 22 3

MISCELLANEOUS.

CLOTHES washed by Mrs. Susan Robinson, at her home, 429, Plainfield avenue. Preference Mrs. H. D. Head, 321 West Front street; Mrs. Sarah E. Randolph, 103 Liberty street. 24 5

FRUIT canned to order. Empty glass cans or jelly glasses taken in exchange. Address Box 152, Dunellen, N. J. 23 3

LESSONS given on the piano to beginners. Terms 50 cents. Address P. O. Box 774. 17 3

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 17 Somerset street. 5 Sept

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 Sept

WILL the lady that called at 7 West Second street, and left address for Mrs. Sarah Crosby's address in EVENING NEWS, and oblige C. K. Vail.

WANTED TO BUY—A young fresh cow, yielding about 16 quarts. Jersey preferred. Address "Nursery," care of EVENING NEWS. 24 3*

WANTED TO BUY—A 30x150 feet lot, with house. Address "Builder," care of EVENING NEWS. 23 3

YOUNG lady wants furnished room; down stairs preferred. 85 East Front street. 23 3

IT IS

PRESIDENTIAL YEAR.
COLUMBUS YEAR.
A GREAT YEAR.
AND WE
Have the Goods to Match It.

The Opening of our MILLINERY Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly, will take place Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29th, 30th and Oct. 1st.

A RARE BARGAIN IN STOCKINGS.

Just Observe—8-4 Bleached Sheeting, 17c 9-4 do., 20c. 10-4 do., 22c. 7-4 Brown Sheeting, 15c 9-4 do., 18c. 10-4 do., 20c.

EXTRA VALUE IN DRESS GOODS.

There is everything that is new and desirable in Fall Goods, and our prices are, as usual, the lowest.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

Previous to our extensive alterations that we are making, we have reduced prices on all goods through our House-Furnishing. We call particular attention to our Toilet Sets that are selling for $4.25 per set. Mason Quart Jars, 65 each. Jelly Glasses, 80, each. Great bargains in Granite Iron Ware.

White & VanArsdale

Stillman Music Hall!

Musical Event Extraordinary!

MONDAY EVENING,

SEPTEMBER 26th.

SALE OF SEATS NOW OPEN AT CENTRAL PHARMACY.

Appearance of the greatest military band in America,

SOUSA'S

New Marine Band,

Composed of 30 of the highest class Artists and Soloists, directed by the distinguished director and composer,

JOHN PHILIP SOUSA.

Recently resigned from the United States Marine Corps for the express purpose of taking charge of this great enterprise.

A Military Band Without a Rival.

En tour to appear at the World's Fair Dedicatory Ceremonies at Chicago. At this brilliant Military Concert will appear two famous vocalists.

Mlle. Marcella Lindh,
SOPRANO;

Sig. Antonio Galassi,
BARITONE.

Both of highest operatic fame in America and Europe.

PRICES—$1, 75c. and 50c.
THE BLAKELY SYNDICATE.
Mr. D. Blakely, Manager

SPECIAL SALE!
OF
1,000 pairs of Trousers
at
WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE
30 West Front Street.

A GOOD CHANCE for BARGAINS.
Our New Stock o
Fall and Winter
Goods Just Received.
It will pay you to examine them.
The Latest Styles of Hats and gentlemen's Furnishings.
A full line of Clothing to Order.

EDITORIAL NOTES

That umbrella trust won't go. Nobody but can be trusted with an umbrella.

It is odd that the people who live to be a century old are in general the persons whom the world cares little or nothing about.

Whatever good invention is given to man at once human greed begins to abuse it. The lightning was harnessed to the use of man only to be dishonestly used for aging wine and winning horse races.

Note the Philadelphia Record's definition of a polite man: "A polite man is one who listens with interest to things he knows all about when they are being told by a person who knows nothing about them."

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

[Notices of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.]

Mr. Seely Ethell will speak at the Mount Pleasant school house on Sunday evening.

Madison Avenue Chapel Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. At eight p. m. Dr. R. R. Doherty will speak.

Park Place Chapel, Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. At 7:45 p. m. Mr. Chas. E. Scudder will preach.

Services at the Church of the Redeemer, Roche Avenue and Arnold, at eleven o'clock a. m. Seats free.

A pleasant meeting may be expected at the Memorial chapel at 7:45 this evening with to-morrow evening.

Trinity Reformed church. The pastor, the Rev. Dr. Apple, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The Sabbath-school will meet at 9:15 a. m.

The services in Hope chapel for Sunday, the 25th, will be as follows: Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at three p. m., song service and preaching at 7:30 p. m.

Services at Joseph's church to-morrow will be as follows: Mass at 8:30 and high mass at 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school and Vespers at 3 p. m. Rosary at eight p. m.

First avenue Baptist church, Sunday School 9:15. Preaching 10:30 a. m., by Rev. George Sellers of Red Bank, N. J. Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m. No evening service.

First church of Christ—Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school at 12:15 m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Ladies' meeting Monday-day at 2:30 p. m. All are welcome.

West End Union Mission. Sunday-school at 2:30. Evening service, at 7:45 conducted by Mr. A. A. Bonnell, jr. Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

Congregational church, West Seventh street, Rev. Dr. Goodrich, pastor. Morning service at 10:30, with Sunday-school following. Christian Endeavor meeting at 7:30.

Services in German Lutheran, congregation will hold services to-morrow in Wright's hall, corner Front and Watchung, Sunday-school at 9:30. The Rev. Edward Kissler, pastor.

The pastor of the A. M. P. church will preach in Manning's Hall. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Class meeting at 2:30 p. m. All are welcome. Rev. L. L. Fennell, pastor.

Christ church, Rev. W. H. Richards, D. D., pastor. Services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. All seats free at the evening service.

Members of the Reform Club and their friends are invited to attend the meeting of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society to-day every Sunday at Reform Hall at 4 p. m. and 7:30 p. m.

All Souls' church, Park avenue. Unitarist services at 10:30 a. m., 7:45 p. m. All seats are free. The pastor, Rev. Robert Clark will preach. The Sunday-school will meet at 11:45 a. m.

The usual services will be held to-morrow in the W. C. T. U. rooms Sunday at 9:15 a. m. and four p. m. There will be the usual praise service this evening at eight o'clock.

Church of the Holy Innocents, Dunellen, Rev. A. S. Phelps, rector. After a vacation of two Sundays, services will be resumed on Sunday next (Aug. 11) at the usual hour, 3:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, rector. Celebration of the Holy communion at eight a. m. Sunday-school at 9:45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Even-song at 4:45 p. m.

Services in the First Presbyterian church, Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Regular preaching services at 11 a. m., and 7:45 p. m. by Rev. Geo. Francis Green of Cranford, N. J. Young people's meeting at seven p. m.

The young men's meeting in the Y. M. C. A. will be held Sunday at 4:15 p. m., and will be conducted by Mr. Seely Ethell. The meeting are full of interest from the beginning to the end. All male are invited.

Services in the German church, Craig place, North Plainfield, to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. After the morning service holy communion will be held. Weekly services Wednesday at 7:45 p. m. Sunday-school at 9:15 a. m.

Methodist Episcopal church. The Rev. Dr. Cass. is Mitchell will preach at 11 a. m. The pastor will preach in the Patterson Shoood Perish. Sunday-school at 12:15 m. and Epworth League at seven p. m. Subject for subject at 7:45 p. m. Chapers and Whiskey.

Church of our Saviour, Netherwood, Rev. Dr. Goodrich. Holy communion at 7:30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at 4:15 p. m. Daily evensong at five p. m. Free hacks leave R. R. station on North avenue for the church at 10:30 a. m.

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Rodman, rector. Sept. 25th, Fifteenth Sunday after Trinity. Early celebration of the Holy Communion at 8 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon, 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Evening service at five p. m. Daily evensong at five p. m.

First Baptist church—9:30 a. m., service of prayer; 10:30 a. m., and 7:45 p. m., preaching by the Rev. Dr. Thos. J. Yerkes; 2:30 p. m., the Sunday-school and young men's Bible classes will meet; Wednesday, the regular church prayer meeting, and Friday, prayer meeting of the Young People's League. Both meetings at eight p. m. Strangers will be especially welcome.

M'KINLEY AND M'CLURE.

The Former Makes a Speech to Philadelphia Republicans,

WHICH THE LATTER WILL ANSWER.

The Colonel Listens to the Major's Talk on the Tariff — Ex-Secretary Bayard Talks to the Democrats of Brooklyn. Fowderly for the People's Party.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 24.—Governor William McKinley, Jr., of Ohio, addressed 5,000 people at the Academy of Music last night, while fully 2,000 more were unable to gain admission because of the crowded condition of the theater. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Manufacturers' club. Postmaster General Wanamaker was seated on the stage.

The governor was introduced by Mr. Thomas Dolan, president of the club, and was greeted with loud and prolonged applause. During his speech he was frequently interrupted by the enthusiastic audience. Mrs. McKinley and a party of ladies occupied the Patti box. The governor said in substance:

Governor McKinley's Speech.

I have come here to-night from you upon the condition of the country and the effect upon such condition of the public policies which are advocated by the two great political parties of the United States. Before passing to the discussion of the tariff I desire to call your attention to a most remarkable declaration of purpose upon the part of the Democratic leaders as expressed in the Chicago platform. It is a demand for the abolition of the 90 per cent tax upon state banks of issue. This tax was laid during the war for the purpose of displacing state bank circulation with national money. It had the effect intended. The state bank circulation was driven out of existence with greenbacks and the national bank notes came into circulation.

There can be but one purpose, which must be to restore them. The result of such action on the part of the Democratic party would give us a circulating medium in the forty-four states and the territories under different rules and regulations, and with different securities for redemption. It would authorize the issue of all kinds of money under such regulations as to secure to the people their legislation may prescribe, all subject to local influences and to the greed of the speculator and the insurer. I can imagine nothing so disastrous to the business of the country as the restoration of that kind of money with which to measure the exchanges of the people. I submit to those who with the experience this country had under that system which prevailed before the war, it will want to return to it again. I fear the people do not realize the full force of the Democratic declaration in favor of state banks of issue.

For thirty years the Democratic leaders have been unsound in their financial policies. This announcement is not always put in this concise form, but its effect has always been to corrupt and debase the currency of the country.

The Tariff.

The constitutionality of a protective tariff is not only sustained by the opinions of Washington, Madison and Jefferson, but it received special recognition in the first tariff law ever passed by the congress of the United States, which was entirely in line with all laws enacted than half the life of the government we have had in operation the protection laws and the supreme court of the United States has never announced any opinion other than in support of the constitutionality of such laws.

The platform of the Republican party declares for a tariff upon foreign products, so arranged as to meet the revenue needs of the government, and so discriminating as to give our own people and our producers a preference in this market over the producers of the other countries of the world. The platform of the Democratic party declares for a tariff which shall be levied upon foreign products for revenue only, and is by far the boldest utterance the party ever made in favor of the Rum h doctrine of free trade as a means of raising revenue a protective tariff is a surer way than a revenue tariff.

Mr. Bayard in his recent speech in Brooklyn, rejects the tariff plank in the national platform of his party, but announced one for himself. It is a tariff for revenue only, with incidental or accidental protection.

McClure Will Reply.

When the government lends itself to the support of organizations which make the weak weaker, the strong stronger and the poor poorer, there could be no prosperity for common mankind. There should be no public privileges for other than public ends. Those who were chosen to govern the people were but the people's servants, chosen to execute the people's will.

Mr. Bayard then took up the tariff question, which he discussed in all its bearings. He first took up the question of shipping and ascribed to the policy of protection the decay of American shipping, due to the decrease of commerce and importation and the increased cost of living. A TAX that had for its object revenue only encouraged commerce.

The speaker maintained the right of any man to exchange the product of his brain or hands whenever he found it to his best advantage. The protection policy would reduce the agricultural interests of the west and south to destitution. High tariffs did not protect American workingmen, for the highest wages were paid when there was no protection at all.

After speaking some time on the federal elections bill, the speaker closed with a reference to Grover Cleveland as a representative of the highest type of American character, whose public and private life were to be emulated, and who, while he may have displeased the American people, had never deceived them.

Ex-Railroad Commissioner John D. Kerman, of Utica, followed Mr. Bayard with a brief address.

STEVENSON IN RICHMOND.

The Federal Elections Bill Named as the Issue of the Campaign.

RICHMOND, Sept. 24.—General Stevenson was given the grandest reception that ever was tendered any one in this city. The great meeting was held in Mozart hall, and over 2,000 people were present to listen to the distinguished speaker. The different clubs formed in the lower part of the city and marched to the hall, where reserved seats were held for them.

When General Stevenson appeared in the hall he was received with the wildest of applause, and when he came forward after his introduction it was several minutes before the applause subsided enough for the speaker to begin. Colonel John B. Cary presided, and among the distinguished gentlemen on the stage were the following: Governor McKinney, General Fitzhugh Lee, Hon. George D. Wise, Mayor Ellyson and others. Colonel Cary introduced General Stevenson as the next vice president.

General Stevenson, after thanking the audience for its cordial greeting, spoke of the wise administration of Cleveland and compared it with the present ruler and referred to the billion dollar congress. He dwelt at some length on the McKinley tariff bill, and explained that wherever tariff was mentioned it meant taxes. He said that tariff not does not govern wages, but that it was ruled by a higher power—that of demand and supply—and asked if the wages of the laboring man had gone up during the last thirty years like the tariff had.

The speaker said, "I have referred briefly to one statement and now come to another that is of infinitely more importance than the tariff—I mean the force bill." Said he, "If there is a man here who thinks that the force bill is a dead issue let him go out west and he will find it very live issue."

He first referred to what had been said on the question by Speaker Reed, of the Fifty-first congress, and fully explained the meaning of the force bill and said that it would not be necessary to have this meeting if the force bill was in force.

He concluded his remarks by saying that he did not come from this far western home to the old dominion to tell its citizens to vote the Democratic ticket, but to appeal to them to stand by their homes, their wives and children. It was the most enthusiastic meeting ever held in the city.

POWDERLY'S POSITION.

The Chief Knight of Labor Declares for the People's Party.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 24.—General Master Workman Powderly, hearing that the Democratic national committee was distributing as a campaign document part of his article on "Labor and Protection" in The North American Review, has come out with a letter in which he emphatically denies any championship of the Democratic party.

Mr. Powderly denounces Chairman Harrity as defeating the will of the people of Pennsylvania by opposing the constitutional convention, and declares that Mr. Harrity, he says, "who framed that part of the Democratic platform of 1891 which sidetracked the constitutional convention for everything except a change in the ballot numbering clause."

Mr. Powderly also censures Governor Pattison's course toward the constitutional convention, and concludes his letter thus:

I have written no campaign documents, for either Democratic or Republican party, will not write any, and will not support a candidate of any party but the one which by the honesty and manhood of its claims to the votes of Knights of Labor by adopting a preamble of the Knights of Labor as its National platform—the People's party candidate General James P. Weaver and General James G. Field.

Weaver Disgusted with Georgia.

ATLANTA, Sept. 24.—Five thousand people assembled at the capitol to hear General Weaver. After waiting half an hour it was ascertained that he would not come, as he had declared that there was no freedom of speech in Georgia and had thrown up his engagements. Governor Northern then addressed the audience vouching for them that they would give their hearing. A vote was taken inviting General Weaver to speak, but he would not come.

Maine's People's Party.

ROCKLAND, Sept. 24.—A state meeting of the People's party was held here, and it ratified the nomination of presidential electors named at the Gardiner convention.

Belknap Renominated.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 24.—The Fifth district Republicans renominated Captain Charles E. Belknap for congress by acclamation.

McCartney for Congress.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Sept. 24.—The Republicans of the Ninth Kentucky district nominated John P. McCartney, of Burken, for congress.

The Telegraphers' Strike.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Sept. 24.—The train dispatchers have announced their determination to join the striking operators unless the company grants the demands of the strikers.

Sickness Drove Him to Suicide.

FORESTVILLE, N. Y., Sept. 24.—Ira W. Wilder, one of the oldest farmers of Arkwright, committed suicide by cutting his throat. Sickness was the cause.

Eloped with a Countess.

VIENNA, Sept. 24.—Lieutenant Erlanger son of Baron Victor Erlanger, and the Countess Musica, stepdaughter of M. Grassi, formerly Roumanian embassador is this city, have eloped.

Nelson Failed to Beat His Record.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 24.—The trial Ben Nelson started in Hampden park to beat his record of 2:10, but failed in two trials, the fastest of which was 2:11¼.

VETERANS ON THE RUN

Beating a Hasty Retreat from the Encampment City.

WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS ELECTION

Mrs. Margaret P. Wickens, of Kansas, Selected as President to Succeed Mrs. Sue Pike Sanders—Commander in Chief Weissert Issues His First Order.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—This was "break away day" in the official programme for the entertainment of the Grand Army of the Republic, but its members release themselves twenty-seven years ago from the fetters of "orders from the commanding officer," and have been "breakin away" as fast as long lines of railway cars could carry them out of town ever since the close of the second grand review on Tuesday last.

The wet sou'wester which set in saceleated their departure, and the attractions that about the capital have lost somewhat of their power to detain the visitor. As a result the population of Washington is diminished to nearly its normal size.

The programme for the entertainment of the veterans consisted mainly of excursions. Trips were made to nearly all the neighboring battlefields and up and down the Potomac river. A parade was made by the Sons of Veterans.

The reunion of the Sons of Veterans in Grant tent was a great success. Surgeon General Wilson presided and made the opening address He was followed by Secretary Noble, E. Potter Duston Colonel P. H. Murphy, of New York; Colonel Lagg of Baltimore, and several other comrades. Miss Daisy Tittle, of Cincinnati, known as the Daughter of the Regiment, Department of Ohio, added greatly to the success of the meeting by her several recitations.

The new national council of administration, G. A. R., held a meeting. Commander in Chief Weissert presided, and the next adjutant general was chosen as his desk. The matter of the date of the encampment of 1893 at Indianapolis was referred to the executive committee of the council. General Weissert has not yet announced the members of his staff, but it is understood that John Tyler, of Philadelphia, who has been quartermaster general for twelve years, will occupy the same position.

Weissert's First Order.

The first order of the new commander in chief has been issued as follows:

HEADQUARTERS, Sept. 23.

Having been elected commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic by unanimous suffrage of my comrades, I undertake the duties of the position fully realizing the grave responsibilities assumed.

The degree of success may attend the incoming administration will depend largely upon the cordial cooperation of the comrades throughout the nation, which is earnestly invoked.

Headquarters will be established for the present at Milwaukee. All business should be addressed to E. B. Gray, Adjutant General G. A. R., Milwaukee.

A. G. WEISSERT, Commander in Chief.

The national convention of the Woman's Relief corps met for a business session. The new G. A. R. commander in chief Weissert, and his adjutant, staff, Gray, and Past Senior Commander Dietrick, of the Department of Illinois, visited the convention, and each made short and eloquent addresses and were decorated with the souvenir badges of the W. R. C.

The convention then proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year. Mrs. Margaret B. Wickens, of Kansas, was elected president. The retiring president, Mrs. Sue Pike Sanders, was extended vote of thanks for her able and just administration of her arduous duties during the past year.

Fifty Cents Per Week.

Did you Ever Hear of Such an Opportunity?

EVERY WAGE WORKER IN PLAINFIELD CAN OWN A HOME.

Do not Miss this Great Offer.

The Great Clearance Sale of

50 UNSOLD LOTS,

Opposite Netherwood Depot. I will offer until OCTOBER 1st

$100 Lots for $90.

On Payment of

$5 Cash; Balance 50 Cents a Week.

$125 lots, $5 cash; balance 75c. a week.
$150 lots, $10 cash; balance $1 a week.

Lots in the immediate vicinity are selling from $300 to $500. My price for the 15 days only, $90 to $150 a Lot. This Great Sale will commence on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17TH,

and will continue only for a few days. As there are only 50 lots, do not put it off. Come at once. Tuesday is going to be Special Exhibition Day.

REMEMBER, 50 CENTS A WEEK.

Just think how easy you can put by this small amount.

Buy for a home. Buy for Investment.

Buy a Lot for your Children. It is a great Savings Bank.

Maps and full Particulars

WM. H. MOFFITT,
49 North Avenue.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

A. Y. PEARSON'S BIG REALISTIC PRODUCTION, With its Wealth of Scenery and Realistic Features,

THE POLICE PATROL,

Presented precisely in every detail just as advertised.

Wednesday Evening, September 28th.

The Great Police Station Scene. Haymarket Square, Chicago, at Night. The Great Patrol Stable. The Terrific Struggle. The Alarm and Quick ditch The White Patrol. Positively the Grandest Production of the age

United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association

LEADING CASH GROCERS,

29 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

SELL GOODS CHEAPER THAN YOU CAN BUY THEM ELSEWHERE.

5 gals. Best Kerosene Oil, 150 test, and can, 90c. Finest Elgin Creamery Butter, 26c lb.
1 " " " 25c. Fine Dairy Butter, 22c.
1 " " " and can, 25c. New Crop Teas, (4 kinds), 25c lb.
1 " " " 8c. Choice Rio Coffee, 20c lb.
Granulated Sugar, 5½c lb. Sweet Potatoes, 25c basket, (16 quarts).
Cut and Powdered Sugar, 5½c lb. Mason's Fruit Jars, (1 quart) 60c. doz.

If you want a very nice fat Mackerel, we have them, 11c. lb.

Headquarters for Fruits and Vegetables

OF ALL KINDS.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

We Cannot Give You A **House and Lot,**

But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material.

Estimates furnished free of charge.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Painters and Decorators,
29 East Front street.

$500 LIFE INSURANCE **Free**

of cost to ALL Customers that trade with

FRED. W. DUNN,

The Plainfield Grocer,

No. 18 North Avenue.

$500 Come and Get a Policy. **Free**

A Word to the Public!

OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.

Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. H. Boehm, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of styles and most creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.

Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

BOEHM'S

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't.

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

In view the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for nut coal, which he confidentially believes enables him to deliver coal cleaner than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL. In best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for job work and has added full sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING,

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 7g.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY, Intelligence Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 7

H. F. SPENCER,

76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and provisioner. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. W. G. C. Co. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD

CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Teamsters employed. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Manufacturer of Cut Flowers, Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers

P. O. box 998 Telephone call 82

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:40, a. m., 12:05, 2:30, 5:40 p. m.
Close—7:45 and 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:00 and 6:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITON MAILS.

Arrive—9:40 a. m., 1:05, 6:30p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

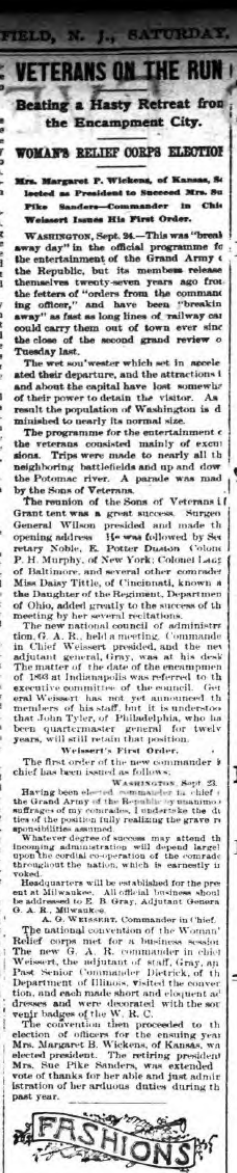
SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 9:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Walking Dress.

The illustration given herewith shows a handsome walking dress of grey cloth and velvet. The bodice has the shape of a jacket with long basques behind. The upper part is close fitting and entirely of velvet, with a pointed plastron of cloth; a cloth corselet laced in front is continued behind to form square basques over a shorter draped basque in front.



FASHIONS.

PEARY'S ARCTIC MISSION

The Explorer's Principal Object Was Not Attained.

HE WILL PROBABLY TRY IT AGAIN.

There Is More Work for Him to Do in the Lands of Everlasting Ice—A Rare Collection of Scientific Value Brought Back. Miss Verhoeff Demands Her Brother.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 24.—The steamship Kite arrived in Philadelphia, and was welcomed with the shrieks and whistles and the cheers of thousands of people collected on the docks to salute the Arctic explorers, who had spent a year in North Greenland.

Civil Engineer Robert E. Peary, chief of the expedition, started out to discover the northern terminus of Greenland. The expedition is practically a failure, because Mr. Peary did not succeed in doing this. The most northerly place reached by him was eighty-four miles south of the point located by Lockwood and Brainard, of the Greely party.

To determine the terminus of Greenland it was essential to go farther north than they did, because they placed the American flag on the Greenland continent or island, whichever you please to call it, at a latitude of 83 deg. 24 min. north. Peary's highest northing was about eighty-four geographical miles south of this.

It will be seen, therefore, that Peary has not determined the northern limit of Greenland. Lieutenant Peary signified his willingness to talk with the newspaper men. He was clad in a suit of dark gray, and his face and hands were as tanned as though he had just returned from darkest Africa. "There is really very little for me to say," he began, "as the chief points of the expedition are contained in my recent letter from Newfoundland. The trip was a success in every way. I did all that I proposed to do, and of course I feel very happy."

He was asked if he intended to continue his explorations and try to reach the pole.

"It is rather early to talk of such things now," he replied, "but I most certainly shall go again."

Asked about the fate of young Verhoeff, the explorer said:

Verhoeff's Fate.

"There is scarcely anything that I can add. Verhoeff started on a solitary exploring tour a few days after I returned from the northern coast. He had with him a Colts revolver and fifty rounds of ammunition, five days' provisions, a compass, an ax and an extra suit of fur clothing. After the first day he returned, and then leaving me again said that if he was not back in five days not to look for him. The appointed time elapsed and then we made our unsuccessful hunt. Our relations were very friendly."

"Is it true that when Verhoeff contributed $2,000 to the expedition he understood he was to accompany you to the furthest north?"

"I think not," said the lieutenant. "The agreement was that I was to select my companions for the cross country trip after we reached Greenland."

"In your opinion, is he alive or dead?"

"He is dead."

Just before Lieutenant Peary left the vessel Miss Mattie Verhoeff, whose brother went out on the expedition and is supposed to have lost his life in a crevasse, boarded the Kite, and going up to Lieutenant Peary said:

"Lieutenant Peary, what have you done with John M. Verhoeff?"

The lieutenant stood speechless for a minute and then said softly:

"I am very sorry that he is not on board."

"Is that all you have to say to me?" she asked, the tears starting in her eyes.

"Yes, that is all at present. I will meet you at the Lafayette hotel and then I will tell you all that I can."

His Sister Not Satisfied.

After the interview at the Lafayette, Miss Verhoeff said she had told Lieutenant Peary very plainly what she thought of his treatment of her brother, and added: "As Peary's friend, most of me was far from what it should have been under such sad circumstances, and only strengthens my belief that he acted in anything but a kindly manner toward my brother, his companion in a great expedition and his equal, if not superior, in scientific attainment. Mrs. Peary, who should not have been permitted to go with the expedition, needed a bodyguard, and my brother, who contributed largely to the cost of the outfit, was compelled to perform work that any ordinary member of the crew could have done instead of preparing his scientific researches, as I firmly believe he is now doing in the far north."

Lieutenant Peary himself refuses to say anything concerning Verhoeff's disappearance beyond what has already been told. He denies that differences existed between himself and the independent but ambitious Kentuckian. Other members express ignorance of any trouble between the two men or of Verhoeff's intention to explore for himself. William E. Meehan, the botanist of the relief party, said that the search for the mineralogist occupied seven days, and that every member of both expeditions, nine Eskimos and the ship's crew were engaged in it.

Traces of Verhoeff had been found on the sixth day near a number of large crevasses, into which there was every reason to believe he had fallen.

Peary's Rare Collection.

The collections that Peary has brought back from Greenland are of great value and are absolutely perfect. They include everything that can possibly be of the slightest scientific importance. Among the most interesting articles is a set of Eskimo toys made of ivory.

They are marked with rude carvings of deer, walrus, seals, narwhals, etc., which, although exceedingly rough, can readily be distinguished. Then there are suits of Eskimo clothing, specimens ready for mounting of the reindeer, polar bear, narwhal, walrus, fox, hare, etc.

There are butterflies, some larger than bats. Eskimo knives, which are constructed entirely of ivory, weapons, cooking utensils, dog sleds, spears, and so on. This collection was highly praised by Dr. William E. Hughes, one of the leading lights of the academy of natural sciences here.

"There will be a meeting of our members at the academy building on next Tuesday night," said Dr. Hughes, "at which Lieutenant Peary is expected to present a full report of his trip. The following evening a reception will be tendered him and the members of his party."

Pinkerton Primer Surrenders.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 24.—Fred Primer, a Pinkerton detective, accused of riot and conspiracy by Burgess McLuckie, of Homestead, has surrendered. The other detectives have not yet been arrested nor have they surrendered.

GENERAL POPE DEAD.

The Old Veteran Breathes His Last in the Sandusky Soldiers' Home.

SANDUSKY, O., Sept. 24.—General John Pope died late last night at the Soldiers' home here. He was born in Louisville in 1822, and was graduated from the West Point Military academy at the age of twenty. After serving in Florida the two following years he was made a second lieutenant in 1846 and took part in the Mexican war, in which he earned the rank of captain. Subsequent years were devoted principally to surveying. When the civil war broke out he was made brigadier general of volunteers, and assigned to duty in Missouri, from which he drove Sterling Price.

GENERAL POPE.

He was subsequently commander of the Army of the Mississippi. In June, 1862, he was assigned to the command of the Army of Virginia, with which two months later he almost continuously for fifteen days fought a superior Confederate force under General Robert E. Lee.

One of these battles was the second Bull Run, for the failure to take part in which the first day General Fitz John Porter was charged with disobeying orders by General Pope. General Pope was relieved of the command of the Army of Virginia on Sept. 3 and assigned to the Department of the Northwest, where he checked the inroads of the Minnesota Indians.

After the civil war he served in other western departments until he was retired in March, 1886. He was brevetted major general in the spring of 1865 for his services at the capture of Island No. 10, and advanced to the full rank in October, 1882.

THE CHOLERA'S DECLINE.

No New Cases in New York, and Hamburg Rapidly Improving.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The health board's bulletin was of the same tenor of those that have been issued for several days. It showed that no cases of cholera had appeared during the preceding twenty-four hours. Appended to it was a report of bacteriological examinations into the cases of Mary Murphy, of 63 Cherry street; H. Wesehalk, of 11 Second street, and Hop Wah, showing that death had not resulted from cholera.

Louis Weinhager, who was taken sick on Sunday, died yesterday at the reception hospital for Asiatic cholera. There are two other suspicious cases, those of Margaret Coughlin, of 280 Avenue C, and Lieb Nisnowitz, of 248 Division street, which are also under observation.

Hamburg Still Improving.

HAMBURG, Sept. 24.—The number of fresh cholera cases has been 339, or eighty-four fewer than yesterday; the number of deaths 144, or fifteen fewer than yesterday. The interments have numbered 341, or fifty fewer than yesterday. The hospitals contain 2,363 patients, or 184 fewer than yesterday. The majority of the patients in the hospitals are convalescent.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. Baker & Co.'s
Breakfast Cocoa,
which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

Stoves! Stoves!
at
MUSGRAVE'S
SECOND-HAND FURNITURE STORE,
35 and 37 Somerset street

A MAN IN RAGS
IS HANDICAPPED IN
THE RACE FOR SUCCESS.
CLOTHING FROM ONE
DOLLAR UP MAY BE
BOUGHT AT C. SCHEPFLIN & CO'S., 70
WEST FRONT STREET.

COME AND SEE
the Large Stock of
Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
ALSO
Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.
AT CAREY'S,
76, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."
BEECHAM'S PILLS
TASTELESS—EFFECTUAL
FOR A
DISORDERED LIVER
25 Cents a Box,
Sold Everywhere.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between George L. Van Emburgh and Edward White, of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Van Emburgh & White, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

G. L. VAN EMBURGH,
EDWARD WHITE.

Dated September 14, 1892. 15 tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 14, 1892.

To Whom it May Concern:

Be it known that Mr. Edward White and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union, State of New Jersey, have this fourteenth day of September, 1892, formed a co-partnership under the firm name of White & Van Arsdale, to succeed the firm of Van Emburgh & White, dealers in dry goods, notions, etc., which business will be continued at the same place, No. 18 West Front street, where they will be pleased to serve patrons and friends.

EDWARD WHITE,
MORRIS VAN ARSDALE,
of the late firm of Doane & Van Arsdale.
14 12

Educational.

Harned Academy
RE-OPENED SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies
The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harned, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.
Classes now forming in German and French. Special Classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparatory to college. Music. Weekly lectures.
E. N. HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S
SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
and
KINDERGARTEN,
17 LAGRANDE AVENUE,
Will Re-Open September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,
for
YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
will re-open on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
For particulars address MISS E. E. KENYON, Principal.
8 10 3m*

ELOCUTION.—Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH LESSONS.—Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture, class or private lessons at residence in the French language. Terms moderate. *Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others.* For terms, and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. VIROUX, care of Miss's Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 19 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street

FALL SHAPES
IN
DERBY HATS.
Hallock & Davis
5 West Front Street.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
of Indiana.

For Vice-President,
WHITELAW REID,
of New York.

For Governor,
JOHN KEAN, JR.,
of Elizabeth.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
At Large—Ex-Senator Alexander G. Cattel and Frederick Frelinghuysen.
First District—George Hires of Salem.
Second District—Ferdinand A. Roebling of Mercer.
Third District—Adolph Mack of Raritan.
Fourth District—Luther Kountze of Morris county.
Fifth District—Donald McKay of Bergen county.
Sixth District—Frederick Kuhn of Newark.
Seventh District—George F. Perkins of Jersey City.
Eighth District—William F. Chamberlain of Bayonne.

BEACH'S
Celebrated
PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.
Also
HOME MADE White Bread, Gluten Bread, Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cakes, Pastry, etc.
A fine lot of GREEN GRAPES and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice
Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday desert on or before Saturday morning.
M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel forms tion and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 948.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 19 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH.
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 813.

R. V. SAUMS.
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evons.
P. O. Box 1020
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

JACOB M. HIGGINS,
PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR
P. O. Box 351. Residence Lower street, 989 near Howard.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—84 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Fine cabinet work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1564.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder and hard wood mantel maker, Rear of Second and Sequot streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 2 Sequot street.

Sunshine Parlor Heaters; Improved Cylinder Stoves; Othello Ranges; Furnaces and Fire-place Heaters; Furnace Work and Plumbing; Hardware. Get a $500 Insurance, Free.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET.
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

The Manhattan Wine Room,
179 and 181 Somerset Street,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)
Frank Linke, Prop.
ESTABLISHED 1886.
Wholesale and Retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Stoeffer's Weimer Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.
Wholesale Branch, 43 West Front street.
All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

The Plainfield Ice
and
Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

NOTICE!
A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Bologna Maker, who is now at work making the finest bologna in this city. If you are fond of Bologna stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 34. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect Sept. 18, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 3 37, 5 28, 6 14, 6 29, 8 59, 9 30, 7 30, 9 00, 9 15, 9 45, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 41, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 5 14, 6 01, 8 59, 11 15, 11 45 a. m., 12 30, 1 45, 3 30, 4 45, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave New York, 2 45, 3 30, 5 15, 7 45, 8 45, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 15, 10 00, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 4 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 2 00, 3 30, 4 00, 5 30, 6 00, 7 00, 9 00, 10 00, p. m.; 12 15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 3 30, 6 25, 8 08, 7 30, 8 05, 8 48, 9 25, 10 04, 10 27, 11 08 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 35, 1 05, 1 37, 2 08, 2 35, 3 05, 3 37, 4 05, 4 37, 5 05, 5 37, 6 05, 6 37, 7 05, 7 37, 8 05, 8 37, 9 05, 9 37, 10 05, 10 37, 11 37 p. m. Sunday, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave Newark, 4 15, 6 05, 6 45, 7 30, 8 05, 8 48, 9 25, 10 04, 10 27, 11 08 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 35, 1 05, 1 37, 2 08, 2 35, 3 05, 3 37, 4 05, 4 37, 5 05, 5 37, 6 05, 6 37, 7 05, 7 37, 8 05, 8 37, 9 05, 9 37, 10 05, 10 37, 11 37 p. m. Sunday, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 45, a. m., 1 10, 2 30, 4 10, 5 40, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 10 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Dunellen.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 8 15, 7 10, 9 17, 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 12 05, 1 30, 2 55, 4 25, 5 30, 6 25, 7 30, 9 00, 10 40, 11 28, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 11 15 a. m., 12 05, 3 30, 5 30, 8 30, 9 30, 11 15 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 30, 9 55, 11 15 a. m., 2 05, 3 30, 5 14, 8 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday night, 12 30.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 8 15, 9 17, 9 45 a. m., 1 05, 2 55, 4 25, 5 30, p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 30 a. m., 3 05, 5 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 45, a. m., 1 30, 5 30 p. m. Sundays 9 00 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
8 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk and Tamaqua, Sundays 9 17 a. m.
7 10 a. m. for stations to High Bridge connecting for stations to High Bridge Branch.
8 17 a m for Flemington, D L & W R R, Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.
9 45 a m for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D L & W R R, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
11 05 a. m. way for Junction.
1 30 p m for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.
5 05 p. m. way for Junction connecting for D L & W R R.
5 30 p m for Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bethlehem, Bangor, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua, Parlor car to Mauch Chunk.
6 30 p m for Flemington.
7 30 p m for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.
8 30 p m for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
9 30 p m Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 9 30 a m Sundays for High Bridge, Parlor car of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park place, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 25 West Front street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Special Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

BROWN & MILLS
Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in rooms formerly occupied by Robert Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Best hand stand and razor work in the state.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security,
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Etc. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park place, Plainfield, N. J.

Science Notes.

THE LION OF LUCERNE.

A Famous Monument to Value Executed in Living Rock.

An interesting event took place recently at Lucerne when the 100th anniversary of the massacre of the Swiss Guards at the Tuileries was celebrated. Every visitor to Lucerne knows the famous monument (the Lowendenkmal) executed in the living rock from Thorwaldsen's design. It represents a lion of colossal size, wounded to death, with a spear in his side, yet endeavoring in his last gasp to protect from injury a shield bearing the flower-de-luce of the Bourbons, which he holds in his paws.

MONUMENT TO THE LION AT LUCERNE.

Though the centenary was celebrated on Sunday, the 7th, the actual massacre took place on Aug. 10, 1792. We are Swiss, and the Swiss never surrender their arms but "with their lives," were the proud words said to have been used by the Swiss mercenaries. "Helvetorum fidei ac virtuti" is the legend on the monument, and the fidelity and bravery of the Swiss Guards, mercenaries though they were, are still the subject of enthusiastic praise. This curious and magnificent piece of work excites due admiration and wonder of all who visit it.

Long Distance Photography.

A London journal claims that long distance photography is rendered quite a success by the new camera with a telescopic objective of Dr. Adolf Miethe. The object consists of a convex lens of considerable length, set next to a concave lens of short focus. These are placed a certain distance apart, depending on the difference of the two foci. By the law of optics this arrangement projects an inverted image of an object at a long distance from the lenses. The size of the object is greater the nearer the lenses are together, and the greater the difference between the foci. To obtain good images the lenses are of special form and achromatic. The whole camera looks very like a Galilean telescope. By substituting an ordinary opera glass for the objective in the camera and drawing it out a fairly good picture will be obtained on the ground glass of the camera.

A Unique World's Fair Exhibit.

Nicaragua is to erect a small but artistic building, and its exhibits will be unique. Civilization existed in Nicaragua and Mexico in prehistoric times, and in the former republic many traces of it have been found. Recently, near Lake Nicaragua, colossal statues have been found, and other relics, the handiwork of the ancient dwellers in Nicaragua. But the greatest discovery of all was a statuette of gold fashioned by the goldsmiths of those times. The Jewelers' Circular expresses the opinion that this little figure shows that the prehistoric race knew perhaps as much about working gold and silver as the universities of today.

A New Mineral.

A new mineral, not unlike asbestos in its properties, has been discovered in immense deposits in the United States or Colombia, says The Industrial World. It is stated to be the color of amber, perfectly transparent, and incombustible. Experiments made at Bogota indicate that it will be of great value for the manufacture of bank note paper, for fireproof and waterproof roofing fibre and for suits for firemen. A white varnish can also be extracted from it. The substance has been named bicara-mangaina, and it isexpected to prove of greater importance than asbestos.

Northern Tree Limit.

The latest researches of the Finnish expedition to the Kola peninsula will modify the position of the line which now represents on our maps the northern limits of tree vegetation in that part of northern Europe. Assisted in Nature, the northern limit of coniferous forests follows a sinuous line which crosses the peninsula from the northwest to the southeast. But it now appears that birch penetrates much farther north than the coniferous trees, and that birch forests or groves may be considered as constituting a separate outer zone which fringes the former.

The Life of Incandescent Lamps.

Experience shows that the life of incandescent lamps, particularly those having long, thin filaments, is materially shortened by mounting them in either a horizontal position, or, as is frequently done, in a position upwardly inclined from the horizontal. According to Popular Science News, this effect is especially noticeable in buildings subject to vibration from running machinery.

The Siphon.

The common siphon consists of a bent tube with limbs of unequal length. We give an illustration. The shorter leg being put into the mixture, the air is exhausted from the tube at O, the aperture at G being closed with the finger. When the finger is removed the liquid will run out. If the water were equally high in both legs the pressure of the atmosphere would hold the fluid in equilibrium, but one leg being longer the column of water in it preponderes, and as it falls the pressure on the water in the vessel keeps up the supply.

A COMMON SIPHON.

Apropos of the siphon is a very simple application of the principle. Cut off a strip of cloth and arrange it so that one end shall remain in a glass of water while the other hangs down. In a short time the water from the upper glass will have passed through the cloth fibers to a second glass beneath it which was empty at the beginning of the experiment. This attribute of porus substances is called capillarity and shows itself by capillary attraction in very fine pores or tubes. The same phenomenon is exhibited in blotting paper, sugar, sand and lamp wicks, all of which give familiar instances of capillarity. The cook makes use of this property by using thin paper to absorb grease from the surface of soups.

A BALLAD OF "OLD GLORY."

It flutters from ocean to ocean
High over the elements' roar,
The flag of our love and devotion—
The star-spangled flag we adore!
It shall reign and shall rule evermore,
For freest, high in mast and in story,
Today and for days still in store—
Hurrah for the folds of Old Glory!

Who can see without deepest emotion
The stars that emblazon it o'er—
The stars that in war's direst commotion
Flashed triumph o'er sea and o'er shore!
The banner confusion that bore
To despot and autocrat hoary,
Striking tyranny right to the core—
Hurrah for the folds of Old Glory!

If a foe or false friend have a notion
Its prowess and strength to explore,
It shall set all his nerves in a motion
They never experienced before!
Oh, 'tis stronger by far than of yore
When it crushed the vile plot of each Tory!
Hol fighting 'twill shimmer and soar—
Hurrah for the folds of Old Glory!

ENVOI.

Their light may the stars never pour
For wrong on a battle-field gory!
May its eagle bird live but to soar—
Hurrah for the folds of Old Glory!
—Eugene Davis.

A PATRIOTIC PROGRAMME.

Plans for the Public School Observance of Columbus Day.

When the American superintendents of education at their Brooklyn meeting last winter appointed their executive committee to take charge of the national public school celebration of Columbus Day, they instructed them especially prepare a uniform programme of exercises for all localities.

This official programme is now published. It provides specifically for a morning celebration in the school houses, and suggestions are made for afternoon demonstrations in which schools and citizens may unite. The morning ceremonies are to be as follows:

The schools are to assemble in their school houses at the usual hour on the morning of Oct. 21. All the rooms under the same principal, so far as possible, are to unite in the same exercises. Although it is a gala day, the discipline is to be precise, and the session is supposed to exhibit the results of careful, painstaking preparation.

The principal sees that everything is in readiness, gives his last injunctions and with his special guests waits the arrival of the detail of veterans who are to assist in raising and saluting the flag. The veterans are awaited at the gate by a color guard of pupils and are escorted with dignity to the main room and presented to the principal. Then the signal is given, and each room in turn, to drumbeat or other music, marches to the school yard, where the exercises are to take place if weather permits have been arranged. The pupils are drawn up in a large hollow square around the flag, and the veterans and color guard take their places at the halyards.

The exercises are opened by the master of ceremonies, who may be the principal or an appointed person, reading the president's proclamation for the school celebration of the day, in which he urges that *every* school in the land shall fly the national flag. He orders the flag unfurled, and the veterans run it up the staff and lead the assemblage in three cheers for the stars and stripes. Then, led by the principal, the pupils give an impressive salute to the colors, pledging allegiance to the flag and to the republic for which it stands. This salute properly terminates in the singing of "My country, 'tis of thee!" by the whole audience.

Following this unique ceremony and an acknowledgment of Divine Providence come the specially contributed features of the official programme. The first of these is the song of Columbus Day by Theron Brown, the distinguished writer of sweet songs. This is to be sung to the old and majestic tune of "Lyons." Then follows the address of Columbus Day, which is a thoughtful and brilliant declamation prepared by The Youth's Companion as its special gift to the celebration. The final feature is the reading of the Act of Columbus Day. This new poem, by Edna Dean Proctor, is a masterpiece. It will take high and permanent rank as an American classic. The privilege of declaiming this noble address, and of rendering the superb ode, will be a coveted distinction among the pupils of our schools, and the assignment should be very carefully made.

This concludes the uniform features of the official programme. Following these are suggested to come the local additions, such as historic representations, patriotic recitations and chorals, with which the schools may elaborate the exercises. It will also be the usual thing for addresses to be made by the eminent guests of the occasion, and for the familiar national hymns to be sung.

Preparations for the creditable rendering of this programme cannot begin too soon. The most careful arrangements should be made. Persistent rehearsing is imperative.

The families of all the pupils should be invited. Citizens generally should be expected at the school houses on the evening of Oct. 21. Seats for the assemblage should be provided out of doors, and a suitable room should also be held in readiness for retreat in case of storm.

Hotels.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD

Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.

First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE,

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
South Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine cry repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furnan" house heating boilers.

Beyond the Heat,
Above the Sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight
AT MIZZEN PEAK!
Build Your Home on Watching Mountains
Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence.
Particulars of
J. E. HALL, 40 North Avenue,
Plainfield, N. J.

WHO WILL BE PRESIDENT?

GUESS AGAIN!

Guess all you want to. Just now it is a subject for guessing. But when you want Carriages or Harness, Don't Guess. It is too risky. When you buy, your purchase should have not only quality, but reputation. And for an unexcelled variety of fine goods, the leading place is **L. M. French's**, 16, 18, 20 and 22 Somerset street

$40 for ONE PAIR of Shoes,
if the shoes are made of leather, is a price out of all reason.

DOANE & EDSALL are selling Shoes for women, fine fitting, long wearing, different widths, at ONLY

Two Dollars a Pair.

Doane & Edsall, 22 West Front Street.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as
RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS,
PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC.
WINTER AND FALL BLANKS,
They also have a big stock of
PARLOR HEATERS,
New Styles, Very Cheap.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's
Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

GOOD HEALTH

A CHOLERA REMEDY.

Tobacco Smoke Completely Destroys the Bacilli of Asiatic Cholera.

Popular Science News is authority for the following statement: A large number of investigations have been made by Dr. Tassinari on the influence of tobacco smoke on the germs of cholera, anthrax and pneumonia. His method of research was to line the interior of hollow balls with gelatine containing the germs of the diseases named; tobacco smoke was then passed through these globes for from ten to thirty minutes. The surprising fact was then established that at the expiration of that time the bacilli of anthrax, Asiatic cholera and of pneumonia were completely destroyed, whatever the kind of tobacco employed for the purpose. The gelatine was absolutely sterilized by the tobacco smoke. The anthrax bacillus was more resistant, however, while the bacillus of typhoid was scarcely acted on at all.

The Hand Spray for Fever.

In the treatment of typhoid and malarial fevers, where the heavily coated tongue tells to prevent the administration of antipyrin or phenacetin or antifebrin, and where an immediate reduction in the temperature is necessary, Dr. J. J. Lynch has for the past fifteen months employed the hand spray. He writes in the Virginia Medical Monthly: "I use an apparatus that throws a continuous spray, and a solution composed of one drachm of aromatic spirits of ammonia, one drachm of table salt to a pint of warm water. The patient is stripped and is sprayed from head to foot. The upper portion of the body is first sprayed, and while an assistant with a towel is drying this the lower extremities are subjected to the same treatment. After the patient has been thoroughly dried he is covered with a blanket and soon falls into a calm, refreshing sleep, followed by perspiration, a reduction of the temperature and a stronger and slower pulse. The relief thus obtained is of course only temporary, but it is just so much gained, and in the treatment of febrile conditions experience has taught me 'that every little is a help.'"

A Light Step.

Anybody can have it who will be at the pains to set the foot down right. In that lies all the difference between a thumping, lumping gait and the light tread that makes people call you "velvet footed." It is nothing easy to learn, and adds to the comfort of those about one. According to a writer on this subject, the whole art and mystery lies in a single sentence—put the ball of the foot down first, throwing the weight upon it, and letting the heel come to the ground the hundredth part of a second after. Treading at first—over all the sole at once—the weight comes with a jar that is about equally destructive to quiet, to grace and shoe leather. By stepping first on the ball, just behind the toes, its cushiony muscles act as a spring and make of walking a double pleasure.

Everybody Likes Me.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

We are about to Begin
A SERIES OF Special Sales of DOLLS.
The Greatest Bargains ever shown in Plainfield.
WATCH OUR WINDOWS
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

Kuyler's
Fine Confections.
Full Assortment. Always Fresh.
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
Cor. Front and Grove Street.

V. S. PRAKEN,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!!
MADE AND LINED FREE.
A splendid assortment of Beautiful Styles to select from. Give your order now, and we will make them up and hold until wanted
Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, Poles, Art Squares, Smyrna Rugs, all at New York Prices.
SPECIAL "CUT" PRICES.
Elegant white embroidered Handkerchiefs, 10c; original price 20c. Fancy hemmed stitched Handkerchiefs 5c. Foster Paul's hook Kid Gloves, $1, warranted; usual price $1.35. Embroidered silk Handkerchiefs, 17c; worth 25c. Our 50c all silk gloves, colored, 40c. A good 63c. Corset for 50c. Good bleached muslin at 7c; worth 9c. Our 50c. Table Linen 42c. Our 45c. Table Linen 35c. Our 30c. colored bord. do. 40. Ladies' striped Hose 25c.; usual price 45c. Ladies' fast black Hose, usual price 35c. Our 3-8 $1.25 Linen Napkins for 99c. A good white 10-4 Blanket, 79c; worth $1.
They are guaranteed unusually attractive bargains, and the quantities are limited. Come Quick and secure them before they are gone.
EDSALL'S.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!
After the use of
Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.
Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child
SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.
Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.
MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,
Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.
A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on
..Refrigerators... ...Lawn Mowers,..
...Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks..
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

ETIQUETTE

WHAT TO DO.

Important Details in the Fine Art of Good Manners.

"Good manners are the source and inspiration of easy social intercourse. They are the means of bringing people together in gentleness, grace and mirth-ful-ness. For the men or women who observe the amenities of life; who inherit the great gift, the perfect manner; who by goodness of heart and graciousness of disposition pave the way for those about them; who delights and charm human beings, and content them with themselves—they have at last reached the place in life in which they are a source of perpetual pleasure, an ever abiding joy to those who know them and a cheer and sunshine to those who believe in them." As authority on social matters adds, in Harper's Bazar, the following suggestions for attaining the pleasing condition described in the foregoing words:

Cultivate dress as a fine art, for minute attention to personal adornment and elegance of toilet is the duty of every man or woman of refinement. It is like the outward show that enables the world to judge of us personally, our character, refinement and condition, of the station in life in which we are thrown. It is a duty we owe our family, our friends and the world at large. It is the passport to good breeding and the support of fine manners.

Never eat bonbons or confections of any kind on the street, in vehicles or in public places. Munching sweets is considered by all refined and intelligent persons as ill bred and vulgar, and shows a flashy repose of manner. Swinging of arms, humming of tunes, frequent contortions of the face and restlessness of feet and hands are not only very trying to your family, but they are a source of irritation and annoyance to others.

After visiting an out of town house a letter sent within a week is equivalent to a call.

Never discuss yourself, your servants or domestic affairs. In public circumstances conversation is of a nature so general that continual talking of one's self is considered ill bred and vulgar.

Never interrupt a conversation as any time or in any place. A good listener is a great boon to mankind. There is a code of rules which is the result of all these social observances. A sentence, an incident, an opinion expressed should be given without interruption.

Be careful in carrying small bundles or parcels on which the name of the shopkeeper appears. A silk bag for these small purchases obviates this difficulty and makes for the buyer a helpful article in travelling or shopping.

It is not necessary at all times to offer your seat to a lady in a street car or omnibus, but there are two cases when it should be the inevitable rule—an elderly person or a woman with a child in her arms. To either this courtesy should be extended. Consideration for age and helplessness is appreciated.

This Date in History—Sept. 24.

1492—This night an immense meteor fell near the fleet of Columbus, startling grave superstitions among the sailors; Columbus noted that they were moving westward so rapidly before a steady wind that forty-seven leagues and a half was allotted.
1758—John Marshall, chief justice of the supreme court of the United States, born in Germantown, Fauquier county, Va., died 1835.
1762—Rev. William Ellis Bowles, poet, born in Cadiz, Spain; died 1852.
1815—John Sevier, hero of King's Mountain, pioneer, soldier and statesman, died near Fort Decatur, Ga., born 1745.
1867—Henry Warner Slocum, general in Army of the Potomac, born in Onondaga county, N. Y.
1868—Monterey surrendered to the Americans.
1868—The steamer Niagara burned; 100 lost.
1876—The great explosion at Hell Gate cleared out the channel.

That Was Good Enough.

The boy was sitting lazily in the stern of a boat, dangling his feet in the water, when a man from the dock called sharply to him.

"What are you doing there?" he said.

"Nothin," responded the boy.

"Do you get any pay for it?"

"Nope," and he drew one foot out of the water ready to run if need were.

"Why don't you go to work?"

"Will you give me a job?"

"Yes."

"Steady?"

"Yes."

"Pay anything?"

"Well, no," hesitated the man, "not the first week."

"I'll be about the second?"

"Then I will."

"All right; I'll come around the second week. This is good enough for me now," and the boy stuck the foot back in the water and winked at the man on the dock.—Detroit Free Press.

It's a Poor Rule, Etc.

Father (to refractory four-year-old boy)—You have been very naughty and ought to be punished. Perhaps next time you get into a quarrel it will not be with your little sister, but with some boy who will be big enough to give you an awful whipping, and that might make you a good little boy.

Son—Say, papa—but I might whip the other little boy and make him a good little boy.—Harper's Bazar.

Not in Despair.

Little Girl—What does your mamma do since the dog was stolen?

Little Boy—Oh, she sort o' comforts herself with th' baby.—Good News.

1892			September.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	6	4:06 p.m.	New Moon	20	8:16 p.m.
Third Quarter	13	7:50 a.m.	First Quarter	29	1:19 a.m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $36,000,000 since organization.
Watchung Lodge, 2401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetmore-Hompkins Rooms, Music Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS L. VANAUKEN, Dictator.
RALPH A. FORT, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

THE BEE HIVE!

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates.	75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black,	$1
The "Gladys" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns	$1
8 Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates,	85c
Gents' Kid Gloves,	$1

Also a full line of
Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article.
A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea, to make
Delicious Iced Tea.
Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.
NEUMANN BROS.
BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

New Marble and Granite Works,
We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.
J. E. Townsend, Manager,
No. 20 SOMERSET STREET.
Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box L. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

Third Congressional District.—Republican Convention.

The Republican voters of the Third Congressional District, composed of the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Somerset, are requested to meet in their several Wards and Townships and select delegates to represent them in a District Convention, to be held in the Assembly room Masonic Hall, New Brunswick, N. J.,

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1892,

at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating a Republican Representative to Congress.

The basis of representation will be one delegate for each 100 Republican votes cast at the last gubernatorial election, and one for each fraction thereof exceeding fifty; provided, however, that each Ward and township shall be entitled to at least one delegate.

JOSEPH H. T. MARTIN,
HENRY M. NEVIUS,
CHARLES PLACE,
Congressional Committee.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be warm, cloudy and rainy.

BREVITIES

—The usual prayer meeting will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening.

—The strong wind to-day noon blew down the Republican banner which was stretched across East Front street.

—A number of local sporting men are engaged in a "shoot" this afternoon in Daniel Terry's woods, near Terrill road.

—There was a row in North Plainfield about midnight Saturday and several shots were fired. The borough marshal soon appeared, however, and peace was restored. No arrests have been made.

—A new postal note has been evolved from the Post Office Department which will cost a cent and will serve the purpose of a check for all sums less than $3. It will be a great convenience for sending fractional sums in a letter.

—Rev. Charles B. Mitchell delivered a powerful temperance sermon last evening entitled "Cholera and Whiskey." Among other things he said: "I would rather have cholera than be a victim of whiskey. He gave many interesting statistics.

—The Plainfield Gesang and Turn Verein yesterday entertained the members of the National Turn Verein of Newark. The morning was spent in the Plainfield Society's hall on Somerset street and in the afternoon all went to the mountains.

—Saturday afternoon hundreds of swallows suddenly appeared in a flock and passed over North Plainfield, flying as erratically as usual, but finally disappearing eastward. A man among the many who stopped to observe them said laconically, "Sure sign of hot Indian Summer."

—The Crescent League Wheelmen and all other clubs in this part of the State have been invited by the Union County Roadsters to take part in a big lantern parade to be held in Rahway, Thursday evening, October 6. The U. C. R's will furnish the lanterns and also a big supper in Armory hall after the parade.

—P. S. Gilmore once said of Pryor, the trombone player in Sousa's New Marine Band, "he is the best trombone player in the country, a wonderful fellow, who controls other players easily and without ostentation." Sousa heard him on trial and was impressed with his wonderful execution. Pryor was permanently engaged on the spot.

—A new counterfeit $1 United States silver certificate has made its appearance. It is the check letter A, series 1891, portrait of Martha Washington, check letter D. It is said to be a poor specimen, but it is a wonder that the country is not flooded with counterfeits, as most people hardly look at a bill, other than to see its denomination.

—Patrick McGovern of "Pritts avenue," North Plainfield, was arrested on complaint of his wife Saturday by Marshal Pangborn, on the charge of assault and battery, and was committed to the Somerset county jail by warrant of Justice Crossley to await the action of the Grand Jury. Both of Mrs. McGovern's eyes were blacked as a result of the assault.

—Mr. H. N. Spencer, of Somerset street, who returned last Friday from Washington, where he had been attending the G. A. R., celebration, says, that a general vote on who the next President would be, taken on one of the excursion trains from upper New York State, resulted in 564 for Harrison and only 56 for Cleveland. The veterans all came from Cleveland's neighborhood, too.

—The Republicans of North Plainfield Township are urgently requested to attend a meeting in Sergeant Hall Monday evening, Sept. 26th, at eight p. m. for the purpose of electing four delegates to the Congressional Convention to be held at New Brunswick on Wednesday, Sept. 28th.

JUSTUS H. COOLEY,
B. A. HEDEMAN, Jr.
Executive Committee.

—The signal tower which stands about the centre of Fanwood cut and which has been open since about January 1879 was closed on Friday night. As the trains were passing and not seeing the familiar lights, and the next day the signals remained quiet, some of the trainmen wondered if it had been closed on account of cholera, but found out later that it had been superseded by the Block signal.

—Among the speakers at the "impressive" ceremonies on unfurling the Democratic banner, Saturday evening, was ex-Judge Wadsworth. His remarks were no doubt filled with wisdom, but were not at all favorably received by the audience, for each time the ex-Judge arose to speak the band commenced to play and his remarks were not audible to anyone but himself. The banner over which there had been so much fuss was later taken down, though it may again be swung to the breeze before election.

PERSONAL.

Miss Miss Ammerman of Brooklyn has been visiting the Misses Woodland of Duer street.

Mr. S. C. Peck of West Front street started last Friday for a pleasure trip through Virginia.

About forty persons were present at the informal reception given Saturday evening by Mr. and Mrs. William A. Lord, at their residence, corner of Belvidere and Woodland avenues.

Mrs. John Baker, of Race street, is very seriously ill. She has been suffering with a cancer for a long time and a surgical operation was performed recently Her recovery is doubtful.

The marriage of Miss Lizzie Sutphen and Mr. Corra Ryno of North Plainfield is announced to take place at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. G. S. Martin, 157 Duer street, North Plainfield, next Wednesday afternoon at four o'clock.

Miss Catherine W. Barnes, of New York, who is one of the foremost amateur photographers in the world is now being royally received by the nobility of Europe. During her travels abroad she is exposing fifteen hundred plates.

Miss Josephine Mellick and Miss Louise Mellick, both of this city, were awarded prizes at the recent State fair at Waverly. Miss Josephine received second premium for a land scape painting in oil colors, and Miss Louise was awarded a first premium for jelly.

Mrs. Hester Speight, widow of the late James Brooks, died at 101 Rockview avenue Sunday. Had she lived until the seventeenth day of November, she would have reached the remarkable age of 96 years. Most of the wonderful inventions of modern times were practically unknown in her girlhood. Mrs. Brooks lived many years in Brooklyn.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Sutro of No. 20 Fifth avenue, this city, returned autumn at Nethenwood, N. J. Early in the Summer they went across the continent, and only returned here a short time ago. Mrs. Sutro is one of the most attractive women in this city, and is a most delightful hostess. During the Winter her musicales are among the most delightful events of the season.—*N. Y. Sunday Press.*

The following gentlemen, among others, will represent the Plainfield Association during some portion of the District Y. M. C. A. Convention to be held at Perth Amboy, September 30 to Oct. 2, inclusive: W. D. Murray, Frederick Moon, Wm. Hubbard, E. L. Walz, Jr., A. Robinson, C. T. Kissam, A. B. Beers, T. E. Hazell, C. B. Brown, F. W. Howland, James E. Kimball, E. W. Leland and O. Dunham. Further information will be given at the Association rooms.

Democrats Raise a Banner.

The long talked of banner-raising of the Democrats took place Saturday evening. About 7:30 o'clock a crowd of Democrats, and others, filled North avenue in the neighborhood of Hotel Grenada, from which the banner was to be stretched. Guttman's band was present and played patriotic airs. Fireworks and red fire helped to illuminate the scene. Owing to the tremendous noises and smoke, the speakers could not be well heard. James E. Martine, J. W. Yates, ex-Judge Wadsworth and others addressed the crowd. They spoke on the issues of the campaign and were applauded by those who stood near enough to hear their remarks. When the banner was pulled across the street, three cheers for Cleveland and Stevenson were given by the audience. The banner was a present from ex-Postmaster William L. Force.

Sousa's Program To-Night.

John Philip Sousa's New Marine Band will render the following program at Music Hall this evening:

Overture—"Semiramide" ..... Rossini
Suite—"Peer Gynt" ..... Grieg
a Morning.
b Peer Gynt chased by the king of the mountains
Scenes Pittoresque ..... Massenet
Song—"Evening Star" (Tannhauser) ..... Wagner
Miss Marcella Lindh.
Ballet Music to "Rosamunde" ..... Schubert
Episode Artistique ..... Gillet
Peace ..... Sousa
Introduction, Allegretto et Capriccio ..... Lysberg
Intermezzo—"Bal des Enfants" ..... Jaxone
Morning—"A Dream upon the Ball ..... Czibulka
Scenes Historiques—"Sheridan's Ride" ..... Sousa
Aria—Mad Scene from "Lucia" ..... Donizetti
Miss Marcella Lindh.
Humoresque—"Good Bye" ..... Sousa
Patriotic Air—"The Star Spangled Banner" ..... Arnold

The band will also play a dirge in memory of Bandmaster Patrick S. Gilmore, who died so suddenly in Chicago, Saturday.

Why Not Locate Here?

Mayor James H. Van Cleef of New Brunswick, Saturday morning received a letter from the officials of the Hall-Marvin-Herring Safe Trust, dated at the office in New York and asking what inducements New Brunswick was prepared to offer for the location of their works there. The mayor will bring the letter to the attention of his Council for the that they may act upon it. This is a large concern employing a great number of hands.

Mr. Herring of this city is a member of the firm mentioned.

In Memory of Gilmore.

This is a copy of a letter received by the Manager of Music Hall:

MY DEAR SIR:—The sudden announcement of the death of Mr. P. S. Gilmore has been received by me with profound sorrow and I regret to say that I will be unable to be present at the memorial services to be held in Music Hall, Plainfield, next Wednesday afternoon at four o'clock.

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D. BLAKELY.

CHAMPION CRESCENTS.

THEY WIN SATURDAY'S GAME AND THE PENNANT.

The West Ends Defeated in a Superbly Contested Game.—Murphy's Fine Pitching Did it.—Score, Four to One.—A Reception in the Evening.

The deciding game for the championship of the Central New Jersey League was played Saturday on the Crescent League grounds, between the Crescents and the West Ends, and it was one of the best games of the season.

The game Manager Mack was so anxious should be played has been, but with a different result than he had prophesied. The playing was all done by the old standbys of the Crescent League. All Manager Mack's customary luck abandoned him and his "star" players at the eleventh hour, and for the first time in the history of base ball between the old rivals, the Crescents have won the deciding contest. Heretofore the seasons have wound up with a tie, after much wrangling. But this year the Crescents not only defeated the Somerville but "League Giants" as well.

It was a contest in which Pitcher R. J. Murphy carried off the honors. "Bob" is responsible for the mighty West Ends' down fall, as it was their inability to solve his curves which lost them the game. One paltry run was all they could secure, and that was due to a base on balls, the only one Murphy presented them with during the entire game. In fact Murphy had such complete control of the ball that the West Ends' sluggers could do nothing with him.

The Crescents "got in the game" right on the start. In the first inning, after the West Ends had been retired with a "goose egg," Hofford and McDonald each reached first base but were caught at second. Then, with two out, Turner got his base on an error, and so did Daley, when Leidy loomed up at the plate, and smashed a regular old-timer, in the shape of a two bagger, scoring both Turner and Daley. Leidy was left on second, as Brady hit a high fly to Gore.

A base on balls and a double in the second inning gave the West Ends one run after that they received seven big "goose eggs."

The Crescents added one run to their score in the third inning, and another in seventh, making a total of four to one.

The score of the game that wins the pennant for Plainfield, is as follows:

CRESCENTS.

	AB	R	BH	SB	PO	A	E
Hofford, c....	3	1	0	0	1	5	0
McDonald, lf	3	0	1	0	0	1	0
W. Murphy, 1b	3	0	1	0	11	0	0
Turner, rf....	4	1	1	1	0	1	0
Daley, 3b.....	3	1	1	1	1	3	0
Leidy, c.f....	4	1	1	0	1	0	0
Brady, 2b.....	3	0	0	0	1	3	3
Bonger, s.s...	4	0	0	0	4	3	0
Jones, 1b.....	3	0	1	0	0	13	0
R.J. Murphy, p	3	1	0	0	0	0	2
Total.....	4	6	2	3	27	9	1

WEST ENDS.

Carbonell, c.f	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Murray, s.s...	4	0	1	0	0	2	4
Gore, r.f.....	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Harkins, 1b..	3	0	0	0	0	10	0
Fields, c.....	4	0	1	0	0	2	3
Farrell, 3b....	4	0	0	0	1	1	2
Herman, l.f....	4	0	1	0	0	1	0
Cadmus, 3b...	4	0	1	0	0	0	5
Anderson, p...	3	0	0	0	0	2	1
Total.....	1	4	1	1	24	15	5

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents....	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	—4
Base hits.	1	0	2	0	0	1	0			
West Ends...	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Base hits.	0	1	0	0	0	1	0			

To celebrate their victory the Crescent League in the evening had "open house" at their headquarters, with Guttman's band to furnish music.

They gathered in the crowd invited to the Democratic banner raising, after that event was over, and with a good time generally. James Martine delivered a speech praising the base ball team, the management and the Crescent League in general.

Of Interest to Wheelmen.

The Manhattan Bicycle Club had fourteen members in their run to this city, *yesterday.*

The relay race from Newark to Philadelphia, which had been talked of for some time, is now announced to take place on the last Saturday in October.

A physical examination of Zimmerman has developed the facts that he is five feet 11 inches in height, weighs 150 pounds, and has a height 1¾ inches larger than the average man.

J. B. Hazleton will ride in the Boston *road race next month. This year he ran* second in the Milburn race, won the time medal and second prize in the Richfield Springs twenty-five-mile race, and won the time medal from scratch in the Plainfield race in 1:18:26.

—Every business man in this country would lose a considerable percentage of his profits in the shape of bad or depreciated currency, under the "wild cat" system of banking advocated by the free trade party.

—The New York *Sun* suggests that the proposed World's Fair be postponed. It declares that it would manifestly be unsafe to admit the immense and miscellaneous crowds of visitors that would pour into this country from the cholera-infected ports of Europe.

FACTS FOR VOTERS.

Tariff Rate on Total Imports.

A characteristic Democratic falsehood was invented by the last New York State Democratic convention, in describing the McKinley Bill as a "worse-than-war-tariff."

The highest war rate was 47 per cent. Before on 1864 and 1872, the rate fluctuated from 32 up to 47 and then down to 37 per cent.

The McKinley rate in 1891, before the new tariff had come into complete effect was 25, a reduction of 5 per cent. since 1889, the last year of the old tariff. Is that "worse than war?"

The fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, was the first complete year in which the McKinley Bill had been in full effect. In that year there was imported foreign merchandise to the value of $623,811,980, and the duty collected thereon amounted to $170,226,954, or an average ad valorem percentage of 30.65 per cent.

This is lower than the lowest rate under the moderate revenue period, known as the "Walker tariff period," and lower than at any time since 1861.

In other words, foreign trade under the McKinley Bill is much freer than it has been at any time during the last thirty years.

A New Photographic Developer.

Plainfield photographers will be interested to learn one of the newest developers that has appeared. It is called amidol, and is of the same class as hikonogen and rodinal, but with the difference that it requires no alkali added to accelerate development. Reports of its working in English journals say that it is put up in yellow bottles and resembles in appearance epsom salts. Its action is quicker when neutral sodium sulphite is added. The following is the formula:

Amidol	2 parts
Sodium Sulphite	20 parts
Water	100 parts

One volume of the above added to three volumes of water forms the normal developer, which is more rapid in its action than the usual pyrogallic developer. It may be varied in strength by further dilution, as any of the other developers, and can be used over and over until exhausted, remaining constantly clear. It does not stain the film in the least, and is admirably adapted *for the development of bromide paper* and lantern slides. It promises to be the ideal developer of the future, cheaper and more economical than any of the present developers.

The World's fair photographer, Mr. C. D. Arnold, is utilizing, it is supposed, the new cold-process platinotype paper for the making of prints from his mammoth negatives of the buildings and other objects. Specimen prints that have been sent East have a remarkable engraving-like agreeable effect. The prints also have the merit of being permanent.

From several sources it is learned that the officials connected with the Ways and Means Committee and the Department of Construction of the World's Fair announce unofficially that it is about decided to allow general photography to be practiced in the fair grounds, after the fair opens, only for hand cameras, at the rate of $2 per day, and a Bureau of Photography is likely to be organized, Farrell, 3b..... 4 0 1 1 1 0 0 with the official work to be done and a dark room hired out for those wishing to develope their work on the grounds. Should these reports be confirmed later on, the cause for which the amateur associations have for the past six months contended will in a measure be accomplished.

He Won His Spurs.

Official announcement is made of the appointment of Mr. C. M. Lawler as Assistant General Manager of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, with office at 227 South Fourth street, Philadelphia. Mr. Lawler has been *superintendent of the Williamsport Di*vision of the road since June, 1887, which he has made one of the best in the system. He is about fifty-two years of age, and became a railroader at the age of fifteen. He started in as a mark, station agent, brakeman, conductor, roadmaster, assistant superintendent, division superintendent, superintendent, and general superintendent.

—One of Edsall's lady patrons says she has bought kid gloves for the past 18 years, and has never found one that wears as well as the black Suede she gets at Edsall's. See advertisement.

—Robert Mantell is continuing his success in "The Face in the Moonlight," at Proctor's Theatre. The audiences are increasing in size, and the advance sale of seats for the next two weeks, is so satisfactory that Messrs. Proctor & Turnour have decided, since the "Face in the Moonlight" has grown so much in popularity, that they will forego their announced production on October 3rd, of "Othello" and "Hamlet." Mr. Mantell will, therefore, not be seen in Shakespeare in New York this season. On Oct. 10th he enters on his annual tour of the principal cities in the United States, and will confine himself exclusively to "Nadjy" and "Monbars," having received his old repertoire.

—Henry C. DeMille's adaptation of Fulda's great play "The Lost Paradise" will be presented with a special cast at the Star Theatre on Monday night, and it will no doubt duplicate the splendid success it gained during its original production in New York. Theatregoers are generally familiar with the fact that the theme of the story is the subject of *Capital and Labor. The subject has fre*quently been made the basis of plays during recent years, but none of them have equaled "The Lost Paradise," for the interest, dignity and importance with which the relations between the working men and the capitalist are portrayed.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Wholesale Shooting Affray.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 26.—(Special.)—A shooting and stabbing affray which may result in the death of two of the participants occurred at midnight in the saloon of Michael Burns, at the corner of Fourth and Pine streets, this city. Five Italians entered the saloon and called for drinks. There were in the place at the time Patrick Kelly and several other young men. The Italians got into an altercation and pistols and stilettoes were freely used.

Kelly was shot twice in the abdomen and will probably die. Another man named Gorman was shot in the back, and Thomas Norton, who is said to have started the fight, was shot in the head and is also likely to die. James Nolan received a serious stab wound in the forehead.

When the police arrived at the saloon Kelly and Norton were lying on the floor bleeding and moaning. They were placed in an ambulance and taken to the City Hospital. The others who were injured had their wounds dressed and were held as witnesses.

At two o'clock this morning the police arrested four Italians, and two of them were identified as having shot Kelly. The Coroner at an early hour this morning went to the hospital to take the ante-mortem statements of Kelly and Nolan.

All Records to be Broken.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26, (Special.)—The Committee in charge of the big dedicatory day bicycle tournament, to be held Oct. 21 and 22 at Washington Park, report that the park management is putting the track in record-breaking shape.

Twenty thousand invitations will be sent to prominent men in every part of the country to see Nancy Hanks's record of 2.07¾ broken.

Zimmerman will go against his own record, with flying start, 2.06 4-5, with wheelmen as pacemakers, and also against Johnson's 1-55 2-5, with running horses as pacemakers. Johnson will be here, and if his time is beaten he will make an effort to recover the record.

Joseph Field 100 Years Old To-Day.

RED BANK, N. J., Sept. 26. (Special.)—Joseph Field is celebrating the 100th anniversary of his birthday at his home in Middletown township, Monmouth county, N. J., to-day. Mr. Field is not only the oldest, but the wealthiest farmer in eastern Monmouth county. He is still hale for his years, which are by no means numbered as yet.

Judge Werts Formally Notified.

JERSEY CITY, Sept. 26, (Special.)—A committee of notification is to-day waiting upon Judge Werts. His acceptance is anticipated.

—Raffaele Zoppi, of 75 West Second street, was brought before Justice Reis *this morning on complaint of Eugene* Ranna, of Somerville, for obtaining goods under false pretences. He had borrowed $55 in gold from Ranna, while in his employ, and given a sewing machine, bench, suit of clothes, bed and other articles as security. Soon afterward the young man left Ranna's employ and moved to Plainfield. By false representations he managed to get his goods and refuses to give back either the goods or money. Accordingly Ranna swore out a warrant and Zoppi was thereupon arrested and placed under $200 bail, failing to secure which he was committed to jail to await the action of the Grand Jury. Zoppi is a small, frail looking Italian, and though twenty-four years old he only appears to be about eighteen. He had a record of being the honest when in Somerville, but Ranna was willing to again employ him.

You're wise in buying it. . .

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

No matter what else you are crazy about. . .

DEATHS.

BROOKS—In North Plainfield, N. J., Sunday, Sept. 25th, Hester Speight, widow of the late James Brooks, Esq., in the 96th year of her age.

Funeral services at her late residence, 101 Rockview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J., at 3 p. m., Tuesday, Sept. 27th. Interment private.

"CUT PRICES!"

Elegant white embroidered Handkerchiefs, the original price 25c. Fancy hemmed stitched Handkerchiefs 5c. Foster Paul 5-hook Kid Gloves, all warranted; usual price $1.25. Embroidered silk Handkerchiefs, 17c.; worth 25c. Our 50c. all silk gloves, colored, 49c. A good 65c. Corset for 39c. Good bleached muslin at 7c; worth 9c. Our 50c. Table Linen 42c. Our 40c. Table Linen 35c. Our 50c. colored bord. do. 40. Ladies' striped Hose 33c.; usual price 45c. Ladies' fast black Hose, 9 pair for 25c.; worth 25c. Our 5-8 $1.25 Linen Napkins for 98c. A good white 10-4 Blanket, 79c.; worth $1.

They are guaranteed unusually attractive Bargains, and the quantities are limited. Come Quick and secure them before they are gone.

CARPETS MADE AND LINED FREE.

A splendid assortment of Beautiful styles to select from. Give your order now, and we will make them up and hold until wanted

Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, Poles, Art Squares, Smyrna Rugs, all at New York Prices.

OUR $2 SHOES are giving splendid satisfaction. They are regular $3 shoes.

EDSALL'S.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, - SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

A. Y. PEARSON'S BIG REALISTIC PRODUCTION, With its Wealth of Scenery and Realistic Features,

THE POLICE PATROL,

Presented precisely in every detail just as advertised.

Wednesday Evening, September 28th.

The Great Police Station Scene. Haymarket Square, Chicago, at Night. The Great Patrol Stable. The Terrific Struggle. The Alarm and Quick Rush The White Patrol. Positively the Grandest Production of the age

Cent-a-Word Column.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD wanted—Young married couple want first-class board, with accommodations for horse and carriage. Address Box 91, Dunellen, N. J. mws

HELP WANTED.

A BOY wanted, immediately, in grocery store. Experience not considered. References required. Address "N," care of EVENING NEWS. 26 2

WANTED—Chambermaid and waitress, Mrs. Fleming, 180 Park avenue. 9 29tf

WANTED—Two girls, cook and laundress; chambermaid and waitress. Proprietants preferred. Call, with references, at 725 Park avenue. 24 4

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 47 West Fifth street. 24 3

WANTED—A woman as cook and laundress. Reference required. Apply at 40 West Eighth street. 24 4

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A fine new dwelling on Richmond street. Has all modern improvements and will be rented for $25 per month until Spring. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 17tf

HANDSOME 12 room residence to rent, furnished. Owners, two ladies, will exchange rent of house for board. Address R., 33 Willow avenue. 24 3

TO RENT—Furnished or unfurnished house with all conveniences, handsomely finished in hard wood. Perfect order, 7 bed rooms, stable, grounds, ten minutes walk from station. Moderate rent. 146 East Front street. 23 3

UNFURNISHED house to let. Dr. Boone 81 Front street. 9 20 2w

FOR SALE.

CARBONITE heaters; portable, safe, clean; no pipe. A. M. Griffen. 24 3*

COLUMBIA Century bicycle for sale, cheap. New this April. Address "Rover," care of EVENING NEWS. 20 6

OPEN FIRES, heated grates, wood heaters A. M. Griffen. 24 3*

TREES, shrubs and greenhouse plants at Denton's Hillside avenue nursery. 24 2

WINDMILL for sale; with brass Pump, tower, etc., for one tenth its cost. H Pitts, 124 Central avenue, Plainfield, N.J. 16 10

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—A young, fresh cow. Will exchange for horse. Address "Farmer," care of EVENING NEWS. 24 3*

WANTED TO BUY—A 50x150 feet lot, for cash. Address "Builder," care of EVENING NEWS. 23 3

MISCELLANEOUS.

ARTIST-ARTISANS will exhibit Summer sketches Saturday, October 1. 149 West 23d street, New York. Open 9 to 6. 24 3

CLOTHES washed by Mrs. Susan Robinson, at her house, 40½ Plainfield avenue. References Mrs. B. W. Hand, 222 West Front street; Mrs. Sarah H. Randolph, 102 Duer street. 24 5

FOR sodding and grading address John Barry, Box 248, city. 9 29tf

LESSONS given on the piano to beginners. Terms $4. Address E. O., Box 772. 17 8

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Opened Sept. 26th, 1891; number of students during first year, 381. Largest law school in the United States except one. "Dwight method of instruction." Degree of LL.B. given after two years' course. Graduate laws prepared for admission, *fee, $100.* Re-opens Oct. 5, 1892. Address George Chase, Dean. 8 6 2m eod*

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 3-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 22tf

YOUNG lady wants furnished room; down stairs preferred. 83 East Front street. 23 3

ALFRED E. NELSON,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 2 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. (Stelle & White building). Eight years with Penna. R. R. on the United States Coast Survey. All work guaranteed. 9 24 1y

NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL OF LAW
FOR HOME STUDY
243 BROADWAY N.Y.
INTRODUCTORY LECTURE FREE

TO-NIGHT!

Stillman Music Hall!

Musical Event Extraordinary!

SALE OF SEATS NOW OPEN AT CENTRAL PHARMACY.

Appearance of the greatest military band in America,

SOUSA'S

New Marine Band,

Composed of 30 of the highest class Artists and Soloists, directed by the distinguished director and composer,

JOHN PHILIP SOUSA.

Recently resigned from the United States Marine Corps for the express purpose of taking charge of this great enterprise.

A Military Band Without a Rival.

En tour to appear at the World's Fair Dedicatory Ceremonies at Chicago. At this brilliant Military Concert will appear two famous vocalists.

Mlle. Marcella Lindh,
SOPRANO;

Sig. Antonio Galassi,
BARITONE.

Both of highest operatic fame in America and Europe.

PRICES—$1, 75c. and 50c.

THE BLAKELY SYNDICATE,
Mr. D. Blakely, Manager

IT IS

PRESIDENTIAL YEAR.
COLUMBUS YEAR.
A GREAT YEAR.
AND WE
Have the Goods to Match It.

The Opening

of our MILLINERY Department, under the charge of Miss Ritchie Maly, will take place Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29th, 30th and Oct. 1st.

A RARE BARGAIN IN SHEETINGS.

Just Observe—8 4 Bleached Sheeting, 17c. 9-4 do., 20c. 10-4 do., 23c. 7-4 brown Sheeting, 16c. 8-4 do., 19c. 10-4 do., 22c.

EXTRA VALUE IN DRESS GOODS.

There is everything that is new and desirable in Fall Goods, and our prices are as usual, the lowest.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

Previous to our extensive alterations that we are making, we have reduced prices on all goods throughout this department. We call particular attention to our Toilet Sets that are selling for $2.25 per set. Mason Quart Jars, 85c. per doz. Jelly Glasses, 3c. each. Great bargains in Granite Iron Ware.

White & VanArsdale

EDITORIAL NOTES

One September Anniversary.

In this remarkable year of anniversaries gray heads will remember that it was just thirty years ago Sept. 22 that President Lincoln issued his emancipation proclamation declaring that on Jan. 1, 1863, all persons held as slaves in any state or part of a state in rebellion against the United States should be "then, thenceforward and forever free."

One must go back to the history of that time to understand the awful pressure brought to bear on Lincoln before this proclamation was given out. For months the abolitionists had been dinning it into his ears that the war would never end victoriously for the Union army till slavery was destroyed. On the other side all the eloquence of the loyal border states was brought to bear on him to show him that if he issued this proclamation the Union was dead forever, as the border states would instantly go with the seceding ones. It was during his months of doubt and anxiety over this question that he wrote the letter to Horace Greeley in which occurs the immortal words, "I shall try to correct errors when shown to be errors, and I shall adopt new views so fast as they shall appear to be true views."

Delegations of preachers, north and south, called on him, each morally certain that he knew exactly what was right. One can detect the quiet humor which lurked in the martyr president's reply to one such delegation. "I am apprised by the most opposite opinions and advice, and by religious men who are certain they represent the divine will. I hope it will not be irreverent in me to say that if it be probable that God would reveal his will to others on a point so connected with my duty it might be supposed he would reveal it directly to me."

At last, however, all doubts in his mind were at rest, and he issued the proclamation, the first draft of which he had made nearly as July. It was the occasion of infinite rejoicing among the negroes who understood its purport. Today the best thing their descendants can do is to let politics alone and go to making money. Lincoln had hopes of them which have not been fulfilled, or he would not have said of the emancipation proclamation, "If my name ever goes into history it will be for this act, and my whole soul is in it."

For Women at the World's Fair.

Among the other excellent measures instituted by Mrs. Palmer and her board of managers is one that proves women visitors to the World's fair are not going to get left, no matter who else may be. For ladies of moderate means a set of dormitories will be erected near the fair grounds capable of housing 3,000 women at once. The buildings will be conducted safe and clean, and matrons of the highest character will preside over them. The clerk, teacher, factory girl, typewriter or any other respectable woman can be sure of a lodging place at small cost while she is at the fair.

A stock company has been formed, with shares at ten dollars. Any woman who can spare ten dollars, or any two or three women, can purchase a share. The certificate of stock will enable the shareholder to remain twenty-five days at the fair and insure her a lodging in the dormitory. Two ladies may go at the same time on one certificate, though not more than two. The unused time when one holder leaves can be taken up and filled by another visitor until the whole twenty-five days have expired. If there is any profit after the fair is over it will be divided among shareholders. The certificate does not entitle the holder to food, simply to lodging. Mrs. Helen M. Barker, of the Rand-McNally building, is the official who has the Dormitory association in charge.

An English electrical engineer, Professor Blyth, has been experimenting extensively to see whether windmills could not be made to furnish the mechanical power necessary to generate electricity. He finds that it can be done with tolerable certainty of dependence. He adopted the American type of windmill with sheet iron arms and sails, because canvas sails are torn to shreds in a gale. Here seems a fine field for American invention to enter.

Various papers have been publishing George William Curtis' wise sayings. Among them are these: "Progress begins with the minority. It is completed by persuading the majority." "The test of civilization is the estimate of woman." "Life is the best thing we can possibly make of it." "The world is not made for the prosperous alone, or for the strong."

In 1610 Galileo discovered that Jupiter had four moons, and it has taken astronomers 282 years to find that there was another one, making five, with nine counties yet to hear from. Professor Barnard, of Lick observatory, California, has added the fifth satellite.

The visitation of cholera in 1892 has been one of unusual virulence. A physician in Hamburg belonging to the health board staff says that the deaths from cholera have been at the rate of two in five of those attacked. This is an extraordinary death rate.

GENERAL HUSTED DEAD

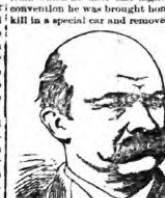
He Was Conscious to the Last and the End Was Painless.

GILMORE DIES OF HEART DISEASE.

The King of Bandmasters He Was, with a Reputation That Was International. He Had Just Been Appointed Musical Director of the Chicago World's Fair.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., Sept. 26.—General James W. Husted died at his residence in this village at 8:18 o'clock last night. At his deathbed there were Dr. Mason, Mr. Husted's wife and sons—Thomas, William and J. W. Husted, Jr.—and his two daughters, Mrs. Fred Shedd and Miss Husted.

General Husted was taken ill on his way to the Republican convention in June last. He left New York with the Republican delegates, and before he arrived at Minneapolis he was taken down and it was feared he would expire before arriving at his destination. As soon as he was stricken some of those on board of the train administered him a dose of medicine, and it was said that it was an overdose and caused the illness from which he died last night. After the convention he was brought home to Peekskill in a special car and removed to his resi-



JAMES W. HUSTED.

dence, where he remained in bed hovering between life and death ever since. The general passed away very peacefully and was conscious to the end.

General Husted's Career.

James W. Husted was born at Bedford, Westchester county, this state, in 1833. After preparation for college at the Bedford academy he graduated at Yale in 1854, one of his college mates being Chauncey M. Depew, in after life one of his most intimate friends.

Husted studied law with Edward Wells in Peekskill, and was admitted to the New York bar in 1857. He then engaged in the practice of his profession, meanwhile taking a deep interest in state politics.

For over thirty years he was in active political life. Among the offices he held was that of superintendent of schools, school commissioner, deputy superintendent of the insurance department, harbor master, immigration commissioner and deputy captain of the port of New York. He invariably took an active interest in the National guard of the state, and was himself a member of it, serving as judge advocate of the Seventh brigade and as major general of the Fifth division. He was also an influential and distinguished member of the Masonic fraternity, and once held the position of grand master of that body in this state. He received the thirty-third degree as a Mason.

In National Conventions.

General Husted was an uncompromising Republican from 1856, and attended the national conventions of the party as delegate in 1876, 1880, 1884, 1888 and 1892. In 1881 he was a candidate for state treasurer, but was defeated by Robert A. Maxwell. It was, however, as a member and speaker of the state assembly that Mr. Husted attracted most attention and acquired fame. He was a strong debater and a hard man to engage with on a question of parliamentary law. His advent to the assembly was in 1860, representing Westchester county, and he was continuously a member until 1878. In the latter year he was elected assemblyman from Rockland county and was re-elected from that county in 1879. Returning to Westchester county in 1880 he was again elected to serve his old constituency.

His first defeat when running for the assembly was met in 1862, his successful opponent being John Hoag, a Democrat. Since 1880 he was regularly re-elected from Westchester county. He was sent to the assembly twenty times in all.

He was first chosen for speaker in 1874, and filled that position during five subsequent sessions, namely, 1876, 1878, 1886, 1887 and 1889. As a presiding officer he was able, courageous and firm. He was the Republican leader in the assembly during the session 1887-8, and enjoyed the distinction of having had the longest legislative service of any member, and indeed the longest of any man in the history of the state—twenty-two years. He was speaker more times than any other man who has occupied the chair.

His Charity.

The general was a hearty, genial, whole souled man, as well as a brilliant, versatile and aggressive one, and though he had hosts of warm personal friends all over the state and nation, no less among political antagonists than partisan friends, nowhere will his loss be so deeply felt as in the town and county where for thirty years his neighbors and friends delighted to do him honor. And among these latter his taking off will be most deeply deplored by the humble folk to whom his kindly ministrations and comfort General Husted had all the years of his residence among them so generously and unostentatiously contributed.

BANDMASTER GILMORE'S DEATH.

The Famous Musical Director Had Acquired an International Reputation.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 26.—The body of Patrick Sarsfield Gilmore, the famous musical director and bandmaster, who died at his hotel in this city Saturday evening while his band was playing at the exposition, has been sent to New York by the Big Four route. The directors of the exposition and the band escorted the hearse to the station.

It was only a few hours before his death, which was caused by heart disease due to indigestion, that Mr. Gilmore learned that he had been appointed musical director of the World's fair. It is said that Gilmore, while not wealthy, leaves his family in comfortable circumstances, and that his estate will foot up about $40,000.

Sergeant Fredericavitt will for the present act as leader of the band and complete the contract with the exposition company.

The Prince of Bandmasters.

With Patrick Sarsfield Gilmore's death the prince of American bandmasters and a world famed musical conductor passes away. Every man, woman and child in this country knew of him by reputation, and thousands on both sides of the Atlantic have watched him as he drew with his baton the vast audiences, and when occasion required it the most terrific strains from the hundreds of instruments which he controlled.

Though a native born Irishman, no man was more thoroughly American than he in patriotic sector and love of his adopted country. The anthems dedicated to the nation have ever inspired his listeners, and the personality of Gilmore has never failed to arouse love and admiration.

Born in Ireland on Christmas day, 1829, Gilmore came to Boston when a lad of sixteen. He had already become a brilliant performer on the cornet.

He became the leader of a band in 1851, and before the rebellion had, with his famous Boston brigade, Suffolk and Salem organizations, given no less than 1,000 concerts. He and his musicians were in great demand during the fifties at national events and played at the inaugurations of Pierce, Buchanan and Lincoln.

He Gave Them "Yankee Doodle."

It was at the famous Charleston convention, which followed the outbreak of the civil war, that just after adjournment cries went up for a war hymn. "Give us 'The Marseillaise!'" shouted a man in stentorian voice. Gilmore's loyalty to the Stars and Stripes caused him to wave his baton and cry, "Give them 'Yankee Doodle,' boys!" Amid yells of derision from sympathizers with the Confederate cause the band played the tune through. It was followed by "Hail Columbia" and "The Star Spangled Banner." Gilmore was roundly denounced by members of the convention, but he got away from Charleston in safety, returned to Boston, and inducing every one of his musicians to go with him joined the Second Massachusetts volunteers.

With that regiment Gilmore participated in the Burnside expedition to the Carolinas. Later on General N. P. Banks placed him in charge of all the bands of music in the Department of the Gulf. On March 4, 1864, at the inauguration of Michael Hahn as governor of Louisiana, Gilmore gave a grand national concert, in which he induced 10,000 public school children whom he had trained in national airs to take part.

At the close of the war Gilmore returned to Boston and resumed his musical vocation there. He organized the mammoth peace jubilees of 1869 and 1872, in which over 20,000 people and 2,000 musicians, together with the best bands of Europe, participated. To accommodate these stupendous festivals buildings holding 30,000 and 50,000 people respectively were erected at an expense of nearly $1,000,000. Mr. Gilmore's services were rewarded by the committee and citizens of Boston with presents amounting to over $50,000.

He Toured the World.

In 1873 Gilmore went to New York and became bandmaster of the Twenty-second regiment. Subsequently, at successive intervals he gave over 600 concerts in Gilmore's (now Madison Square) Garden. In 1878 Gilmore and his band were one of the attractions at the Universal exhibition in Philadelphia. He played daily in the main building. During the next two years he gave hundreds of concerts in cities all the way from Boston to Chicago. In 1878 he took his band to Europe, gave concerts in the principal cities and won a medal from the World's exposition in Paris.

For fourteen consecutive seasons Gilmore played to huge audiences at Manhattan Beach, L. I., and during the winters for the past eight years has had marvelous success in engagements at Louisville and Kansas City expositions, as well as at St. Louis, where he died.

Perhaps one of the most pleasing incidents of Gilmore's life was that of New Year's eve, 1891. At 12 o'clock midnight his band of 100 pieces played to 30,000 people in front of the New York city hall. The idea had been suggested by Gilmore himself to welcome the 400th anniversary of the discovery of the American continent. It proved a popular hit.

Gilmore had composed many tuneful and patriotic bits of music. A national anthem, "Columbia," dedicated to the American republic, and the "Twenty-second Regiment March," are among the most popular.

Blown Through a Door.

BUFFALO, Sept. 26.—Senator Lochlin McCallum, of Port Colborne, Ont., was blown through the front door of his house and into the street by a natural gas explosion yesterday in his summer house in St. Romeos. For some time his condition was precarious, but he is now out of danger.

The Paris Trust Fund.

DUBLIN, Sept. 26.—Timothy Harrington said that rather than let the Paris funds fall into the hands of France the Parnellites were willing that they be withdrawn and recommended the purchase of two Parnellites and two anti-Parnellites.

Six Men Rob a Bank.

ROSLYN, Wash., Sept. 26.—Snipes & Co.'s bank was robbed by six men. Fred Fraser, the teller, was shot in the leg and seriously hurt while resisting them. A negro was also shot and wounded. The sum secured is about $20,000.

Stirring Up the Redskins.

PIERRE, S. D., Sept. 26.—Indian runners from the Bad Lands have been working among the Indians along the Cheyenne river in an attempt to secure their aid in another outbreak such as that of two years ago.

Took All the Bank's Money.

HOPE, Ark., Sept. 26.—W. B. Crosset, cashier of the People's bank, has disappeared with all the bank's money. He was a member of the Methodist church and was considered a highly moral citizen.

Six Fires in Three Nights.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 26.—Excitement in this city is increased by another incendiary fire. It is the sixth within the last three nights.

Wiped Out by Fire.

COTTAGE CITY, Mass., Sept. 26.—The Sea View hotel, the Western Union office and the Old Colony dock and offices were destroyed by fire.

To Expedite American Mails.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—The chancellor of the exchequer has agreed to grant £360 annually to expedite the American mails.

Church Burned.

FLINT, Mich., Sept. 26.—The new Court street Methodist Episcopal church was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon.

Caprivi Accompanies William.

BERLIN, Sept. 26.—Count Caprivi will accompany Emperor William to Vienna next month.

EATEN BY WILD BEASTS.

A Horrible Fate Overtakes Two Mining Prospectors.

CRUNCHED BY FAMISHING LIONS.

A Sickening Scene of Struggle and Death Meets the Eyes of the Unfortunate Men's Companions—They Discovered the Mutilated Bodies of the Victims.

ROSSE CITY, Sept. 26.—Writing from Kootenai Lake, in British Columbia, to his father near Rosse City, George Martin relates a terrible story of the death of William Corlett, of Galveston, and Henry Gesford, formerly of St. Paul. The unfortunate men, together with Martin and three others, had been for several months engaged in prospecting, and with considerable success. They had discovered nine rich lodes, and a few days before their death it had been arranged that Gesford and Corlett should go east and try to interest wealthy friends in their prospects.

On Sept. 10 the entire party of gold seekers went out for a big hunt. About ten miles from camp, as Martin, Gesford and Corlett were walking through a narrow defile, a mountain lion sprang from the top of an overhanging rock, alighted upon Gesford and bore him to the earth. Corlett hit the animal a blow with the butt of his rifle, whereupon it left Gesford and attacked Corlett. Before the latter could fire the lion crushed his right arm and left leg, after which it disappeared in the undergrowth.

Both Found Insensible.

When Martin, who was some distance behind his fellows, came up he found both Gesford and Corlett in an insensible condition. The latter was desperately injured, but Gesford soon regained consciousness. Making a litter of green boughs upon which to carry the mangled Corlett, a start was made for camp. Just before sunset the wounded man recovered from his long swoon and begged piteously that his companions would stop for a time, as the motion caused him great agony. Martin, however, was afraid that Corlett would die unless his wounds were attended to, so he and Gesford continued on their way.

As soon as night fell they were literally besieged by animals, which, attracted by the odor of blood, had followed the three men for miles. The only thing to be done was to stop and light a fire, in order that they might not be assailed by the prowlers. Building a ring of fire around their wounded comrade, Martin and Gesford prepared to repulse any attack. Presently, however, something seemed to stampede the animals, for they ran pell mell up the canyon with affrighted cries.

A Scene of Horror.

After waiting about two hours Martin set out for the camp to bring aid to Corlett. When he and the other members of the party returned at daylight they were horror stricken at what they saw. Corlett, with the scorched barrel of a rifle in his hands, was lying across the dying fire, which had literally cooked him to death. Search for Gesford resulted in the finding of his body in three small pools of blood about 100 feet from where Corlett's body was lying. Wild animals had killed the poor fellow and nearly devoured his body.

It is thought that Gesford went to the spring for water for Corlett, and that the animals, which had returned to their byecune and were watching his movements, followed and killed him. The creatures then presumably returned to where Corlett was lying, when he, game to the last, grasped a rifle and tried to defend himself, when his weak legs gave way and he pitched forward into the fire. The bodies were interred near the scene of the double tragedy and heavy stones were rolled upon their graves.

Struck Twice by Lightning.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 26.—John Shavor, aged seventy-five, while sitting at a window was struck by lightning a few weeks ago, partially paralyzed and marked with a scarlet circle on his right cheek. Last night there was a terrific crash of thunder, and Mr. Shavor was struck dead on almost the same spot where he was struck before.

Dana Will Plead Guilty.

BUFFALO, Sept. 26.—Edward S. Dann, the defaulting treasurer of the National Savings bank, will be brought to trial about Wednesday, and it is generally understood that he will plead guilty to one of the fifteen indictments which have been found against him and throw himself on the mercy of the court, taking a short sentence.

They Disobeyed Orders.

BESSEMER, Mich., Sept. 26.—Six men started to ride up in the Eureka mine skip, contrary to orders, and when 200 feet from the bottom the skip stumped, four of its occupants being hurled to the bottom of the shaft and killed.

The Jesuit Convention.

ROME, Sept. 26.—It is reported that the Jesuit convention to elect a general has been called. The place is not known, although it certainly is not in this city. The result of the election will be known in about a week.

Lincoln's Cousin Dying.

DANVILLE, Ills., Sept. 26.—Dennis Hanks, aged ninety-five years, a cousin of Abraham Lincoln and the one who taught the martyred president to read and write, was knocked down by a runaway horse and is dying.

Vienna to Trieste by Bicycle.

VIENNA, Sept. 26.—The long distance bicycle race between this city and Trieste has resulted in the victory of Herr Sobotka, of Vienna, who covered the 310 miles in 28h. 45m.

A Woman Pugilist Dead.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 26. — Mrs. Libbie Spond, better known as Hattie Leslie, the champion woman pugilist of the world, died in this city from typhoid pneumonia.

Mrs. Darling Killed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Mrs. Gussie Darling, of Danbury, Conn., a member of the Woman's Relief corps, fell from an electric car here and was instantly killed.

Drowned While Yachting.

ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 26.—John Horner, Jesse Horner and George Blank are believed to have been drowned while yachting.

Chief Justice Ritchie Dead.

OTTAWA, Sept. 26.—Sir William Johnston Ritchie, chief justice of the supreme court of Canada, is dead.

A Big Furniture Failure.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Sept. 26.—The Union School Furniture company has failed for $225,000.

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, SYRACUSE, N. Y.

Educational.

Harned Academy

RE-OPENED SEPT. 12, with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.

The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the Individual Method.

Classes now forming in German and French. Special classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparation for college. Music. Weekly lectures.

E. N. HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN, 17 LAGRANDE AVENUE, Re-Opened September 19, 1892. For particulars address the principals. 8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary, for YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN, re-opens on THURSDAY, SEPT. 15. For particulars address MISS E. E. KEN-YON, Principal. 8 6 3m*

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 109.

FRENCH LESSONS. Instruction and entertainment in French lecture. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson, free, write to Prof. L. Vivaut, care of Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home on odnesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m., 15 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Refers to terms to classes. Best of references. No. 146 Somerset street.

A MAN IN RAGS

IS HANDICAPPED IN THE RACE FOR SUCCESS. CLOTHING FROM ONE DOLLAR UP MAY BE BOUGHT AT C. SCHEPFLIN & CO'S, 70 WEST FRONT STREET.

COME AND SEE the Large Stock of **Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store** 76 WEST FRONT STREET. ALSO Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc. **AT CAREY'S,** 76, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies LOOMIS & RICE 49 B'DWAY

No Boats to Cholera Ports.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO AGENTS.

Please discontinue the sale of Prepaid and Outward Tickets to and from all Continental Points until further advised.

Tickets to and from England, Ireland, Scotland and Scandinavian Points can be sold as usual.

The S. S. "Circassia," advertised to sail from Glasgow September 22d and from New York October 8th, has been withdrawn, and there will be no sailing on these dates.

Anchor Line.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given, That the partnership heretofore existing between Edward Van Emburgh and Edward White, of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Van Emburgh & White, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

EDWARD VAN EMBURGH, EDWARD WHITE.

Dated September 14, 1892. 15 tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE. Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 14, 1892.

To Whom it May Concern:

Be it known that Mr. Edward White and Mr. Garret Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union, State of New Jersey, have this fourteenth day of September, 1892, formed a co-partnership under the firm name of White & Van Arsdale, to succeed the firm of Van Emburgh & White, dealers in dry goods, notions, etc., which business will be continued at the same place, No. 18 West Front street, where they will be pleased to serve patrons and friends.

EDWARD WHITE, of the late firm Van Emburgh & White. GARRET VAN ARSDALE, of the late firm of Bogue & Van Arsdale. 14 12

FALL SHAPES IN **DERBY HATS.** **Hallock & Davis** 5 West Front Street.

We are about to Begin A SERIES OF **Special Sales** of **DOLLS.** The Greatest Bargains ever shown in Plainfield. WATCH OUR WINDOWS **A. W. RAND,** 94 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows VOCALIST and Teacher of Singing. Rapid development and complete education of the voice. Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel forms tion and tone production. Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. Call or address NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Spicer & Hubbard, Manufacturers of **Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.** Corner Madison avenue and Third street. **SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.** Also plain and ornamental plans furnished to order. 12 tf

Miscellaneous Cards.

MISS LINDSAY, Intelligence Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Miss Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 26 3

H. N. SPENCER, No. 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and provisions. Groceries sold previous to November 1 at prices at Auction. W. C. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of seeds. Vegetable and potato seeds. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD GRAVELESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Wagons in connection. Our operations are approved of by the Board of Health. Excavating sidewalks paid to disinfecting. Mosquitoes killed by Coal Tar and Lawn, Garden and Plant Fertilizers.

P. O. box 666 Telephone call 85.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF PLAINFIELD, N. J. Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually. JOHN W. MURRAY, President. WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President. NATHAN HARPER, " " ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 9:05, a. m., 12:05, 3:35, 6:00 p. m.
Close—6:30 and 8:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:30 and 7 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8:30 a. m., 1:15, 6:00, p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 4:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President, BENJAMIN HARRISON, of Indiana.

For Vice-President, WHITELAW REID, of New York.

For Governor, JOHN KEAN, JR., of Elizabeth.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
At Large—Ex-Senator Alexander G. Cattell and Frederick Frelinghuysen.
First District—George Hires, of Salem.
Second District—Ferdinand A. Roebling of Mercer.
Third District—Adolph Mask of Raritan.
Fourth District—Luther Kountze of Morris county.
Fifth District—Frederick Kuhn of Newark.
Seventh District—George F. Perkins of Jersey City.
Eighth District—William F. Chamberlain of Bayonne.

A. M. SEGUINE, PROPRIETOR OF **Laing's Hotel Stables,** on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26. Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls. Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure. Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Special rates for ladies' driving. BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal! *L. A. Rheaume, Ag't.* 80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET. Invites the public to inspect the operations of his newly added steam vibrating screen, and also of his new coal yard, by personally believes stabbing him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER. He would also announce recently increased facilities for "Assorting and screening Coal," by which he is enabled to meet the wants in the best manner at short notice.

POLITICS IN A MUDDLE.

An Interesting Enigma About the New Electoral College.

WHO IS THE GOVERNOR OF VERMONT?

National Committeeman Smalley Says the Prohibitionist Candidate in the Recent Election Was the Only One Eligible and Can Be Declared to Have Been Elected.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—William Walker, in a letter to the Washington Post, raises a question in connection with the approaching election that may be of importance, as it certainly is of interest. Referring to the generally accepted theory that the electoral college of 1892 will contain 444 votes, Mr. Walker says:

"Paragraph 2, section 1, article 2 of the constitution is as follows:

"'Each state shall appoint in such manner as the legislature thereof shall determine a number of electors equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress.'

"Which congress does this refer to? is the question. Is it the one in existence or one in the future? The Fifty-third congress, upon which is based the 444 electoral votes, cannot exist until after the next president and vice president shall have been elected. If the membership of the Fifty-second congress shall decide the election in case these should not be an election by the electoral college, and not the Fifty-third congress, why is it that an electoral college based on the new apportionment under which the Fifty-third congress is to be elected is to decide the election?

"Each political party seems to be acting upon the same premises taken by you, but would it not be wise to consider this question in time to avoid what might eventuate into a dangerous complication?"

Who Is Vermont's Governor?

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Bradley S. Smalley, member of the Democratic national committee and later a candidate for governor of Vermont, announces that he has made a discovery which will if contested give to Allen, the Prohibitionist candidate, the office of governor of Vermont. Mr. Smalley said that while Allen received but 1,300 or 1,500 votes, he was the only candidate for the position who is eligible if the conclusions of both Chairman Carter, of the Republican, and Chairman Harrity, of the Democratic national committee, are correct.

By advice of counsel both chairmen have issued a circular letter advising any persons who may have been nominated for presidential electors who are directors of national banks or who hold public offices of trust to withdraw for fear that they might prove to be ineligible.

"The fact is," said Mr. Smalley, "that under this construction both Mr. Fuller, the Republican candidate for governor in Vermont, and myself were ineligible, for we are both directors of a national bank. The constitution of the state of Vegmont is very rigid on this point, and besides affecting Mr. Fuller's election it will also disbar several members of the Vermont legislature from being sworn in."

Pennsylvania Republican Clubs.

WILLIAMSPORT, Sept. 26.—The State League of Republican Clubs will meet in this city on Wednesday, and preparations for the event are about completed. Williamsport will be handsomely decorated and illuminated. On Wednesday evening previous to the mass meetings there will be a parade participated in by the visiting clubs. A large number of prominent speakers have been engaged. The list includes Judge Lenney, of New York; Congressman Boutelle, of Maine; General Hastings, of Bellefonte; Mayor Stuart, of Philadelphia; James F. Burke, of the national committee; State Chairman Reider and others.

Fishback Wanted East.

LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 25.—Governor-elect Fishback arrived here from East Smith and will start for New York. He goes east in response to the following telegram:

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE, }
NEW YORK, Sept. 24. }

Hon. William M. Fishback:

MY DEAR GOVERNOR—Allow me to congratulate you on the encouraging result in your state and the great majority you received. I am instructed by the national committee to say to you that you would be of great service to the Democracy of this state, Connecticut, New Jersey and Indiana. Will you not give us as much time as you possibly can in the above states?

B. B. SMALLEY,
Chairman Speakers' Committee.

Carter Visits Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Thomas H. Carter, chairman of the Republican national committee, spent Sunday in Washington, and was in conference with a number of officials upon political matters. Among those whom he saw were Secretary of State Foster, Secretary Noble, Private Secretary Halford, Secretary Elkins, Private Secretary L. T. Michener and others. Mr. Carter was not communicative upon either the object of his visit or the prospects of the campaign. He did say, however, that the Republicans would carry New York, New Jersey and Connecticut.

Hill in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Sept. 26.—Senator Hill, at a mass meeting here Saturday night, told a big audience that he was here to advocate the election of Cleveland and Stevenson and that his course needed no explanation or apology.

Cleveland's Callers.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., Sept. 26.—Don M. Dickinson and Calvin Dickinson called on Mr. Cleveland, and Mr. Dickinson reported the present outlook in New York as satisfactory to the Democratic party.

Fur Seals Exterminated.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 26.—A. Alexander, of the United States fish commission, who arrived from Sand point yesterday, says he will leave today for Washington, has a mass of facts which he gathered during the season in the Behring sea in regard to the habits of the seal. He declares flatly that sealing is practically ended in Behring sea, as the poachers have exterminated the fur seal.

Killed in a Collision.

FAIRFIELD, Ill., Sept. 26.—Fireman Ed Duffield was instantly killed and Fireman H. Shermerhorn fatally crushed in a railroad collision here.

Two Men Drowned.

MANATOWISH, Wis., Sept. 26.—Hayes Alexander and Henry Bruce were drowned by their boat capsizing.

Count de Trapani Dead.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—Count de Trapani, half brother of Ferdinand II, died last night.

FASHIONS.

A REVOLUTION IN STYLES.

Modes of the First Empire—Low Necks, Short Skirts and White Stockings.

Women are beginning to turn their attention to cloth gowns. No more light dresses will be ordered, and tailor made garments are consequently in the ascendancy. While it is early yet to speak confidentially of the incoming modes, it is safe to tell that we are threatened with a complete change of style—a regular revolution in our costume. It seems that we are to return to the fashions of the First Empire, and materials are being prepared with this view. All the dressmakers, both great and small, the milliners and fashion journals are looking up the albums and collections of engravings of the Nagoc- A PRETTY CLOTH GOWN.leon I era, and costumes are being designed and made up on these lines. Let us hope they will be modified, and then it remains to see whether the elegance will accept and adopt the change. Of course bonnets and outer garments will follow suit, and we must expect pelerines and long pelisses. It is even hinted that bare arms and low necked dresses will come in again for dressy day wear, but with winter before us the idea is too preposterous to dwell upon.

It is also told that with all this white stockings will be in vogue again, and are being manufactured to meet the expected demand. We shall have to change our style of hairdressing to suit. However, with these on dits there is one very comforting assurance, and that is, come what will, walking dresses are to be short; the train has been found really absurd for the street, and it is to be reserved for home or evening wear, which is decidedly a rational move.

Tailor made gowns already to be seen are made mostly with short bodices and are either belted at the waist or finished with a pointed band just below. Many gowns are still made with Eton and zouave coats.

In the illustration is shown a dress in fine black cloth elaborately braided with a raised braid of pale heliotrope edged with jet. As will be seen, the bodice is short and the sleeves are full and large at the top.

A BROKEN HEARTED SUICIDE.

R. H. Trested Kills Himself to Escape a Shameful Charge.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—R. H. Trested, a well known Freemason and dealer in fancy goods, of Jersey City, was found dead in the International hotel, 17 Park row, yesterday afternoon. He had killed himself. This letter was found on the mantel in his room:

To the Public and My Friends:

I have been charged with a crime by a little girl prompted by a woman called her mother. I think for a habit man I have been very careful during my life—I am now sixty-five years old—to command the respect of everybody, and this charge has upset my brain. I do not know at times what I am doing. My heart is broken. I shall go before the Great Judge, who will, I know, receive me as one who has done as near as possible right. The charges against me are false.

R. H. TRESTED.

The body was lying on the bed. None of the man's clothes, except his coat, had been removed. The bed clothing had not been disturbed. His left hand was lying across his heart and over that was thrown his right arm, the hand still grasping a 38-caliber revolver.

A hole as ghastly wound just under and in the rear of the right ear. The brains were oozing from this. The blood had soaked down on the quilt as far as the man's knees. A handful of fresh, like blood stained cotton, hung on the dead man's lips. Only one shot had been fired, and death had been instantaneous.

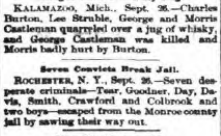
Fought Over a Whisky Jug.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Sept. 26.—Charles Barton, Lee Struble, George and Morris Castleman quarreled over a jug of whisky, and George Castleman was killed and Morris badly hurt by Barton.

Seven Convicts Break Jail.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 26.—Seven desperate criminals—Tear, Goodner, Day, Davis, Smith, Crawford and Colbrook and two boys—escaped from the Monroe county jail by sawing their way out.

Thought Better of It.



Willie—I don't want those artist chaps around here, so I'll just give this fellow a lesson.

"Holy smoke! How did that happen?"

"Oh, well, one or two of them around won't make much difference."—Harper's Bazar.

HUNTING FOR A LOST CHILD.

A Thousand Men and Women Searching for the Miss Reed Tot.

HARLETON, Pa., Sept. 26.—More than a thousand men and women are searching the woods and mountains for miles along Harleigh, a mining town near this city, for four-year-old Alice Craig. Alice was lost last Friday afternoon. She is the daughter of John Craig, a miner who lived in a cottage that nestled close to the base of a mountain a mile from Harleigh.

The little tot got separated from her companions while chasing a butterfly. The little one had light hair, blue eyes and a chubby face. When she left home she wore a blue calico dress and apron.

Alice was a pet among the miners. A party of eighteen big, bluff Hungarians occupy a house a short distance from the Craig home, and with all of them Alice was a great favorite, so much so that not a man has slept since the child was lost. They have traveled many miles to find her, and as each party returns without the missing child the belief that she has become the prey of wild animals is adding to the fears of the grief stricken parents.

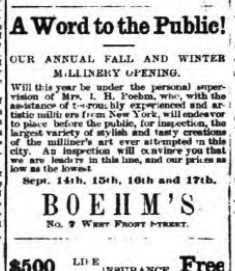
RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.'S
"PERFECT"
Sanitary Heating Furnace
WITH UPWARD RETURN FLUE
DOUBLE RADIATOR.
The Most Powerful and Durable Furnace Made.
FOR SALE BY
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Plainfield, N. J

Keepler's
Fine Confections.
Full Assortment. Always Fresh.
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
Cor. Front and Grove Street.

A Word to the Public!
OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.
Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. H. Poehm, who, with the assistance of a corps of experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of stylish and fancy creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that we have leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.
Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.
BOEHM'S
No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

$500 LIFE INSURANCE Free
of cost to ALL Customers that trade with
FRED. W. DUNN,
The Plainfield Grocer,
No. 18 North Avenue.
$500 Come and Get a Policy. Free

BABY : LAUGHS
when mamma uses



ANTI-CHAP.
For children and infants. There is no preparation so cleansing and healthful for the little ones as Anti-Chap.
Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with
ANTI-CHAP POWDER.
Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.
V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

BEECHAM'S PILLS
(Tasteless—Effectual)
FOR ALL
BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISORDERS.
Such as Sick Headache, Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fullness after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, All Nervous and Trembling Sensations, and in regulation inclusive in Ladies.
Of the Taste, Dose 25 cents a Box.
Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a Box.
New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—37 North avenue, with Weston & Bunker.

BEACH'S
Celebrated
PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.
Also
HOME MADE White Bread, Gluten Bread, Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Pastries, etc.
A fine lot of GREEN GRAPE and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice. Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Pastries for Sunday dessert on or before yesterday morning.
M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

We Cannot Give You
A
House and Lot,
But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material.
Estimates furnished free of charge.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Painters and Decorators,
29 East Front street.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 962.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 15 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 313.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Fvone.
P. O. Box 1238
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

JACOB M. HIGGINS,
PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR
P. O. Box 351. Residence Duke street, near Howard.
9 8 y

S. F. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Front and Dudley streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Inferior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1546.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder and hard wood finisher, makers. Shop corner of Grand and Sargent streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 5 Second street.

Sunshine Parlor Heaters; Improved Cylinder Stoves; Othello Ranges; Furnaces and Fire-place Heaters; Furnace Work and Plumbing; Hardware. Get a $500 Insurance, Free.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 8.

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

The Manhattan
Wine Room,
179 and 181 Somerset Street,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)
Frank Linke, Prop.
ESTABLISHED 1886.
Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Bellentine's celebrated Export and Portable White Rock Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaefer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Ales &c, for hotels and private families.
Wholesale Branch, 43 West Front street.
All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

The Plainfield Ice
and
Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong Ice to this market. Are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 60 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

NOTICE!
A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Cologne Maker, who is now at work making the finest Cologne in this city. If you use any kind of Cologne stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.
COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 36 EMILY STREET.
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price. A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Sept. 5, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 2 35, 4 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 a. m., 12 35, 1 35, 2 35, 3 35, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m. Sunday, 2 35, 4 35, 6 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 a. m., 12 35, 1 35, 2 35, 3 35, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m. Leave New York (Liberty St., foot of) at 2 00, 4 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sunday, 2 00, 4 00, 6 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 5 35, 6 35, 6 50, 7 35, 8 05, 8 35, 9 05, 9 35, 10 05, 10 35, 11 05, 11 35 a. m., 12 05, 12 35, 1 05, 1 35, 2 05, 2 35, 3 05, 3 35, 4 05, 4 35, 5 05, 5 35, 6 05, 6 35, 7 05, 7 35, 8 05, 8 35, 9 05, 9 35, 10 05, 10 35, 11 05 p. m. Sunday, 8 35, 9 05, 9 35, 10 05, 10 35, 11 05 a. m., 12 05, 12 35, 1 05, 1 35, 2 05, 2 35, 3 05, 3 35, 4 05, 4 35, 5 05, 5 35, 6 05, 6 35, 7 05, 7 35, 8 05, 8 35, 9 05, 9 35, 10 05, 10 35, 11 05 p. m. Leave Newark at 6 05, 6 35, 7 05, 7 35, 8 05, 8 35, 9 05, 9 35, 10 05, 10 35, 11 05, 11 35 a. m., 12 05, 12 35, 1 05, 1 35, 2 05, 2 35, 3 05, 3 35, 4 05, 4 35, 5 05, 5 35, 6 05, 6 35, 7 05, 7 35, 8 05, 8 35, 9 05, 9 35, 10 05, 10 35, 11 05 p. m. Sunday, 9 05, 9 35, 10 05, 10 35, 11 05 a. m., 12 05, 12 35, 1 05, 1 35, 2 05, 2 35, 3 05, 3 35, 4 05, 4 35, 5 05, 5 35, 6 05, 6 35, 7 05, 7 35, 8 05, 8 35, 9 05, 9 35, 10 05, 10 35, 11 05 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield and 10, 7 10, 8 17, 9 46, 11 10 a. m., 12 37, 1 50, 3 26, 5 05, 6 15, 7 54, 9 04, 10 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 46, 11 10 a. m., 1 50, 5 05, 6 15, 7 54, 9 04, 10 30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 7 10, 8 17, 9 46, 11 10 a. m., 12 37, 3 26, 5 05, 6 15, 7 54, 9 04, 10 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 46, 11 10 a. m., 1 50, 5 05, 6 15, 7 54, 9 04, 10 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.
Leave Plainfield at 6 15, 8 17, 9 46, 11 10 a. m., 12 37, 1 50, 3 26, 5 05, 6 15, 7 54, 9 04, 10 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 46, 11 10 a. m., 1 50, 5 05, 6 15, 7 54, 9 04, 10 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7 35, 9 45, a. m., 1 30, 3 30 p. m. Sundays 9 20 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
8 15 a. m. for New Brunswick, Bridgewater, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.
7 10 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.
8 17 a. m. for Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.
9 46 a. m. for Junction connecting for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua. (Parlor car to Scranton.)
11 10 a. m. way for Junction.
1 50 p. m. for Junction, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.
3 26 p. m. way for Junction connecting for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua. (Parlor car to Williamsport.)
5 05 p. m. for Junction, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.
6 15 p. m. way for Junction connecting for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua. (Parlor car to Scranton.)
7 54 p. m. for Junction, Bethlehem and Allentown.
9 04 p. m. for Junction, Bethlehem, Allentown and Somerville.
10 30 p. m. for Junction, Bethlehem, Allentown and Somerville. 9 20 a. m. on Sundays for High Bridge, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.
4 30 p. m. on Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 3 25, 7 05, 11 09 a. m., 1 07, 4 05, 5 12, 11 07 p. m. Sundays, 3 25, 7 05, 11 09 a. m., 1 07, 4 05, 5 12, 11 07 p. m. For Ocean Grove only at 8 35 a. m. Sundays, 8 35 a. m. For Asbury Park at 3 25, 7 05, 11 09 a. m., 1 07, 4 05, 5 12, 11 07 p. m. Sundays, 3 25, 7 05, 11 09 a. m., 1 07, 4 05, 5 12, 11 07 p. m. For Atlantic City at 3 25, 11 09 a. m., 1 07 p. m. For Cape May at 11 09 a. m., 1 07 p. m. Sundays, 11 09 a. m., 5 12 p. m.

ROUND BLUE LINE.
For Philadelphia and Intermediate stations at 6 35, 8 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 05, 1 35, 3 15, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m. Sundays, 6 35, 8 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 05, 1 35, 3 15, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m.

For Philadelphia and Washington at 8 05, 8 35, 10 45 a. m., 12 05, 1 35, 3 15, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m. Sunday, 8 05, 8 35, 10 45 a. m., 12 05, 1 35, 3 15, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m.

J. H. OLDACRE, Gen'l Supt. H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
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INSURANCE.
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45 North Avenue.

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AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

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INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 66 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

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JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.,
Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Conveyancing promptly made. Office No. 29 West Front street.

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Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc. Office, corner Front and Park avenue, over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRANE & MANNING,
Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices corner Front and Park avenue.

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Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in connection rooms. No. 5 SUMNER AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Opposite Depot. Entrance on Somerset street. Seven hands always employed and no waiting.

EVILS THAT COME OF OVERWROUGHT CHILDREN'S EMOTIONS.

Physicians are protesting against the unnatural emotional development of girls by certain home influences. Let them alone and their sympathetic feelings will be acute enough at the worst; but give them stimulus, and that excessive, bring *them out on all possible occasions, out of season and uncalled for*, and there stands over these girls one of the great dangers to the perfection of womanhood, physical and mental. An undue sensitivity of the centers of emotional feeling can be maintained only at the expense of sound health of body and mind.

The ill leading influences are often seen in the household. The girl is bound closely, she has few outdoor sports, and *those are not interesting, and her dress is a limitation to her freedom.* Such restrictions to her liberty, and constant reference to the fact that her set denies her this or that employment or pleasure, tend to make a child self conscious and emotionally overactive. The agent in family discipline often appeals to the emotional natures of children with unhappy results in the way of mental commotion and harmful unrest. Children require an even atmosphere for the mind as well as the body.

Upon children, and especially girls, there are often made undue claims for the demonstration of their affections. It is said by a physician, after full observation, that the stimulation of the emotions among children is conducive, not only to disease of the mind, but also to mental furies. He says: "In my large practice among children I am certain that scores are literally driven to the excessive amount of emotional excitement *which they are forced to endure.* All this hugging and kissing and talking to them is to excite responses of the same emotional nature in the child for the pleasure and gratification of the parents and friends."—Good Housekeeping.

Quaker Nurses.

In the beginning of this century the Quakers of Philadelphia became disgusted with the ignorant Sairey Gamps who were their sole reliance in illness. Trained nurses were a blessing then unknown, but the Friends resolved to have it.

An inexpensive, comfortable dwelling was rented and furnished plainly; a wise and kingly Quaker was appointed matron, and a few women were carefully selected *from the number who wished to learn the science and practice of nursing.*

It was requisite that these women should be virtuous, sober, honest and possessed of a good English education; they must also be over thirty years of age, and of sound health.

Each woman had her little chamber and regarded the house as her home. She paid the exact cost price of her board, and was expected to help in the domestic work of *the house. Before being trusted as a* nurse she studied medical books relative to her work and attended lectures on nursing and clinics and demonstrations given by the ablest physicians of the city.

She then passed an examination and was set to nursing patients in a hospital connected with the home for three months without pay. Afterward for several months she nursed charity patients in their own houses, receiving a small salary. *During all of this time she was under the* supervision of the physicians who had instructed her.

She then received a diploma and took private cases at full pay, making her home at the house while not employed.

In many of the large towns where the services of a trained nurse can only be obtained from a distant city at great expense this simple early method of teaching young women to become nurses might be followed.

Like all Quaker charities, it was almost self supporting. The physicians gave their lectures and instruction without charge, being amply repaid by efficient skilled help in the sickroom.—Youth's Companion.

The Importance of Perfect Ventilation.

Upon no other subject connected with sanitary science has it seemed a task so herculean as to diffuse information among the masses about ventilation. The efforts of want of good ventilation are so subtile in their character, remain retribution for sins in this regard is slow in coming, and when it comes is so uninformed people so seemingly unconnected with the sins that it is almost impossible to bring such people to see the relation between cause and effect. At most only a languid assent can be extorted from their minds to the proposition that good ventilation is essential to perfect health, and when they are told by some petty heating contractor possibly as ignorant as themselves that the ventilation in a building is good they accept the statement without question unless the facts to the contrary are so plain as to be detected by that most unreliable *of organs, the human olfactory apparatus.*

In either of the other two phases of the business good work may be expected, although when the special expert is called upon to make a plan, specification and estimate for a contractor on some important job, he will often require all his firmness to hold up under the pressure for cheapness that will be brought to bear upon him. The most satisfactory of all ways in which to get designs for heating and ventilating apparatus is for the owner or architect to employ the expert under instructions that, while needless expenditure is deprecated, nothing the usefulness of which can be demonstrated, no feature for the introduction of which intelligent and sanitary reasons can be assigned, is to be omitted. To get a good job the cost must not control, but must depend upon what is needful. A good job must be the first aim: to get this as cheaply as possible the subordinate end.—Engineering Magazine.

The Hygiene of the Teeth.

The value of preventive measures against the attacks of decay cannot be too strongly insisted upon, and one class of case where *those measures are to a great extent* within the control of the individual is in regard to the teeth. It is over the surfaces that begin from the outside, no such thing as internal caries having ever been demonstrated; hence if the surfaces could be kept absolutely clean no decay could take place, however poor the texture of the teeth. This is of course impossible, but much toward such a desirable end can be attained by attention to the simple rules.

Parents often ask their dentists and medical attendants with reference to their babies, "When ought teeth to be cleansed?" The answer assuredly is, "As soon as there are teeth." A very small toothbrush, charged with some precipitated chalk flavored with an aromatic drug to make it pleasant, is perhaps the best means—not a towel, which only removes the secretion from the labial and lingual surfaces, and not from between the teeth, where decay is most rife. Yet how few children's teeth are so brushed, and how rarely the habit of doing it for themselves when they are old enough *is inculcated! But if it be accepted* the very desirable result is likely to follow of the humanity from dental trouble—at all events to any large extent.

Later on something more can be done by passing a piece of dental floss silk, which can be obtained of most chemists, between the teeth every day, and the value of this can be easily demonstrated after thoroughly using the toothbrush by passing the silk between the teeth, when a *certain amount of accumulated matter will* be brought away.—London Lancet.

The American Girl in Europe.

The universal criticism of the American girl in Europe crudely describes her as beautiful, rich, strange, with alas! one *defect, to be diluted upon later. I have rarely* heard the first descriptive epithet omitted; indeed one is astonished to see the remarkable sensation she come out of unheard of "districts" in America. It seems a new immigration of the human race, for in London, Paris, or at Nice or Homburg one runs against a blond beauty of such surprising luster, or a brunette so tall, so superb, so flashing, with such hands and feet, that that proverbial duchess, who is supposed *to have a monopoly of these appendages*, is nowhere; then to find that this glorious Hebe has come from Denver or Kansas City or still further west! There is no doubt that the mixture of race or atmosphere, or whatever makes beauty—that subtle but most desirable alchemy—is flowing like shekels in the air of the United States of America.

It is also a question which must puzzle those who pretend to write on heredity why these *children of men and women* who have labored with their hands, men and women who have never known luxury, possess heads which rival those of the Venus di Medici, flesh of Christian whiteness, and the Spanish instep, and little, shell-like ears which would point to an ancestry of a thousand earls. The one defect—deferentially I state it—is the American pronunciation, most unmusical and unpleasant to us, who love the low, soft, caressing voice of their southern sisters, who murmur "lo t'amo" so sweetly.—"The Land of the Almighty Dollar."

Homemade Linen.

It is almost with a feeling of veneration that I now spread my homespun table cloths to serve for dinner. They are the last of a trunkful of linen brought over the Atlantic thirty years ago. Through out this long period they have been in constant use, but now, unless supported by some delicate dish, they tear to atoms. For more than fifty years the hands that so willingly spun and wove these threads for others' use have been resting in the grave. Why may not the North add to its resources by reviving this old and important industry, and raise at least sufficient flax for home consumption? The women, too, would gain by its revival. Instead of spending time and strength upon the almost worthless trash called ladies-fancy work, which comforts neither those adorns their homes, they might again possess their stores of homemade linen, which far surpasses in value and durability the best product of the machine. We were a long way for a day. Why may we not go more slowly and evolve a truer prosperity with its resulting tranquillity?—Garden and Forest.

Women Should Be Natural.

A woman never loses anything by being real. For a woman to be natural is for her to be an object of respect and love. She was created to sway, not as men sway, by strength, physical power, but by her own way and by her more gentle qualities. A natural woman is the greatest power in the world today. By her very nature she conquers, whether she be the wife of a humble clerk or a ten times millionaire.

"She is always so lovable because she is so natural," was the graceful tribute I heard a group of women a few evenings ago pay to a young woman who had just left them.

"She's are so fond of her," said another woman in the group, "and yet no one would call her pretty."

Let artifice, sham or pretension enter into the question of a woman, and she would become at once an unwelcome guest where now she is bidden and eagerly sought for.

Some one may say, "Yes, the one you speak of is probably a rich woman, and she can afford to be lovable."

Not at all, my friend. She is the daughter of a man whose salary is too meagre for him to give his wife a servant, and this daughter helps the mother in her housework. She is the busiest person of that home simply because she never tries to appear what she is not.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

A Wealthy Girl's Shoe Box.

The very poetry of shoe boxes was seen in a receptacle for such necessities attached to the dressing room of a young belle. One side was fitted up with a set of shelves divided into compartments, each one large enough to hold a pair of slippers or shoes standing side by side. Sliding glass doors protected the contents from dust and dampness, but permitted a view of their daintiness. Wadded and perfumed mats covered with light oak brown silk to match the shelves were fitted to the bottom of each compartment, *and on them was stood a be*wildering array of pretty boots, shoes and slippers. There was footgear for all occasions and to go with all sorts of gowns.

Handsome brass side gilded hooks at the upper side of each compartment was its suitable pair of silken hose, the gem of the collection being a center compartment above a polred gold slippers, with heels of the real precious metal, pointed their pretty toes at the observer, and stockings of the same color hung at the side. Opposite the shoe doors was a rack with shoehorn and button hooks of several lengths, mounted in silver, depending from it, and the stock was completed by a pretty shoe and stocking bag with a mirror contained in the lid, and an appropriate device.—Her Point of View in New York Times.

An Expert Opinion.

"I saw such a sweet and charmingly dressed little woman on Broadway," said a mere tone a few days ago, and what three pairs of feminine eyes were fixed upon him he had the audacity to give a detailed description of a woman's clothes. This was the marvelous picture he sketched:

"She wore a green—or black—poke sort of bonnet, turned up—somewhere. It had pink or maybe red flowers on it. But her gown was black—that I know—or a kind of dark blue maybe, and it was buttoned up the back. The sleeves were—er—sort of—well—somewhat looking. She wore a large muff with ribbons hanging all around from it. Her shoes were red, I think, with yellowish tops. Oh, she was irresistible!"

"She must have been—to the manager of a museum!" was the scorn flung at him.

Yet it is said we dress to please men!—Evelyn Malcolm in New York Press.

Should Be the Noblest Romans.

Too often the spirit of a girl is repressed, and the foundation of future inefficiency is laid by words and manners that lead her to believe that *little is expected of her* besides being a pretty darling, and that she may have everything done for her rather than be required to do for herself. In this way vanity, selfishness and indolence are unwittingly fostered from infancy by the mistaken kindness and devotion of her best friends. *On the other hand, the boy* is taught to be manly, to do noble and self sacrificing little deeds, and is reared to the idea that he must help himself and usually in all things. We shall have reached a most unfortunate social development when it is considered unnecessary or undesirable for women to be less noble, less efficient and less self reliant than men. The mothers of the land should be the noblest Romans of them all.—New York News.

Washing Woolens.

The average washerwoman does not seem to know that every time she rubs her woolens on the washboard she is injuring their softness and pliability. Flannels should be squeezed through strong, warm suds, in which there is a little ammonia, and not rubbed at all. The rinse water should also be warm. In washing a Shetland shawl the same care should be exercised as in doing up fine laces. Dip your shawl in a warm lather of boiled soap and gently squeeze through your hands. When clean plunge into clear warm water, and when through it rinsed squeeze out well and pin on a sheet to dry. If the washing has been properly done the shawl will look like new.—Exchange.

A Wise Selfishness.

A mother does spend herself too freely for her children when she gives up her own rights to them. If she is a true mother she do not recognize her superior claims, makes it difficult for them to "honor" her as the fifth commandment demands that they shall do.

It is a wise selfishness that makes the mother insist upon keeping her proper place in the family as the crown and center of home, tenderly loving her children, serving them in all legitimate ways, but feeling that they are the fate above all the burdens of life instead of weakly bearing them herself.—Elizabeth B. Scovil in Ladies' Home Journal.

Every House Should Have a Bedtime.

A bushel basket of broken toys is nicer than a whole lot of new ones. Every house should have a little bedlam, a room given over to misrule, a place where the young ones may go and not be compelled to take care of other folks' notions and play other folks' ideas. That is what we older folks do. *We are never half so prim* as we try to make our children. We don't own it up, but we pull wires to please a great deal, and when we don't do that we pull people to pieces and call it criticism.—Mary E. Spencer in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Many Co-operative Societies.

There are more than sixty co-operative societies of women of national scope engaged in the philanthropic work of the country. Among them are the Woman's Relief corps, the King's Daughters, Young Women's Christian association, working women's *guilds and working girls' clubs*, educational and industrial unions of various kinds, such as summer and winter buildings, establish schools, day nurseries and kindergartens and collect and disburse vast sums of money to the needy.—San Francisco Chronicle.

A Delicious Apple Dessert.

A very nice apple dessert is made as follows: Peel, core and cut a couple of pounds of apples, boil till soft in a little water, then rub through a sieve; mix some powdered sugar with the pulp and a lemon, add half an ounce of red gelatin dissolved in a little water, stir into the apples and pour into a mold; when set and cold turn out and serve with custard or whipped cream. If red gelatin is not at hand, dissolve the white in a little claret for the desired color.

Women's Gloves.

It is said that New York takes the smallest average size in gloves outside of the south in America, while Boston requires a larger size than *any other city*, and Boston women have everything done for her rather than be required to do for herself. In this way vanity, selfishness and indolence are unwittingly fostered from infancy by the mistaken kindness and devotion of her best friends. *On the other hand, the boy* is taught to be manly, to do noble and self sacrificing little deeds, and is reared to the idea that he must help himself and usually in all things. We shall have reached a most unfortunate social development when it is considered unnecessary or undesirable for women to be less noble, less efficient and less self reliant than men. The mothers of the land should be the noblest Romans of them all.—New York News.

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A mother does spend herself too freely for her children when she gives up her own rights to them. If she is a true mother she do not recognize her superior claims, makes it difficult for them to "honor" her as the fifth commandment demands that they shall do.

It is a wise selfishness that makes the mother insist upon keeping her proper

This Date in History—Sept. 26.

1499—Columbus confident that land was near, as "large patches of herbs and weeds, such as grow about rocks and in rivers," were floating by the ship. The Canes noted "a marvelous sweetness and purity in the air, quite like that of April in Andalusia."

1797—Thomas Paine, statesman, general, born in Schenectady, N. Y.; died of exposure in the Louisiana campaign, 1864.

1777—Sir William Howe entered in triumphal entry into Philadelphia.

1820—Daniel Boone died in Missouri; born 1735.

1846—*Jenny Lind Goldschmidt Bradford*, singer, died in New London, Conn.; born there 1821.

1874—The Right Rev. Henry Washington Lee, D. D., LL. D., died.

1881—Burial of President Garfield.

1890—The new national park containing the big trees in Tulare county, Cal., set apart and named the Sequoia National park.

The Grandmothers of Today.

One so seldom sees a genuine old lady nowadays. The modern art of the complexion, the complexion specialties of the beauty doctor, the dress aids and skill of the modern modiste all tend to keep the sweet, mobile creature with snowy hair and Old World cuntiliness of manner in the background. Frequently one wonders what sort of memories the little folks of today will have of the grandmother who looks as young and dresses as gay as her daughter and insists on the children calling her auntie.

In comparison with this extremely frivolous elderly person we think of our own grandmother, who long years ago was laid to rest in the country burying ground. How sweet and significant she were in all very looks surmounted by the cap of real lace. *No French twists and false front*pieces at variance with the natural color of her hair for this dear old lady, who wore gowns becoming to her years and whose face, with its wrinkles unhidden or filled in by some time destroyer of modern invention, looked out upon the world from eyes long used to spectacles, which she was not ashamed to wear.

There was more of dignified beauty in the growing old of such a woman than in the vain strivings after a vanished youth which leads so many women of today to dress as suits their own young daughters, in the vain hope of having revived in the artificial reproduction of faded charms, and which leaves in the world today so few of those lovely, womanly women who have no desire to age the graces and dress of the young and who possess a dignity and loveliness that this pitiful struggler after departed days will never possess.—Philadelphia Times.

1892 September. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
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11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	6	4:06 p. m.	New	20	8:16 p. m.
Third Quarter	13	7:50 a. m.	First Quarter	29	1:16 a. m.

Hotels.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD

Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS

Bar First-class. Car attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE,

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Mills. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
Furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
60 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
30 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine ing repairs.
Agent for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Beyond the Heat,
Above the sultering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight
At MIZZEN PEAK!
Build Your Home on Watchung Mountains
Take out Sunstroke, and Enjoy Existence.
Lots choice of
S. T. VAIL, 49 North Avenue,
Plainfield, N. J.

WHO WILL BE PRESIDENT?

GUESS AGAIN!

Guess all you want to. Just now it is a subject for guessing. But when you want Carriages or Harness, Don't Guess. It is too risky. Go where these articles are to be found in great variety of fine goods, the leading place is L. M. French's, 16, 18, 20 and 22 Somerset street

$40 for ONE PAIR of Shoes,
If the shoes are man's of leather, is a price out of all reason.
DOANE & EDSALL are selling Shoes for women, fine fitting, long wearing, different widths, at ONLY
Two Dollars a Pair.
Doane & Edsall, 22 West Front Street.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.
J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as
RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS,
PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC.
WINTER AND FALL BLANKS,
They also have a big stock of
PARLOR HEATERS,
New Styles. Very Cheap.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Legal Advertisements.

PREROGATIVE COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY.
In the Matter of the Estate of Job Male, deceased. } Order to Limit } Creditors.
Upon application made to me by that purpose, by John W. Harrison and Elias R. Pope, administrators of the estate of Job Male, late of the City of Plainfield in the County of Union in this State, deceased, I do hereby on this seventh day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, order the said John W. Harrison and Elias R. Pope as such administrators of the said deceased to the creditors of the estate of said deceased, to bring in their debts, demands and claims against the same, under oath within nine months from the date of this order, by setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places in the County of Union, for the space of two months, and advertising the same for the like period in The Plainfield Evening News, one of the newspapers of this State, such notice to be given and advertised within twenty days from the date hereof, and to be continued for two months.
ALEX. T. McGILL, O.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—John W. Harrison and Elias R. Pope, administrators of the estate of Job Male, deceased, by direction of the Ordinary of the State of New Jersey, hereby give notice to the creditors of the said Job Male, to bring their debts, demands and claims against the estate of the said decedent, under oath, within nine months from this date or they will be forever barred of any action therefor against the said administrators.
JOHN W. HARRISON,
ELIAS R. POPE,
Administrators.
Dated Sept. 7th, 1892. 9 12 ow 10

SPECIAL SALE!
OF
1,000 pairs of Trousers
at
WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE
30 West Front Street.
A Good Chance for BARGAINS.
Our New Stock o
Fall and Winter
Goods Just Received.
It will pay you to examine them.
The Latest Styles of Hats and gentlemen's furnishings.
A full line of Cloths for Clothing to Order.

Stoves! Stoves!
at
MUSGRAVE'S
SECOND-HAND FURNITURE STORE,
35 and 37 Somerset street.

United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association
LEADING CASH GROCERS,
29 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.
SELL GOODS CHEAPER THAN YOU CAN BUY THEM ELSEWHERE.
5 gals. Best Kerosene Oil, 150 test, and can, 90c.
1 " " " " and can, 25c.
1 " " " " 8c.
Granulated Sugar, 5½c lb.
Cut and Powdered Sugar, 5½c lb.
If you want a very nice fat Mackerel, we have them, 12c. lb.
Finest Elgin Creamery Butter, 28c lb.
Fine Dairy Butter, 25c.
New Crop Teas, (all kinds), 25c lb.
Choice Rio Coffee, 20c lb.
Sweet Potatoes, 30c bushel. (16 quarts).
Mason's Fruit Jars, (1 quart) 60c. doz.
Headquarters for Fruits and Vegetables
OF ALL KINDS.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!
After the use of
Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.
Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child
SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.
THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.
Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.
MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,
Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.
A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on
..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..
..Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks..
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $30,000.00 since organization.
Watchung Lodge, 2691, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall Block.
Immediate relief, $100 sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH C. PAGE, Reporter,
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

THE BEE HIVE!
Kid Gloves.
4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates. 75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black, $1
The "Glady" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns $1
8-Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates, 85c
Gents' Kid Gloves, $1
Also a full line of
Fall Underwear.
Louis Callman,
42 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article.
A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea, to make
Delicious Iced Tea.
Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.
NEUMANN BROS.
BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

New Marble and Granite Works.
We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.
J. E. Townsend, Manager
No. 30 SOMERSET STREET.
Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$6 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box L. Telephone Call 64. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week. Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

Third Congressional District.—Republican Convention.

The Republican voters of the Third Congressional District, composed of the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Somerset, are requested to meet in their several Wards and Townships and elect delegates to represent them in a District Convention, to be held in the Assembly room Masonic Hall, New Brunswick, N. J., on

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1892,

at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating a Republican Representative to Congress.

The basis of representation will be one delegate for each 100 Republican votes cast at the last gubernatorial election, and one for each fraction thereof exceeding fifty, provided, however, that each ward and township shall be entitled to at least one delegate.

JOSEPH H. T. MARTIN,
HENRY M. NEVIUS,
CHARLES PLACE,
Congressional Committee.

BREVITIES

—Reserved seats are now on sale for The Police Patrol.

—A large elm tree on West Seventh street near Park avenue, was blown down during the wind storm at noon yesterday.

—Rev. C. L. Goodrich, pastor of the Congregational church, will meet his class of boys and girls again Wednesday afternoon at 3.45.

—The Wheelmen's Division of the Republican Association will receive their new suits at the rink this evening, and will, in all probability, have a uniformed drill.

—The new roll book of the U. S. Grant Republican Club of North Plainfield is to be found at the office of Collector H. N. Spencer. All Republicans are requested to call and enroll their names.

—The heavy dews of these Fall evenings denotes the near approach of frost. In the meadow-land along the brooks a dense, smoke-like, mist, or fog, apparently several feet thick, is visible at night, and the air in the neighborhood has a mouldy odor which is very unpleasant.

—A nickle-in-the-slot machine for the sale of newspapers is now being manufactured at Bucyrus, O., and introduced over the country. The special feature of the machine lies in the fact that it can be adjusted to sell any price paper and give change at the same time. Besides being a novelty it is said to be a great paper seller.

—Articles of incorporation have been filed with County Clerk Crowell by the Warren Water, Light and Power Company. The incorporators are Charles C. Pomeroy, Charles E. Kimball and W. J. Curtis. The objects of the company are the manufacturing, selling, furnishing and supplying of gas, water and electricity. Business will be conducted at Summit and Warren City, Ohio. The capital stock is $100,000.

—There is every reason to believe that rabbits will be more plentiful this year than they have been in many previous seasons. The best indication is the number of young rabbits seen in the woods early in the Summer. Quails are abundant too, and altogether it seems to be a good year for game, although the Fall woodcock shooting has not been begun yet, and nothing can be said about it until a sharp frost in the North drives the birds down.

—One of the latest double-back-actioned, lazy wheelmen's fads, is to put the bell on the "backbone" of the safety near the "head," and by means of a "feather-weight" chain attach the lever of the gong to the brake-rod. The rider then feels free to propell his machine through town at a lively gait, and when it is necessary to ring the bell, it is generally time to slow up, so he accomplishes both by putting on the brake which, besides stopping the wheel, pulls down the lever and rings the bell.

—That enviable woodcraft of the Adirondack guides is peculiarly astonishing in such matters when displayed in all that pertains to open-air cooking. A guide will disappear into a thicket, and coming back in a few minutes later supplied with two or three crotched saplings. With these, an axe and a deer knife, his only instruments, he will in five minutes more rig up a frame to suspend the kettle over the fire. While the kettle is boiling he will toast a stock of bread or broil a spring chicken, and before these have cooled he will have brewed his coffee. Whatever he does is well done, and with a celerity and apparent ease that make it seem mere play.

OF INTEREST TO CHAUTAUQUANS.

The Crescent Avenue Circle to Resume its Studies.

The Chautauqua system of education offers a great variety of carefully directed courses of reading and study. The special subject for 1892-3 are American Diplomatic History, Greek History, Literature and Art. The course is definite, the books carefully chosen, and the reading apportioned by the week.

The Crescent Avenue Church Circle commences its sessions on Saturday, October 15, in the church parlor. A preliminary meeting will be held on October first at eight p. m., at which time the president and other members of the circle of the past year will be present, and will be glad to welcome new members, explain the Chautauqua system and show the advantages which it affords. A great opportunity is offered to those who would improve their minds by systematic reading.

A Stolen Bicycle Recovered.

While walking along East Front street yesterday on his way to business, William Kitchen, of Orange street, saw a Columbia safety bicycle in the store of Sigmund Frucht, and immediately recognized it as the safety bicycle which had been stolen nearly three weeks ago from Walter Hiles of Green street. He notified Police Sergt. Mt. Place receiving it last evening.

TO LOSE DR. MITCHELL.

THE PASTOR OF THE METHODIST CHURCH ACCEPTS A CALL

From a Large Western Church—The Board Regretfully Consent to His Going and Draw Up a Resolution Expressing Their Kindly Feeling.

The Rev. Dr. Charles B. Mitchell, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, who has, by his many sterling qualities, greatly endeared himself to his people, is to leave that church and take charge of a larger one in the West.

He told the Executive Board of the church, Sunday, of the call he had received and expressed a desire to accept it. The congregation of the Western church he said numbered over one thousand, mostly young men, and he thought it a great field for aggressive work. There is also a Sunday school having about one thousand pupils.

After giving these points just consideration the Board prepared the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the official Board of the Plainfield Methodist Episcopal church, after having carefully considered the statement made to us by our pastor, the Rev. Dr. Chas. B. Mitchell, of his invitation as extended to him by the Grand Avenue Church, Kansas City, Mo., are moved to express our sense of the value of his services in this church, and to say that this matter is of very serious import to us. Of late the success of the church has successfully launched two important enterprises, its last year's record is capable and efficient leader, filling our pews, building up all our interests and greatly enhancing himself in the esteem of the entire people. It seems to us that he is yet in the midst of a very important year's success, the success of which we fear will be endangered if he should turn us in the middle of the conference year. We had confidently hoped that we might go forward to the end of the full pastoral term under his leadership. Our earnest, loyal and unanimous wish is that he should remain with us. Nevertheless, if he can see his duty more in the important field is now open to him, and a great opportunity afforded to do more good for his master, we will, with great reluctance, but with Christian calmness, consent to please him and take up the difficulties which his departure would raise with increased devotion to the cause so dear to our hearts.

H. K. CARPENTER,
JAS. W. CLERKIN, } Com.
HENRY A. MOORE,

Dr. Mitchell says the call is as entire a surprise to him as it was unsought. His former pastorate was, however, but a short distance from Kansas City, Mo.

Incidentally, it might be mentioned that Dr. Mitchell, who is an enthusiastic bicyclist, will not only regret to leave his many Plainfield friends, but also the splendid Plainfield and Union county roads.

He will take charge of his new field the first Sunday in November.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Randolph returned yesterday from a week spent in New York State.

Mr. Lester Leggett, of Florence, Kansas, is the guest of his brother, Mr. Charles Leggett, of Madison avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Robertson Osborne of North avenue returned yesterday from Doylestown, Pa., where they spent an enjoyable two weeks.

Rev. Father Cushing, formerly of Jersey City, has taken charge of the duties over which the Rev. Father Stafford recently had charge.

Miss Ethel Ward and Miss May Audsley of Harlem returned home yesterday after a pleasant week's visit at Edgewood, the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. R. F. M. Chase of North Plainfield.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Rider will entertain a number of friends with a genuine old-fashioned Husking Bee and Barn Dance at Maplewood, their handsome Dunellen home, on Tuesday evening, October 4.

Mr. Charles H. Smith, of Church street, has a curiously shaped russet apple. It is built on the Siamese-twin plan, being two perfect apples firmly joined together, each having its own stem and two cores. The plump figures of the twins are covered with one continuous snug-fitting jacket of Dame Nature's make.

The Plainfield Calumet Club, organized a year ago, held its first Fall meeting last evening at the home of Vincent Rockwell on East Front street. The club is composed of about a dozen young men who give dances to their lady friends every few weeks throughout the Winter. Their dances last Winter were greatly enjoyed.

Liberty's New Search Light.

The Schuyler Electric Company, of Middletown, Conn., has just received an order from the government for one of the most powerful search lights in the world to be used on the Statue of Liberty in New York Harbor. It will be 50,000 candle power, and cost about $4,000. It will be similar in construction to the one on Mt. Washington, which was also made by the Schuyler company. The contract calls for delivery on September 1st. The company has also a contract for 80 lamps of similar pattern, but less candle power, for use on board United States cruisers.

—As far as the fingers are concered experts in palmistry divide hands into three classes. Long, slender, tapering fingers determine the first, and denote delicate, trained perceptions. A subject with such fingers has an innate fondness for art, poetry, music and the higher forms of literature. In the second class the fingers are shorter, are nearly equal in length, and have blunt ends. They denote a practical, material mind, thorough and reliable rather than brilliant. A woman with such fingers would make a careful and efficient housekeeper, and a man with similar ones would be cautious and thorough in business. In third class the fingers are short, thick and square, and have short, large nails, with cushions on each side of the nails. A subject having these fingers is active, athletic, opinionated, selfish, has strong appetites for the material things of life and is liable to form strong prejudices.

POLITICAL PICKLES.

PARAGRAPHS TELLING OF WHAT IS BEING DONE.

Something about Judge Wertz.—Proceedings of Plainfield Politicians of Both Parties.—Meetings to be Held, etc.

The Wheelmen's Division of the Republican Club will meet at the Crescent Rink this evening at eight o'clock and turn up a little. Mr. McClymont will lead.

Hon. James E. Martine of this city endeavored to impress on the plastic minds of a Democratic gathering at a banner-raising in Elizabeth, Monday, the "Where was I at" principles of the Democratic platform.

THE NORTH PLAINFIELD REPUBLICANS MEET.

Delegates Elected.—Forty new Members for the U. S. Grant Club.

At the primary meeting at Spencer's Hall, North Plainfield last evening, B. A. Bergeman, Jr., was elected chairman, and A. R. Vail, secretary. Ex-Mayor Chas. Place, Messrs. T. W. Morrison, N. B. Smalley and Jno. Goodwin were elected delegates to the Congressional Convention, to be held at New Brunswick, Wednesday, Sept. 28th. On motion the delegates were instructed to select alternates for the primary. A meeting of the U. S. Grant Club was held. Forty new names were added to the club roll and steps were taken to swing the banner at an early date, notice of which will be given.

Miss Bentley's Wonderful Fears.

A few years ago, at Reform Hall, a Prof. Reynolds nightly astonished large audiences, by his hypnotic power, which enabled him to make those over whom he had secured any control do about as he pleased. Hypnotism has since become such a dangerous science that the French government is reported to have prohibited the exercise of its power except for specified causes and then only *by medical men.*

Quite as wonderful in its power is that told below:

The "Story of the Girl Who Baffled the Czar" is told in the new number of the *Review of Reviews*, says a London journal. Miss Bentley, who accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Cumberland on their recent visit to Copenhagen before the golden wedding party broke up, rather surprised His Majesty by some of her experiments. He keenly watched the efforts of the Prince Royal of Greece to push to the ground a billiard cue lightly held by Miss Bentley in her hands and which she declared would be took by her nephew's place after he had failed. The *Czar grasped the cue with both hands* and put his enormous strength into the effort to get the point of the cue to the ground. It bent and quivered, but all his lusty efforts, like those of his predecessor, were in vain.

But a still greater surprise was in store for him. Placing a chair between the elbows and lifted; up went the young English girl until her hair had actually touched the ceiling. Then Mr. Cumberland explained that on that occasion Miss Bentley had allowed herself to be lifted, but when Her Majesty next tried he would find it impossible to lift her. The Czar, however, had the smile quickly gave way to a look of perplexity when all his efforts to lift her the hundredth part of an inch from the ground were unavailing. Still more surprised was he when Miss Bentley, lightly resting her fingers against the wall, resisted the efforts of various members of the royal party to push her against the wall.

The experiment with a chair, in which Miss Bentley, by merely placing a hand on each back, could be lifted up with the thumbs slightly curved, lifted a person sitting thereon, excited the closest, profound attention of all on the chair and was lifted. Then the Prince Royal of Greece sat upon His Majesty's knees and up went the chair. To them were added the Crown Prince of Denmark and the Duke of Cumberland, the emperor, two future kings and a king in repose. Never was there so much royalty upon one single chair before. Their collective weight was certainly not less than 1000 lbs. The chair was grasped by Miss Bentley, as before, and up it went, emperor, princes and all, three or four inches from the ground. The Czar's first look was one of surprise, his second one of warm congratulation.

It was while the magnetic craze was at its height in London (says the writer of the article) that Mr. Cumberland, one night after dinner, quite casually suggested that Miss Bentley should try and see if she were a "magnet." Some experiments were tried, and she succeeded in a truly remarkable manner. Some of her actual test experiments were given a few weeks later at Mr. Labouchere's house in Old Palace Yard.

The Manager's Announcement.

In "The Police Patrol," to be played at Music Hall to-morrow evening, the patrol wagon, the horses and the men using it are the genuine thing, right from Chicago, and the story told in the play is based on actual occurrences. The drama is described by a friendly writer as a "simple but connected story of police life, illustrating with delightful scenic pictures the various localities of the great city. Its mounting is of the most liberal kind, the artists brush having been freely used. Then the introduction of a magnificent team of horses and patrol wagon add to the realism. The chasqueers are all well drawn and natural—such as one meets on the street day, and their varied experiences from a play which reads like an interesting novel, gladly taken up, but reluctantly laid aside."

—The first rehearsal of the Mendelsohn male chorus will be held in the Manning building on West Front street, Thursday evening at eight o'clock.

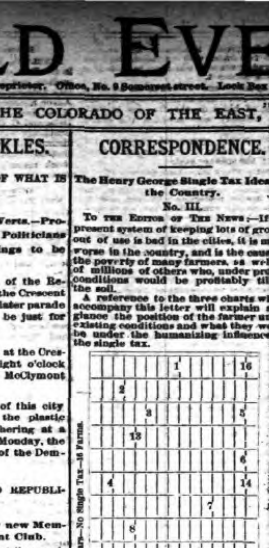
CORRESPONDENCE.

The Henry George Single Tax Ideas in the Country.

No. III.

To the Editor of The News:—If the present system of keeping lots of ground out of use is bad in the cities, it is much worse in the country, and is the cause of the poverty of many farmers, as well as of millions of others who, under proper conditions would be profitably tilling the soil.

A reference to the three charts which accompany this letter will explain at a glance the position of the farmer under existing conditions and what they would be under the humanizing influences of the single tax.



No. 1 is a chart representing 100 lots of ground of 100 acres each of which only 16 are occupied, the others being held by the railroad company running at the side of that chart. All the farmers on this chart are either on the verge of bankruptcy or have their farms so heavily mortgaged that they barely live, let alone enjoy life—and why is this so? *Because of the great distance between the farms* and the consequent enormous waste in the cost of moving the crops, making repairs, getting tools and supplies, and visiting friends, as marked for the crops harvested. No doctor, no store, no church, no school—distance to a great extent, and roads in Winter (and often in Summer) entirely impassible. What a life! and with no hope for better times.

Now let us look at chart No. 2, which we will suppose to be the same tract of land as No. 1, only under single tax conditions.

No. 1 locates on the land, and as any one going on a lot has to pay his tax according to its value, he chooses just what he wants, for no one is holding land out of cultivation on account of having to pay for its use. Nos. 2, 3 and 4, come along and they make a block of four for mutual protection and companionship. If one man's horse is sick he borrows his neighbor's. If his plow is broken or his wagon loses a wheel he does not lose his time as his neighbor can help him. Others seeing that a little community can thus be formed, gather round and in three months or so the 16 farms are all taken up, as shown by the section in Chart No. 1, are scattered together in a group—a smith, a doctor, a storekeeper, a schoolmaster, a clergyman, a butcher, a barber, all hear that this is likely to prove a thriving spot, and they make up into an innate fondness for art, poetry, music and the higher forms of literature. In the second class the fingers are shorter, are nearly equal in length, and have blunt ends. They denote a practical, material mind, thorough and reliable rather than brilliant. A woman with such fingers would make a careful and efficient housekeeper, and a man with similar ones would be cautious and thorough in business. In third class the fingers are short, thick and square, and have short, large nails, with cushions on each side of the nails. A subject having these fingers is active, athletic, opinionated, selfish, has strong appetites for the material things of life and is liable to form strong prejudices.

SOUSA'S RARE TREAT.

HIS NEW MARINE BAND AT MUSIC HALL LAST EVENING.

Winning Most Enthusiastic Applause from a Fine Plainfield Audience, which Francis Wilson says is as Critical as any in the Country.

Such an entertainment as that given by Sousa's New Marine Band is exceedingly refreshing. Especially is this the case after the nauseating amount of trash which goes upon the stage now-a-days to cater to a supposed public taste. That the public taste is not so depraved or vapid is evidenced by the marked contrast in the make up of the audiences which the trashy performances attract, and the fine one that was attracted to Music Hall last evening, all good patrons of the better class of entertainments, when known to be such, and all able to appreciate true merit.

As a prelude to the entertainment there was given a beautiful selection composed by the late Patrick Sarsfield Gilmore, who died suddenly Saturday. It was entitled "Death's at the Door," or "The Voice of the Departed Soul," and its production was intended as a tribute to the memory of the most distinguished band leader of this century.

The first number on the program was a brilliant overture from Rossini's "Semiramide."

The second number was entitled, "Peer Gynt." It was Grieg's musical arrangement of Ibsen's beautiful poem of that name. It was an *suite*. The first part (a) was entitled "Morning." Nature is supposed to be singing her song to the day brightens, the birds begin to sing, and there is abroad the hum and stir of life. The second part (b) is the scene in mournful straits of the death of Peer Gynt's mother, Aase. Peer Gynt's part (c) the story of how he exiled himself to Africa to bury his sorrow in the wilds of the desert, where he met Anitra, with the fair Egyptian whom he married; of how, following the Egyptian dance and pantomime, came Anitra's relative, the King of the Mountain, who, indignant at the insult to her memory, is seeking vengeance, and finally is a vivid account of the chase through the halls of the king's castle, the music gradually following faster and faster and becoming exciting, abruptly ending where it is intended to portray the king grasping Peer Gynt by the neck and choking him into hell.

Sousa and Francis Wilson, that prince of comedians, are warm personal friends. Sousa composed the music for Wilson's "Merry Monarch" and "The Oolah." This is Sousa's first tour through the country with his own band. As his expenses are about $1,000 per day, he is naturally much anxiety as to how his venture would be received.

Last week he had such one. Mr. Wilson had made unusually successful tours and knew the country well. When he learned that Mr. Sousa was to begin his tour at this city he said: "You will find the intelligence of a Plainfield audience far above the average—in fact as good as you will find anywhere. They're no country people, out here, but they are just as good as the best critics in this country."

Sousa said, after the performance last night, that, as soon as he saw the way the "Peer Gynt" selection was received he knew he had an audience to appreciate it, and from that moment all apprehension was removed, for he felt sure with such appreciation from such an audience the success of his tour was assured. Throughout the evening they showered the most applause on the very selections he had considered best in arranging the program, and thus confirmed his own judgment.

There were eleven numbers on the program, each with a special charm, and all were artistically rendered. Besides their repetition in part, in two instances, "Sheridan's Ride," and "The Egyptian Trumpeter," the repetition being demanded twice, as they well deserved, were Sousa's own compositions.

These were No. 6, 9 and 10 on the program.

No. 6 was entitled "Episode Militaire—March of the Royal Trumpets," and introduced a sextette of Egyptian trumpets.

No. 9, "Sheridan's Ride," made the old soldiers in the audience feel like rising and proposing three cheers for Sousa, and the women, who were absorbed in from reading, of the historical scenes it depicted, declared that the martial music was the most thrilling they ever heard. If they so regarded it, what must have been the feelings of those who had ridden with Sheridan, recognized the old familiar bugle calls, and heard the finest representation they ever will hear of the famous ride of the hero. Boom! Boom! came the sound of *the distant cannonading, as the music depicted* the battle, and then the rout, and desperate foe. The sound of the booming cannon grows louder. Our people rally, reinforcements are sent and are falling back. Then there is the rout, as our troops recognize the fleeing by the now resistless foe. The heavy caissons go rumbling by, the sabers clash. All is confusion. Then comes the news of the storm. Thoburn is killed, and there is a brief requiem to his memory. Then follows the order to rally and turn, and the once regular sounds as order is being hurriedly brought out of confusion. The gallant Sheridan is recognized by his coal black Winchester, when the battle began six or eight hours before, has got back. The horse is covered with foam, and is all out of the way, and he takes his orderly's. But he is there.

The gallant army, inspired anew by Sheridan, turns again to breast the storm. The enemy is now on-rushing to charge. Again comes the fury of battle. But now the commanding is growing decisive and feebler as the foe is being driven back, and victory is being snatched from defeat.

Then comes the cannonading instead of louder and soon subsides entirely. At last one of the most brilliant of victories is won. The troops are organized and are returning to camp. The sounds of various approaching bands are heard, and they make up into an innate fondness for "Marching Through Georgia," and other old familiar martial airs, and then what could be more fitting than the storm of applause which followed.

No. 10 was a humorous composition by Sousa, entitled "Good-by," and the final piece was "The Star Spangled Banner," superbly rendered.

Signor Scolari rendered a solo, but was detained at Quarantine on a vessel from Europe, so that he could not be present. Signor Scolari, Signor Salassa and Miss Marcella Lindh sang very sweetly Donizetti's aria in the mad scene from the opera of "Lucia de Lammermoor," which Patti has made so famous.

Altogether the audience was delighted, and Sousa and his band were delighted that they had succeeded so well in delighting them, and the entertainment will long be remembered.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

RECEIVING GILMORE'S BODY.

Thousands of People Await its Coming.

New York, Sept. 26. (Special.)—The body of Patrick Sarsfield Gilmore arrived from St. Louis at the Grand Central Depot at 7:48 this morning.

A crowd, that packed the depot from wall to wall and blocked the sidewalks four blocks, was present.

The funeral will be to-morrow at St. Francis Xavier's church.

Dying of Hydrophobia.

Bordentown, N. J., Sept. 27. (Special.)—Mrs. Anna Applegate, housekeeper for John Watson, living at Florence, a few miles from here, is lying in terrible agony, and exhibits every symptom of hydrophobia. There is no knowledge, however, that she had ever been bitten by a dog.

—All suburban regions now abound in robins, but the robin in Autumn is only in outward semblance the same bird as the delightful songster of May and June. He is a dumb creature now, no longer devoting time and thought to love alone, but is erected only to grosser material things. He is heavy in flight from accumulated fat, and he haunts the wild cherry trees, voraciously feeding on their fruit, and uttering no sound save discordant protests against the approach of other feathered creatures.

FOR men who work, and women who worry,

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

means tonic, recuperative energy. A royal summer dish.

NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL OF LAW FOR HOME STUDY 1107 BROADWAY N.Y. INTRODUCTORY LECTURE FREE

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN AMERICAN, honest and temperate, wants situation on gentleman's place. Is experienced and competent. Thoroughly understands care of horses, [illegible] etc. Does not make himself generally useful. Best of references. Address Frank L. Lyon, Ocean Grove, N. J. 27 6

YOUNG girl, a Swede, wants situation as general housework. 247 West Third street. 27 2

HELP WANTED.

A BOY wanted, immediately, in grocery store. Experience not preferred. References required. Address "N" Press of Evening News. 27 3

WANTED—Chambermaid and waitress. Mrs. Fleming, 100 Park avenue. 9 29tf

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to sell fruit orders for nursery stock; expenses and salary to men who can leave home and work steady; also commission to local agents; write for terms and territory. Address R. G. Chase & Co., 1240 S. Penn st., Phila., Pa. 8 12 tm eod

WANTED—Two girls, cook and laundress; references required. Apply at 340 Park avenue. Telephone call, with references, at 125, Park avenue. 24 4

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 71 East Fifth street. 24tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 47 West Fifth street. 24 3

WANTED—A woman as cook and laundress. Reference required. Apply at 40 West Eighth street. 24 4

LOST AND FOUND.

CALF found. Owner can have same by proving property, and paying for this advertisement. John Brown, Plainfield avenue, near city limits. 27 3

FOR RENT.

HANDSOME 12 room residence to rent, furnished. Owners, two ladies, will exchange rent of house for board. Address R., 33 Willow avenue. 24 3

UNFURNISHED house to let Dr. Boone 81 Front street. 20 2tf

FOR SALE.

CARBONITE heaters, portable, safe, clean; no pipe A. M. Griffen. 34 3tf

FOR SALE or exchange—A "Robin's-egg" blue Relay Columbia safety bicycle, ridden only a few weeks. Perfect condition. Address "Relay," Office of Evening News. 27 3

FOR SALE—First class cooking stove, cheap. Party leaving city. 23 West Front street. 9 29tf

OPEN FIRES, basket grates, wood mantels. A. M. Griffen. 24 3tf

WINDMILL for sale; with brass Pump, tower, etc., for one tenth its cost. H. Pittis, 134 Central avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 26 10t

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—A small house. Address "Mechanic," care of Evening News.

WANTED—Second hand cutter. Address "Mechanic," care of Evening News.

WANTED—Cheap, about 16 quarts; Jersey preferred. Address "Nursery," care of Evening News. 24 3tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

MRS. I. ADAMS, of No. 5 East Front street, opposite Park avenue, will open on Thursday, Sept. 29, display a fine assortment of Fall and millinery goods. Her customers will please accept this notice in lieu of cards. 27 2

ALFRED B. NELSON, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 2 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Stelle & White building. Eight years with Messrs. R. R. also on the United States Coast Survey. All work guaranteed. 9 24 1y

CLOTHES washed by Mrs Susan Robinson, at her home, 49½ Plainfield avenue. References Mrs. R. W. Hand, 229 West Second street; Mrs. Sarah E. Randolph, 103 Dunellen street. 24 3

FOR sodding and grading address John Sharp, box 265, city. 24 3

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Stafford's. 5 23tf

"CUT PRICES!"

Elegant white embroidered Handkerchiefs, 19c; original price 25c. Fancy hemmed stitched Handkerchiefs 5c. Foster Paul 5-hook Kid Gloves, $1, warranted; usual price $1.50. Misses' Kid Gloves, 50c, worth 75c. All silk Handkerchiefs, 19c, worth 25c, all colors, 25c. Corset for 50c. Corset for 50c. Table Linen 45c. Our 40c. Table Linen 35c. Our 50c. colored bord. do. 40. Ladies' fast black Hose, 5c pair for 15c, worth 25c. Our 5-8 $1.25 Linen Napkins for 90c. A good white 10-4 Blanket, 79c; worth $1.

They are guaranteed unusually attractive Bargains, and the quantities are limited. Come Quick and secure some before they are gone.

CARPETS MADE AND LINED FREE.

A splendid assortment of Beautiful Styles to select from. Give your order now, and we will make them up and hold until wanted.

Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, Poles, Art Squares, Smyrna Rugs, all at New York Prices.

OUR $2 SHOES are giving splendid satisfaction. They are regular $3 shoes.

EDSALL'S.

WHO WILL BE PRESIDENT?

GUESS AGAIN!

Guess all you want to. Just now it is a subject for guessing. But when you want Carriages or Harness, Don't Guess. It is too risky. When you buy, your purchase should have not only quality, but reputation. And for an unassailed variety of these goods, the leading place is E. M. Freeh's, 16, 18, 20 and 22 Somerset street.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, Sole Lessee and Manager.

A. Y. PEARSON'S BIG REALISTIC PRODUCTION, With its Wealth of Scenery and Realistic Features,

THE POLICE PATROL,

Presented precisely in every detail just as advertised.

Wednesday Evening, September 28th.

The Great Police Station Scene. Haymarket Square, Chicago, at Night. The Great Patrol Stable. The Terrific Struggle. The Alarm and Quick Ditch. The White Patrol. Thursday evening the Grandest Production of the age.

EDITORIAL NOTES

A New International Law Needed.

Europe is only a nursery to raise population for America, the able orators say. If this is true then we ought at least to have some choice as to the kind of children that are raised for us. We would be better off today if our populations were a million less than it is, provided the right ones could be weeded out. More increase of population is no benefit at all to a family or a nation unless the quality of the increase is an improvement on its progenitors. Where the quality remains the same or even deteriorates it would be better to dispense with the increase.

We have had the offscouring of Europe and Asia poured upon us long enough. As long as the paupers and criminals of other countries know that they and their children can be landed at many ports on the shores of the United States, and be sure of a living, it will not matter to them how many millions additional of paupers and criminals they breed. We cannot prevent these wretched, wicked and filthy classes from breeding and swarming like maggots in their own country, but we can prevent them from swarming over upon us. We owe it to our own preservation as a nation to do this.

When to filth, wickedness and crime are added pestilence, like cholera and typhus fever, then the civilized nations of the world ought to take some concerted action to stop the flood which *threatens to overwhelm them all*. Germany, Great Britain, France and the United States ought to enter into a health league for self protection. They have the right, moreover, undertaken to build a great nation upon a plan especially our own to maintain it and to further, through its agency the means for the accomplishment of national objects the American people are willing through taxation to surrender a part of their earnings and income.

Tariff legislation presents a familiar form of federal taxation. Such legislation results as surely in a tax upon the daily life of our people as the tribute paid directly into the hand of the tax gatherer. We feel the burden of these tariff taxes too palpably to be persuaded by any sophistry that they do not exist or are paid by foreigners.

Such taxes, representing a diminution of the earnings of the people, are only justifiable when laid and collected for the purpose of maintaining our government and furnishing the means for the accomplishment of its legitimate purposes and functions. This is taxation under the operation of a tariff for revenue. It accords with the predecessors of American institutions, and its justice and honesty answer the test supplied by a correct appreciation of the principles upon which these institutions rest.

Protection.

This theory of tariff legislation manifestly enjoins strict economy in public expenditures and their limitation to the ultimate public requirements as it exhibits as absolute extortion any exaction, by way of taxation, from the solid earnings of the people beyond the necessities of a careful and proper administration of government.

Opposed to this theory the dogma is now boldly presented that tariff taxation is justifiable for the express purpose and intent of thereby promoting special individual and enterprises. Such a proposition is so clearly contrary to the spirit of our constitution and so patently communistic in its character as to need but brief and simple treatment. Though much is said and greed of patriotic sentiment that its statement would rudely shock our people if they had not already been inured and allured from the safe landmarks of principle. Never was there more need therefore for radical grip, for patriotic devotion to country and sincere regard for those who toil soon be betrayed to the support of a pernicious doctrine.

In its behalf the plea that our infant industries should be fostered did service until dissipated by our stalwart growth; then followed the exigencies of a terrible war which made our people heedless of the opportunities for alluring advantages offered by their willing and patriotic payment of unprecedented tributes; and now, after a long period of peace, when our overburdened countrymen ask for relief and a restoration to a fuller enjoyment of their incomes and earnings, they are met by the claim that tariff taxation for the sake of protection is an American system, the continuance of which is necessary in order that high wages may be paid to our workingmen and a home market be provided for our farm products.

These pretenses should no longer deceive. The truth is that such a system is directly antagonized by every sentiment of justice and fairness which American sense of right quickly and fairness which American sense of right quickly and fairness which American sense of right quickly

GAMBLE WEIR'S DEATH.

Two Important Arrests in Connection with the Mystery.

SECRECY OBSERVED BY THE POLICE.

Mrs. Henry Marsh and James McIntosh Placed in Jail on a Charge of Larceny of the Effects of the Dead Superintendent of Police of Pittsburg.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—Mrs. Henry Marsh and James McIntosh, who are said to be from Pittsburg, were arrested at Stapleton, S. I., on a complaint of grand larceny. The complainant is Harry Fehl, who says that he is the administrator of Gamble Weir, formerly superintendent of police of Pittsburg, who died on Jan. 14.

Mr. Fehl alleges that Mrs. Marsh and McIntosh disappeared with several thousand dollars' worth of personal property, jewelry and diamonds which belonged to Gamble Weir. It is also intimated that the prisoners are concerned in the death of Mr. Weir, which was caused by poison. Mr. Fehl, who is accompanied by a Pittsburg detective, says that the couple had been indicted by the grand jury of that city and that they have been searching for them a long time.

The police immediately after the arrest of the couple secured a search warrant and made a thorough search of the house at 106 Beach street, Stapleton, where they have lived, and it is believed that a large amount of the missing jewels and diamonds were recovered. The police refuse to give any information.

It Excited Comment.

McIntosh is about twenty-six years of age, and has been employed as a brakeman on the Tottenville branch of the Staten Island Rapid Transit railroad since May. He boarded in Tottenville. Six weeks ago he was joined by Mrs. Henry Marsh, with her daughter Beatrice, aged fourteen years. In Tottenville the couple maintained the relation of friends.

Three weeks ago McIntosh informed Master of Transportation W. O. Sprigg, of the railroad company, that his wife was coming on from Pittsburg with his furniture, and Mr. Sprigg arranged a special rate for him.

The furniture arrived two weeks ago, and the couple took up their residence at 100 Beach street, Stapleton. Very little was known of them in the neighborhood, and the elegance of their furniture, accompanied with their manner of living, aroused considerable comment. Both were known by their proper names, and no indication was given of their relationship.

Says It Is Persecution.

The daughter Beatrice was alone in the house when a reporter called there last evening. She said she knew nothing of the cause of the arrest of her mother. She had left Pittsburg with her mother about the middle of August for what she understood was to be a vacation trip. She said that Gamble Weir boarded with her mother during his life at Pittsburg.

McIntosh, she said, is her uncle. Her father is alive and in Pittsburg. She did not know why he did not come on with their furniture. Mrs. Marsh, when arrested, was very much affected, and cried bitterly when taken to the jail at Richmond.

She declared that the complaint against her was the continuation of a persecution begun against her by James Weir, a brother of the dead man. He wanted to have it appear, she says, that Gamble Weir died without leaving property, and had attempted to induce her to sign papers to that effect.

Mrs. Marsh and McIntosh will be held in default of $5,000 bail to await the arrival of requisition papers, which Fehl started for Pittsburg last night to procure.

Gamble Weir's Death.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 27.—Superintendent of Police Weir died suddenly Jan. 14, 1892. Three months later, on April 12, it was published by The Dispatch, of Pittsburg, that he was the victim of foul play and a remarkable murder mystery. His disease had baffled his physicians.

The rapid failure of a man with such a vigorous constitution, together with accumulating suspicions circumstances and symptoms, led to a quiet investigation by relatives and friends, among whom his brother, Commissioner of James G. Weir, Harry P. Fehl and Dr. Dickson were most active.

His grave was opened by them, and an analysis by Professor Hugo Blank revealed significant signs of the presence of deadly drugs, in which corrosive sublimate and arsenic abounded. For some time Superintendent Weir had boarded with the Marshes. Mrs. Marsh had nursed him in his last illness.

Deaths Increase in Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Sept. 27.—There have been 197 fresh cases of cholera, or six more than yesterday; eighty-nine deaths, or nine fewer than yesterday; 191 burials, or sixteen fewer than yesterday. The hospitals contain 2,137 patients, or seventy-six fewer than yesterday.

General Husted's Funeral.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., Sept. 27.—General James W. Husted's funeral will be held at his late residence on South street, this city, on Thursday afternoon. There will be no civic or military display; not even Masonic rites will govern the services.

Swept by a Cyclone.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 27.—A cyclone swept over the city of Brooklyn. Six houses were blown down, two boys killed and one man fatally hurt, and trees, fences, etc., prostrated.

Jackson and Goddard Matched.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 27.—Parson Davies accepts on behalf of Peter Jackson the offer of the Pacific Athletic club, of San Francisco, to fight Joe Goddard for a purse of $10,000.

Met His Wife's Fate.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., Sept. 27.—Captain Fitzgerald, of the C. T. Bushnell, fell overboard here and was drowned. His wife was drowned here in March from the same boat.

The Fair on Sundays.

ALBANY, Sept. 27.—The World's fair managers are securing signatures to the petition requesting that the Columbian exposition be kept open on Sundays.

The Kaiser Reported Ill.

BERLIN, Sept. 27.—Persistent rumors that the emperor is in ill health are circulated here. He is said to be suffering from his old ear trouble.

Postmaster Horton Dead.

PITTMONT, N. Y., Sept. 27.—Henry P. Horton, postmaster, died of paralysis, aged seventy years.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Canadian papermakers have advanced the prices of paper, owing to the prohibition of the importation of foreign rags.

Jacob Breitenstein, a San Francisco carpenter, shot and fatally injured his wife and himself. His wife was seeking divorce for cruelty.

Oliver King, aged seventeen, was arrested at Syracuse for setting fire to the stables of Andrew Brothers. He had been discharged and sought revenge.

The Hawaiian government has adopted a new tariff schedule to take the place of the tariff of 1878.

T. B. Dean, son of a rich Canadian judge, was fined in Buffalo for opium smuggling.

Manchester cotton spinners threaten to strike owing to a pending reduction in wages.

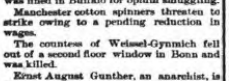
The countess of Weissel-Gymnich fell out of a second floor window in Bonn and was killed.

Ernst August Gunther, an anarchist, is dying in Berlin of wounds received at a social democratic meeting. He had been taken for a police spy.

Waldemar Liebert, cashier of the new Hotel Bristol, Berlin, has absconded with 75,000 marks and the jewels and other valuables deposited in his charge.

Spurgeon's tabernacle, London, is in a state of mind as to whether Rev. Dr. Pierson or Thomas Spurgeon shall succeed in the pulpit of the latter's famous father.

The Empress Frederick plans to pass most of the winter near Lake Como and in Venice.



OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

INFORMATION ABOUT PRESENT AND COMING FASHIONS.

What Will Be the Popular Styles for Autumn and Winter—Stylish Coats and Dresses—Economical Hints and Suggestions Especially for Women.

Louis Quinze coats of very graceful shape are imported from Paris for autumn wear, and also for early winter. They outline the figure without fitting too closely, and fall open from the throat on a deep vest of embroidered cloth or rich brocade. They are about thirty-two inches in length, and the back is shaped by sharply curved side-forms, the fronts hanging straight next the vest. This vest is sloped in two points, and narrow pocket-flaps are set on each side. It has a small collar inside the ample coat-collar. The sleeves are easy coat shape, with wide cuffs in gauntlet form. Long, square-cornered pocket-flaps are on the hips.

A New Fall Coat.

Here is a new coat for autumn wear. While it is not expensive it is quite modish, and serviceable as well. It is made of dark blue tweed, rough in finish, and warm. It has a standing collar, a modification of the Medici idea, formed inside of vandyked tabs of plaited tweed, which slopes to a finish of the points down the front. The garment cuffs are also formed of the braid, but the vest inside marks its Parisian origin by being made of soft corded silk in a moss green tint, with a finish of heavy silk.

Actor Curtis' Trial.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 27.—The second trial of M. B. Curtis, the actor, charged with the murder of Policeman Alexander Grant, has been set for Nov. 4.

Princeton Has Riggs Again.

PRINCETON, N. J., Sept. 27.—Jesse Riggs, the football player, has returned to college and has taken his old place on the football team at left guard.

A Man Cut to Pieces.

CARLISLE, Pa., Sept. 27.—Elias Wise, of Boiling Spring, jumped from a train when it was running at a rapid rate and was cut to pieces.

Hill in Albany.

ALBANY, Sept. 27.—Senator David B. Hill made a short call upon Governor Flower. Mr. Hill will remain here three or four days.

Charged with Embezzlement.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 27.—Joseph H. Flan charged with embezzling $1,58 from Edward Ryan, was held in $1,000 for trial.

Putting Her Foot in It.

He—Do you dawnce?
She (who has been informed that he is a bore)—No.
He—Neither do I. Let's spend the evening just talking to each other.—Life.

GRIFFIN NOW CHAMPION

Lynch, the Invincible, Knocked Out in Five Rounds.

THE GAMEST BATTLE EVER FOUGHT

The Defeated Man Was Felled to the Floor Again and Again and Sent Staggering Around the Ring, but He Stood Up and Took His Punishment to the End.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—Johnny Griffin, of Braintree, Mass., knocked out Jimmy Lynch, of New York, in five rounds at the Coney Island Athletic club last evening in the presence of 4,500 spectators, principally from Philadelphia, Boston and this city. The time was nineteen minutes. The fight was for a purse of $2,500 (of which the loser got $500) and the 122-pound championship of America. Lynch had never been beaten, and the fight was one of the fiercest and gamest ever seen.

Lynch came first into the ring, but Griffin was not half a minute behind him. Each was cheered as he made his appearance, but Lynch, the local man, got the best of the noise. The name of Al Smith, as referee, was also greeted with yells, as was that of Joe Choynski. The betting was ten to nine at the call of time in Griffin's favor. After the usual preliminaries the boys were quickly put to their work.

The Fight by Rounds.

Round 1—Lynch rushed Griffin to the ropes and punched him hard. Again Lynch rushed his man and hammered him well. McMahon, Lynch's backer, grew enthusiastic at this and offered two to one on his man. About this time Griffin got in a left on Lynch's chest, and it didn't look so easy for the other fellow. Clinch followed clinch and hard infighting ensued. Griffin had the best of this, though Lynch ducked a hard right hand swing.

Round 2—Griffin opened the ball by leading left and right for Lynch's stomach. The hardest kind of fighting followed. Griffin went at Lynch in terrific style and soon had his antagonist groggy. The fighting was furious while it lasted, and it was one to three that Lynch could not recover. He went against the ropes and lay there. Griffin went at him and thumped and hammered him. Lynch, however, came out of it like the game man that he is and it was easily seen that he wasn't in it.

Round 3—This was a round that created the wildest kind of excitement. Griffin appeared to have a cinch on Lynch. He knocked him down time and again—four times in all. The first couple of times Lynch was knocked outside the ropes, but he always got back in time, and made a good enough fight to cause the crowd to yell like madmen.

Round 4—Lynch, under Choynski's wonderful handling, came out from his corner and assumed the aggressive. The great display made the crowd shriek its approval, but not long. Griffin was on him with left and right on the stomach and Lynch again became groggy. Griffin knocked him down with a right hander on the ear, and once again Jimmy sought the floor from a left hand smash on the neck. For the third time Lynch went down under a swing on the nose and the New Yorker was out of it, though he came up gamely enough. The house rose en masse on every recovery that he made and cheered him wildly. The fourth round was another show of the hard hitting on Griffin's part and of great gameness on that of Lynch. His pluck, however, availed him naught, for the New Englander was decidedly too clever a man for him.

Round 5—Lynch came up like the game sport that he is and let go left and right on Griffin's face, but his blows were ineffectual. The crowd didn't care for that. They cheered the game boy as though he was the victor. Jimmy made a great effort to reach Johnny's face, but he was too wild. Griffin put him on the floor three times. Lynch got up twice, but the third time he was gone and could not do so again. Griffin had walked into him with both hands and won the fight.

Dixon Challenged.

Five rounds were enough for the gamest man that has stood in the arena of the Coney Island club. He was beaten by a man who has never drank liquor nor tasted tobacco, and who goes to church every Sunday. Griffin was awfully tired when he got through. He had a cut eye, a bloody nose and a much punched mouth. Poor Lynch had a bad eye, a swollen nose *and bulging lips. His stomach, too,* was red and sore, but his heart was still in its normal position and condition.

After the fight Griffin challenged George Dixon to fight at 118 pounds, to weigh in six hours before entering the ring, on the same terms that Dixon made with Jack Skelly. Tom O'Rourke, Dixon's manager, would not consent to this. He wanted it to be 118 pounds, to weigh in at the ringside.

Russia's Awful Death Roll.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 27.—The number of deaths from cholera in the whole Russian empire from the beginning of the epidemic is officially reported at 185,640.

SAMPLES BY MAIL OF
WALL PAPER BARGAINS
At Less than Manufacturers' Prices
TO CLOSE OUT 1500 Goods.
Represents small parts of many lots of best and largest manufacturers, by whom they were originally made for
Pretty PAPERS, 5c. Roll;
HANDSOME GILTS, 8c. Roll;
4 to 10 Inch BORDERS, 1c. Yd.;
4 to 10 Inch BORDERS, Gilt, 2c. Yd.;
SEND 6c. IN STAMPS
To pay postage on sample Outfit. Name Paper.
T. H. CADY, Providence, R. I.
We make the Largest Co. of Wall Paper Samples, and in our 100,000 Assortment is sure to find what you want. Write for Outfit. Agents Wanted.

THE BEE HIVE!

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates.	75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black,	$1
The "Glady" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns	$1
8 Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates,	85c
Gents' Kid Gloves,	$1

Also a full line of

Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

A Word to the Public!

OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.

Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. C. H. Boehm, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of stylish and tasty creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.

Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

BEACH'S

Celebrated PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.

Also HOME MADE White Bread, Gluten Bread, Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cake, Pastry, etc.

A fine lot of GREEN GRAPES and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice. Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday desert on or before Saturday morning.

M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

We Cannot Give You A House and Lot,

But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material.

Estimates furnished free of charge.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Painters and Decorators,
29 East Front street.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—37 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 942.

PIERSON & GAYLE.
Carpenters and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH.
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 213.

R. V. SAUMS.
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Fvone.
P. O. Box 1228
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

JACOB M. HIGGINS,
PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR
P. O. Box 351. Residence Dunn street, 957 near Howard.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—2nd West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1344.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Sigmor streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 2 Sigmor Street.

Sunshine Parlor Heaters; Improved Cylinder Stoves; Othello Ranges; Furnaces and Fire-place Heaters; Furnace Work and Plumbing; Hardware. Get a $500 Insurance, Free.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 East Front Street. Telephone 6.

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.
George - Bremmer,
No 28 Somerset Street,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

The Manhattan Wine Room,
179 and 181 Somerset Street,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League,)
Frank Linke, Prop.
ESTABLISHED 1880.
Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaeffer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.
Wholesale Branch, 43 West Front street.
All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Delicatessen Maker, who is now at work making the finest bologna in this city. If you are fond of bologna stop at 17 ½ East Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time Table in effect Sept. 13, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 2 37, 5 26, 6 14, 6 28, 6 58, 7 48, 7 56, 8 00, 8 15, 7 37, 8 51, 8 45, 9 00, 10 04, 10 37, 11 51 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 05, 1 02, 1 41, 2 30, 3 12, 4 01, 5 14, 5 45, 5 51, 5 56, 7 00, 9 05, 10 12, 11 32 p. m., 12 01 night. Sunday, 2 14, 2 37, 4 01, 6 14, 11 16, 11 42 a. m., 12 28, 1 42, 3 20, 5 14, 7 01, 7 15, 9 05, 10 05, p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St. 12 01, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 15, 5 30, 6 00, 6 15, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday, 4 00, 7 15, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. Leave New York, foot of Cortlandt st. 6 15, 7 15, 7 00, 8 05, 10 05, 11 35, a. m., 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 10 05, p. m. Sunday at 7 15, 7 55, 8 40, 10 05, 11 35, p. m. Sunday at 7 30, 8 40, 10 05, 11 35, p. m. Sunday at 7 30, 8 40, 10 05, 11 35, p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Bridge Junction.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 10, 8 17, 9 43, 11 09, a. m., 12 27, 1 30, 2 36, 3 46, 4 56, 6 20, 8 04, 9 34, 10 51, 11 54 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 30, 11 09, a. m., 12 27, 1 30, 2 36, 3 46, 4 56, 6 20, 8 04, 9 34, 10 51, 11 54 p. m. Sundays 8 15, 8 30, 9 30, 11 15 a. m., 2 30, 5 14, 6 30, 10 15, 11 54 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SAYREVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 8 17, 9 43 a. m., 1 30, 4 56, 6 20, 8 04, 9 34, p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 30 a. m., 2 36, 6 20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 43, a. m., 1 30, 4 56 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 10 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.

8 17 a. m. for Junction connecting for Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9 43 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bangor, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Manunka Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua, (parlor car to Scranton).

2 36 p. m. for Flemington.

4 56 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

6 20 p. m. way for Junction connecting for D. L. & W. R. R.

8 04 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua, (parlor car to Scranton).

9 34 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Bangor and Wilkesbarre.

10 51 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

11 54 p. m. way for Junction connecting for D. L. & W. R. R.

8 45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

9 30 a. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 11 09 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

2 36 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

5 14 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

6 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

10 15 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

11 54 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 5 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua, (parlor car to Scranton).

2 30 p. m Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

5 30 p. m for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

LONG BRANCH (OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 9 37, 9 43, 11 09 a. m., 1 02, 4 01, 5 14, 6 30, 10 15, 11 54 p. m. Sundays (Ocean Grove) 8 30, 11 16 a. m., 2 30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 8 15, 8 30, 9 30, 11 09 a. m., 2 30, 4 01, 5 14, 7 00 p. m. Sunday 8 00, 11 42 a. m., 5 30 p. m.

Atlantic City 9 37 a. m., 1 02 p. m. For Freehold 9 37, 9 43, 11 09 a. m., 1 02, 4 01, 6 30 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 2 14, 2 37, 5 26, 6 14, 6 28, 6 58, 7 48, 7 56, 8 00, 8 15, 7 37, 8 51, 8 45, 9 00, 10 04, 10 37, 11 51 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 05, 1 02, 1 41, 2 30, 3 12, 4 01, 5 14, 5 45, 5 51, 5 56, 7 00, 9 05, 10 12, 11 32 p. m., 12 01 night. Sunday at 2 14, 2 37, 4 01, 6 14, 11 16, 11 42 a. m., 12 28, 1 42, 3 20, 5 14, 7 01, 7 15, 9 05, 10 05, p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 2 05, 2, 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m., 12 30 night. Sunday at 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m., 12 30 night.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Supt. H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

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SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY MAJOR A. R. CALHOUN.

A Night of Danger and Apprehension in Finger's Cave—A Traveler's Unpleasant Experience When Caught by the Rising Tide.

"It was in 1885," said the traveler, "that I visited Scotland and determined to take in Finger's cave on the isle of Staffa.

"Among the passengers who were making the trip I had no acquaintances, and so, on reaching the famous island, instead of accompanying the crowd of sightseers I wandered over the place alone before visiting the cave.

"The island is about a mile in length by a half mile in breadth, the greater part of which is covered with basalt pillars, below which are the sea and the cave, which latter can be entered in a boat or from the island on foot.

"After wandering over the island for some time I found my way down to the cave by a winding path to find that the visitors who had preceded me had left. The tide being low, I had no difficulty in making *my way back until I came to a* beautiful recess filled with gravel and washed by the sea. Here I sat down and rested, and drank in the magnificence of the glorious hall in whose vast solitudes I found myself alone. But I had enough of this magnificent luxury before I had done with it.

"How long I remained here I cannot tell, but I was roused from my reverie by the splash of waters at my feet, and I found that the tide had turned and was now rising.

"Hurriedly I scrambled back toward the entrance of the cave to find my way blocked by the incoming waves, while

SWARMS OF SEA BIRDS POURED INTO THE CAVE.

looking through the opening at the blue sky and shelty stine sea I saw the steamer on which I had come returning with the rest of the passengers to the mainland.

"I looked above and about me, but not a soul was to be seen. I, a free born American citizen, was alone on an uninhabited island at the bottom of a cave, into which the white crested waves were rolling with the sound of thunder. As I grew thirsty the words of the Ancient Mariner came to me:

"'Water, water everywhere,
And not a drop to drink.'

"Nor had I anything to eat but my guide-book. The situation was horrible, and I sat down to think the matter over, during which time the insane idea came to me of attempting to swim to the mainland, which fortunately I did not try, else I would not now be giving you this description.

"Never in my life was I felt so hungry and thirsty as I did then. How long I sat there dismal and melancholy I do not know, but after carrying my fate and suffering myself back on Broadway, and solemnly receiving that if there I would never leave it, I grew desperate, and, waiting until the water was up to my knees, I clambered up one of the water washed pillars and sat *down like Patience on a monument.*

"In this position I was comparatively safe. I began to console myself with the thought that on the morrow or next day the steamer would again return to the island and carry me off.

"While I was resigning myself to my uncomfortable situation with this thought, I looked out through the opening of the cave and saw that the waters and sky had turned from blue to opal and red, and I knew the sun was setting in the outer world. Gradually these vivid hues faded from sky and sea, and a profound darkness, that seemed to have its origin in the cave, settled on both.

"My clothing was light, and the night air cold. A wind blew in the cave, chilling *me to the marrow, and this torture* added to my hunger. I used tobacco, but had neither pipe nor cigars about me.

"With darkness and what appeared to be a rising storm vast swarms of sea birds poured into the cave, and to my excited imagination they took on the form of vampires.

"Their drooping wings brushed my knees and feet. They perched on the cliff beside me, and their shrill cries made a weird accompaniment to the moaning and the splashing of the waves among the broken columns at my feet.

"That night seemed an eternity of dark ness. All the superstitions in my nature, which I supposed had been banished by culture and travel, reasserted itself again, *and the old myths of Ossian became to me* realities in the darkness.

"At length gray dawn began to break. The tide never came out, and so had the waves, and also the sea birds that had so frightened me during the night. I clambered down to the bottom of the cave, and after some wandering I found a rope lead ing to the top of the island, and which had been placed there no doubt to assist tourists in their ascent and descent. With a great effort, for I was weak and exhausted, I climbed out of the cave and to the island upland. I looked about me over the broad sea, but, except a patch of white sail away to the northward, nothing that indicated human life was in sight.

"In my desperation I wandered to the *north part of the island, where, to my de*light, I found a number of fishermen with their boats, who were waiting for the sea to subside before putting out. These fishermen could not speak English, but they understood the universal sign language, and from it inferring that I was hungry and thirsty, they gave me some oatmeal bread, dried herring, and a glass of whisky and water, the latter of which I found of great advantage, despite my temperance proclivities.

"It appeared that I had been missed from the steamer, but it was not till the following day that she returned to Staffa and carried me back. I shall never regret my visit to the famous cave, but while stand-

to me:

"'Water, water everywhere,
And not a drop to drink.'

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ing the night there I would have given all *I owned or ever expected to own never to* have seen it."

Mot His Match.

Sir John D. Coleridge, late English solicitor general, was and still is a shining light of the British bar. He is gathering well known to the profession in this country as in England.

Sir John was famed for his skill in handling a witness. His manner was always calm, even when the occasion was exciting, and no matter who lost his head, it was not he.

He often refers to the following incident, and laughingly declares that the witness in question—a lady—was more than a match for himself and the court.

A lady was placed in the witness box, and after she had given her name and address without any trouble, Sir John asked:

"Madam, what is your age?"

"I decline to tell," she replied.

"Why do you decline to tell?"

"I decline to explain that."

"You positively decline?"

"I do."

"Are you seventy?"

"I am not can put me down for 100 if you choose," she replied complacently.

"But surely you are not that old—at least you do not quite look it." She smiled.

"I cannot return the compliment," she responded.

"Are you married?"

"I am."

"How long have you been married?"

"I decline to say."

"Have you any children?"

"I have."

"How many?"

"Four."

"What is the age of the oldest?"

"I decline to say."

"Is your husband living?"

"He is."

"How old is he?"

"Must I speak of my own knowledge?"

"Yes, to be sure."

"Well, as I was not present at his birth I cannot say."

Here there was a laugh, and the judge called down:

"Madam, why do you not tell your age?"

"Because, sir, there is no law to make me," she replied.

"Ah, then you know the law, do you?" from the judge.

"I know that part of it."

"Well, madam, if you know so much about law," said the judge, now quite red in the face, "perhaps you would like to come up here and expound it."

With a bow and a smile she looked up at the judge and replied:

"I am ever so much obliged to your honor for the suggestion, but in my opinion there are enough old women on the bench as it is."

A Graceful Story.

France may have produced greater poets and statesmen than Alphonse d Lamartine, but it is doubtful if she ever produced a better man. In an age of vice he was distinguished for the purity of his life. At a time when France delighted in superficial display he gave his time to profound studies.

Lamartine loved his country because he loved his fellow man.

These qualities of gentleness and generosity are well illustrated by the following story:

One day a penniless literary man, one of those men of genius whose minds are ever full of brilliant thoughts for [illegible] *minds of mankind and the air* [illegible] of the world, but whose pockets are almost invariably empty, called on Lamartine, who was then at the height of his fame as a statesman and an author. The visitor told Lamartine of his futile efforts, of his hopeless life and his impecuniary condition, and ended by asking him for the loan of a considerable sum of money.

Lamartine, who was also involved by the poor man's story, after some questioning opened a drawer in his desk and gave him the sum asked for.

The poor fellow, overcome with his unexpected success, could only sob out his thanks and kiss the hand of his benefactor.

After the visit had lasted about half an *hour Lamartine conducted the man to the* vestibule of the house. The season was early winter, and as the visitor opened the street door and the full light of day blazed in he saw that the unfortunate author was clad in thin summer clothes and that he trembled like an aspen leaf.

A sudden idea seemed to strike Lamartine. He glanced back at the rack, on which was his own overcoat, came and hat. Seizing the coat, he called out to his trembling visitor:

"Monsieur, you have forgotten your overcoat."

Before the poor author could make any objection and declare that he did not bring any overcoat with him, and that he had not had any for some years, Lamartine placed his own upon him, shook his hand, and with generous heartiness pushed him quietly out and closed the door behind him.

This story would never have been given to the world had it depended on Lamartine's telling. Years afterward the once unfortunate author rose to be one of the foremost citizens in France, and Alexander Dumas, as noble hearted as he was improvident, never wearied of telling his friends of the delicacy and generosity of the great Lamartine.

Jumping Into Matrimony.

Marriage is unquestionably as decided a turning point in human destiny as can be. It should certainly not be left to blind *chance, and the parties to the proposed* contract should be consulted. But in many foreign countries the young people are never consulted. This is the case with royal marriages, and often it is found among the nobility.

A friend of mine asserts that there is an English duke now living, who, when a young man, wrote the following letter to a friend, with whom he had agreed to look over some carriages he thought of buying:

"It will not be necessary to meet me to morrow to look for a carriage. From a remark made by my father to-day I fancy I am going to be married."

Not only had the young man let his father choose a bride for him, but when he was told that he had never seen the lady he accepted it as a matter of course. My friend continues:

"On the morning of the day of his marriage a friend of his found him leaning carelessly over the railing at the edge of the water in St. James park and throwing crumbs of bread to the swans. His friend, surprised to see him at such a place and at such a time, called out:

"'What! You here today? I thought you were going to be married this morning!'

"'Yes,' was his answer, given with the utmost indifference while he continued to throw crumbs to the swans, 'I am, old boy. I believe I am booked for that little affair.'"

ALFRED R. CALHOUN.

CORRECT WAY TO FRY

KNOWLEDGE WHICH SHOULD BE POSSESSED BY THE COOK.

The "Wet" and "Dry" Methods of Frying—Rules the Fats and Keep Them Clean—To Have Fried Articles Dry and Crisp Instead of Greasy and Soggy.

During the last thirty years we have made rapid progress in the culinary art, and the teachers of cookery who have risen among us have not labored in vain, yet many people are still woefully ignorant. They "fry" in a certain way because they have seen others do it that fashion, and to "others" referred to went about their work wrongly their imitators err also.

There are two methods of frying known to experts, rather inelegantly named in English "wet frying" and "dry frying," or in French by the terms "sautee" and "frire." Both are excellent when used suitably; when improperly employed the result is, to say the least of it, unfortunate, and leads to the waste of good material. The reason why our cooks often fail to fry successfully is that they "dry fry" everything, having no notion whatever of wet frying.

To sautee, or *dry fry*, is to cook food in a small quantity of hot fat, and in a shallow pan. Omelets, pancakes, liver and bacon, chopped vegetables cut small, are samples of the sort of food which may be correctly cooked thus. Small pieces of meat and fish may also be saute, and when carefully done are very good, although it is open to question whether they would not be much more satisfactory if fried in a larger pan and a more generous proportion of fat. When saute, articles should be in constant motion, owing to the pan being jerked to keep them from sticking, and they should be turned, so that they may be equally cooked on both sides.

To wet fry is to immerse in hot fat, and this method it is of which English cooks are so much afraid, and why some mistrust real frying. The first necessity for it is to have plenty of fat—sufficient, that is to cover the food all over, so that the best shall be conveyed to every part alike above and below. Nor need it be supposed that to use a quantity of fat thus is extravagant. It is on the contrary economical, as the fat can be used again and again, the small quantity of fat that is melted in a frying pan gets burned, and is always thrown out, whereas fat properly cared for need never be thrown out; it is strained free from any little pieces of bread or batter that may have got into it, is washed when dirty, and can be constantly renewed, little pieces of fat being melted and drained into it, thus keeping up its bulk and also its quality; it is never allowed to burn, because it is never hot on the hot plate a moment after it has *done its work.* People who understand frying treat fat most respectfully, looking upon it as a household treasure.

One reason why fried food is supposed to be necessarily greasy is that lard is so much used for it. It cannot be too strongly insisted upon that lard is the very last fat that can be chosen for this purpose, and it is the greasiest. Nearly all the great masters in cookery have held this opinion, and have also agreed in saying that, for practical purposes, the best fat procurable is the cook's perquisite—kitchen fat—the skimmings of saucepans, the product of the fat trimmings of joints melted, etc., which used to be universally and is still far too frequently regarded as refuse.

Theoretically kitchen fat is not the best medium for frying. Oil is the best, and there are many clever cooks who, using kitchen fat in a general way, if they have any special dish to fry, take oil for the purpose. It requires very great care, heats quickly and boils over quickly, so it is rather dangerous. Besides this, in the majority of kitchens where meat is roasted every day it is unnecessary. If every little piece of fat is rendered down as it should be, and if the fat from roast joints is taken care of, there will be abundance of fat

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box L. Telephone Call 42. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

POLITICAL PICKLES.

PARAGRAPHS TELLING OF WHAT IS BEING DONE.

Discussing Judge Werts—Political Meetings.

The Fourth Ward Republican Club was organized at the Republican Association rooms on East Front street last evening. More than seventy voters signed their names to the roll. The following officers were elected: President, B. F. Millington; Vice-President, John P. Thompson; Secretary, Alfred H. Leivers; Treasurer, John C. Manchester. The headquarters of the new club will be in the Watson building on Grant avenue near Second street, and will be open every night. A special meeting will be held in the new headquarters next Friday evening.

The Glee Club held a rehearsal in the rink last evening.

The John Kean Guards and the committee of the other Republican Clubs, will meet in the Association Rooms, this evening, to decide on uniforms.

The Wheelmen's Division of the Republican Association will drill at the rink to-night, the club's suits are expected to-morrow evening.

The City Executive Committee will meet to-morrow night.

The Republican Glee Club and the Wheelmen's Division of the Republican Association will attend the Republican mass meeting to be held in Springfield to-morrow night. They will start from the rink at seven o'clock, the singers will go by stage and the wheelmen will work their own way.

The Republican Association of Plainfield will meet Tuesday evening in the Association rooms on East Front street at which a full attendance is requested.

Those Democratic papers that have already raised Judge Werts' name at the heads of their columns, have added "of Morris county." Now Judge Werts is not a citizen of Morris county. He is a citizen, a resident, property owner and voter in Hudson county. This being the fact the words "of Morris county," should be changed to read "of Hudson county." But it is not at all likely that this will be done, because the Democratic managers are conscious of the disgrace that attaches to Hudson county and afraid to place Judge Werts where he properly belongs.—*Elizabeth Journal.*

On the first page of the New York *Sun* appears the following:

Read this carefully, Republican platform: Tariff for revenue only.

The first item on goods used in America are to be made in America, and the second means they are to be made in Europe. Goods made here means wages earned here. Goods imported means wages earned in Europe.

Which shall it be?—Adv.

Mr. Dana is said to have informed a correspondent that this was a regularly paid advertisement. It is attracting lots of attention and being such a plain statement of facts is having a powerful influence for the Republican party. Charles A. Dana must be smiling a broad smile, however, as he wonders how the spherical Cleveland likes the political knife.

BREVITIES

—To-morrow will be a big day at the Trenton Fair.

—There will be no auction sale at Carey's this week.

—The New Jersey State Firemen's Association is holding its annual meeting in Trenton to-day.

—The advanced class in mechanical drawing of the Y. M. C. A. will be taught this year by Mr. George B. Titsworth, of the Potter Press Works.

—Entries for the ladies' tournament of the Hillside Tennis Club will close on Thursday. The tournament will be held on Saturday of this week.

—Johanna Haley was released from the Elizabeth jail yesterday, and was seen trudging along the county road toward this city by some wheelmen.

—Miss Jeannette A. Mattison calls attention elsewhere to a pleasant music parlor which she has rented for her pupils this year, and will sub-let.

—The signatures of several prominent business men have been secured as members of the Advisory Board of the Columbus Mutual Building Loan which is to organize Friday night of this week at Reform Hall.

—A colored man appeared before Judge Codington yesterday charged with using indecent language. He was penitent, plead guilty, and was let off with a fine of $1 on his promise not to do so again.

—The C. Y. M. L. bowling team of this city has arranged for a series of games with a New York team for a pennant. The C. Y. M. L. has some fine bowlers, and if they enter the county league they will make a reputation.

—An old man named James Powers was arrested last evening for being drunk and disorderly, and creating a disturbance in the poor house of which he was an occupant. This morning he was sentenced to the county jail for sixty days.

—Street Commissioner Meeker has had the gravel pit near Berckman street repaired and covered. It has for several years been used as a dumping ground for all sorts of garbage, and has placed a man in charge of the ground to see that it is kept clean.

—Mr. F. M. Hulett of West Front street has rented the two upper floors of the Manning building on West Front street and had them thoroughly renovated and handsomely furnished, including a fine piano. He now rents them for musical and dancing classes.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Frank Manchester has returned home after a weeks visit to friends in Newark.

Mrs. John T. Case, of Vine street, North Plainfield lies very ill with a complication of diseases.

The parents of Mr. Daniel Miller of West Third street are visiting him. Their home is in Chicago.

Mrs. H. C. Connett of East Third street returned recently from a three weeks' visit at Kingston, N. Y.

Mr. C. Steinitz of New Brunswick celebrated the first anniversary as leader of the Plainfield Saengerbund in their hall on Somerset street last evening.

Ex-Mayor Charles Place, Editor T. W. Morrison and Messrs. Henry DeMott, and William Stout started for New Brunswick this morning to attend the third Congressional district convention.

The New York *Times* of this morning contains a list of the aides appointed by General Martin T. McMahon, Grand Marshal of the Columbian celebration, to serve on his staff in New York, on the twelfth of October. Among the names are those of Col. Julian Scott and Hugh Hastings of this city.

Mr. Benjamin Starr, of Richmond, Va., the manufacturer of the Starr pianos, was the guest of Mr. F. M. Hulett, yesterday. Mr. Starr is a very jovial Quaker, and a handsome man. He has snow-white hair, moustache and goatee, and his portly figure denotes good living. He was much pleased with Plainfield and with Mr. Hulett's handsome store.

Mr. R. X. Schoonmaker completed his "stumping" tour in Connecticut, and the fourth week of his campaign work, by a speech at Moosup, Saturday. On Monday evening he spoke in Chicago, a trip of over eleven hundred miles, which is one of the longest trips ever made by a campaign orator between speeches. Mr. Schoonmaker will make twelve speeches in Illinois, seven in Wisconsin, and will then attack North Dakota.

Louise, the four-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Pentz of Fanwood, entertained a number of her friends at a birthday party Monday afternoon at her mother's residence. Those present were Messrs. Mary Wescott, Marjory Smith, "Baby" Gibbs, Ruth and Dorothy Lacey, Louise and Isabel Graham, Grace Devett, Florence and Pauline Curtiss and Master Robin and Bertie Kyte, Harold Graham, B. Anderson. Pretty souvenirs were presented each child.

Independent Foresters.

The High Court of New Jersey of the Independent Order of Foresters will hold its annual session in Firemen's Hall on Park avenue, in this city, on Friday of this week. There will be three meetings, at 10 a. m., and 2 and 7 30 p. m.

At the evening session the Supreme Chief Ranger of the Order, Dr. Oronhyatha, of Toronto, Canada, who is a full-blooded Indian, over six feet in height, will be in attendance with others of the Supreme Court officers.

The New Jersey High Court has jurisdiction over the courts in New York State and their delegates will be present. It is probable a large number of the subordinate degree members will attend.

Elizabeth promises to send about thirty delegates from her courts.

It will be a very important session. The High Court officials will have headquarters at the City Hotel, where all the delegates will dine.

The Sheriff is Now Editor.

The New Brunswick *Times* is in charge of the sheriff of Middlesex county to-day, he having seized it to foreclose a mortgage of $8,500. One of the editors, Judge Shann, is in New York State enjoying his vacation, and the other editor, ex-Senator Carpenter of Hunterdon county, has not put in an appearance. The employees of the paper have not been paid, wages being due them for months past, so that unless the sheriff acts as editor and re-employs them, it is quite possible that there will be no *Times* published today.

Prizes for Cranford Officials.

Town Committeeman E. W. Hadden of Cranford, took both first and second prizes at the State Fair in Waverly and first prize at the Burlington County Fair at Mount Holly for light Bramah chickens. The people of the town are delighted to see Chief of Police Conneltzman can take something else than the usual small perquisites of their office. C. W. Johnson, also of Cranford took the first prizes at the State Fair, and also at the Somerset County Fair for Golden Wyandottes.

Somerset County Courts.

There were seventy-three cases presented to the Grand Jury at Somerville yesterday. Only thirty indictments were made, many of the smaller cases being thrown out. The Grand Jury will continue in session until Friday. It is expected that Policeman Stauch will be indicted Thursday for shooting and killing a man named Hahn in Raritan. Aside from the shooting case, the term of court promises to be a short one.

Crushed His Finger.

John Pierce of Harmony street, while helping move a press yesterday morning at Scott's Press Works, where he is employed, had a finger on his left hand badly crushed.

—A class in light gymnastics, to be taught by Mr. E. L. Walz, Jr., will meet weekly at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

—Dahlgren Post, No. 25, G. A. R., of Elizabeth, will pay a fraternal visit on October 11 to Winfield Scott Post, No. 73 of this city.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Home of the Shetland Pony.

[Special Correspondence.]

LERWICK, Shetland Islands, Sept. 28th.—The pony season is about over and the Yankee buyers are turning toward home. The McKinley bill has had a very perceptible effect on the export of Shetland ponies. The bill puts a duty on all ponies not eligible to register with five recorded top crosses. Formerly importers could get any kind of live stock through the customs by making affidavit that it would be used for breeding purposes. Thousands of Iceland and Welsh ponies were sent over from Leith and Glasgow and sold in the American markets as Shetland stock, and a lot of not overly scrupulous Scotch traders bought up old, broken down and blemished ponies and shipped them to the United States under affidavit that they were brought over to improve the pony stock of the country.

The new law requires that they shall be recorded in the pony stud book. Had the law gone into effect a few years earlier it would have shut out all ponies from American ports, for the stud book is not much older than the law. The heavy duty imposed on nonpedigreed animals is prohibitive.

It is remarkable how easy it was to trace the breeding of animals whose ancestry was unknown before the law and the stud book came into existence. But both will eventually prove of value to the Shetland pony, to whom the rearing of ponies has grown very profitable. Thirty-five years ago a good pony could be had here for a guinea, and now they will bring ten. Lord Londonderry sold a very small and beautiful stallion at public sale a few years ago at a price which is said to have been equal to the weight in gold. The smallest ponies fetch the longest prices.

Until the foreign demand became so great they were sent to Scotland to pull coal carts in the mines, and the smallest ones were chosen because they could go through the low galleries with their loads. American traders are not as particular now as formerly between species when buying for stud use, as the medium sized ponies find more ready sale, but at lower prices, than the smallest.

American grown Shetland ponies are coming into active competition with native Shelties, and as they can be grown cheaper than they can be imported other markets must be looked to soon.

F. H. SEEMAN.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending Sept. 26, 1892:

Brice, Wm
Chase, C Thurston (4)
Clark, Mr
Clark, Mr James M (2)
Conway, Mrs Wm A
Clark, John
DeHart, Frank
Dougherty, Miss T
Fulper, F M
Freund, R
Gordon, Miss A
French, J Alfred
Fetton, Lizzie
Green, Miss Annie
Gutierrez, Mrs J S
Lewis, A M
Lewis, Miss Sueson
Lawson, Ralph
Lane, Tobias
Lewis, Miss
McMullen, Neil
McMahon, Miss M A
Mercer, Miss Phillip
Morse, Pelisa
Pearson, Samuel B
Pierce, Miss J E
Robinson, Mrs L
Scott, James
Soenson, Miss E
Schultz, Carl
Sumerson, David
Silberman, Moris
Smart, C
Skillman, Charles
Stien, C C
Thurston, C
Taylor, Miss Nellie
White, James D
Walker, Mrs Wm A
Ward, Mrs Mina

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. R. POST, Postmaster.

Ingenious Jerseymen.

Patents granted to Jerseymen for the week ending September 13, reported for THE EVENING NEWS by Drake & Co., patent attorneys, 89 Broad street, Newark, N. J., Price, 25 cents: Sealing cans, Wm. Johnston wheel, A. J. Davis, Perth Amboy; car coupling, T. L. Rivers, Newark; box nailing machine, E. H. Edwards, Bayonne; apparatus for charging beer with carbonic acid, J. R. Stobaeus, Newark; automatic chain coupling, C. Kniffen, machine, D. C. Bellis, Elizabeth; bottle filling machine (2 patents), G. Chanss, Jr., Elizabeth; pump (2 patents), M. W. Hall, Plainfield; skewer or needle for closing fowls, E. Muess, Vineland; wheel (reissue), C. Arthur, East Orange; apparatus for charging car gas lighting tank into gas mains, R. M. Dixon, East Orange.

Four Incendiary Fires in Morristown.

There were four incendiary fires in Morristown early yesterday morning. The first was discovered in the barns belonging to the Presbyterian church, the others were a storage house belonging to J. H. Youngblood, a barn belonging to Hopler, a butcher near the depot, and a fine dwelling belonging to the E. S. Hoffman estate, on McCullough avenue. The fires in the barn and storage house were extinguished without much loss. The dwelling was damaged about $3,500. All the losses were fully covered by insurance.

Strange Freak of Nature.

About a year ago Smith Fields, a storekeeper of Corgieville, Del., noticed a small bald spot on the back part of his head, somewhat the shape and size of an egg. Later on this spot became covered with a thick coat of snow-white hair. In a month or two dark hairs came in with the white ones, and then again the spot became perfectly bare. Within a month or two the hair has again come in, but it is entirely white this time. This is certainly a very strange freak of nature. Mr. Fields wears a snow-white beard some ten or twelve inches in length.—Hunterdon Democrat.

That man must have been present at a bargain sale of wigs.

The Bicycle Champion Injured.

An immense crowd was at the fair grounds at Peoria, Ill., yesterday, the attraction being bicycle races, in which many notables were entered. The Eastern contingent failed to put in an appearance, however, and Johnson, who won everything on the circuit, in some time past, fell from his wheel in the first race, and was so badly injured that he was unable to distinguish himself.

—Charles Prieze was arrested by Marshal Pangborn yesterday upon a warrant issued on complaint of ex-Mayor Charles Place, charging him with stealing a safety bicycle from his son, Walter Place. He had a hearing last night but was released from custody, there being no evidence against him.

MARRIED AT LAST.

An Eloping Couple from Pennsylvania get Spliced in this City.

According to the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, a young lady cannot take unto herself a husband, without the permission of her parents, until she is twenty-one years of age, and consequently many couples who are sufficiently smitten with love-symptoms, have to throw themselves on the mercy of an unsympathetic world, and perhaps spend all their honeymoon wish in getting beyond the jurisdiction of the cruel law. Now the law in New Jersey is as lenient regarding marriage as it; also is for all other corporations, and a young woman is of legal age at eighteen. The parents of Miss Cressida Norris of Wilkesbarre, Pa., objected to her marrying John Darby, with whom she was very much in love, and the law of that State required her to be a little over a year older than she was, so she and her ardent lover planned a trip to Plainfield, and had the knot tied last Sunday by the Rev. C. B. Mitchell, after which they started for home to seek forgiveness, which, for all we know to the contrary, was granted.

STATE NEWS

Scarlet fever prevails to an alarming extent in the town of Harrison, just across the river from Newark. The infected houses have been placarded by the health authorities. Two children died one of the houses were found lying beneathing the public school yesterday and sent home.

Thomas B. Kingsland of Roselle, N. J., and formerly connected with the *Mail and Express* newspaper for several years, died rather suddenly early yesterday morning at his home, aged fifty-eight. He was prominent in the Masonic Order, belonging to Azure Lodge of Roselle and Washington Chapter, Royal Arch Masons of Elizabeth, N. J. He leaves a family.

Signi Isaaksen, a young Swedish woman, was arrested in Arlington yesterday on a charge of forgery, by which she obtained possession of $900 left to Anna Christiansen by her mother recently, and left in a New York bank. Miss Christiansen charged Mrs. Josephine Anderson, to whom she had given her bank book, with having taken the money, but as Mrs. Anderson could not write she was believed to have been accomplices. Signi Isaaksen was taken into custody as a confederate. She is a domestic. She had left some of her clothing with a Newark woman for safe-keeping, who, from curiosity, examined the things she left, and found $200 in bank bills wrapped around a ball of yarn. The bank officials identified them as part of the bills which have been left with the individual who had drawn Miss Christiansen's money. The identification was facilitated by the peculiar manner in which the bills are made on the bills. The cashier said that the disinfectants had been used on all the bills handled in the bank since the cholera scare began.

Literary Notes.

The Art Interchange for October is very attractive. The most caustic and clever feature is the "Views by Her" column, in which the public is told some plain truths. The most beautiful one is a dainty and charming Venetian Scene in color, entitled, "A Venetain By-Way." A brilliant study of peaches, in color, and several full page designs in black and white, also in color, are most useful to amateurs and home decorators. Published by the Art Interchange, New York.

A Feminine Paradox.

The waist of Evelina's gown
Is somewhat paradoxical;
It cost a hundred dollars down,
And yet it is illogical.

Although it has a perfect fit
Upon her form ethereal,
One's justified in calling it
A waist of good material.
—*Alfred Stoddard.*

—The Mendelssohn male chorus will hold their first regular rehearsal tomorrow evening in Hulett's Hall on West Front street.

—An exchange says: Among the contributors to the fun and excitement of "The Police Patrol" are two famous white horses. When they first sprung into prominence there were connected with the Chicago police department, driving the patrol wagon for the Despiaines street station. On the fatal day in May when anarchy sought to rule the world, these, with the assistance of a few brave men, were instrumental in saving the lives of some eight officers. When that crowd of excited and half-crazed foreigners gathered at Haymarket Square and taunted their flag of red, a dedicated policeman was dead from one of the stations to guard the unruly mob, and in case of necessity compel peace. Later on this horse became completely hemmed in by a surging mob, to whom the sight of a policeman's star was the red rag to a bull, and with the blood of an enraged bull. Some kind friends on the outside, seeing the plight of the few policemen, gave the alarm for the patrol, which sounded in the station where "Jim and Frank" were doing service. The plucky animals literally fought their way through by biting and pawing, until the brave men were picked up and carried to a point of safety. It was from the action of the horses at this time and at the McCormick reaper works a little later that these two intelligent animals gained the title—The White Patrol. They are now trained in a thoroughly clever manner and seem to know their cue into the play as well as the actors themselves.

If you *should* happen to get a package imperfect from *any* cause, . . .

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Take it back and get your money again.

NOTICE TO CITIZENS OF THE BOROUGH.—Citizens and taxpayers of the Borough of North Plainfield are invited to attend and be heard at meetings of the Common Council on Friday evenings, Oct. 7th and Nov. 4th next. It is proposed to grant to any responsible company granting a franchise to construct and maintain an electric trolley railroad on Somerset street, with side extensions, or connections, as the owners of a majority of the property fronting on available streets, may desire. By order of the Borough may determine.

WILLIAM L. SAUNDERS,
9 26tf MAYOR.

MRS. L. ADAMS, of No. 5 East Front street, opposite Park avenue, will, on Thursday, Sept. 29, display a fine assortment of Fall and Winter millinery goods. Her customers will please accept this notice in lieu of cards. 27 3

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Judge Wm. T. Hoffman for Congress.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Sept. 28, (Special.)—The Republican convention of the Third Congressional District met in Assembly room of Masonic Hall here at eleven o'clock this morning. Edmund Wilson was appointed temporary and afterward permanent chairman. T. W. Morrison was appointed a committee of one on Resolution. Judge William T. Hoffman of Monmouth county was nominated for Congress by acclamation.

The following six gentlemen were appointed a committee to wait upon Judge Hoffman and inform him of his nomination:

Middlesex County—C. D. Stout, J. D. Van Telt.
Monmouth County—J. K. Parker, C. L. Walters.
Somerset County—T. W. Morrison, W. H. Whiting.

If Judge Hoffman will not accept the nomination the committee, together with the congressional committee, were empowered to nominate another candidate.

Hon. John Kean, Jr., the Republican nominee for Governor, made a ringing address, which was received with cheers. The committee of notification was organized and T. W. Morrison elected chairman and J. K. Parker secretary. They will officially notify Judge Hoffman of his nomination next Saturday.

Hon. Charles Place was made a member of the congressional committee.

Before the convention adjourned Judge Hoffman made his appearance and delivered an address. He did not exactly say he would accept the nomination but it is asserted on authority that he will.

The Singer Sewing Machine Works Burned.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 28 (Special.)—Another big fire broke out at two o'clock this morning in the Singer Sewing Machine Works at Elizabethport, and destroyed property worth over $250,000.

This is the second great fire at the Singer Works within a year and a half and it wipes out of existence most of that portion spared by the former fire, which cost the company $975,000. Several firemen were injured.

Harrison—Reid.

A pretty wedding took place at noon yesterday at Ophir Farm, the country residence of Whitelaw Reid, near White Plains, N. Y., when Miss Ella Spencer Reid, the only surviving daughter of Whitelaw Reid's only brother, the late Gavin McMillan Reid, became the wife of Judge Ralph Chandler Harrison of San Francisco, Cal.

—Swedish girls who come to this country seeking employment as housemaids usually bring a trunk full, or at least a trunkful of house-hold linen. It is really part of a potential wedding trousseau, for every Swedish girl counts upon getting a husband one day, and prepares against the event by years of sewing. The trousseau is begun in childhood, and doubtless there are Swedish girls on the verge of old maidenhood who pathetically carry about these evidences of preparation for an event that seems destined to be indefinitely postponed.

—The fifteen-mile handicap road race for the colored wheelmen of Plainfield will be ridden over the Fanwood-Scotch Plains course to-morrow afternoon beginning at 3.30 o'clock. The prizes are silver medals for the winner and second man, a pair of kid gloves for the fastest time, diamond pin, necktie, belt, lantern and a pair of sleeve buttons. The entries close to-night. Messrs. J. Harvey Doane and Charles Vail will be the timers.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, - - SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

A. Y. PEARSON'S BIG REALISTIC PRODUCTION, With its Wealth of Scenery and Realistic Features,

THE POLICE PATROL,

Presented precisely in every detail just as advertised.

TO-NIGHT!

The Great Police Station Scene. Haymarket Square, Chicago, at Night. The Great Patrol Stable. The Terrific Struggle. The Alarm and Quick Hitch. The White Patrol. Positively the Grandest Production of the age.

No Auction Sale AT Carey's This Week,

Sept. 30th, 1892

Store your furniture at Carey's, 76, 78 and 80 West Front street and Grove street.

"CUT PRICES!"

Elegant white embroidered Handkerchiefs, 19c; original price 25c. Fancy hemmed stitched Handkerchiefs 5c. Foster Paul 5-hook Kid Gloves, 81, warranted; usual price $1.25. Embroidered silk Handkerchiefs, 17c; worth 25c. Our 50c all silk gloves, colors, 40c. A good 50c Corset for 33c. Good bleached muslin at 5c worth 9c. Our 50c, Table Linen 43c. Our 60c, Table Linen 35c. Our 50c, colored hard, 40c. 40 Ladies' striped Hose 25c.; usual price 45c. Ladies' fast black Hose, 2 pair for 15c., worth 25c. Our 5-8 $1.25 Linen Napkins for 85c. A good white 10-4 Blanket, 79c; worth $1.

They are guaranteed unusually attractive Bargains, and the quantities are limited. Come Quick and secure them before they are gone.

CARPETS MADE AND LINED FREE.

A splendid assortment of Beautiful Shades to select from. Give your order now, and we will make them up and hold until wanted

Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, Poles, Art Squares, Smyrna Rugs, all at New Ocean Grove, N. J. Store.

OUR $2 SHOES are giving splendid satisfaction. They are regular $3 shoes.

EDSALL'S.

Cent-a-Word Column.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD WANTED—By elderly gentleman. Warm room. Modern improvements. Not exceeding $6.50. Address "R. P.," care of EVENING NEWS. 28 2

BOARD wanted—Young married couple want first-class board, with accommodations for horse and carriage. Address Box 91, Dunellen, N. J. mwa

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN AMERICAN, honest and temperate, wants situation as gentleman's place. Is experienced driver and competent to thoroughly understands care of horses, cows and carriages. Would travel if desired. Best of references. Address Frank Lyford, Ocean Grove, N. J. 27 6

YOUNG girl, a Swede, wants situation as general housework. 247 West Third street. 27 2

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Must be washing. Good reference. Address No. 2 Westwood park. 9 28tf

WANTED—Chambermaid and waitress. Mrs. Fleming, 190 Park avenue. 9 28tf

WANTED—Two girls, cook and laundress; chambermaid and waitress. Protestants preferred. Call, with references, at 125 Park avenue. 24 4

WANTED—A woman as cook and laundress. Reference required. Apply at 40 West Eighth street. 24 4

LOST AND FOUND.

CALF found. Owner can have same by proving property, and paying for this advertisement. John Brown, Plainfield avenue, near city limit. 27 3

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A fine new dwelling on Richmond street. Has been recently papered and painted. Has all modern improvements and will be rented for $25 per month until Spring. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-tf

UNFURNISHED house to let Dr. Boone 81 Front street. 20 2w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Convenient dwelling, with all modern improvements, No. 1 Waynewood park, (Front street, first street West of Plainfield avenue). Price $6,500. Easy terms. Apply to owner at No. 1, opposite, or to E. C. Mulford, North avenue, opposite depot. wfsm*

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHARMING music rooms and a fine dancing hall to rent, very low. Enquire F. M. Hulett, West Front street. 26 4*

CLOTHES washed by Mrs. Susan Robinson, at 5 cents per dozen. Good references. Reference Mrs. B. W. Hand, 229 West Front street; Mrs. Sarah E. Randolph, 108 Dear born. 24 2

FOR sodding and grading address John Barry, Box 243, city. 9 26tf

MISS JEANNETTE A. MATTISON offers the use of her music parlor, 23 East Front street, for a few evenings or earlier hours each week. Suitable for instruction in music or classes in language, etc. Call or address Miss A. Mattison. 24 3

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Incorporated 1891; number of students during first year, 381. Taught by Judges, Lawyers. Tuition fee, $100. Re-opens Oct. 3, 1892. Address George Chase, Dean. 8 6 2m sod*

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in quaint styles bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 9-26tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's.

USE NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR and prepared self-raising Buckwheat, just received at City Mills. 26 4

WANTED—$1,500, on bond and mortgage on Plainfield property. Apply at office. Address "Bond and Mortgage," care of EVENING NEWS. 23 5

IT IS

PRESIDENTIAL YEAR.
COLUMBUS YEAR.
A GREAT YEAR.
AND WE
Have the Goods to Match It.

The Opening

of our MILLINERY Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly, will take place Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29th, 30th and Oct. 1st.

A RARE BARGAIN IN SHEETINGS.

Just Observe—8-4 Bleached Sheeting, 17c. 8-4 do., 20c. 10-4 do., 23c. 9-4 Brown Sheeting, 16c 9-4 do., 19c. 10-4 do., 20c.

EXTRA VALUE IN DRESS GOODS.

There is everything that is new and desirable in Fall Goods, and our prices are as usual, the lowest.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

Previous to our extensive alterations that we are making, we have reduced prices on all goods thoroughout the department. We call particular attention to our Toilet Sets that are selling for $3.25 per set. Mason Quart Jars, 65 each. Jelly Glasses, 3c. each. Great bargains in Granite Iron Ware.

White & VanArsdale

THE BEE HIVE!

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates.	75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black,	$1
The "Gladys" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns	$1
8-Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates,	85c
Gents' Kid Gloves,	$1

Also a full line of

Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

FALL SHAPES IN DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis

5 West Front Street.

ALFRED S. NELSON, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 2 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Skills & Whitehead building. Eight years with Prome. S. R., also on the United States Coast Survey. All work guaranteed. 9 24 1y

EDITORIAL NOTES

A Shining Example.

Weddings would be robbed of half their terrors if all the world would consent to be married as Miss Ashley, of Ohio, and young Edward Cooper Hewitt were. Here were two members of the so-called Four Hundred. Their social standing was unquestioned that they could and did do as they pleased about their wedding. They were pleased to get rid of ninety-nine hundredths of the garment and bother that attend most weddings. The bride got only two new dresses. One was her wedding gown, the other a dinner dress. Then she and her gallant young husband departed quietly for Europe "to continue their studies together," we are told. A more delightful honeymoon could not be planned. There is no sympathy that wears as well as intellectual sympathy.

The inference is that Miss Ashley like other American young women in good circumstances, had already a good supply of clothes. She preferred to continue to wear them, just as she had been wont before she became Mrs. Hewitt, and avoid the fearful nervous strain of being fitted by a dressmaker for twenty or more new gowns that would grow old fashioned in a year or two and have to be made over or thrown away. Wise Miss Ashley, fortunate Mr. Hewitt!

The days are past when a woman's wedding outfit was to last her for life. In the middle ages it was expected to do so. Getting wedding clothes enough to last till a bride is an old woman is therefore a survival of the middle ages.

Peary's Return.

The question whether it is possible for anything but a polar bear to winter successfully under the north pole has been practically settled by the safe return of Lieutenant Peary and his brave wife and comrades. They wintered in Whale sound, 77 degs. 43 min. north latitude. This is farther north than anybody has ever yet spent a winter entirely on land, with no ship in hailing distance, caught in ice or otherwise. What is more, the Peary party came out in the best of health and spirits from their long arctic sojourn, and all returns safe except one, Verhoeff, who, if he really is dead, lost his life by accident. In former arctic expeditions the survivors have too often come back with health impaired for life by the rigors of the polar climate.

Peary's exemption from the common fate appears to be not altogether luck. It is more a case of hustling. The party began the day the Kite left them in 1892 to sound last summer to prepare for the winter. They built a snug house and inclosed it in a solid wall of turf and stone. Next they prepared for a constant supply of fresh meat by shooting such game as they saw. Peary says they had for the dark months thirty-one reindeer, several seals and walrus and hundreds of birds to eat. Every care to ample food and fuel was taken. Now that Peary has proved a white man can live in comparative comfort so far north the north pole question seems practically solved. A party has only to have a row of supply stations from Whale sound to the shore of northern England, as discovered and located by Peary there winter, and in the early summer explore the country thoroughly, so that a passage for ships could be found. Then from the coast as a base the pole and other summer voyages might be taken to the very pole itself.

Some particular service will consist in establishing the northern coast line of Greenland, which he found and located the most northeasterly point at independence bay, 82 degs. north latitude, and in bringing back a rich find for natural history students. The farthest northerly point made was 82 degs. Howard and Lockwood, of the Greely expedition, went a little nearer to the pole than that, having reached the 83d degree flag in 1882 to 83 degs. 24m. north latitude. This is the nearest approach yet made to the north pole, and as it observed, this, too, was accomplished by Americans.

Some capitalists propose to build a railroad between Chicago and St. Louis. It will cover a distance of 245 miles, which is a straight line between the two cities. It is expected that the speed of 100 miles can be maintained with electricity as a force. This presupposes great curvatures one that it is only a matter of time when electricity will entirely supersede steam as a motive power in railroading.

The Suez canal has returned such fat dividends to its stockholders that it is grateful to the public and in hope of still larger dividends they are shortly to reduce the tolls through it for the second time. What are we doing that we lag? Will no one with that Nicaragua canal? Where are our American pluck and business foresight?

The Nizam of Hyderabad bids fair to be one of the famous men of history. He is not great intellectually, nor is he a great warrior. He simply proposed to pay $2,000,000 for a discovered.

The last treasury statement on the subject gives the total amount of coin and coinage money in the country as over $1,000,000. Of this amount $900,000 is in the treasury vaults. The rest is in circulation and in the banks.

CANADAY'S TRAGIC END.

The Colonel Blows Out His Brains to Escape Disgrace.

HIS GREED FOR WEALTH HIS RUIN.

The Ex-Sergeant-at-arms of the Senate Told a Northwestern Yarn About Being Bound, Gagged and Robbed, and Being Threatened with Arrest Kills Himself.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Colonel William P. Canaday, ex-sergeant-at-arms of the United States senate, known to every politician throughout the country, committed suicide at his room in this city by shooting himself through the head. The suicide was the climax of a decade of wild, adventurous speculations.

Since his retirement from the senate Colonel Canaday had been engaged in a general brokerage business in partnership with J. Q. A. Houghton, who furnished the financial necessary of the firm. Mr. Houghton said he was awakened early by a colored boy, who brought him a message that Colonel Canaday desired to see him at the office. Since his connection with Canaday and the business Mr. Houghton said he had invested $17,000 in the concern, $1,900 of which he had placed in the safe only last night.

His suspicions were aroused that the message had something to do with that money, and when he arrived at the office he found he was not mistaken. Colonel Canaday stated to him that he had been awakened by three colored men between 2 and 3 o'clock in the morning, who with drawn revolvers at his head compelled him to give up the key. The burglars Colonel Canaday said, had obtained an entrance by breaking the window pane with a railroad spike.

After securing the money the robbers gagged the colonel, using for the purpose a piece of his nightrobe. They then bound him to the door of the office after tying his hands and feet. This was the story told to Mr. Houghton, who promptly declared his disbelief of the tale and left, after warning Colonel Canaday that he intended to procure a warrant for his arrest.

A Bullet Through His Head.

The story as told by a Mr. Stevenson, whose apartments in the house are above Colonel Canaday's office, is that he was awakened by a tapping sound, and immediately after he heard a voice asking him to come down stairs. This was repeated several times. Mr. Stevenson hurried to *the room below and found Colonel Canaday* bound to a closet door in the room. In an excited tone he asked to be cut loose. This was done, Colonel Canaday was asked the cause of his unusual position.

He replied: "Robbers. Look on the floor." Mr. Stevenson glanced down and saw a number of charred papers. Colonel Canaday told him that robbers had *overpowered him and barglarized his effects.* The police were summoned, and when Colonel Canaday related the same story.

An examination of the premises showed that the window through which the burglars obtained entrance, testified by Colonel Canaday, had been smashed into fragments. The things used to hold Colonel Canaday to the door were pieces of binding *twine tied loosely about his knees, ankles,* wrists and elbows. The gag was poorly arranged in his mouth, and he had no difficulty in raising it from his face, so he could be heard by the boarder in the story above. Colonel Canaday, after giving his version of the story to the police, repaired to his private room in the rear of the office and dressed himself, and then sent the message to his partner, Mr. Houghton. After the latter had been seen Colonel Canaday left the office and was found by the police, who had come to serve the warrant sworn out by Mr. Houghton, stretched on a cot in the corner of the room, with a bullet hole in his head. The bedding and floor about the cot were a pool of blood. The bullet had passed clear through his head and was imbedded in the wall.

A Woman in the Case.

A note was found written by Colonel Canaday to his partner, Mr. Houghton, saying: "After your conduct this morning I have no further use for life." On a desk, written on a large manila envelope, was the following note to a Miss Moore, with whom he had spent a half hour the night before:

MY DEAR FRIEND—I am not guilty of any wrong. You may trust in me. Those to whom I am personally responsible are more than I. He is a villain one of the very largest. God bless you always is the last prayer of your true friend CANADAY.

It is said that the charred papers found on the floor of the office represented notes, bonds, stocks and other commercial paper of the value of $100,000.

Colonel Canaday has been separated for several years from his wife, who with her only son, a young boy, lives at Wilmington, N. C., and rumor connects his name with that of a young woman who has been in his employ. They are looking for her in the belief that she may be able to tell *something of the whereabouts of the $2,000* that disappeared last night.

Colonel Canaday has been in financial troubles for some time. They were the cause of his retirement from the office of sergeant-at-arms of the senate. At that time his difficulties were of a very serious nature.

Several senators, including Quay, Jones of Nevada and Spooner of Wisconsin, secured him of considerable methods in connection with the management of a corporation in which they were all interested. Proceedings were begun against him, but some settlement was made by which they were discontinued.

Colonel Canaday was a native of North Carolina, and after the war took a prominent part in politics. For a number of years he was a member of the national committee, serving until the Minneapolis convention. He was a warm friend of Senator Sherman's presidential aspirations, and took a leading part in the campaigns preliminary to the nominations of 1880, 1884 and 1888.

Watching Whisky Smugglers.

OTTAWA, Sept. 28.—M. Chapleau, minister of customs, has a government cruiser guarding the shores of the St. Lawrence against whisky smugglers.

A Town in Flames.

BELLINGHAM, Minn., Sept. 28.—Over one-third of the business portion of this town was destroyed by fire.

The Telegraphers' Strike.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Sept. 28.—The strike of the railroad telegraphers continues, both sides remaining firm.

A Railroad Sold.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 28.—The Chesapeake and Nashville railroad was sold at public auction for $250,000.

SLAUGHTER OF INNOCENTS.

Forty Babies Murdered by a San Francisco Doctor, Who Has Fled.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28.—Dr. Henry C. Beale has fled the city after having been accused of no less than forty murders. Dr. Beale and Mrs. Mary Monroe were *arrested here a few days ago for malpractice.* The doctor lived with the woman, and together they conducted a lying-in hospital.

Many patients visited them, but finally the suspicion of the authorities was aroused and Dr. Beale and Mrs. Monroe were arrested. The doctor was placed under $10,000 bail. It is evident he feared that he could not trust the woman's secrecy, for he *forfeited* his bail and *departed for parts* unknown.

When pressed by the prosecution Mrs. Montrose told an appalling story of crime. According to her statement no less than forty children were born in her house. Not one of them was permitted to live.

Beale would promptly remove the child from its mother and either chloroform or *drown it. After which he* neglected nobody and threw it into the bay or cremated it, whichever method was the most convenient at the time.

Beale always stipulated with a mother in prospect that she would not ask what became of the child, leaving the impression, however, upon her mind that the infant would be quietly placed in the care of a *respectable family. Efforts are now being* made to find the remains of some of the murdered children.

Many of the women whose babies were killed belong to respectable families. It is alleged that a number of them wanted to pay Beale's bail rather than have his case carried into court, resulting in their own exposure and disgrace.

FASHIONS

Pretty Dress for a Girl.

A pretty dress for a girl of four to eight years is made of plain and checked surah. The skirt has two tucks at the bottom; a V shaped plastron of plain goods gathered to a lace collar and drawn under a belt of plain surah. Puffed sleeves with cuffs and bands of lace.

Sleeves.

The angel sleeve, large, wide and loose.

One long puff, one short one and a deep cuff.

A loose puff gathered into a long, plain cuff.

A large, short puff sleeve with no trimming.

Length wise puffs to the elbow, finished with a short sleeve band.

A large puff and close cuff to the wrist, with a fall of lace half way down the sleeve.

The deep fall of lace reaching below the elbow in the back and open and short in front.

A full sleeve gathered into a band of velvet below the elbow and finished with a fall of lace.

A Fatal Joke.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 28.—The death of T. R. Vincent by an electric shock was the result of a practical joke by fellow employees, H. Pollmeyer and Peter Walters, who ran a live wire to Vincent's desk for fun.

Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Presidential postmasters were appointed as follows: A. K. Goodwin, Pawtucket, R. I.; C. N. Brown, Woonsocket, R. I., and C. H. Bixley, Deadland, Miss., reappointed.

Franz Joseph as Godfather.

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—*Owing to the birth of* the princess a number of females imprisoned for slight offenses will be pardoned. Emperor Franz Joseph of Austria will stand godfather to the child.

The Missouri Pacific Withdraws.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The Missouri Pacific directors voted to withdraw from the Western Railway association. The Wabash took similar action several days ago.

An Alleged Defaulter Captured.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 28.—W. R. Crossett, of Hope, Ark., whom he is a fugitive from justice, was arrested in a broker's office and jailed. He defaulted with $21,000.

Turkish Troubles Subside.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 28.—Dispatches from Asiatic Turkey report that Ismail Pasha, governor of Diarbekir, and Ali Effendi, commander of the gendarmerie, have committed suicide by taking a dose of laudanum.

Killed by Burglars.

ROME, Sept. 28.—The Di Girolamo family were attacked by burglars. One of the family was killed and three were wounded. The house was plundered.

Major Evans Dead.

GARDEN RIVER, Minn., Sept. 28.—The death is announced of Major E. H. Evans, an old settler and famous as a fighter in the Sioux war.

A Case in Lynn.

LYNN, Mass., Sept. 28.—The cholera was here, Fanny Friedman, is much worse. There are no new cases in the quarantined house.

Paderewski Seriously Ill.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—Paderewski, the pianist, is dangerously ill of typhoid fever and his engagements have been canceled.

BLOOD DROVE HER WILD

The Sight of It Causes a Woman to Kill Three Babes.

ONE OF THE CHILDREN WAS HER OWN

Then She Goes to the Police and Unhesitatingly Tells Them Where to Find the Bodies of Her Innocent Victims—The Other Parents Are Frantic with Grief.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., Sept. 28.—A devilish crime was committed here by Mrs. Lena Schmidt, who strangled until they were dead her son Charles, aged four, and George and Joseph Bowker, aged two and three, children of Mr. and Mrs. William Bowker, of 4 Chestnut street. The parents were away at the Trenton interstate fair when the deed was done.

The murderess was the first to inform the authorities of the occurrence. So calmly did she act when telling the story that the police hesitated before locking her up, thinking she was insane and the victim of a delusion.

Marshal of Police Johes was standing in Crosswicks street talking to a young man when a small frightened woman stepped up to him and asked if he were the marshal. She was attired entirely in black and wore a chip straw hat, the somberness of which was relieved by bows of bright colored ribbon. She was badly shot. From her manner the chief supposed that she had some minor business, such as a complaint of mischievous boys or of obstreperous neighbors to make.

His surprise was great when he coolly informed him that she had just murdered three children and that she desired to give herself up. The marshal was incredulous and laughed at her. The woman insisted that she was a murderess, and finally the marshal took her across the street to the mayor's office and questioned her.

Killed Her Own Child First.

In broken English she said that her name was Lena Brown, that she came from Mount Holly to Bordentown a few weeks ago and that she lived at 4 Chestnut street, where the marshal would find the corpses *of her victims. Her manner impressed the* chief and the latter ordered her to be placed in a cell in the police station he hurried to the address given. She said afterward that her name was not Brown, but Schmidt.

Upon entering the house no sign of life or of human presence could be found, and the chief passed through the parlor into the dining room. There on the floor lay *the bodies of three children. Over their* faces was an old rag, and upon lifting it the chief saw that the woman's story was true.

They were lying on their backs, stiff and cold, and when the cloth which covered their faces was removed, black and blue bruises about the neck told the story of the crime in part—they had been strangled to death. *The features were not distorted,* and it was evident that the deeds had come swiftly and painlessly. When the chief returned to the police station the murderess said that she was very sorry she killed the children, but that she could not help her crime. She killed her own child first by strangling it, and then killed the Bowker boys, the eldest last.

Frantic with Grief.

Mr. and Mrs. Bowker arrived home while the coroner and his physician were there. A policeman stood at either door to prevent the frantic parents from entering. They were wild with grief and the mother was hysterical. The policemen refused them admittance, but the latter became frantic at this, and rushing to the front door attempted to break it in. He was prevented by the policemen. He then sank upon the porch insensible and on reviving the fact of the murderess. An undertaker's wagon drove up presently and the three little bodies were removed to Keeler's morgue. The family were then admitted to the house.

Mrs. Schmidt's last story as told to the marshal is that her son fell down stairs and blood ran from his nose.

The sight of the blood made her crazy, and as it continued to flow she choked the child to death to stop it. She then laid him on the floor and called the eldest Bowker boy, who was playing in the front room, and strangled him. Then she took the younger child, who was playing in the yard, carried him inside and when she reached the dining room applied her terrible fingers.

Lena Schmidt, the murderess, is thirty-eight years of age, rather good looking and a brunette. She has spent some of her time in the county jail at Mount Holly. She became acquainted with a young man there and they came here together. The two were arrested here and committed to jail for disorderly conduct.

Confessed to Forgery.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Sergeant Alfred Wall, the drill instructor of the Twenty-second regiment, arrested by the firm of Arnold & Constable, confessed to having robbed the firm of $1,500 by forgery.

More Cholera on the Bohemia.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—A man and three children were removed from the quarantined Bohemia to Swinburne island suffering from symptoms of cholera. No cases have appeared in the city.

Indian Allotments Approved.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The secretary of the interior has approved the allotment of lands to the Seneca and cayuga band of Shawnees in the Indian Territory.

A Costly Series of Docks.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The town council of Bristol have approved a plan for building docks for the transatlantic trade. The docks will cost $1,000,000.

An Escaped Lunatic Killed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Henry O. Aston, who escaped from an insane asylum at Bronxville, was struck and killed by a train at Mamaroneck.

France Won't Expel Him.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—The report that the government intends to expel from France Herr Liebknecht, the noted German writer and politician, is untrue.

An Old Newspaper Man Dead.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Thomas B. Kingland, for many years publisher of the old New York Evening Express, is dead.

Deforest Reconfirmed.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 28.—Congressman Robert E. Deforest was renominated by the Fourth district Democrats.

Charles Foster in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Secretary Charles Foster has arrived here to remain several days.

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid substitutes—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies

Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of

W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa, which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

A Word to the Public!

OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.

Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. A. H. Bochm, who, with the assistance of two usually experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will produce to place before the public, for insertion, the largest variety of stylish and tasty creations of the milliner's art ever exhibited in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.

Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 West Front Street.

CAMPAIGN BANDS

now organizing for the Fall Campaign should write us for our Illustrated Catalogue and Special Prices.

Our Drums are made and guaranteed by your local *Music Dealer. Do not accept any other makes! now* are the best by long test and by our card inside the drum.

We make a specialty of drums for

DRUM & FIFE CORPS

One business, regardless of name, that we can recommend is that we can send your work.

JOHN C. HAYNES & CO. 453-463 Washington St. 33 Court St., Boston, Mass. Insist on having our instruments

No. 194.

NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL OF LAW

FOR HOME STUDY. 243 BROADWAY, N.Y. INTRODUCTORY LECTURE FREE

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alberta P. Ogden, Box 594.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Conversation and entertainment in French lectures. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield. Well known and unexceptional Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson, write to Prof. L. Vinoux, care of Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S

Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School, Terms moderate. Instruction in English and French. At home 4 afternoons, from 2 to 5 p. m., 15 Grove street, north. Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTSON,

Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Efficient terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Somerset Horse Goods, such as RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING, HARNESS AND WHIPS, PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES, RIDING SADDLES, ETC. WINTER AND FALL BLANKS.

They also have a big stock of

PARLOR HEATERS,

New Styles, Very Cheap.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 Broad

No Boats to Cholera Ports.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO AGENTS.

Please discontinue the sale of Eyquard and Outward Tickets to and from all Continental Points until further advised.

Tickets to and from England, Ireland, Scotland and Scandinavian Points can be sold as usual.

The S. S. "Circassia," advertised to sail from Glasgow September 29th and from New York October 6th, has been withdrawn, and there will be no sailing on their dates.

Anchor Line.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President, BENJAMIN HARRISON, of Indiana.

For Vice-President, WHITELAW REID, of New York.

For Governor, JOHN KEAN, JR., of Elizabeth.

Congressional Elections.

At Large—Ex-Senator Alexander G. Cattell and Frederick Frelinghuysen.

First District—George Hires of Salem.

Second District—Ferdinand A. Roebling of Mount Holly.

Third District—Adolph Meek of Raritan.

Fourth District—Luther Kountze of Morris county.

Fifth District—Donald McKay of Bergen county.

Sixth District—Frederick Kuhn of Newark.

Seventh District—George F. Perkins of Jersey City.

Eighth District—William P. Chamberlain of Bayonne.

A. M. SEGUINE,

Proprietor of

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Second Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.

TELEPHONE CALL, NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure parties.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

RICHARDS HOUSE RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his new Coal Cleaner. It is the only coal cleaner that is possible by any other method of screening.

Dyke Lumber and Hostetroon Coal to best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

Rough and Dressed Lumber.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for filling orders for Coal promptly, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 Ty

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,

Fortune-teller Office, 9 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Mrs. Lindsay has a lot of nice people street, grandchildren and stranger. 9 30 7

H. N. SPENCER,

Dealer in fine groceries and confectionery. Groceries and provisions. Oldest vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. W. G. C. C. and Orange Powder. Fishing tackle. Plainfield.

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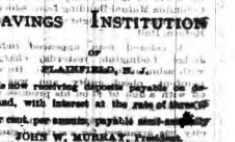
PORCELESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



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It costs nothing to see what we have to show. Our store is open. Our assortment is approved of by the board of health. Telephone connection. Everything interesting. Everything new. Everything of the best. Lowest prices. Corner of 7th and Lewis, Stanley and Public streets.

O. H. Jones Co. Telephone call 28.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.

NATHAN HARPER.

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—8:30, 9:45, 11:00, noon, 2:30 p. m., 5:30, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night.

Close—8:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 3:00, 6:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:30 a. m., 12:30, 5:30 p. m.

Close—8:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 5:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8:00 to 10:00 a. m.

Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.

R. R. POPE, P. M.

Kline's Extracts, Pure Fruit Flavors.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

New Jersey Democratic Clubs Elect Adrian President.

THE MASSACHUSETTS DEMOCRATS.

James B. Carroll Nominated as Governor Russell's Running Mate—The Ticket Completed and the Platform Adopted. The Phelan-Walsh Muddle.

CAMDEN, N. J., Sept. 28.—The Democratic Society of New Jersey met in annual convention in the Armory, 100 clubs being represented. The convention was called to order by William R. Wilson, of Elizabeth, chairman of the executive committee of the society in the absence of President E. A. Stevens, of Hoboken, who is ill. Judge Howard Carrow, of Camden, acted as temporary chairman and W. S. McKean, of Asbury Park, temporary secretary. The resolutions adopted read:

We, the Democracy of the state of New Jersey, in convention assembled, renew our allegiance to the principles expressed in the constitution of the Democratic Society of New Jersey. We heartily indorse the platform of the Democratic party adopted at our national and state conventions, and the principles and policy so ably enunciated in the letter of acceptance of our candidate for president, Grover Cleveland.

We cordially approve our Democratic state administration, and tender our services in aid of our candidates in the memorable and threatened success of our principles and candidates.

We congratulate ourselves and all others interested in good government upon the wise, peachable character of our candidates and standard bearers for the coming contest, to whom we pledge sincere, earnest and enthusiastic support, feeling assured that merit will win success and that victory is assured to Cleveland, Stevenson and Russell.

The committee on new officers for the society recommended the election of Hon. Robert Adrian, of New Brunswick, as president; William D. McKean, of Asbury Park, secretary; Hon. James Lanning, of Trenton, treasurer, and John S. Hogan, of Camden, sergeant-at-arms. This was objected to after an ineffectual attempt of the Essex county delegation to place Robert Gwynne, Jr., editor of the Salem Sunbeam, in nomination for the presidency. President Adrian, who is president of the state senate, was then conducted to the platform and made an address on national and state issues, especially eulogizing ex-President Cleveland's letter of acceptance.

The chairman, secretary and chairman of the executive committee were named as delegates at large, and after a caucus by congressional districts the following were chosen:

First district, John McCormick, of Camden; Second, Colonel C. S. Sims, of Mount Holly; Third, Mayer Pierce, of Perth Amboy; Fourth, William A. Potter, of Flemington; Fifth, Senator John Hinchcliffe, of Paterson; Sixth, Henry Schalk, of Newark; Seventh, Michael Coyle, of Hoboken; Eighth, John W. Savage, of Rahway.

The convention was addressed by Prosecutor Hendrickson, of Burlington county, before adjournment.

MASSACHUSETTS DEMOCRATS.

James E. Carroll Nominated as Governor Russell's Running Mate.

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—After the wild tumult of applause in the Democratic state convention which greeted the renomination of Governor Russell had subsided, on motion of George Frost Williams, James E. Carroll, of Springfield, was nominated for lieutenant governor, and briefly addressed the convention.

Hon. John J. Donovan followed with the report of the committee on platform. The resolutions adopted indorse the Chicago platform nominees, with an approving paragraph particularly devoted to the tariff plank. Concerning banking the platform says:

We believe that as the circulating note features of the national banking system are becoming obsolete in consequence of the contraction of the basis of circulation, it is necessary that some *graduated* should be found for the issuance and withdrawal of bank notes in accordance with demand, of credit notes under such forms of federal supervision as may be thought desirable, hence we advocate the removal of the national tax upon such circulating notes of state banks as are so secured that their prompt redemption in lawful money will always be certain.

The federal elections bill is censured, combines denounced and Governor Russell's administration indorsed. A plea is also made for civil service reform.

Governor Russell then appeared on the platform, escorted by the committee appointed to escort his attendance. He was received with a perfect ballot of enthusiastic demonstration and addressed the convention in a felicitous speech.

The committee on the balance of the ticket next reported as follows, the report being unanimously accepted:

For secretary of state, Charles S. Hamlin, of Brookline; for treasurer and receiver general, James S. Grinnell, of Greenfield; for auditor, Truer B. Sayles, of Millbury; for attorney general, Charles F. Lilley, of Lowell; for presidential electors at large, Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, and John A. Russell, of Leicester. Presidential electors were then named and the convention adjourned.

The Phelan-Walsh Muddle.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 28.—The supreme court of the state filed its decision in the case of Orrin G. Phelan vs. Mayor Walsh and Sanger versus Henry with the clerk of the superior court here. Both cases are considered together. The opinion of the court is written by Judge Carpenter, with a dissenting opinion by Judges Seymour and Fenn. The opinions are very voluminous, making in all about 10,000 words. The decision throws the question of Phelan's election back upon the incumbent and directs Messrs. Phelan and Sanger to go into a new trial and can find the evidence to show that the election officers properly rejected the 508 double ballots upon which no evidence has yet been pronounced, they cannot hope to take office during the present year.

Michigan Republicans.

GRAND RAPIDS, Sept. 28.—The Republican state convention nominated Judge Frank E. Hooker for supreme court judge and John W. Joscelyn, of Saginaw, for secretary of state.

Wisconsin's Apportionment Null.

MADISON, Sept. 28.—The supreme court rendered a decision declaring the apportionment made by the extra session of the legislature invalid.

Bentley Renominated.

ROME, N. Y., Sept. 28.—At the Herkimer-Oneida district Democratic convention H. W. Bentley was renominated for congress.

Ready for Business.

HARTFORD, Sept. 28.—The Democratic convention of the First congressional district renominated Lewis Sperry.

ROTTEN TO THE CORE.

The Life and Reserve Association Has a Deficit of $119,986.

BUFFALO, Sept. 28.—The state banking department has made application for the appointment of a receiver for the Life and Reserve association. Affidavits were made that the funds of the association were short and that the deficit would reach $120,000. Judge Lewis reserved his decision until Friday.

The report of the state bank examiners says the association is rotten to the core, and that the president, ex-Judge Harlan J. Swift, owes it $61,000, and that Director Carlin owes it $2,900. The report further states that Swift gave his father $15,000 on a piece of property not worth over $12,000, and to his business partner he gave $9,000 on property not worth that amount. These defalcations, when added to the death claims now due, will foot up to about $120,000.

The official statement shows cash, loans, bonds and mortgages, $132,986.06, and unpaid death claims, disability claims, reserve certificates, $272,980.06, leaving an actual deficit of $119,984.16.

THE READING COAL COMBINE.

New York and Illinois Roads Take Action to Dissolve It.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The state senate committee to investigate the Reading coal combine had a meeting at the Murray Hill hotel. The committee adopted the recommendation of its counsel, and ordered the transmission of the counsel's opinion to the attorney general of the state, and advised that immediate action be taken to annul at once the lease and subleases of the Lehigh Valley Railway company to the Reading Railroad company.

Illinois Also Acts.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—State Attorney Longenecker took the first steps today toward breaking up the coal trust when an information was filed in the circuit court to restrain the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company from selling anthracite coal in the county of Cook, on the ground of unlawful combination.

The Suit Against Butler.

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—The suit to recover $50,000 damages from General B. F. Butler, brought by the C. F. Jewett Publishing company, was begun today in the supreme court. The publishing company claims that the general violated the terms of a contract to let it publish his book by refusing to furnish the manuscript.

Like Jack the Ripper.

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—The dead body of a woman was found in a sand pit near Charlottenburg. The woman had been strangled and then mutilated in the same manner as the victims of "Jack the Ripper." This is the second crime of the kind committed in Berlin recently.

Manager Mellen's Change.

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—General Manager Mellen has resigned from the New York and New England and will be one of the vice presidents of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad. It is said that his salary will be at least $20,000 per annum.

Norris Not an Embezzler.

HARTFORD, Sept. 28.—General Harbinson, general agent of the New York Life Insurance company in this city, authorizes the denial of a statement sent from this city on Sept. 16 that Richard D. Norris, a subagent, had embezzled from him.

San Diego's Celebration.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Sept. 28.—Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo, a Portuguese captain, discovered San Diego in 1542, entering the harbor in the ship San Salvador. Today the 350th anniversary of this historic event is being celebrated.

The Jesuit Elections.

ROME, Sept. 28.—The report that the Jesuit general has already been elected was premature. Large numbers of Jesuits who came to Rome have proceeded to Loja, Spain, and the election will take place in that city.

The Cholera in Holland.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 28.—Twelve deaths from cholera have been reported from various parts of Holland. The disease is confined for the most part to the provinces of Groningen, Maarsen, Alfen and Gouldswaard.

Mrs. Harrison Slightly Better.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The condition of Mrs. Harrison continues about the same," said Dr. Gardner, and although he could notice no particular change, she was, if anything, slightly improved.

Yale's 193d Year.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 28.—Yale enters upon its 193d year on Thursday. Over half a million dollars has been expended in the erection of new edifices for the different departments during the past year.

Seven Explorers Lost.

LISBON, Sept. 28.—The British consulate at Mozambique has reported to the foreign office the drowning of two Englishmen and five German explorers at the mouth of the river Moma.

Gambling Rooms Closed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The police were of morality last night swept this city through the agency of the police force and all the gambling places have been ordered closed.

Fearful Wind Storm.

WOODSTOCK, N. H., Sept. 28.—A terrific wind and snow storm prevailed on Mount Washington last night, the wind reaching a velocity of 100 miles per hour.

Buried Under a Clay Bank.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 28.—John Smith and Patrick Lavelle were buried under a bank of dirt and clay. Smith was fatally and Lavelle severely bruised.

Manzini's Statue Unveiled.

ROME, Sept. 28.—A marble statue of Manzini, the Italian patriot, was unveiled at Carman in presence of a large assemblage.

A German World's Fair.

VIENNA, Sept. 28.—The Times states positively that the German government has decided to have a World's fair in Berlin in 1897.

A Cattle Fund in Germany.

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—The cattle pest has spread to thirty-four farms in Mecklenburg and is causing widespread mortality.

Chairman Atkins Ill.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Sept. 28.—Hiram Atkins, chairman of the Democratic state committee, is dangerously ill.

Rotten Meat Seized.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Sept. 28.—There have been three seizures of rotten meat here within the last week.

Miserly.

The man who was so mean that he sat in the back pew in church to save the interest on his seat while the contribution box was coming around has at last found a rival.

This man, it is declared, took his supper a little late each night.

"Now, why should he do that?" some one asked in surprise who did not know him very well.

"Why, so that presently his supper will come at 6 o'clock, and then he'll call it his breakfast and save one meal."—Texas Siftings.

Housemaid Cookery.

"And so my little wife cooked this all herself? What does she call it?"

"Well, I started it for bread, but after it came out of the oven I concluded I'd better put sawdust in it and call it pudding."—Life.

He Fixed a Town.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Sept. 28.—Felix Renaud, a son of Collector of Customs Renaud, has been arrested charged with incendiarism, by which the town of Buckhouche was destroyed.

Orme Wins the Great Final Stakes.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The fourteenth great final stakes at Newmarket were won by the Duke of Westminster's famous bay colt Orme, by Ormonde, out of Angelica.

Judge Comstock Dead.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 28.—George Franklin Comstock, ex-chief judge of the court of appeals, is dead, after a lingering illness, aged eighty-one years.

Prince Rudolwill in an Asylum.

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—Prince Carl Rudolwill, who was recently seized with insanity at Lodz, in Poland, has been removed to an asylum for the insane.

Murder and Suicide.

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 28.—Frederick Mellenberg murdered his wife and wounded his daughter in this city and then committed suicide.

The Cabinet Meeting Fiasco.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The usual cabinet meeting did not occur, there being no business of sufficient importance pending to require one.

Injured in a Collision.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., Sept. 28.—In a head-on collision Flagman W. C. Decker was fatally injured and two brakemen received injuries.

A Wife Murderer.

ALBANY, Sept. 28.—William Scanlin, of Oneonta, cut his wife's throat in a fit of jealousy. The woman cannot recover.

Senator McNary for Congress.

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—State Senator N. S. McNary was nominated for congress by the Democrats.

Prince Kropotkin a Suicide.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 28.—Prince Kropotkin, a wealthy lieutenant, has committed suicide.

The Most Economical System of Heating ever Brought to the Notice of the Public.

RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.'S

PERFECT

HOT WATER HEATER

No noise, no smell, no dust, no gas; is simplicity itself. Can be run by any stove, and FULLY GUARANTEED.

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BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISORDERS.

Such as Sick Headache, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Liver Complaint, and Female Ailments.

Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

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HOME MADE White Bread (Graham Bread, Breakfast Rolls, All kinds of Cake, Pastry, etc.

A fine lot of BAKED GRAPE and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice.

Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Postal Card. For Tuesday desert on or before Saturday morning.

M. E. BEACH,

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Estimates furnished free of charge.

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First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.

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All orders delivered free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

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A. G. VOGELER has just engaged and expert Delicatessen Dealer, who is now at work making the finest lobsters in this city. If you are fond of Lobsters stop at 77 West Second street and try some. You will then become a regular patron.

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Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand.

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Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Sept. 18, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 28, 6 30, 6 58, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 04, 10 30, 11 04, 11 30 a. m.; 12 04 noon, 12 30, 1 04, 1 30, 2 04, 2 30, 3 04, 3 30, 4 04, 4 30, 5 04, 5 30, 6 04, 6 30, 7 04, 7 30, 8 04, 8 30, 9 04, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 5 04, 6 04, 7 04, 8 04, 9 04, 10 04, 11 04, 11 30 p. m. Express, 5 28, 6 30, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 04, 10 30, 11 04, 11 30 a. m.; 12 04 noon, 12 30, 1 04, 1 30, 2 04, 2 30, 3 04, 3 30, 4 04, 4 30, 5 04, 5 30, 6 04, 6 30, 7 04, 7 30, 8 04, 8 30, 9 04, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 5 04, 6 04, 7 04, 8 04, 9 04, 10 04, 11 04, 11 30 p. m. Leave Elizabeth for New York, 5 58, 6 58, 7 58, 8 58, 9 58, 10 58, 11 58 a. m., 12 58, 1 58, 2 58, 3 58, 4 58, 5 58, 6 58, 7 58, 8 58, 9 58, 10 58, 11 58 p. m. Sunday, 7 58, 8 58, 9 58, 10 58, 11 58 p. m. Sunday at 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 18, 6 17, 9 42 a. m., 12 13, 1 26, 3 32, 5 46, 6 45, 7 55, 9 35, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 8 00, 8 50 a. m., 12 48 night.

Leave Somerville at 5 45, 6 45, 10 05 a. m., 12 45, 1 55, 4 05, 6 15, 7 15, 8 25, 10 05, 11 35 p. m. Sunday at 7 20, 8 30, 9 20 a. m., 1 15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 18, 6 17, 9 42 a. m., 12 13, 1 26, 3 32, 5 46, 6 45, 7 55, 9 35, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 8 00, 8 50 a. m., 12 48 night.

Leave Bound Brook at 6 00, 7 00, 10 20 a. m., 12 58, 2 10, 4 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 40, 10 20, 11 50 p. m. Sunday at 7 35, 8 45, 9 35 a. m., 1 30 night.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5 18, 6 17, 9 42 a. m., 12 13, 1 26, 3 32, 5 46, 6 45, 7 55, 9 35, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 8 00, 8 50 a. m., 12 48 night.

Leave Easton at 6 30, 9 03, a. m., 1 05, 4 20 p. m. Sunday's 9 25 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 10, 9 03, a. m., 1 05, 4 20 p. m. Sunday's 9 25 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5 16 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Dover, Hackettstown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Potteville, Manch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 00 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.

9 42 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Bridge, Phillipsburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury and Harrisburg.

12 13 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Dover, Hackettstown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury and Harrisburg. Dover, Hackettstown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

1 26 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Dover, Hackettstown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

3 32 p. m. for Junction connecting for Manch Chunk.

5 46 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Dover, Hackettstown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury and Harrisburg.

6 45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Dover, Hackettstown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Quarrier car to Manch Chunk.

7 55 p. m. for Flemington, Dover, Hackettstown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury and Harrisburg.

9 35 p. m. for Junction connecting for Manch Chunk.

11 05 p. m. for Junction.

8 00 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Dover, Hackettstown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury and Harrisburg.

8 50 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Dover, Hackettstown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury and Harrisburg.

12 48 night for Junction connecting for Manch Chunk.

8 20 p. m. for Boston, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9 30 a. m. Sunday for Boston, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua.

3 32 p. m. Sundays for Boston, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc. 3 05 p. m. Sundays for Boston, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

5 46 p. m. Sundays for Boston, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH AND OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 5 05, 11 00 a. m., 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 8 00 a. m. Leave Ocean Grove (express) at 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m. Leave Long Branch at 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

Leave Bay Head Junction at 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Matawan and Keyport at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Red Bank at 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Sea Girt at 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Manasquan at 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Point Pleasant at 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Bay Head Junction at 6 00, 9 00 a. m., 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Lakewood at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Tom's River at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Barnegat at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Beach Haven at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Atlantic City at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Cape May at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Sea Isle City at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Ocean City at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Somers Point at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Wildwood at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Anglesea at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Cape May Point at 9 00 a. m. and 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00 p. m.

For Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Delaware, Lambertville, New Hope, Trenton, Bristol, Philadelphia, Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Somers Point, Wildwood, Anglesea, Cape May Point, Washington, Baltimore and the West, Pittsburg and the West, Buffalo and the West, Chicago and the West, Cincinnati and the West, St. Louis and the West, Detroit and the West, Canada and the West, Boston and the East, Portland and the East, Montreal and the East, Quebec and the East, Saratoga and the East, Albany and the East, Troy and the East, Rutland and the East, Burlington and the East, Newport and the East, Lowell and the East, Manchester and the East, Concord and the East, Augusta and the East, Bangor and the East, Portland and the East, Halifax and the East, St. John and the East, Yarmouth and the East, Digby and the East, Annapolis and the East, Windsor and the East, Truro and the East, Pictou and the East, Charlottetown and the East, Summerside and the East, Shediac and the East, Moncton and the East, Sackville and the East, Amherst and the East, Parrsboro and the East, Wolfville and the East, Kentville and the East, Middleton and the East, Annapolis and the East, Digby and the East, Yarmouth and the East, Halifax and the East, St. John and the East, Bangor and the East, Portland and the East, Augusta and the East, Concord and the East, Manchester and the East, Lowell and the East, Newport and the East, Burlington and the East, Rutland and the East, Troy and the East, Albany and the East, Saratoga and the East, Quebec and the East, Montreal and the East, Portland and the East, Boston and the East, Detroit and the West, St. Louis and the West, Cincinnati and the West, Chicago and the West, Buffalo and the West, Pittsburg and the West, Baltimore and the West, Washington, Cape May Point, Wildwood, Anglesea, Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Somers Point, Atlantic City, Trenton, Bristol, Philadelphia, Lambertville, New Hope, Delaware, Belvidere, Phillipsburg, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Stroudsburg, Delaware Water Gap.

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SOME GORGEOUS FLOATS.

To Be Seen at the Dedication Ceremonies in October.

With many of the details for the dedications of the World's fair buildings at Chicago the general public is familiar, but of the spectacular side of the celebration little has been written of late, although preparations have been going on for nearly a year. This display, which is termed the "Procession of the Centuries," is to include more than forty floats, and will pass in brilliant pageant through the lakes and canals and lagoons

COLUMBUS AT COURT.

of Jackson park. This will be repeated every night and the illuminations will be magnificent. Important events in the life of Columbus and in the history of America will be represented. Many symbolical floats will also be introduced. Designs for four of these floats are particularly worthy of notice. They will cost thousands of dollars, and are calculated to eclipse anything heretofore seen in this sort of pageantry.

The first is a tableau of Columbus before the court of Ferdinand and Isabella. The monarchs sit on their gilded throne under the rich canopy, both attired as becomes the rulers of Leon and Castile. Before them stands Columbus eagerly and earnestly *trying to convince them* of the truth of his theories. His charts are spread before him on a table. The explorer is dressed in black velvet, with a long gown, which he throws aside in his eagerness. The queen listens intently, unconscious of its truth growing upon her. The king, however, is almost indifferent.

That Catholic zeal and faith is shown by a large cross behind them. Near Columbus stand several courtiers and some of the wise men. The latter have their own maps with them and cannot suppress a scornful sneer at the presumptuous adventurer, whose mind they suppose is disordered.

The next float is more typically American. "Westward the course of empire takes its way" is the subject. The prominent feature is the prairie schooner drawn by oxen, which is just emerg-

INVITING PEACE AND PLENTY.

ing from a cleft in the rocks. A scout on horseback leads the way, and ahead of him Indians are skulking off behind the rocks and trees. Another Indian peers over a ridge of rock at the advance of civilization.

In the foreground surveyors are working on a line of railway. A little shanty under the cliff is their camp.

The two floats "War" and "Peace" will probably be the only suggestion of the civil conflict. The first float will be a dismantled ship, with masts and spars shattered and sails torn in shreds. On the battlefield are cannon, a few dead soldiers and a dead horse. Over it hang the demons of war. The coloring of this float will all be somber. Black will predominate. Lurid red light will be thrown on the war demons hovering over the battlefield.

"Peace" will be in strong contrast to the last one. Every color will be bright. The horn of plenty will be prominent, pouring forth treasures, and angels of peace will hover over the land. The dismounted cannon will be wreathed with flowers, its muzzle filled with roses, children will play over it, and one darling little one will sit astride the breech, spiking it forever. Herewith are given illustrations showing the general *scope of two of these interesting* designs.

The School Review.

One of the most striking suggestions for the local observances of Columbus Day is that in *every town and city in* the land the schools parade after the morning exercises of the celebration. While this is not specifically included in the official programme prepared for the day, it is strongly urged by the *committee of educators* who have had the uniform celebration in charge.

If there is a general parade of the civic and military organizations a "public school review" should be its most honored feature. If there is no general procession the schools alone might be reviewed. Let the pupils meet at their school houses at a designated hour and be conducted by efficient marshals, without delays and in perfect order, to their places in the line. The army veterans north and south the blue and the gray alike, are properly to march with the schools as special guards of honor. As the reviewing stand is reached each part of the column can salute the flag with cheers and waving of handkerchiefs and caps.

The various patriotic organizations might fittingly be invited both to the morning exercises and to serve, in addition to the veterans, as escorts in the review. The beauty of the review would be heightened if each school carried both the national flag and a distinctive banner of its own. The review also might be made impressive by symbolic floats; models of the "old red school house" and of the ship of Columbus are among the appropriate subjects. This feature, however, should not be attempted unless it can be effectively done. In all cases, let it be said, the fantastic should be rigorously barred from the procession.

How a Girl Made a Writing Desk.

A young woman who likes to write on her lap, and hence does not possess a desk, devised *this receptacle for her writing materials.* A screen serves to cut off a cozy corner for her room, which she shares with a sister, and at any time, by placing it at the right angle, she can be alone with her thoughts and the friends to whom she is writing. There was in the room a three leaf screen, made with a plain, stout frame, enameled with paint and covered with contrasting shades of plain India silk.

After the first step was to have two right angled shelves of wood fastened between two leaves of the screen—on the wrong side of course. One was fastened half way from the top and one to the bottom of the screen frame, and for them she made covers of silk with frilled edges. A small wastebasket was set on the lower shelf, and on the upper one were laid her pen tray, paper knife, envelope opener, safety inkstand and steel ink eraser. Penwiper and fancy blotter were hung on little brass screws fastened to the woodwork, and a small desk pad was slipped in between four large screws placed at exactly the right places on the third leaf of the screen. The stationery was kept in big pockets fastened above the upper shelf, one on each leaf.

To make them the contriver of the screen took two large envelopes and cut from it a mammoth pattern, wide enough to fit in the spaces above the shelf. The envelopes were cut from buckram and covered outside with silk. A button and elastic sufficed to fasten each flap. Then the envelope portfolios were laid against the screen frame and fastened at the top by common screw eyes, screwed through each upper corner, where the eyelet hole had been worked, so that the envelopes could be taken down any time.—New York Press.

Commonplace Happiness.

When Mrs. Margaret E. Sangster delivered her lecture at Moonta Lake, Wis., on "Commonplace Happiness," among other things she said: "Many and many a man will tell his wife that he loves her and considers that sufficient, making little practical demonstration of the fact. This only occurs in case of a crisis, such as sickness. A good old deacon died not long since in Massachusetts. It was anticipated that he would die, not because he was sick or ailing, not because he was old or feeble, but because he had been seen kissing his wife. People spend altogether too much time in attending to the machinery of life and leave but little for actual enjoyment. This is especially true of the American people, who scarcely know how to enjoy life."

Let the Hair Hang.

Let the hair of growing children be uncovered and hang loosely just as much as *possible. The hair of the Saxony peasant* brings the highest market price; that always hangs from their heads in braids from babyhood. Perspiration is bad for the hair, and for this reason light hats ought to be selected for the children in warm weather. One of the best cleansers and strengtheners for thin hair with a tendency to fall out is rosemary tea. Pour hot water over the leaves and let them boil for a few minutes before straining. Apply to the roots of the hair with a brush. Castor oil and quinine in alcohol, with a little rosewater, is also an excellent tonic. The oil may be omitted if the hair is not dry.—Exchange.

Burmese Women.

The independence of Burmese women is remarkable. They manage their own affairs, *lord stalls in the bazaar*, with which no interference. They marry when they choose, and divorce their husbands as soon as they please. No jealous veils cover their faces, no melancholy purdah seclusion prevents them from mixing with the male sex. They first dance and laugh with as many admirers as they choose, and last of all they smoke—not dainty cigarettes on the sly, taking a whiff while they read the latest French novel, as their Bengalese sisters do; no, but cigars—cigars longer than men use in Europe, cigars a foot long and two inches in circumference, the price about two cents, and they smoke them all day.—Yankee Blade.

Fashionable Economy.

Among really well bred people genuine economy is looked upon as one of the cardinal virtues, and wastefulness is considered "bad form" as well as bad morals. Such people—in the wealthy classes—can afford to be economical, and they make the most of that privilege. They not only have the best of everything, but they have a second best for ordinary use. Wear and accident add a good deal to the expense of fine articles—of any sort. The cost of repairs on a fine watch makes it an expensive affair to carry constantly. *A second best timepiece* for every day soon pays for itself by saving all risks on the better one.—New York Ledger.

How to Eat an Orange.

It is considered a very healthful thing to eat an orange before breakfast. But who can eat an orange well? One must go to Spain to see Don Cleofas. He scorns to cut off the rind with her silver knife; then putting her fork into the peeled fruit she detaches every morsel with her pearly teeth and continues to eat the orange with out losing a drop of the juice, and lays down the core with the fork still in it.—Mrs. Sherwood's "Art of Entertaining."

Mothers of Several Prize Fighters.

John L. Sullivan's mother was a very large, powerful woman, and of great force of character. So was the mother of John Morrissey, and so was the mother of John C. Heenan. Sullivan's father was a small man, though I have been told that he was very strong and powerful, not only for his size, but for any size. Jim Corbett's mother is alive and well today. She is a large, powerful woman and has great will force. —New York Advertiser.

Provoking a Husband.

A Mohammedan woman cannot of herself separate from her husband without his consent. If she is clever, however, she will take him by surprise at an unguarded moment, and contrive to do or say something which will make him so angry that before he can exercise sufficient self control to stop himself he has uttered the wished for words.—London Tit-Bits.

Work of the Guanche Woman.

The duties of the ordinary Guanche woman were, in times of peace, to make the "gofio" in the simple hand mill still in use in the island, look after the house and help her husband with his pastoral and field labors, and in times of war to follow the army, carry off the wounded and attend to them and bury the dead.—National Review.

An Easy Way to Polish Finger Nails.

"Polish your nails with your fingers," says a manicure. "The friction of the flesh and the little oil which exudes from the pores get up quickly a healthy circulation beneath the nail, making it rosy, and fingers impart besides a better actual polish than the chamois rubber."

JOHN J. HYLAND.

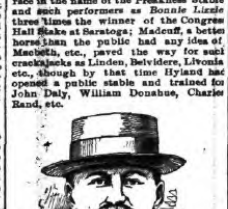
His Great Success as a Trainer of Race Horses.

One of the most successful trainers o race horses in this country is without i doubt the one during steeplechase rider John J. Hyland.

He is a ruddy-faced man, not yet forty if his appearance be the test, but as his name appears in the turf guides of twenty years or more ago as a rider of hurdles or steeplechases, it is fair to presume that his open-air life keeps the wrinkles out of his face as well.

Trainer Hyland's first engagement a trainer was for Mr. James Galway, who at that time raced in the name of Carr & Co., in which firm he was a partner.

The stable had some good breadwinners in it at times when Mr. Galway began to race in the name of the Piedmont Stable and such performers as *Bonnie Lizzie* three times the winner of the Congress Hall Stake at Saratoga; Madcuff, a better horse than the public had any idea of; Macbeth, etc., paved the way for such cracks as Jacks as Linden, Belvidere, Livonia etc., though by that time Hyland had opened a public stable and trained for John Daly, William Donahue, Charles Rand, etc.



JOHN J. HYLAND.

The season of 1891 will always be a red-letter one for Hyland, however, for it is not often that any trainer has the good fortune to go through any season with two such two-year-olds as His Highness and Merry Monarch, to say nothing of Ludwig, these three youngsters alone netting to the confederacy over $100,000, of which, if Hyland had a percentage, his share must have been $16,000, only one part of his income, by the way, which this year can easily be set down as $25,000. No one envies Hyland this handsome reward, for it *was a long time in coming.* Mr. Hyland has also trained horses for Mr. W. H. Sands, one of the stewards of Morris Park, and for Arthur Hunter, the well-known amateur rider.

BASE BALL ITEMS.

Catcher Berger has been released by th Washington club.

Philadelphia leads in fielding an Brooklyn in batting.

Manager Hanlon has sold his interes in the Pittsburg club.

George Wood is batting well since h joined the Cincinnatis.

The nine League games on Labor da were witnessed by 27,389 spectators.

*Virtue's work at first base for Cleve-*land could not well be improved upon.

Zimmer has caught every game th Clevelands have played during the sea son.

Forty players have been on the St Louis pay-roll since the season com menced.

The Washingtons have not won a game from the Chicagos, Cincinnatis or New Yorks in the *second half.*

Mike Kelly dropped a barrel of shone on his old friend, John L. Sullivan. Sa did "Honest" John Kelly.

Jack Glasscock has been playing bette ball this season than ever before in hi long career as a player. Young blood players may come and go, but "Black Jack" still is king of short stops.

Stivetts is the only League pitcher wh has shut out an opposing team without i hit this season. Cleans, Weyhing, Mai lane, Clarkson, *Hutchison and Sanders* have held their opponents down to one hit.

The famous old centre fielder of th Brooklyn Club, Corkhill, has retired from the diamond for good. He and his wif are in business together in Philadelphia and it is said that Mrs. Corkhill is a first class manager. "Base ball, the Brooklyn club and dentistry seem to be strangely linked," says a Philadelphia writer, "to every crank remembers Doc Mashoug, the crack catcher of seven years ago, who i now industriously engaged in pulling teeth."

A Novel Trotting Track.

Horsemen at Narragansett Park, Providence, R. I., this year will find a novelty in the way of a track bed that it is believed will eclipse anything seen on the Eastern Circuit. During the past six months the experiment of mixing pulverized potter's clay with fine mineral sand has proved successful. Fine, sandy loam was distributed over the old track and about 400 car loads of *potter's clay from* Nayatt Point, down Narragansett Bay, were dried, pulverized, and mixed with the loam. The clay was dusted on the track, forty tons at a time, and then gradually harrowed in. After this the track was puddled and then brushed. When dried out it was again harrowed and, leveled with a track scraper. The mile stretch is now as smooth as a billiard table, and as firm and elastic as an Indiarubber track would be. Experienced drivers who have tried the new surface *pronounce it the fastest track in the East,* and equal to any in the country.

The St. Louis Club's Trouble.

The St. Louis Club is having some hard luck. In addition to numerous cases of *injured players,* the team has been weakened by two desertions in the past few days. Pitcher Hawke, who was doing phenomenal pitching, left without leave, and third baseman McCormick has also disappeared. Hawke told Von der Ahe he was tired of pitching and wanted to go home, while McCormick said nothing but went.

No More Colored Men.

The Olympic Club has decided, in deference to the views of the New Orleans papers and a large number of members, to have no more fights between negroes and white men. This disposes of the possibility of a contest between Jackson and Corbett, or between Dixon and any white feather weight. The Dixon-Skelly fight created some unpleasant comments, and *the result is this decision.*

Hotels.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS

First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

Corner PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Beyond the Heat,

Above the weltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight

AT MIZZEN PEAK !

Build Your Home on Watchung Mountains Topmost Summit, and Enjoy Existence. Particulars of

J. T. VAIL, 40 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WHO WILL BE PRESIDENT ?

GUESS AGAIN!

Guess all you want to. Just now it is a subject for guessing. **But when you want Carriages or Harness, Don't Guess.** It is too risky. When you buy, your purchase should have not only quality, but reputation. And for an unexcelled variety of fine goods, the leading place is L. M. French's, 16, 18, 20 and 22 Somerset street.

A MAN IN RAGS

IS HANDICAPPED IN

THE RACE FOR SUCCESS.

CLOTHING FROM ONE

DOLLAR UP MAY BE

BOUGHT AT C. SCHEP-

FLIN & CO'S., 70

WEST FRONT STREET.

$40 for ONE PAIR of Shoes,

if the shoes are made of leather, is a price out of all reason.

DOANE & EDSALL are selling Shoes for women, fine fitting, long wearing, different widths, at ONLY

Two Dollars a Pair.

Doane & Edsall, 22 West Front Street.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

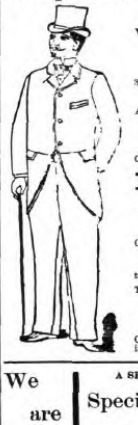
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

SPECIAL SALE !

OF

1,000 pairs of Trousers



at

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE

30 West Front Street.

A GOOD CHANCE for BARGAINS.

Our New Stock o

Fall and Winter

Goods Just Received.

It will pay you to examine them.

The Latest Styles in Hats and gentleman's furnishings.

A full line of Clothing for Children to Order.

We are about to Begin

A SERIES OF Special Sales of

DOLLS.

The Greatest Bargains ever shown in Plainfield.

WATCH OUR WINDOWS

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST

and Teacher of Singing

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address

NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Stoves ! Stoves !

at

MUSGRAVE'S

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE STORE,

25 and 27 Somerset street.

United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association

LEADING CASH GROCERS,

29 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

SELL GOOD S CHEAPER THAN YOU CAN BUY THEM ELSEWHERE.

5 gals Best Kerosene Oil, 150 test, and can, 90c.
5 " " " " 95c.
1 " " " and can, 25c.
1 " " " " 8c.
Granulated Sugar, 5½c lb.
Cut-up Powdered Sugar, 5½c lb.
If you want a very nice fat Mackerel, we have them, 11c lb.

Fine Elgin Creamery Butter, 28c lb.
Fine Dairy Butter, 23c.
New Crop Teas, (all kinds), 25c lb.
Choice Rio Coffee, 20c lb.
Sweet Potatoes, 25c basket, (16 quarts).
Mason's Fruit Jars, (1 quart) 68c. doz

Headquarters for Fruits and Vegetables

OF ALL KINDS.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH !

After the use of

Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.

Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child

A SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.

Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,

Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making say purchase.

A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

20 Per Cent. OFF on

Refrigerators. . . Lawn Mowers, . .
. . Ice Cream Freezers . . Hammocks . .

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware, . . . Paints Oils, Seeds.
. . Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

This Date in History—Sept. 28.

1493—Columbus, some 400 leagues west of the Canaries, was cheered by great flights of birds; two hawks lighted on the ship, birds which he believed never flew more than 30 leagues from land; he sounded 300 fathoms, but found no bottom.

1783—John Byrom, English author, died, aged 92.

1796—Thomas Day, author of "Sanford and Merton," popular book for boys, died.

1820—Strasburg surrendered to the Germans.

1841—Fire-damp explosion at the Gresson, Switzerland, killed 30 workmen.

1857—Rev. George B. Porteous was drowned at Cape May.

1860—Peter Kemp defeated Ed Hanlan in the great boat race at Sydney, N. S. W.

THAT GIRL I USED TO KNOW.

When in a reverie serene
I stray with willing feet
To the time when I was young and green
And mighty in conceit,
There comes to me a memory
Of the days of long ago,
And the pretty, sun browned face I see
Of the girl I used to know

We "went together" months and moons,
Together we rode and strolled,
Together we spent our afternoons
And evenings in the cold,
Till all the town had set it down
On the cards as a certain "go"
But were mistaken all the maiden brown—
That girl I used to know.

There are surprises in the years—
That girl and I, apart,
Forgot each other without tears
Or damage of the heart,
I met her once—the other day—
With a man who called her "wife"
"My daughter, sir," I heard her say—
That girl I used to know.

And so I wonder, as I see
Those pleasant days of yesterdays,
If yet it may not come to be,
In Time's uncertain ways,
That I may learn to fall in love
As in the long ago,
But this time with the daughter of
That girl I used to know.

—Chicago News-Record.

The Lottery Business.

Mrs. Enpik—Marriage is only a lottery anyhow.

Mr. Enpik—Hardly. A man does get a prize sometimes in a lottery.—Detroit Free Press.

A Sad Case.

"Why does Bilkers talk so much?"

"He has to talk a great deal before he says anything."—Chicago News-Record.

1892		September.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	6	4:08 p. m.	New Moon	20	8:16 p. m.
Last Quarter	13	7:50 a. m.	First Quarter	29	1:19 a. m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND CONFIDENCE.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization.

Wetumpka Lodge, 3401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Mount Hall Building.

Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VAN ALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. FORT, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between George L. Van Emburgh and Edward White, both of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Van Emburgh & White, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

G. L. VAN EMBURGH,
EDWARD WHITE.

Dated September 14, 1892. 15 tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 14, 1892.

To Whom it May Concern:

Be it known that Mr. Edward White and Morris C. Van Arsdale, of the City of Plainfield, County of Union, State of New Jersey, have this fourteenth day of September, 1892, formed a co-partnership under the firm name of White & Van Arsdale, to succeed the firm of Van Emburgh & White, dealers in dry goods, notions, etc., which business will be continued at the same place, No. 18 West Front street, where they will be pleased to serve patrons and friends.

EDWARD WHITE,
of the late firm Van Emburgh & White.
MORRIS VAN ARSDALE,
of the late firm of Doane & Van Arsdale.
14 12

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article,

A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea, to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

NEUMANN BROS.

BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

New Marble and Granite Works.

We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.

J. E. Townsend, Manager.

No. 30 SOMERSET STREET.

Yard—Westfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

40 per Year in Advance.

T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street, Lock Box 2. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

GORED BY A BULL.

ALEXANDER WOLFE HAS A NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

He Was Leading a Bull When the Animal Knocked Him Down and Ripped Open His Thigh.

Alexander Wolfe, a young farmer living on Plainfield avenue near the city line, recently sold a young bull to a neighbor. About half-past one o'clock yesterday afternoon he undertook to put a ring in the animal's nose so that it might be led to its new quarters.

As soon as Mr. Wolfe began to cut the flesh the bull objected and demonstrated the fact by striking him in the chest, knocking him down and fearfully goreing him in the upper thigh of his left leg, making a gash about three inches long and five inches deep. Dr. Carman was called and the wounds dressed. Mr. Wolfe is about twenty-five years old and a widower.

BREVITIES

—To-day is a big day at the Trenton Fair.

—All of the latest styles of hats are being shown at White & Van Arsdale's. The millinery opening takes place to-day, to-morrow and Saturday—don't miss it.

—Three of the electric lights on Linden avenue, between Steiner place and Somerset street, have not been lighted in a week. The people in that section are wondering why.

—Notices have been sent out by Mr. W. T. Kaufman, the secretary of the Melopois, announcing that the regular rehearsals, seasons of 1892-93, will begin on Tuesday evening, October 4th, at eight o'clock, in the Casino.

—The railway station, within the World's Fair grounds, where all excursion trains will discharge their passengers, will be a handsome structure costing $228,000, and will accommodate 25,000 persons at one time.

—The North Plainfield Democrats will hold a primary to-morrow evening to elect delegates to attend the Democratic convention of the Third Congressional District, to be held in Taylor's Hall, New Brunswick, on next Wednesday.

—At a meeting of the Philadelphia, Reading and New England Railroad Company the lease of the Dutchess County Road for the use of the line extending from Hopewell to Poughkeepsie, the property of the Dutchess County Corporation, was formally ratified. It was ratified by a vote of 65,986 shares out of 66,000.

—Fritz and Philip Frieze were arrested in Trenton this morning by Marshal Pangborn for stealing a Columbus bicycle from ex-Mayor Pancoast's son recently. They are now in the lock-up awaiting trial. Fritz Frieze was only released from the Reform School a few months ago after serving nearly two years for stealing a Warwick safety from Geo. W. Morrison. The wheel, however, was never recovered.

Attractions at Music Hall.

An "original extravaganza" is something new to Plainfield but that is offered in the initial production in this city at *Music Hall next Monday evening of* "Telephonia," a piece written by Mr. Lou Loubrice and under the well known management of Frank Rich. "Telephonia" is said to be the most elaborate scenic production now on the stage. Catchy music, humorous lines and startling *situations are its chief attractions.* The costumes new and costly, and the cast contains the names of talented people of the stage.

The Police Patrol was played at Music Hall last evening to a large and appreciative audience.

Republican Banner Raising.

The U. S. Grant Republican Club of North Plainfield will raise a campaign banner in front of Spencer's Hall, Somerset street, Saturday evening, Oct. 1. The occasion will be made gay with fireworks and music by a big brass band. It will be made brilliant by the beautiful electric lights and addresses by the Hon. John K. Magie of Illinois, and others.

The entire club will be on hand and are determined to make the *raising of* the banner a memorial event.

The Crescents Benefit Game.

The Crescent League base ball team have for some time been looking about for a good team to play a game with on Saturday. Arrangements were made this morning to play with the Patersons, all the players of which, except one, have at different times played in the league. The team is considered a strong one and a good game is anticipated. The entire proceeds will be divided among the players.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Raymond and daughter of 84 Kensington avenue have returned from the mountains.

Miss Julia E. Wyckoff of No. 9 Third Place entertained a number of her friends at a birthday party last evening.

Mr. John Sharp, formerly a Plainfielder but now of Newark, has had his family increased by the advent of a son. He will christen the boy John.

A New Tribe of Red Men.

Twenty-four members of the Miantonomo Tribe of Red Men of this city went to Raritan last evening to take part in the organization of a new tribe at that place. The new tribe has sixty charter members and will be known as Raritan Tribe, No. 174.

A FIFTEEN-MILE ROAD RACE.

Eight Colored Wheelmen Competing for Prizes.

The fifteen-mile handicap road race of the colored wheelmen of Plainfield is being held this afternoon. The start was made about four o'clock from a point on South avenue near Richmond street. The course will be twice around the Fanwood-Scotch Plains course and then to the top of Netherwood hill and return. Eight men started in the following order:

No. 5. J. Bolden, five minutes.
" 6. T. Peterson, five minutes.
" 7. P. Randolph, five minutes.
" 8. Tom Martin, five minutes.
" 4. Ed. Martin, four minutes.
" 3. Bert Harvey, three minutes.
" 2. Tallman, Eagle Wheelmen, Newark, scratch.
No. 1. Chas. Vanderveer, scratch.

The race promises to be very close between the scratch men, between whom there is some animosity. "Pid" Randolph says he is only going in to beat one fellow who is "too stuck up," and he but voices the feeling of all the others.

A HEN AND HAWK FIGHT.

The Hen Saves Her Brood After a Desperate Encounter.

A large hawk suddenly swooped at a brood of chickens that were feeding on the lawn in front of Mr. Isaac Vail's house near Basking Ridge, Sunday. The mother-hen saw it coming, and her chicks, at her cry of warning, fled to cover. The hawk lauded on the lawn and instantly the hen pitched into it.

For a few moments the combat was terrific and hen and hawk feathers filled the air.

The hen while fighting, however, indulged in such vociferous fowl talk that Mr. Vail, who was in the house loading gun-shells, ran out to investigate and the hawk then flew to the *shelter* of a neighboring wood.

The chickens were so well hidden that Mr. Vail jumped to the conclusion that the hawk had got them, and he went on a still hunt for that bird with his gun. As he was going quietly through the woods the hawk suddenly flew up a few feet in front of him. He almost blew it to pieces with the first barrel.

The brood and the mother-hen were contentedly feeding when he returned.

Wheeling Notes.

A lantern parade will be held by the Elizabeth wheelmen on Oct. 8.

The Bicycle Developer will build a bicycle track and ball ground next Spring.

The Rahway bicycle track will be widened ten feet, and will be otherwise *improved.*

Elizabeth Wheelmen will hold a fair from Nov. 9 to 12, and a committee has been appointed and is now at work.

A. A. Zimmerman will not endeavor to lower the one-mile record on the kite-shape track, as announced this week. He has postponed the trial and will ride at Wilmington on Saturday.

The coming runs of the Jersey City Athletic Club for October are as follows: Oct. 1, to Eagle Rock; Oct. 8, to Plainfield; Oct. 15, to Staten Island; Oct. 23, to Verona, and Oct. 29, to Riverside.

Umpire Hudson Tenders His Service.

Capt. Hofford of the Crescents this morning received a letter from William Hudson of Brooklyn, congratulating the team upon winning the championship and offering his services as umpire for the benefit game next Saturday, without pay.

As umpires Sullivan and Hopkins had already been secured, Captain Hofford thanked Mr. Hudson and though he was compelled to decline his offer, he fully appreciates the kindness which prompted it. Mr. Hudson umpired several of the season's games in a very satisfactory manner.

Before Justice Nash.

Papers were issued Tuesday by Justice V. W. Nash in the case of French against Green demanding premises. Trial will be held next Monday morning at ten o'clock.

The cases of Long vs. Van Ness, on contract, and Taynor vs. Smith, in tort, will be tried Monday afternoon at three o'clock.

The case of Hand vs. McInnis, on contract was settled Tuesday without trial.

Judgment for $10.35 and $2.65 costs was rendered in the case of Laire and others vs. Gaskill, on contract, in favor of the plaintiffs.

An Old Abolitionist Gone.

William Clark, one of the earliest of the abolitionists, is dead at Elizabeth, aged seventy-two. For nearly forty years he was a builder in that city, and was a prominent member and deacon in the Second Presbyterian church. He joined the Republican party at its inception, but voted for Horace Greeley when he ran for President. Mr. Clark was the father of School Commissioner Thomas Clark, and his daughter is married to Joshua Martin, shipper at the Port Johnston coal wharves.

Four Skeletons Uncarthed.

A Plainfielder, just returned from Pennsylvania, says he saw some workmen, digging sand for an iron foundry yesterday, unearth four skeletons; three of women and one of a man. They were deep in the sand and the skull of one of the skeletons, that of a woman, was badly crushed.

—The fall conference of the the Union County Christian Endeavor Union will be held in the First Presbyterian church at Rahway this evening.

CORRESPONDENCE.

How the Farmers are Fooled.

No. IV.

To the Editor of The News:—One of the reasons why the single tax has met in most cases the blind opposition of the farming classes, is that they have been told that Henry George proposed to tax their land, and that thus they would have to bear all the burdens of taxations, while others, not holding land, would get off scot free.

Now nothing, Mr. Hayseed, can be more utterly untrue. The single tax is *not* a tax on land, but on the *value* of land. If the land has no value there will be no tax. And if the value of land is small, so too will be its taxation. Now if you will get this idea through your somewhat thick buccolic skull, you will have solved one of the first principles of the single tax. You will have done more, you will have found out that your taxes, instead of being increased by it will be immensely decreased—inasmuch as that the tax being on the *value* of land would naturally fall on the cities where the value of land is enormous. Read *the following clipping from* The Evening News of 23rd inst.: The Christian Union calls attention to the fact that the real estate of New York city at ne is worth "as much as all the real estate between the Potomac and the Rio Grande." The Tribune adds further to this the information that *the millionaires of New* York city could buy up all the property in the former slave states.

The single tax on your farm would scarcely be felt. If you built a house or a barn your taxes would not be increased as at present. It is only the unimproved value of your land that would be taxed. Imagine your house, your barn, your stock, etc., all burnt down and your fields lying uncultivated. It is on the value of the land in this state on which you would have to pay the single tax.

At present the farmer pays his taxes in the simple belief that his is paying only what others pay. Rubbish! he is paying *at least* twice his share, for the reason that nothing he has can be hidden from the eye of the tax gatherer. Take the wealth of the cities. Those in the cities who have no visible property but who have their wealth stored away in the form of mortgages, shares, stocks, bonds, loans, etc. These, it is universally admitted, almost entirely escape taxation, because they are not visible, and the farmer has to pay nearly all. The single tax increased tax because *his property is* visible and can easily be assessed.

It is a very simple proposition that where a certain amount must be raised for taxes, if *one man* pays much less than his share, the *other man* must pay just so much more. Mr. Farmer, you are at present the "other man."

Under the single tax there would be no taxation on personal property, there would be no need of those custom houses, and the army of assessors and collecting money, which now lead, in almost every case, to untold demoralization, corruption, and waste. The total amount of taxation would be reduced at least one third, for the cost of collection would be trifling, as the land can never be hid, and the single tax would fall evenly on every one, as every one, though he may not own land *uses* land in some shape or form. Every piece of food, every animal, every tool, every piece of clothing has its origin in the land, and in thus taxing the single tax upon the value of land we economically and surely tax everything at the fountainhead, where unfairness in assessment is almost impossible as would be escape from necessary and just taxation.

No, Mr. Farmer, don't tell your friends any more that Henry George wishes to *increase* your taxes. On the contrary his strongest wish is to see you free from *the hard conditions which now surround* you and all the working classes, and so steadily increasing that, if not soon changed, anarchy or revolution will surely follow as the only dreadful loophole of escape from a State of increasing poverty among the masses which is *rapidly becoming intolerable.* Socrus.

To Free the Ballot-Box Stuffers.

Charles Peshall, the attorney for the ballot-box stuffers, in a successful effort in their behalf yesterday before Judges Green and Acheson of the United States Circuit Court. He presented a petition for a writ of habeas corpus for the release of Moschell, Fallon, and Hart, who are now in the State prison.

He declares that they are illegally imprisoned because they have been taken *out of the jurisdiction of the United* States Court.

The writ is directed against John Patterson, keeper of the State prison, and a copy has been served on him and on the Attorney-General of the State. The argument is to be made Oct. 6 before Judges Acheson, Green and Dallas in Trenton.

EMERSON DEPOSED AS EXECUTOR.

The Outcome of His Wasting of the Stillman Estate.

Howard L. Emerson of Central avenue, has been removed from the executorship of the estate of Mrs. Susannah Stillman, because he could not file a bond in the sum of $16,000 on or before September 14 as required by the court in consequence of a suit brought by the Seventh Day Baptist church. Neither could he give an accounting of the estate, $8,000 of which is missing.

Yesterday morning an order from the Orphan's Court, signed by Judge McCormick, was received by counsel for the petitioners, saying that Emerson had been removed, and Mr. J. Frank Hubbard of West Seventh street, appointed in his place, under $8,000 bond.

It was also ordered that Emerson should turn over the assets and settle his account as executor within fourteen days.

Emerson created quite a furor last Summer, when the story of his defalcation became known, and suddenly disappeared. After many days he was located at Washington, D. C., and brought home in an apparently demented condition.

The home of the Emerson family was recently sold at a sacrifice, and he is now reported to be somewhere in the West.

A year or more ago an account of some thrilling adventures which he claimed to have had was published in The News. *He said that while he was about to de-*posit several hundred dollars in a New York bank, a thief snatched the money from him and ran down the street. He followed and caught the culprit, who then drew a knife and was only prevented from using it on Emerson by his (Emerson's) greater strength. It is now thought by some that the story was circulated in order to account for the disappearance of the money.

Emerson was a lawyer and did business in New York. He was a member of the Seventh Regiment there, and of many clubs in this city.

COLUMBIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

New Series to be Issued to Mark the *Discovery of America.*

The Post Office Department at Washington has decided to issue what will be known as the Columbian series of postage stamps, to be furnished by the American Bank Note Company of New York, under a contract signed yesterday. The denominations of all of the series have not as yet been fully determined upon, but they will embrace all of the present series and probably some others.

The new stamp will be of the same heighth as the present series, but twice as long, the increased size being thought necessary in order properly to display the illustrations. These are intended to commemorate the discovery of America by Columbus, and several of the illustrations have already been decided upon. These are the "Discovery of America by *Columbus First Sight of Land*", Columbus's Fleet at Sea," from Leutze de la Mina; "Landing of Columbus," after the Van der Lyn picture in the United States Capitol, "The Santa Maria," Columbus's flagship, after Alfred Harrisse; "Columbus Asking Aid of Queen Isabella," and "Columbus Receiving the Story of His Discovery to Ferdinand and Isabella on His Return from his first voyage." On one of the denominations will appear a portrait of Columbus.

It is expected that the entire series will be put on sale Jan. 1, 1893, and during the succeeding year will entirely supersede the present series. It is expected that the net revenue to the Government from the sale of these stamps will be very large, and that their sale to collectors will largely exceed any previous issue. It is also believed that this issue will greatly stimulate interest in the exposition, both abroad and at home.

The Reading's August Showing.

The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company's statement for the month of August shows gross receipts of $2,052,301.50; gross earnings, $1,005,180.21; net, receipts from other sources $17,819.09, leaving a profit for the month of $1,022,117.16. From this is deducted $10,921.88, expenditures for permanent improvements, and $625,000 as one-twelfth of the current year's fixed charges, leaving a surplus of $386,295.31, an increase of $49,514.25, compared with the month of August, 1891.

The state of business of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company for the month of August shows an increase of $68,712.16 in the surplus compared with the month of August, 1891.

The result of the operation of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, lessee of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, for the Lehigh Valley Railroad, for the months of July and August, 1892, $1,725,052.10; expenses, $1,174,915.10, leaving earnings of $548,737, and increase of $67,184.36, compared with the month of July, 1891.

Rutgers Scientific School Extends its Work.

Last year the Rutgers Scientific school extended its activity more widely than ever before. Under the auspices of the Extension Department its professors were sent to various places throughout the State, courses were given in agriculture, astronomy, botany, chemistry and electricity, to audiences composed of men and women from almost every occupation in life, and in every case classes were organized which entered on a course of enthusiastic and profitable study. The synopsis number of persons attending the lectures was 325, with *a class enrollment of over 300.* About one-fifth of these took the final examination, on the basis of which fifty-seven extension certificates were awarded to successful students.

On account of the demand for this popular instruction the school has enlarged its corps of lecturers and greatly extended its work.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE,

THIS IS RECORD BREAKING YEAR.

Harry Jewett Smashes Another Record.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 29 (Special.)—The best record ever made in the United States for the 220 yards dash was that of Jewett of the Detroit Athletic Club on

HARRY JEWITT.

the Yale field yesterday afternoon. Jewett was in fine form, and made the distance in 21 3-5 seconds. By this performance Jewett equals the record made at Montreal last Saturday, when he broke the world's record for that distance.

Senator Roger Q. Mills Very Sick.

Corsicana, Tex., Sept. 29.—(Special).—Senator Roger Q. Mills' condition is worse. He may be unable to take further part in the campaign.

DR. C. F. STILLMAN'S WILL.

A Threatened Contest Averted by a Settlement in Court.

In Chicago yesterday Judge Kohlsaat admitted to probate the will of Dr. Charles F. Stillman, who for many years a prominent physician in this city and New York and went to Chicago about two years ago.

As published in The News of April 29 last, Dr. Stillman had wealth, position, friends and everything to make him a happy man, but he was erratic and nearly four years ago left his wife and lived openly with Miss Mabel Shaus, the daughter of a wealthy picture dealer of New York. Dr. Stillman was once medical examiner for the *Mutual Life Insurance* Company of New York. After his infatuation for Miss Shaus he had to resign his place. He left his wife in the East and went to Chicago, where he lived with Miss Shaus until the fall of this year. Last January Dr. Stillman contracted a severe cold which developed into pneumonia. He was a man of strong constitution, and only 38 years old, the disease overpowered him. Though the doctor was past surgeon, his brother, ex-Judge Wm. M. Stillman of this city went to Chicago and brought him East. He died on April 26, a few days after reaching this city, and his will, probated yesterday, bequeathed his entire estate, consisting of over $100,000 of policies and $4,000, to his paramour Miss Mabel Shaus. It was executed July 4, 1892, and witnessed by Charles Snyder of Elizabeth, and Walter H. Richards, residing at 105 East Fifty-ninth street, New York city. Their testimony was that of deponents.

A petition was filed yesterday by Mrs. Harriet G. Stillman, the widow, asking that William B. Clark, Jr., of 603 West Monroe street, New York, be appointed administrator of the estate. The widow and Miss Shaus have made a settlement concerning the property left by the deceased.

Miss Shaus filed a renunciation declining to act as executrix, and for a consideration has assigned all her interest in the legal heirs of the rights and interests she acquired under the will.

Police Court News.

The police court this morning did a rushing and profitable business.

Ah. Cook, John Hewitt and Barney Tracey were arrested about ten o'clock last night by Policeman Frederickson for being drunk and disorderly and using violent and indecent language. They plead not guilty and were fined $5 and costs before Judge Codington. Cook and Fillmore, who are old offenders, were each fined $6, in default of which they will spend twenty days in the Elizabeth jail. Tracey was discharged.

Charles Dawson and Thomas Welsh were arrested by Special Policeman Saunders for loitering on Eighth street last evening and otherwise acting in a suspicious manner. This morning Dawson was sentenced to pay a fine of $5 or spend twenty days in the county jail. As twenty cents was the extent of his available assets, he philosophically chose the jail. Welsh was discharged.

The trial of William Lee for illegal liquor selling which came up before Judge Codington this morning was postponed until Saturday, October 8.

TS aroma stimulates digestion.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

Enduring strength comes of its use.

NOTICE TO CITIZENS OF THE BOROUGH. Citizens and taxpayers of the Borough of North Plainfield are invited to attend and be heard at meetings of the Common Council on Friday evenings, Oct. 7th and Nov. 4th next, to be held at 8 o'clock P. M., for adoption, or amending, granting a franchise to construct and maintain a motor railway railroad on the several streets and avenues of said borough, as petitioned for by the owners of a majority of the property fronting on said streets, and by citizens of the North Plainfield Borough may determine.

WILLIAM L. SAUNDERS,
9 28 2 Mayor.

ARE YOU INTERESTED!

In keeping warm this Winter?
This a subject that will soon become vitally important.
The way to keep warm is to have a good stove.
Zimmerman & Rumpf are selling
Stoves as low as $4.50 for the parlor and cook stoves at $12 and upwards
The "Pahco King," Furnace. Also Hardware and Housefurnishings and Paints.
Remember the name and address.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

No Auction Sale AT Carey's This Week,

Sept. 30th, 1892
Store your furniture at Carey's, 76, 78 and 80 West Front street and Grove street.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, Sole Lessee and Manager.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3,

The Musical Extravaganza,

TELEPHONIA!

Telephonia *is brimful of fun, has lots of pretty girls, is a splendid spectacle, has a cast of thirty, will show you the World's Fair at Chicago. Don't miss this great laughing hit.*

Cent-a-Word Column.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD WANTED—By elderly gentleman. Warm room. Modern improvements. Not exceeding $6.50. Address "R. P.," care of Evening News. 28 2

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN AMERICAN, honest and temperate, wants situation on gentleman's place. Is experienced in all branches, thoroughly understands care of horses, cows and carriages. Can make himself generally useful. Best of references. Address Frank Lloyd, Ocean Grove, N. J. 27 6

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Small family. 99 2

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to keep house for elderly couple. A good home. Apply at W. W. Corlell's, 41 West Front street. 9 28 tf

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to solicit orders for nursery stock; expenses and salary to men who can leave home and be steady; also commission to agents; write for terms and territory. Address R. G Chase & Co., 1430 S. Penn St., Phila., Pa. 8 15 2m

WANTED—Chambermaid and waitress. Mrs. Fleming, 190 Park avenue. 9 29 2

LOST AND FOUND.

CALF found. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. John Brown, Plainfield avenue, near city limit. 27 3

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A fine new dwelling on Richmond street. Has been recently papered and painted. Has all modern improvements and will be rented for $25 per month until Spring. Address "H. H. M.," care of Evening News. 17-tf

UNFURNISHED house to let. Dr. Boone 81 Front street. 90 2w

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALL of the latest styles of hats are being shown at White & Van Arsdale's. The millinery opening takes place to day, to-morrow and Saturday. Don't miss it.

ANSWERS are here for those advertisers: "M." (1); "E. S. J." (5); "X." (1); "E." (1). Kindly call for same. 99 2

ARTIST-ARTISANS will exhibit Summer sketches Saturday, October 1. 140 West 23d street, N. Y. Visitors welcome. 9 21

CHARMING music rooms and a fine dancing hall to rent, very low. Enquire F. M. Holden, West Front street. 28 4*

CLOTHES washed by Mrs. Susan Robinson, at her home, 1 Plainfield avenue. References Mrs. B. W. Hand, 229 West Front street; Mrs. Sarah E. Randolph, 103 Dare street. 24 2

FOR sodding and grading address John Barry, Box 245, city. 9 28tf

MISS A. E. LINCOLN, the florist, has removed from Dunellen temporarily to 69 North avenue, until the completion of her new store, which she is about to erect on the old site, No. 60 Park avenue. 1-6*

MISS JEANNETTE A. MATTISON offers the use of a music parlor, 52 East Front street, for a few evenings or earlier hours each week. Suitable for instruction in music or classes in language, etc. Call or address Miss J. A. Mattison. 28 4*

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset. 9 26tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 22tf

USE NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR and self-raising Buckwheat, just received at City Mills. 9 24

WANTED—$1,800, on bond and mortgage on improved property, near depot. Address "Bond and Mortgage," care of Evening News. 28 5

ALFRED E. NELSON, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 2 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. (Stelle & White building). Eight years with Thomas H. B., also on the United States Coast Survey. All work guaranteed. 9 24 1y

SPECIAL SALE! OF 1,000 pairs of Trousers at WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE 88 West Front Street.

A Good Chance for Bargains.

Our New Stock of Fall and Winter Goods Just Received.

It will pay you to examine them.

The Latest Styles of Hats and gentleman's furnishings.

A full line of Cloths for Clothing to Order.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

That the citizens of this city and surrounding country may know from whom brands of all leading distillers of the land, and wines, both domestic and imported), from all the famous growers, may be obtained in Plainfield, it is my purpose to inform them.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC BEERS.

All the brands kept in stock. Hotels, saloons and private families supplied. Orders delivered free, day or night. Telephone, 157.

FRANK LINKE, 48 West Front Street.

FALL SHAPES IN DERBY HATS.

Hallock & Davis 5 West Front Street.

BEACH'S Celebrated PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD. Also HOME MADE White Bread, Gluten Bread, Breakfast Rolls. All kinds of Cakes, Crullers, etc.

A fine lot of Green Grape and Crab Apples Jellies, home made and extra nice. Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday dinner on or before Saturday morning.

M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The best thing for either a state or an individual that is dissatisfied with the existing order of things to do is to go to work and make money.

The bicycle boy is now the only rival Nancy Hanks need fear. Her best trotting mile has already been beaten by the champion wheelman, Arthur Zimmerman. In his great run at Springfield, Mass., he made a mile in a fifth of a second less time than Nancy's best.

In Louisiana there is a class of handsome and well to do persons, with a tinge of African blood in their veins, who constitute a society all to themselves. White people will not associate with them. They themselves will not affiliate with ignorant blacks. So they stand alone. They are refined and cultivated, and many of them are intellectually brilliant. They are the aristocracy of the colored race on this continent. But certain Chicago negroes have gone a step even beyond the Louisiana octoroons in establishing an aristocracy. A club has been formed of black and colored men who have married white wives. Into this particular variety of high life none may enter but the above mentioned and their families.

The Next Problems for Science.

A professor informs us that science has now immediately before her three great problems to tackle. The first is to produce electricity directly from coal; the second is to produce an illuminating purposes the "*beautiful soft* beaming light of the firefly and 'the glowworm," which illuminates without heat: the third task is air navigation. With these undertakings inventors must wrestle victoriously before there is any remarkable improvement in mechanical science.

This is all well. But there is one problem as mighty as any, which he does not mention. That *makes four for the* coming man of science to solve. The fourth problem is to find a way to make professors of science and philosophy write plain, short, decent sentences such as people can understand. The tremendous waste of gray matter, brain cells and "potential energy" involved in the attempt to make head and tail of *scientific and philosophical writing* as far exceeds the waste of fuel in producing steam as 10 exceeds 1. Take a sentence in this very magazine article. The reader begins it. He gets muddled and glances back a... the beginning. It is far off that he has a curiosity to count the words in it. There are 183 nearly half a page, and it wasn't a very good day for sentences either.

Cholera Humors.

The appearance of cholera about New York seems to have uncovered such a depth of smallness, selfishness and bad temper that the only thing the rest of the world can do is to lean back and take a humorous view of it. Why is it that somehow great scares show off human nature at a disadvantage? We give it up.

In the first place, when the president's proclamation calling for the twenty days' quarantine was issued, Dr. Jenkins, health officer of the port of New York seemed bent on impressing the public that he was a bigger man than Ben *Harrison*, and indicated that he would do as he pleased about obeying Ben. If he had such an estimate of his own importance it would have looked better in him to keep it to himself.

But the starch was quite taken out of the health officer when the Normannia's cabin passengers uncorked their vials of wrath and poured them over his hapless head. These representatives of the first families were held on the steamer for a week because there was no place to put them on shore. Some people would have been glad to get off with their lives without calling for finger bowls and buttered watermelon, not so the Normannians. It is true their situation was not a pleasant one, but everybody suffers loss and inconvenience in time of pestilence.

Bulletins from the Normannia compliment box were beginning to pall somewhat on the public when all at once, like a clap of thunder in a clear sky, came the great clam diggers' rebellion. Dr. Jenkins had finally secured Fire Island and the Surf hotel as a place to quarantine the Normannians. Governor Flower paid $50,000 out of his private purse to aid in the purchase of the hotel and grounds. Then uprose the mighty clammers of the Long Island shore opposite and swooped by all the quahogs in the great deep that fill their maws should the nose those passengers should go and Fire Island. It was true that the nearest clam digger's home was across Great South bay, eight miles away, but that was nothing. The fear of infection was not the thing. The genuine native Long Islander thought he could not dig and sell clams if the Normannia's passengers got shelter at the Surf hotel, though just why is hard to say. The passengers would still want to eat.

Governor Flower issued a proclamation calling on the rebels to disperse. It fell like a sea fog upon a barnacle. "We are the people," quoth the clam diggers of Long Island. And then with knives, pistols and clam shells in their clammy hands they actually resisted successfully for twenty-four hours the authorities of the whole state of New York.

PLATT BOOMS HARRISON

He Opens the Republican Campaign in New York City.

MILLER INSIDE THE BREASTWORKS.

Depew Says Brothers Miller, Platt and He Got on Opposite Sides of the Fence at Minneapolis, but That They Are the Friskiest Lambs in the Same Lot Now.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The first big Republican meeting of the campaign was held last night at Cooper Union The news that ex-Senator Warner Miller, ex-Senator Platt, Chauncey M. Depew and Whitelaw Reid were to speak attracted a large crowd. The speakers were escorted by the Lincoln Pioneer corps, of the Eighth assembly district. Their reception was most enthusiastic. Mr. Depew entered first, followed by Mr. Reid, Mr. Miller, Mr. Platt, Mr. Jacobus, William Brookfield, Elihu Root and other notable men in the party As soon as they were seated Mr. Brookfield, chairman of the *Republican* state committee, stepped to the front and presented as the presiding officer the Hon. Thomas C. Platt.

Mr. Platt's Speech.

Mr. Platt, after the applause had subsided which his appearance had evoked, thanked the audience for its kind reception and said he must protest against being stigmatized as a prodigal son. He was a Republican, and never expected to be anything else. He then referred to the lively contest which took place at the last convention between the friends of the different aspirants for the presidential nomination, and continuing said:

Only two conventions have occurred since the republic was founded in which the fiercest strife has not been engendered, and these were conventions which assembled for the second time to name for his country, Georges Washington, and the savior of his country, Abraham S. Grant. [Applause.] The Republicans who supported the different candidates at Minneapolis have nothing for which to apologize in favor of those who were in public life in the nation in the darkest hour of trial or in the golden day of its prosperity. [Applause.]

Contemplate the illustrious trio and mark well those remarkable men There was the champion of the great principle of protection to American industries, a statesman who has been weighed in the balance and never found wanting, a Republican tried by every test and true as the steel of a Damascus blade Ohio's favorite son and governor, William McKinley, Jr. Applause.

Grandly as ever loomed up in the list the stalwart form of the man whose name has stirred the hearts of millions of Republicans throughout the land as they have been inspired by no man of his generation. You anticipate his name, and I do not need to mention James G Blaine, of Maine. [Applause.]

But a majority of the convention decided that he who from 1860 to 1880 was the nation from Democratic misrule, who during the years of his incumbency had so faithfully borne the Republican standard and whose administration had so signally promoted national prosperity, should lead us again to victory and Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana, became the Republican nominee. [Applause.]

The Tariff Question.

The Democratic convention at Chicago announced the McKinley tariff as a cheat and a fraud, denied the constitutional right to protect the workingman, threw the plank of tariff reform enacted by the Fathers and substituted *another plank sawed out long ago by the late* Samuel J Tilden, namely, "Tariff for revenue only." On that plank the Republican party joins issue with the Democracy [Applause.] The Republican party believes that the most fundamental duty of government is the protection of the workingman, and that the noblest work to which any party can dedicate itself is to foster home industries, to build up home industries by which the progress and prosperity of the nation are assured. [Applause.]

The Democratic party has declared in its declaring that protection is a cheat, but neither of them dares indorse absolute free trade, so they have both gone out of doors to the platform and to straddle the issue.

In his last letter of acceptance Mr. Cleveland has been forced to wrestle with a conditional theory, viz., he has been forced to split upon the platform and to expect to ride as a consistent Democrat. Again, he overlooked that embarrassing condition which was embodied in the recent report of the excellent Democratic official known as the commissioner of statistics of labor. He should have definitely settled the question whether he should be crucified to appease the wrath of the free trade mugwumps, and thus be put on the list of martyrs to the glorious cause of protection. He has been driven to embrace the tariff ideas of his arch enemy, and to humiliatingly admit the imaginary basis of the protectionist statesman, who has stigmatized him as "a stuffed prophet." In the expressive language of that same Democratic oracle, "The tariff part of Mr. Cleveland's letter is full of carefully considered maxims and is as elastic as caoutchouc." [Laughter and applause.]

The Federal Elections Bill.

Mr Platt then went on to define the position of the Republican party on the question of reciprocity and to say a few words in regard to the so-called "force bill." He said of the latter question:

"Democratic newspapers have persistently for months past spread through their columns all sorts of inflammatory appeals and bogie information in regard to this alleged force bill. There never has been a force bill which was indorsed by the Republican party, and the information furnished on that subject is of the same character as the cable dispatches of interviews with Bismarck and imaginary discoveries in the geography of Mars. The issue is forced factitious and fraudulent. The Republican party, however, believes in a free ballot and a fair count, and that we will have. [Applause.]

Mr Platt then charged the Democrats with having stolen the senate in New York, an act which would be punished in the coming election by the voters, and closed with an eloquent appeal to the Republicans throughout the country to organize and do their duty, "and when election days come down on the 8th of November next it will set upon one of the most glorious victories that ever crowned the efforts of the Republican party since the election of Abraham Lincoln. [Great cheering and prolonged applause.

Miller Inside the Breastworks.

Mr Platt was followed by Chairman Brookfield, who read a long list of vice presidents, among them Vice President Morton, William M. Evarts and Mr. Depew. Elihu Root then offered the resolutions. They indorsed the party, its candidates and the platform on which they stand, and were couched in terms that did not disguise their meaning. They were adopted with a ringing "aye."

Mr Reid was introduced by Mr Platt as the first speaker in a happy word or two He wore a double breasted coat, and his eye glasses dangled from a thread at his button. He did not make a long speech, but he did make an earnest one, and it was punctuated by applause.

When he asked what sort of a majority the state of New York ought to give against Cleveland, one man with lungs stronger than the rest shouted, "Fifty-six thousand!"

"Will you take care that the Empire state does it?" asked Mr Reid.

"Yes, we will!" shouted the audience.

In introducing ex-senator Warner Miller Mr. Platt spoke as follows:

There is harmony everywhere, not only in New York, but all over the state. [Applause.] This is a veritable love feast. [Laughter and applause.] Instead of the bitterness which characterized the Minneapolis convention, Governor McKinley discussed the condition of the country and the relation of the two great parties. As this is a great wool growing district, he endeavored to show why a tariff on wool benefited the farmer of this district. He also spoke of the exports, imports, the silver question and other issues. His address was notable for the ninth avenue to the Boulevard, was crowded before the procession started from the house to the church. The casket, preceded by the honorary pallbearers, was carried from the library to the hearse by six noncommissioned officers of the Twenty-second regiment. The honorary pall bearers were Alexander Bremer, president, and John Hunt, secretary of the Musical Mutual Protective union; Jacob Hammerandt, commander, and J. M. Peck, past commander of Musical Post 452, G. A. R.; J. D. Diamond and James P. Farrell, of the Catholic club, of New York, and John A. Calderff and Thomas J. Cummings, of the New York Press club.

Following these the procession was formed by sixteen members of company D, Twenty-sixth regiment, consistent of the Lotos, Press and Catholic clubs; the National Federation of Americ: the, Old Guard, St. Patrick's society, board of officers of the Twenty-second regiment and the Musical union and post. There were a number of carriages containing many floral pieces, harps, lyres, music stands, shields and batons. The casket was wrapped in an American flag, which was covered with roses.

At St. Francis Xavier's church solemn high mass was conducted by Father Denny, S. J., celebrant; Father Van Rensselaer, S. J., deacon; Father Collins, S. S., subdeacon, and Father Pardow, S. J., preacher.

The mass music was under the direction of Organist Klein, assisted by Nahan Franko, violinist.

After the services the escort of the Twenty-second, under command of First Sergeant Mara, stood at "present" as the procession reformed for the march to the ferry. The band played "The Last Tribute" as the march was resumed, and at the Twenty-third street ferry Nearer, my God, to Thee" was the last lick this side of Calvary cemetery there was a military salute of three rounds by the escort from the Twenty-second.

Mr. Miller's Speech.

Warner Miller spoke as follows:

Ladies and gentlemen, I stand here as an active representative of the class that has been described to you by our president. All differences in the Republican party ended when the convention at Minneapolis declared its choice The Republican party has always allowed the greatest liberty in the choice of candidates, but when once chosen every Republican has been loyal to the cause, loyal to party principles and loyal to party candidates And tonight, in the state of New York, whatever differences may have existed have passed away, and the Republican party has only one cause to command its attention and effort—success.

We present the record of the present Republican administration, and we say upon that record it is important that there should be a vote of a want of confidence.

Mr Reid has told you the achievements of this administration in foreign affairs Has it not been a grand success? In every point we have maintained the dignity of the nation. In our internal affairs we have been able to command the respect of all our people, without distinction of party. The highest praise that can be conferred on General Harrison is that his administration has been clean, wise and patriotic and in these matters it has not been surpassed by any administration that has preceded it It has been patriotic in this, that it has been thoroughly American.

The remainder of Mr. Miller's speech was confined to a discussion of the tariff and of the proposed abolition of the tax on state banks of issue.

Depew on Cleveland.

Mr Platt then introduced Dr Chauncey M. Depew, who received his usual ovation in part as follows:

I came here for the purpose of convincing the skeptical Democratic newspapers that there is harmony in the Republican party [Applause and laughter.] Brother Miller and Brother Platt and I [laughter] got on the opposite side of the fence at Minneapolis, but we are both the friskiest lambs in the same lot. [Applause.]

The Democratic literary directors are indebted to me. I have furnished a document which they are printing 10,000 copies where they print 100 of Cleveland's letter of acceptance. It is the speech of the year. I made at the Astor House dinner describing Mr Cleveland as a typical American.

It stands prominently at the head of every Democratic newspaper in the state; it is framed and stands over the bar with the worsted motto in the country home, "God Bless Our Home." You will find it there." Chauncey Depew's opinion of Grover Cleveland."

*After reading Mr. Cleveland's letter of ac*ceptance, I have to say there are two things about that speech—one is, the gentleman I described in that speech as the typical American is not the man who wrote the *letter of acceptance* [applause], and the other is that I did not make that speech

PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICANS

John B. Robinson Re-elected President of the League Clubs.

WILLIAMSPORT, Sept. 29.—The state convention of Republican League clubs held its sessions in the Lycoming Opera house. President John B Robinson in the chair. There were representatives of 195 clubs present.

The president announced that the league now has a membership of 233 clubs and that the treasury contains $1,400

Resolutions were adopted indorsing the administration of President Harrison as pure, patriotic and statesmanlike; approving the work of the Fifty-first congress, especially its action in the passage of the McKinley tariff bill. The members of the league are recommended to familiarize the voters of their respective localities with the operation of the new secret ballot law, and to pledge themselves to work unitingly for the success of the Republican ticket, national and state, in order "to continue the prosperity and happiness of the people of this land." The last resolution is as follows:

This convention views with alarm and apprehension the persistent and determined efforts of the Democratic party to disturb and destroy our present stable and sound currency system and the consequent return to the days of wild cat and uncertain values without stability or security in any form.

Letters of regret were read from President Harrison, John S. Clarkson, Secretary of the Treasury Charles Foster, Auditor General D. M. Gutfreigg, Congressman John Dalzell, ex-Lieutenant Governor William T. Davies, Congressman H. H. Bingham and Secretary of Internal Affairs Thomas J. Stewart.

All of the present officials were re-elected They are: President—John B Robinson, Media, Delaware county. Vice presidents-at-large—Gen. Hastings, Philipsburg; William D. Wallace, Newcastle, Lawrence county; John C. Carter, Lancaster. Recording secretary—E. N. Randolph, Pittsburg. Treasurer, Mahlon D. Young, Philadelphia. The office of corresponding secretary, now held by William Linn, of Philadelphia, is an appointive one. The state president of the league having the appointing power. The chair reappointed Mr. Linn.

DEMOCRATS IN CONFERENCE.

The Situation in New York City the Subject Under Discussion.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Chairman Harrity, of the Democratic national committee, and Senator Gorman, of Maryland, arrived here in time to attend the most important meeting of the campaign committee held since the opening of the campaign. Nearly all the members of the committee were present. The principal business before the meeting was a discussion of the local situation in this city, which was very much complicated by the action of the anti-snappers at their last meeting, at which it was almost decided to put an anti Tammany local ticket in the field.

The committee appointed at that meeting to confer with the national committee arrived at national headquarters, and after three hours of animated discussion they left apparently satisfied At the close of the conference the following statement was given out by the national committee:

The questions and statements contained in the resolutions adopted by the Harrity organization, as to how the draft of Cleveland and Stevenson might best be promoted and the largest vote polled in the city of New York for the Democratic candidates, were discussed and a number of suggestions were made looking to a thorough organization of the voters of the city of New York, together with such incidental demonstrations as might be necessary to arouse enthusiasm and stimulate them to greater activity

It was stated by the chairman of the visiting committee that the committee was not empowered to submit or discuss, but on the contrary had been expressly prohibited from formally submitting or discussing with the national committee the question of independent local nominations, but that question was informally discussed.

McKinley in Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The Republicans of western Pennsylvania, aided by the presence of their champion of the tariff, Governor McKinley, of Ohio, formally opened the campaign of 1892 at this place Hon. James McLaine was appointed president of the meeting, and in a few well chosen words introduced Governor McKinley Governor McKinley discussed the condition of the country and the relation of the two great parties. As this is a great wool growing district, he endeavored to show why a tariff on wool benefited the farmer of this district. He also spoke of the exports, imports, the silver question and other issues. His address was notable for the ninth avenue to the Boulevard, was crowded before the procession started from the house to the church. The casket, preceded by the honorary pallbearers, was carried from the library to the hearse by six noncommissioned officers of the Twenty-second regiment. The honorary pall bearers were Alexander Bremer, president, and John Hunt, secretary of the Musical Mutual Protective union; Jacob Hammerandt, commander, and J. M. Peck, past commander of Musical Post 452, G. A. R.; J. D. Diamond and James P. Farrell, of the Catholic club, of New York, and John A. Calderff and Thomas J. Cummings, of the New York Press club.

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After the services the escort of the Twenty-second, under command of First Sergeant Mara, stood at "present" as the procession reformed for the march to the ferry. The band played "The Last Tribute" as the march was resumed, and at the Twenty-third street ferry "Nearer, my God, to Thee" was the last lick this side of Calvary cemetery there was a military salute of three rounds by the escort from the Twenty-second.

GILMORE'S IMPOSING FUNERAL.

A Military Salute Over the Grave in Calvary Cemetery.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The funeral of P. S. Gilmore was notable for the number and character of the social, civic and military organizations which were officially represented and assisted in various capacities in the services. Brandmeyer's Austrian band had provided orchestration for eighty pieces, and that number of players were selected from the hundreds of volunteers

Eighty-sixth street was the line of march followed by the procession, started from the house to the church. The casket, preceded by the honorary pallbearers, was carried from the library to the hearse by six noncommissioned officers of the Twenty-second regiment. The honorary pall bearers were Alexander Bremer, president, and John Hunt, secretary of the Musical Mutual Protective union; Jacob Hammerandt, commander, and J. M. Peck, past commander of Musical Post 452, G. A. R.; J. D. Diamond and James P. Farrell, of the Catholic club, of New York, and John A. Calderff and Thomas J. Cummings, of the New York Press club.

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SAMPLES BY MAIL OF

WALL PAPER BARGAINS

At Less than Manufacturers' Prices

TO CLOSE OUT.

Every roll new and selected from the best and largest manufactories, by whom they were manufactured for this season.

Pretty PAPERS, 5c. Roll;

HANDSOME GILTS, 9c. Roll;

6 to 10 Inch BORDERS, 1c. Yd. or Fastoop.

6 to 18 Inch BORDERS, 2c. Yd. or Fastoop.

Elegant GILTS, 2½ to 3c. Yd.

SEND 6c. IN STAMPS

for pair of Handsome Lace Curtains, Portiers, &c.

H. DADY, Providence, R. I.

We refer to Providence Journal, Providence Telegram, Providence Star, Providence Tribune, Providence Press, Providence Dispatch, Providence Evening Bulletin, Providence Herald, Providence Sunday Star, Providence Sunday Journal, Providence Sunday Telegram, Providence Sunday Dispatch, Providence Sunday Bulletin, Providence Sunday Herald, Providence Sunday Press, Providence Sunday Tribune

AGAINST LIZZIE BORDEN.

A New Link in the Chain of Circumstantial Evidence.

IT POINTS TOWARD THE ACCUSED.

It Is Intimated That It Was the Who Robbed the House Previous to the Murders, and That Her Father Knew It and Refused to Prosecute the Girl.

FALL RIVER, Mass. Sept. 29.—New light that will no doubt have an important bearing on the trial of Lizzie Borden has been thrown upon the robbery of the murdered Mr and Mrs. Andrew J Borden, which occurred on June 24, 1891. It will be remembered that the facts of this robbery had been kept secret and were not brought to the public notice until after the mysterious murder of the old couple The police, after a long investigation of the matter, were perfectly satisfied that they could place the thief under arrest, but this never occurred because, it is stated, Mr. Borden declined to press the charge.

Mr. Borden reported the robbery on the afternoon of the date mentioned He said his own room over the kitchen had been entered and a desk used for his private papers broken open. From this desk had been taken eighty dollars in bills, thirty dollars in gold coin, a number of horse car tickets for use by directors of the company, a lady's gold watch, a lady's gold watch chain with tassel charm, a lady's pocketbook made of Russian leather and some trinkets of more or less value.

All the articles except the money and tickets belonged to Mrs Borden, and in the stolen pocketbook was a lock of hair, which the old lady dearly prized The private papers of Mr Borden were scattered about inside the desk, and some of them appeared to have been the subject of scrutiny by the thief.

No Traces of a Burglar.

Captain Dilsey, Inspector Desmond and Inspector Perron were put on the case. They found that none of the members of the family had been away from the house during the day. All the doors, as far as they knew, were locked the night before, when the articles were safe in the desk. The burglary was committed sometime in the forenoon. The first view the inspectors found was in a door at the head of the stairs which opens into Mr Borden's room.

A tenpenny nail was found sticking from the keyhole The head of the nail was on the outside of the door. It was first thought that the lock had been picked, but a minute examination showed that it had not been tampered with at all. A thorough search of the premises failed to reveal any traces of the burglar.

The officers reported what they had learned to Mr. Borden, and later had a talk with Mrs Borden, Lizzie Borden, Emma Borden and Bridget Sullivan. The detective shadowed crooks and other officers rode on the horse cars to find if possible some one using the stolen tickets. Conductors had seen none of the pasteboards, neither did the officers find trace of any. None of the stolen property was ever recovered, although pawnshops and other places where a professional burglar would try to palm off his ill gotten goods were searched.

An Important Link.

Finally the inspectors sent for Mr Borden and told him that they could arrest the thief at any time They told Mr Borden something which astounded him, and the case was dropped very quietly at the old gentleman's request. He told the police authorities that he did not care about the money or the watch, but he wanted the chain and lock of hair, because Mr Borden prized them beyond all worth. The detectives had worked very secretly in the matter. Newspapers were kept in the dark about the whole affair until the exciting hour following the discovery of the murdered old couple. Then the fact that a mysterious robbery had occurred was developed to the police were loath to give any information to the reporters.

Some of Mrs. Borden's friends, who became possessed of some facts regarding the theft, made statements which were worked on by the newspaper men. Chief Hilliard was seen in his office and told just what has been written. He showed a great deal of surprise, and when questioned about the matter he said: "I'm not ready to go into that matter yet. I must find if any one has been giving information from this department. Some of the statements are true, some are not. No, I will not talk about the matter."

The facts concerning this mysterious robbery, it is understood, will be more thoroughly elucidated at the trial, and are expected to form an important part of the government's case.

Kidnaper Barrick Arrested.

PHŒNIXVILLE, Md., Sept 29.—Webster Barrick was lodged in jail here to-night charged with kidnaping twelve-year old Cora Shriver, of Lebanon, Pa The girl will be held for the arrival of her father Barrick has been in the tobacco business at Harrisburg, where he employed the girl in his store.

Walton and Hoyt Arrested.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept 29.—P Theodore Walton, a son of the well known hotel proprietor, and Frank H Hoyt, said to be a son of ex-Governor Hoyt, were arrested for conspiracy and enticing Edward Cullen for the purpose of gambling and for getting from him $602

Welsh Tin Plate Works to Close.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The Alyn tin plate works at Mold, Wales, will be closed for four weeks unless the men accept a 10 per cent reduction of their wages. The Times attributes their difficulty to the McKinley bill.

Oil Struck in New York.

HORNELLSVILLE, N Y., Sept. 29.—Oil has been struck at a depth of 136 feet on the farm of Charles Hartshorn, one mile west of this city, on what is known as Haid hill

Andrews Made the Trip.

MADRID, Sept. 29.—Captain Andrews, who crossed the Atlantic in a dory, arrived at Rueiva. He made the trip in sixty-eight days.

Killed Crossing Tracks.

KENT O., Sept. 28.—Fred Wurster and Louis Heaiin were struck by a train and killed while driving across the tracks.

Elkins in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Secretary Elkins has returned to the city and resumed his duties as secretary of war.

We Give England Points.

BOSTON, Sept. 29.—Sir G. Whitaker Ellis, ex-lord mayor of London, is here inspecting the electric car system.

Better Still.

He—We have a clock that says "Cuckoo." She—We are going to get one that says "What, must you go?"—Life.

Not Good Authority.

The composer Rossini was once promised by a friend a dinner of turkey and truffles. The friend showed a disposition to postpone the dinner and make excuses. One of these excuses, and we may hope it was the last one submitted, was disposed of by the musician with characteristic wit and originality.

One day Rossini said, "Well, my dear friend, when are we to have that turkey?"

"Truffles are not good at this season," said his friend.

"Don't you believe it," replied Rossini, "what report was started by the turkeys."—Youth's Companion.

A Dutiful Daughter.

Mrs. Lakeside—I don't see why you can't marry Mr. Fatpurse.

Daughter—Let me please myself this time, ma, and I'll try to please you the next time.—New York Weekly.

An Interesting Reply.

Miss Sears—What prompted you to propose, you good for nothing?

Chapley—Well, I thought no one else would if I didn't.—New York Truth.

DON'T FEAR CHOLERA.

The Famous Specialist, Pettenkoffer, Tells How to Avoid the Plague.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The correspondent in Germany of the International Telegram company sends from Munich an interview with Dr von Pettenkoffer concerning the nature of the cholera epidemic Dr Pettenkoffer at once declared that the cholera is a noncontagious epidemic, and that the spreading of the epidemic is entirely dependent on sanitary conditions of the locality where it first shows itself.

During thirty years Pettenkoffer has made the cholera a special study in all parts of the world, and in his opinion the theory that well persons are infected by sick persons through linen or clothes is erroneous The contagion is conveyed, he says, from organism to organism only through food or drink and fetid smells. He maintains that the Hamburg epidemic is proof of his theory that local conditions are responsible for an epidemic After giving full credit to Professor Koch's discovery of the comma bacillus Pettenkoffer severely criticized the measures at present in vogue and decreed in the central authorities in Berlin. He denied that isolation or quarantine measures had any value whatever. No quarantine would save a place from infection. In a city which is exposed to cholera by its trade with foreign ports the best preventive would be found in good drinking water, a complete system of sewerage, perfect sanitary arrangements even in the lowest quarters, airy houses and clean courtyards. A city with such advantages he said, need never fear the spread of cholera.

Pettenkoffer, in continuing, said that nobody need be afraid of infection from persons in person. On the contrary people ought to remain where the cholera appears and assist the stricken. They should however, take care to live a regular life and not tempt infection from foul water or food, the only agents to spread infection.

Stamped Out in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—There is not even a trace of cholera to be found in this city, and at quarantine the disease has once more been stamped out There were no new cases or deaths at either of the hospital islands or on the detained steamship Bohemia. The Scandia and Bohemia are being disinfected and fumigated daily under the supervision of Dr Kinyoun, of the Marine hospital service. The steamships Noordland and Teutonic arrived and were allowed to go to their respective docks.

Cold Water for Cholera.

HAMBURG, Sept. 29.—There have been 121 fresh cases of cholera in this city today, or twenty-five fewer than yesterday; fifty-three deaths, or four fewer than yesterday. 195 burials, or seven fewer than yesterday. In the hospitals there are 1,820 patients, a decrease of 112 since yesterday Cold water is being tried as a new remedy in apparently hopeless cases. The object is to induce copious perspiration. So far the results of this treatment have been very satisfactory.

It Was Not Cholera.

LYNN, Mass., Sept 29.—Mrs. Freedman, the cholera suspect, is suffering from other causes. She is recovering.

Three Cholera Deaths in Havre.

HAVRE, Sept. 29.—There were three new deaths from cholera in this city.

The German Catholic Congress.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 29.—The closing meeting of the great German Catholic convention was held in Caledonia Park hall. About 6,000 persons were present. The resolutions commended the attacks made on Herr Cahensly, declared that parochial schools were the only ones for Roman Catholics to attend, and Catholics should only give their votes to candidates who took a correct stand on the school question. They advocated the restoration of the pope's temporal power, and said they would strive with all legitimate means to regain the freedom due to "the successor of St. Peter." In speaking of the Columbus celebration, they hoped the observance would soon be the list of canonized saints. They also advocated opening the World's fair on Sunday All the resolutions except the last one were adopted by the congress The last was defeated by a decisive vote.

The New Postage Stamp.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—From and after Jan 1 next the familiar face of George Washington will disappear from the two cent postage stamps, and an illustrative picture of Columbus and his discovery of America will take its place.

President Washburn Drops Dead.

HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., Sept 29.—Uriah T Washburn, president of the People's bank dropped dead at the West-Shore railroad station at West Haverstraw.

PEERLESS NANCY HANKS.

The Supreme Queen of the Turf Trots a Mile in 2:04.

A PHENOMENAL BURST OF SPEED.

The Sleek Beauty Never Wavered in Her Course, but Went Like the Wind from Start to Finish, Putting Completely to the Shade All Previous Records.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 29.—The world's record for the light harness horse, either trotting or pacing, was lowered yesterday when Nancy Hanks trotted a mile in 2:04. The 10,000 people who saw it said breathless for a moment after the little mare passed under the wire, and even Doble, always modest of speech, declared when carried to the judges' stand on the shoulders of the crowd and called upon for a speech, that he was "horse and Nancy Hanks went so fast it took my breath away."

It was near 5 o'clock when Starting Judge Walker announced that Nancy Hanks would go to beat her record of 2:07, made over the regulation track at St. Paul. The daughter of Happy Medium had been worked two miles in 5:36 and 5:33 respectively earlier in the afternoon. The runner, Abe Lincoln, stood opposite the flag while Nancy was taken well up the stretch for the start. Coming like a whirlwind down the stretch, Abe was at her wheel and Doble nodded for the word.

The Clip Was Terrific.

The clip was a terrific one. She was at the eighth in 15½ seconds and at the first quarter in 31 seconds. The second, an "up hill" quarter, was done in 31⅝ seconds, the half being reached in 1:03⅝. The excited crowd began to cheer, but at a word of admonition from the judge lapsed into silence. This was only broken by murmured "Ohs" when the third quarter was done in 29½ seconds. Even the judges were appalled at the wonderful burst of speed and thought the mare was running away. So fast did she come that no one could tell her gait.

On she flew and into the stretch, never faltering. Doble, with his steady hand and clucking gentle "whoas" to keep her steady, squared her away for the great finish home. Even her light hoofbeats resounded loud to the silent crowds. As Doble gathered her for the final effort he touched her gently with the whip, gave two of those masterful lifts of his, and the world's record, either pace or trot, was lowered 1¾ seconds and the record for regulation track three seconds.

Doble Thinks She Can Do Better.

The excitement over the great mile did not really begin until evening when the crowds gathered about the hotels. Nearly every noted driver in the country is here, and all are unanimous in declaring that it was the most wonderful mile ever done. Mr. Doble received hundreds of telegrams of congratulation from all over the country. He and Mr. Bonner, "Nancy Hanks' boy," over a regulation track." This is a gentle hint that the owner of Maud S. and Sunol can present him the $5,000 offered for the first mare to trot a mile in 2:05 over a regulation track.

Mr. Doble was asked if he thought Hanks had reached her limit. He said the track was just right, the mare was just right and the driver was at himself. As to the possibilities of Hanks lowering her record, he thought she could. He said that to-day she would train on next year and be even a better mare than now.

The official time of the mile is: :31, 1:02½, 1:33¼, 2:04.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

At Boston—										R.	H.	E.
Boston	5	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	—	9	13	2
Brooklyn	0	2	0	1	2	1	0	2	—	8	12	3
Staley, Stivetts and Ganzel; Kennedy and Kinsley.												
At Baltimore—										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	8	2
New York	2	7	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	14	13	2
Vickery and Robinson, Rusie and Boyle.												
At Cincinnati—										R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	5	9	4
Cleveland	1	3	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	9	15	2
Mullane, Dwyer, Vaughan and Murphy; Clarkson and Zimmer.												
At Philadelphia—										R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	1	0	2	3	0	0	4	0	x	11	14	1
Washington	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	5
Abbey and McGuire, Weyhing and Clements.												
At Louisville—										R.	H.	E.
Louisville	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	4	8	2
Chicago	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	x	5	9	0
Sanders and Merritt, Hutchinson and Kittridge.												
Second game—										R.	H.	E.
Louisville	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	—	5	5	2
Chicago	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—	3	10	3
Stratton and Merritt, Hutchinson and Kittridge.												
At St. Louis—										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	6	8	4
Pittsburg	2	4	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	10	10	2
Hawley, Buckley and Briggs; Terry and Mack.												

Lephia Bryant Divorced.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Sept. 29.—Sophie M. Converse, known to the literary world as Lephia Bryant, has been granted a divorce from Ben Converse. Mrs. Converse is a cousin of the late William Cullen Bryant.

An Aristocratic Forger.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Dr. Francis Charles Scott-Sanders, of the Lyric club, was arrested for forging the signature of the Earl of Londesborough to a big check.

Mellen Hasn't Resigned.

BOSTON, Sept. 29.—General Manager Mellen, of the New York and New England railroad, denied his reported resignation of that office.

A Buffalo's Pool Room Case.

BUFFALO, Sept. 29.—The jury in the case of Barney Fossett, the test trial of the pool rooms cases, has rendered a verdict of not guilty.

Parnell's Widow Seriously Ill.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Mrs. Parnell, formerly Mrs. Shea, and widow of the late Charles Stewart Parnell, is seriously ill at Wohling.

A Woman Burned to Death.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Sept. 29.—The explosion of a lamp caused the death of Mrs. Sarah Wilmott at her home in Scriba.

Mike McDonald Indicted.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—The grand jury has indicted Michael C. McDonald on one charge of bribery.

Senator Mills Sick Again.

DALLAS, Sept. 29.—A Corsicana dispatch announces the sudden illness of Roger Q. Mills.

Sunshine Parlor Heaters; Improved Cylinder Stoves; Othello Ranges; Furnaces and Fire-place Heaters; Furnace Work and Plumbing; Hardware. Get a $500 Insurance, Free.

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But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material.

Estimates furnished free of charge.

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Painters and Decorators,
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Stoves! Stoves!

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If 22 years old, $97.

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For catalogues and further particulars address Henry D. Moorhead, 11 Somerset street, agent, THE NEW YORK MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

A Word to the Public!

OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.

Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. L. H. Bodine, who, with the assistance of her lady experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to please before the public. For inspection, the largest variety of stylish and tasty creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices are low as the lowest.

Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.

by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

George - Bremmer,

No 28 SOMERSET STREET,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

The Plainfield Ice

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Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

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To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.

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Large covered trucks.

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Wholesale Dealer

in

FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.

Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,

No. 66 West Third Street,

Dealer in Choice

Wines, Liquors, etc.

BEER ON DRAUGHT.

NOTICE!

A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Pedagogic Maker, who is now at work making the finest bologna in this city. If you are fond of bologna stop at 17 West Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A

CASH DISCOUNT,

in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

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42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Sept. 18, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 14, 6 37, 7 30, 8 14, 8 30, 8 58, 9 30, 10 08, 10 37, 11 06, a. m; 12 00 noon, 12 56, 1 08, 1 41, 2 30, 3 08, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 15, 5 45, 6 08, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 30, 10 13, 11 38, p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 5 14, 6 05, 7 55, 11 18, 11 38 a. m; 12 38, 1 08, 4 30, 5 45, 6 08, 7 00, 8 00, 8 32, 10 07, p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St. 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m; 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 15, 5 30, 5 45, 6 00, 6 15, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 15, 10 00, 11 45, p. m. Sunday, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m; 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 10 00, p. m. 12 15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 8 00, 6 20, 6 50, 7 20, 8 00, 8 45, 9 40, 10 34, 10 37, 11 06, a. m; 12 00 noon, 12 53, 1 41, 2 30, 3 08, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 15, 5 45, 6 08, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 30, 10 13, 11 38 p. m. Sunday, 8 01, 8 46, 11 42 a. m; 12 38, 1 08, 4 30, 5 45, 6 08, 7 00, 8 00, 8 32, 10 07, p. m. Leave Newark at 6 15, 7 12, 7 50, 8 05, 8 45, 9 05, 11 05, a. m; 12 05, 12 45, 1 35, 2 15, 3 05, 4 05, 4 45, 5 35, 6 05, 6 45, 7 35, 7 55, 8 45, 10 05, 11 36, p. m. Sunday at 7 30, 8 45, 9 05, 11 36, p. m. Leave Newark, Market St. 6 00, 10 00, 11 00, a. m; 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 10, 8 17, 9 43, 11 05 a. m; 12 27, 1 55, 3 40, 5 00, 6 30, 7 45, 9 05, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 43, 11 05 a. m; 1 55, 5 00, 6 30, 7 45, 9 05, 11 05 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 15, 7 12, 8 20, 10 06, 11 05 a. m; 12 05, 1 35, 3 05, 4 05, 5 35, 6 45, 8 45, 10 05, 11 36 p. m. Sunday at 7 15, 7 30, 8 45, 10 05, 11 36 p. m. Sunday at 7 30, 8 45, 10 05, 11 36 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bridgewater Junction.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 9 43 a. m; 1 55, 5 00 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 43 a. m; 5 00, 6 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 43, a. m. 1 55, 5 30 p. m. Sundays 8 26 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 20 a. m. for Junction to High Bridge connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.

9 17 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk.

9 56 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Dupont, Lehighton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

11 09 a. m. way for Junction.

1 06 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

5 06 p. m. way for Junction connecting for D. L. & W. R. R.

5 20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Scranton.

6 56 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

6 56 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 8 26 a. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

8 56 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 8 37, 4 00, 11 09 a. m.; 1 06, 4 06, 6 56, 11 09 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8 26, 8 56, 9 37 a. m.; 12 30 p. m. Sunday (Ocean Grove only) 8 37 a. m.; 12 30 p. m. Sunday (Asbury Park only) 8 37 a. m.; 12 30, 5 20 p. m. Sunday (Long Branch only) 8 37 a. m.; 12 30, 5 20, 6 56, 9 37 p. m. Sunday (Long Branch only) 11 03 p. m.; 12 30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 3 37 p. m.; 1 06 p. m. For Pemberton 8 37, 9 37, 11 09 a. m.; 1 06, 4 06, 6 56 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia and Intermediate points at 5 15, 6 20, 7 45, 10 40 a. m.; 12 05, 1 20, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 9 20 p. m. 1 17 night. For Trenton at 5 15, 6 20, 7 45, 10 40 a. m.; 12 05, 1 20, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 9 20 p. m. 1 17 night. For Bordentown at 5 15, 6 20, 7 45, 10 40 a. m.; 12 05, 1 20, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 9 20 p. m. 1 17 night. For Baltimore and Washington at 2 05, 4 30, 7 20, 11 10 a. m.; 2 40, 4 45, 8 10 p. m. 1 17 night.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen'l Pass. Agt. H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

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MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

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WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON, Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 25 West Front street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors in Chancery, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRANE & MAHER, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Second streets.

BROWN & MILLS, Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in connection with the Crawford House, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the shop.

CLOSE TO VICTORIA.

ENGLISH WOMEN OF HIGH RANK WHO WAIT ON HER MAJESTY.

The Position of Mistress of the Robes Is One of the Offices of the Government, and the Incumbent Goes Out with Every Change of Power.

The Duchess of Buccleuch, mistress of the robes of her majesty the queen, has the distinction of being the only woman in the kingdom whose position was directly affected by the overthrow of the conservatives.

It is the only office held by a woman which is directly a part of "the government" and controlled by the party in power. Only duchesses are eligible to it, and as it is a position of great dignity and honor, the competition for the place is very strong, and the pressure for its control is unusually great. There are comparatively few duchesses with pronounced Liberal predilections. Hence the scrambling for the post is just as great when the Liberal government comes into power as it is when the Conservatives are on top. In consequence a Liberal premier has to make comparatively few enemies by "turning down" applicants. The present incumbent chief is been by a perfect horde of aristocratic ladies, all of whom, with the exception of the one fortunate enough to capture the prize, are greatly sore to make things exceedingly uncomfortable for him.

A constant reminder of the intense eagerness of the duchesses of the royal majesty's domain to occupy this place is the fact that the mistress of the robes no longer has an official badge. This badge was formerly a golden key, but some years ago it was done away with, and a controversy between the ambitious ladies who sought to obtain the place. It is recorded that Sarah, the Duchess of Marlborough, long superseded in the office, refused to deliver the key to her successor. A most disgraceful and absurd quarrel ensued.

Finally, however, the Duchess of Somerset, who had obtained the place, got hold of the coveted key, but it was determined afterward that no further opportunity should arise for similar scenes, and ever since then there has been no official badge to designate the mistress of the robes. She has only had the honor of carrying it, the Duchess of Marlborough, who so proud of this insignia of her official station that she wore the golden key "watch fob on the right hand side."

The duties of the office are largely ornamental. Whenever the queen goes in state to any ceremony the mistress of the robes accompanies her majesty and walks behind her in the procession. She is always in attendance at drawing rooms and levees, and has the privilege of riding to and from the palace where the queen may be residing for the time being in one of the state carriages in full regalia. Formerly the mistress of the robes also had special supervision of the maids of honor of her majesty's household, and she was known, in addition to her regular title, as the "mother of the maids."

At occasions the mistress of the robes is in her glory. Everything pertaining to the queen on that day is under her direct supervision, and the ordering of the coronation dress and is immediately concerned in all the movements of the royal person. While from time to time, however, very little of her time is occupied in the discharge of the duties of her position. Her salary is $5,000 a year.

Until the advent of Victoria the entire female portion of the queen's household came in and went out, as the mistress of the robes does to-day, with the party in power. The present sovereign, however, made a decided change in this arrangement, carrying her point at the cost of openly defying the ministry. This is said to be known in English history as the "bedchamber question," and, strange as it may appear, it kept Robert Peel out of office for two years and a half. He insisted as his accession to power upon controlling the appointment of the female members of her majesty's household. To this Victoria made a most positive resistance, both standing the fact that it had been the custom for several centuries.

Upon first ascending the throne she had surrounded herself with the friends of her girlhood, and she declined to part with their services at the request of Mr. Peel or anybody else. As nearly as can be ascertained at this time there was a misunderstanding on both sides. The queen was under the impression that Peel desired to sweep out her entire household without consulting her in the matter of his own choosing, while he on the other hand imagined that the queen intended to retain the services of the wives of the cabinet ministers whom the party had just superseded.

Both sides to the controversy rested on their dignity and declined to make explanations, and as a result Sir Robert declined to form a ministry, and a crisis ensued which resulted in keeping his party from the active administration of the government for a long period. Finally, however, matters were straightened out, and it was agreed that only the mistress of the robes should change with the government, all the others remaining subject to the wishes of the queen.

The dowager Duchess of Roxburghe, mother of the duke, is at present in the household of the queen, with whom she is a great favorite. She holds a position as one of the ladies of the bedchamber. The other ladies of the bedchamber are the dowager Duchess of Athole, dowager Lady Churchill, Countess of Erroll, Lady Southampton, Lady Ampthill, Viscountess Downe and Countess of Antrim. These ladies are generally styled ladies in waiting, and share the duty of personal attendance upon the queen throughout the year.

During their term of actual service they live in the palace, and their "waits" vary from two to three weeks at a time, according as the queen may arrange. No one under the rank of a peeress can hold the office, and while they are in attendance on the queen the ladies of the bedchamber accompany her on all occasions. Formerly these ladies rendered personal service at the toilet of their mistress night and morning, but of recent years this has been changed, the active work being performed by ordinary ladies' maids.

As a special mark of her favor the queen appoints a number of extra ladies of the bedchamber, who serve without salary. The present incumbents of this post are the Viscountess Clifden, dowager Countess of Mayo, Duchess of Buccleuch and Lady Waterpark.—New York Times.

To accomplish for young women what our colleges were doing for young men was the hope of the founder of the first woman's college—Matthew Vassar. Twenty-five years ago Vassar college conferred the degree on its first graduates, and since then it has graduated 900 equipped women.

Many women about San Francisco send to the city daily hampers of wild flowers and ferns gathered in neighboring [illegible]

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

Fireside Magnetism.

Take a gold ring, the more massive the better, but your mother's wedding ring will do. Attach the ring to a silk thread about twelve inches long. Fasten the other end of the thread around the nail joint of your right forefinger and let the ring hang about half an inch above the surface of the table, on which you rest your elbow to steady your hand. Hold your finger horizontally, with the thumb thrown back as far as possible from the rest of the hand.

If there be nothing on the table the ring will soon become stationary.

Then place a piece of silver—say three half dollars immediately below the ring, when soon it will begin to move to you and from you. Now, bring your thumb in contact with your forefinger, or else suspend the ring from your thumb, and the movements will become transverse to the former swing. Or this may be effected by making a lady take hold of your disengaged hand. When the transverse motion is fairly established let a gentleman take hold of the lady's disengaged hand, and the ring will change back to its former course. These effects are produced by magnetic currents given forth by the hands of the experimenters. Instead of using silver you can suspend the ring over your left forefinger and obtain the same result.—New York Evening World.

My Baby Girl and Little Boy Blue.

My table is spread for luncheon—
Whose feed brought he with me?
Why, my little Boy Blue, whose work is o'er,
Whose sheep he asleep on the nursery floor—
Whose feed brought the newly tasseled corn
He homeward led by his flutelike horn.
Then he fell asleep in my easy chair
And dreamed 'twas a haystack tall and fair.
But now he's awake and wants his tea:
My little Boy Blue shall lunch with me.

And another, his sister. Did you not know
That he had a sister some time ago?
With rosy cheeks and flosslike curls,
To us the dearest, best of girls.
A dainty lass to love and kiss—
To fill our hearts and home with bliss.
Many caresses to her befall,
But little Boy Blue gives most of all.

Ever bonny and winsome, fresh and sweet,
From her shining head to her dimpled feet,
She sits by my side in her tall highchair,
Like a graceful lily, pure and fair—
Yes; Baby Erma, of summers three,
And little Boy Blue shall lunch with me.

Ah! the years may pass as the years before,
And roses grow in the nursery door,
And pause at my board for lunch and tea,
But none will be ever so dear to me,
Or fill my life with such joy as you,
My Baby Girl and little Boy Blue.
—Mrs. Mary Felton in Good Housekeeping.

He Knew.

A boy about ten years old occupied one of the front seats in an oral examination in history at one of the grammar schools a little over a month ago. He was rather bright looking, and evidently had a very good opinion of his own learning.

"Who can tell me what slaves and the servants of the king were called in England in old times?" asked the teacher.

The ten-year-old raised his hand like a rocket.

"Well, you, Johnnie Brown."

"Serfs, vassals and vassalines," was the reply.—New York Times.

Jack and the Girl.

A girl of fourteen was sent to the butcher's the other day to purchase meat for dinner. The butcher was out, but he left a boy in charge, a great tawny St. Bernard dog dozing and snapping at the occasional fly that disturbed his dreams.

"Oh, you beautiful old doggie! What a darling you are!" exclaimed the girl, and in another moment she was kneeling by him with her hand on his lion head and her yellow tresses mingling with his brown coat. The dog opened his sleepy eyes, licked her other hand and wagged his tail, thereby signifying that though he had not previously had the pleasure of her acquaintance he considered her a very nice girl indeed.

Looking up the little maiden saw the butcher standing in the door. His face was white as death. "For God's sake, keep still," he cried. "Come here, Jack!" he added sternly to the dog, and in a moment he had him by the chain. "I wouldn't have taken that risk for all that I possess," he said afterward to the child's father. "He was left to mind the till, and he would have torn any one else limb from limb. I cannot understand it." "But I do," replied the girl. "I love animals and am not afraid of them." Maybe that is the reason why Jack and the young heroine are the best of friends even unto this day.—New York News.

Albert Blumenthal.

Here is a picture of little Albert Blumenthal as he appeared at a recent charity entertainment given at the Hotel Kastershill, New York. A dispatch to the New York Herald says: "He posed with as much expression in the tableaux, 'The Long and Short of It,' as he played on his tiny violin. He is an embryo American Mozart, handling his bow with much skill and being able to read music quite differently from that little Boy Blue gives most of all. Ever bonny and winsome, fresh and sweet, From her shining head to her dimpled feet, She sits by my side in her tall highchair, Like a graceful lily, pure and fair— Yes; Baby Erma, of summers three, And little Boy Blue shall lunch with me. Ah! the years may pass as the years before, And roses grow in the nursery door, And pause at my board for lunch and tea, But none will be ever so dear to me, Or fill my life with such joy as you, My Baby Girl and little Boy Blue. —Mrs. Mary Felton in Good Housekeeping.

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The Art of Spending Money.

Many women fritter away a great deal of money in buying things that they do not need simply because they are cheap. They will buy two cheap gowns instead of one good one, which is the poorest sort of economy. What is of more to you is an extravagance, no matter how little it may cost. While women make up their minds what they need before they start out on a shopping excursion and purchase goods to meet that need. After looking through the shops they often select something different from what they first intended, because the first it is better suited to their purpose, or that it will be difficult to get exactly what they had planned.

It is always best to make out a shopping list, with the limit of price which you intend to pay opposite each article, and keep yourself, if possible, within this limit. The value of keeping a petty cash account book in which every item is set down and balanced with the amount of money received at the bottom of every month cannot be too highly commended. It keeps expenses within bounds and is useful to the housekeeper in estimating the value of articles she intends purchasing. A shower-bath of long the good old clothing have lasted and many other things which the mother cannot keep in her memory.—Boston Traveller.

The Girl with an Ideal.

Among the long list of girls who perhaps do not deserve the distinction of a whole species is the girl who goes about always looking for her ideal. Every man she meets is a possible lover until she has sized him up and measured him by the little rule of hers, to see if he conforms to the standard which she has determined upon for her own mind. Her latest woman friend must be the recipient of her whole heart, hopes, fears, likes and aspirations of the budding girl. Of course she hates the woman friend as soon as she has discovered faults, like the rest of womankind.

But the girl with an ideal is bound to have that ideal shattered sooner or later, and for awhile she will be sad and downcast because the world is not as she had hoped it was. Her ideals all step down from pedestals one by one and walk away, but the idealist always knows that there is an ideal friend, an ideal lover, waiting for her somewhere.

The girl with a fad is an interesting person as a study as any rate. She cannot be properly classed with the girl with a theory, for she is rarely serious enough. It is noticeable that the girl with a fad changes her fad as often as anything new strikes her fancy.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

A Plucky Woman.

I have just been hearing about one little woman who with as simple a tool as a needle is working her way to fortune. She is a milliner who works ten months out of the year for a city firm, being one of two milliners who do all the trimming for the firm, and for the remaining two months of the year she takes a vacation, goes to New York, intercepts the Paris fashions for the coming season, drops down to the sea shore, and in the first week of August goes to a large city in an adjoining state, where she trims hats for a big wholesale millinery house until the middle of September, when she returns to her own firm of employers here, and resumes work with them, bringing all the new modes with her.

That is what I call enterprise. The change in her work varies its monotony and she sees new people, picks up new ideas, and makes a handsome salary by utilizing the dull season. All honor to utilizing the dull season. All honor to plucky little woman who does her life work as faithfully and effectually as if she were a little man.—Virginia True in Detroit Free Press.

The Fortunate Modern Bride.

Happy indeed is the young person who goes housekeeping on an elaborate scale to extravagance. Provided she and her 500 dear friends are rich, her new home may be both a museum and a jewel case in one. For the latest fashion is to have bric-a-brac, and much of the useful in the beautiful. The bride of today prefers a set of priceless Sevres plates, a half dozen of Salviati—anything—finger bowls that are crystallized flowers, wine cups that are more exquisite than Titania's chalice, with here and there perhaps some distinguished piece of rare, dark old pottery like the Italian vases, with their wealth of color and Decamernoic decorations to heighten the effect of the room.—Boston Herald.

Massage and Exercise.

Many a woman has a plump form, but has an unshapely forearm or is painfully thin and has only developed a symmetry from the knee down. A poorly shaped limb may be developed by patience and long continued treatment. Massage twice daily, striking from the wrist or knee down. This draws the blood to this part and increases its nutrition. Many kinds of light work will perform wonders, and yet it be whispered, sweeping, coffee grinding or pumping water will do more to produce pretty, plump arms than a course of expensive massage treatment will ever effect; but it must not be done spasmodically; but with the regularity of clockwork.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Legal Advertisements.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, Executors of and Trustees under the will of Manning Stelle, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the second day of November next.

RANDOLPH M. STELLE,
FRANCIS E. MARSH.

Dated August 24th, 1892. 8 29 9

IT IS

PRESIDENTIAL YEAR.
COLUMBUS YEAR.
A GREAT YEAR.
AND WE
Have the Goods to Match It.

The Opening

of our MILLINERY Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly, will take place Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29th, 30th and Oct. 1st.

A RARE BARGAIN IN SHEETINGS.

Just Observe—6-4 Bleached Sheeting, 17c. 9-4 do., 20c. 10-4 do., 23c. 7-4 Brown Sheeting, 16c 9-4 do., 19c. 10-4 do., 20c.

EXTRA VALUE IN DRESS GOODS.

There is everything that is new and desirable in Fall Goods, and our prices are as usual, the lowest.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

Previous to our extensive alterations that we are making, we have reduced prices on all goods throughout this department. We call particular attention to our Toilet Sets that are selling for $4.25 per set. Mason Quart Jars, 6c. each Jelly Glass, 4c. each. Great bargains in Granite Iron Ware.

White & VanArsdale

We are about to Begin

A SERIES OF
Special Sales
of
DOLLS.

The Greatest Bargains ever shown in Plainfield.

WATCH OUR WINDOWS

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Notice.

WHO WILL BE PRESIDENT?

GUESS AGAIN!

Guess all you want to. Just now it is a subject for guessing. But when you want Carriages or Harness, Don't Guess. It is too risky. When you buy your purchase should have not only quality, but reputation. And for an unexcelled variety of fine goods, the leading place is L. M. French's, 16, 18, 20 and 22 Somerset street.

A MAN IN RAGS

IS HANDICAPPED IN
THE RACE FOR SUCCESS.
CLOTHING FROM ONE
DOLLAR UP MAY BE
BOUGHT AT C. SCHEPFLIN & CO'S, 70
WEST FRONT STREET.

$40 for ONE PAIR of Shoes,

If the shoes are made of leather, is a price out of all reason.

DOANE & EDSALL are selling Shoes for women, fine fitting, long wearing, different widths, at ONLY

Two Dollars a Pair.

Doane & Edsall, 22 West Front Street.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Hotels.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS

First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the traveling public.

City Hotel,

Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

Furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine repairs.

Agent for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Beyond the Heat,

Above the sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight

AT MIZZEN PEAK!

Build Your House on Watchung Mountains
Joyous Summer, and Enjoy Existence.
Particulars of
J. T. VAIL, 40 North Avenue,
Plainfield, N. J.

"CUT PRICES!"

Elegant white embroidered Handkerchiefs, 9c; original price 25c. Fancy hemmed stitched Handkerchiefs 5c. Foster Paul 5 hook Kid Gloves, all warranted; usual price $1.25. Embroidered silk Handkerchiefs, 17c; worth 25c. Our 50c all silk gloves, colored, 40c. A few good 69c Corsets for 50c. Good bleached muslin at 7c; worth 9c. Our 50c, 75c and $1 Parasols go at 39c, 50c and 69c. Ladies' fast black Hose, 2 pair for 15c., worth 25c. Our $1 & $1.25 Linen Napkins for 99c. A good white 10-4 Blanket, 79c; worth $1.

They are guaranteed unusually attractive Bargains, and the quantities are limited. Come Quick and secure them before they are gone.

CARPETS MADE AND LINED FREE.

A splendid assortment of Beautiful styles to select from. Give your order now, and we will make them up and hold until wanted.

Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portieres, Poles, Art Squares, Smyrna Rugs, all at New York Prices.

OUR $2 SHOES are giving splendid satisfaction. They are regular $3 shoes.

EDSALL'S.

United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association

LEADING CASH GROCERS,

29 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

SELL GOODS CHEAPER THAN YOU CAN BUY THEM ELSEWHERE.

5 cak. Best Kerosene Oil, 150 test, and can, 90c. Finest Rio Creamery Butter, 28c lb.
5 " " " " " 25c. Fine Dairy Butter, 22c.
1 " " " " and can, 25c. New Crop Teas, (all kinds), 25c lb.
1 " " " " 8c. Choice Rio Coffee, 20c lb.
Granulated Sugar, 5½c lb. Sweet Potatoes, 20c bushel, (16 quarts).
Powdered Sugar, 5½c lb. Mason's Fruit Jars, (1 quart) 60c. doz

If you want a very nice fat Mackerel, we have them, 11c. lb.

Headquarters for Fruits and Vegetables

OF ALL KINDS.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!

After the use of

Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice.

Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child.

SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.

Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS, STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS.

Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.

A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

This Date in History—Sept. 29.

1492—Columbus entered in his journal these words: "Three small birds, one of which sang almost groves and gardens hovered over and cheered the sailors' large food, they said, might venture far from land, but not these, by their cheerful singing did prove that they were not exhausted by their long flight."

1812—General W. H. Harrison advanced on Detroit and the British hastily evacuated it.

1829—Daniel Boone, pioneer of the American Revolution and leader of Shay's rebellion in Massachusetts, died at Sparta, N. Y., aged 86.

1835—John McAllister Schofield, general U. S. A., born in Chautauqua county, N. Y.

1867—The Emperor Maximilian, with his generals Mejia and Miramon, were shot at Queretaro, Mexico, by order of the republican government.

1873—John Ancrum Winslow, U. S. N., commander of the Kearsarge when it sunk the Alabama, died at Boston; born 1811.

1890—Slater cotton centenary at Pawtucket, R. I., began.

Too Much Attention.

Railway ticket agents are not the only people annoyed by foolish questions. A Vermont farmer sent a large black hen to his married daughter, who lives in town and who wished to keep this present as a pet. The lady put the hen in a coop within sight of the street.

Almost immediately the neighbor passing by said:

"Ah, you have a hen, haven't you?"

"Yes," said the lady.

"Nice black one, isn't it?"

"Yes."

Soon another neighbor came along and said:

"Why, you have a hen?"

"Yes."

"Just one hen?"

"Yes."

"Coal black, isn't it?"

"Yes."

In a few minutes another acquaintance came by:

"Well, you have a"—

"Bridget," said the lady to her servant, "kill the hen for supper."—Virginia True in Detroit Free Press.

He Knew How.

"Yes, it's rather a high priced set," assented the clerk at the furniture store carelessly. "That's what Mrs. Chugwater remarked when she was here the other day. She said she would like to have it, but couldn't afford it. Over here on the other side of the room, now, I think we have"—

"I'll take the set," said Mrs. Billus, with decision.—Chicago Tribune.

1892			September.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	6	6:26 p. m.	New Moon	20	8:16 p. m.
Third Quarter	13	7:50 a. m.	Full Moon	29	1:16 a. m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $36,000,000 since organization.

Wetumpka Lodge, 3601, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m. in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Muhr Hall building.

Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. PURY, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

THE BEE HIVE!

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates.	75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black,	$1
The "Glady" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns	$1
8-Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates,	85c
Gents' Kid Gloves,	$1

Also a full line of

Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article,
A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,
to make

Delicious Iced Tea.

Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.

NEUMANN BROS.

BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

New Marble and Granite Works,

We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.

J. E. Townsend, Manager,

No. 320 SOMERSET STREET.
Branch yard—Westfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Merrick, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

BREVITIES

—Cent-a-word column is on page three to-day.

—The Board of Education will meet next Monday evening.

—The Fifth Convention of the Y. M. C. A. of the Fourth District of New Jersey will open at Perth Amboy this evening.

—Wm. P. Jeroloman of Liberty Corner was arrested for being drunk and disorderly last evening. This morning he was fined $5.

—The Crescents will play a benefit game of baseball to-morrow afternoon with the Paterson team, on the Somerset street grounds.

—The Rev. W. C. Kinsie, whose solos have been so much enjoyed by Plainfield audiences, will sing at the Y. M. C. A. meeting on Sunday at 4:15 p. m.

—A new game law of last Winter prohibits the killing or capture of any English partridge, grouse or hen pheasant for three years, under a penalty of $25.

—Rabbits are going to be more plentiful this Fall than they have been for years. The promise for partridge is also good, but woodcock and snipe are scarce.

—The importance of electricity on modern steamships is shown by the fact that the new English battle-ship Royal Sovereign has no less than 800 electric lights and 30 miles of wire.

—Champion James J. Corbett will appear in this city at the Music Hall, Tuesday evening of next week. The sale of reserved seats will beging at the Central pharmacy to-morrow morning at seven. No one person can buy more than six seats.

—It is hoped to have Judge Hoffman here Saturday evening at the meeting to be held in the Somerset hall after the Republican banner-raising in North Plainfield. He is a capable speaker, and thoroughly well informed. The young men will learn much from him that will interest them, if he can be here.

Obituary.

Mr. Edwin Loomis, of the firm of Loomis & Rice, died at his home, No. 12 Rockview avenue, at half-past four o'clock yesterday afternoon, of heart disease. He was attended by Dr. Anderson, of New York, and Dr. Hand of Brooklyn. The physicians held consultations with Dr. Fritts. The deceased had been very ill since the first of April last with valvular trouble of the heart. Six weeks ago he showed signs of improvement and was able to move about the house for a few days when he was again prostrated. Mr. Loomis was born on May 4, 1847 and was therefore forty-five years of age. In 1867 he graduated from the Wyoming Seminary of Pennsylvania. He has been a resident of this city for thirteen years, and was a prominent member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He was a member of the publishing firm of Potter, Knight, Ainsworth & Co., of New York which failed in 1888. By his business foresight he managed to withdraw from the concern without losing very much money. In the crash which soon followed his withdrawal, Mr. Knight, a prominent resident of Crescent avenue, was ruined. In 1889 Mr. Loomis and Mr. Clarence J. Rice formed a partnership and bought the coal business of Mr. Charles S. Guion, on Peace street, which has since been very successful. Mr. Loomis leaves a widow and two children. The funeral services will be held at two o'clock Monday afternoon.

PERSONAL.

Mr. J. D. Spicer, and family of West Fifth street are expected home early next week from Belmar.

The Plainfield Calumet Club will give their first dance of the season on all Hallow E'en at the home of their president, Mr. Vincent Rockwell, on East Front street.

Yesterday Hon. John Ulrich and his family removed from Kensington avenue, where they have been staying since their return from Avon-by-the-Sea, to their new home home on East Fifth street.

The Hon. James K. Megie, of Illinois, and others, will deliver addresses at Saengerbund Hall on Somerset street to-morrow evening and the U. S. Grant Republican Club will raise a handsome Harrison and Reid banner in front of their club room.

Union County Christian Endeavor Conference.

The Fall conference of the Union County Christian Endeavor Union was held in the First Presbyterian church, Rahway, last evening. It was a grand rally of the Christian Endeavorers from all parts of the county. The speaker was Rev. B. Marshall Harrison, D.D., pastor of the Bedford Heights Baptist church, of Brooklyn. He is an eloquent and popular Christian Endeavor speaker. His theme was, "Some essentials to success in Christian Endeavor." Miss L. B. Herron, of Cranford, read a paper on the "Advantages of Junior Work," and the subject was discussed. Miss Brockbeld, the State secretary, was present and conducted a question box relating to the junior work.

High Court Independent Order of Foresters.

The High Court of the Independent Order of Foresters met at ten o'clock this morning in the hall of the Royal Arcanum. There were sixty delegates present. High Chief Ranger T. B. Clark of Elizabeth presided. Dr. Acland Oronhyatekha of Canada, who is a full blooded Indian and son of the founder of the order was present and conferred the high court degree upon several members.

About 150 delegates are expected this evening. Before adjournment, officers will be elected for the coming year.

ONE TRACK BLOCKED.

LOADED COAL CARS FROM PLAINFIELD TO DUNELLEN.

Three Miles of Coal.—Trains Running on the Main Lines Under Telegraphic Orders, from Station to Station, to Guard Against Accidents.

For many months past, despite the legal menaces and contradictory rumors, the Reading Coal Combine has been accumulating enormous quantities of coal here.

Three months ago the usual storage depots became so overstocked that the company was compelled to keep many miles of loaded coal cars standing on side tracks until proper disposition could be made of them.

There is again another blockade. The side tracks along the railroad are being crowded with loaded cars as fast as they come from the mines. Between this city and Dunellen, on the Bound Brook track, from five hundred to six hundred loaded coal cars are standing, nearly the entire three miles being taken up by them.

All trains run on the main track on telegraphic orders only.

The coal storage at South Plainfield is the largest in the world, and yet is reported filled to its fullest capacity.

THE FINAL ACCEPTANCE.

The Official Board of the M. E. Church Release Dr. Mitchell.

The Official Board of the Methodist church met at a called meeting after prayer meeting in Vincent chapel, Wednesday evening, and prepared the following statement which was signed by the board:

"The Official Board, having heard the pastor's statement that he has accepted, subject to Episcopal approval, the invitation to the pastorate of the Grand Avenue Church, Kansas City, Mo., we hereby, in the terms of our communication to him, adopted last Sunday, cordially agree to release him from the pastorate of this church, and pray that God's choicest blessings may follow him in his new field of labor."

As stated in Tuesday's NEWS Dr. Mitchell will take charge of his new church the first Sunday in November, unless it should appear advisable to remain a week longer.

A New Church.

The new chapel of the First Church of Christ will be formally opened and dedicated next Sunday morning. It is situated on Grove street, between Front street and Craig place. There will be services in the morning, afternoon and evening. Addresses will be made by Messrs. W. D. Stewart and A. T. Hervey, elders of the First Church of Christ of Brooklyn, and Rev. J. B. Cleaver, the founder and former pastor of the Plainfield church. In the afternoon there will be a song service by the children of the Sunday-school.

The evening service the ordinance of baptism will be administered.

The in[illegible] of the chapel is nicely finished, [illegible] lighted by electricity. There has been a pool placed in the building for baptismal purposes.

The church now has 120 members and they are well pleased with their new chapel.

The First Church of Christ emanated from the Berean class which was led by the Rev. J. B. Cleaver in Cutter's Hall in 1886. The church was organized in the Spring of 1889 with nearly 15. The Sunday-school has upward of 150 names. The church offices enter upon their duties July 1st of each year. The Sunday-school year begins January 1st. Besides the pastor there are three elders, five deacons, five deaconesses, a treasurer and a secretary, organist, chorister, and assistant chorister. The Sunday-school is prospering under Superintendent B. W. Hand. There are three Bible classes, two intermediate classes and two infant classes. The church creed is "Jesus is the Christ the son of the living God." The New Testament is used as their book of descipline. They celebrate the Lord's supper every Sunday and have meetings every night in the year except Saturdays.

Franklin Council, No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M., Elect Officers.

The following officers were elected at the regular meeting of Franklin Council, No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M., last evening, for the ensuing term:

Councilor—Firman A. Long.
Vice-Councilor—Edward E. Brown.
Assistant R. S.—Willard Force.
Warden—Augustus Wilson.
Conductor—Charles I. Young.
Inside Sentinel—Jacob L. Bodine.
Outside Sentinel—Garret C. Schenck.
Junior Past Councilor—John P. Reed.
Representative to the New Jersey Funeral Benefit Association—David Bodine.

Union County Bowling League.

A Union County Bowling League is being formed. A preliminary meeting was held last night at Elizabeth, at which ten clubs, including the Crescents of this city, were represented. The other seven clubs in the county are expected to have delegates at the meeting on October 6.

In addition to the championship a trophy is to be competed for, to be the prize of the club winning it three times, not necessarily consecutive. A big interest in bowling, it is anticipated, will be developed by the league, which will embrace all the crack bowlers of the county.

—Ninety cents buys five gallons best kerosene oil, and can, at United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association.

A HANDICAP ROAD RACE.

Colored Men Compete for Prizes.

The colored wheelmen's fifteen mile handicap road race, over the Fanwood-Scotch Plains course, attracted quite a large crowd of spectators yesterday afternoon. The start was made at ten minutes after four o'clock from a point on South avenue near Richmond street. Bolden, Peterson, Martin and Randolph had already been on the road for three minutes when Bert Harvey started; one minute later Ed. Martin went off and after waiting another minute the scratch men, L. Tallman of Rahway, and Charles Vanderveer of this city, began, at the pistol shot, to try and catch their competitors, who were all out of sight beyond the Netherwood hill.

The distance around the course is 5¾ miles. The racers had to make two laps and then ride along South avenue to the top of Fanwood hill and back.

The men crossed the tape at the end of the first lap in the following order and their actual time was:

J. Bolden, 18 min. 50 secs; T. Peterson, 19 min. 30 secs; Ed. Martin, 19 min. 10½ secs.; Bert Harvey, 19 min. 43 4-5 secs.; C. Tallman, 17 min. 25 3-5 seconds.; Charles Vanderveer, 17 min. 59 secs.; and Pid Randolph who made the first lap in the alarming time of 25 min. 18 secs.

The order and actual time of the men at the finish of the second lap were: Bolden, 38 min. 40 secs.; Martin, 38 min. 3-5 secs.; Peterson, 40 min., Harvey, 38 min. 26 secs.; Tallman, 35 min. 32 1-5 secs.; and Vanderveer 36 min 20 1-6 secs. Randolph came plodding along several minutes later. He was only in it to "get even with another fellow" and though awfully sorry he had started, he was going to "do or die."

The spectators, who had been crowding and jostling each other, filled the street and it looked as if something serious must happen before the racers would be able to get through the mob to the line. By much squeezing at the very last moment they managed to give the riders just room enough to pass through. They finished in the following order:

		Actual Time.
5.	J. Bolden	54 min. 32 1-5 secs.
4.	Ed. Martin	54 " 3-5 "
2.	L. Tallman	50 " 37 2-5 "
3.	T. Peterson	55 " 46 "
6.	Bert Harvey	47 1-5 "
1.	C. Vanderveer	53 " 37 1-5 "

Bolden, first prize, silver medal; Martin, second prize, gold ring; Tallman, time prize and third prize, kid gloves and necktie; Peterson, "diamond" ring; Harvey, bicycle lantern; Vanderveer, second time prize and "gold" sleeve buttons; Randolph, bell.

The prizes were awarded by Dr. Fritts, A. T. Hinrich and H. S. Thomas. George Mahon was starter, Nathan Tilsworth, clerk of the course, and Hervey Doane and A. T. Hinrich, timers.

The Bicycle Thieves Have a Hearing and are Committed.

Fritz and Philip Frieze, arrested for stealing a Columbia bicycle belonging to Mr. Place, of Grove street, were given a hearing before Justice Crossley last evening. Fritz plead guilty and accused Philip of being an accomplice.

The boy acknowledged having sold the wheel to the Jew, Sigmund Frucht, for three dollars.

Marshal Pangborn took both boys to the Somerville jail to await the action of the Grand Jury. Their case will be considered to-day.

Subpoenas were issued for Charles Place, Wm. N. Pangborn and Sigmund and Rosa Frucht. When the Marshal served the paper on Frucht he was informed that he (Frucht) didn't "know whether he would have time to go to-day or not." His establishment is regarded with disfavor by the police. The fact of his buying a fine bicycle for three dollars does not whiten his character any, either.

The three boys were caught at the Trenton "State Fair" by Marshal Pangborn.

The bicycle was stolen, as already reported in THE NEWS, on the evening of Sept. 14th, and discovered in the store of Frucht by Wm. Kitchen of Orange street a few days later. Chief Grant recovered the stolen property on Monday. The numbers on the bicycle had been partly filed away.

Why is not this Frucht and his wife arrested and punished as receivers of stolen goods?

MARRIAGES

BENSON—BUCKELEN—At the residence of the bride's parents, No. 10 West Fifth street, Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 28th, by the Rev. D. J. Yerxes, D.D., Ella R., daughter of Charles H. Buckelen, to Francis Valentine Benson of New York city.

DEATHS.

LOOMIS—In North Plainfield Thursday, Sept. 29th, 1892, Edwin Loomis.
Funeral services at his late residence, No. 12 Rockview avenue, North Plainfield, Monday, Oct. 3d at two p. m. 30-2

NOTICE!

TO

Citizens of the Borough

Citizens and taxpayers of the Borough of North Plainfield are invited to attend and be heard at meetings of the Common Council on Friday evenings, Oct. 7th and Nov. 4th next. It is proposed to present, for adoption, an ordinance granting a franchise to construct and maintain an electric trolley railroad on Somerset street, with such extensions, or diversion of route, as the owners of a majority of the property fronting on available streets in that vicinity, and the best interests of the Borough may determine.

WILLIAM L. SAUNDERS,
9 28tf Mayor.

POLITICAL PICKLES.

A large stage load of the members of the Republican Glee Club started from the Crescent Rink at seven o'clock last evening to take part in the Republican celebration held at Springfield. They all wore white beaver hats.

The Wheelmen's Division of the Republican Association did not go to Springfield last evening as they intended, because they had not received their uniforms. Instead about thirty of them took a ride along the county road to Westfield and return.

The executive committee of the Republican Club held a regular meeting last evening and finished arrangements for a mass meeting to be held by the colored Republicans in the Crescent Rink next Monday evening. Charles M. Robinson of Camden, and Hon. Robert K. Bruce, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, will address the meeting.

The committee also hired a room on the corner of Grant avenue and Second street for the Fourth ward Republican Club.

Mr. Charles B. Corwin of East Ninth street, will speak on the tariff to-night at the new club room of the Fourth Ward Republican Club.

Secretary J. B. Coward yesterday received a notice to call Republican primaries in this city for the election of delegates to attend the Eight Congressional District Republican convention to be held at Elizabeth on Oct. 14.

The right to govern ourselves is the issue in New Jersey this Fall.

A factory in Phillipsburg has been obliged to shut down because of the high price of coal. They can't charge that to the tariff.

Cleveland is like Sullivan. He went into the ring once to often. Sullivan is the wisest, for he knows one licking is enough.

The coal bin is the big factor of the Congressional fight in this district and it is an argument that reaches every householder.

Republican Convention Resolutions.

The following resolutions, prepared by a committee of seven, composed of gentlemen from Monmouth, Middlesex and Somerset counties, were adopted unanimously and heartily at the Third District Republican Convention at New Brunswick, Saturday:

"That the Republicans of the Third Congressional District, of New Jersey, reaffirm the principles and declarations of the Republican party, and their cordial and unqualified endorsement of the nomination of Benjamin Harrison and Whitelaw Reid, for President and Vice President of the United States and all the principles embodied in the National platform.

"We also cordially endorse the nomination of Hon. John Kean, Jr., for Governor of New Jersey. We recognize in Mr. Kean, a gentleman of high character, spotless integrity and of broad and lofty patriotism, and we declare that his election is demanded by the best interests of the people of the State as the only means of rescuing the government from its present extravagant and corrupt ring rule. A vote for John Kean, Jr., is a vote for purity, economy and reform.

"We also without reservation accept and endorse the platform adopted at the Republican State Convention. It emphasizes the purposes of every good citizen and we especially emphasize our endorsement of the indictment of the ring Democracy of this State, the positive and outspoken declarations in favor of labor, the demand for arbitration and the urgent call for economy and reform in our State Government.

"We congratulate the citizens of this District upon the prosperity which they are enjoying as the result of the McKinley bill, and call upon them to elect as their representative in the National Congress, a man who can be depended upon to stand firmly by that measure, the only barrier to foreign competition, idle factories and starvation wages. We believe a property qualification for farmers to assist in maintaining the system which protects them from competition with the pauper labor of Canada at the same time builds up and fosters a home market.

"We denounce the iniquitous coal combine which has already increased one-fifth the price of that necessity, and call upon the people to rebuke the ring-ridden Democracy, which passed a law legalizing the combine, and to defeat the candidates for the State Legislature.

"We cordially endorse the nomination made to-day (*judge* William T. Hoffman) and pledge to the candidate our hearty support, and promise to do all in our power to elect him to represent the Third District in Congress.

"We believe this combine, wrought in the interest of Democracy, shows clearly the principle of that party in scrolling the welfare of the working class of the people to the interests of designing politicians and capitalists.

Democrats Coming Over to the Republican Party.

The gerrymander of the State by the last Democratic Legislature, placed counties likely to go Republican with counties overwhelmingly Democratic, so that the Districts would be securely Democratic. But now the more respectable class of Democrats are revolting against the Bosses in such numbers as to threaten Democratic supremacy in this State.

The Essex County Democracy, 700 strong, Tuesday, at Newark, adopted strong resolutions indorsing the candidacy of John Kean, Jr., the Republican candidate for Governor of New Jersey. The organization is composed of Democrats of Newark and Essex county, who are opposed to the Democratic "bosses" and machine methods. Among them are such prominent representative Democrats as Tyler Parmley, Edward W. Whitehead, Theodore Mead, Bernard McNally, Philip Sise, Joseph G. Weiden, J. H. Chapman, W. H. Karl, and Michael Clark. The organization has established a regular headquarters at No. 210 Market street, where it is proposed to organize the reform sentiments of the party against the candidate of the "ring bosses" of the State. The resolutions adopted describe the way in which the nomination of Judge Werts was forced upon himself and upon the party by the "ring" and the manner in which Judge Werts stultified himself by accepting after repeated and unqualified declarations that he would not be a candidate, and would not take the nomination. The resolutions declare that the Essex County Democracy cannot support a candidate nominated under such conditions, they denounce the dictatorship and bossism that predominates in the Democratic party to such an extent that house rule and the rights of self-government are entirely lost sight of to meet the selfish ends of political tricksters; the multiplication of offices and salaries, and other crying evils. In conclusion, the resolutions recommend the voters of the State to cast their ballots for John Kean, Jr., believing that the time has arrived to strike out boldly for a reform in the present political history of New Jersey. The adoption of the resolutions was unanimous.

Why Judge Werts Don't Want the Governorship.

The reason Judge Werts declared before nomination that he did not want the nomination for Governor is because of the exertions he would be called upon to make.

He receives as judge $9,000 per year, and $10 for each day he holds court, and he manages to hold court enough to bring his total salary to $10,000 per year.

The term of the judgeship is five years. That means he would receive $50,000. The term of the Governorship is three years, and the occupant of the office is ineligible for re-election to succeed himself. The salary is $10,000 per year, or $30,000 for the three years.

In the judgeship Judge Werts is almost certain to be re-appointed, it being the custom, as the judges usually have life positions. It was the death of Judge Kingman which made the vacancy to which Judge (then Senator) Werts was appointed. Judge Kingman was one of the judges who, when denouncing the Democratic Grand Jury for failing to indict the Hudson bosses, Judge Knapp and the collectors and Sunday liquor sellers of Hudson county, who were corrupting the youth, and making honest people fear that there was no law and justice in the land—at least in Hudson county—to apprehend the criminal classes. It is the criminal class of the Democratic party which has, by dishonest methods, got control of the State, and passed the Democratic power in the hands of Governor Abbett, and, of course, his successors, unless the Republicans regain the power and defeat them.

No one knows this better than Judge Werts, who has become a resident of Hudson county, (according to the Elizabeth Journal) although the Democratic ring, probably to avoid the people, parade him as a resident of Morris county, because of the bad name the county of Hudson as a hotbed of Democratic corruption.

It is said that the good die young, but judges don't die young. On the contrary they usually live to ripe old age, and it is unlikely that any judge would conveniently die at the expiration of the term of Judge Werts as governor so that he could get in the Democratic back again. He knows that and, not wanting to take chances, prefers to hold to what he has. It has been stated that his losses would be made up to him. How? By a purse? Even if the Democratic politicians were to be assessed, including the office-holders, to make up the losses the judge would suffer, it would make little difference in the terms, and does any one for a moment believe the money would come out of their own or out of the taxpayers' pockets. Of course it would.

The way to prevent all this is to elect Hon. John Kean, Jr.

Banner Raising at Fanwood.

The Democratic Campaign Club of Fanwood raised a flag at the Fanwood depot and a banner at Scotch Plains last evening. Speeches were made by Mr. J. P. McCormick, James E. Martine, Hon. Joseph V. Hunt and Hon. Alex. T. Dunn.

The town cannon was discharged in honor of the event, and some fireworks and red fire consumed. The St. Mary's Drum Corps of this city added a semblance of life to the affair.

No Money Left for Them.

Thirteen legatees of the estate of Mrs. Susannah Stillman have not received one penny of their legacies, because there was nothing left of the estate for them. The new administrator, J. Frank Hubbard, recently appointed in place of Lawyer Emerson, whose whereabouts are unknown, has found it necessary to have to pay the expense of administrating the estate. Emerson had paid legacies to fifteen persons, among them himself and his mother. The balance of the estate, over and above $13,300, is missing. The amount is not known, and may not be unless Emerson is apprehended and forced to give an account. A legacy of $2,000 to the Seventh-Day Baptist church of New York is unpaid.

"Telephonia."

The Music Hall manager says: The vision of Columbus in the first act of the new musical extravaganza, "Telephonia," is a new departure in stage effects, and will prove a beautiful, startling, and novel. The second act where we see the Port of Palos, Spain, the only frame in which Columbus set all he had the land across the ocean, is one of the prettiest scenes that the well known artist, L. W. Seavey, has ever produced. The company and costumes are equal to the scenery and effects, and Manager Field is assured of a splendid production at Music Hall, next Monday evening.

Hebrew Day of Atonement.

The Hebrew Day of Atonement begins at sunset to-night and continues until the same time to-morrow night. It is the holiest day in all the Jewish calendar, and is observed the world over by every true believer. During the twenty-four hours of the Day of Atonement the orthodox partake neither of food nor of drink nor do they cover their feet with shoes.

—Edsall announces a new list of bargains in his new advertisement to-day.

—Yesterday was the first day of the opening of White & Van Arsdale's new millenery department. The firm feels that from the number of ladies who attended this opening and from their expression of pleasure at the beautiful display of Fall hats, it is evident that this new department will prove a grand success.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

TALK OF FRAUD.

A Lawyer Wants to Examine Field, Lindley and Wiechers' Books.

An order was recently obtained in the Supreme Court, which empowers Counselor Charles W. Gould, the assignee of Field, Lindley, Wiechers & Co. to allow Robert E. Dietz a judgement creditor to the amount of $312,000, to inspect the books of the firm either at the office of the assignee or at the County Clerk's office in New York. Lawyer Goodwin of Vanderpool, Junguing & Goodwin yesterday applied to Justice Pratt to vacate the order.

He said that the liabilities of the firm amounted to $2,000,000, and that everything was in such a state of confusion that the assignee had to employ experts. Many suits had been begun involving, perhaps, thirty sets of deeds. Securities were mixed up, and many difficulties beset those at work upon the affairs of the firm. The removal of the books would cause the loss of many days. The assignee was in possession of about $50,000 in cash, and hoped to reduce the liabilities to $1,000,000.

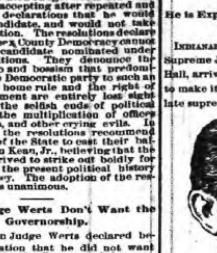
Lawyer Ward, for the plaintiff, contended that the assignee Gould was invalid on the face, and because it was made to delay and defraud the creditors. When the firm was hopelessly insolvent they disposed fraudulently of divers securities, and reserved to themselves valuable property and money and allowed Edward M. Field to keep for his own benefit and use ground belonging to the plaintiffs. The firm was in existence only nine months and the plaintiff had a right to know how the assets had shrunk so enormously within so short a time. Justice Pratt reserved his decision.—N. Y. Sun.

Mr. Wiechers is a resident of this city, and with his father had some $300,000 in the concern.

THE IRON HALL JUSTICE.

He is Expected to Divulge Secrets to the Grand Jury.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 30. (Special.)—When Supreme Justice Somerby, of the Iron Hall, arrives in a few days he is expected to make it interesting for some of the late supreme officers of the order.



F. D. SOMERBY.

"Somerby can send at least three men to the penitentiary," said one man, "and he is in a mood to do it now. He will come to Indianapolis and will tell the Grand Jury all he knows."

The Murderer Caught.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30. (Special.)—The butchery of Frank G. Paulsen, the old veteran, in Rester street, last night has been explained by the police. The motive turns out to be robbery.

The murderer was arrested last night with the dead man's watch upon him. The prisoner, at whose door the police lay the murder is, Frank W. Rohle, a marble polisher.

—Attention is called to the fine bedding and superior rugs at Carey's, on West Front street.

The human body has its limitations.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

diminishes wear and increases enjoyment.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, - - - SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

One Night Only, Tuesday, October 4.

THE CHAMPION OF THE WORLD,

JAMES J. CORBETT,

Supported by a specially selected Dramatic Cast in Chas. T. Vincent's Comedy-Drama,

GENTLEMEN JACK.

Under the management of William A. Brady. Superior scenic effects.

THE CAMPUS AT PAYNE COLLEGE,
HALLIDAY NATIONAL BANK, N. Y
THE TRAINING QUARTERS AT LOCH ARBOUR,
THE OLYMPIC CLUB, NEW ORLEANS,
THE MADISON SQUARE ROOF GARDEN.

Introducing DAGMAR and DrCELLE, the Danish Warblers.

Reserved Seats—50c., 75c. and $1. On sale at Central Pharmacy.

NEW BARGAINS!!

64-in Bleached Table Linen 45c., worth 60c. 70-in Bleached Table Linen 75c., worth 90c. 58-in Unbleached Table Linen 50c., worth 60c. Unbleached Linen 32 and 36 Brown Twill Crash 9c. worth 12½. Glass Towling 12c. worth 15c. Bird's Eye Towling 6½c. White and colored, embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs 17c., worth 25c. 38-in All-Wool Black Cashmeres 44c., worth 50c. 38-in All-Wool Black Serge 44c., worth 55c. 19-in all Silk Shaded Surahs 39c.

Carpets Made and Laid FREE!

Have you seen our PERFECT FITTING, Good Wearing $2 SHOES?

EDSALL'S.

HEADQUARTERS for LOW PRICES!

Five Gallons Best Kerosene Oil, 150 Test, and Can, 90c.

Genuine Elgin Creamery and Dairy Butter A SPECIALTY.

United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association

LEADING CASH GROCERS, 29 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL!

J. A. DEMAREST, - - - SOLE LESSEE AND MANAGER.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3,

The Musical Extravaganza,

TELEPHONIA!

Telephonia is brimful of fun, has lots of pretty girls, is a splendid spectacle, has a cast of thirty, will show you the World's Fair at Chicago. Don't miss this great laughing hit.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Grand Army Place.

South of the White House at Washington the ground was years ago laid out in an ellipse which was left as a park and simply known as the White lot. This September it has had its name changed and will henceforth be known as Grand Army place. At the twenty-sixth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic it was christened under its new name.

Saddening rather than joyful was the attempt to reproduce the grand review of 1865. That occupied May 23 and 24. For two whole days hoofbeat and drum-beat, bugle call and footfall, sounded all together, mingling in a long, rolling rhythm as the men who saved the Union marched up Pennsylvania avenue to the White lot. There were 200,000 of them then. Grant's stern faced thousands from the Potomac, Sheridan's horsemen and Sherman's bummers were all there with their great leaders.

In the autumn of 1892, when the grand review took place again and the veterans who had saved the Union marched up Pennsylvania avenue, the passing occupied eight hours, and there were more spectators along the streets than men in the ranks. There were 70,000 gray-beards, who in the rests of the march leaned upon canes instead of muskets. But they were none the less impressive for the element of pathos that was about them. Few as they were comparatively this year it is certain that never again will even 70,000 veterans of the Union army march up that avenue to the sound of fife and drum behind the white silk and gold flag of the commander of the G. A. R. White and gold—emblem of peace and glory.

Splendid sights there were in this late review at Washington, sights that could have been witnessed in no land beneath the sun but ours—this blessed home of liberty and human rights. In one of the delegations from a country just in Ohio town walked a white haired man, strong and erect, of soldierly bearing, but modest, as became a simple private in the G. A. R. ranks. The white haired private was Rutherford B. Hayes, major general in the Union army and ex-president of the United States. Tell it to the kings and emperors of the old civilization that they may know from incidents like this how and why the United States is the most powerful nation on earth.

Well, goodby veterans! May the next reunion find you all yet alive, happier and richer than you are now, every one of you. As long as you or your descendants are alive our flag will be there, the flag which it cost so much to keep intact. Forever—

Let every color fly,
Every pennon flaunt in pride;
Wave, starry flag, on high,
Float in the sunny sky,
Stream o'er the stormy tide!
For every stripe of stainless hue,
And every star in the field of blue,
Ten thousand of the brave and true
Have laid them down and died.

Eating Fruit.

At the cholera alarm in New York the California fruit trade fell off h l. Numbers of people there and elsewhere began to confine their diet to bread and meat. The California fruit growers ceased for a time to ship their wares in quantity to the Atlantic coast, but sold them on the ground to canners and others.

It is a foolish mistake about ripe fruit in moderation being hurtful to anybody. Cholera germs would be far more apt to be conveyed in unhealthy meat than in fruit of any kind. City meat eaters have no sort of guarantee that their chops and roasts are not either of over age or were in perfectly healthful condition in the first place. Overripe meat is a good deal worse than overripe fruit. And when one takes into consideration the fevers, consumption and blood poisons that afflict our food animals the danger becomes greater. One could eat nothing more hurtful than diseased or rotten meat.

The wise will stick to fruit—good, ripe fruit—along with their meats under all circumstances. It clears out the clogged up blood, gives no fighting dreams or hog cholera, neither trichina nor tuberculosis. It is easily digested and comes to us with the sweetened sunlight in its juices. A human stomach full of a huge, feverish meat gorge is not a pleasant thing either to carry about with one or to contemplate.

No more pitiful sight is ever witnessed than that of an individual losing all humanity, decency and common sense from fear of cholera. The person who quietly stands his ground, not willfully running into danger, neither running away from it when it comes, but doing all in his power to aid the stricken and unfortunate, even as he would desire aid in their place, is the man who will never die of cholera. Life is not worth having if to save it one must be a poltroon and a brute. In fine contrast to the conduct of those panic stricken cowards who burned down a building in their county for fear it might be made a pest hospital in case cholera should come, is the action of Father Harkins of the Roman Catholic diocese of Providence, who offered his grounds as a site on which a cholera hospital might be erected, ready for the plague if it came. It is better for a man never to have been born than to show a craven, brutal selfishness in times of public danger.

THE COLUMBIAN PARADE

Gotham's Celebration to Culminate in a Dazzling Pageant.

MILES OF ILLUMINATED BICYCLES.

Those Will Lead the Night Procession of Gorgeous Historical Floats, Militia, Veterans, Civilians and Torch Bearers. The Programme in Full.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The details of the grand night pageant on Wednesday, Oct. 12, in the Columbian celebration are publicly announced. The design of the whole is the work of Angelo Alfred Thompson, who has had charge of the Mardi Gras carnivals in New Orleans. Following is the order of the procession:

Platoon of mounted police.
Body of cycling clubs, with lanterns.
Mounted cavaliers, carrying banners announcing the triumph of America.
Twelve heralds, mounted, carrying trumpets.
Zappa's Seventh Regiment band—fifty pieces.
Grand marshal—Colonel John Garnett.

Float—Columbus.
Group of Indians.
Car of prehistoric America.
Group of Toltecs.
Float—Homage to Columbus.
Group of Spanish courtiers.
Float—Santa Maria.
Mounted cavalcade.
Float—Car of Liberty, preceded by colonists Puritan Wedding—John Alden and Priscilla.
Group of Dutch colonists.
William Penn and Quaker guard.
Fourteenth regiment band.
General Washington and staff.
Mounted chief of the allied Indian tribes.
Float—Model of the Capitol at Washington.
Group of veterans and naval cadets.
Mounted Philadelphia city troop banners.
Float—The press.
Float—Poetry and romance.
Float—Arts and fine sciences.
Float—Supremacy of the American woman.
Band—Fifty pieces.
Float—The united oceans.
Float—Columbia's car of state.
Battalion of sworn men.
Band—Fifty pieces.
Float—Car of Electra.
Red lights.

Mile and a Half Long.

The bicycle men will be 5,000 strong. They will be led by Grand Marshal Isaac Peter in platoons of twelve abreast. This will make a column of bicyclists one mile and a half long.

The wheels will all be decorated with lanterns, and torches and calcium lights will be scattered throughout the column. There will be a float typical of bicycling. The twelve heralds will be on white horses, caparisoned with trappings of the American colors. Cappa's band will be in fancy uniforms.

Colonel Garnett and staff will be in the uniform of the Austrian guards, with metal helmets and white plumes, white tunics, cuirass and gold epaulets, and white trousers, top boots, spurs and gauntlets. They will carry sabers.

The car of Fame is to follow. The continents will be typified in groups. A group of forty early American cave dwellers will follow on foot with tribes of Indians. The prehistoric float will show the old rock dwellers and other primeval inhabitants, with the giant fauna of the iron age. Sixty Mexican Indians in costume will surmount the float.

Washington and His Staff.

The Aztec sun worshipers' float will represent the high priest of the Incas sacrificing a victim, while an image of the sun sits as presiding genius and the altars blaze. Groups of ancient warriors will be on the float. The float in honor of Columbus will bear his statue as the pioneer of western civilization.

The mounted group of the Spanish court will consist of twenty-four persons. Ferdinand and Isabella, under a canopy carried by six knights, will be followed by the lords and ladies of their train.

The float of the Santa Maria will be drawn by ten Spanish sailors, and will be followed by a group of historic personages, including Amerigo Vespucci, Cortez, Pizarro, Ponce De Leon and others. On the car of Liberty will be the statue of Liberty surrounded by figures of Intellect, Progress and Invention.

The rest of the floats will be occupied by types of colonists from various countries. John Alden will follow on a white horse with Priscilla behind on a pillion under a canopy of flowers. The Puritan colonists accompanying them will carry torches and bouquets on poles.

General Washington and his staff will be in continental uniform. Jefferson, Lafayette and other personages will accompany him. Forty Indian chiefs in uniform are to follow. The float bearing the model of the Capitol will be lighted by electricity, while seven girls will bear the shields of the states.

Army and Navy Veterans.

A corps of army and navy veterans will precede them. The escort to the float will be the Osborne Naval corps and the Junior Naval reserve. The float of the Press will contain a printing press of type cases. The genius of the press will be represented arising from an ink bottle.

The float of Poetry and Romance will typify a spring, around which are seated Longfellow, Cooper, Poe, Irving, Bryant, Hawthorne, Whittier, Lowell and other American authors.

The float of Music will have representations of the famous composers, surrounded by allegorical designs representing Music. An orchestra will accompany the float and a band of singers.

The car of Science will typify the most recent discoveries in astronomy, medicine, mechanics, chemistry and kindred sciences. Koch, Hoffkine and Pasteur will be among the characters on the float.

The float of the supremacy of American woman will represent a young girl sitting in a rocking chair on the globe. Blue stockings and girl graduates will surround her.

A Roman effigy will find Columbia's car of state. It will be manned by centurions in full Roman dress. All the American presidents will be on this float. Columbia will stand at the helm.

Next will be the banner of Electra borne on horseback, preceding the battalion of progress of twenty winged amazons mounted. Last of all comes the banner of Electra, arranged with numerous electrical devices. It will be the finest float in the procession.

The Entire Programme.

The entire programme of the celebration is as follows: Saturday, Oct. 8—Religious services in synagogues. Sunday, Oct. 9—Services in Christian churches. Monday, Oct. 10—Ten a. m., formation for college and school parades; 8 p. m., Pratt's cantata, "The Triumph of Columbus," at Carnegie Music hall; 9 p. m., fireworks from Brooklyn bridge. Tuesday, Oct. 11—Naval parade at 12:30 p. m. in lower bay and North river; 8 p. m., parade of Catholic societies. Wednesday, Oct. 12—Military parade; 1 p. m., grand street pageant with general illumination of the city and fireworks. Thursday, Oct. 13—Evening, grand ball given at Lenox Lyceum.

CHOLERA STAMPED OUT.

The Disease Effectually Handled in New York and Its Quarantine.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—All reports from the detained steamships at the upper and lower quarantine stations are favorable today, and with Five Island and Camp Low depopulated and the last of the Scandia's passengers released from Hoffman island, the cholera may be said to be stamped out. The only infected ship left in the lower bay at the present time is the Bohemia, the last vessel to arrive with cholera. Her steerage passengers were transferred to Hoffman island, and the ship was disinfected more thoroughly than was possible while the people were on board. Dr. Byron said that unless some new case break out he expected to close the hospital and get away from Swinburne island in eight days. There is no cholera in the city.

An Increase in Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Sept. 30.—The number of fresh cases of cholera here today has been 190, or nine more than yesterday; the number of deaths were thirty-four, or nineteen fewer than yesterday; the number of burials were 30, or seventeen fewer than yesterday. The hospitals are treating only 1,159 patients, or 711 fewer than yesterday.

The Cholera in Berlin.

BERLIN, Sept. 30.—Two cholera patients were taken to the Moabit hospital. Ten others suspected of the disease were also taken to the hospital.

Buda-Pesth Still Tainted.

BUDA-PESTH, Sept. 30.—There have been nine cases resembling cholera in this city within three days. Four of the nine cases were fatal.

The Pest in Pesth's Prison.

PESTH, Sept. 30.—Cholera is spreading in the principal prison of this city. Today there have been eighteen cases and ten deaths.

FASHIONS

AUTUMN WAISTS.

Some of the Latest and Prettiest for Different Occasions.

Every woman knows that she may have a varied wardrobe and yet not possess many dresses. All that is necessary is an assortment of bodices, the autumn fashions in which are here illustrated.

That shown in cut No. 1 is suitable for afternoon wear and will brighten a number of skirts of dark gowns. It is a fully fitting jacket of soft French cashmere of a bright scarlet shade. A round corselet is formed by bands of black sad gold passementerie. The neck is cut with a round yoke to which is attached a high collar of solid passementerie with an edging of Van Dyke points. The sleeves have a fashionable fulness towards the shoulder, and from elbow to wrist they are tight-fitting and trimmed with bands of the passementerie.

A jaunty bodice to be worn with a street costume is of dark brown serge, combined with forest green silk. The bodice has a deep pointed corselet belt fastened with large bone buttons. The Zouave jacket has flaring green silk revers. Sleeves, which reach to the elbow, are a mass of white tucks and are finished with a folded cuff.

The evening bodice is girlish and jaunty and looks well with black silk or black lace skirts. The baby waist is made of pale blue mousseline de soie. It is slightly gathered over the bust, and a draw string of pink ribbon runs through it. The yoke of the bodice is of lace, a dainty novelty in itself, for the Chantilly lace as the design outlined with a fine pink silk thread. The sleeve is a full, soft puff of the mousseline de soie, finished with a deep frill of lace. Pink ribbon is tw sted about the waist and is tied in a bow in front.

Peck's Case Postponed.

ALBANY, Sept. 30.—Owing to the unavoidable absence from the city of his counsel, the case of Labor Commissioner Charles F. Peck, charged with having destroyed official records, was adjourned by Police Justice Guttman to Oct. 7.

Harcourt's Sarcasm.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Lord Randolph Churchill has joined a society of amateur debaters in Paddington, and Sir William Harcourt suggests that his lordship is seeking to improve his voice and regain his lost oratorical powers.

A Criminal Record Broken.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 30.—Eleven murderers pleaded to indictments in the over and terminer court yesterday, an event without parallel in the criminal history of Philadelphia.

An Alleged Murderer Held.

SOMERVILLE, Mass., Sept. 30.—Richard Powell, the alleged murderer of G. W. Brown, whose decomposed body was found in a cellar, was held for the grand jury

Kicked His Child to Death.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 30.—John Wilbinger, living near Paducah, became enraged because he had to care for his sick wife and baby, and kicked the child to death.

Short In His Accounts.

HOLLISTON, Mass., Sept. 30.—An expert investigation of the accounts of J. M. Batchelder, town treasurer from 1879 to 1889, reveals a shortage of $7,500

ENGLAND WANTS HAWAII

Unless Uncle Sam Interferes She Will Get the Islands.

ANNEXATION BEING OPENLY URGED

The Majority of the Inhabitants in Favor of a Union with the United States—A New Treaty to Bring About Closer Commercial Relations with Us.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The situation of affairs in the Hawaiian islands continues to receive the earnest and constant attention of officials of the department of state. To inquiries as to the political situation in the dominion of her majesty, Queen Liliuokalina, reply is made that it is regarded as unsettled. Further than this they say they do not care to express an opinion, and this despite the fact that on the 16th inst. the new ministry were inducted into office. The change of government was accomplished without demonstration of any kind, but the feeling prevails that there is no confidence in the ministry, and any change would create no surprise.

The department is under more or less influence to bring about even closer relations between the United States and Hawaii than have ever been obtained. Annexation is openly urged, the argument being made that the islands need the support of a stronger government, which would restore the commercial credit of the country, give assistance to the producers, and consequent development of the resources of the islands. Unless the United States does take these islands under its care it is urged that some other strong government is likely to do it, and that government is England.

In addition to the sugar, rice is cultivated, tea can be raised in abundance, and the coffee is of fine quality. All that is needed is some money and efforts to improve the lands and cheap labor to work them.

England could easily supply these from her surplus capital and Coolie colonies. Negotiations are now pending for the establishment of a line of steamers from Victoria to Australia, stopping at Honolulu, which when established, it is threatened, will drive the American line off the route.

They Want Annexation.

Nearly nine-tenths of the foreign population are Americans, most of the trade is with the United States and the entire interests of the latter are American, so much so that even the German and most of the English settlers join the Americans, who with the natives are possessed of a desire to become annexed to the United States.

It is not probable that the United States will depart from its historic policy and assume any territory beyond the islands than the one always held. It is interesting to note in this connection that the under minister of foreign affairs at Honolulu was formerly a clerk in the department of state in this city.

Under the operations of the McKinley bill the sugar industry in Hawaii has languished, until now the sugar estates are mostly in the hands of receivers. Rice grown in that country is given free entry into the United States by the provisions of a bill passed in the same session, but inadvertently doue Hawaii by the failure of the McKinley bill to make an exception in favor of that country.

But the condition of the commercial relations between the two countries is not satisfactory, and the volume of correspondence with foreign governments for 1891, now in the press, will doubtless contain the text of a proposed treaty, which has been under consideration by the negotiating officials for some months, the object of which is to restore as far as possible the trade relations previously existing between the countries.

The Proposed Treaty.

This project provides for the free admittance into each country of all articles grown, produced or manufactured in the other, subject however to the conditional duties as are imposed upon the native articles. The treaty also, by express terms, continues in force the original treaty of 1849, the reciprocity treaty of 1875 and that of 1885, which conveyed to the United States exclusive right to Pearl harbor.

The minister of foreign affairs of Hawaii said of the proposed treaty:

"It may be said that we shall pledge ourselves not to make similar arrangements with other nations, but we cannot expect to get such great advantages without some concessions, and it is for us to judge whether the free market of the United States is not of greater present and prospective advantage than all other markets combined, even were it certain that we could make as favorable terms with them, which we cannot do."

Inasmuch as the correspondence avers that the tender of the treaty came from the United States, and, as is shown, the Hawaiian officials heartily approve it, the further statement that while the treaty has not yet been executed, "encouraging reports of the progress of negotiations) are expected at early day," is not strange.

The Trolley System in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The board of aldermen held a meeting, at which the question of the adoption of the trolley system on the new street railroad lines came up. Reports granting the request in each instance were adopted. The Metropolitan Traction company, a Philadelphia syndicate, controls all the lines.

A Farmer Held Up.

ALMOND, N. Y., Sept. 30.—James Lane, a farmer, while returning from market was held up by three masked highwaymen and robbed of all his money and the things he had bought in the city for his family.

Ex-monitor Flana Pardoned.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The president has pardoned Harry H. Flann, of Pennsylvania, from Dec. 24, 1892. He was convicted of embezzlement Dec. 28, 1889, and sentenced for five years.

Mills Not Seriously Ill.

CORSICANA, Tex., Sept. 30.—Roger Q. Mills has been compelled to cancel his Texas appointments, owing to an attack of kidney trouble. He does not think that he is seriously ill.

A Fatal Explosion.

BRADDOCK, Pa., Sept. 30.—A gas explosion occurred at Edgar Thomson Steel works, by which Mike Brennan and Joseph Sokol were fatally burned.

McDonald Surrendered.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—Michael McDonald, the famous sport, who was indicted for bribery, surrendered and gave bail.

The Concord at Colon.

PANAMA, Sept. 30.—The United States man-of-war Concord is now anchored off Colon. She awaits further orders.

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at Pure Food Exhibition. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.
MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N.Y.

SPECIAL SALE!
OF
1,000 pairs of Trousers
AT
WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE
30 West Front Street.

A GOOD CHANCE for BARGAINS.
Our New Stock o
Fall and Winter
Goods Just Received.
It will pay you to examine them.
The Latest Styles of Hats and Gentlemen's furnishings.
A full line of Cloths for Clothing to Order.

WINES AND LIQUORS.
That the citizens of this city and surrounding country may know firstclass brands of all leading distillers of the land, and wines, both domestic and imported, from all the famous growers, may be obtained in Plainfield. It is my purpose to inform them.
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC BEERS.
All the brands kept in stock. Hotels saloons and private families supplied. Orders delivered free. day or night. Telephone, 161.
FRANK LINKE,
48 West Front Street.

BEACH'S
Celebrated
PLUM PUDDINGS and BOSTON BROWN BREAD.
Also
HOME MADE White Bread. Gluten Bread. Breakfast Rolls of all kinds of Cake, Crullers, etc.
A fine lot of GREEN GRAPES and CRAB APPLE JELLIES, home made and extra nice. Any of the above articles delivered at your residence. Order Puddings for Sunday desert on or before Saturday morning.
M. E. BEACH,
61 Park Avenue, near Fourth Street.

$500 LIFE INSURANCE Free
of cost to ALL Customers that trade with
FRED. W. DUNN,
The Plainfield Grocer,
No. 18 North Avenue.
$500 Come and Get a Policy. Free

Kaufer's
Fine Confections.
Full Assortment. Always Fresh.
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
Cor. Front and Grove Street.

Educational.

Harned Academy
RE-OPENED SEPT. 12,
with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.
The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harrison, A. M., is conducted on the INDIVIDUAL METHOD.
Classes now forming in German and French. Special Classes for evenings. Private Tutoring. Preparations for college. Music. Weekly lectures.
E. N HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN,
17 LaGRANDE AVENUE.
Re-Opened September 19, 1892.
For particulars address the principals.
8 31 1m*

Plainfield Seminary,
for
YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN,
re-opens on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.
For particulars address MISS E. E. KENYON, Principal. 8 10 8m*

NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL LAW
253 BROADWAY, N.Y.
INTRODUCTORY LECTURE FREE

ELOCUTION.
Instruction and Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 1046.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French lectures. Lessons given at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms, and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Viroux, care of Miss's Sutphen and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home to visitors, from 2 to 5 p. m. 25 Grove street, North Plainfield. School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to schools. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.
J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
Corner Front street and Park avenue, have a full line of Seasonable Horse Goods, such as
RUBBER HORSE CLOTHING,
PLUSH LINED GOAT ROBES,
HARNESS AND WHIPS,
RIDING SADDLES, ETC.
WINTER AND FALL BLANKS,
They also have a big stock of
PARLOR HEATERS,
New Styles. Very Cheap.

COAL LUMBER
And Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

No Boats to Cholera Ports.
SPECIAL NOTICE TO AGENTS.
Please discontinue the sale of Prepaid and Outward Tickets to and from all Continental Points until further advised.
Tickets to and from England, Ireland, Scotland and Scandinavian Points can be sold as usual.
The S. S. "Circassia," advertised to sail from Glasgow September 23d and from New York October 8th, has been withdrawn, and there will be no sailing on these dates.
Anchor Line.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.
For President,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
of Indiana.
For Vice-President,
WHITELAW REID,
of New York.
For Governor,
JOHN KEAN, JR.,
of Elizabeth.
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
At Large—Ex-Senator Alexander G. Cattell and Frederick Frelinghuysen.
First District—George Hires of Salem.
Second District—Ferdinand A. Roebling of Mercer.
Third District—Adolph Sack of Raritan.
Fourth District—Luther Kountze of Morris county.
Fifth District—Donald McKay of Bergen county.
Sixth District—Frederick Kuhn of Newark.
Seventh District—George F. Durkin of Jersey City.
Eighth District—William F. Chamberlain of Dayrose.
Third Congressional District for Congress,
WILLIAM T. HOFFMAN.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private carriages.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDING HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operations of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll-Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

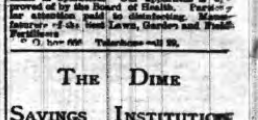
Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 Ty

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Has removed her office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 20 7

H. S. SPENCER,
No. 26 and 28 Somerset street, grocer and seedsman. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. G. C. C. tea, 50 cents per pound. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes. Celery, cabbage, cauliflower, lettuce, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

PLAINFIELD DOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



JONES & CO.,
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is improved of by the latest pattern. Parties for attention paid to disinfecting. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers.
C. O. box 666. Telephone call 32.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—3:05 a. m., 11:05, 2:05, 5:05 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:30, 6:30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS.
Arrive—9:05 a. m., 1:15, 6:30p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:45 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 5:00 p. m.
E. R. POPE, P. M.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

THE WHIRL OF POLITICS.

An Alleged Republican Scheme to Buy Up the English Press.

CLEVELAND AGAIN IN NEW YORK

The Democratic Standard Bearer to Confer with the National Campaign Committee in Reference to the Dissensions in the Party There in Local Matters.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—The Post prints a two column expose of an alleged scheme of the Republican national committee to send an emissary to England to "work" the English press in the interest of the Republican party during the remainder of the national campaign.

According to The Post the plan was devised at a conference of prominent Republicans of this city and approved by the Republican national committee, but the emissary selected, a reporter for The Inter Ocean, whose articles over the signature "Pat Grant, Railroad Laborer," have attracted great attention, was not considered by the national committee to be a man of sufficient diplomatic ability, and William E. Curtis, formerly private secretary to James G. Blaine, was selected.

This, The Post says, so incensed Grant that he hastened to the Democratic leaders of this city and exposed the plot. He intimated that he had in his possession a letter from President Harrison approving the plot. He offered to verify his statements by documentary proofs for a consideration of $25,000.

This amount was considered by the Democrats to be altogether too high, and Grant, The Post alleges, has avowed his intention to go personally to Mr. Cleveland and deal with him if the campaign committee declines to "do business with him."

CLEVELAND IN NEW YORK.

He Will Consult with the National Democratic Campaign Committee.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Ex-President Cleveland arrived in this city from Buzzard's Bay and took up his quarters at the Victoria hotel, where he was visited by a number of prominent Democrats. The purpose of Mr. Cleveland's visit is to confer with the national campaign committee on the conduct of the campaign and the attitude of the "anti-snappers" in antagonizing Tammany Hall in the matter of local nominations.

A great delegation from Kansas, led by General Charles W. Blair, member of the national committee, and another from Iowa, headed by S. J. Richardson, of the national executive committee, came to town, and General Blair said that Kansas would undoubtedly throw its electoral vote to Weaver and Field. Mr. Richardson told Mr. Cleveland that Iowa will cast its electoral vote for him.

It is still on the cards, it is averred, that Judge Rufus W. Peckham will receive the nomination for chief justice of the court of appeals.

Opposed to Tammany.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The County Democratic committee of thirty met in Cooper Union and formed a permanent organization for 1892. The crowd present was enthusiastic, leaving no doubt of the County Democracy's purpose of supporting an independent ticket. Hubert O. Thompson of it was approved. The organization was perfected by the election of Charles H. Jackson as permanent chairman, a vice president from each assembly district and a number of secretaries. Mr. Jackson on taking the chair made a speech, denouncing Tammany Hall and declaring warfare against it. Resolutions were adopted giving the committee power to confer with other Democratic organizations opposed to Tammany Hall, with a view to selecting an independent ticket.

General Field Hissed.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 30.—General Field, third party candidate for the vice presidency, spoke here. He strongly denounced the Democratic party and Cleveland and was hissed several times. He said he wanted to see the time when socialism would be blotted out, so that it would be safe for northern men to come south without the chance of being robbed, as General Weaver was.

Phelan Won't Give Up.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 30.—John J. Phelan, of this city, the Democratic candidate for secretary of state, against whom the supreme court made a finding in the quo warranto case in which he sought to establish a claim to the office, says he will not give up the fight if there is any means of contesting it.

New York's Reapportionment.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The general term affirms the decision of Judge Bartlett in the special term, which practically holds that the reapportionment, as made by the Kings county board of supervisors, is legal and constitutional.

Quackenbush Renominated.

TROY, N. Y., Sept. 30.—John A. Quackenbush was unanimously renominated by the Republicans of Rensselaer and Columbia counties as member of congress.

Kellogg for Congress.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Sept. 30.—The Second district Republican congressional convention unanimously nominated ex-Congressman Stephen W. Kellogg.

A Deadlock Broken.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 30.—Albert S. Berry was renominated on the 373d ballot at Warsaw for congressman from the Sixth district.

Cleaves' Plurality 19,513.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 30.—The official vote of Maine gives Cleaves (Rep.) for governor a plurality of 19,513.

General Brubaker Shot.

FARGO, N. D., Sept. 30.—General Brubaker, leader of the insurrectionists in British Honduras, was captured by the government forces and shot. His wife and son are in this city.

Colonel Rice Seriously Ill.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 30.—Colonel James H. Rice, capitalist, politician and member of the national Democratic committee on speakers, is critically ill at his hotel.

Barely Saved Their Lives.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Fire destroyed a big woolen house in White street last night. Loss, $100,000. Twelve girls at work barely got out safely.

Robbed the Mails.

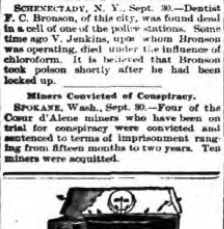
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 30.—Six postoffice employees are under arrest here for robbing the mails.

Died in a Police Cell.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 30.—Dentist F. C. Bronson, of this city, was found dead in a cell of one of the police stations. Some time ago V. Jenkins, upon whom Bronson was operating, died under the influence of chloroform. It is believed that Bronson took poison shortly after he had been locked up.

Miners Convicted of Conspiracy.

SPOKANE, Wash., Sept. 30.—Four of the Coeur d'Alene miners who have been on trial for conspiracy were convicted and sentenced to terms of imprisonment ranging from fifteen months to two years. Ten miners were acquitted.



RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.'S
"PERFECT"
Sanitary Heating Furnace
WITH UPWARD RETURN FLUE
DOUBLE RADIATOR.
The Most Powerful and Durable Furnace Made.
FOR SALE BY
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Plainfield, N. J.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given, That the partnership lately subsisting between George L. Van Emburgh and Edward White, of the City of Plainfield, in Union county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Van Emburgh & White, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward White, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.
G. L. VAN EMBURGH,
EDWARD WHITE.
Dated September 14, 1892. 15 tf

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue,
Office:—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

Ex-Congressman Benton Killed.

LANCASTER, N. H., Sept. 30.—Ex-Congressman Jacob Benton was thrown by his runaway team and killed. Mr. Benton was a member of congress from the old Third district in 1857-9 for two terms. He was seventy-eight years old and had lived in Lancaster fifty years.

An Irish Appeal for Funds.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The Irish parliamentary party have sent out an address to Irishmen abroad. The address is signed by Justin McCarthy, and it appeals for funds for the support of evicted tenants pending the release of the Paris fund.

Murdered at Sea.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—A cable dispatch from the United States consul at Cape Town says that Captain Buckley, of the bark William Hales, has been murdered at sea, together with his wife. No particulars are given.

Ives Beat Daly.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Champion Frank Ives, the billiardist, beat Maurice Daly in an exhibition game of 18-inch balk line, 800 points. The score was 800 to 199. The highest run (92) was made by Daly.

A Hawaiian Band for Chicago.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 30.—Advices from Honolulu state that the government has decided to make no exhibit at Chicago, but has appropriated $15,000 for sending a Hawaiian band there.

Business Troubles and Drink.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 30.—Michael McGowan threw himself in front of a fast train, but was rescued by officers. Business troubles and drink are said to be the cause of his act.

Cent-a-Word Column.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD WANTED—From October 15th to June 15th, in Plainfield, for widow lady and two grown-up daughters, one of whom is an invalid. One large, double bedroom and one single bedroom, both on second floor, with southern or southeastern exposure, and open grate fire in one room, and with bath room and closet on same floor. Terms must be moderate. References unexceptionable. Address, stating full particulars and terms, "C. H. A." Box 1234, Post Office, New York City. 9 30tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN AMERICAN, honest and temperate, wants situation on gentleman's place. Is experienced and competent. Thoroughly understands care of horses, cows and carriages. Can make himself generally useful. Best of references. Address Frank Lyford, Ocean Grove, N. J. 27 6

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Upstairs girl. Apply, with reference, 118 East Front street. 30 2

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 14 Westervelt avenue. 29 3

WANTED—Chambermaid and waitress. Mrs. Fleming, 199 Park avenue. 9 29tf

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—An old-fashioned breast pin. Name scratched with pin on back of plate. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Leave address for "J," care of EVENING NEWS. 30 2

FOR RENT.

CHARMING *inside rooms* and a fine dancing hall to rent, cheap. Enquire F. M. Hulett, West Front street. 28 4*

FOR RENT—A fine new dwelling on Richmond street. Has been recently papered and painted. Has all modern improvements and will be rented for $25 per month until spring. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-tf

MISS JEANNETTE A. MATTISON offers the use of her music parlor, 23 East Front street, for a few evenings or earlier hours each week. Suitable for instruction in music or classes in language, etc. Call or address Miss J. A. Mattison 28 4*

TO LET—For entertainments, the Woman's Christian Temperance Union rooms, Broadway and Fourth street. 30 6*

UNFURNISHED house to let. Dr. Boone 81 Front street. 29 2w

FOR SALE.

CARBONATE stoves for Fall and Winter use; portable; no gas; no pipe. Sold by A. M. Griffen. 30 4*

FOR SALE—A lot on Manning avenue, in good location for small store. Or will rent same for term of ten years. Address "Owner," care of EVENING NEWS. 30 2

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Convenient 2½ story dwelling, with all modern conveniences, No. 1 Waynewood park, (Front street, first street West of Plainfield avenue). Price $6,500. Rent $500. Apply to owner at No. 1, opposite, or to E. C. Mulford, North avenue, opposite depot. wfsu*

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 9-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 9 29tf

USE NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR and prepared self-raising Buckwheat, just received at City Mills. 28 4

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED—Real estate in North Plainfield. Small houses and good-sized lot, or large plot of ground. Address, giving particulars, "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 30 2

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANSWERS are here for these advertisers: "M." (D.) "E. P." (D.) "X." (D.) "B." (D.) Kindly call for same. 29 2

FOR sodding and grading address John Barry, Fox Hill, city. 9 26tf

INSTRUCTION in Shorthand Writing—For full particulars of private evening class for ladies and gentlemen, with experienced instructor, complete course and moderate terms, write to Mr. J. A. Robinson, 76 East Sixth street. fmw

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 Broadway, New York City. Incorporated 1891; number of students during first year, 381. Largest law school in the United States except one "Dwight method" of instruction. Degree of LL.B. given after two years' course. Graduate course now added. Tuition fee, $100. Re-opens Oct. 3, 1892. Address George Chase, Dean. 8 6 3m mofr

T. J. CAREY, auctioneer. Outside sales promptly attended to. Real estate a specialty. 30 1m*

WANTED—$1,800, on bond and mortgage on Westfield property, near depot. Address "Bond and Mortgage," care of EVENING NEWS. 28 5

ALFRED B. NELSON, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 2 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Office in Bank building. Flagstaff tract in North R. R., also on the United States Coast Survey. All work guaranteed. 9 24 1y

Sunshine Parlor Heaters; Improved Cylinder Stoves; Othello Ranges; Furnaces and Fire-place Heaters; Furnace Work and Plumbing; Hardware. Get a $500 Insurance, Free.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
15 East Front Street. Telephone 6.

FALL SHAPES
IN
DERBY HATS.
Hallock & Davis
5 West Front Street.

We Cannot Give You A
House and Lot,
But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as consistent with first-class work and material.
Estimates furnished free of charge.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Painters and Decorators,
29 East Front street.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 963.

DURHAM & GAYLE,
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 313.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Bronx.
P. O. Box 1288
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

JACOB M. HIGGINS,
PRACTICAL MASON and CONTRACTOR
P. O. Box 351. Residence Door street, near Howard.
98y

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence—64 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1861.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Mason, Builder and hard wood finisher. Shop corner of Grand and Sumner streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 2 Sumner street.

Have You a Pencil?
If you are 21 years old $96 00 paid annually for fifteen years would entitle you to $1,000.
If 25 years old, $67.
If 30 years old, $67.10.
If 34 years old, $67.30.
This sum of $1,000 is payable to the insured, if living, at the expiration of fifteen years, or at his death, if prior.
FOR A LIFE POLICY, of $1,000 the annual payments to continue during life, the payments for young men between 31 and 34 are between $18.60 and $20.
For catalogues and further particulars address Henry D. Moore, Pres., Hartford, Conn., or Agent, THE NEW YORK MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

A Word to the Public!
OUR ANNUAL FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY OPENING.
Will this year be under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. H. Boston, who, with the assistance of thoroughly experienced and artistic milliners from New York, will endeavor to place before the public, for inspection, the largest variety of styles and fancy creations of the milliner's art ever attempted in this city. An inspection will convince you that we are leaders in this line, and our prices as low as the lowest.
Sept. 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.
BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 Somerset Street,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

The Plainfield Ice
and
Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong Ice in this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
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Agent for the American
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Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
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Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

NOTICE!
A. G. VOGELER has just engaged an experienced and expert Cologne Maker, who is now at work making the finest bouquets in this city. If you are fond of Cologne stop at 17 ½ East Front street and buy some. You will then become a regular patron.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : : NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 34. 6, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Sept. 18, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 35, 6 32, 7 32, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 a. m., 12 32, 1 32, 2 32, 3 32, 4 32, 5 32, 6 32, 7 32, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 p. m. Sunday at 5 35, 6 32, 7 32, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 a. m., 12 32, 1 32, 2 32, 3 32, 4 32, 5 32, 6 32, 7 32, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., at 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m., 12 00 m. Sunday at 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Express trains are in black figures. Local trains are in light figures. Trains for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6 15, 7 12, 8 12, 9 45, 11 02 a. m., 12 12, 1 45, 3 30, 4 55, 6 30, 8 30, 10 30 p. m. Sunday at 4 30, 6 30, 8 30, 10 30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 45, 7 42, 8 42, 10 15, 11 32 a. m., 1 42, 3 15, 4 40, 6 15, 8 15, 10 15, 11 54 p. m. Sunday at 6 15, 8 15, 10 15, 11 54 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8 15, 9 17, 2 02 a. m., 1 50, 4 30 p. m. Sunday at 4 45, 6 30 a. m., 1 50, 4 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 2 30, 9 05, 4 p. m. 1 30, 5 30 p. m. Sundays 5 30 a. m., 4 30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m., for Flemington, Junction, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Potteville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 30 a. m., stopping at High Bridge connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.

9 17 a. m. for Flemington, DELAWARE, Easton, Phillipsburg, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury and Williamsport.

2 02 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, 9 15 a. m. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4 30 p. m. for Junction connecting for DELAWARE and Flemington.

4 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bethlehem, Bangor, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua, Operator car to Mauch Chunk.

6 30 p. m. for Junction.

8 30 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

4 45 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Reading, Harrisburg, Tamaqua, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Reading and Harrisburg.

6 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Reading, Harrisburg, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 8 17, 9 05, 11 09 a. m., 1 05, 4 05, 7 05, 8 31 p. m. Sundays (second Ocean Grove) 8 17, 9 05, 11 09 a. m., 4 05, 7 05, 8 31 p. m. Fourth Asbury 8 17, 9 05, 11 09 a. m., 1 05, 4 05, 7 05, 8 31 p. m. Arrive at Long Branch 10 15, 11 03, 1 00 p. m., 4 00, 6 50, 9 50 p. m. Sundays 10 15 a. m., 4 00, 6 50, 9 50 p. m.

For Atlantic City 9 05 a. m., 4 05 p. m. Sundays 9 05 a. m. Beachwood 9 17, 11 16 a. m., 4 16, 6 59 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 5 35, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32 a. m. and 12 32, 1 32, 2 32, 3 32, 4 32, 5 32, 6 32, 7 32, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 p. m. Sunday at 5 35, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 a. m., 12 32, 1 32, 2 32, 3 32, 4 32, 5 32, 6 32, 7 32, 8 32, 9 32, 10 32, 11 32 p. m. Express trains are in black figures. Local trains are in light figures.

For Baltimore and Washington 12 01 night. Sunday 12 01 night.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
R. F. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

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AND
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Corner Front street and Park avenue.

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BROWN & HELM, Electrical and hole cutting parlor, in Brokaw's new building, 45 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Electric bells, annunciators, burglar alarms, speaking tubes, etc., put in and repaired. Gas fixtures put in and repaired. Gas and electric bells put in new buildings. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

THERE IS A PLACE IN THE WORLD FOR EVERY WOMAN.

The woman who complains that she has no place in the world has only to open her eyes and in most instances she will readily see what is waiting for her. The fact that she does not like that particular field is no argument against its usefulness for her. Patience strong, detailed at home by an untoward accident or the long-wished-for European tour was about to become a reality, found opportunities by the score for useful service. If no home duties call, the edge is on those of some broader field there is, in a happy sense of the word, a career to be sought. The cultivation of some talent may be destined to bring pleasure and profit. The student has a boundless field before him. To many a secluded one the Chautauqua reading courses have proved sources of untold, almost unending, delight. If the necessity of self support exists, there is a large place for the single woman. Good nurses, teachers, artists, musicians, writers, dressmakers and workers in a dozen more lines of industry are always in demand. None but the indifferent or the unfaithful ordinarily need complain of lack of employment.

With some there is great unwillingness to accept the place for which they have special fitness. The artist in the womanly art of needlework who, despising her talent, aspires to the rewards of an artist's skill while lacking fitness for such a position, has reason to find herself without a position. Success is to be expected in the line of one's abilities, not always in the line of one's desires. Discounting because genius of great power has been denied is simply as impious fault finding with the Creator's plan. If all women were great musicians, where were the needleworkers? If all exerted in ministering to the sick, where should we seek our works of art and tasteful decoration? Willing to be placed where one can accomplish most always means happiness and contentment. The oft quoted apothegm, "There is always room at the top," is worthy of the author of Proverbs. "Place aux dames" is the watchword of the century. The single woman, better than her married sister, because ordinarily she has greater freedom—is in a position to reap the advantages of the hour. Let her exult in her heritage, nor allow a complaint to pass her lips in this closing decade of the Nineteenth century that there is no place for her.—Harper's Bazar.

Keep the Old Toys.

On the whole let us be content with simplicity. The simplest is most beautiful. There are more golden rules than one, and one of the best is that we do what our hands find to do with all our hearts. I believe our very best plan is to keep up the spirit of childhood, to make fun of our work, to be childlike always. Don't get too serious over your duties. You are a toy lover after all. Nearly all you do is insignificant from one side view, but very grand from another view. My little girl is quite as much in earnest as I am, but she sings.

I think we may or will keep all the old toys and pleasure of toys—that is if we can make room for them. I didn't use to think so, but made an annual or semiannual clear up. At last I noticed that an old broken baby's chair had served three boys, one after another, to push about and get no end of occupation with. Then old toys began to have a sacredness in my eyes. Dolls' heads with a hole in the top and leaking one eye are as acceptable when dressed over as the best perfect doll just out of the shop. A child has something more than a fancy for bright, new things. She has sympathies, and a battered doll as "poor Susie" calls out the child's tenderest emotions.

The very best part of the education of my John, Jr., has come from old wheels and springs and all sorts of rubbish—rubbish to me—but which he had the gift to put together with new purposes. Now from these scraps he has caused to exist a dozen valuable machines. Really what is a man good for but to put blessed things in that lie around purposeless?—Mary E. Spencer in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Gail Hamilton's Good Advice.

Gail Hamilton, while one of the most trenchant critics of manners and perhaps a bit of a scold, is nevertheless a womanly woman, with a noble respect for true womanliness and a fine scorn of everything little and low and mean. Witness, she declares, is a thing which girls cannot afford. Decency is a thing which cannot be lost or found. No art can restore the grape its bloom. Familiarity without confidence, without regard, is destructive of all that makes woman exalting and ennobling.

It is the first duty of woman to be a lady. Good breeding is good sense. Bad manners in a woman are immorality. Awkwardness may be ineradicable. Bashfulness is constitutional. Ignorance of etiquette is the result of circumstances. All can be condoned and not banish men and woman from the amenities of their kind. But self possessed, unshrinking and aggressive coarseness of demeanor may be reckoned as a prison offense, and certainly merits that mild form of restraint called imprisonment for life. It is a shame for women to be lectured on their manners. It is a bitter shame that they need it. Do not be restrained.

Carry yourself so lofty that men will look up to you for reward, not at you in rebuke. The natural sentiment of man toward woman is reverence. He loses a large means of grace when he is obliged to account her a being to be trained in propriety. A man's ideal is not wounded when a woman falls in worldly wisdom, but if in grace, in taste, in sentiment, in delicacy, in kindness she should be found wanting, he receives an inward hurt.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

The Woman Courier.

In the numerous schemes for providing "our girls" with employment, one outlet which might be greatly developed has been overlooked. The lady courier is not yet to the front. But she is likely to be so. I traveled a couple days ago with one. She informed me that she spends as much time in the steamers and railways as a queen's messenger or the indefatigable mother of an elevated train.

As her life is a wearing one, she stipulates for handsome fees. They are often given ungrudgingly to her, and she is boarded and lodged as though she were a duchess when traveling with rich and delicate ladies. The lady courier is expected to be as well posted as the man courier. The one I had the pleasure of talking with is sometimes employed to escort young ladies from one end of Europe to the other, and is familiarity well born and educated to go with them, if need be, into society. She made a number of sea voyages as an assistant stewardess to make herself proof against seasickness, with which she is no longer troubled.

One of her troubles is being expected, before she travels with full persons of her own sex, to smoke them. As they only care for gossip, and like it to be ill natured, she backbites to their hearts' content. But to guard against the danger of mischief making she invents her characters. They do quite as well as if they were real. When she deals in eulogium she no longer draws on her imagination. A near in-law of this useful person is a colonel.—London Truth.

Naming the Baby.

There is less care taken in selecting a name for the baby than in bestowing a suitable cognomen on the pet dog of a family, tradition supplying the dog with a set of names from which to choose, while poor baby is left to the imaginative selection of its friends. A name that will sound well on a grown man or woman is seldom chosen. It must be the "itsy tootsy" kind of a handle that fits the pink bit of humanity just prospecting for a claim in the world. Consequently it is customary to meet tall, massive women who are addressed as Minnie and Daisy, when Mary and Margaret are the names by which they should be designated.

"What's in a name?" is a very pertinent question, since character is often found to answer to the name of the person who bears it. We would know that "Fair Rose Beauty Spot Temptation Touch Me Not" was a descendant of Ethiopian kings as surely as that "Increase Success Gospel Shadrach" was of Puritan descent. Names should be chosen because of their fitness and from associations, also with reference to their future adaptation. In view of the unfortunates saddled with incompatible names, why not rig in a new baby out with a diminutive and let it choose its own name when it comes to years of understanding? Then such incongruities as a little dumpy, ugly woman called Grace, or a six-footer of a man with the cognomen of Willie might be avoided.—Detroit Free Press.

Careless Women.

The utter selfishness and disregard for others' comfort shown by some women in their manner of carrying their umbrellas and sunshades is frequently deplorable.

On Fifth avenue the other day I saw a somewhat fat woman deliberately knock off a gentleman's hat and ruin it, and her delicate lace veil into shreds with her umbrella. She was walking with another elderly woman and both had large open sunshades. The woman was quite overdressed, but they were oblivious to everything save their own comfort, and rather than raise their arms sufficiently to hold their disgraceful affairs over their heads to accept every one to step out of their way or suffer. Not the slightest apology was offered.

I saw a young woman trip and fall heavily over an umbrella thrust into the center of the aisle by another woman passenger on an elevated train.

This convinces me there should be a new exercise introduced into the schools and gymnasiums for women, which I would name "How a woman should manage an umbrella, furled and unfurled, without endangering life, limb and wearing apparel."

The impossible angles into which a woman can get her umbrella is a wonder, and each new one seems more aggressive than the last, and if the dangers increase at its past rate a visored helmet will become a necessity.—New York Herald.

A Stitch in Time.

It pays better to spend an hour every now and then going over one's gowns, freshening them up and giving the little touches here and there that keep their prettiness and style well in hand, than they are all going to pieces, and then have to take a day and devote yourself to mending them. You often can't do much for them at such a late hour, for the dress hole or rip will have frayed all out of shape, or the dangling tape will have pulled the plaits away from all chance of proper hanging. Don't throw them over the backs of chairs when you come in; they will wrinkle and mass up horribly, wastes especially, do they do this when you take them off, and so more susceptible to new and ugly creases.

Give frocks a good shake and hang them up, dust off hats and bonnets before putting them in their box, and have a bit of a place for ribbons and chiffons where they won't get all crushed up with button hooks and hairbrushes. Alcohol and water are better than anything else for taking dirt out of clothes. Grease, sugar, paint, everything yields to their almost magic power, and there is left no unpleasantly suggestive odor behind.—American Dairyman.

Two Bean Bag Games.

Bean bags have been introduced in England, where they are played as a species of pool on an inclined plank, with a round hole and a square hole bored near the base and upper corner. There is another way of playing bean bags at Richfield Springs that is very popular. Two lines are formed, with the men alternating as far as they can be made to go, then face one another. At one end is a starter, at the other an umpire. The starter has two bean bags. She places one in the hand of each of the ends, men or women, and at the word "Go!" the bean bags are started. They must pass through each person's hand. The bag that first reaches the end of the line indicates the winner. Skipping a player, which in the excitement is easier than might be thought, is a foul. The game is popular dull afternoons, and promotes acquaintance as nothing else will do.—New York Evening Sun.

Woman's Greatest Enemy.

"It is a note of warning," says a physician, "when fatigue comes without commensurate effort. It is common to hear a woman say, 'I feel well enough, except that I tire me very easily.' Something is wrong, then, for it is not natural in health to exhaust one's reserve so quickly. Rest and tonics should begin, and, if possible, exercise every. That is the bane of the average American woman. The fact that 3-4ths of her worries are imaginary does not make them less harmful. It ought to reduce them, however, in getting abreast of men in many of his achievements, I wish women would cultivate his indifference to trifles and learn never to worry without reason. They would remove from themselves a tremendous handicap in the race of life."—Her Point of View in New York Times.

A Tempting Turkish Dish.

The Turkish dish known as Musakka Imam Baildi, the receipt for which seems to suggest something good, is according to the London caterer made thus: Cut up an eggplant (aubergine) into slices, salt them, strain them for a few minutes, dry them well in a cloth, then fry them in butter till they are of a rich brown color. Now chop up some beef very fine, and mince it carefully with some parsley, a suggestion of onions, pepper and salt, butter and a few fresh tomatoes, thinly sliced, and stew these things together until the meat is brown. Next arrange in a pie dish or mold, layers of eggplant and layers of the stew. Pour a little broth or gravy into the mold and bake in the oven for about thirty-five minutes. Turn the whole carefully out onto a dish, or better still, serve in the pie dish. If there is any difficulty in procuring the eggplants or aubergines, the cooliguey vegetable marrow is an excellent substitute.

Our Daughters.

The household blessed with noble daughters ought to be a happy one; most parents forget, however, to imbue them with love of nature which is so invigorating and healthful. Give them not only text books, but noble teachers, and give them the help which alone has sometimes done more than all other influences—the help of wild and fair nature. You cannot inspire them rightly in inch deep church fonts unless you baptize them in the sweet waters which the great Lawgiver strikes forth from the rock of your native land. You cannot lead them faithfully to those narrow, ax hewn church altars while the azure altars of heaven remain for you without inscription—altars built, not to, but by an unknown God.—Ruskin.

What a Womanly Woman May Do.

The womanly woman with her noble ambitions, her pure views of life and her sunny nature can spur a man on to higher and better work and let him see in her eyes the first glimpses of heaven. Such a one makes a true wife and model mother, and the life of a man blessed in this way is enriched by a treasure absolutely priceless. With more noble, upright and true women in this world there would be fewer dissolute, unprincipled men. A good woman can always make a good man, unless indeed he is beyond redemption when she takes him in hand.—Philadelphia Times.

Truthists About Women.

Love from gratitude is love by purchase. He who has a good wife has a second mother.

You can best deceive a woman by telling her the truth.

To please some woman a man must know them thoroughly—and then be frequently doesn't care to please them at all.

A woman is always charmed with the man who is keen enough to see through her little stratagems and bold enough to betray them, for it is not natural in health to exhaust one's reserve so quickly. Rest and tonics should begin, and, if possible, exercise every. That is the bane of the average American woman. The fact that 3-4ths of her worries are imaginary does not make them less harmful. It ought to reduce them, however, in getting abreast of men in many of his achievements, I wish women would cultivate his indifference to trifles and learn never to worry without reason. They would remove from themselves a tremendous handicap in the race of life."—Her Point of View in New York Times.

Mme. Dandet.

Mme. Alphonse Dandet is a writer of talent and has frequently assisted her husband in his work. When Daudet fell dangerously ill as he was writing "Les Rois en Exil," he commissioned his wife in case of his death to finish the book. Her style is refined, artistic, and characterized by most delicate precision and charm, and her books on the faithful interpreters of Parisian home life, with most charming chapters on childhood.—Paris Letter.

How Rubber Rings May Be Softened.

The elasticity of rubber rings that have become hard and useless may be restored by their being placed for half an hour in a mixture of water and ammonia, containing about twice as much of the latter as of the former. Plunging them into water heated to 70 degs. is also said to be efficacious. All objects made of rubber should be kept in a cool, damp place, at a constant temperature, and sheltered from light, heat and frost.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Fresh Air and Exercise.

What the American girl needs to perfect and maintain her charms is the cold morning tub, less violet powder, more fresh air and out of door exercise, and the utter extermination of the horrid furnace, which, placed in every cellar, sends forth sirocco-like blasts of air into every chamber in the house, and so converts the makers American home in point of temperature, into a conservatory for forcing plants.—Exchange.

Relief for a Tight Shoe.

When, as sometimes happens, one is forced to wear an uncomfortably tight shoe, it may be of value to know that folded cloth wet in hot water laid over the pinching point will often speedily afford relief. Change the cloth several times to keep up the heat, which shortly stretches the shoe and shapes it to the foot.—New York Times.

Six women have been included among the members of the Philosophical Society of Amesbury—Mme. Lelieu, noted for research in vocal physiology; Princess Catherine d'Aschkow, Mrs. Somerville, Maria Mitchell, Mrs. Agassiz and Helen Abbott.

Mothers should make a point of seeing that their daughters acquire businesslike habits. Every girl should be taught and required to carry into practice in her own expenditure a certain amount of bookkeeping.

A celebrated realistic writer who is in the habit of weaving phrases spoke of some young person as "a fifteen minute girl" going on to explain, "one of the sort that tell you all they know in fifteen minutes."

It is unnecessary to say that brushing the teeth is an excellent mode of rendering the mouth antiseptic, and that as decaying teeth furnish excellent lurking places for germs they should be promptly attended to.

A rather thin piece of unbleached cotton flannel makes the best of dishwipers. Its first washing should be a thorough one in boiling water, and all lint qualities will be "laid."

Any delicate colors may be "set" by soaking the article to be washed in a basin of tepid water in which a teaspoonful of turpentine has been stirred.

A stationary washbowl in a bedroom should be filled during the night or covered with a damp towel to prevent the escape of poisonous gases.

This Date in History—Sept. 30.

1535—St. Jerome (Hieronymus) died in Bethlehem, Judea; born 340; he was the first to translate the Bible into Latin.

1724—John Law, celebrated financier and author of Mme. de Staël, born.

1770—George Whitefield died in Newburyport, Mass.; born 1706.

1788—The ship Columbia started from Boston on the first voyage around the world made by an American ship; she was built by Capt. Kendrick, British Columbia, China and Cape of Good Hope time, three years.

1808—Samuel Peter Heintzelman, soldier, born in Lancaster county, Pa.; died 1880.

1827—John Wesley Forney, American journalist and politician, born in Lancaster, Pa.; died 1881.

1891—General Boulanger committed suicide at Brussels.

A Home Thrust.

Bald Teacher—Now, little boys, after what I've told you can any of you define "nothing?"

Little Yorick—Yes, sir, I can.

Teacher—Well, how would you describe it?

Little Yorick—Please, sir, it's what you've got on the top of your head.—Drake's Magazine.

Equal to the Emergency.

It was a pinic party, and Goldberg gallantly offered to help Miss Fannie Sharp girl over a fence, saying:

"Just give me your hand, Miss Fannie, and I'll help you over."

"Oh, mamma, come here; Mr. Goldberg has asked for my hand."—Texas Siftings.

1892		September.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

◐ Last Quar.	6	p. m.	● New	20	9:16 p. m.
(Quarter	13	7:50 a. m.	◑ First Quarter	29	1:16 a. m.

Hotels.

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Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

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40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Fine fitting, satisfactory repairs.

Agent for the celebrated "Furman" hose heating boilers.

Beyond the Heat,
Above the sweltering Plains,
Cool breezes always blow, and life is a delight
AT MIZZEN PEAK!
Build Your House on Watchung Mountains
Tuttoman Summits, and Enjoy Existence.
Particulars of
E. T. VAIL, 49 North Avenue,
Plainfield, N. J.

WHO WILL BE PRESIDENT?

GUESS AGAIN!

Guess all you want to. Just now it is a subject for guessing. But when you want Carriages or Harness, Don't Guess. It is too risky. When you buy, your purchase should have not only quality, but reputation. And for an unexcelled variety of fine goods, the leading place is L. M. Preuch's, 16, 18, 20 and 22 Somerset street.

A MAN IN RAGS
IS HANDICAPPED IN
THE RACE FOR SUCCESS.
CLOTHING FROM ONE
DOLLAR UP MAY BE
BOUGHT AT C. SCHEPFLIN & CO'S, 70
WEST FRONT STREET.

$40 for ONE PAIR of Shoes,
if the shoes are made of leather, is a price out of all reason.

DOANE & EDSALL are selling Shoes for women, fine fitting, long wearing, different widths, at ONLY

Two Dollars a Pair.

Doane & Edsall, 22 West Front Street.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

IT IS
PRESIDENTIAL YEAR.
COLUMBUS YEAR.
A GREAT YEAR.
AND WE
Have the Goods to Match It.

The Opening
of our MILLINERY Department, under the direction of Miss Kittie Daly, will take place Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29th, 30th and Oct. 1st.

A RARE BARGAIN IN SHEETINGS.
Just Observe—4-4 Bleached Sheeting, 7½c. 9-4 do., 8½c. 10-4 do., 10c. 8-4 Brown Sheeting, 10c. 9-4 do., 10c. 10-4 do., 20c.

EXTRA VALUE IN DRESS GOODS.
There is everything that is new and desirable in Fall Goods, and our prices are as usual, the lowest.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.
Previous to our extensive alterations that we are making, we have reduced prices on all goods throughout this department. We call particular attention to our Toilet Sets that are selling for $2.25 per set. Mason Quart Jars, 6c. each. Jelly Glasses, 3c. each. Great bargains in Granite Iron Ware.

White & VanArsdale

We are about to Begin
A SERIES OF
Special Sales of
DOLLS.
The Greatest Bargains ever shown in Plainfield.
WATCH OUR WINDOWS
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel forms tion and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Stoves! Stoves!
at
MUSGRAVE'S
SECOND-HAND FURNITURE STORE,
35 and 37 Somerset street.

ARE YOU INTERESTED!
In keeping warm this Winter?
This a subject that will soon become vitally important.
The way to keep warm is to have a good stove.
Zimmerman & Rumpf are selling
Stoves as low as $4 50 for the parlor and cook stoves at $12 and upwards.
The "Palace King," Furnace. Also Hardware and Housefurnishings, and Paints.
Remember the name and address,
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE TEETH!
After the use of
Randolph's City Pharmacy Dentrifice,
Effectual yet Harmless for the Youngest Child.
SAMPLE GIVEN WITH EACH TOOTH BRUSH BOUGHT.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Go to HULETT'S, 74 West Front Street.

THE : LEADING : MUSIC : HOUSE.
Pianos for Rent, Sold for Cash, or on Easy Monthly Payments.
MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS AND ORGANS. STARR PIANOS, AND THE WORLD-RENOWNED NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,
Constantly on hand, and at prices much lower than you can buy in New York and you will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see us before making any purchase.
A large and elegant stock of SHEET MUSIC, all the latest, constantly on hand.

COME AND SEE
the Large Stock of
Bedding, Rugs, etc., at Carey's Bedding Store
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
ALSO
Store your Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, etc.
AT CAREY'S,
76, 78 and 80 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 185,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $36,000,000 since organization.
Watchung Lodge, 360, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Watchung Lodge rooms, Music Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANARTSDALE, Dictator.
RALPH A. POST, Reporter.
Wahompha Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

THE BEE HIVE!

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves Tans, Browns, and Slates	75c
Foster Hook Gloves, colored and black,	$1
The "Glady" English walking gloves, in tans, slates & browns	$1
8-Button length Suede Mousquetaires, in tans and slates,	85c
Gents' Kid Gloves,	$1

Also a full line of
Fall Underwear.
Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article,
A Select 50c. Formosa Oolong Tea,
to make
Delicious Iced Tea.
Peaches, Pears, Apples and Melons received daily. A full line of Fresh Vegetables received daily. All goods sold at Lowest Prices.
NEUMANN BROS.
BROADWAY, COR. FIFTH ST.

New Marble and Granite Works,
We do not run the largest Marble and Granite Works there is in the State, but we fully understand our business, and have come to stay. Call and examine work and get prices.
J. E. Townsend, Manager
No. 20 Somerset Street.
Branch yard 4-W ester field, N. J.